

# STACKER Gaming Application

END-SEM PROJECT REPORT

*Submitted by*

*Group -E3*

<b>B.SAI ABHISHEK</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>BL.EN.U4AIE21015</b>
<b>RUCHITH BALAJI</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>BL.EN.U4AIE21017</b>
<b>CHILAKURU HARI</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>BL.EN.U4AIE21038</b>

*In partial fulfillment for the award of the degree*

*Of*

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY**

**IN**

**Elements of Computing Systems-2**



**AMRITA SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING, BANGALORE**

**AMRITA VISHWA VIDYAPEETHAM**

**BANGALORE – 560035**

**July -2022.**

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. Contents
2. Abstract
3. Chapter-1
  - 3.1. Detailed Description
  - 3.2. Code
  - 3.3. Output
  - 3.4. Conclusion

## **ABSTRACT**

- The STACKER game is totally written JACK language.
- To run the game in VM Emulator.
- A Player can stop the Moving Row Horizontally by pressing the SPACEBAR and place it on the Top of the Layer.
- When the Player places 15 layers continuously...Then the player Wins!! And the game restarts.
- Stacker is an arcade game where the goal is to build a stack of blocks as high as possible.
- Stacker game contains 15 Levels.
- At each level, a row of blocks moves sideways and the user has to lock the blocks in place. And timing it so that it aligns with the previous level.
- Blocks that don't align are lost and if no blocks aligned at all, the player loses.  
As the levels increase, the blocks move faster making timing even more critical.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

### **Jack Programming Language:**

- Jack is an object-based language like Java.
- It is a multipurpose language and a high-level language.
- Can be used to write complex programs like Operating System.
- Uses methods, constructors and functions.
- Can create complex data structures like lists, trees.
- Screen is divided into 256 rows and 512 columns.
- The screen left top most corner starts from (0,0), right end corner (511,255).
- `Screen.drawRect(x1,x2,y1,y2)`- (x1,x2)&(y1,y2) are coordinates of diagonals of rectangle.
- `Screen.drawLine(x1,x2,y1,y2)`- (x1,x2)&(y1,y2) are coordinates of ends of lines.
- `Sys.wait(x)` – For delaying for few seconds
- `Screen.setColor(false)` –sets screen to white
- `Screen.setColor(true)` –sets screen to black

## **Built-in Functions:**

- `Output.printString()`- To print a string
- `Keyboard.keypressed()`-returns the key pressed
- `Screen.drawPixel(x,y)` -x:row,y:column
- `Memory.poke(x,y)` – does 16 memory write operations starting from x bit in y column
- `Memory.deAlloc(this)`- to deallocate the memory and recycle
- `Keyboard.readLine()/Keyboard.readInt()` to take input from user

## **Used Jack Files:**

In this game we have used 7 jack files to Run:

- `Stacker.jack`
- `Constants.jack`
- `Drawer.jack`
- `Stack.jack`
- `MovingRow.jack`
- `Stackergame.jack`
- `Main.jack`

## **Stacker.jack**

- This jack file creates a Start page for player to proceed.
- In this File Constructor Stacker is used.
- An array of length is initialised to print the Commands or Menu for player to proceed further.
- Two keys are used with appropriate method to start and Quit the game.
- Takes the User Input from player and corresponding work with assigned key will be done

## **Constants.jack**

- In this file 5 functions to perform the play and quit Operations on the Start Menu.
- The functions are COLS , LEVELS , KEY\_SPACE , KEY\_P , KEY\_Q.
- KEY\_P = Starts the game ; KEY\_Q = Quits the game

## **Drawer.jack**

- This file Draws a grid with Built-in methods where the stacker game is to be performed.
- This file also draws the Row which is to played during the Game.

## **Stack.jack**

- In this file a Constructor is created With named as Stack.
- And Initialised the array for Creating the Required levels.
- Adds a new row to the stack, keeping only blocks that are stackable.

