

Functional comparison of the R&S RTB2000, Siglent SDS2000X Plus and Keysight InfiniiVision DSOX 1000 Oscilloscope series

Made by Rudi's Electronics Lab. Video episodes of this comparison are at:

<https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCSTHQUENuAc2UwmrlHkvGKw>

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Comments, corrections, additions etc. are welcome, please share here:
<https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/functional-comparison-of-rs-rtb2000-siglent-sds2000x-and-keysight-dsox1000/>

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LEGEND

Keyboard: feature not mentioned in manual but present on the instrument

Blue: significant advantage, not present in other instruments

RED: significant disadvantage

Orange: something to note but not a significant disadvantage

Courier font: the precise naming as used on the instrument

FW02.400: reference to the FW version that first introduced the feature.

DISPLAY > Persistence. M86, S12. Reference to where this can be found on the instrument. **SETUP** refers to a physical knob or rotary dial. Lower key refers to menu item or soft button (DSOCX). For information sources,

M refers to a page in User Manual¹,

S refers to a page in Specification Sheet,

B refers to a page in the product brochure,

OHF refers to onscreen help function.

[statement] something assumed or observed, but not explicitly documented

Aspect 1	Advantage over other two
Aspect 2	Very significant advantage over other two
Aspect 3	Disadvantage over other two
Aspect 4	Very significant disadvantage over other two

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INTRODUCTION

General

Series	R&S RTB2000	Siglent SDS2000X Plus	Keysight InfiniiVision 1000 X
Model/version reviewed	RTB2K-COM4	SDS2104X Plus, 16LA, AWG	DSOX1204G
Market introduction	March 2017	January 2020	March 2017 (4ch. version January 2019) ²
Market position	Low mid-range	Low mid-range	Low range
FW version reviewed	FW 2.4 (Released 06 December 2021)	FW 1.3.9R6 (Released 25 October 2021)	FW 2.12 (Released 10 September 2021)
FW updates	10 updates in 56 months	6 updates in 22 months	~ 5 + 3 updates in 56 months

Main discussion forum threats on EEVBlog

Series	R&S RTB2000	Siglent SDS2000X Plus	Keysight InfiniiVision 1000 X
Main threats (pages as of July 2022)	General threat (126)	General threat (140)	General threat on 4 ch. model (4) Other (3)

¹ RTB: Version 11 (for 2.4 FW); SDS: version EN01C (undated and no reference to which FW version); DSOX: Fourth edition, September 2021 (for FW 2.12).

² Some report that the 2019 models, recognizable by their black case, run on Linux OS whereas earlier models run on Windows CE. ([Source](#))

Physical construction

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Physical design	Very solid	OK, but not top notch ³	Very solid
Front panel color	Grey	Beige	Black
Power switch (front panel)	Hard (back panel) Soft (front panel) Auto power-on	Soft (front panel) Auto power-on selectable Utility > Menu > Power On Line. M29 Turn off, Reboot Utility > Shutdown / Reboot	Hard (front panel)
Start-up time	8-10 sec	55 sec	44 sec (was longer before FW2.01)
Settings on power-on	From last session M34	From last session (Not discussed in manual)	From last session (Not discussed in manual)
Button/control layout	Very logical	I do not find it always logical ⁴ , but opinions differ across users	Not always logical
Rotary dials	6, all have clicks Shared V scale, V position H scale, H position Trigger Multifunction	6, two have clicks Shared V scale, V position H scale, H position Trigger Multifunction	9, three have clicks Shared V scale, V position M/FFT scale, M/FFT position (not very useful, and not used for REF) H scale, H position Trigger Cursor Multifunction
Recessed buttons		Default, Auto-setup	Auto Scale, Default Setup
Channel indicators for shared vertical controls⁵	Active Ch: lighted button, screen Selected Ch.: matching colour LEDs in both vertical dials ⁶	Active Ch.: screen only Selected Ch.: lighted button	Active Ch.: lighted button, screen Selected Ch.: matching colour LED ⁷ indicator next to vertical dials
Channel indicators for shared vertical controls	Matching colour LED in Trigger button	Screen only	Screen only
Painted front panel colour indicators for channels	None	Around BNC ⁸	Around BNC
Fan noise	Silent to very low	Very loud	Notable
Energy use⁹	45 Watt (on, measured) 0.5 Watt (standby, measured) Manual: "max. 60 W" M33	55 Watt (on measured) 4 Watt (standby, measured) Manual: "Up to 100 Watt" M14	1
Weight	2.6 kg	3.5 kg	3.2 kg
Transport accessories	Plastic front cover, Soft carry bag, Hard transit case	Soft carry bag	Soft carry bag

³ Rotary dials wobble a bit. Rubber feet come off regularly. Overall, a more 'plastic' feel.

⁴ Examples: "Start/Stop" button is away from "Single" button, whereas on most other oscilloscopes these are together. Yet, in the [EVVBlog Forum](#), some users express they find the SDS button layout intuitive.

⁵ Across digital oscilloscopes, the implementation to have channel button lights indicate active channels (like the RTB and SDOX) seems to be the dominant one. We see it in various LeCroy models (WavePro HD, WaveRunner 8000HD, HDO6000B, WaveSurfer 4000HD), on Tektronix models (3 series, 4 series, 5 series), on R&S models (RTM3000, RTA4000, RTE1000, RTO2000 and RTP RTP), and Keysight models (2000X, 3000X, 4000X), to name a few. While it is my own preference too, others may prefer the Siglent choice to show on selected channels.

⁶ In some versions (recent years?) the colors around the rotary dials do not look constant.

⁷ Severe color mismatch for Channel 1 (dark yellow on button, bright yellow on the screen).

⁸ On pictures on the internet, all the SDS2000X Plus scopes I see also have colors printed around the channel selection buttons. But on my unit, these colors are gone. Perhaps when FR1.3.7R5 introduced the selectable color for analogue traces (and changed the LED colours in the buttons accordingly with the chosen user color), Siglent decided to remove the paint on the front panel. But why they remove it only for one of the two places ???

⁹ Measured with GW-INSTEK GPM-8310 Power Meter. Here, 'on' means turned on, showing one channel, no special processing, no USB devices connected, etc.

I/O connectors

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
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BNC connectors	Goldplated (all)	Not goldplated automatic x10 probe sense for supported probes; but cannot be overridden, creating creates problems with incompatible probes ¹⁰	Not goldplated
USB (Flash, Mouse, Keyboard, Power)	1x host (FMKP) 1x device	2x host (FMKP) 1x device	1x host (FPK) ¹¹ (keyboard since FW2.10) 1x device
Provides error information for connected USB devices?	Yes, detailed error information is provided for unsupported devices/file systems or when multiple devices in same device class are connected.	No messages shown	An error is shown when unsupported USB devices are connected.
Allows USB hub	Manual says a hub is not supported ¹² M77, but in practice, a hub works just fine.	Manual is silent on this; experiences with hubs seem to differ across connected devices. ¹³	Manual is silent on this but in practice, a hub works just fine.
Network	Ethernet (1Gbps)	Ethernet (100Mbps)	Ethernet (100Mbps) Recessed socket, gives problem with some plugs ¹⁴
Ext. trigger in	Front panel (dedicated) Sensitivity 300mV, level -5/5V, max. 300 V (RMS), max. 400 V (Vp)	Back panel (dedicated) Max. 1.5Vrms; max. 7.5Vrms with EXT / 5 attenuator	Back panel (dedicated) Max 30 Vrms, 40 Vpk
Trigger out	Front panel (shared conn.) Polarity: positive or negative pulse Level: 4.8V (2.4@50Ω) Pulse width (250ns to 1s) and polarity (pos or neg pulse) can be set via remote command ¹⁵ , default 250ns (measured) ¹⁶ Trigger > Action on Trigger . M77, 86, 461, 462; remote command 461, 462, 87.	Back panel (shared conn.) Polarity: negative pulse Level: 2.6Vpp (900mVpp @ 50Ω) (measured) Pulse width varies with horizontal scale (measured): 600ms @ 100ms/div 860μs @ 100μs/div 90μs @ 100ns/div (but duty cycle at 99%)	Front panel (shared conn.) Polarity: positive pulse Level: 5.3Vpp (2.7Vpp @ 50Ω) (measured) Trigger out disabled if training signals on (even if these appear at the probe comp connector... ¹⁷) Pulse width varies with horizontal scale (measured): 500ms @ 100ms/div 520μs @ 100μs/div 20μs @ 100ns/div (but duty cycle at 85%)
Mask test out	Pass, fail Front (shared conn.)	Pass, fail Back (shared conn.)	Fail (5V) Front (shared conn.)
Generator out	Front (shared conn.)	Front (dedicated)	Front (shared conn.)
10MHz reference in/out	-/+ (shared conn.)	-/-	-/-
Combined in multifunction out connector	Labelled Aux Out (front panel) Supports Trigger Out, 10MHz ref, Mask, Function Generator Can be manually selected Setup > Aux out . M27,177/178 Via SCPI commands, more flexible routing options are possible ¹⁸	Labelled Pass/Fail out / Trig out (back panel) Trigger Out, Mask Automatic selection: is set to Trigger, and switches to Mask Pass/Fail pulse when the Mask Analysis is activated ¹⁹	labelled GEN OUT Trigger Out, Mask, Function Generator (Can be manually selected UTILITY > Options > Auxiliary . M242-243
Probe compensation	1kHz, 2.5V (measured)	1 kHz (meas.), 2.5Vpp (measured)	1 kHz (meas.), 2.5Vpp (measured)
Other IO	4 pin pattern generator		

¹⁰ As there are differences across manufacturers of scopes and probes in terms of which attenuation modes are implemented and what their coding resistor value is, incompatibilities can arise. Not being able to override the autosense means that probes whose sensing is not picked up well become useless.

¹¹ Mouse does not make sense because the device does not have a graphic UI.

¹² Maybe they wrote this in the manual because connecting two storage devices may cause problems.

¹³ In my own tests, the SDS did not work with an Anker type A7516 (a fairly straightforward, recent 4 port hub) and a HP H3C52AA keyboard (a fairly standard PC keyboard) or an Apple A1243 keyboard (both keyboards did work with the same hub on the RTB and DSOX). Yet, the SDS with hub did accept 'original' Raspberry Pi keyboard and the Logitech wireless K270 keyboard with its supplied proprietary (not 'unity') Logitech dongle.

¹⁴ The socket is recessed by about 5 mm in the case. This makes it difficult to read the latch clip to remove the plug again, and connectors that have plastic/rubber covers over the latch clip (which is increasingly common) may have problems fitting in this instrument.

¹⁵ For instance, with the SCPI command TRIGger:OUT:PLENLength 1E-3 the pulse width becomes 100ms. See manual page 461, 462.

¹⁶ A 50% duty cycle square with 260ns positive pulse has a period of 520ns and a frequency of 1.9MHz. So, with trigger actions above this frequency one will want to shorten the pulse width.

¹⁷ If you have an active training signal, and then change the GEN OUT to trigger, then you need to turn that GEN OUT back to WaveGen and then manually activate the output of the training signal again.

¹⁸ For instance, with the SCPI command :WGENerator:OUTPUT:DESTination BNC | P3 you can also switch the output from the Function Generator to the Pattern Generator P3. Such documents are not documented in the user manual, though.

¹⁹ Not being able to choose this manually, it means that it is not possible to check the actual (re)triggering behavior of the scope in Mask Analysis mode. Given the not very predictable (re)trigger behaviour of the SDS this is an issue.

Documentation

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
User manual	<p>Available here (609 pages). Well written and informative Updated with each new FW versions (now FW2.4)</p> <p>Also: interactive online web version with very good search function, available here.²⁰</p>	<p>Available here (352 pages). Less informative, (specified) functions often poorly explained and some are missing altogether. Often, figures are not readable.²¹</p> <p>Manual is not dated and not (systematically?) updated with new firmware versions.</p>	<p>Available here (332 pages) Well written and informative Updated with each new FW versions (now FW2.12)</p>
Programming guide (SCPI)	<p>Part of User Manual List if commands is here in the interactive online web version (adapted to online environment)²²</p>	<p>Separate document, available here (585 pages)</p> <p>Also: SDS2000X Plus IVI-C Programming Guide</p>	<p>Separate, available here (952 pages). Offers some information not available in the user manual²³</p> <p>There is also a Windows HTML Help (*.chm) format file, available here²⁴</p>
Service Guide		<p>Functional test, interface test, performance test, disassembly procedure, troubleshooting Available here. (70 pages).</p>	<p>Verification, calibration etc. Available here (57 pages)</p>
Educator's Training Kit			<p>For physics/EE students, the Educator's Training Kit is quite informative and specifically highlights functions in this instrument. Available here (96 pages)</p>
Other	Lots of white papers, application notes, etc.		Lots of white papers, application notes, etc.
Datasheet / specifications document	Available here	Available here	Available here
Product brochure	Available here (Version 06.00)		Available here

²⁰ https://www.rohde-schwarz.com/webhelp/RTB_HTML_UserManual_en/Content/welcome.htm

²¹ See for instance the pictures on page 68, 84, 97

²² https://www.rohde-schwarz.com/webhelp/RTB_HTML_UserManual_en/Content/welcome.htm

²³ Example: detailed description of all training signals on p.232 of Programming Guide.

