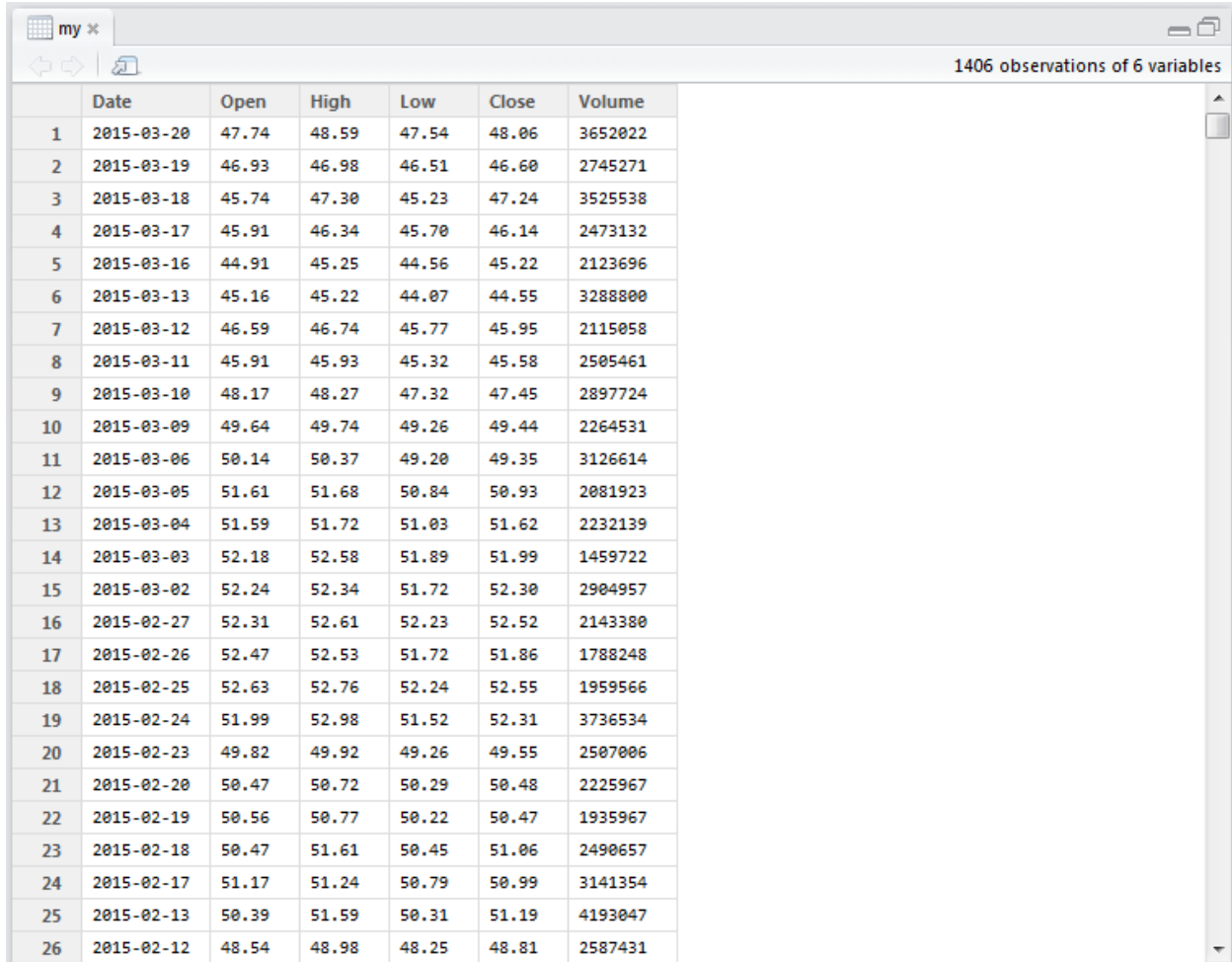


//Time series analysis

//DATA



	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume
1	2015-03-20	47.74	48.59	47.54	48.06	3652022
2	2015-03-19	46.93	46.98	46.51	46.60	2745271
3	2015-03-18	45.74	47.30	45.23	47.24	3525538
4	2015-03-17	45.91	46.34	45.70	46.14	2473132
5	2015-03-16	44.91	45.25	44.56	45.22	2123696
6	2015-03-13	45.16	45.22	44.07	44.55	3288800
7	2015-03-12	46.59	46.74	45.77	45.95	2115058
8	2015-03-11	45.91	45.93	45.32	45.58	2505461
9	2015-03-10	48.17	48.27	47.32	47.45	2897724
10	2015-03-09	49.64	49.74	49.26	49.44	2264531
11	2015-03-06	50.14	50.37	49.20	49.35	3126614
12	2015-03-05	51.61	51.68	50.84	50.93	2081923
13	2015-03-04	51.59	51.72	51.03	51.62	2232139
14	2015-03-03	52.18	52.58	51.89	51.99	1459722
15	2015-03-02	52.24	52.34	51.72	52.30	2904957