## **MovingRow.jack**

- Implements the row that moves sideways.
- In this File set the number of blocks (aBlocks) starting from index (offset) in the row.
- Sets the moving speed and block starting position according to the new level
- Set the speed of the blocks given a level.
- Determines whether to move the blocks and where to move them

## **Main.jack**

- Creates a new Stacker game.
- Stacker is disposed.

## **Stackergame.jack**

- Implements a stacker game.
- Stacker is an arcade game where the goal is to build a stack of blocks as high as possible. At each level, a row of blocks moves sideways.
- The user has to lock the blocks in place (using the SPACE key) and timing it so that it aligns with the previous level.
- Blocks that don't align are lost and if no blocks aligned at all, the player loses.
- As the levels increase, the blocks move faster making timing even more critical.
- Acts as the controller between moving the row, updating the stack, the game state and drawing to screen

## CODE:

### Stacker.jack

```
class Stacker {
  field Array menuStr;
  field boolean quit;
  field int key;
  field StackerGame game;

  constructor Stacker new() {
    let menuStr = Array.new(6);
    let menuStr[0] = "S T A C K E R";
    let menuStr[1] = "-----";
    let menuStr[2] = "Stack blocks by pressing SPACE to lock the row in place";
    let menuStr[3] = "Press 'P' to play, 'Q' to quit.";
    let menuStr[4] = "Created By Abhishek,Ruchith,Hari.";
    let menuStr[5] = "Group Name = E3";
    return this;
  }
  method void run() {
    while (~(key = Constants.KEY_Q())) {
      do Screen.clearScreen();
      do Output.moveCursor(10, 26);
      do Output.printString(menuStr[0]);
      do Output.moveCursor(11, 26);
      do Output.printString(menuStr[1]);
      do Output.moveCursor(13, 4);
      do Output.printString(menuStr[2]);
      do Output.moveCursor(15, 17);
      do Output.printString(menuStr[3]);
      do Output.moveCursor(22, 17);
      do Output.printString(menuStr[4]);
      do Output.moveCursor(2, 1);
      do Output.printString(menuStr[5]);

      while (key = 0) {
        let key = Keyboard.keyPressed();
      }

      if (key = Constants.KEY_P()) {
        do Screen.clearScreen();
        let game = StackerGame.new();
        do game.run();
        do game.dispose();
        let key = 0;
      }
    }
    return;
  }
}
```



## Constants.jack

```
class Constants {
  /** number of columns in the game */
  function int COLS() {
    return 7;
  }
  /** number of levels in a game */
  function int LEVELS() {
    return 15;
  }
  /** ascii code for space key */
  function int KEY_SPACE() {
    return 32;
  }
  /** ascii code for P key */
  function int KEY_P() {
    return 80;
  }
  /** ascii code for Q key */
  function int KEY_Q() {
    return 81;
  }
}
```

## Main.jack

```
class Main {
  function void main() {
    var Stacker stacker;
    let stacker = Stacker.new();
    do stacker.run();
    do stacker.dispose();
    return;
  }
}
```

## Drawer.jack

```
class Drawer {

    function void grid() {
        var int x, y, i, j;
        let x = 208;
        let y = 226;
        do Screen.setColor(true);

        while (i < 8) {
            do Screen.drawLine(x, 16, x, 226);
            let x = x + 14;
            let i = i + 1;
        }

        while (j < 16) {
            do Screen.drawLine(208, y, 306, y);
            let y = y - 14;
            let j = j + 1;
        }
        return;
    }

    function void row(Array row, int level) {
        var int col;
        let col = 0;

        while (col < Constants.COLS()) {
            if (row[col]) {
                do Drawer.block(col, level, true);
            } else {
                do Drawer.block(col, level, false);
            }
            let col = col + 1;
        }
        return;
    }

    function void block(int xoff, int yoff, boolean isBlack) {
        var int i, addr, x, y;
        let i = 0;
        let addr = 16896;
        let x = 210 + (xoff * 14);
        let y = 214 - (yoff * 14);

        do Screen.setColor(isBlack);
        do Screen.drawRectangle(x, y, x + 10, y + 10);
        return;
    }
}
```

