### **SOLID** Ruby

Design Principles for a Dynamic Language

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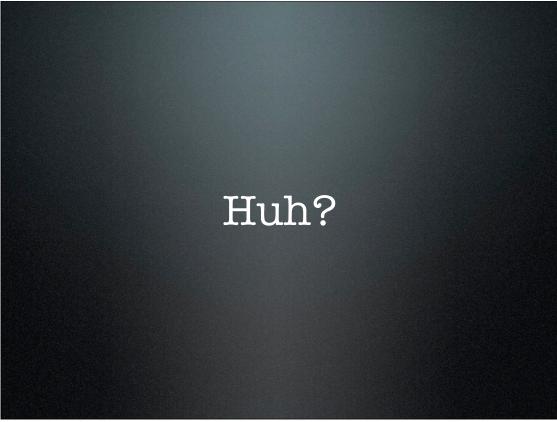
### http://github.com/jimweirich/ presentation\_solid\_ruby



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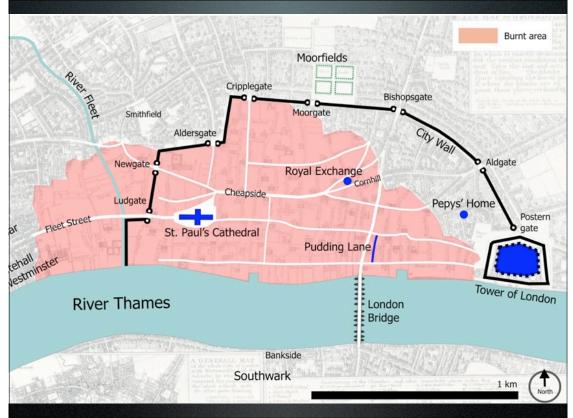


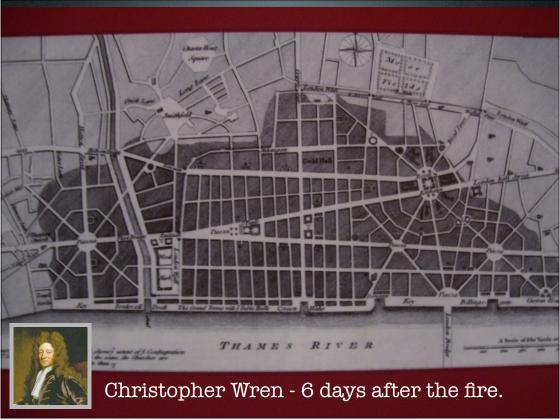
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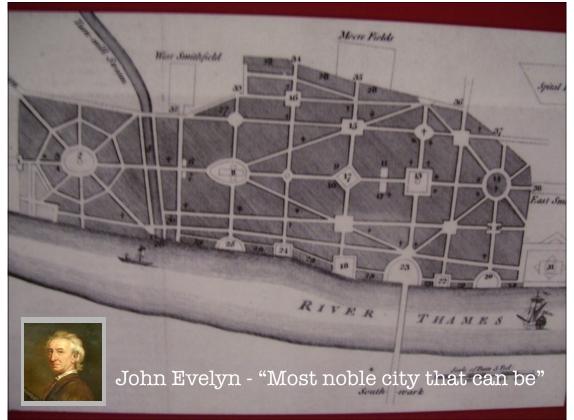


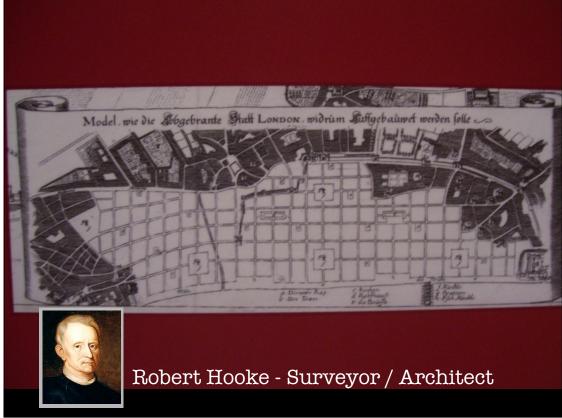


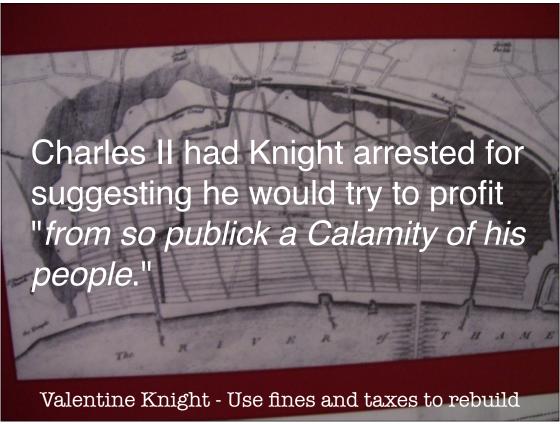
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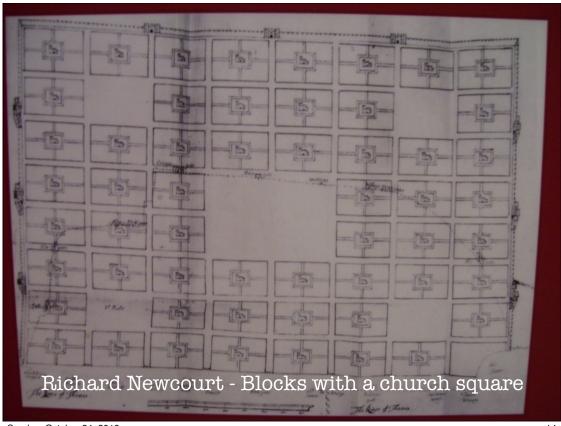




