

# 1.

Add a `console.log()` statement that outputs the string `"Hi there!"` to the console. Don't forget your quotes around the message!

```
console.log("Hi there!");
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

✓ Felicidades, tu código ha sido aprobado. Envía tu código para continuar.

” ¡Hacia adelante!”

## Step 2

Now you should see the first message from the bot in the console.

It is time to add a second message from the bot.

Add another `console.log` statement to output the message `"I am excited to talk to you."` to the console.

```
console.log('I am excited to talk to you.');
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

✓ Felicidades, tu código ha sido aprobado. Envía tu código para continuar.

## Step 3

In the previous lectures, you learned about the `let` keyword and how to declare variables in JavaScript.

Here is a reminder of how to declare a variable using the `let` keyword:

### ▼ Example Code

```
let greeting;
```

Use the `let` keyword to declare a variable called `bot`.

**NOTE:** You are using `let` here because later on in the workshop, you will be changing the value of the `bot` variable.

```
let bot;
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

## Step 4

Now, it is time to assign a value to your `bot` variable.

In the previous lectures, you learned how to assign values to variables like this:

### ▼ Example Code

```
variableName = "Here is the value";
```

Remember that what is on the right side of the assignment operator `=` is the value that you are assigning to the variable on the left side.

Assign the string `"teacherBot"` to the `bot` variable.

```
bot = "teacherBot";
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

## Step 5

Now, it is time to initialize the `botLocation` variable.

When you need to declare variables with multiple words, you can use the *camelCase* naming convention.

When using *camelCase*, the first word is all lowercase and the first letter of each subsequent word is capitalized.

Here is an example:

### ▼ Example Code

```
let thisIsCamelCase = "Alice the camel is actually a ho
```

Declare and assign the string `"the universe"` to the `botLocation` variable on the same line using the `let` keyword.

```
let botLocation = "the universe";
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

## Step 6

Now, it is time to add another message from the bot.

Add another `console` statement to the code that logs the message `"Allow me to introduce myself."`.

```
console.log("Allow me to introduce myself.");
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

Create a variable called `botIntroduction`.

Then use string concatenation with the `+` operator to join the string `"My name is "` followed by the `bot` variable followed by a period `(.)`.

Assign this value to the `botIntroduction` variable.

Then, log the `botIntroduction` variable to the console.

```
10 let botIntroduction;  
11 botIntroduction = "My name is " + bot + ".";  
12 console.log(botIntroduction);
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

#### Step 8

The next message from the bot will concern the bot's location.

Create a variable called `botLocationSentence`.

Then use string concatenation with the `+` operator to join the string `"I live in "` with the `botLocation` variable followed by a period `(.)`.

Assign this value to the `botLocationSentence` variable.

Then, log the value of `botLocationSentence` to the console.

```
13 let botLocationSentence;  
14 botLocationSentence = "I live in " + botLocation + ".";  
15 console.log(botLocationSentence);
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

```
console.log(name); // "Jane"
```

Using reassignment, assign the string `"professorBot"` to the `bot` variable.

```
16 bot = "professorBot";
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

#### Step 10

Now it is time to see the new `bot` value.

Start by creating a new variable called `nicknameIntroduction`.

Use string concatenation to join the string `"My nickname is "` with the `bot` variable followed by a period `(.)`.

Assign the resulting string to the `nicknameIntroduction` variable.

Then, log the value of `nicknameIntroduction` to the console.

```
18 let nicknameIntroduction;  
19 nicknameIntroduction = "My nickname is " + bot + ".";  
20 console.log(nicknameIntroduction);
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

#### Step 11

Now it looks like the bot wants to change their nickname.

Using reassignment, assign the string `"awesomeTeacherBot"` to the `bot` variable.

```
bot = "awesomeTeacherBot";
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

variable followed by a period.

Assign the result to the `newNicknameGreeting` variable.

Then, log the value of `newNicknameGreeting` to the console.

```
23 let newNicknameGreeting;  
24 newNicknameGreeting = "I love my nickname but I wish people would call me " + bot + ".";  
25 console.log(newNicknameGreeting);
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

✔ Congratulations, your code passes. Submit your code to continue.

#### Step 13

The last few messages from the bot will focus on the bot's favorite subject.

Start by creating a new variable called `favoriteSubject` and assign it the string `"Computer Science"`.

```
26 let favoriteSubject;  
27 favoriteSubject = "Computer Science";
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

#### Step 14

Next, create a variable called `favoriteSubjectSentence`.

Use string concatenation to join the string `"My favorite subject is "` with the `favoriteSubject` variable followed by a period.

Assign the result to the `favoriteSubjectSentence` variable.

Then, log the value of `favoriteSubjectSentence` to the console.

```
28 let favoriteSubjectSentence;  
29 favoriteSubjectSentence = "My favorite subject is " + favoriteSubject + ".";  
30 console.log(favoriteSubjectSentence);
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

### Step 15

For the final step, you will log the bot's message of "Well, it was nice to talk to you. Have a nice day!" to the console.