## Stack.jack

```
class Stack {
    field Array stack;
    constructor Stack new() {
        var int r;
        let stack = Array.new(Constants.LEVELS());
        let r = 0;
        while (r < Constants.LEVELS()) {
            let stack[r] = Array.new(Constants.COLS());
            let r = r + 1;
        }
        return this;
    }
    method int add(Array row, int level) {
        var int blocksStacked, i;
        var Array top, newTop;
        let top = stack[level - 1];
        let newTop = stack[level];
        let i = 0;
        let blocksStacked = 0;

        if (level = 0) {
            let newTop = stack[0];
            while (i < Constants.COLS()) {
                let newTop[i] = row[i];
                let i = i + 1;
            }
            let blocksStacked = 3;
        } else {
            while (i < Constants.COLS()) {
                let newTop[i] = top[i] & row[i];

                if (newTop[i]) {
                    let blocksStacked = blocksStacked + 1;
                }
                let i = i + 1;
            }
        }
        return blocksStacked;
    }

    method Array getRow(int level) {
        return stack[level];
    }
    method void dispose() {
        do Memory.deAlloc(this);
        return;
    }
}
```

## MovingRow.jack

```
class MovingRow {
    field int x; // starting index for blocks
    field int delay; // block moving speed. smaller value is faster
    field int direction; // 1 = move right, -1 = move left
    field int time; // counter used to determine when to move the blocks
    field int blocks; // number of blocks in the row
    field Array row;
    constructor MovingRow new() {
        let delay = 1000;
        let time = 0;
        let direction = 1;
        let row = Array.new(Constants.COLS());
        do setRow(2, 3);
        do setLevel(0, blocks);
        return this;
    }
    method void setRow(int offset, int aBlocks) {
        var int i;
        let i = 0;
        let x = offset;
        let blocks = aBlocks;

        while (i < Constants.COLS()) {
            if ((i > (x - 1)) & (i < (x + blocks))) {
                let row[i] = true;
            } else {
                let row[i] = false;
            }
            let i = i + 1;
        }
        return;
    }

    method Array getRow() {
        return row;
    }
    method void setLevel(int level, int aBlocks) {
        do setDelay(level);
        do setRow(2, aBlocks);
        return;
    }

    /** set the speed of the blocks given a level */
    method void setDelay(int level) {
        if (level = 1) {
            let delay = 200;
        }

        if ((level > 1) & (level < 10)) {
            let delay = delay - 10;
        }
    }
}
```

```
if (level = 10) {  
    let delay = 95;  
}  
  
if (level > 10) {  
    let delay = delay - 30;  
}  
  
return;  
}  
  
method void move() {  
    if (time < delay) {  
        let time = time + 1;  
        return;  
    } else {  
        let time = 0;  
    }  
  
    if (x = (Constants.COLS() - blocks)) {  
        let direction = -1;  
    }  
  
    if (x = 0) {  
        let direction = 1;  
    }  
  
    let x = x + direction;  
    do setRow(x, blocks);  
    return;  
}  
  
method void dispose() {  
    do Memory.deAlloc(this);  
    return;  
}  
}
```