²⁴ <https://www.keysight.com/nl/en/assets/9018-17471/help-files/9018-17471.chm>

User interface

Screen and graphical UI

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Screen	10.1" (1280 x 800 pixel) 1.0 Mpixel Glossy²⁵ Viewing angle good in all directions	10.1" (1024x600) 0.611 Mpixel Matte Limited vertical viewing angle Backlight adjustable Display > Backlight, M303	7" (800x480) 0.32 Mpixel Almost glossy²⁶ Limited vertical viewing angle
Touch screen	Capacitive touch Gestures: Touch/select, Swipe, Drag, Pinch, Two finger swipe²⁷	Capacitive touch Gestures: Touch/select, Swipe, Drag, Pinch, Draw	
Languages	13 languages (FW1.203) Setup > Language, M198	10 languages Utility > Menu > System Setting > Language, M63, 330	15 languages
Trigger indicator LEDs	Triggered	Ready, Triggered	
Screen/ control UI	Highly functional and consistent (but some misses)	Usable but with some misses. Many 'small' submenus, and apart from some selected module such as measure or math, the device does not take real advantage from having a touch screen and seems a migration from a soft-button UI like the Keysight.²⁸ Sometimes rather ambiguous terminology.²⁹	No touch screen, a bit cumbersome menu structure
Toolbar	User-definable with 8 out of 24 icons selectable		
Undo, Redo	Undo: Reverses last actions step by step Redo: Recovers the undone steps in reverse order		
Menu History	Displays all menus used during the current session		
Other	QuickAccess: up to 10 parameters can be changed any moment in their own movable window (FW02.101)		
Help mode	Extensive context-based help Screen shortcut	Book style help pages Utility > Help	Extensive context-based help 3 second button push
UI responsiveness (buttons, controls and screen)	High. Responsiveness seems totally unrelated to system load.	Medium, somewhat sluggish. Under significant load, the instrument can become unresponsive to front panel controls³⁰	High. Generally, responsiveness seems totally unrelated to system load. sometimes temporary hickups after entering slow USB flash drive
Experienced hangs/glitches	Extremely rare, none experienced since FW02.300	Infrequent hangs in UI when doing more advanced settings	None experiences.

²⁵ Those that do not like a glossy display, can consider adding a matte screen protector (the other way round is not possible).

²⁶ Those that do not like a glossy display, can consider adding a matte screen protector (the other way round is not possible).

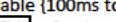
²⁷ In history segments.

²⁸ To see all the parameters to serial decode and trigger a SPI signal, no less than seven menu pages need to be looked at (plus a couple of others to gain access to these). On the RTB, in contrast, the user is presented one single screen in which all the relevant serial decode and serial trigger can be seen and changed.

²⁹ One example of this is provided in footnote 56.

³⁰ Confirmed by others, see [here](#).

Trace display

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Temperature map waveform colour (Analog, Math, Ref)	Temperature, Fire, Rainbow, Individual per channel For A, R, M Vertical > Channel... M62	Rainbow Only global Display > Color Grade... M306	No. Instead: "Signal detail is displayed using 256 levels of intensity." M36
Trace intensity	{0-100%}  Display > Intensity... M194	{0-100%} Default for front-panel dial  Display > Intensity... M303	{0-100%} 
Inverse Brightness	Supported Display... M194		
Persistence (time period)	Fully variable {50ms to 12.8s, ∞} Display... M193	Four values ³¹ {1, 5, 10, 30s, ∞} Display > Persistence... M306	Fully variable {100ms to 60s, ∞}  > Persistence... M85
Display types	{Vectors, dots} Display... M194	{Vectors, dots} Display > Type... M304	
Custom trace colour (Analog, Math, Ref)	R, M (not A) Individual colour per channel, also for math (FW02.300) and ref Individual colour per math channel Ref... M106, 62	A (1.3, 7R5), R, M Individual colour per channel, also for math and ref For A, LED buttons change colour accordingly Display > Color setting... M306	

Labels and annotations

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Analogue channel labels	Full text (8char) 39 presets ³² Vertical > Label... M63-64	Full text (20char) No presets	Full text (10 char) 75 presents
Digital channel labels	Full text (8char) 38 presets ("Clock", "MOSI", etc.) Logic > Label... M275	Full text (8char) (input is truncated ³³) Preset "ADR[0-15]" Preset "DATA[0-15]"	
Reference channel labels	Full text (8char) 7 presets Ref > Label... M106	Full text (20char) No presets	Full text (10 char) 75 presents
Math channel labels (scales)	Library of 76 scales (V, A, Q, etc.) Math > Label	21 scales that adapt to input channels (e.g.: V·A=W)	9 scales that adapt to input channels (e.g.: V·A=W)
Serial bus labels	Full text (8char) 15 presents (specific for busses) Decode > Label... M217		Fixed label (according to chosen serial protocol)
Parallel bus labels	Full text (8char) 15 presents (specific for busses) Decode > Label... M217		Full text (10 char) 75 presents "AnalogBus"
Label readability	Labels small but well readable	Analogue labels poorly readable Digital labels almost unreadable (no shadow)	
Screen annotation	Text (50+ characters), pencil drawings, colours Screen shortcut... M182		Text, 10 lines of 30 characters each, 10 colours, inverted
Keyboard options for label or annotations entry	Onscreen keyboard USB keyboard PC keyboard in web interface	Onscreen keyboard USB keyboard PC keyboard in web interface	Rotary dial USB keyboard (FW2.10) Not via PC keyboard in web interface
Character sets ³⁴	Full	Full	Labels: no lower case Annotations: Full
Other	In edit window, the input field shows last entered label (for any channel), not current label of selected channel		

³¹ The limited number of available preset values may be limiting when looking at signals (problems) that may repeat, for instance, more than once a second.

³² Preset set for analogue channels is different from that for digital channels.

³³ The input field does not have a character limit. But after hitting enter, it becomes clear that all character beyond position 8 are discarded.

³⁴ Here, 'full' refers to a set of upper case, lower case, numerical, and symbols.

Grid customizability

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Grid divisions shown	12 horizontal, 10 vertical	10 horizontal, 8 vertical	10 horizontal, 8 vertical
Grid area occupied by menus	<p>Pop-up icon bar takes 5% (% div horizontal) of screen surface</p> <p>Pop-up settings menu takes 22% (2.5 div. horizontal) of screen surface</p> <p>Menu auto-hide: 8 seconds (for multi-option menus)</p>	<p>Pop-up settings menu takes 14% (2.5 div. horizontal) of screen surface. With Embedded mode activated, the waveform screen is compressed and no div are lost. [1 3.7RS]</p> <p>Display > Menu Style. M303</p> <p>Menu auto-hide - Variable {Off, 3, 5, 10, 30, 60s}</p> <p>Display > Hide Menu. M303</p>	<p>16% of the screen is always occupied by the menus. Does not cost horizontal divisions but makes the waveform area small on the already small screen.</p> <p>There is a Menu auto-hide (0-60s) but that brings the default menu in view so still taking space</p> <p>Utility > Options > Menu Timeout</p>
Grid display	<p>Grid types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lines: full line grid; H&V centre lines have tick marks • Recticle: grid crosshairs plus H&V centre lines with tick marks • Off <p>Display > Grid. M195</p> <p>Grid intensity (0-100%)</p> <p>Display > Intensities > Grid. M194</p>	<p>Grid types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full: dashed line grid; H&V centre lines with tick marks; 25% and 75% dashed horizontal lines • Light: H&V centre lines with tick marks; 25% and 75% dashed horizontal lines (no horizontal divisions visible) • No grid <p>Display > Grid. M303</p> <p>Grid Intensity (0-100%)</p> <p>Display > Graticule. M42</p>	<p>Grid intensity (0-100%)</p> <p>DISPLAY > Grid > Intensity. M87</p> <p>Fixed grid type: full line grid; H&V centre lines have tick marks</p> <p>Specific grid type for analogue video (Institute of Radio Engineers)</p> <p>DISPLAY > Grid > Intensity. M86</p> <p>ANALYZE > Features > Video > Grid</p>
Grid track	When activated, grid moves horizontally and vertically with waveform repositioning		
Grid axis values	<p>Horizontal and vertical values on the grid axis {On, Off}</p> <p>Values and units ("e.g., 40mV" or "-400 µs") switch automatically with selected channel.</p> <p>Display > Grid > Annotation. M195</p>	<p>Horizontal and vertical values on the grid axis {On, Off} (FW 1.3.9R4)</p> <p>Values and units ("e.g., 40mV" or "-400 µs") switch automatically with selected channel.</p> <p>With four digits after the period the axis values clutter the screen and are not very readable</p> <p>Modes {moving, fixed}</p> <p>Display > Axis label settings (missing in manual)</p>	No axis values shown

Other customizability

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Device name	Can be changed (for screen prints and device information fields) (FW02.400)		
LED lights/buttons brightness	Brightness (20-100%) Front panel button INTENSITY Display > Intensities. M194	Brightness (0-100%) Display > LED light. M303	
Screen saver		Screen goes black after set time (Off, 1, 5, 10, 30, 60 min.) (not really off..) Utility > System Setting > Screen saver. M332	
Date/time	Supported. Time display on screen can be disabled (FW02.300) Screen shortcut Setup. M66	Supported Screen shortcut Utility > Menu > System Setting > Date/Time. M334	Supported UTILITY > Options > Clock.
Sound	<p>Can be set at trigger event Trigger. M86</p> <p>Can be set at violation of mask Mask > Actions. M154</p> <p>General control events, e.g. changing the measurement type in the "Measure" menu.</p> <p>Via SCPI command. M465</p>	<p>Can be set at violation of mask Analyze > Mask test. M257</p> <p>General buzzer sound {On, Off}</p> <p>Utility > Menu > System Setting > Sound. M330</p>	

Acquisition system & memory

Acquisition system

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Analogue channel sample resolution (ADC)	10-bit ADC 16-bit high-res decimation "mode", Does not require repetitive signals. [limited in bandwidth ³⁵] S.4, 68	8-bit ADC ³⁶ 10-bit "mode" using oversampling ³⁷ Maximum bandwidth approx. 100MHz. [Its workings are comparable to what other scopes call a 'High-Res' acquisition mode.] [Does not require repetitive signals.] Acquisition > Menu. M82. ENOB enhancement at lower bandwidth (see ERES at Math section) M222	8-bit ADC High Resolution Acquisition "Mode", claimed to be equivalent to up to 12 bits at 20 μ s/div time base setting. Does not require repetitive signals. M140
Analogue channel sample rate (ADC)	2.5GSa/s (interleaved 2ch mode) 1.25 GSa/s (normal)	2 GSa/s (interleaved 2ch mode) 1 GSa/s (normal)	2 GSa/s interleaved 2ch mode) 1 GSa/s (normal)
Available bandwidth in series	70, 100, 200, 300 MHz (All possible via software upgrades)	100, 200, 350 MHz 500MHz (two channels only) (All possible via software upgrades)	70, 100, 200 MHz (All possible via software upgrades)
Digital channel sample rate	1.25 GSa/s every channel	Up to 500 MSa/s	
Waveform update rate	Up to 50,000 wfm/s S.5 In fast-segmented memory mode (acquisitions into memory, no screen updates, Nx>1) up to 300,000 wfm/s ³⁸ S.17	Up to 120,000 wfm/s. In practice, the screen update experience is order of magnitude below that of the RTB or DSOX (also when most favourable sequency mode selected) In 'sequence mode' up to 500,000 wfm/s in S.1, S.4 Reduce waveform update rate {Fast, Slow} Acquire > Menu. M82. Some terminology ambiguity ³⁹	200,000 wfm/s, some ambiguity ⁴⁰ (FW2.10) S.12
Visually observed glitches in 50kHz signal with one glitch per second present⁴¹	36	2	38

Sample memory

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Analogue channel memory depth (per channel)	10 Msample 20 Msample (interleaved 2ch mode)	100 Msample 200 Msample (interleaved 2ch mode) (Both half for 10-bit mode)	1 Msample 2 Msample (interleaved 2ch mode) (FW2.10)
Segmented memory depth (per channel)	160Msample 320Msample (interleaved 2ch mode) S17	Not specified ?!?	Not specified (?!?)
Digital channel memory depth (per channel)	10 MSa every channel	"Up to" 50 MSa every channel	

³⁵ Precise specs not provided, but the manual mentions this mode works "if the waveform sample rate is less than the ADC sample rate". M68.

³⁶ See

[https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/high-resolution-adc-converters-in-oscilloscopes-\(8-bit-10-bit-12-bit-14-bit\)/](https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/high-resolution-adc-converters-in-oscilloscopes-(8-bit-10-bit-12-bit-14-bit)/)

³⁷ <https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/siglent-sds2000x-plus-coming/>

³⁸ Specification, p. 17: "continuous recording of waveforms in acquisition memory without interruption due to visualization; blind time between consecutive acquisitions less than 2.5 μ s". (up to 300 000 waveforms/s)

³⁹ In the specifications (S1, S2, S4, S5, S11) the terms "waveform update rate" and "waveform capture rate". Are used inter changeably.