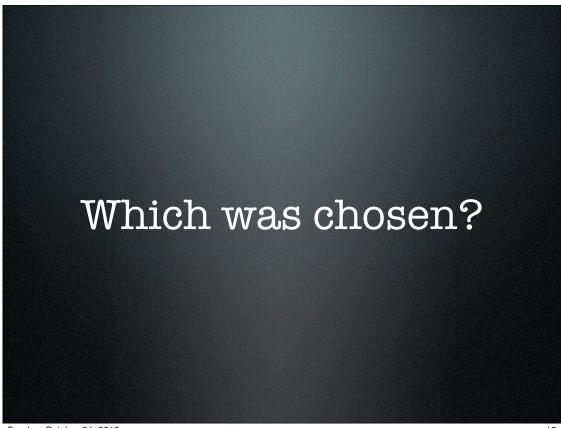








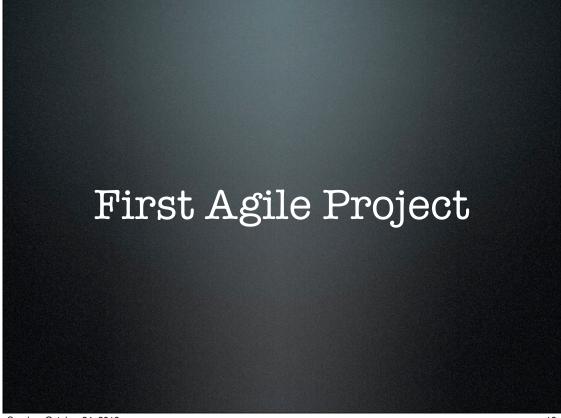
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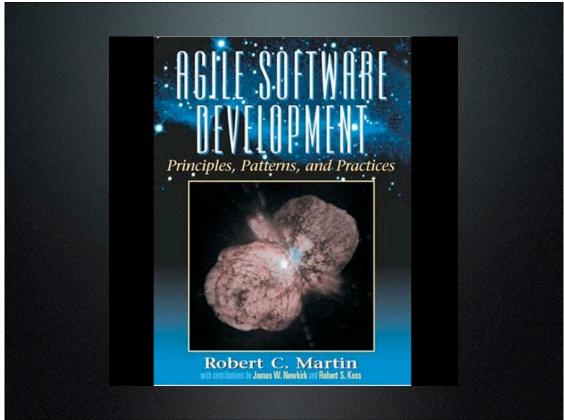




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- Single Responsibility Principle
- Open/Closed Principle
- Liskov Substitution Principle
- Interface Segregation Principle
- Dependency Inversion Principle

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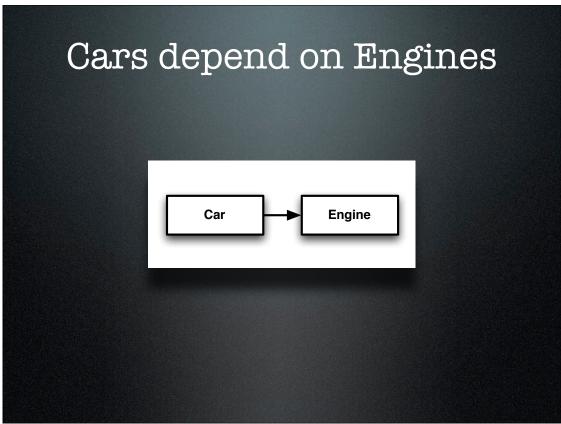


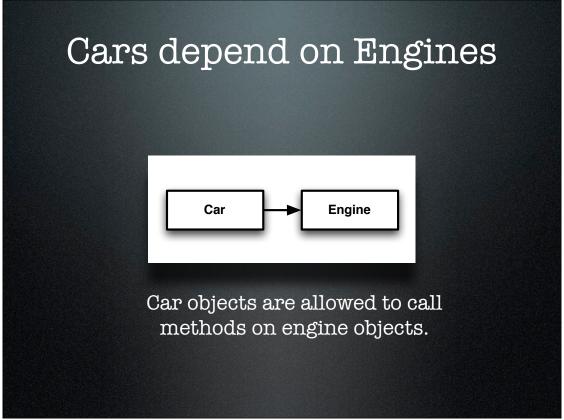
### **SOLID**

Software Development is not a Jenga game

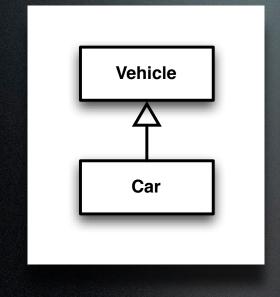








### Car depends on Vehicle

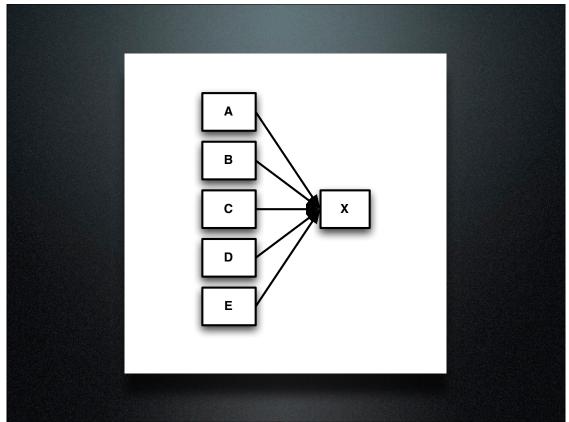


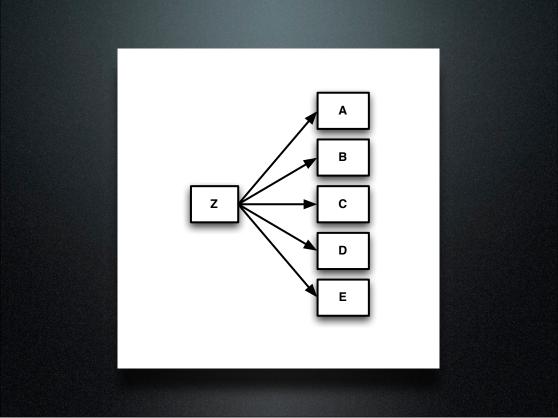
- The Car class inherits from Vehicle
- Cars depend on implementation provided by Vehicle