## Stackergame.jack

```
class StackerGame {
  field int level;
  field MovingRow mover;
  field Stack stack;
  field boolean play;

  constructor StackerGame new() {
    let level = 0;
    let mover = MovingRow.new();
    let stack = Stack.new();
    let play = true;
    return this;
  }

  method void run() {
    var char key;
    var int blocks;
    var String levelStr;
    let levelStr = String.new(2);
    do Drawer.grid();
    do Output.moveCursor(21, 26);
    do Output.printString("S T A C K E R");

    while (play) {
      do levelStr.setInt(level + 1);
      do Output.moveCursor(1, 1);
      do Output.printString("Level ");
      do Output.printString(levelStr);
      do Output.printString("/");
      do Output.printInt(Constants.LEVELS());

      while (~(key = Constants.KEY_SPACE())) {
        let key = Keyboard.keyPressed();
        do mover.move();
        do Drawer.row(mover.getRow(), level);
      }

      while (key = Constants.KEY_SPACE()) {
        let blocks = stack.add(mover.getRow(), level);
        do Drawer.row(stack.getRow(level), level);

        do gameState(blocks);
        let key = 0;
        do Sys.wait(1000);
      }
    }
    return;
  }
}
```

```

method void gameState(int blocks) {
  if (blocks = 0) {
    let play = false;
    do Output.moveCursor(3, 1);
    do Output.printString("You lost the Game");
    do Output.moveCursor(4, 1);
    do Output.printString("Please Try Again");
    do Sys.wait(2000);
    do Output.moveCursor(6, 1);
    do Output.printString("Returning to Interface");
    do Sys.wait(2000);
  } else {
    if (level = 14) {
      let play = false;
      do Output.moveCursor(3, 1);
      do Output.printString("You win!");
      do Output.moveCursor(4, 1);
      do Output.printString("Congratulations");
      do Sys.wait(2000);
      do Output.moveCursor(6, 1);
      do Output.printString("Returning to Interface");
      do Sys.wait(2000);
    } else {
      let play = true;
      let level = level + 1;
      do mover.setLevel(level, blocks);
    }
  }
  return;
}

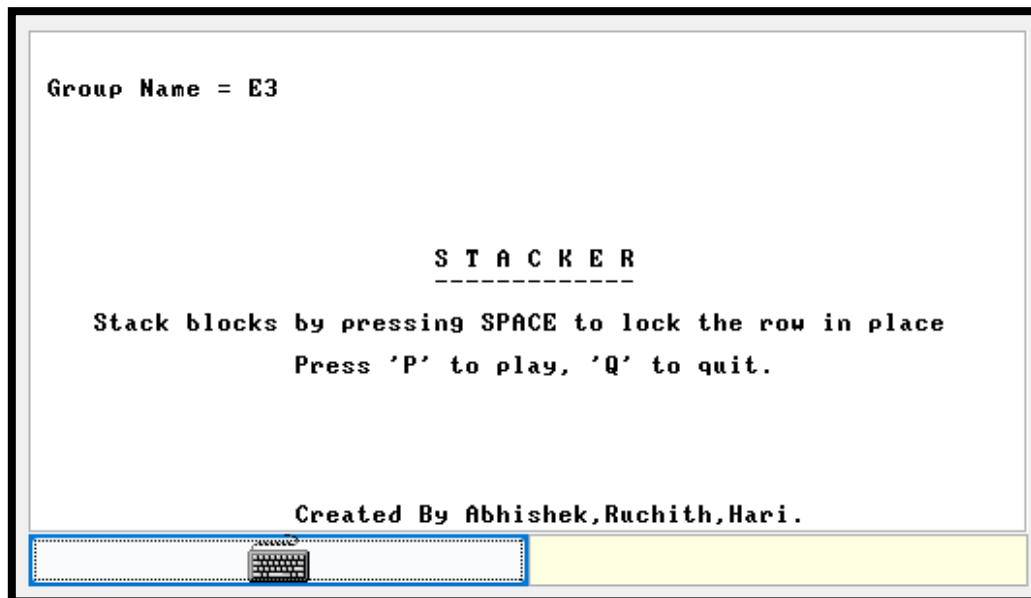
method void dispose() {
  do mover.dispose();
  do stack.dispose();
  do Memory.deAlloc(this);
  return;
}
}

