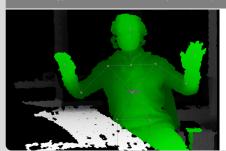


## Semantic RESTful APIs for Dynamic Data Sources

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Motivation

**Proof of Concept** 

Approach

Evaluation

Conclusion

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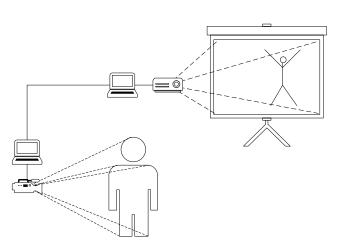


Motivation

## **Motivation**

#### Scenario







#### Motivation

#### Scenario



- Data sources
  - Video and depth sensors
  - High frequent updates
- Data sinks
  - Middleware, e.g. tracking or gesture recognition
  - Applications, e.g. visualization or augmented reality
- Issues
  - Several players in the community/market
  - Proprietary software stacks
  - Integration of devices and application
  - **...**



#### Motivation

# Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

### Proposal

- Exposing highly dynamic data sources via a semantic RESTful interface
  - Characteristics of a RESTful implementation
  - Combination with the dynamic nature of the original sources
  - Direct integration enabled via Linked Data
- Advantages
  - Data Preparation
  - Data Selection
  - Interoperability
  - Performance Decoupling
- Streams and REST design seen as incompatible



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**Proof of Concept** 

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## **Proof of Concept**

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#### Overview

- Proof of concept implementation to show feasibility of the approach
- Natural Interaction via REST (NIREST)
  - Access on sensor details, recognized persons, and skeleton coordinates
  - Extracted on-the-fly from a video sensor
  - RESTful API with Linked Data resources
- Technology
  - Kinect sensor
  - OpenNI framework/NiTE middleware
  - Jena/Jersey libraries
  - Implemented as webapp for application server

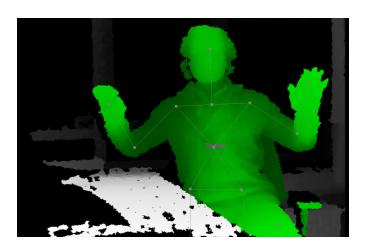


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## **Proof of Concept**

## Example





Depth Image with Highlighted User and Skeleton



## **Proof of Concept**

### Example



```
@prefix nirest: <a href="mailto:ref">http://vocab.arvida.de/2014/02/nirest/vocab#></a>.
@prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .
<>
  a nirest:User :
    nirest:centerOfMass [ a nirest:Coordinate3D ;
      nirest:x "-133.63106"^^xsd:float :
      nirest:v "-27.113548"^^xsd:float :
      nirest:z "2298.0164"^^xsd:float ];
    nirest:skeleton [ a nirest:Skeleton :
      nirest:joint [ a nirest:RightHandJointPoint ;
        nirest:coordinate [ a nirest:Coordinate3D :
          nirest:x "-2.150751"^^xsd:float :
          nirest:y "-1.2886047"^^xsd:float;
          nirest:z "2324.944"^^xsd:float 1 :
        nirest:orientationConfidence "1.0"^^xsd:float ;
        nirest:positionConvidence "1.0"^^xsd:float ];
```

- Example: User and Skeleton Tracking Data in Turtle Format
  - Resource e.g. http://[...]/device/0/user/1



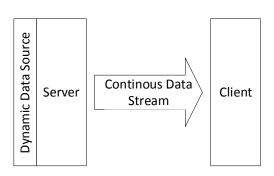


Approach

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Architecture

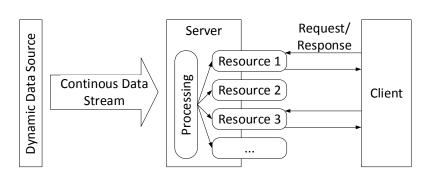


Dynamic data source exposed as a stream





Architecture



Dynamic data source exposed with a REST API





- Data Preparation
  - Data encapsulated as individual resources
  - (Pre-)processing shifted to the server
  - Client relieved from processing and identifying relevant data
- Example
  - Sensor recognizes objects in the video stream
  - Individual resource for each object