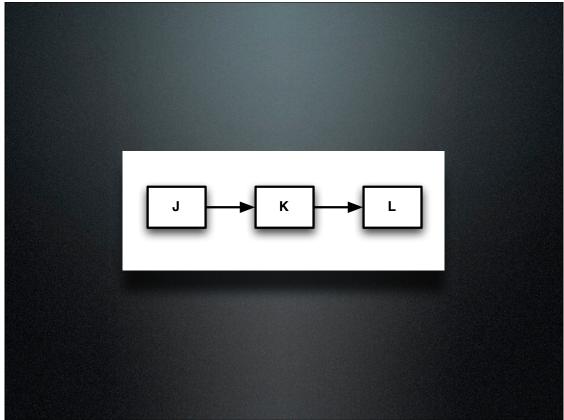
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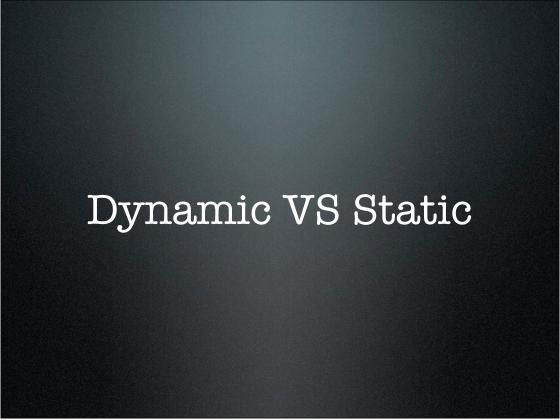
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## Why are Dependencies Important?





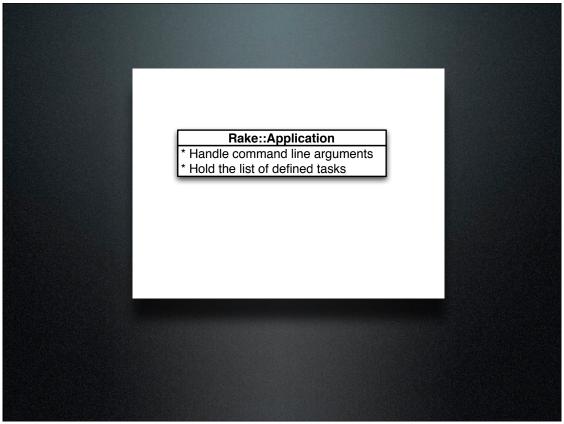


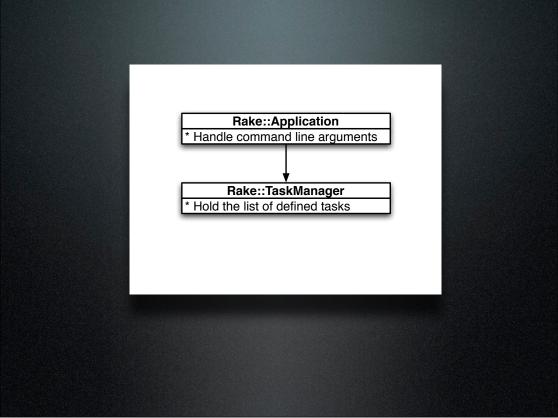


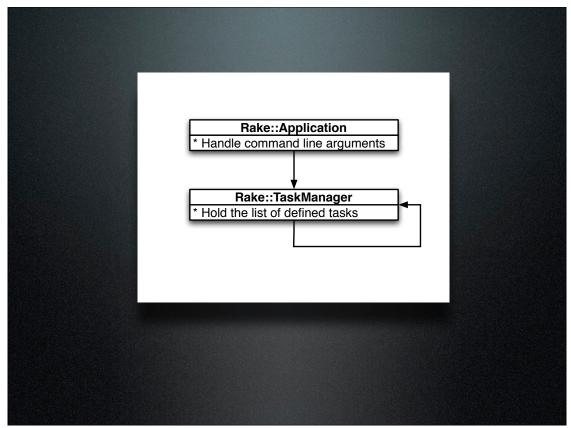


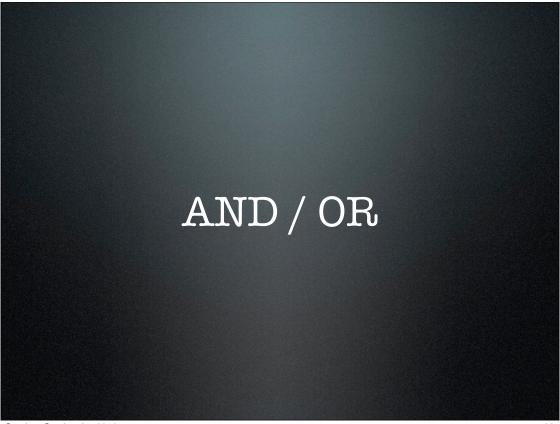
Single Responsiblity Principle

A class should have one, and only one, reason to change.