16	2015-02-27	52.31	52.61	52.23	52.52	2143380
17	2015-02-26	52.47	52.53	51.72	51.86	1788248
18	2015-02-25	52.63	52.76	52.24	52.55	1959566
19	2015-02-24	51.99	52.98	51.52	52.31	3736534
20	2015-02-23	49.82	49.92	49.26	49.55	2507006
21	2015-02-20	50.47	50.72	50.29	50.48	2225967
22	2015-02-19	50.56	50.77	50.22	50.47	1935967
23	2015-02-18	50.47	51.61	50.45	51.06	2490657
24	2015-02-17	51.17	51.24	50.79	50.99	3141354
25	2015-02-13	50.39	51.59	50.31	51.19	4193047
26	2015-02-12	48.54	48.98	48.25	48.81	2587431

Step 1://Reading the data into R

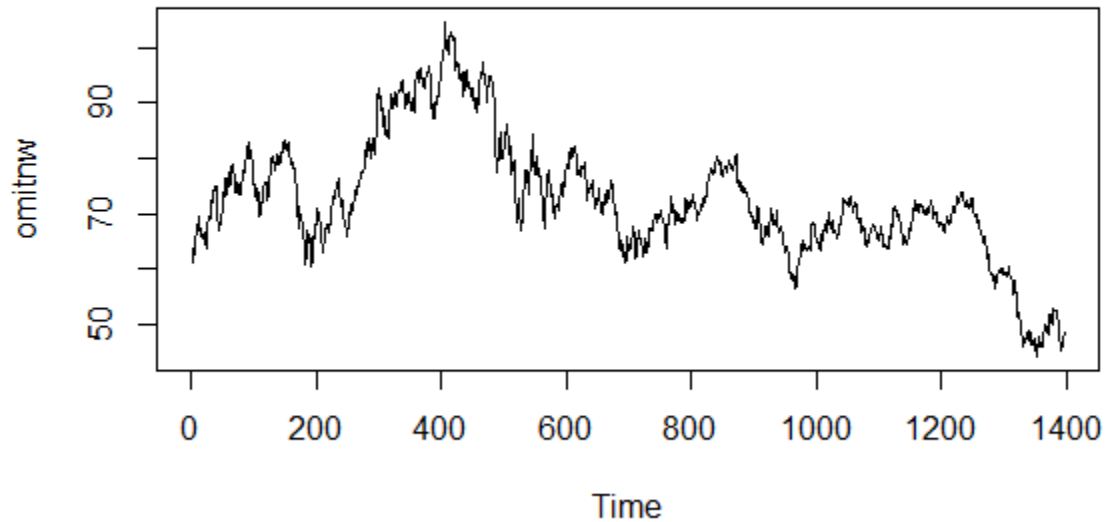
```
> my <- read.csv("C:/Users/user/Desktop/my.txt")  
> View(my)
```

Step 2://Arrange the data into decreasing order

```
> mytable<-data.table(my)  
> newdata <- myt[order(Date)]  
> newdata <- mytable[order(Date)]  
> nw<-newdata$High
```