And with that, your greeting bot is complete!

```
31 console.log("Well, it was nice to talk to you. Have a nice day!");
```

Submit and go to next challenge (Ctrl + Enter)

## 2.

```
1 console.log("Hello! I'm your coding fun fact guide!");
2 let botName = "Juan";
3 let botLocation = "Valencia";
4 let favoriteLanguage = "Valenciano";
5 console.log("My name is "+botName+" and I live on "+botLocation+".");
6 console.log("My favorite programming language is "+favoriteLanguage+".")
7 ;
8 let codingFact;
9 codingFact = favoriteLanguage;
10 console.log(codingFact);
11 codingFact = "El mejor pueblo es Aldaia y su idioma favorito es el " +
12 favoriteLanguage;
13 console.log(codingFact);
14 codingFact = "Su idioma favorito apareció hace 120 años y es el "+
15 favoriteLanguage;
16 console.log(codingFact);
17 codingFact = "It was fun sharing these facts with you. Goodbye! - "+
18 (botName)+" from "+ (botLocation)+".");
19
```

- ✓ 1. You should log "Hello! I'm your coding fun fact guide!" to the console.
- ✓ 2. You should declare a `botName` variable. Double check for any spelling or casing errors.
- ✓ 3. Your `botName` variable should be a string.
- ✓ 4. You should declare a `botLocation` variable. Double check for any spelling or casing errors.
- ✓ 5. Your `botLocation` variable should be a string.
- ✓ 6. You should declare a `favoriteLanguage` variable. Double check for any spelling or casing errors.
- ✓ 7. Your `favoriteLanguage` variable should be a string.
- ✓ 8. You should log to the console "My name is (botName) and I live on (botLocation)." and add the variables to the string.
- ✓ 9. You should log to the console "My favorite programming language is (favoriteLanguage)." and add the variable to the string.
- ✓ 10. You should use `let` to declare a new variable `codingFact`.
- ✓ 11. You should give `codingFact` a value that includes `favoriteLanguage`.
- ✓ 12. You should log `codingFact` to the console.
- ✓ 13. You should assign a new value to `codingFact` that also contains `favoriteLanguage`, and log it to the console.
- ✓ 14. You should assign a value to `codingFact` for the third time that also contains `favoriteLanguage`, and log it to the console.
- ✓ 15. You should log to the console "It was fun sharing these facts with you. Goodbye! - (botName) from (botLocation)." and add the values of the variables.

### 3.

```
1 let adjective ="guapo";
2 let noun ="chico";
3 let verb = "patinaba";
4 let place ="Plaza mayor";
5 let adjective2 ="rico";
6 let noun2 = "chica";
7
8 let firstStory;
9 firstStory = "Once upon a time, there was a(n) " + adjective + " " +
  noun + " who loved to eat " + noun2 + ". The "+ noun +" lived in a " +
  place + " and had " + adjective2 + " nostrils that blew fire when it
  was " + verb + ".";
10 console.log("First story: "+firstStory);
11
12 let secondStory;
13
14 adjective = "alto";
15 noun = "mesa";
16 verb = "estaran";
17 place = "playa";
18 adjective2 = "fuerte";
19 noun2 = "plato";
20
21 secondStory = "Once upon a time, there was a(n) " + adjective + " " +
  noun + " who loved to eat " + noun2 + ". The "+ noun +" lived in a " +
  place + " and had " + adjective2 + " nostrils that blew fire when it
  was " + verb + ".";
22
23 console.log("Second story: "+secondStory);
24
```

- ✓ 1. You should declare an `adjective` variable.
- ✓ 2. You should declare a `noun` variable.
- ✓ 3. You should declare a `verb` variable.
- ✓ 4. You should declare a `place` variable.
- ✓ 5. You should declare an `adjective2` variable.
- ✓ 6. You should declare a `noun2` variable.
- ✓ 7. You should assign a string value to the `adjective` variable.
- ✓ 8. You should assign a string value to the `noun` variable.
- ✓ 9. You should assign a string value to the `verb` variable.
- ✓ 10. You should assign a string value to the `place` variable.
- ✓ 11. You should assign a string value to the `adjective2` variable.
- ✓ 12. You should assign a string value to the `noun2` variable.
- ✓ 13. You should declare a `firstStory` variable.
- ✓ 14. You should use the correct story format for the first story: "Once upon a time, there was a(n) [adjective] [noun] who loved to eat [noun2]. The [noun] lived in a [place] and had [adjective2] nostrils that blew fire when it was [verb].". Pay attention to spaces.
- ✓ 15. You should log your first story using the message "First story: [firstStory]".
- ✓ 16. You should declare a `secondStory` variable.
- ✓ 17. You should reassign the `adjective` variable for the second story.
- ✓ 18. You should reassign the `noun` variable for the second story.
- ✓ 19. You should reassign the `verb` variable for the second story.
- ✓ 20. You should reassign the `place` variable for the second story.
- ✓ 21. You should reassign the `adjective2` variable for the second story.
- ✓ 22. You should reassign the `noun2` variable for the second story.
- ✓ 23. You should use the correct story format for the second story: "Once upon a time, there was a(n) [adjective] [noun] who loved to eat [noun2]. The [noun] lived in a [place] and had [adjective2] nostrils that blew fire when it was [verb].". Pay attention to spaces.
- ✓ 24. You should log your second story using the format "Second story: [secondStory]".
- ✓ 25. The `firstStory` should not be the same as the `secondStory`.