```

**OUTPUT:**

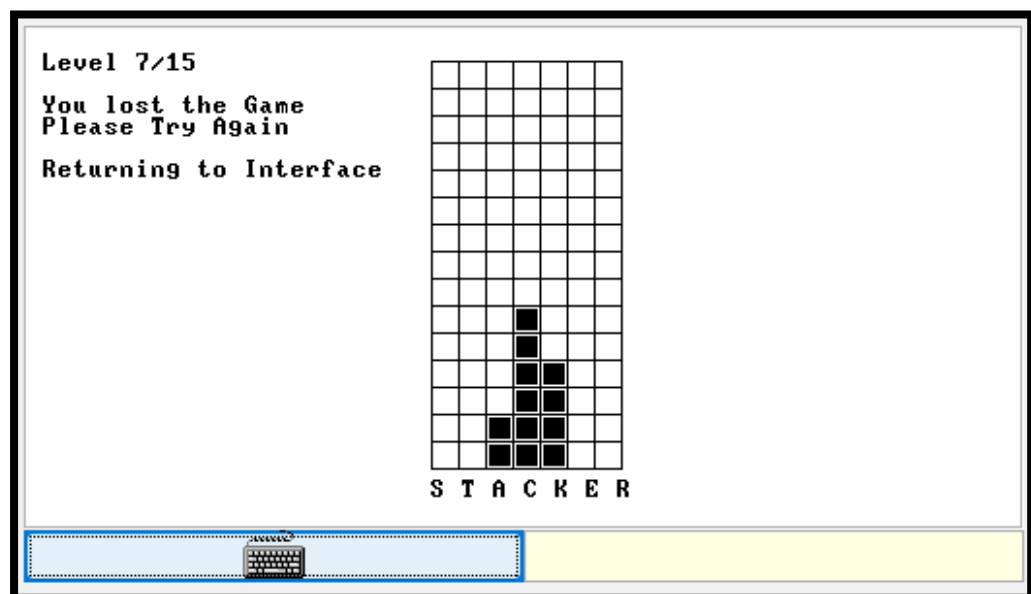
## **INTERFACE:**

**At Start:**



**At End:**

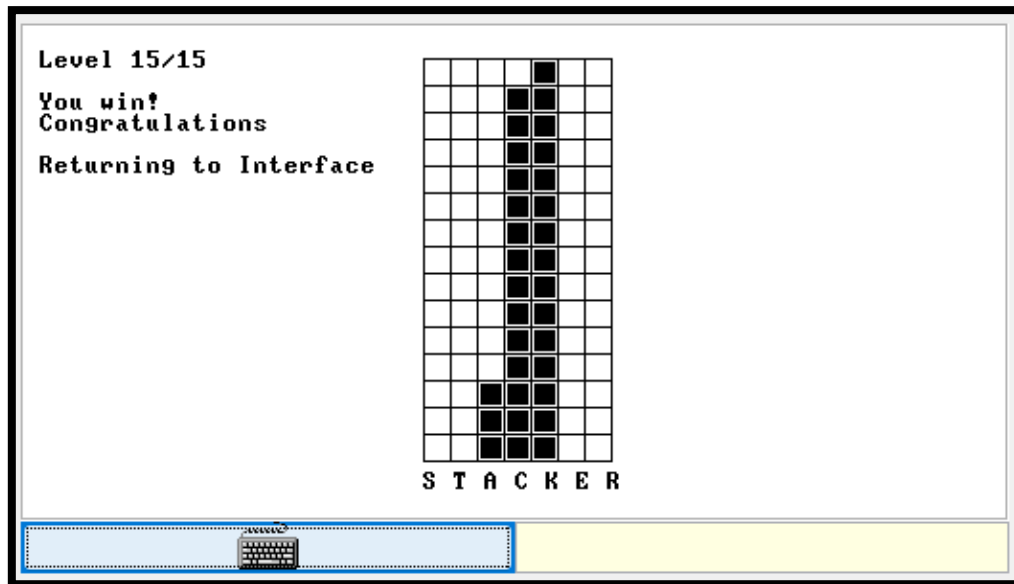
✓ **Case-1: (If player Loses)**



After Winning the game and the game will restarts.



✓ Case-2: (If player Wins)



After Losing the game and the game will restarts.  
The **SCORE** is displayed at the Top-left corner of the Screen.

**THANK YOU**