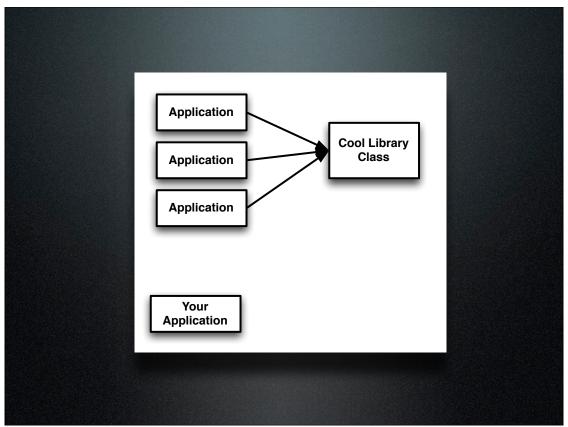


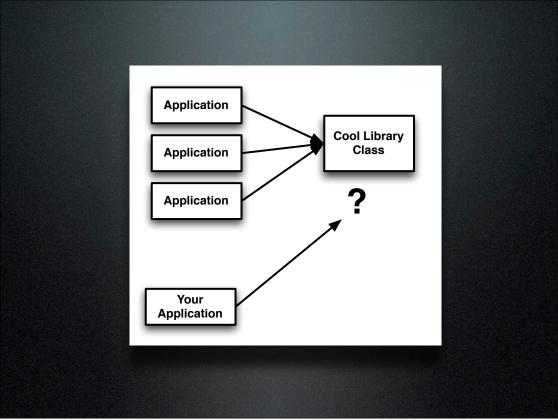


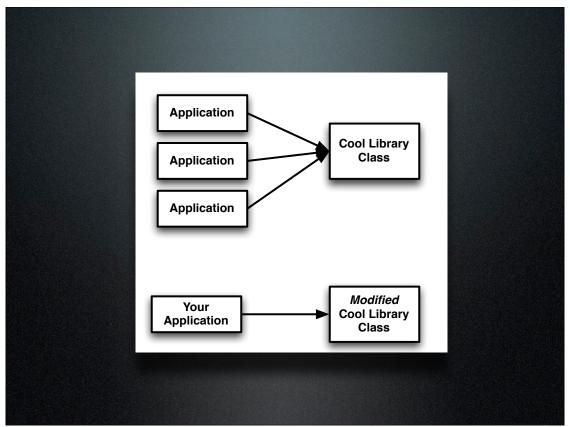


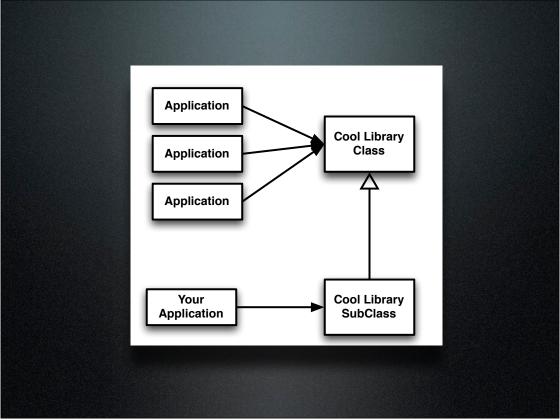
Open/Closed Principle

You should be able to extend a class's behavior, without modifying it.













```
class SimpleLogger
  attr_accessor :format_string

def initialize
    @format_string = "%s: %s\n"
  end

def log(msg)
    STDOUT.write(format(Time.now, msg))
  end

def format(time, msg)
    @format_string % [
        time.strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'),
        msg]
  end
end
```

```
simple_logger.rb
class SimpleLogger
  attr accessor : format string
  def initialize
    @format string = "%s' %s\n"
  end
                        User Control
                      over Formatting
  def log(msg)
    STDOUT.write(form
  end
  def format(time, msg)
    @format string % [
      time.strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'),
      msg]
  end
end
```

```
app.rb
require 'simple_logger'

logger = SimpleLogger.new
logger.format_string = "LOG: %s: %s\n"
logger.log("Hello, World")

Console:

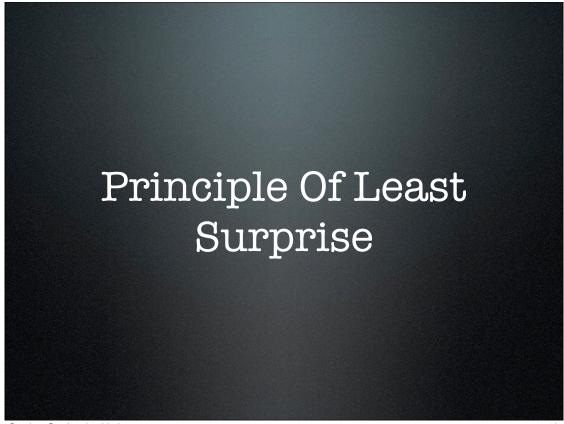
$ ruby app.rb
LOG: 2009-08-06 14:56:46: Hello, World
```

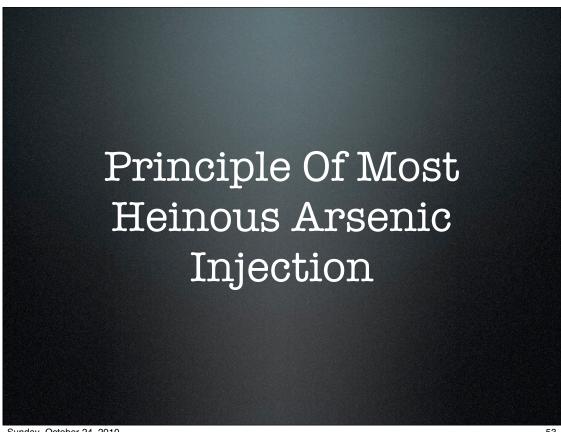
```
app.rb
require 'simple_logger'
require 'cool_library'

logger = SimpleLogger.new
logger.format_string = "LOG: %s: %s\n"
logger.log("Hello, World")

Console:
$ ruby app.rb
06/08/09 15:14:22: Hello, World

What happened to our formatting?
```

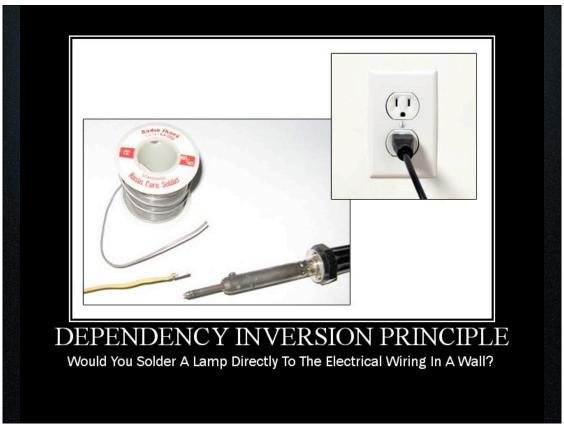






```
class CoolLogger < SimpleLogger
  def format(time, msg)
    "#{time.strftime("%d/%m/%y %H:%M:%S")}: " +
        "#{msg}\n"
  end
end
class CoolLibrary
  # blah blah blah
end</pre>
```

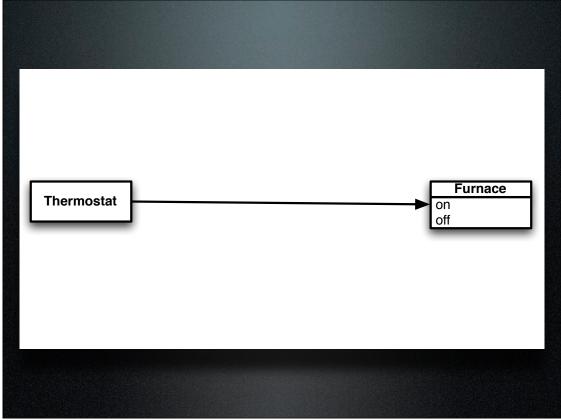
# Prefer Subclassing or Wrapping over Reopening classes



Dependency Inversion Principle

Depend on abstractions, not on concretions.