⁴⁰ Specifications are inconsistent. "≥ 200,000 waveforms/sec" (p.12), "Up to 200,000 waveforms/sec update rate" (p. 5)

⁴¹ In this test, a 50 kHz clock is input to the instrument with an infrequent glitch (1 glitch per 50,000 clocks, so one per second). Using the most favorable setting on the instrument, I closely watched the displayed waveform and counted how often I could see a glitch in a one-minute observation time. All scopes 10us/div. RTB: Record Length 10 kSa/s. SDS: Record length 20k (= smallest value available); Seq. Acq Mode off (with that mode on I observe no glitches at all in one minute). DSOX in default length (cannot be selected)

Total instrument sample memory	Total 840Msample ⁴²	Total 400Msample	Total 4MSa
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⁴² In 4 channel operation, the RTB has 10Msample per analogue channel plus 160Msample deep memory per analogue channel, plus 10Msample per digital channel, totaling 840Msample. In interleave (2 channel) mode, the RTB has 20Msample per analogue channel plus 320Msample deep memory per analogue channel, , plus 10Msample per digital channel, totaling (again) 840Msample. S17.

Channels

Analogue channels

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Input impedance	1 MΩ, 9pF S4	1 MΩ, 17pF; 50 Ω note ⁴³ S10	1 MΩ, 16pF S12
Max voltage at channel input (Vpp)	400Vpp S4	400Vpp S10	200 Vpk S12
Channel overload warning	Yes (positive, negative)		
Probe Attenuation	4 presents; Fully variable (100μ to 10M) (equals 10^{-4} ~ 10^7) (V02.3)  Vertical > Channel > Probe Channel shortcut menu. M65	3 presents; Fully variable (0.000001 to 1000000) (equals 10^{-6} ~ 10^6) automatic x10 probe sense for supported probes Channel shortcut menu. M67	16 presets (0.1X to 10,000X) (100m to 10M) in 1-2-5 sequence (equals 10^{-1} ~ 10^7)
Channel BW limit modes	20 MHz (also any value via math LPF)  Vertical > Channel Channel shortcut menu. M60	20 MHz, 200 MHz 	20 MHz (also any value via math LPF)
Coupling	DC, AC, GND AC: 2Hz HPF S4 Channel shortcut menu. M60	DC, AC, GND AC : 5Hz HPF S10 	DC, AC
Vertical scale / Sensitivity (@ 1MΩ)	1 mV/div to 5 V/div  Front-panel dial VERTICAL SCALE Vertical > Channel. M61	500 μV/div – 10 V/div (50 Ω: 500 μV/div – 1 V/div) Front-panel dial Vertical V-m Screen channel shortcut	1 mV/div to 10 V/div (500 μV/div mode is digital zoom ⁴⁴)
Auto scale	For all channels: Autoset See manual, page 51 for what Autoset exactly does.  For individual channel: Autoscale (V02.101). "Performs an autoset process for analog channels: analyzes the enabled analog channel signals, and adjusts the horizontal, vertical, and trigger settings to display stable waveforms" Channel shortcut menu. M68, 313	For all channels: Auto Setup "The oscilloscope will automatically set the vertical scale, horizontal scale, and trigger level according to the input signal to get the optimum waveform display" (p. 63). "Press the Auto Setup button, and the oscilloscope will set the trigger type to Edge." (p. 101) Is also used for probe compensation (p. 32) Error in manual ⁴⁵  Acquire > Auto Setup. M68, 63	For all channels: Autoscale. "to automatically configure the oscilloscope to best display the input signals." For displayed channels: Autoscale  Fast Debug option ⁴⁶ Preserve acquisition mode option Undo option
Vertical position	Front-panel dial VERTICAL ▲  Vertical > Channel.. M61	Front-panel dial Vertical s-n Screen channel shortcut	Front-panel dial VERTICAL ▲ 
Vertical position setting⁴⁷	Position and Offset are simultaneously available in as menu items. The vertical rotary dial behaviour can be switched between the above modes (FW02.202) Note ⁴⁸ Vertical ⁴⁹ . M67	{Position, Offset} Utility > Menu > Reference position. M337 Is placed in a bit odd position in the menu system (not a menu related to the vertical system)	Offset (in Volt)
(De)skew (time compensation)	-500 to 500ns  Vertical > Channel Channel shortcut menu. M61–62	-100 to 100ns 	-100 to 100ns
Invert	Yes  Vertical > Channel. M61	Yes 	Yes
Channel hide	No (but inactive channel can be used for trigger, math, etc.)	Yes (hidden channel can trigger but inactive channel cannot trigger) (FW1.3.5R5)	No (but inactive channel can be used for trigger, math, etc.)

⁴³ Generally, this should be regarded as a plus, a facility that is usually limited to higher class scopes. But I don't use it myself. Why? If I get across older scopes, if they are broken, it's quite often because people used the 50Ω setting and accidentally connect, say, 10V or more to that channel. Then you make very serious damage to the scope with high repair costs. I always use 50Ω termination true adapters (R&S HZ22, Rigol ADP0150BNC). If I ever blow one, I do not have to send the oscilloscope back into repair.

⁴⁴ Instrument has 500 μV/div mode but the specifications (p.12) mention "500 μV/div is a 2X digital magnification of 1 mV/div setting."

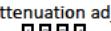
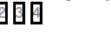
⁴⁵ Here, the manual, page 58, indicates "Trigger >Auto Setup" but that is likely a mistake.

⁴⁶ Manual: "When fast debug is enabled, autoscale lets you make quick visual comparisons to determine whether the signal being probed is a DC voltage, ground, or an active AC signal."

⁴⁷ For 'Position' (in div) the entire wave goes up or down on the screen. For 'Offset' (in Volt): When AC wave is superimposed on, say, 8V DC, then this allows to put 8V at centre line and zoom in or out while the wave stays in position.

⁴⁸ While this is by no means a hidden menu, it is one not many people will ever visit at all because all of us will use the channel buttons [1-4], which are handy shortcuts but don't bring you to the top-level hierarchy in this menu.

⁴⁹ Is in the top-level vertical menu (so tap the 'vertical' icon at right hand size of screen).

		Screen channel shortcut 	
Copy settings to another channel		Yes ("Fast apply to") Screen channel shortcut	
Vertical scale units displayed on screen	V, A (attenuation adjusts)  Vertical > Channel > Probe.. M66	V, A (attenuation adjusts) 	V, A (attenuation adjusts)
Turning analogue channel into digital (for Boolean logic)	Yes Threshold, hysteresis  Vertical > Channel > Threshold.. M64		
Zero adjust (compensate for different ground levels of DUT)	Yes  Vertical > Channel.. M61-62		

Digital channels

	RTB2000	SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Digital channels	16 channels	16 channels	
Predefined logic levels	TTL, CMOS 5.0 V, CMOS 3.3 V, CMOS 2.5 V, ECL, Custom Logic.. M274	TTL, CMOS, LVCMS3.3, LVCMS2.5, Custom Screen (digital) channel shortcut	
Custom level	-2 V to +8 V in 10 mV steps Logic.. M274	-10V to +10V in 1mV steps	
Hysteresis	{Low, Medium, High} Logic.. M275, 80		
Display modes digital channels	Individual per channel, show 8 ch. as small block or large block, move as block	Fixed block; position and height of block can be set via menu (not vertical position rotary!)	

Reference waveforms

	RTB2000	SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
	 References		Far not as flexible as in other devices
Number	4	4	2
Copy source (Analog, Math, Ref)	4A, 5M, R(4-1) ⁵⁰ , FFT spectrum (specs: also D, R)	4A, 16D, 2M (incl. FFT spectrum)	4A, 1M
Disk load/save	Load, Save From internal or external (See section Save and Recall below for details)	Save, Recall Only to external (See section Save and Recall below for details)	Save, Recall Only to external (See section Save and Recall below for details)
Other			Skew (takes hundreds of turns to cover the range)
			Scale and offset only via menu (unlike math that can use rotary button for that)

⁵⁰ Can select another reference waveform as source. Since there are four references, you can select the three other.

Math channels (excl. FFT)

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
	 Math > Menu	 Math > Menu	
Math channels	5 channels (FW02.202)	2 channels	1 channel
Source (Analog, Digital, Math, Ref)	4A, (5-1)M ⁵¹ , constant No D	4A, (2-1)M ⁵¹ , (Zoom), No D (constant only when using formula editor)	4A
Total functions (excl. FFT)	19 (see below)	18 (see below)	5 (see below)
Filters	LPF (0-300MHz) (FW02.300) HPF (0-300MHz) (FW02.300)	No	LPF (0-70MHz)
Tracking	Period, Freq, PW, Duty cycle (FW02.400)	No	No
Formulae editor	No	Basic formulae editor. Supports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16 math functions as indicated in the below table with 'FE' • the four analogue channels, the four zoom channels, the Math functions F1 and F2 • Pi, e, and own constants • Parenthesis • FFT⁵² <p>Almost no information in manual, actual working not so clear.⁵³ [Formulae length limited to 26 char.]</p>	No
Labels / scales of result	Library of 75 scales (V, A, Ω, etc.)	21 scales that adapt to input channels (e.g.: V.A=W)	9 scales that adapt to input channels (e.g.: V.A=W)
Other functions	11 trace colours Save & load math sets with up to 5 formularies (See section Save and Recall below for details);	Gate	Full text label (20char) check seems inconsistent with above.

Overview of all Math Functions

Series	Symbol	Function inputs	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
				(FE: operator available in formulae editor)	
Addition	+	2	Y	Y (FE)	Y
Subtraction	-	2	Y	Y (FE)	Y
Multiplication	X	2	Y	Y (FE)	Y
Division	/	2	Y (special treatment to prevent infinity)	Y (FE)	Y (divide by zero shown as zero result)
Identity ("Y" "Output of the trace itself")	y			Y	
Absolute value	y		Y	Y (FE)	
Inverse	-y		Y	Y (Negation)	
Sign				Y (1.3.5R3) (FE)	
Reciprocal	1/x		Y (special treatment of second input is small to prevent infinity)		
Square	y ²		Y		
Square root	√		Y	Y(FE)	
Common Log.	lg / Log(10)		Y	Y(FE)	
Natural Log.	In / Log(e)		Y	Y(FE)	
Exponential	e ^x			Y(FE)	
Exponential10	10 ^x			Y(FE)	
Derivate (differential)	f' or d/dt		Y (const.) (FW02.202)	Y (Differential Interval Dx) (FE)	
Integral	ʃdt		Y (time range via V-marker cursor) (FW02.202)	Y (DC Offset, time range via Gate values) (FE)	

⁵¹ All math channels except itself.

⁵² Basically starts FFT view like in the 'regular' FFT function, but can be used to do FFT on, say, "C1+6" or "C3/C1). The RTB can do the same thing as you can select a math channel (made with own calculation) as input to FFT.

⁵³ Experimenting with it is a bit of a mixed experience. It seems to light up red if a formula is not allowed but at the same time, "F1=F1/2" or "F1=C1+C2/F1" is allowed, while these are recursive formulae.

Low Pass	LPF		BW: 0Hz to 300 MHz 2 nd order infinite impulse response filter (IIR)		BW: 0Hz to 70 MHz 4th order Bessel-Thompson filter
High Pass	HPF		BW: 0Hz to 300 MHz 1 st order infinite impulse response filter (IIR)		
Track Period			Upper Level (UL); Hyst, Edge (FW02.400)	[No track functions in Math, but track is available in measurements]	
Track Frequency					
Track Pulse Width					
Track Duty Cycle					
Average ("Averages multiple traces [in time] and displays the resulting trace")		2		Y (#, count, reset) (FE)	
ERES ("Average adjacent data into a point and rebuilds the trace") (removes HF noise)				Y (enhanced bits 0.5 to 3) (FE)	
Interpolate ("Produce more points in the trace using sin(x)/x algorithm") (called 'Intrp' in formulae editor)				Y (Upsample Coef.) (FE: 'Intrp') (1.3.7R5)	
Total functions (excl. FFT)			19	18	5

