

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} ; u(x, 0) = f(x) \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \hat{u}(w, 0) = \hat{f}(w) \\ \frac{\partial \hat{u}(w, 0)}{\partial t} = \hat{g}(w) \end{array} \right.$$

Fourier

$$(-w)^2 \hat{u}(w, t) = \frac{\partial^2 \hat{u}(w, t)}{\partial t^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 \hat{u}(w, t)}{\partial t^2} + w^2 \hat{u}(w, t) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{u}(w, t) = A_w \cos(wt) + B_w \sin(wt)$$

Conditions

$$\hat{u}(w, 0) = A_w = \hat{f}(w)$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{u}(w, t)}{\partial t} = -A_w w \sin(wt) + B_w w \cos(wt)$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{u}(w, 0)}{\partial t} = B_w w = \hat{g}(w) \Rightarrow B_w = \frac{\hat{g}(w)}{w}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{u}(w, t) = \hat{f}(w) \cos(wt) + \frac{\hat{g}(w)}{w} \sin(wt)$$

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}[\hat{u}(wt)] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\hat{f}(w) \cos(wt) + \frac{\hat{g}(w)}{w} \sin(wt) \right] e^{-iwx} dw$$

Parseval

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\hat{f}(w) \cos(wt) + \frac{\hat{g}(w)}{w} \sin(wt) \right) \cos(wx) dw$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t \partial x} = -\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \quad \text{with } u(x, 0) = f(x)$$

~~$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) = g(x)$~~

Fourier

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (i\omega) \hat{u}(\omega, t) = -\omega^2 \hat{u}(\omega, t)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (i\omega) \hat{u}(\omega, t) + \omega^2 \hat{u}(\omega, t) = 0 \quad * \frac{\partial}{\partial \omega}$$

~~$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{u}(\omega, t) + \omega \hat{u}(\omega, t) = 0$$~~

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (-1) \cdot \hat{u}(\omega, t) + i\omega \hat{u}(\omega, t) = 0 \quad * -1$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{u}(\omega, t) - i\omega \hat{u}(\omega, t) = 0$$

$$\hat{u}(\omega, t) = A_\omega e^{-i\omega t}$$

condition

$$\hat{u}(\omega, 0) = A_\omega = \hat{f}(\omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{u}(\omega, t) = \hat{f}(\omega) e^{-i\omega t}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}[\hat{u}(\omega, t)] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(\omega) e^{-i\omega t} e^{-i\omega x} d\omega$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad -c^2 \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, \quad u(x,0) = f(x) \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x,0) = g(x)$$

$$-c^2 (i\omega)^4 \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \tilde{u}(\omega, t)$$

$$-c^2 (i^2 i^2 \omega^4) \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \tilde{u}(\omega, t) \\ -c^2 \omega^4 \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \tilde{u}(\omega, t)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \tilde{u}(\omega, t) + c^2 \omega^4 \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = A\omega \cos(c\omega^2 t) + B\omega \sin(c\omega^2 t)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = -A\omega c\omega^2 \sin(c\omega^2 t) + B\omega c\omega^2 \cos(c\omega^2 t)$$

Aplicando las condiciones

$$\tilde{u}(\omega, 0) = A\omega = \hat{f}(\omega)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \tilde{u}(\omega, 0) = B\omega c\omega^2 = g(\omega) \Rightarrow B\omega = \frac{g(\omega)}{c\omega^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = \hat{f}(\omega) \cos(c\omega^2 t) + B \frac{g(\omega)}{c\omega^2} \sin(c\omega^2 t)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}^{-1}(\tilde{u}(\omega, t)) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\hat{f}(\omega) \cos(c\omega^2 t) + \frac{g(\omega)}{c\omega^2} \sin(c\omega^2 t) \right) e^{-i\omega x} d\omega$$

$$(4) \quad t \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0, \quad \text{mit } u(x,0) = f(x)$$

$$t (i\omega) \tilde{u}(\omega, t) + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \tilde{u}(\omega, t) + t i\omega \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{u}(\omega, t) = A_\omega e^{-\left(\frac{\omega t^2}{2}\right)}$$

Applando condition

$$\tilde{u}(\omega, 0) = A_\omega = \hat{f}(\omega)$$

$$\tilde{u}(\omega, t) = \hat{f}(\omega) e^{-\left(\frac{\omega t^2}{2}\right)}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\tilde{u}(\omega, t)) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(\omega) e^{-\left(\frac{\omega t^2}{2}\right)} e^{-i\omega x} d\omega$$