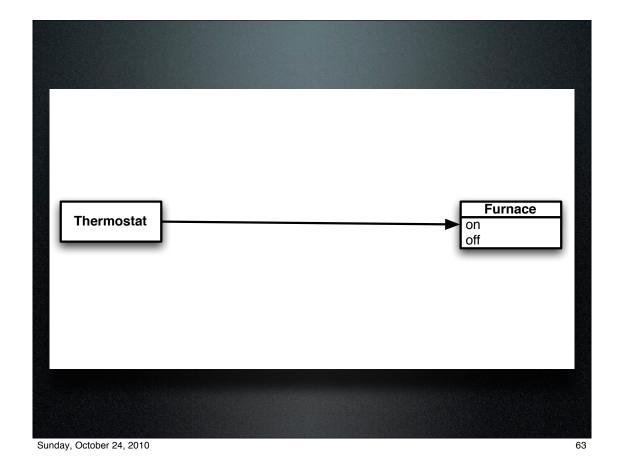




```
Furnace.java
class Furnace {
    public Furnace() {
        off();
    public void on() {
        // Code to turn furnace on.
    public void off() {
        // Code to turn furnace off.
    }
```

```
Thermostat.java
class Thermostat {
    public Thermostat(Furnace f) {
        this.furnace = f;
    public void run() {
        if (should be on()) {
            this.furnace.on();
        } else {
            this.furnace.off();
    }
                              Explicit references
                                  to Furnace
    private Furnace furnace;
    //...
}
```

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Thermostat

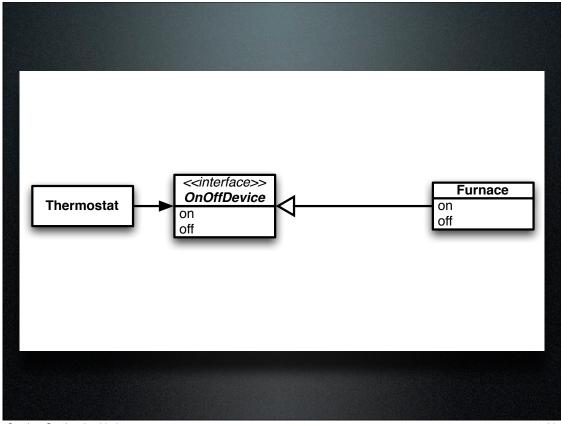
On Off

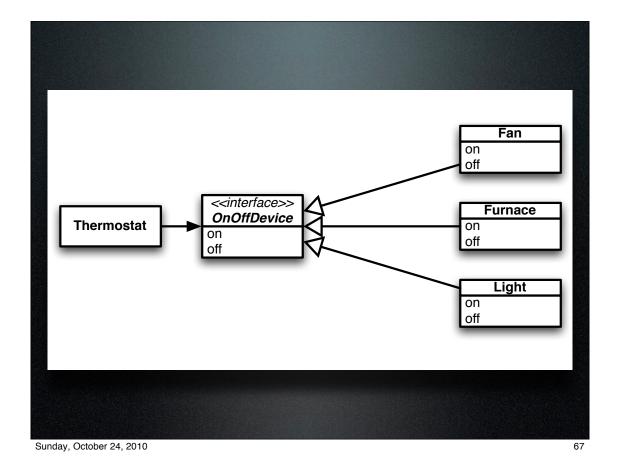
Off

Furnace
On off

# OnOffDevice.java interface OnOffDevice { public void on(); public void off(); } Thermostat.java class Thermostat { public Thermostat(OnOffDevice f) { this.furnace = f; } // ... private OnOffDevice furnace; //... }

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Code to Interfaces



```
Furnace.rb
class Furnace
  def initialize
    off
  end
  def on
    # Code to turn furnace on
  end
  def off
    # Code to turn furnace off
  end
end
```

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```
Thermostat.rb -- Pre-DIP

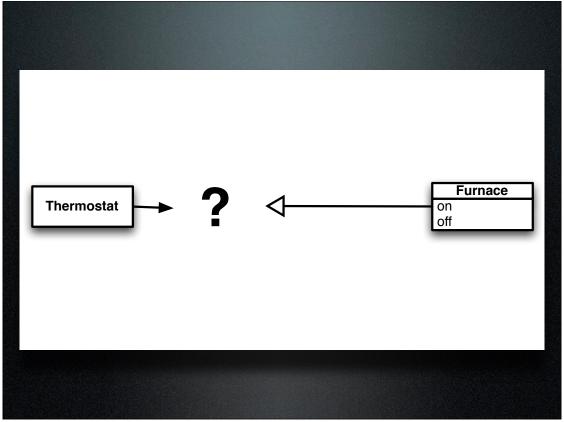
class Thermostat
  def initialize(furnace)
    @furnace = furnace
  end
  def run
    if should_be_on?
     @furnace.on
    else
        @furnace.off
  end
  end
  # ...
end
```

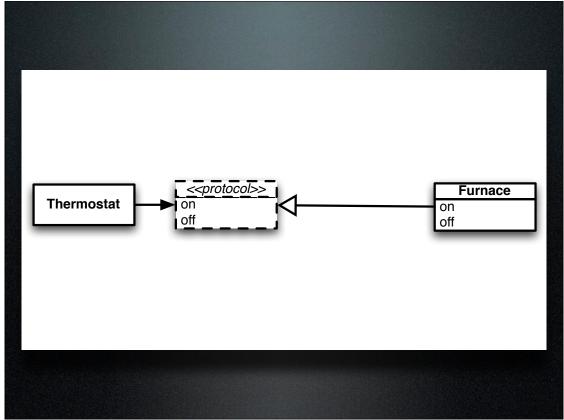
```
Thermostat.rb -- Post-DIP