Horizontal system & trigger

Horizontal mode XT

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Acquire mode * decimation mode: sample rate > ADC rate ** arithmetic mode: consecutive acquisitions	<p>Sample, Peak Detect *</p> <p>High Resolution *</p> <p>Average (2-100k) **</p> <p>Envelope **</p> <p>Envelope+ Peak Detect</p> <p>Nx (samples per acq) selectable {1-13k}</p> <p>Screen shortcut Acquisition. M65</p>	<p>Sample ("normal")</p> <p>Peak</p> <p>Acquire, Menu. M83</p> <p>Has 10-bit acquisition mode, whose workings are comparable to what other scopes call a 'High-Res' acquisition mode. It uses oversampling⁵⁴ and maximum bandwidth is approx. 100MHz.</p> <p>Acquisition > Menu. M82.</p> <p>Also, averages are an available function in the math channel.</p>	<p>Sample ("normal")</p> <p>Peak Detect</p> <p>High Resolution</p> <p>Average (2-64k)</p> <p>ACQUIRE > Time Mode > Acq Mode</p>
Horizontal Time scale X(t) (time base range)	<p>1ns /div to 500s/div</p> <p>Front-panel dial HORIZONTAL SCALE</p> <p>Screen shortcut Horizontal > Time Scale. M68</p>	<p>1 ns/div – 1000 s/div</p> <p>(0.5 ns/div – 1000 s/div if 500 MHz bandwidth option installed)</p> <p>Only in 1-2-5 steps, no fine control⁵⁵</p>	<p>5 ns/div to 50 s/div</p> <p>Front-panel dial HORIZONTAL SCALE</p>
Roll	<p>Roll (default 500ms/div, selectable 50ms/div to 500s/div) (FW02.000)</p> <p>Start position left</p> <p>Math available (except HPF, LPF and tracking)</p> <p>Acquisition. M69</p>	<p>Roll (50 ms/div and slower)</p> <p>Start position right</p> <p>Math disabled</p> <p>Acquire, Roll</p>	<p>Roll (50 ms/div and slower)</p> <p>Start position right</p> <p>Math disabled</p> <p>ACQUIRE > Time Mode > Roll. M41</p>
Interpolation modes (when there are less ADC sample points than screen values needed)	<p>Sin(x)/x, Linear, S&H</p> <p>Acquisition. M70</p>	<p>Sin(x)/x (Sinc), Linear (x)</p> <p>Acquire > Menu. M82</p>	Not specified
Offset positions	<p> Check</p> <p>PS. Activate grid axis to see what you are doing!</p>	<p>Offset mode selectable in Utility > Menu > Reference position. M337</p> <p>PS. Activate grid axis (default off) to see what you are doing!</p>	
Horizontal reference point position (so the horizontal zoom is centered from this point)	<p>Left (~10%), Centre (50%), Right (~90%)</p> <p>Horizontal. M64</p>	<p>From 0% to 100%.</p> <p>Ambiguous terminology⁵⁶</p> <p>Is placed in a bit odd position in the menu system</p> <p>Utility > Menu > Reference position. M337</p>	<p>Left (~10%), Centre (~50%), Right (90%)</p> <p>ACQUIRE > Rime Ref Center. M36</p>

⁵⁴ <https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/siglent-sds2000x-plus-coming/>

⁵⁵ Cannot be set to in-between values (say, 12ms/div), also not when entering manual values via screen 'calculator' input. Can be an issue to get exactly a wave into view, or a specific sequence in a serial bus decode.

⁵⁶ I find the terminology used here rather confusing, especially because both for the "Fixed Delay" and "Fixed position" mode, the word 'delay' is left away on the instrument's screen. With just 'position' left on the screen, you think you can change a position, but in fact you cannot do so. But in Fixed Delay, the position can be changed.

, 'position' vs. 'delay', quite confusing. Calling this "Centre Position" and "Adjustable" Position", or simply a single parameter that is default at 50% (like in other devices) would be much more intuitive. Just my two cents.

Horizontal mode XY

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
	App > XY, M163	Acquire, XY Mode	ACQUIRE > Time Mode > XY, M43
Number of simultaneous Y channels shown	2	1	1
Sources (Analog)	4A (any analogue channel) No M, no R	Input hardwired Ch1-Ch2 ⁵⁷ No M, no R	Input hardwired C1-Ch2 No M, no R
Simultaneous time domain (XT) traces shown	Yes, in two separate grids		
Trigger and time base functions	Present ⁵⁸		Horizontal scale adjusts sample rate OHF check
Trace intensity control ('Z-axis'; 'blanking')	[not specified or documented in manual, but possible via SCPI remote commands, with limitations ⁵⁹]		Yes, via ext. trigger input. If above threshold of 1.4V, trace is blanked
Allows use of cursors measurements	Two horizontal and two vertical cursors	Two horizontal and two vertical cursors	Two horizontal and two vertical cursors

Zoom

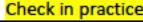
	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Type of zoom	Horizontal, Vertical (FW02.202)  Screen shortcut	Horizontal, Vertical  Front-panel dial Zoom (click) Acquire, Zoom, M92	Horizontal — magnification glass — Front-panel dial HORIZONTAL SCALE
Select horizontal zoom area	Draw zoom area Pinch zoom trace Timebase dial (position & scale) Menu with numerical values	Pinch zoom trace Timebase dial (position & scale) Menu with numerical values Draw zone area	Timebase dial (position & scale)
Select vertical zoom area	Draw zoom area Pinch zoom trace Vertical dial (position & scale) Menu with numerical value	Pinch zoom trace Vertical dial (position & scale) Menu with numerical values Draw zone area	
Split screen	Selectable windows size	Fixed windows (½ and ¾)	Fixed windows (about ¼ and ¾)

⁵⁷ Hence, the front panel has "X" and "y" printed under the BNC for channels 1 and 2...

⁵⁸ This means that if the timebase is set such that only a part of a waveform is shown in the time domain graphs, then the XY graph will only show those parts of the traces.

⁵⁹ The RTB responds to the same Z-mode commands (DISPlay:XY:ZSource, DISPlay:XY:ZMode, DISPlay:XY:ZTHreshold) as the RTM and HMO series (see the R&S [RTM2000 manual](#), page 464). These commands allow to turn the Z mode on, select the blanking input channel, and choose analog or digital control (the latter with a selectable threshold). There are some observed limitations. In analogue mode, it seems from min to max channel values there are four equal 'zones' in which brightness goes from low to high. In digital mode, the threshold can be set from -100 to +100 (different from the RTM) but value 0 puts the threshold at the minimum channel value (next to negative overload) and other values don't change this behavior. Having this said, this is not a claimed or documented feature, so we should not complain. After some experimentation it's useful for those that need it.

Trigger system

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Source	4A, 16D, Ext., AC Line, 2 Serial Dedicated source button with colour code	4A, 16D, Ext., AC Line, 2 serial (varies by trigger type)	4A, Ext., AC Line, Wavegen, Wavegen Modulation
Ext. trigger in	Front (dedicated) Sensitivity 300mV, level -5/5V, max. 300 V (RMS), max. 400 V (Vp)	Back (dedicated) Max. 1.5Vrms; max. 7.5Vrms with EXT/5 attenuator	Back (dedicated) Max 30 Vrms, 40 Vpk
Channel selection	Always (on, off) ⁶⁰	When active or hidden (not off)	Always (on, off) ⁶¹
Trigger mode	Auto, Normal  Trigger > Trigger type.. M76	Auto, Normal  Trigger > Auto Trigger > Normal	Auto, Normal
Trigger start and stop	Run, Stop, Single Force trigger    Screen shortcut	Run, Stop, Single   Trigger > Single	Run, Stop, Single Force trigger   
Trigger types	6 (see below)	10 (see below)	7 (see below)
Type: Edge	{Rise, fall, alternate} Trigger > Trigger type.. M76	{Rise, fall, alternate} Trigger > Menu.. M101	{Rise, fall, alternate, either} M101
Type: Pulse width	Polarity {> < ≠ inside outside} Delta Δ Threshold Hysteresis Trigger > Trigger type.. M78	Polarity {> < inside outside} Trigger > Menu.. M105	Polarity {> < inside}
Type: Video	Polarity, 5SD 3HD video standards, 3 interlace modes, line select Trigger > Trigger type.. M80	Polarity, 4SD 4HD video standards, custom standard , 2 interlace modes, line select Trigger > Menu.. M106	Polarity, 4 SD video standards, 3 interlace modes, line select  >Features >Video > Standard  Supports auto setup  >Features >Video > Auto Setup
Type: Pattern (Analog, Digital, Math, Ref)	Up to 20 bits (4A 16D) {AND, OR} State: {H, L, don't care} {True, False, Goes True, Goes False} Analogue channels thresholds Time limitation {> < ≠ inside outside} with Δ Trigger > Trigger type.. M82	{AND, OR, NAND, NOR} State: {H, L, don't care} Goes True for OR and NAND, To False for AND and NOR Time limit range (AND and NOR only) 	"State"
Type: Serial	Supported Trigger > Trigger type.. M342	Supported Trigger > Menu..	Supported
Type: Timeout	Supported (FW1.203) Trigger > Trigger type.. M86		
Type: Edge within vertical window		"Window" Trigger > Menu.. M111	
Type: Runt		Polarity, {> < inside outside}, upper time value Trigger > Menu.. M116	
Type: Interval		Supported Trigger > Menu.. M114	
Type: Dropout		Supported Trigger > Menu.. M114	
Type: Setup and hold			Supported
Type: Slope (Rise/fall time)		Supported Trigger > Menu.. M102	Supported
Trigger Zone		Trigger zone Trigger > Zone.. M124-130	
Hold-off	For all trigger types (FW02.000) Time. Trigger > Trigger type.. M76	For all trigger types except video and serial. By Time (8ns to 30s; 8ns step) By # of events (1 to 10 ⁸) Trigger > Menu.. M120-121	Time
Trigger coupling	AC, DC Trigger > Coupling.. M77	DC, AC (AC: 20Hz HPF, Ext. trig: 8 Hz HPF) Trigger > Menu.. M122	AC, DC (AC: 10Hz HPF) (DC ext. trigger: 50Hz)

⁶⁰ Digital channels available while logic probe connected

⁶¹ Digital channels available while logic probe connected

			TRIGGER > Coupling... M124
LF Reject	15kHz HPF ⁶² Trigger > Coupling... M77	1.2MHz HPF (EXT trig: 33kHz HPF) Trigger > Menu (part of Coupling menu)... M122, S11	50kHz HPF (ext. 50Hz) TRIGGER > Coupling > M124
HF Reject	5kHz LPF ⁶³ Trigger... M77	600kHz LPF (EXT trig: 967kHz LPF) Trigger > Menu (part of Coupling menu)... M122, S11	50kHz LPF TRIGGER > Coupling > Reject... M124
Noise reject	Yes (extends the hysteresis to avoid unwanted trigger events) ⁶⁴ Trigger... M77, 334	Yes (increases the trigger hysteresis) Trigger > Menu... M122	Yes (adds additional hysteresis to the trigger circuitry) TRIGGER > Coupling > Reject... M124
BNC pulse out (For pulse amplitude and width see IO/connections, above)	BNC pulse out ("AUX", front side) Shared connector, settings via: Trigger... M86	BNC pulse out ("Auxiliary Out", front side) (Output of Auxiliary Out connector is Trigger, except when Mask analysis is activated)	BNC pulse out ("GEN OUT"), front side) Shared connector, settings via: UTILITY > Options > Auxiliary... M242-243
Actions on mask (other than BNC Pulse out)	Sound Screenshot Save waveform Save all channels to references Trigger... M86 (FW02.300)	BNC pulse out ("Auxiliary Out") see (Output of Auxiliary Out connector is Trigger, except when Mask analysis is activated)	

Tools

CURSOR

	 RTB2000	 SDS 2000X+	 DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in Cursor 	All settings in Cursor > Menu 	All settings 
Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manual (H, V, H+V) Track (H+V) ("V-Marker"⁶⁵) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manual (H, V, H+V) Track (H+V) Measure (linked to a selected position in measure mode) (FW 1.3.9R4) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manual (H+V) Track (H+V) Binary⁶⁶ Hex⁶⁷
Source (Analog, Digital, Math, Ref)	4A, 16D, 5M, 4R	4A, 16D , 2M, 4R	4A, M, FFT, 2R
Different source for X1 and X2	Yes (FW02.400)	Yes	Yes
Cursor control rotary dial	Multifunctional dial	Multifunctional dial	Dedicated dial
Track scaling (when time base or vertical scale is changed)	Selectable ("Track Scaling")	Selectable separately for X and Y CursorX Ref CursorY Ref	
Coupling of cursor lines	Via "Coupling" {Off, On}	Via "X2-X1" or "Y2-Y1"	Via "X1-X2 Linked" or "Y1-Y2" Linked"
Measurement results in cursor mode	7 measurements: t1, t2, Δt, V1, V2, ΔV and ΔY/ΔX (in kV/s) (FW02.000)	7 measurements: t1, t2, Δt, V1, V2, ΔV and 1/ΔX (in MHz)	6 measurements: t1, t2, Δt, V1, V2, ΔV
Position of measurement results	Overlay of waveform	Overlay of waveform or movable table	Table (bottom)
Unit definition			X units {Sec., Hz., Phase ⁶⁸ , Ratio ⁶⁹ } Y units {Base, Ratio ⁷⁰ }

⁶² Inconsistent with Specifications (p.5): "LF reject (attenuates < 50 kHz (meas.)"

⁶³ Inconsistent with Specifications (p.5): "HF reject (attenuates > 50 kHz (meas.)"

⁶⁴ Manual page 334 also mentions additional 100 MHz LPF.

⁶⁵ V-Marker is in Type menu.

⁶⁶ Logic levels of displayed waveforms at the current X1 and X2 cursor positions are displayed in binary. The display is color coded to match the color of the related channel's waveform. Meaning: 1 is higher than trigger level, 0 is lower than trigger level.

⁶⁷ Logic levels of displayed waveforms at the current X1 and X2 cursor positions are displayed in hexadecimal. Meaning: 0x8 is higher than trigger level, 0x0 is lower than trigger level.

⁶⁸ With phase, X cursor = 360°.

⁶⁹ With ratio, X cursor is 100%.

⁷⁰ With ratio, Y cursor is 100%.