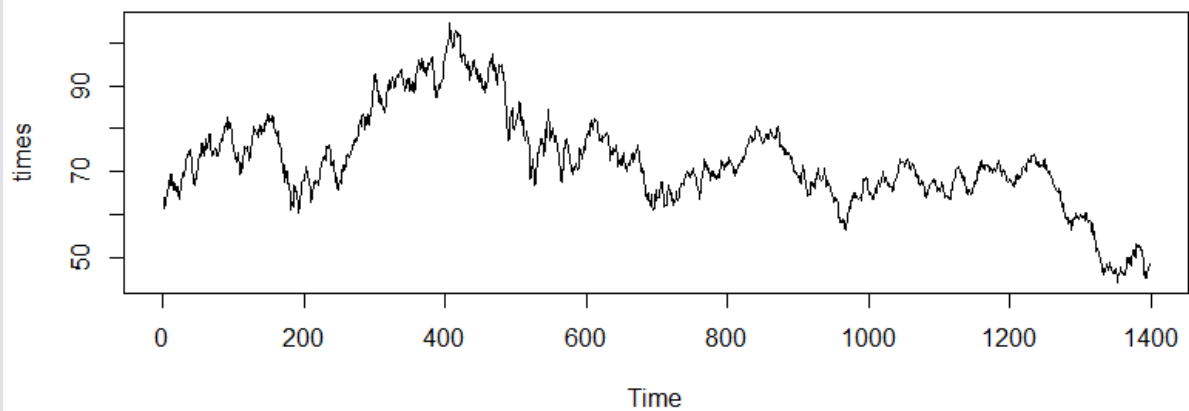
Step 3://Preprocessing the data

```
> omitnw<-na.omit(nw)  
> plot.ts(omitnw)
```



Step 4 :Creating the time series object

```
> times<-ts(omitnw)  
> plot.ts(times)
```



Step 5:// Decomposing the time series into 3 components:

- Seasonal
- trend
- random
-

```
> times1<-ts(omitnw,frequency=365, start=c(2009,1),end=c(2015,20))
> dtimes1<-decompose(times1)
> dtimes1$seasonal
```

Time Series:

Start = c(2009, 1)

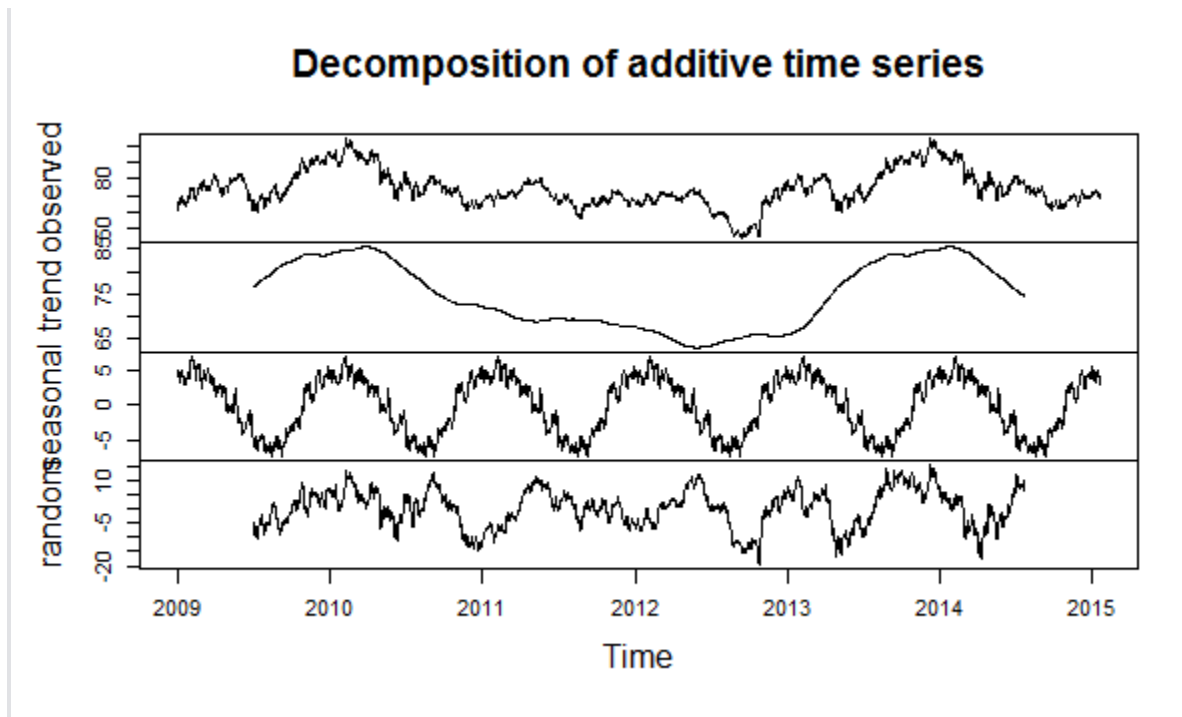
End = c(2015, 20)