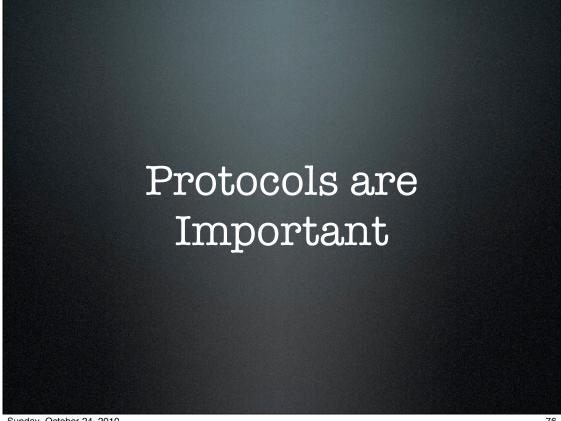
class Thermostat
  def initialize(furnace)
    @furnace = furnace
  end
  def run
    if should_be_on?
     @furnace.on
    else
        @furnace.off
  end
  end
  # ...
end
```

# (an aside) Thermostat.rb class Thermostat def initialize(furnace) fail "Must use a Furnace" unless furnace.is a?(Furnace) @furnace = furnace end def run **Explicit references** if should be on? to Furnace @furnace.on else @furnace.off end end end

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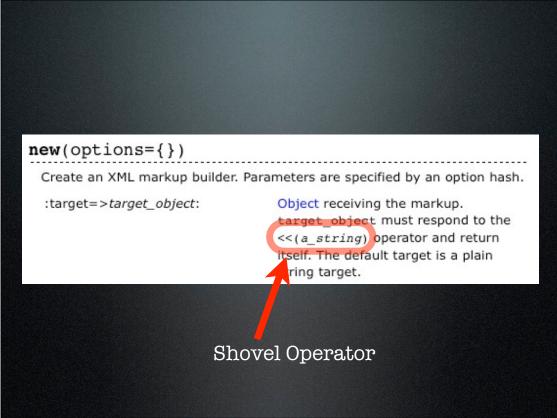
# (another aside) Thermostat.rb class Thermostat def initialize(furnace) fail "Must use a On/Off Device" unless [:on, :off].all?{|m| furnace.respond to?(m)} @furnace = furnace end def run No Explicit Reference, if should be on? but not much better @furnace.on @furnace.off end end # ... end

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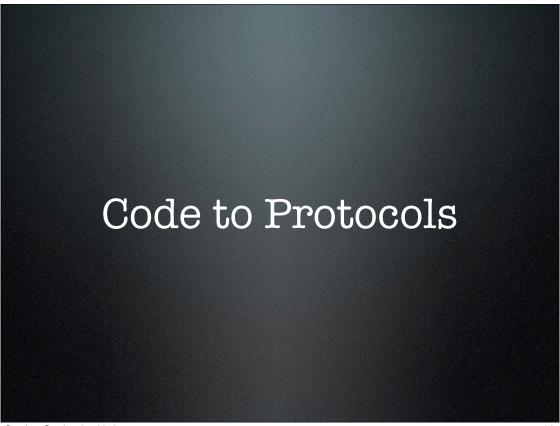




```
String Builder Example
sb = Builder::XmlMarkup.new(:target => "")
sb.person { sb.name("Jim") }
puts sb.target!
```



```
File Builder Example
fb = Builder::XmlMarkup.new(:target => STDOUT)
fb.person { fb.name("Bob") }
```



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# Liskov Substitution Principle



Barbara Liskov

If for each object ol of type S there is an object ol of type T such that for all programs P defined in terms of T, the behavior of P is unchanged when ol is substituted for ol then S is a subtype of T.

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Liskov Substitution Principle

Derived classes must be substitutable for their base classes.

-- Robert Martin

Liskov Substitution Principle

# Sort of like when they changed the actors who played "Darren" in Bewitched

-- Joey deVilla

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Liskov Substitution Principle

# Duck Typing

(If it walks like a duck ... etc.)

-- Dave Thomas

# When is something... substitutable?

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```
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```

```
class NormalMath
  def sqrt(x)
    guess = 1.0
    while (x - guess*guess).abs > 0.001
        guess = (guess + (x/guess)) / 2.0
    end
    guess
  end
end
```

# Substitutable?

```
class AccurateMath
  def sqrt(x)
    guess = 1.0
    while (x - guess*guess).abs > 0.00001
        guess = (guess + (x/guess)) / 2.0
    end
    guess
  end
end
```

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# How about this one?

```
class SloppyMath
  def sqrt(x)
    guess = 1.0
    while (x - guess*guess).abs > 0.1
       guess = (guess + (x/guess)) / 2.0
    end
    guess
  end
end
```

# Two Questions

- What does the method require?
- What does the method promise?

```
def sqrt(x)
requires
  ?
promises
  ?
```

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# Two Questions

- What does the method require?
- What does the method promise?

```
def sqrt(x)
requires
  non_negative: x >= 0
promises
  ?
```

# Two Questions

- What does the method require?
- What does the method promise?

