

6COSSC004W Mobile Native Development	
Coursework 1 – iPhone Application (2021/22) – referred/deferred version.	
Module leader	PHILIP TRWOGA
Unit	Coursework 1
Weighting:	40%
Qualifying mark	30%
Description	iPhone Finance App (UIKit must be used)
Learning Outcomes Covered in this Assignment:	<p>This assignment contributes towards the following Learning Outcomes (LOs):</p> <p>LO1 understand language features and programming practice required for native development</p> <p>LO2 apply industry standard tools for design and development</p> <p>LO3 communicate and defend work by both written and oral means</p>
Handed Out:	13 th June 2022
Due Date	11 th July 2022 - Submissions via Blackboard by 1pm
Expected deliverables	<p>Submit on Blackboard a zip file containing:</p> <p>Complete XCode 13.X solution - Swift language only/UIKit only</p> <p>For referred work only: short document detailing how you improved on your solution (1-2 pages)</p>
Method of Submission:	<p>Electronic submission on BB via a provided link close to the submission time. The file you upload should have the following naming format:</p> <p>E.g. 6COSC004W_CW1_StudentNumber_firstName_lastName.zip</p>
Type of Feedback and Due Date:	<p>Formative feedback will be provided during tutorial sessions. Verbal feedback on the submitted CW will be provided during the CW presentation/viva. Students are encouraged to record this feedback at this time. Feedback is due by the 21/7/22. Feedback shall also be given on the Blackboard.</p> <p>Note: All marks will remain provisional until formally agreed by an Assessment Board.</p>

Assessment regulations

Refer to section 4 of the “How you study” guide for undergraduate students for a clarification of how you are assessed, penalties and late submissions, **what constitutes plagiarism etc.**

Penalty for Late Submission

If you submit your coursework late but within 24 hours or one working day of the specified deadline, 10 marks will be deducted from the final mark, as a penalty for late submission, except for work which obtains a mark in the range 40 – 49%, in which case the mark will be capped at the pass mark (40%). If you submit your coursework more than 24 hours or more than one working day after the specified deadline you will be given a mark of zero for the work in question unless a claim of Mitigating Circumstances has been submitted and accepted as valid.

It is recognised that on occasion, illness or a personal crisis can mean that you fail to submit a piece of work on time. In such cases you must inform the Campus Office in writing on a mitigating circumstances form, giving the reason for your late or non-submission. You must provide relevant documentary evidence with the form. This information will be reported to the relevant Assessment Board that will decide whether the mark of zero shall stand. For more detailed information regarding University Assessment Regulations, please refer to the following website :<http://www.westminster.ac.uk/study/current-students/resources/academic-regulations>.

Notes:

Any solutions or partial solutions from third parties such as GitHub will result in an academic misconduct being raised.

You are not allowed to use any third-party frameworks i.e. only use Apple iOS frameworks.

6COSC004W Mobile Native Development Coursework

1 - Specification

iPhone Financial Calculator App

This coursework is worth 40% of the module mark

Please read carefully and read all footnotes. Raise any issues about this coursework early.

Synopsis

You are to create a financial app for the iPhone. It must render well on all iPhones for the iPhone 13 series. The app shall have the capability of undertaking typical financial calculations such as savings, loans, and mortgages. The app shall have the ability to solve for **one** unknown from the given parameters noted in **bold**:

t – time in years (synonymous with number of payments)
r (%) – interest rate – for simple savings only¹
P – present value
PMT – Payment
A – future value
n – number of compound payments per year (always assumed to be 12)

Table 1 - Financial parameters (see examples below in the requirement notes)

The app shall split typical financial problems up over typically four views:

- 1) Compound Interest savings (fixed sum investment with no further payments)
- 2) Savings – compound interest with regular contributions (this is savings where there might be sum invested with a subsequent further monthly contribution)
- 3) Loans/Mortgage - compound interest with regular payments

In addition to this the software **shall contain a help view** that will contain instructions and guidance to the user on how to use the software. You have complete freedom on how to implement this view and this can be done as separate view or modal context views for example, e.g. a pop- overview activated by a help button.

User Requirements – note that you only need to implement this functionality based on the formulae given in Appendix A

R1 The software shall allow the user to estimate **interest rate** based on other financial data given in Table 1 - Financial parameters.