Measure

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in Measure 	All settings in Measure > Menu 	All settings 
Regular measure positions	6 positions (FW02.400) Shown in columns (6 horizontal) Shown in rows (6 vertical) when statistics on 	5 positions in M1 mode Shown in columns (5 horizontal) Shown in rows (5 vertical) when statistics on  > Mode > Advanced p/us Config > Display Mode M1 12 positions in M2 mode Shown in 4:3 matrix Shown in rows (up to 12 vertical, variable) when statistics on  > Mode > Advanced p/us Config > Display Mode M2	4 positions Shown in columns (4 horizontal) Statistics display comes in addition to regular measurements, in rows (4 vertical)
Quick measurement	9 measurement overlay with live trace 	Table with 12 measurements  > Mode > Simple	Table with 26 measurements  > Type > Snapshot All, M159 Can be assigned to "Quick Action" button via  > Quick Action > Quick Measure All, M159, 249
Turn on/off measurements display (without deleting settings)	Turn on: individual measurements not global Turn off: individual or global ⁷¹	Global 	Not at all
Adding measurements to show	First choose measurement position in menu, then select type, bit cumbersome	By "+" shortcut in measurement table	Via selection rotary in FIFO queue ⁷² , very cumbersome
Source (Analog, Digital, Math, Ref) (Zoom)	4A, 16D, 5M, 4R	4A, 16D, 2M, 4R, 4Z, 4ZA, 16ZD History S13	4A, M, (FFT: 6 only)
Measurement types	33 types (see table below)	51 types (see table below)	32 types (see table below)
Measurements update rate for 1kHz / 10MHz wave⁷³	16 meas/sec 260 meas/sec	3 meas/sec 20 meas/sec	36 meas/sec 667 meas/sec
On-screen explanation of measurements	Detailed icons	Small icons, and a one-line text which cannot be seen when you need it. ⁷⁴	Small icon; with soft key is pressed, extensive explanation with pictures is shown
Display of dimensions (V, A)	Types are described dimensionless but in results view, some measurements show voltage as fixed dimension, where it may actually also be current ⁷⁵	All dimensionless	All dimensionless
Histogram		Small histogram for each measurement position, one histogram can be zoomed  > Statistics Settings (menu name confusion ⁷⁶)	
Trend display		Track display can be selected for one active measurements. Shown in floating window that can be set to two sizes.  > Tools > Track.. M207	
Track display		Track display (FW 1.3.9R4) Not documented . Track display can be selected for [up to three] active measurements. Shown in floating window. Auto or manual scales  > Tools > Track	
Gate (to measure specific time period)		"Gate mode". Gate open and gate close moment are visible alike cursors.  > Config > Gate.. M213	By via changing measurement window between the main screen and the zoom screen.  > Settings > Meas Window.. M168
Show relevant measurement data points in the waveform display		In Cursor Measure Mode (FW 1.3.9R4) not documented , H and V cursors show relevant data points (horizontal, vertical)	H and V cursors show relevant data points (horizontal, vertical)

⁷¹ By activating Statistics, and in the "Measure" tap click the tab close "X" icon.

⁷² The first selected goes into measurement position #1, second in #2, etc. When the four positions are full, the first is deleted, the others move one place, and the new one comes in #4.

⁷³ Tested as follows: an RMS type full screen measurement on a 1kHz or 10MHz sine wave on channel 1; statistics on, everything else deactivated.

⁷⁴ To see the on-line text you need to select the measurement in question. But by selecting it, the instrument automatically closes the window and the text disappears. So you have to re-open the menu again to see what text appeared there. Very cumbersome if you need to figure out what measurement type you need for a certain job.

⁷⁵ For instance, when channel is set to current, the screen shows units such as V_{pp} , V_{top} , V_{base} , V_{amp} , V_p , V_{P} , which should be A_{pp} , A_{top} etc. Having that said, after the value there is the right dimensions. So: ' $V_a = 0.5A$ '. So the confusion is limited but this could be improved.

⁷⁶ Once selected, this menu is called "Statistics Config" instead of "Statistics Settings".

		vertical) for almost any measurement? ⁷⁷ Also shows selected wave parts for First Cycle measurements. MEASURE > Tools > Measure cursor (which actually brings you to the cursor menu with Measure Cursor mode activated)	for almost any measurement . CURSORS > Mode > Track Waveform
Threshold settings for relevant measurements (middle for pulse width etc., lower and upper for rise time etc.)	Lower, Middle and /or Upper Level can be set manually (e.g., 10%, 50%, 90%). ^{@@@}	Lower, Middle and /or Upper Level can be set manually (e.g., 10%, 50%, 90%), or in voltages. (1.3.7R5) M216	Lower, Middle and /or Upper Level can be set manually (e.g., 10%, 50%, 90%), or in voltages. ANALYZE > Feature > Measure thresholds. M175
Statistics	5 (Value, Min, Max, Mean, SD) + count (from FW02.400) @@@	6 (Value, Min, Max, Mean, PP, SD) + count Count limit: 1-1024, ∞ MEASURE > Statistics Settings (menu name confusion⁷⁸)	5 (Value, Min, Max, Mean, SD) + count (from FW02.12) MEASURE > Statistics Count limit: 1-2000, ∞ (from FW02.12) MEASURE > Statistics > Max Count Option to show standard deviation/mean ("Relative σ") (which is a dimensionless value) MEASURE > Statistics > Relative σ
Reset statistics	CLEAR SCREEN M45 Via icon shown right of statistics table, or touch any setting or button that affects measurements	CLEAR SWEEPS M208 Via 'reset statistics' icon	MEASURE > Statistics > Reset Statistics
Increment statistics			Incremental statistics add the currently measured waveform to the collected statistical data (only when acquisition is stopped and segments are off) MEASURE > Statistics > Increment Statistics
Save measurements and statistics	Save measurements and statistics set to file (CSV) (See below at Save and Recall section)		

⁷⁷ After changing a measurement, you need to go to item **CURSORS**, and change value from "NULL" to the new measurement.

⁷⁸ Once selected, this menu is called "Statistics Config" instead of "Statistics Settings"

Overview of all measurement types

			 RTB2000	 SDS 2000X+	 DSOX 1200
	Measurement types ⁷⁹	Dimension	33 types	51 types ⁸⁰	32 types
Horizontal (time)	Frequency	Hz	Frequency	Freq	Frequency
	Period	s	Period	Period	Period
	Duty Cycle +	%	Duty Cycle +	+Duty	+ Duty Cycle
	Duty Cycle -	%	Duty Cycle -	-Duty	- Duty Cycle
	Pulse Width +	s	Pulse Width +	+Width	+ Width
	Pulse Width -	s	Pulse Width -	-Width	-Width
	Burst Width	s	Burst Width		
	Rise Time	s	Rise Time	Rise Time: 10-90%Rise ⁸¹	Rise Time
	Fall Time	s	Fall Time	Fall Time: 90-10%Fall	Fall Time
	Slew rate+	MV/s	Slew rate+ (FW02.000)	PSlope (FW 1.3.9R4)	
	Slew rate-	MV/s	Slew rate- + (FW02.000)	NSlope (FW 1.3.9R4)	
	Delay to Trigger	s	Delay to Trigger (FW02.400)	Delay (same?)	
Horizontal delay between two channels	Time from trigger to each rising edge ⁸²	s		T@M	
	Time of max value	s		Time@max	
	Time of min value	s		Time@min	
	Difference between two consecutive periods	s		CCJ ⁸³	
	X at Min Y	s			X at Min Y
	X at Max Y	s			X at Max Y
	Delay	s	"Delay" Settings on either channel: (Rising, Falling) (**) (4 combinations) ⁸⁴	"FRFR", "FRFF", etc. Settings on either channel: (Rising, Falling) {First, Last } (8 combinations)	"Delay" Settings on either channel: (Rising, Falling) (4 combinations) (did not get falling edges working)
	Phase	°deg	Phase (**)	Phase	Phase
	Skew	s		Skew	
Vertical (amplitude)	Peak to Peak	V	Peak Peak	Pk-Pk	Peak-Peak
	Peak +	V	Peak +	Max	Maximum
	Peak -	V	Peak -	Min	Minimum
	Amplitude (top to base)	V	Amplitude	Amplitude ⁸⁵	Amplitude
	Top Level	V	Top Level	Top ⁸⁵	Top
	Base Level	V	Base Level	Base ⁸⁵	Base
	Mean Value	V	Mean Value	Mean	Average Full Screen
	<i>Idem, First Cycle</i>	V	Mean Cycle	Cycle Mean	Average - Cyc
	<i>Idem, integral cycles only</i> ⁸⁶	V			
	Median (50% above 50% below)	V		Median	
	Median First Cycle	V		Cycle Median	
	RMS Value	V	RMS Value	RMS	DC RMS Full Screen
	<i>Idem, First Cycle</i>	V	RMS Cycle	Cycle RMS	DC RMS - N Cycles
	<i>Idem, integral cycles only</i> ⁸⁶	V			AC RMS Full Screen (Std. Deviation)
Counting	FrPos/neg pulses, Rising/falling edges,	V	σ-Std. Deviation	Stdef	AC RMS - N Cycles
	<i>Idem, First Cycle</i>	V	σ-Std. Dev. Cycle	Cycle Stdef	
	<i>Idem, integral cycles only</i> ⁸⁶	V			AC RMS - N Cycles
	Crest Factor	ratio	Crest Factor		
	Level at trigger	V		L@T	
	Pos. Overshoot	%	Pos. Overshoot	ROV	Overshoot ⁸⁷
	Neg. Overshoot	%	Neg. Overshoot	FOV	
	Overshoot before a falling edge	%		Preshoot(FPRE)	Preshoot ⁸⁸
	Overshoot before a rising edge	%		Preshoot(RPRE)	
	# of positive pulses on display	Cnt.	Positive Pulse	Ppulses	Positive Pulse Count
	# of negative pulses on display	Cnt.	Negative Pulse	Npulses	Negative Pulse Count
	# of rising edges on display	Cnt.	Positive Slope	Rising Edges	Rising Edge Count
	# of falling edges on display	Cnt.	Negative Slope	Falling Edges	Falling Edges Count
	# of edges in a waveform	Cnt.		Edges	
	# of cycles in a periodic waveform	Cnt.		Cycles	
	Bit Rate	Mbps			Bit Rate

⁷⁹ Not counting multiple variants possible in the delay section.

⁸⁰ Not considering "10-90%Rise" and "90-10%Fall" because these functionally overlap with "Rise Time" and "Fall Time".

⁸¹ The first variant measures between low threshold and high threshold (which can be manually set, like the other scopes, see above). The second variant is between 10% and 90%, which overlaps with the first variant.

⁸² Creates multiple values in a single trace. So, if there are three edges after the trigger on the screen, the values may be 1µs, 2µs and 3µs. The histogram function can show these clearly. The shown "Value" is the last one (3µs) and the average would be 1.5 µs.

⁸³ Not sure what this exactly means and no information is offered in the manual. Screen says: 'Time difference between two continuous periods'. Somewhat different but not any clearer.

⁸⁴ Older FW02.300 had 36 combinations.

⁸⁵ A menu item MEASURE > Config > Amplitude Strategy allows different strategies how to calculate top and bottom. M215.

⁸⁶ Looks for at least three full waveforms on the display and then takes only these three waveforms. With less than three detected edges, an error is shown.

⁸⁷ The edge that is closest to the trigger is measured (which can be seen by the shown X cursor). To switch between positive and negative overshoot, change the trigger.

⁸⁸ The edge that is closest to the trigger is measured (which can be seen by the shown X cursor). To switch between rising edge and falling edge, change the trigger.

	Counter trigger level crossings during gate time	Hz			Counter some specifics ⁸⁹
Area	.. waveform above zero	Wb ⁹⁰		+Area@DC	
	.. waveform below zero	Wb		-Area@DC	
	.. waveform	Wb		Area@DC	
	Absolute area of the waveform	Wb		AbsArea@DC	
	.. waveform above average	Wb		+Area@AC (1.3.7R5)	
	.. waveform below average	Wb		-Area@AC (1.3.7R5)	
	.. above average minus area of the waveform below average	Wb		Area@AC (1.3.7R5)	
	.. above average add area of the waveform below average	Wb		AbsArea@AC (1.3.7R5)	

Digital Voltmeter (DVM)

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
	aapje		
Location on instrument	App > Meter Quick Toolbar > Meter M168; S7		ANALYZE > Feature > DMM M195; S7,717 DVM standard since FW2.10
Source (Analog, Digital, Math, Ref)	4A (does not work for channels turned off)		4A (works for channels turned off)
Positions (shown simultaneous)	4 positions		2 (one selected voltage plus frequency but only if channel is selected for trigger)
Resolution	3 digits		3 digits
Scale	Via analogue channel settings		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Via analogue channel settings⁹¹ Auto range mode, is especially useful for inactive channels. Overwrites the channel gain and position setting for active channels.⁹² Not available for channels selected for trigger
Source (Analog)	4A, active or inactive		4A, active or inactive
Measurements	DC, AC, ACrms, DC+ACrms (shown DC measurements are wrong when channel itself is set to AC coupling, no warning⁹³)		DC, DCrms, ACrms (DC only when channel set to DC, otherwise automatic switches to AC)
Bandwidth (for AC signals)	1MHz		20 Hz to 100 kHz (for RMS), warning when outside range
Display	Display colour adapts to channel. Show in overlay window (screen position can be dragged)		<p>Seven-segment readout style. Display colour adapts to channel.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> While DVM menu is selected: results shown in large font in overlay window (transparency selectable).⁹⁴ (Frequency shown simultaneously but only if channel is selected for trigger). Small analogue scale showing measurement extrema over last 3 seconds. The scale's blue triangle pointer shows the most recent measurement. If measurement statistics is also on, the display jumps erratically between both. But disappears when leaving DVM menu. Always: results shown in small font at left bottom. Only voltage or frequency (not both). No scale.