```
def sqrt(x)
requires
```

non negative: x >= 0

promises

accurate: (x - result\*\*2).abs <= 0.001

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# When is something... substitutable?



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Interface Segregation Principle

Make fine grained interfaces that are client specific.

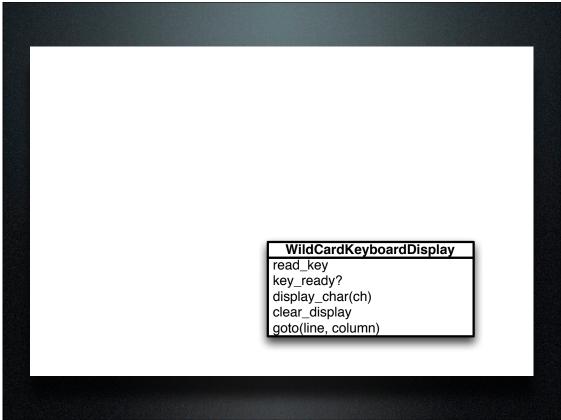
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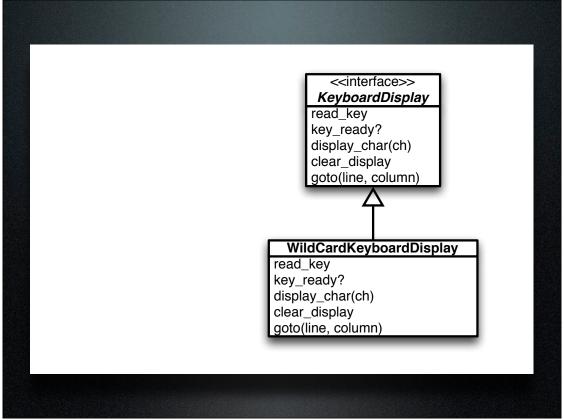
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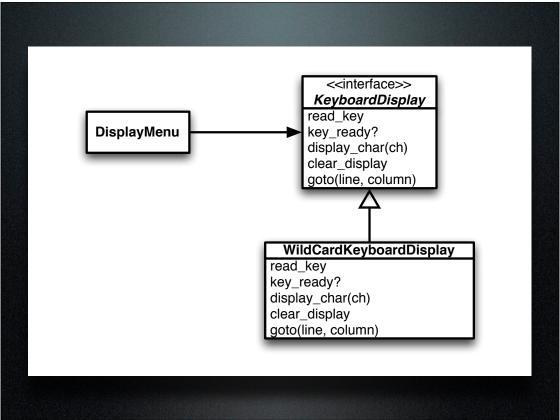
# Wildcard Keyboard/Display

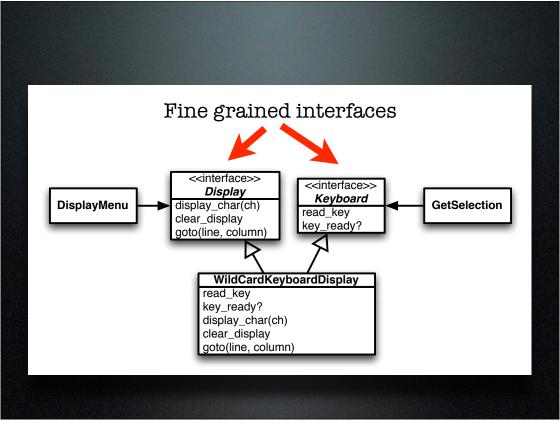
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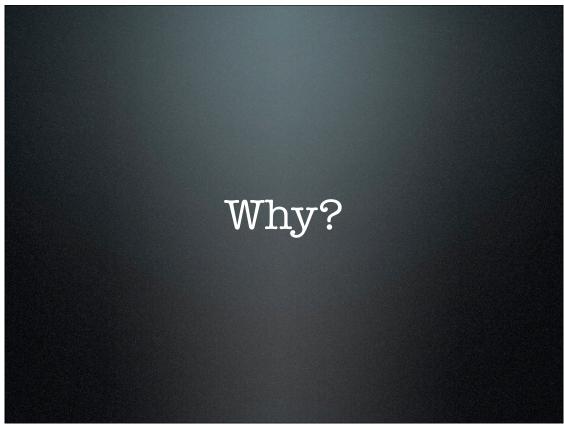
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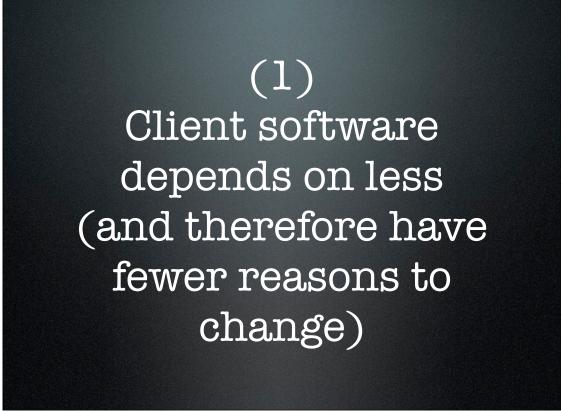


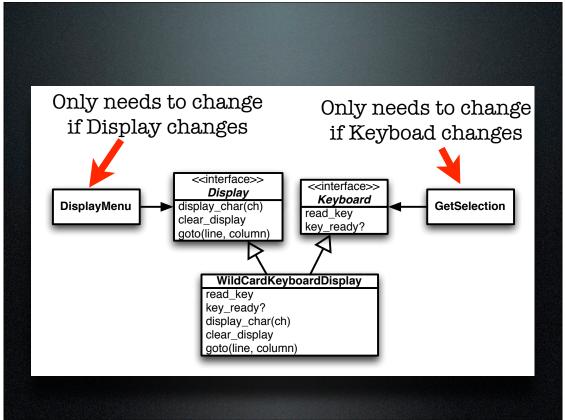


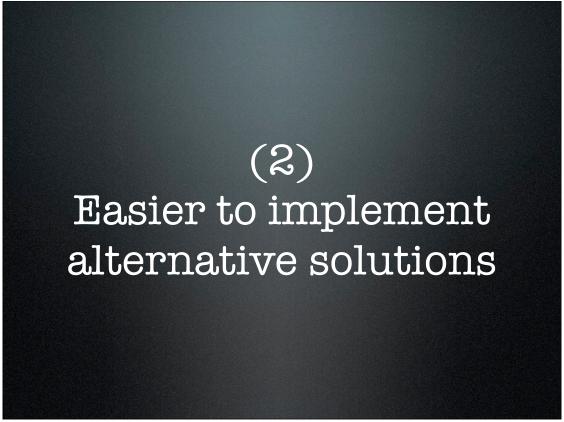


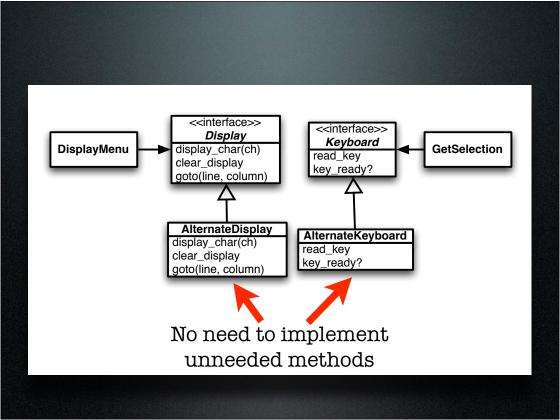


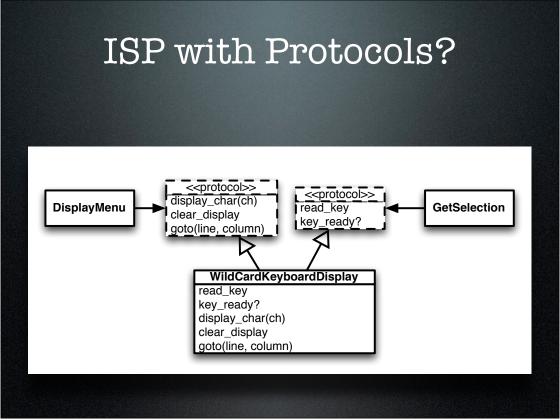












Interface Segregation Principle

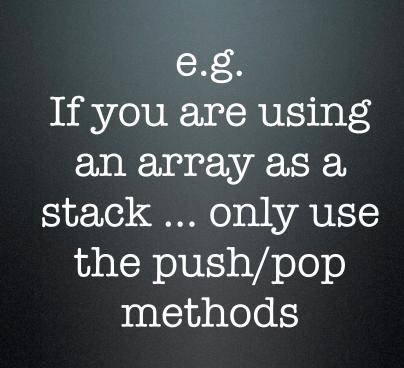
Clients should depend on as narrow protocol as possible.

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e.g.
Builder only
depends on the
<< operator.

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## For Discussion

ActiveRecord objects implement a domain concept and a persistence concept.

Does this violate SRP?

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### For Discussion

Sometimes you can't express requirements/promises as logical expressions.