R2 The software shall allow the user to estimate **final value** based on other financial data given in Table 1 - Financial parameters.

¹ You only need to solve for interest rate in problems where there is no monthly payments. For example, simple lump sum investments.

R3 The software shall allow the user to estimate **present value** based on other financial data given in Table 1 - Financial parameters.

R4 The software shall allow the user to estimate **the payment** based on other financial data given in Table 1 - Financial parameters.

R5 The software shall allow the user to estimate **number of payments**² based on other financial data given in Table 1 - Financial parameters.

R6 The software shall persistently save all user data³

R7 The software shall provide a help view.

R8 The software shall allow the user to switch between number of payments and years⁴.

System Requirements

SR1: The system shall persist all user data if the application closes or quits in all three views.

SR2: The system shall repopulate fields with any saved user data on app start-up.

Notes:

Typical user scenarios and examples:

Savings

A user wishes to calculate the interest required to return a **future value** for a fixed initial investment sum over a known period of time.

E.g. A user wishes to know if they invest £1000 for 5 years, what interest rate would be required to return a **future value** of £3000.

A user wishes to calculate the length of time in years (**or number of compound payments**⁵) required to return a future value for a known fixed initial investment given a known interest rate.

E.g. A user wished to know how long it would be before an investment of £1000 at an interest rate of 4% returned a **future value** of £3000.

A user wishes to calculate the initial investment (**present value**) that will return a known future value given a known interest rate and investment period (time).

E.g. A user wished to know how much to initially invest to get a **future value** of £3000 on a savings account with an interest rate of 4% over a 5-year period.

² For the purpose of this application all payments and compound interest and be considered to be monthly. So, for example 60 payments is equivalent to 5 years.

³ If the app is backgrounded or closed by the user or runtime, all user data will be preserved persistently and the entry text fields repopulated with the last data used when the app is started or foregrounded.

⁴ This assumes 12 monthly payments per year.

⁵ Compounds are monthly payments from the interest on a on savings or are the monthly interest charges on a loan.

E.g. A user wished to know how much to initially invest to get a **future value** of £5000 on a savings account with an interest rate of 4% over a 5-year period where they make monthly payments into their savings account of £100.

Loans and Mortgages

A user wished to borrow £3000, they can afford to pay £350 a month, how many monthly payments (remember this is the same as time) would they need to make if the best loan interest rate they could get was 7%?

A user wished to borrow £350000, the best interest rate available is 3.5%, what would be the required monthly payment over 25 years?

UI Requirements

Some possible designs for the app are shown below in figures 1-3. Note that you are free to design this app as you wish but it must meet all requirements and constraints. Note that app. Shall have views for: 1) Mortgage/Loans 2) Compound Savings with regular contributions, 3) Lump sum savings – no regular contribution. **Note that the application must use tab bar-based navigation.**

Savings

5:41

Compound Savings

Principal Amount £

Principal Amount

Interest %

Interest %

Monthly Payment £

Monthly Payment

Future Value £

Future Value

Number of Payments

Number of Payments

Show Years

1

2
ABC

3
DEF

4
GHI

5
JKL

6
MNO

7
PQRS

8
TUV

9
WXYZ

.

0

Figure 1 Example design for compound savings with monthly payments

5:55

Simple Savings

Principal Amount £

Interest %

Future Value £

Number of Payments

Show Years ☒

Figure 2 Example design for simple savings view

The image shows a mobile application interface titled "Loans Mortgage". At the top, the status bar displays the time "5:15" and signal/battery icons. The app title "Loans Mortgage" is centered. Below it, the label "Loan Amount £" is followed by a text input field containing the placeholder "Principal Amount". This is followed by the label "Interest %" and another text input field with the placeholder "Interest %". Next is the label "Monthly Payment £" and a text input field with the placeholder "Monthly Payment". Below that is the label "Number of Payments" and a text input field with the placeholder "Number of Payments". A toggle switch labeled "Show Years" is currently turned on (indicated by a blue circle). At the bottom of the screen is a numeric keypad with buttons for digits 1-9, 0, a decimal point, and a backspace/clear button (represented by a square with an 'x'). Each digit button also has its corresponding letters (e.g., "ABC" for 2) displayed in small text below the digit.

Figure 3 Example design for Mortgage/Loans

Help View

The app shall contain a help view per view (so three altogether) with simple user-friendly instructions and optional images to help guide the user.