Frequency = 365

```
[1] 4.27441621 5.00317238 5.09191758 4.90973128 4.49938060 3.50311210
[7] 3.36835046 3.82899156 3.83450388 4.57522717 4.95684909 4.87142991
[13] 4.33045457 4.22153950 4.10978060 3.90214772 4.18641621 3.55622443
[19] 3.07208197 3.32441621 3.14263539 3.42173128 3.27583539 3.56519977
[25] 4.17179156 3.82671210 4.01507375 4.79027375 3.90018060 3.80907923
[31] 4.58404361 5.57111210 6.33219156 6.37319977 6.53140799 6.60902443
[37] 6.86038334 7.12738060 6.30870114 6.52949019 6.31794498 5.61832854
[43] 5.68147923 4.78231210 3.65325457 3.49073950 4.01482169 5.50208745
[49] 5.27408197 5.34396142 5.39001621 5.78782991 5.98140251 5.80265183
[55] 5.83079430 4.91642169 4.19162717 2.88686005 2.97819156 2.45218060
[61] 3.77932580 3.38732580 4.15512854 3.83984087 4.78653128 4.71530388
[67] 4.97967649 4.13033950 3.73265183 3.54124909 3.64446553 4.33999430
[73] 4.79287649 5.04784635 5.34159977 4.76750662 5.00477786 4.45020251
[79] 3.55014224 3.31232854 3.77334772 4.22348471 2.99818060 3.14912854
[85] 3.77911758 3.72258608 3.39751758 3.92926005 3.33294772 3.59212032
[91] 2.80967649 1.26522169 1.41666827 1.46604361 2.24389567 2.83747375
[97] 2.64723813 2.53582991 1.96496964 2.34234498 2.84199430 2.84761073
[103] 2.89677786 2.61866279 2.39942443 2.60596142 1.58798882 1.25397238
[109] 1.21171484 2.77438882 2.00094224 1.73630662 2.60369840 2.83189019
[115] 2.68235046 2.51750114 2.19626279 1.74070662 0.59288197 -0.47457009
[121] -1.05642762 0.08438334 -0.30781392 0.03679977 -0.38487146 -0.60371529
[127] -0.47686050 -0.19282214 -0.63221940 0.03862443 -0.47718379 -0.66745228
[133] -1.03997831 -0.99330433 -0.54706872 -0.78989612 -0.96517283 0.18493676
```

```
[333] 4.48081021 4.55075040 4.64307049 4.51370410 4.55119977 3.77014224
[361] 4.82375320 5.05232854 5.56352306 4.38283265 3.86474498 4.27441621
[367] 5.00317238 5.09191758 4.90973128 4.49938060 3.50311210 3.36835046
[373] 3.82899156 3.83450388 4.57522717 4.95684909 4.87142991 4.33045457
[379] 4.22153950 4.10978060 3.90214772 4.18641621 3.55622443 3.07208197
[385] 3.32441621 3.14263539 3.42173128 3.27583539 3.56519977 4.17179156
[391] 3.82671210 4.01507375 4.79027375 3.90018060 3.80907923 4.58404361
[397] 5.57111210 6.33219156 6.37319977 6.53140799 6.60902443 6.86038334
[403] 7.12738060 6.30870114 6.52949019 6.31794498 5.61832854 5.68147923
[409] 4.78231210 3.65325457 3.49073950 4.01482169 5.50208745 5.27408197
[415] 5.34396142 5.39001621 5.78782991 5.98140251 5.80265183 5.83079430
[421] 4.91642169 4.19162717 2.88686005 2.97819156 2.45218060 3.77932580
[427] 3.38732580 4.15512854 3.83984087 4.78653128 4.71530388 4.97967649
[433] 4.13033950 3.73265183 3.54124909 3.64446553 4.33999430 4.79287649
```

```
> plot(dtimes1)
```