⁸⁹ This counter is hardware implemented, only for the channel selected for trigger and edge or pulse width trigger is selected, and uses trigger threshold. See Frequency Counter section below. See M168 as well as some additional information on on-screen help (press "Type" softbutton for 3 seconds).

⁹⁰ See discussion at <https://electronics.stackexchange.com/questions/562058/siglent-sds1104x-e-integrate-function-units-of-measure>

⁹¹ But asynchronous from oscilloscope's acquisition system.

⁹² This is important to be aware of when auto-range is activated and DVM menu is left. After than, any moment you attempt change the channel gain, a second later, that change is undone (as auto-range overrides the new selected setting)...

⁹³ This suggests the DVM is located after the AC coupling capacitor of the channels. While this is apparently also the case for the DSOX, that device takes a better approach: it disables the DVM DC mode when the channel is coupled AC (and if the DVM was already on DC before the channel was put into AC, it switches the DVM back to AC).

⁹⁴ When switching from Analysis to Measurement menu, there is weird interference with measurement window.

Frequency counter

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	App > Counter, M167, S7	Analysis > Counter, M264, S14	ANALYZE > Feature > DVM, M195, S7,17
Implementation	Separate from DMM Show in overlay window (screen position can be dragged) (Separate freq. counter in Measurements) (Separate freq. track in Math)	Show in overlay window (screen position can be dragged) (Trigger frequency is shown on the screen independent of the counter) (Separate freq. counter in Measurements)	Part of DMM (results shown simultaneously with voltage), hardware implemented (Same freq. counter shown in Measurements) (Separate event counter with gate in Measurements)
Modes	Frequency, Period (shown simultaneous)	Freq, Period, Totalizer	Frequency
Inputs (Analog, Digital, Math, Ref)	4A, trigger, ext. trigger (Independent of DMM) (Independent of channel selected for trigger ⁹⁵)	4A (Independent of channel selected for trigger but only works if trigger level for that channel is properly set ⁹⁶) Also works for serial trigger (1.3.7R5) Add regular trigger?	4A (Same channel as DMM) (Only works when channel is also selected for trigger ⁹⁷ , but independent of proper trigger level)
Digits	6 digits	7 digits	5 digits
Measurement rate	[Not specified]	100 times/second	[Not specified]
Totalizer gate / trigger modes		Totalizer can count rising or falling edges Gate mode: Voltage level, Polarity Trigger "After Edge" mode: Rising or falling edges (on gate channel); Level	
Statistics		Statistics for Freq. and Period (Value, Mean, Min, Max, Stdev, Count ⁹⁸). Update rate ~0.5 meas/sec	

⁹⁵ In the FW02.400 manual (p. 167) it is called the "Trigger Counter" and the screenshot also shows this at the icon, suggesting its use is limited for the channel serving as trigger. But on the instrument, the text at the icon is different (just 'counter') and when used, it can just measure the frequency of any channel, whether selected for trigger or not.

⁹⁶ Alternatively, a "Level" setting can be used in the counter menu which is linked to the trigger level setting for that channel (if moved, trigger level moves, if trigger level moved, this level moves).

⁹⁷ If user selects other channel for trigger, the frequency counter automatically changes to voltmeter for the selected channel.

⁹⁸ Here, count represents is how many frequency data points have been gathered for the statistical analysis.

Serial bus decoding⁹⁹

(Table below is for general aspects; for specific protocols see below)

	 RTB2000	 SDS 2000X+	 DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in Protocol PROTOCOL	All settings in Analysis > Decode DECODE	ANALYZE >Features >Serial
'Bundle' protocols ¹⁰⁰	SPI, I ² C, UART, CAN, LIN	SPI, I ² C, UART, CAN, LIN	SPI, I ² C, UART, CAN, LIN
Optional		FlexRay, MIL-STD-1553B, I ² S, CAN FD. Manchester ¹⁰¹ , SENT (since 1.3.7R5)	
Simultaneous decode buses	1 bidirectional ¹⁰² , 2 unidirectional	2 bidirectional	1 bidirectional
Signal sources (Analog, Digital, Math, Ref)	4A, 16D (not M ¹⁰³ or R)	4A, 16D (not M ¹⁰² or R)	4A (not M ¹⁰² or R)
Decoder works with channels turned off	Yes	No, but does work from hidden channels	Yes
Logic bit level display	Yes, shown just above telegram (various useful purposes ¹⁰⁴)		
Relation decode module to trigger module	Relevant decode settings automatically shared with trigger. Serial trigger settings shown on same screen as decode settings	Protocol settings can be copied to and from trigger ¹⁰⁵ Analysis > Decode > Protocol copy	Relevant decode settings automatically shared with trigger
Color-coding for message elements telegram display	Yes	Yes	Yes
Refresh rate telegram display	Very fast	Very fast	Very fast
Event table ('tabular view', 'table', 'lister'): Number of lines shown simultaneous	Variable, up to 20 lines shown (scroll option) Special pointer shows selected	Variable, up to 7 lines shown S12 (scroll option)	(LISTER since FW2.10) Fixed 9 lines shown (scroll option) Table disappears each time you leave the specific lister menu.
Track frame option ¹⁰⁶	Available. Also shows purple flag at selected frame (regardless of track frame activated)		Available
Refresh event table	Low (observed as approximately 2 times per second)	Medium (observed as approximately 6 times per second)	Very fast (observed as more than 25 times a second)
Export event table	Yes, to CSV file icon next to table	Yes [to CSV file] Analysis > Decode > Save icon	Yes, to CSV file SAVE/RECALL Format > Lister data
Base display format	{Bin, Hex, Dec, Oct, ASCII ¹⁰⁷ } (non-valid ASCII values shown as HEX)	{Bin, Hex, Dec, ASCII} (Problem with 'non-valid' ASCII character values ¹⁰⁸)	UART: {Hex, Bin, ASCII} Other protocols: only {Hex}
Label Lists ('symbolic ID')	Label list (Protocol Translation Table) for I ² C, CAN and LIN can be loaded from file. Examples provided. (FW1.203)		
Other		For SPI, I ² C, CAN, LIN, no errors are shown in telegram or table. This is especially problematic because in identified cases, the instrument shows garbage data as if it were correct decoded data ¹⁰⁹	

⁹⁹ Descriptions in this table are based on the 'Bundle' protocols' (i.e., SPI, I²C, UART, CAN, LIN) and do not consider the optional protocols.

¹⁰⁰ Protocols that are either included with any device version, or bundled together with specific device offers.

¹⁰¹ Implemented without serial trigger function.

¹⁰² If a bidirectional bus is used (e.g. UART RX/TX or SPI MOSI/MISO), two bus decoders are occupied. S9.

¹⁰³ Not being able to decode from a math channel is a pity. Busses such as CAN or RS485 are differential, and the ability to use a math function to create a proper differential signal from two channels (allowing floating measurements) can prevent the purchase of a differential probe.

¹⁰⁴ This shows the actual logic levels that are input to the decoder and are useful for various reasons: (1) they tell whether the thresholds are well set, (2) they inform whether the sample rate is sufficient for the decode at stake, (3) they tell there are enough horizontal sample points (as some scope use decimation and thus use only 1 out of every N samples as input to the decoder), (4) they show you the bit levels also when you decide to turn the channel of to save screen estate (in the RTB, the serial decode can also work from a channel turned off).

¹⁰⁵ At first, it sounds nice that protocols settings (serial protocol type, channel selection, thresholds) can be copied to and from the trigger section. At second thought: why? In the other scopes, these settings are already automatically shared with the trigger section, and there is no need to go into this copy action at all. Having the possibility to have different settings in the decode section and in the trigger section can only lead to confusion.

¹⁰⁶ A track frame function makes the trace and telegram jump to the selected frame in the table. Note that this only works when acquisition is stopped.

¹⁰⁷ If a value is observed that does not correspond to a valid ASCII character, then the instrument shows the HEX value instead.

¹⁰⁸ ASCII characters other than regular characters are shown as, for instance, ♦ or □, effectively meaningless for decoding purposes.

¹⁰⁹ See <https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/siglent-sds2000x-plus-coming/3125/>

UART protocol decoding

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
	s15	s12	s15
Bus speed (baud rate)	Manual from 300b/s to 3Mb/s; 10 presets	Manual from 300b/s to 20Mb/s; 9 presets	100 bps to 8 Mbps 27 presets
Polarity	{Active High, Active Low} for Rx and Tx	Idle High, Idle Low	Idle High, Idle Low
Threshold	Auto determine, manual ¹¹⁰	Manual	Manual
Hysteresis for serial decode¹¹¹	Yes, for all analogue and digital channels, in channel menu. ¹¹² Vertical > Channel > Threshold > Hysteresis M64; Logic > Hysteresis M274		Perhaps ¹¹³
Data symbol size	{5 to 9 bit} Supports 9 th bit for addressing in RS485 and other schemes. ¹¹⁴	{5 to 8 bit} Does not supports 9 th bit for addressing in RS485 and other schemes. ¹⁰⁵	{5 to 9 bit} Supports 9 th bit for addressing in RS485 and other schemes. ¹⁰⁵
Parity	{none, even, odd}	{none, even, odd, mark, space}	{none, even, odd}
Stop bits	{1, 1.5 or 2}	{1, 1.5 or 2}	
Idle time for end-of-frame	78us to 53ms		
Bit order	[Always LSB first]	{LSB, MSB}	{LSB, MSB}
Max decoded frames	[not specified]	15,000	[not specified]
Columns shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	Frame, Start time, Source {RX, TX}, Data, Status ¹¹⁵ Several time settings ¹¹⁶	Time, Rx, Rx error, Tx, Tx error	Time, Rx [data], Tx [data], Errors. Several time settings ¹¹⁷
Error states, warnings or status shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start error (no start bit found) Stop error (no stop condition found) Parity error (transmission error) INSufficient¹¹⁸ (warning) Break condition found (warning) (a) (Column is rather small¹¹⁹) Additional options for observing UART errors available in SCPI for both frames (M497) and words (M497)	"Stop error" "Parity Error" "Over Length" (a)	"Parity error" "Unknown error" (a) M324
Content shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	Shows entire frame in a line (e.g., a full text string)	New line for every value /character in a frame	New line for every value /character in a frame
UART Trigger: Timing event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start bit Start of frame Break¹²⁰ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start bit Stop .. Tx, Rx 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start Stop .. Tx, Rx
UART Trigger: Symbol position	'Symbol <n>', where n is the signal position (offset) from 0 to 4k		
UART Trigger: Specific symbol	'Any symbol': A specific word content (where the word is 5 to 9 bits depending on protocol setting). Supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits	'Data' .. specific word between 00 and FF .. =, <, > .. Tx, Rx	'Data' .. specific word in HEX (00 and FF) or ASCII (scrolls through all ASCII values) .. =, <, > .. Tx, Rx
UART Trigger: Specific symbol and position	'Pattern': .. symbol offset position from 0 to 4k .. specific pattern of up to 32 bits. Supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits		
UART Trigger: Errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stop bit error Parity error (not available if protocol parity is set to 'none') 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [Parity] error M149, S12 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Parity error (not available if protocol parity is set to 'none')
Hold off	Can be used in combination with any of the above trigger functions		Can be used in combination with any of the above trigger functions
UART searching			
Other			UART bus statistics (Real-time totalizer) shows bus quality and efficiency. Shows frame count and error rates M323

¹¹⁰ For both analogue and digital channels, thresholds can be manually set and the threshold can be automatically determined.

¹¹¹ This is relevant if noise or imperfect digital signals cause oscillation across the threshold value and as a result hinder the decoder doing its work properly.

¹¹² While this setting is not in the digital decoder menu itself, tests have confirmed it indeed works for the serial decoder.

¹¹³ Not entirely clear. But since noise reject is available during serial decode trigger, and that function is described in the manual as "increases the trigger hysteresis", it might be.

Trigger > Menu. M122

¹¹⁴ The '9th bit' can be used in RS485 and other UART schemes to implement an addressing system. This 9th bit indicates whether the preceding 8-bits should be interpreted as 'address' or as 'data'. If the 9th bit is a '1', the preceding 8-bits should be interpreted as an 'address' byte. If the 9th bit is a '0', then the preceding 8-bits should be interpreted as a 'data' byte. See [here](#) and [here](#).

¹¹⁵ The status table can show errors (see next row) but also it can also show values [OK, Break].

¹¹⁶ Time can be selected to be relative to trigger or relative to previous frame. In the latter case, the column name changes to "time difference".

¹¹⁷ Time can be selected to be relative to trigger or relative to previous row in table.

¹¹⁸ INSufficient: the frame is not completely contained in the acquisition; but the acquired part of the frame is valid.

