

# CPSC 498 Proposal

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## 1 Abstract

Modern  $\text{\LaTeX}$  distributions include a tool called `luatex` that allows users to dynamically produce content via use of Lua code. Unfortunately, the Lua standard libraries do not have as much functionality as other popular scripting languages, such as Ruby. The goal of this project is to incorporate Ruby into  $\text{\LaTeX}$  in a manner similar to `luatex`, but with the power and simplicity of Ruby over Lua.

## 2 Specification

The current `luatex` specification allows users to use several environments for writing and running Lua scripts. In addition, `luatex` provides a built in library called `tex` that allows output to be printed straight to the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  document. The library, called  $\text{\RbTeX}$ , will provide similar functionality through a gem called `rbtex`. In addition, the entire Ruby standard library will be available for use;  $\text{\RbTeX}$  documents that need to interact directly with the system will most likely need to be compiled using the `--shell-escape` flag.

To use the library, users will need to have a Ruby version in the path. The code will be pre-processed, and inserted directly into the  $\text{\TeX}$  code before `pdflatex` is called on the document. In addition, users will be provided with several ways in which to interact with Ruby from the  $\text{\TeX}$  environment:

1. `inrbtex{}:` This command will provide a way for a user to execute one line of Ruby code at a time, or call a predefined function.
2. `rbtex{}:` This command will provide a way to write multiple lines of Ruby code. Any functions defined in this section will be globally defined, so they can be called in the `inrbtex{}:` environment and in other `rbtex{}:` environments.

The library will come with a program called `rbtex` that compiles the provided  $\text{\LaTeX}$  document, much like the `luatex` command.