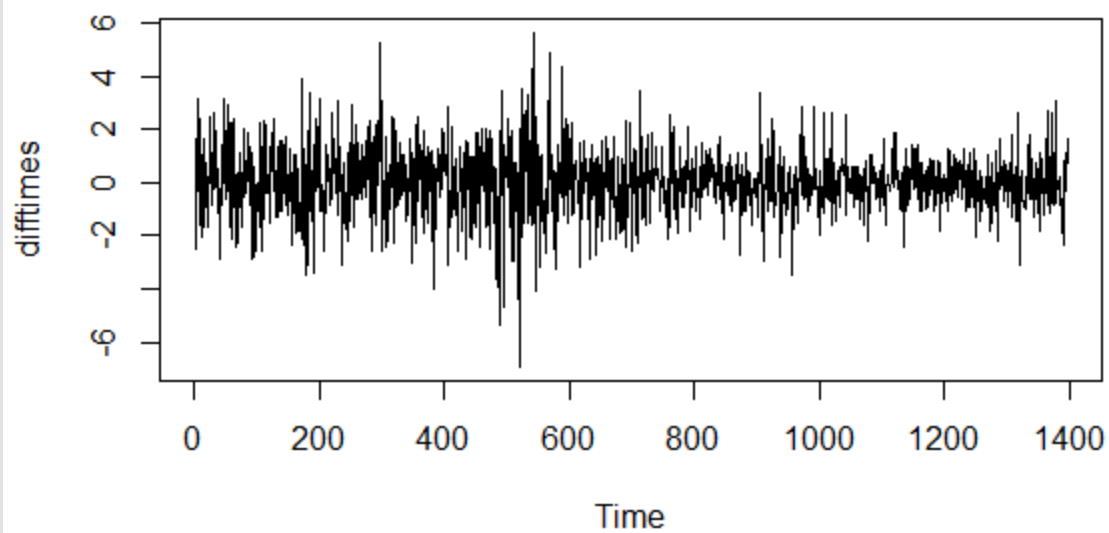


Step 6://Arima Model:

Step 6.1: Differencing the time series

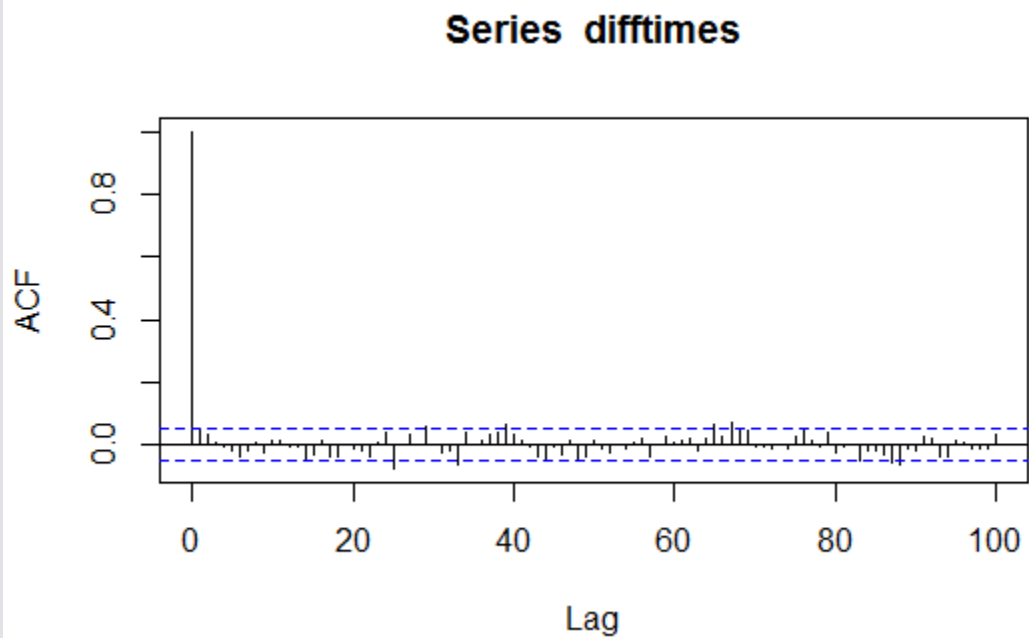
//Applying DIFFERENCING

```
> difftimes <- diff(times, differences=1)  
> plot.ts(difftimes)
```