¹¹⁹ The width of the column showing errors can be small, especially for showing multiple errors (they are still shown but in shorted form (e.g., 'NACK+Fo' for NACK plus Form error). Occasionally, after you come back from a menu, making a small switch in time base (and back) makes the column somewhat wider.

¹²⁰ Triggers if a start bit is not followed by a stop bit, the data line remains at logic 0 for longer than a UART word.

(a) These error values are not documented but have been observed in practice. There might be others

I²C protocol decoding

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
		s12	 >Features >Serial, mode I2C, Addr Size, M287, S16
Supported I²C protocol speeds	High-speed, fast mode plus, fast mode, and standard mode. M229	[not specified]	[not specified]
Bus speed	up to 10 Mbps	[not specified]	Up to 3.4 Mbps S16
Threshold	Auto determine, manual ¹²¹	Manual	Manual
Hysteresis for serial decode¹²²	Yes, for all analogue and digital channels, in channel menu. ¹²³ Vertical > Channel > Threshold > Hysteresis M64; Logic > Hysteresis M274		
Treatment of R/W bit		Consider R/W bit as the 8 th bit in the address (instead of showing the 7 bit address value) M141	Consider R/W bit as the 8 th bit in the address (instead of showing the 7 bit address value) M292
Max decoded frames	[not specified]	2,000	[not specified]
Columns shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	Frame, Start time, Type, ID, Length, Data, State <small>Additional options for I2C errors available in SCPI (M484)</small>	Time, Address, R/W, Data	Time, Restart flag, Address (including R/W flag), Data, Missing Ack
Error states, warnings or status shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Address Error Data error Stop error INSufficient¹²⁴ (warning) Restart (status) OK (status) <p>(Acknowledgement bits after each data and address byte are shown in the telegram, not in the table¹²⁵) (column rather small¹²⁶) (a)</p>	No errors shown. ¹²⁷	Missing Ack. No other errors shown. M294
Other		Bus table has long data mode (can show long strings of texts) ¹²⁸ Analysis > Decode > Results List > Long Data	
I²C Trigger: Timing event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start Stop Restart (Repeated start condition) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start Stop Restart (Repeated start condition) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start Stop Restart ("triggers when another start condition occurs before a stop condition.")
I²C Trigger: No Ack.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No Ack (bytes with missing acknowledgement bit) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No Ack (bytes with missing acknowledgement bit) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missing Acknowledge Address with no Ack
I²C Trigger: Address and data	.. Slave address (7 bit, 10 bit) .. {Read, Write} .. Address (7 bits/HEX 00-7F or 10 bits/HEX 000-3FF) or "Any Address" .. Specified bit pattern, 1 to 3 bytes or 24 bits, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits .. A user Symbolic ID ¹²⁹ .. up to 4k offset	.. Slave address (7 bit, 10 bit) .. {Read, Write, Ether} .. Address (7 bits/HEX 00-7F or 10 bits/HEX 000-3FF). No wildcard .. Two specified data bytes in HEX (00-FF). Does not support other lengths than exactly two bytes, BIN or wildcards	For 7-bit address: .. {Read, Write} .. Address (7 bits/HEX 00-7F or 10 bits/HEX 000-3FF) or "Any Address" .. One or two specified data bytes in HEX (00-FF), or "any byte" Does not wildcards or BIN For 10-bit address .. {Write} no read .. Address (10 bits HEX 000-3FF) or "Any Address" .. One data bytes in HEX (00-FF), or "any byte" Does not wildcards or BIN
I²C Trigger: Data length		.. Slave address (7 bit, 10 bit) .. SDA Data length 1-12	
I²C Trigger: EEPROM		The trigger searches for EEPROM control byte value 1010xxx on the SDA bus. And there is a Read bit and an ACK bit behind EEPROM. See M136	The trigger looks for EEPROM control byte value 1010xxx on the SDA line, followed by a Read bit and an Ack bit. See M289
Hold off	Can be used in combination with any of the above trigger functions		Can be used in combination with any of the above trigger functions
I²C searching			

(a) These error values are not documented but have been observed in practice. There might be others

¹²¹ For both analogue and digital channels, thresholds can be manually set and the threshold can be automatically determined.

¹²² This is relevant if noise or imperfect digital signals cause oscillation across the threshold value and as a result hinder the decoder doing its work properly.

¹²³ While this setting is not in the digital decoder menu itself, tests have confirmed it indeed works for the serial decoder.

¹²⁴ INSufficient: the frame is not completely contained in the acquisition; but the acquired part of the frame is valid.

¹²⁵ Unlike the DSOX, the RTB shows full lines of data values instead of just a single value per line in the table; therefore it would be difficult to show acknowledgement data for each of the bytes in a table row.

¹²⁶ The width of the column showing errors can be small, especially for showing multiple errors (they are still shown but in shorted form (e.g., 'NACK+Fo' for NACK plus Form error)). Occasionally, after you come back from a menu, making a small switch in time base (and back) makes the column somewhat wider.

¹²⁷ There is no column to show errors, and also when there are known errors in the signal, none are shown.

¹²⁸ SPI, UART, CAN and LIN do not have such a function.

¹²⁹ If the user loaded a 'Label List' (see above), then the trigger menu allows to select the names in that list, like "Ignition" or "Valve".

SPI protocol decoding

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
	M222	s12, M142	M303, s15
Bus speed	up to 25 Mbps	[Not specified]	Up to 25 Mbps
Polarity for MOSI, MISO	Independent for MOSI, MISO	[¹³⁰]	No adjustable
Clock	{Rise, Fall}	{Rise, Fall}	{Rise, Fall}
Threshold	Auto determine, manual ¹³¹	Manual	Manual
Hysteresis for serial decode¹³²	Yes, for all analogue and digital channels, in channel menu. ¹³³ Vertical > Channel > Threshold > Hysteresis M64; Logic > Hysteresis M274		
Word size	1 to 32 bit	1 to 32 bit	4 to 16 bit
Bit order	{MSB, LSB}	{MSB, LSB}	{MSB, LSB}
Chip Select (CS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CS high • CS low • Idle time: 25.6ns to 53ms See also M277 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CS Active High • CS Active Low • CLK timeout: 100ns to 5ms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CS • Not CS • Clock timeout: 100ns to 10s
Max decoded frames	[not specified]	15,000	[not specified]
Columns shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	Frame, Start time, Source (MISO, MOSI), Length, Data, Status Several time settings ¹³⁴	Frame, Time, MISO [data], MOSI [data]	Time, MOSI [data], MISO [data]
Error states, warnings or status shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data error • INsufficient¹³⁵ (warning) (a) <p>Additional options for observing SPI errors available in SCPI (M476)</p>	No errors shown. ¹³⁶	Aliased data is shown in pink colour.
SPI Trigger: Timing event	.. selectable MISO or MOSI ¹³⁷ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Frame Start See also M27 • Frame End See also M27 		[Possible to trigger on frame start by using bit pattern triggering and set all bits to don't care]
SPI Trigger: Specific bit position withing frame	.. selectable MISO or MOSI Offset 0-32k		
SPI Trigger: Bit pattern	.. selectable MISO or MOSI .. Specified bit pattern, max 8 nibbles (each 4 bits) or 32 bits supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits .. up to 32k offset	.. selectable MISO or MOSI .. selectable ANY (at any position) or VALUE (offset position 0 to 64) Then.. (A) Specified bit pattern, between 4 bits and 96 bits. Value can be entered as bits or HEX, no wild cards OR (B) all bits zero (e.g., 0000), all bits one (e.g., 1111), or all bits don't care (e.g., xxxx)	.. selectable MISO or MOSI .. Specified bit pattern, between 4 bits and 64 bits. Supports wild cards. No HEX input.
SPI searching			

(a) These error values are not documented but have been observed in practice. There might be others

¹³⁰ The decode module has no polarity option, but the user can change invert the associated channel to achieve a polarity switch.

¹³¹ For both analogue and digital channels, thresholds can be manually set and the threshold can be automatically determined.

¹³² This is relevant if noise or imperfect digital signals cause oscillation across the threshold value and as a result hinder the decoder doing its work properly.

¹³³ While this setting is not in the digital decoder menu itself, tests have confirmed it indeed works for the serial decoder.

¹³⁴ Time can be selected to be relative to trigger or relative to previous frame. In the latter case, the column name changes to "time difference".

¹³⁵ INSufficient: the frame is not completely contained in the acquisition; but the acquired part of the frame is valid.

¹³⁶ There is no column to show errors, and also when there are known errors in the signal, none are shown.

¹³⁷ Via trigger > type > source.

CAN protocol decoding

	 RTB2000	 SDS 2000X+	 DSOX 1200
	M244-257	M151-154 (3.5 pages)	ANALYZE >Features >Serial, mode CAN. M277-285
Supported CAN protocols	CAN version 2.0A and 2.0B M245	[unspecified] ¹³⁸	CAN version 2.0A and 2.0B M279
Bus speed (baud rate)	manual from 100b/s to 2Mb/s; 10 presets	manual from 5kb/s to 1Mb/s ¹³⁹ ; 10 presets	Manual form 10 kb/s to 5Mb/s ¹⁴⁰ ; 15 presets
Polarity	{Active High, Active Low}	[¹⁴¹]	{CAN_H, CAN_L, Differential L-H, Differential H-L, Rx,Tx} M278-279
Threshold	Auto determine, manual ¹⁴²	Manual	Manual
Hysteresis for serial decode¹⁴³	Yes, for all analogue and digital channels, in channel menu. ¹⁴⁴ Vertical > Channel > Threshold > Hysteresis M64; Logic > Hysteresis M274		
Sample point¹⁴⁵	25 to 90%		7 presets (from 60% to 87.5%)
Max decoded frames	[not specified]	2,000	[not specified]
Columns shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	Frame, Start time, Frame type, ID, Data length (DLC), Data, CRC, State Several time settings ¹⁴⁶	CAN [Frame], time, Frame type, ID, Data length, CRC, Ack.	Time, ID, Type, Data length (DLC), Data, CRC, Errors Several time settings ¹⁴⁷
Errors, warnings or status shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NACK (Acknowledge is missing) • OVL (Overload frame) • Stuff (bit stuffing error) • CRC (Cyclic redundancy check failed) • Data error • Error-frame • Form error <p>(a) Can show multiple errors per packet (column rather small)¹⁴⁸ Additional options for observing CAN errors available in CAN searching (see below) and via SCPI (M506)</p>	Acknowledgement is confirmed (when they are lacking, sometimes there is a 'no' in the column, sometimes simply no value). But otherwise no errors shown. ¹⁴⁹ CRC values are shown without indicating they are erroneous.	Acknowledge [missing] (Ack, A), Form [error] (Fo) Frame [error] (Fr) Can show multiple errors per packet. Telegram (but not lister) can also show THM ¹⁵⁰ error. M284
CAN Trigger: Timing event	Start of frame End of frame	Start (of frame)	SOF - Start of Frame
CAN Trigger: frame type	combination of .. FRAME TYPE {'Data', 'Remote', 'Data or Remote', 'Error', 'Overload'} .. ID TYPE {'11bit', '29bit', 'any'}		[Could be created by CAN Trigger Identifier and wildcards for full address]
CAN Trigger: Identifier	combination of .. FRAME TYPE {'Data', 'Remote', 'Either'} .. ID TYPE {'11bit', '29bit'} .. Specific identifier for the 11 or 29 bits ID in HEX or in BIN, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits .. Compare ID (> = ≠) .. A user Symbolic ID ¹⁵¹	combination of ¹⁵² .. FRAME TYPE {'Data', 'Remote'}, not either .. ID TYPE {'11bit', '29bit'} .. Specific identifier for the 11 or 29 bits in HEX or BIN, does not support wildcards	combination of .. FRAME TYPE {'Data', 'Remote', 'Either'} .. ID TYPE {'11bit', '29bit'} .. Specific identifier for the 11 or 29 bits in HEX or BIN, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits
CAN Trigger: ID & Data pattern	Options as for ID above, combined with a data pattern up to 8 bytes / 32 bits, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits Must know data length ¹⁵³ .. Compare data (= ≠)	Options as for ID above, combined with a data pattern of up to 16 bits, does not support wildcards. Cannot specify frame type (data or remote).	Options as for Remote Frame ID above, a data pattern up to 32 bits, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits. Cannot use data filter for remote frames

¹³⁸ From testing I infer that both CAN version 2.0A and 2.0B are supported.

¹³⁹ Specifications (p12_ are somewhat confusing: "Nominal Baud Rate: 10 kbps, 25 kbps, 50 kbps, 100 kbps, 250 kbps, 1 Mbps, custom" and "Data baud rate: 500 kbps, 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 5 Mbps, 8 Mbps, 10 Mbps, custom". But on the device, the maximum selectable speed is 1Mbps/s so I used this value in the table.

¹⁴⁰ Fractional user-defined baud rates between 4 Mb/s and 5 Mb/s are not allowed.

¹⁴¹ The CAN bus setting have no polarity option, but the user can change invert the associated channel to achieve a polarity switch.

¹⁴² For both analogue and digital channels, thresholds can be manually set and the threshold can be automatically determined.

¹⁴³ This is relevant if noise or imperfect digital signals cause oscillation across the threshold value and as a result hinder the decoder doing its work properly.