What should you do?

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# For Discussion

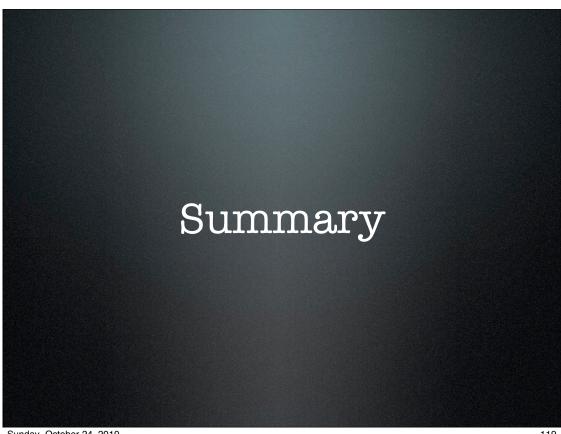
How do you verify that your client software only uses the (narrow) protocol you expect?

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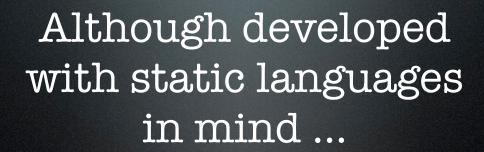
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### For Discussion

Some SOLID principles are an awkward fit for Ruby.
Are there other SOLID-like principles that are specific to dynamic languages?

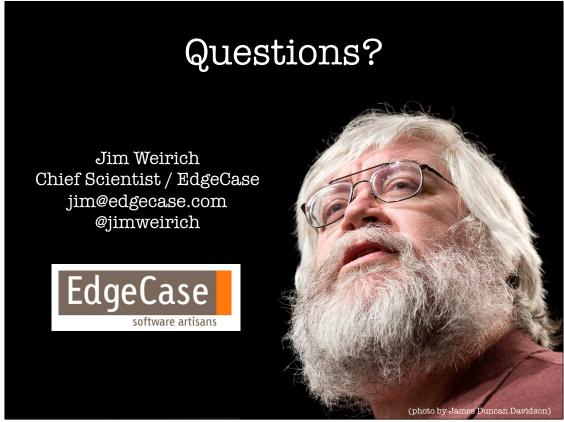


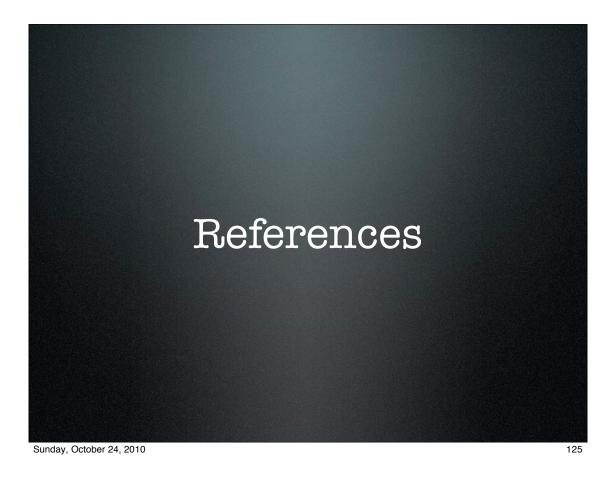
SOLID Principles are important for understanding good OO design



... Useful lessons can still be applied to dynamic languages (like Ruby)







# References

- More on SOLID can be found at:
  - http://butunclebob.com/ ArticleS.UncleBob.PrinciplesOfOod
  - http://www.lostechies.com/content/ pablo\_ebook.aspx
  - http://www.globalnerdy.com/2009/07/31/ barbara-liskov-interviewed/ (interview with Barbara Liskov)

# References

- Design by contract:
  - Eiffel, the Language
    - http://eiffel.com/
  - Hoare logic and stuff on pre/post conditions can be found at:
    - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hoare\_logic

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# References

- Images are from Pablo's SOLID Software Development E-Book, available at:
  - http://www.lostechies.com/blogs/ derickbailey/archive/2009/05/19/ announcing-pablo-s-e-books-book-1pablo-s-solid-softwaredevelopment.aspx

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