Operation

To use the application the user first selects one of the tabbed views from an array of icon buttons (either tabs or a toolbar) that can be accessed in all views. The field in which the user wishes to estimate one of the parameters should be left blank with the user filling in all other details.

Note that you can use a button that begins the calculation (in which case you just need to detect which text field has been left blank in order to perform the correct calculation) though 'autodetecting' when the calculation is possible will receive higher marks in that section.

Another way is for the user to finally touch on the field of interest and then touch the calculate button. In order to make this work you need to detect with text field

is the firstResponder. The example below used an **if** though a switch is better for this in order to test all of the fields.

```
if (textFieldInterest.isFirstResponder)
{
//use the interest calculation
}
```

Keyboard Requirements

The app must use the standard decimal pad.

Non-functional requirements

- 1) The app shall render well in the iPhone 13 series
- 2) The strings must be consistently formatted and correctly spelt.
- 3) Currency must be correctly formatted to two decimal places e.g. £345.21.
- 4) All financial calculations shall be mathematically correct to two decimal places with all maths handled using Double types.
- 5) Code shall be commented to assist marking and to assist understandability

The Coursework will be marked based on the following indicative marking criteria ⁶

Criteria	Maximum component mark
Layout and Design, UI, Navigation and responsiveness	25
Renders well in all target devices, good use of icons and UI element placement. App is simple to use, and all UI elements are clear to their function marked and is app is intuitive to use. Strings are correctly formatted. Help notes are available but unobtrusive. Note that apps with poor usability may score low in the section of the marking rubric.	
Interest calculation (R1)	5
Future Value calculation (R2)	10
Present Value calculation (R3)	10
Time Calculations (R4)	10
Payment calculation (R5)	10
Help view(s) (R7)	10
Data persistence (SR2/SR3)	10
Switch between years/number of payments	5

⁶ Note that you need to present your work in a viva after the due-by-date for marking during, in which you will need to demonstrate your understanding of your code – **note your mark may be reduced by any amount if you do not demonstrate good understanding and this is at the discretion of the marking tutor**. Note also that best marks are awarded for efficient and well-written code (good coding standards) and also for the correctness of each section (meets the specified requirement exactly). Note that the viva is **compulsory** element of the coursework and you may receive a zero mark if you do not attend a viva.

Coding standards, good separation of concerns. Flexible and maintainable code.	5
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Total	100
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Note for high marks your work must also meet the non-functional requirements.

Appendix A - Financial Formula⁷

Note there are many formulae available for these calculations are you are free to use any you wish.

Compound Interest – Simple savings with lump sum (no payments)

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

Simple Saving. View
The future value
(n=12)

Where:

A = the future value of the investment/loan, including interest

P = the principal investment amount (the initial deposit or loan amount – present value)

r = the annual interest rate (e.g. 3.2% is 0.032)

n = the number of times that interest is compounded per unit time (this is always monthly for the purpose of this coursework, i.e. **12** times per year)

t = the time the money is invested or borrowed in **years**

Interest Rate

$$r = n \left[\left(\frac{A}{P} \right)^{\frac{1}{nt}} - 1 \right]$$

Simple Saving. View
The interest rate
(n=12)

Principle Amount

$$P = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}}$$

Simple Saving. View
The amount
invested
(n=12)

Formula for time

$$t = \frac{\ln \left(\frac{A}{P} \right)}{n \left[\ln \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right) \right]}$$

Simple Saving. View
Time of the
investment in years
(n=12)

Note: that **ln** is the natural logarithm (this is **log()** in Swift)

Compound interest savings formula (with regular payment or contributions)

These equations assume frequency of contribution and compounding is the same (for example every month)

⁷ Create and test all formula by using Swift Playgrounds before implementing these into the iOS UIKit application.

Compound interest formula (with regular contributions) for deposits made at the end of the period - (important note: any money given so going away from lender/saver e.g. a principle amount or payments is a negative number)

Note that the Total A = [**Compound interest for principal**] + [**Future value of a series**]

Compound interest for a principal amount

These two formulae need to be added together to give the total value at the end (n=12)

Future value of series

$$A = PMT \times \left\{ \frac{\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} - 1 \right]}{\frac{r}{n}} \right\}$$

Payment

$$PMT = \frac{A}{\left\{ \frac{\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} - 1 \right]}{\frac{r}{n}} \right\}}$$

Time to achieve a certain future value A – these assume annual compounds

The following formula will calculate the **time taken in years** to **reach an investment goal A loan**. Ln is the natural log here which log(...) in Swift.

$$t = \frac{\ln(1 + \frac{rA}{PMT})}{\ln(1 + r)}$$

Loans and Mortgages

Number of payments

The following formula will calculate the **number of monthly payments** to completely pay a loan.

