

## Module 7

### DynamoDB Assignment

#### Problem Statement:

You work for XYZ Corporation. Their application requires a database service that can store data which can be retrieved if required. Implement a suitable service for the same. While migrating, you are asked to perform the following tasks:

1. Create a DynamoDB table with partition key as ID.
2. Add 5 items to the DynamoDB table.
3. Take backup and delete the table

#### Solution:

First create the table

Tables (1) Info

Actions ▾

Delete

Create table

Find tables by table name

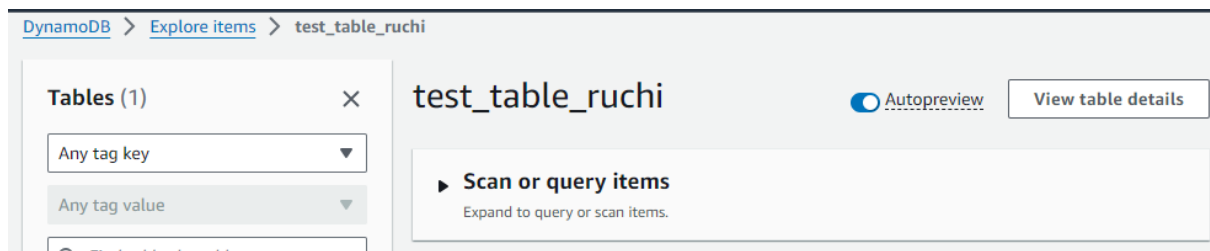
Any tag key ▾

Any tag value ▾

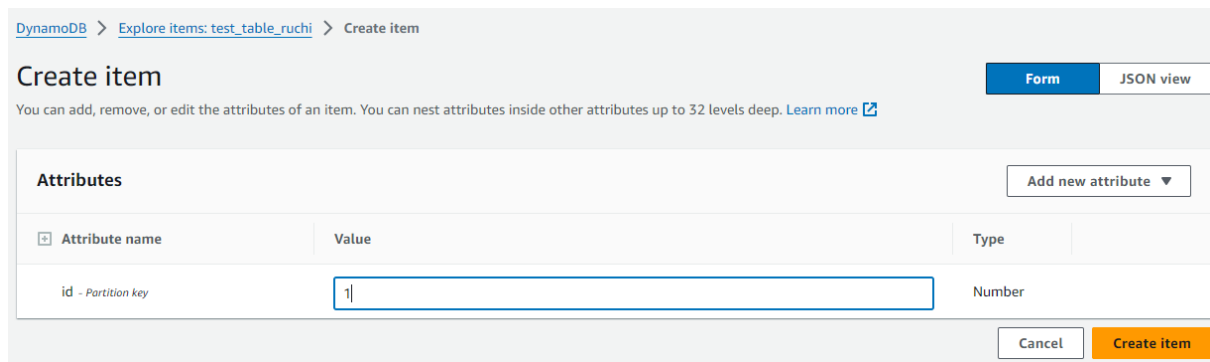
< 1 >

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Name ▲                           | Status   | Partition key | Sort key | Indexes | Deletion protection | Read capacity mode |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------|---------------------|--------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">test_table_ruchi</a> | ✔ Active | id (N)        | -        | 0       | ⊖ Off               | Provisioned (5)    |

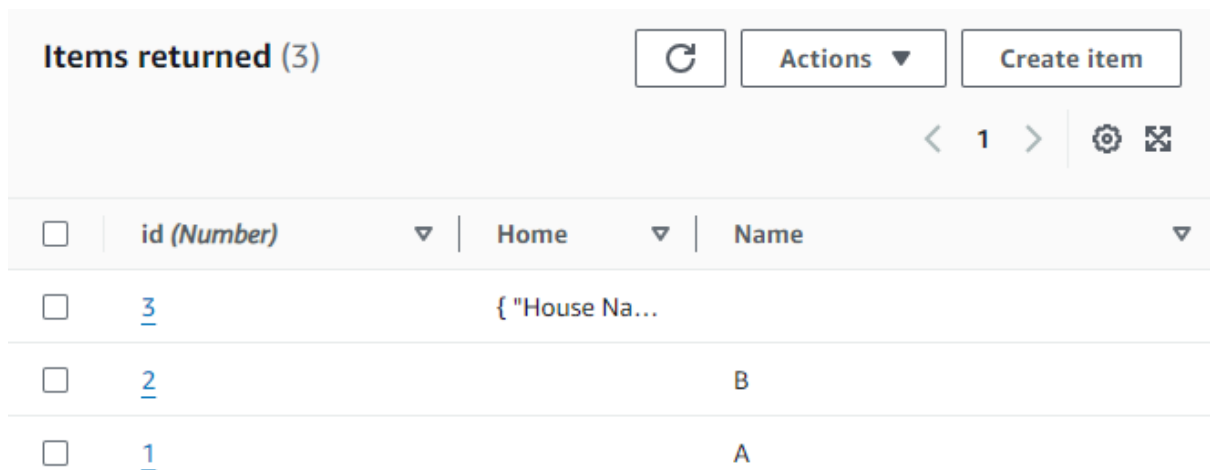
|   |   |
|---|---|
| General information <a href="#">Info</a>                          |   |
| Partition key<br>id (Number)                                      | Sort key<br>-   |
| Capacity mode<br><u>Provisioned</u>                               | Table status<br>✓ Active                                    |
| Alarms<br>✓ No active alarms                                      | Point-in-time recovery (PITR) <a href="#">Info</a><br>⊖ Off |
| Resource-based policy <a href="#">Info</a><br><u>⊖ Not active</u> |   |



Then Create the item, give the attribute name and value



Create similarly items



Now Create the Backups

[DynamoDB](#) > Backups

## Backups [Info](#)

### Backup settings [Info](#)

Settings apply to new backups in this account and Region.