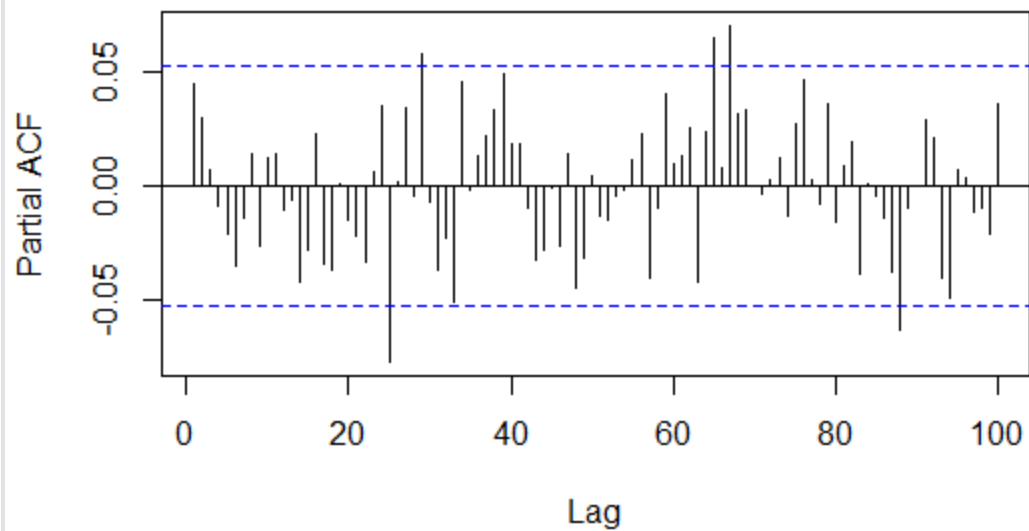
//Applying ACF

```
> acf(difftimes, lag.max=100)
```



```
> pacf(difftimes, lag.max=100)
```

Series difftimes



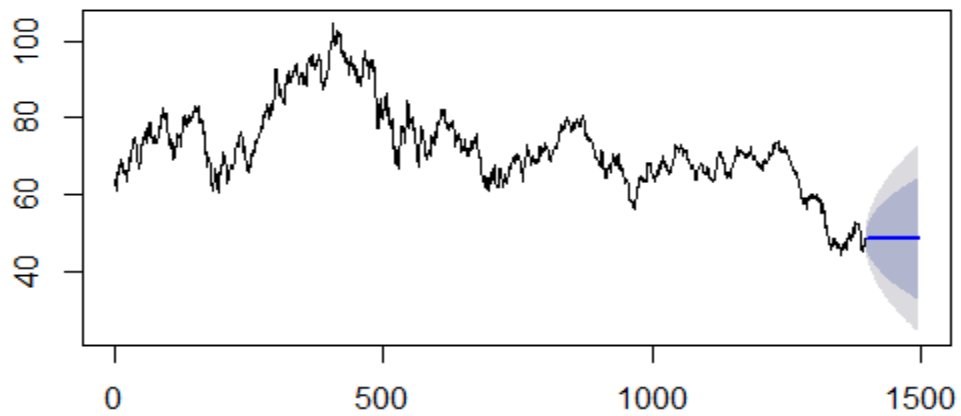
```
//model fitting
```

```
> finalfit<- arima(times, order=c(0,1,0))
```

```
//forecasting
```

```
> finalforecast <- forecast.Arima(finalfit, h=100)  
> plot.forecast(finalforecast)
```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,0)

