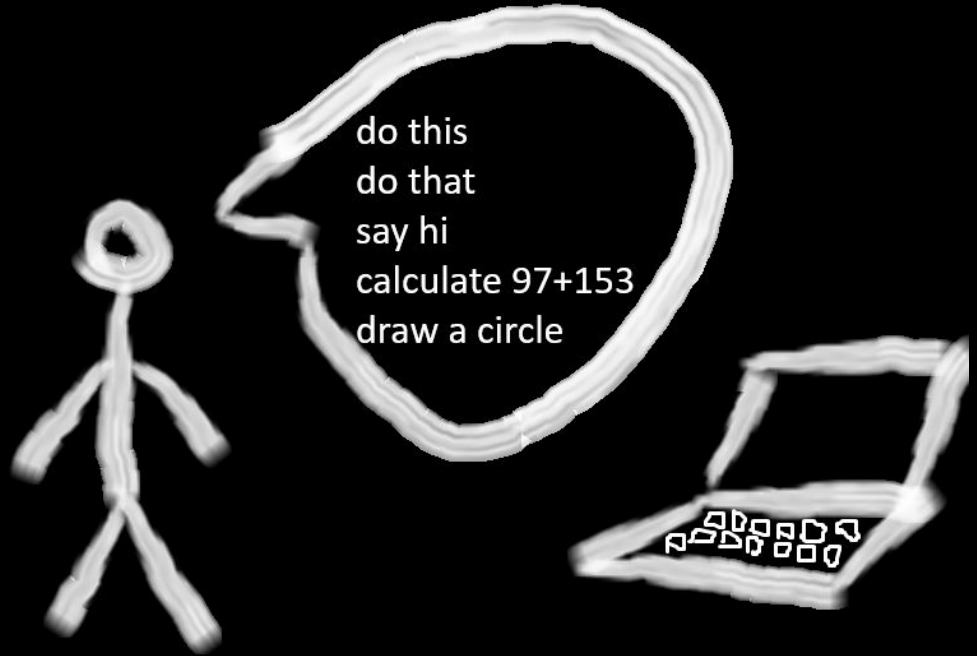


Lesson 1

What is programming?

Giving instructions to a computer
to make it do what you want





What is a programming language?

A language that computers understand.

English:

say hi
calculate $97+153$

Python:

```
print("hi")  
print(97+153)
```

Just like human languages
there are many programming languages

- English
- Spanish
- German
- Japanese
- Bulgarian
- ...

- Python
- Scratch
- Java
- Javascript
- C++
- C#
- PHP
- ...

It's very easy to switch
from one programming language to another
after learning the fundamental concepts



What is code?

A bunch of instructions that make up a program,
written in a programming language,
usually in a text file



snake.py

```
56 def run(self):
57     timeout = 0.05
58
59     while self.key != 'esc':
60         sleep(timeout)
61         with self.lock:
62             if self.key == 'space':
63                 # If SPACE BAR is pressed pause the snake and wait for
64                 # another
65                 self.key = None
66                 while self.key != 'space':
67                     sleep(timeout)
68                 self.key = self.prevKey
69                 continue
70
71             # Calculates the new coordinates of the head of the snake.
72             # NOTE: len(snake) increases. This is taken care of later at
73             # [1].
74             self.snake.insert(0, [
75                 self.snake[0][0] +
76                 (self.key == 'down' and 1) +
77                 (self.key == 'up' and -1),
78                 self.snake[0][1] +
79                 (self.key == 'left' and -1) +
80                 (self.key == 'right' and 1)
81             ])
82
83             # If snake crosses the boundaries, make it enter from the other
84             # side
85             if self.snake[0][0] == 0: self.snake[0][0] = 18
86             if self.snake[0][1] == 0: self.snake[0][1] = 58
87             if self.snake[0][0] == 19: self.snake[0][0] = 1
88             if self.snake[0][1] == 59: self.snake[0][1] = 1
```

Let's start programming!

Python, like every language, consists of words.

In programming we call them keywords.