The log in the formula is \log_{10} which is log10(...) in Swift.

Simple Saving. View
With Contribution
Compounded
Interest
(n=12)

Savings with a
Contribution View
The future value of
the series
(n=12)

Savings with a
Contribution View
The payment
(n=12)

Savings with a
Contribution View
The total time of
the investment

P is the loan
amount

$$firstPart = \log \left(1 - \left(\frac{P}{PMT} \times \frac{r}{12} \right) \right)$$

$$secondPart = -\log \left(\frac{r}{12} + 1 \right)$$

$$number\ of\ payments = \frac{firstPart}{secondPart}$$

To get this in years simply divide the result by 12.

Mortgage Payments (or any loan) – Note that the future value is assumed to be equal to zero for mortgage and loan calculations (note that t is years and P is the amount loaned)

$$PMT = \frac{P \frac{r}{12} \left(1 + \frac{r}{12} \right)^{12t}}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12} \right)^{12t} - 1}$$

Note that you do not need to calculate interest rate for loans.

Amount that can be borrowed – Present Value

$$P = \frac{PMT \left(\left(\frac{r}{12} + 1 \right)^n - 1 \right) \left(\frac{r}{12} + 1 \right)^{-n}}{\frac{r}{12}}$$

Loans View
The total number
of payments

Loans View
The payment
amount

Loans View
The amount that
can be borrowed
(present value)

Note in this case n is the number of payments in total. E.g. 36 payments -> 3 years.

Note: always check maths for correctness and test algorithms in isolation.
Playgrounds in XCode is highly recommended for developing and testing the maths before deploying to an iOS app.

Appendix B - Grade Descriptors

Marking Grade Descriptors - for guidance only

80-100: An outstanding piece of work: All assessment criteria have been met at an exceptionally high standard

- Displays exceptional initiative, creativity, sophistication and originality.
- Demonstrates originality and rigour in technique
- Demonstrates complete and fit for purpose design and analysis – meet all usual software quality criteria (reliable, understandable, flexible, maintainable)
- Demonstrates substantial independent research on iOS development
- In the viva can communicate complexity clearly and succinctly with excellent standard of presentation and understanding

70-80: An excellent piece of work: All assessment criteria have been met at a high standard

- Demonstrates a sophisticated application and some originality
- Draws on a range of techniques and frameworks that may go beyond the taught material
- Provides a robust solution (reliable, expandable, understandable, maintainable)
- Demonstrates substantial independent research
- Communicates ideas clearly and succinctly with good standard of presentation

60-69: A good piece of work: Nearly all assessment criteria have been met at a good standard with just a few minor defects

- Demonstrates breadth and/or depth of understanding across frameworks and language
- Demonstrates research and critical use of resources.

- Communicates ideas clearly with a good understanding

50-59: A reasonable piece of work: Nearly all assessment criteria have been met at a good standard with a number of small defects or one major defect.

- Demonstrates breadth and/or depth of understanding across frameworks and the language
- Communicates ideas clearly with a good understanding but with some deficiencies in knowledge

40-49: An adequate piece of work: Assessment criteria have mostly been met but with a collection minor and major defects.

- Demonstrates understanding of appropriate range of framework concepts and practical approaches
- A basic application with some serious defects such as crashes
- No demonstrable original thinking in design
- Only partial or superficial understanding demonstrated

30-39 FAIL: An inadequate piece of work: Relevant assessment tasks are not met.

- Has clear limitations in the practice and approach to development
- Demonstrates lack of design and analysis
- Uses a narrow range of techniques/frameworks to support development
- Communication is unclear with significant weaknesses in explanation of code
- Significant defects

0-29 FAIL: Poor piece of work: Most of the assessment tasks have not been met.

- Demonstrates poor understanding of key concepts and techniques
- Shows significant weaknesses and omissions in completing the tasks
- No evidence of analysis, process or design

Communication is unclear with significant weaknesses in understanding

End of document