- Data Selection
  - Reduction of communicated data
  - Clients limit requests to required information
  - Server discards irrelevant information
- Example
  - Sensor distinguishes people and objects
  - Only objects requested by the client





- Interoperability
  - Integration and eased use of different sources via Linked Data
  - Resources may provide links to other internal or external resources
- Example
  - Sensor supports face recognition
  - Data contains links to social network information



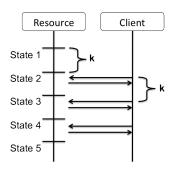


- Performance Decoupling
  - Client might not require updates in realtime
  - Client might not be able to process all updates in realtime
  - Individual resources and pull-based approach enable fine grained scaling
- Example
  - Sensor links to precise polygon data
  - Client retrieves the polygon data only once



#### Limitations

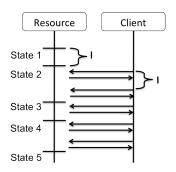




- Regular state update interval k
- Client request frequency must be at least k to retrieve all updates

#### Limitations





- Inconsistent state update interval, minimal interval i
- Client request frequency must be at least i to retrieve all updates
- Client may receive duplicates of a state





Motivation

Proof of Concept

Approach

Evaluation

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## Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

#### **Terms**

- Frequency
  - Measured in events per second
  - Unit: Hertz
  - 1 Event / Second = 1 Hertz (Hz)
- Jitter
  - Unexpected deviation from a periodic signal
  - 10 Hz (expected) 7 Hz (measured) = 3 Hz Jitter

#### Setup



- Preliminary evaluation on performance of the implementation
- Server setup
  - Microsoft Kinect v1
  - Apache Tomcat with deployed NIREST
  - Switched gigabit network
- Client setup
  - Second independent computer
  - Switched gigabit network of the server
  - Requests representations of a person in front of the sensor
  - Complete HTTP request/response per request



## Karlsruhe Institute of Technolog

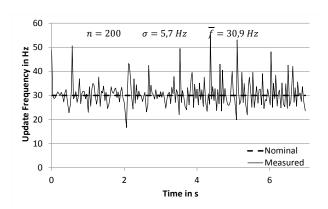
#### Measurement 1

- Server side update frequencies
- Settings
  - Microsoft Kinect v1 with 30 Hz nominal update frequency
  - Sample of 200 updates
  - Updates measured server side
- Measurement 1
  - 30.9 Hz average update frequency
  - 5.9 Hz standard deviation



#### Measurement 1





Server side update frequencies



## Measurement 2

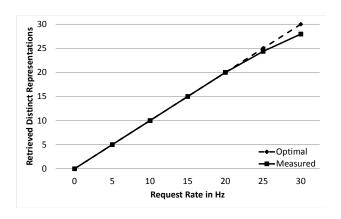


- Distinct representations for different client request frequencies
- Settings
  - Microsoft Kinect v1 with 30 Hz nominal update frequency
  - Different request frequencies between 5 Hz and 30 Hz
  - Theoretical optimal retrieval with 30 Hz request frequency
- Measurement 2
  - 5 25 Hz request frequency
    - Optimal amount of distinct representations
  - 25 30 Hz request frequency
    - Some representations missing
    - Average of 28 distinct representations at 30 Hz



#### Measurement 2





Distinct representations for different client request frequencies



#### Discussion

- Highly dynamic RESTful communication pattern is achievable
- Optimization potential
  - Reduction of the jitter in the server side update frequencies
  - No big optimization by increasing the request rate
- More homogeneous update rates
  - Retrieval of all information
  - No increase the retrieval overhead required



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Conclusion

#### Conclusion



- Outlined advantages of a combination of
  - RESTful API
  - Linked Data
  - Highly dynamic data source
- Proof of concept implementation
- Highly dynamic RESTful communication pattern
  - Feasibility indicated by preliminary results
  - Optimization potential identified

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