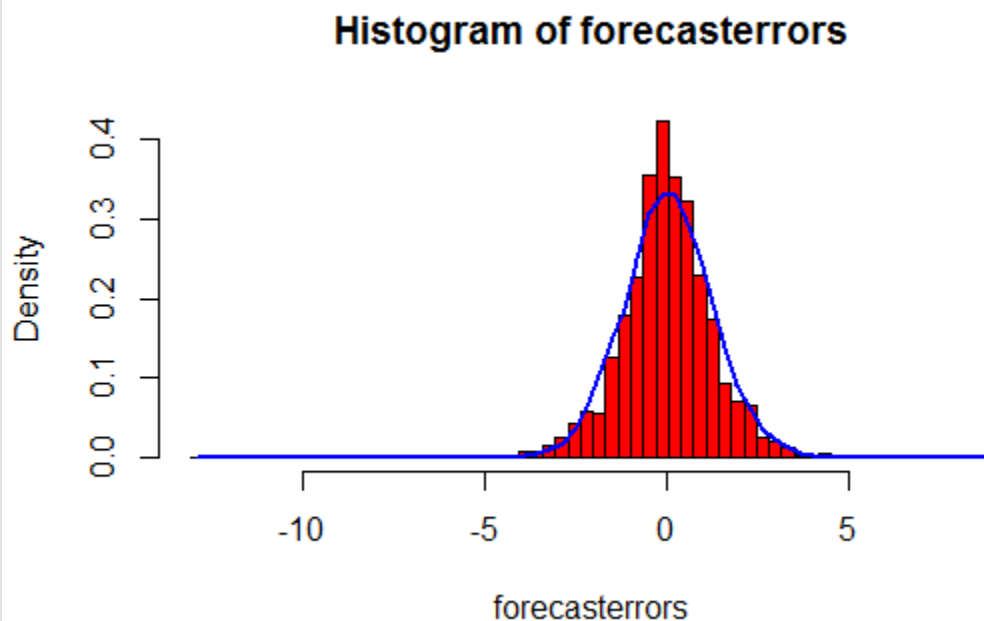


Step 7://Model Evaluation:

7.1 //Plotting forecast errors

```
plotForecastErrors <- function(forecasterrors)
+ {
+   # make a histogram of the forecast errors:
+   mybinsize <- IQR(forecasterrors)/4
+   mysd <- sd(forecasterrors)
+   mymin <- min(forecasterrors) - mysd*5
+   mymax <- max(forecasterrors) + mysd*3
+   # generate normally distributed data with mean 0 and standard deviation
mysd
+   mynorm <- rnorm(10000, mean=0, sd=mysd)
+   mymin2 <- min(mynorm)
+   mymax2 <- max(mynorm)
+   if (mymin2 < mymin) { mymin <- mymin2 }
+   if (mymax2 > mymax) { mymax <- mymax2 }
+   # make a red histogram of the forecast errors, with the normally
distributed data overlaid:
+   mybins <- seq(mymin, mymax, mybinsize)
+   hist(forecasterrors, col="red", freq=FALSE, breaks=mybins)
+   # freq=FALSE ensures the area under the histogram = 1
+   # generate normally distributed data with mean 0 and standard deviation
mysd
+   myhist <- hist(mynorm, plot=FALSE, breaks=mybins)
+   # plot the normal curve as a blue line on top of the histogram of
forecast errors:
+   points(myhist$mids, myhist$density, type="l", col="blue", lwd=2)
+ }

> plotForecastErrors(finalforecast$residuals)
```



7.2//Superimposing the graphs of training and testing data

```
> `t1` <- read.csv("C:/Users/user/Desktop/t1.txt", header=FALSE)
> View(`t1`)
> tt1<-data.table(t1)
> ntt1 <- tt1[order(V1)]
> high<-ntt1$V3
> high<-na.omit(high)
> timestrain1<-ts(high,frequency=365, start=c(2009,1),end=c(2014,31))
> finalfit2<- arima(timestrain1, order=c(0,1,0))
> finalforecast2 <- forecast.Arima(finalfit2, h=300)
> plot(finalforecast2)
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(times1)
```