- print
- if
- else
- for
- while
- def
- class
- continue
- import

print

`print` = Hey computer, write this on the console.

Anything you give to print
will be written on the console

`print()`



The number 25 —> `print(25)`

The text "It is cold today" —> `print("It is cold today")`

 The text "25" —> `print("25")`

Problem 1

Create a program that writes this to the console:

This is my christmas tree

```
*  
  
***  
  
*****  
  
*****  
  
*****  
  
*****  
  
*****  
  
*****  
  
**
```

Variables

variable = a box that stores some value

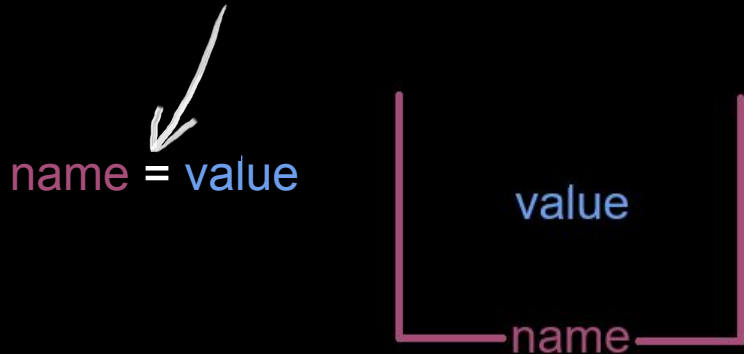
`x = 156`

`number_of_people = 8198377060`

`user_name = "David"`

`seconds_in_a_year = 60 * 60 * 24 * 365`

This is how we create a variable
and assign a value to it



Types of variables

Number

`x = 5`

`x = -5`

`x = 3.14`

`x = -5643.198432`

`x = 0.000000000000143`

`x = 3 + 2 * 5`

`x = (3 + 2) * 5`

String (text)

`x = "some text"`

`x = "3.14 is pi"`

`x = "anything really"`

`x = "hfdaf7eafha83r3fae8325"`

`x = "key" + "board"`

Many other types...

...

`x = 9 / 3 + 1`

x has the value 4



`x = "9 / 3 + 1"`

x has the value "9 / 3 + 1"

Problem 2

Write a program that creates 3 variables

- name
- age
- favorite_color

containing your name, your age and your favorite color.

Then the program should write this text to the console:

Hi! My name is Boris and I'm 24 years old. My favorite color is orange.

replacing "Boris", 24 and "orange" with the values of the 3 variables.

Tip: You can use `str` which turns a number into a string.
15 is the number 15
`str(15)` is the text "15".

If `x = 21` is a number variable
then `str(x)` is the text "21".

Changing a variable's value

Variables can change their value while the program is running.

Incrementing

```
x = 6  
print(x)  
x = 10  
print(x)  
x = "fish"  
print(x)
```

```
x = 3  
print(x)  
x = x + 3  
print(x)  
x += 3  
print(x)
```

Decrementing

```
x = 3  
print(x)  
x = x - 3  
print(x)  
x -= 3  
print(x)
```

Example

```
age = 12  
print("You are " + str(age) + " now.")  
age = age + 5  
print("You will be " + str(age) + "in 5 years.")  
age += 5  
print("You will be " + str(age) + "in 10 years.")
```


Problem 3

Look at this file, run it first
problem03.py

It has 2 sections

`on_start`

`every_frame`

where you can write your code.

Any code you write in `on_start` will be executed only once when you start the program.

Any code you write in `every_frame` will be executed every frame.

In both sections you have access to 2 variables - `x` and `y` - the position of the white square.

Your task is to make the square move

- right
- left
- up
- diagonally, to the top right corner
- towards the shadow square, to the left and a bit down

Problem 4

In a forest there are 4 wolves and 10 sheep.

Every day these 3 things happen

- Each wolf eats 1 sheep
- Wolves multiply by 2
- Sheep multiply by 3

Create a program that tells you how many wolves and sheep will there be after 4 days.

What if we start with 3 wolves and 10 sheep?

What about after 14 days?