Advanced features with AWS Backup  
✔ Activated

Allow options for cross-Region and cross-account copy, cost allocation tags, and cold storage tiering for backups.

Backups (0) [Info](#)

↺

View details

Restore

Copy

Delete

Create backup ▼

[Schedule automatic backups](#) and [view backup job details](#) in [AWS Backup](#)

Now the Table is ready to take the backups after it is deleted.

Backups (1) [Info](#)

↺

View details

Restore

Copy

Delete

Create backup ▼

[Schedule automatic backups](#) and [view backup job details](#) in [AWS Backup](#)

🔍 Find backups by ARN or name

< 1 > ⚙️

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Name ▼                                 | Table ▼          | Status ▼    | Creatio... ▼   | ARN ▼                   | Size |
|--------------------------|--|------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------------|------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">482e006c-9957-446a-...</a> | test_table_ruchi | ✔ Available | April 11, 2... | arn:aws:backup:us-east- |      |

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## Aurora Assignment

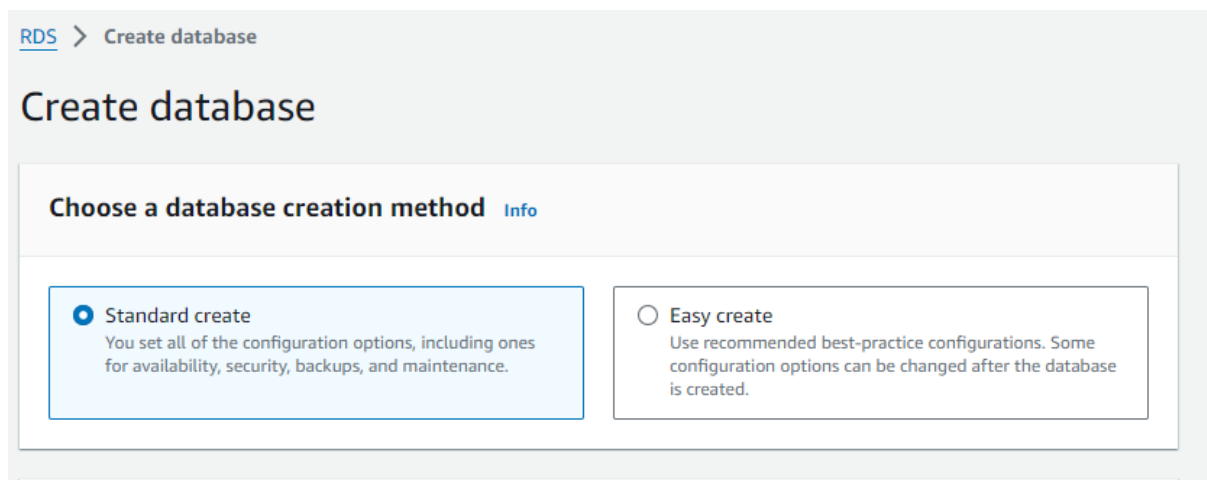
### Problem Statement:

You work for XYZ Corporation. Their application requires a SQL service that can store data which can be retrieved if required. Implement a suitable RDS engine for the same. While migrating, you are asked to perform the following tasks:

1. Create an AuroraDB Engine based RDS Database.
2. Create 2 Read Replicas in different availability zones for better infrastructure availability

### Solution:

#### Create the Database



The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console page for creating a new RDS database. The breadcrumb navigation at the top reads 'RDS > Create database'. The main heading is 'Create database'. Below this, there is a section titled 'Choose a database creation method' with an 'Info' link. Two options are presented: 'Standard create' and 'Easy create'. 'Standard create' is selected with a radio button and includes a description: 'You set all of the configuration options, including ones for availability, security, backups, and maintenance.' 'Easy create' is unselected and includes a description: 'Use recommended best-practice configurations. Some configuration options can be changed after the database is created.'

RDS > Create database

## Create database

Choose a database creation method [Info](#)


☒ **Standard create**  
You set all of the configuration options, including ones for availability, security, backups, and maintenance.


☐ **Easy create**  
Use recommended best-practice configurations. Some configuration options can be changed after the database is created.

Choose the engine as Aurora

**Engine options**

Engine type [Info](#)

☒ Aurora (MySQL Compatible)  


☐ Aurora (PostgreSQL Compatible)  


Give all the details and create the Aurora database

RDS > Databases

Databases (5)

☒ Group resources

Modify

Actions ▾

Restore from S3

Create database

< 1 >

| <input type="checkbox"/> | DB identifier ▲  | Status ▼  | Role ▼           | Engine ▼     | Region & AZ ▼ | Size ▼      | Recommen |
|--------------------------|--|-----------|------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| <input type="radio"/>    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">aroradb-test</a> | Available | Regional cluster | Aurora MySQL | us-east-1     | 3 instances |          |

Then add the Read replicas to the database for 2 different availability zones for better infrastructure

RDS > Databases > Add reader

### Add reader

You are creating a replica DB instance from a source DB instance. This new DB instance will have the source DB instance's DB security groups and DB parameter groups.

**Settings**

Aurora replica source

Source DB cluster identifier

aroradb-test-instance-1-us-east-1a

Role: Reader instance Parent: aroradb-test

DB instance identifier

This is the unique key that identifies a DB instance. This parameter is stored as a lowercase string (for example, mydbinstance).

ruchi\_key

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