¹⁴⁴ While this setting is not in the digital decoder menu itself, tests have confirmed it indeed works for the serial decoder.

¹⁴⁵ Position of the sample point within the bit, in percent of the horizontal bit time.

¹⁴⁶ Time can be selected to be relative to trigger or relative to previous frame. In the latter case, the column name changes to "time difference".

¹⁴⁷ Time can be selected to be relative to trigger or relative to previous row in table.

¹⁴⁸ The width of the column showing errors can be small, especially for showing multiple errors (they are still shown but in shorted form (e.g., 'NACK+Fo' for NACK plus Form error). Occasionally, after you come back from a menu, making a small switch in time base (and back) makes the column somewhat wider.

¹⁴⁹ There is no column to show errors, and also when there are known errors in the signal, none are shown.

¹⁵⁰ THM: If the header exceeds the length specified in the standard.

¹⁵¹ If the user loaded a 'Label List' (see above), then the trigger menu allows to select the names in that list, like "Ignition" or "Valve".

¹⁵² There is also a "Curr ID Byte" setting but this is not additional selection criteria but determines the byte changed by the rotary control (if you do not want the direct entry mode).

¹⁵³ While the wildcards are very flexible, there is one thing to be aware: you do need to set the number of bytes to the actual message length. So, finding any message where the first byte is "0xAF" is not possible. You need to know that message is, say, 1, 2 or 5 bytes and set that; even if you can set the other bytes to wildcards ('0XX') and can set even the full message ID to wildcards, you do need to know the number of bytes. A quick workaround is to set up the data pattern you look for, select the date [length] field, and then turn that slowly up from 1 to 8 bytes. While doing so, watch the trigger light on the front panel, the moment it goes on, you found the data length for which such a message exists. A workaround, but not perfect.

CAN Trigger: Message length	Possible by 'ID & Data pattern', set both message ID and all data to wildcard (XX) and select the message length in bytes.	check	check
CAN Trigger: Error	Selectable error type: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 'Stuff bit',• 'Form',• 'Acknowledge',• 'CRC' <p>Any combination of these errors can be selected. (See also the two <i>error frame types</i> above)</p>	Yes, [but error type not specified or selectable] ¹⁵⁴	Selectable error type: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 'Error Frame',• 'All Errors',• 'Acknowledge Error',• 'Overload Frame' <p>No combination of errors possible</p>
CAN searching	(continued on next page)		
CAN searching ¹⁵⁵	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Search Frame Start of frame End of frame Overload Error (frame) Data ID 11 bit Data ID 29 bit Remote ID 11 bit • Search Identifier Same settings as Identifier at trigger section • Search ID & data Same settings as Identifier & data at trigger section <small>Also here must know data length¹⁵⁶</small> • Search Error { Stuffbit, Form , Acknowledge , CRC } Any combination of these errors can be selected. In a bus table, each error is then identified by type. • Search ID & error Combines the settings as Identifier at trigger section with the settings at Error , above. 		
Other			CAN bus statistics (Real-time totalizer) shows bus quality and efficiency. Shows total CAN frames, flagged error frames, overload frames, and bus utilization

¹⁵⁴ Manual only notes "Error—The oscilloscope triggers on the error frame." M152. It's surprising that in LIN mode several error types can be selected but in CAN mode this is not the case.

¹⁵⁵ In contrast to trigger, search can identify/show all events that meet the set criteria.

¹⁵⁶ While the wildcards are very flexible, there is one thing to be aware: you do need to set the number of bytes to the actual message length. So, finding *any* message where the first byte is "0xAF" is not possible. You need to know that message is, say, 1, 2 or 5 bytes and set that; even if you can set the other bytes to wildcards ('0XX') and can set even the full message ID to wildcards, you do need to know the number of bytes. A quick workaround is to set up the data pattern you look for, select the data [length] field, and then turn that slowly up from 1 to 8 bytes. While doing so, watch the trigger light on the front panel, the moment it goes on, you found the data length for which such a message exists. A workaround, but not perfect.

LIN protocol decoding

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Supported LIN protocol versions	v1.3, v2.0, V2.1, SAE J602 Manual selection or auto recognition (allows mixed traffic) <small>S16 S269</small>	v1.3, v2.0 <small>S13</small> Auto recognition (allows mixed traffic)	v1.3, v2.x Only manual setting. Mixed traffic not supported.
Bus speed (baud rate)	6 presets ¹⁵⁷ ; User defined from 1 kbps to 2.5 Mbps <small>s16</small>	6 presents; User defined from 300 bps to 20 Mbps <small>s16</small>	6 presents; User defined from 2.4 kbps to 625kb/s
Polarity [in protocol menu]	Active high, Active low	No setting, device expects idle <i>low</i> . [if required change polarity in channel menu] When polarity is wrong, the SDS shows a completely wrong decoded signal as if it's a correct decode!	No setting, device expects idle <i>high</i> . [if required change polarity in channel menu]
Threshold	Auto determine, manual ¹⁵⁸	Manual	Manual
Hysteresis for serial decode¹⁵⁹	Yes, for all analogue and digital channels, in channel menu. ¹⁶⁰ Vertical > Channel > Threshold > Hysteresis M64; Logic > Hysteresis M274		
Sample point¹⁶¹			7 presents from 60% to 87.5%
Sync break lengths			Sync break {>=11, >=12, >=13 clocks} ANALYZE >Features >Serial, mode LIN. > Signals... M285
Max decoded frames	[not specified]	3,000	[not specified]
Columns shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	Frame, Start time, ID, Length, Data, Checksum, State Several time settings ¹⁶²	Frame, Time, ID, Data length, ID Parity, Data, Checksum	Time, ID (problem ¹⁶³), Data, Checksum, Error ¹⁶⁴ Several time settings ¹⁶⁵
Error states shown in Bus Table / Bus Display / Lister	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sync Parity error Data error Checksum error Wakeup frame (status) <p>Can show multiple errors per packet (column rather small¹⁶⁶)</p> <p>Additional options for observing LIN errors available in LIN searching (see below) and via SCPI (M521)</p>	No errors shown. ¹⁶⁷ Checksum values are shown without indicating they are erroneous.	Parity [error] Checksum [error] (a) Can show multiple errors per packet
LIN Trigger: Timing event	Start of frame (sync break) Wakeup frame	Start of frame (break)	Start of frame (sync break)
LIN Trigger: Identifier	.. Specific identifier for the ID in HEX (00-3F) or in BIN (000000 to 111111), supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits .. Compare (> < = ≠) ¹⁶⁸ .. A user Symbolic ID ¹⁶⁹	Specific identifier for the ID in HEX (00-3F), does not support BIN or wildcards	Specific identifier for the ID in HEX (00-3F), does not support BIN or wildcards
LIN Trigger: ID & Data pattern	.. Options as for ID above, combined with a data pattern up to 8 bytes / 32 bits, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits .. Compare (> < = ≠) ¹⁷⁰	.. Options as for ID above, combined with two specified data bytes in HEX (00-FF). Does not support other lengths than exactly two bytes, BIN or wildcards	Options as for ID above, combined with a data pattern up to 8 bytes / 32 bits, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits
LIN Trigger: Error	Selectable error types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Checksum Parity Synchronisation Any combination of these errors can be selected.	Selectable error types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Checksum Parity ('Header Parity') Synchronisation ('Sync Byte') Any combination of these errors can be selected. Checksum error option only available if one also specifies specific message ID, LIN version, and first data byte.	Selectable error types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Checksum Parity No combination of errors possible

¹⁵⁷ Presets including 10.417 bps, the maximum SAE J602 speed.

¹⁵⁸ For both analogue and digital channels, thresholds can be manually set and the threshold can be automatically determined.

¹⁵⁹ This is relevant if noise or imperfect digital signals cause oscillation across the threshold value and as a result hinder the decoder doing its work properly.

¹⁶⁰ While this setting is not in the digital decoder menu itself, tests have confirmed it indeed works for the serial decoder.

¹⁶¹ Position of the sample point within the bit, in percent of the horizontal bit time.

¹⁶² Time can be selected to be relative to trigger or relative to previous frame. In the latter case, the column name changes to "time difference".

¹⁶³ Then protocol option 'show parity' is selected, the ID value is made to include the parity but the column still simply says 'ID' which is very confusing.

¹⁶⁴ Table based on the actual device screen. Manual says "Frame ID, Data, Checksum, Errors" and also notes that LIN1.3 and 2.0 slightly different table formats. M302

¹⁶⁵ Time can be selected to be relative to trigger or relative to previous row in table.

¹⁶⁶ The width of the column showing errors can be small, especially for showing multiple errors (they are still shown but in shorted form (e.g., 'NACK+Fo' for NACK plus Form error). Occasionally, after you come back from a menu, making a small switch in time base (and back) makes the column somewhat wider.

¹⁶⁷ There is no column to show errors, and also when there are known errors in the signal, none are shown.

¹⁶⁸ If a wildcard is used, only {=} – which is of course logical...

¹⁶⁹ If the user loaded a 'Label List' (see above), then the trigger menu allows to select the names in that list, like "Ignition" or "Valve".

¹⁷⁰ If a wildcard is used, only {=} – which is of course logical...

LIN searching	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Search Frame <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start of frame Wakeup ● Search Error <ul style="list-style-type: none"> {'Checksum', 'Parity', 'Synchronisation'}. Any combination of these errors can be selected. In a bus table, each error is then identified by type. ● Search ID <ul style="list-style-type: none"> .. Specific identifier for the ID in HEX (00-3F) or in BIN (000000 to 111111), supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits .. Compare ($> < = \neq$)¹⁷¹ .. A user Symbolic ID¹⁷² ● Search ID and data <ul style="list-style-type: none"> .. Options as for Search ID above, combined with a data pattern up to 8 bytes / 32 bits, supports wildcards ('don't care') for individual bits and for HEX digits .. Compare ($> < = \neq$)¹⁷³ ● Search ID and data <ul style="list-style-type: none"> .. Options as for Search ID above combined with Search Error above. 		
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(a) These error values are not documented but have been observed in practice. There might be others

¹⁷¹ If a wildcard is used, only {=} – which is of course logical...

¹⁷² If the user loaded a 'Label List' (see above), then the trigger menu allows to select the names in that list, like "Ignition" or "Valve".

¹⁷³ If a wildcard is used, only {=} – which is of course logical...

Parallel bus decode

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in Protocol PROTOCOL	All settings: select digital channels, then Bus	Analysis > Features > Analog Bus ('ABUS') <i>Uses the analogue channels, with individual threshold</i>
Busses, word size	2 bus, 1-16 bit	2 bus, 1-16 bit	1 bus, 1-4 bit
Base display format	{Bin, Dec, Oct, Hex, ASCII}	{Bin, Dec, Unsigned Dec, Hex}	{Hex, Bin}
Screen position	Flex position & height	Flex position	Fixed
Support for clocked busses	Yes. Bus word size up to 15 bit (leaving 1 bit for CLK) or up to 14 bit (leaving 2 bits for CLK and CS ¹⁷⁴)		
Routing support for busses	Allows flexible routing of each of the 16 digital channels	Allows flexible routing of each of the 16 digital channels	
Height of bus display	Flexible (from 1 to 13 characters vertically)	Fixed (1 character vertically)	
Maximum number of values than can be shown horizontally¹⁷⁵	48 for 2 char HEX (0 thru FF) 48 for 3 char DEC (0 thru 255) 48 for 5 char DEC (0 thru 65,535) 14 for 16 char BIN (0 thru	19 for 2 char HEX (0 thru FF) 19 for 3 char DEC (0 thru 255) 19 for 5 char DEC (0 thru 65,535) 5 for 16 char BIN (0 thru	
Number of lines shown simultaneous in tabular form ('table', 'lister')	20 lines shown (scroll option to see more) Lines show frame#, timing (abs or rel), and up to 16 char value		
Bus labels (repeated from above)	Yes		

Analyses

Mask (TBA)

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in APP > Mask App > Mask	All settings in Analysis > Mask	TBA
Mask	See page8 secs	Yes (80,000 Pass / Fail decisions each second.) on BNC	TBA
BNC pulse out (For pulse amplitude and see IO/connections, above)	BNC pulse out ("AUX", front side) Pulse on check Mask > Actions. M154 Output settings AUX connector: Setup > Aux out. M27,177/178 Mask > Actions. M 154	BNC pulse out ("Auxiliary Out") Pulse on {Pass, Fail} see above (Output of Auxiliary Out connector is Trigger, except when Mask analysis is activated)	TBA
Actions on mask (other than BNC Pulse out)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound • Stop acquisition • Screenshot • Save waveform Mask > Actions. M154	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sound ('beep') • Stop acquisition ('Stop on Fail') • Screenshot ('Capture on fail') • Failure to history (The above are not mutually exclusive operations, i.e., you can combine them.) TBA	TBA
		Advanced polynom graphic mask editor	
1 minute mask test with 50kHz signal with one glitch per second present¹⁷⁶	9 mask fails	1 mask fail (one occurred at 2:29 minutes) <i>This result is probably not valid because trigger was not running well -</i>	41 mask fails

¹⁷⁴ CS = Chip Select.

¹⁷⁵ For this test an 8 bit bus is configured, so values can vary from 0 to 127 (3 three digits). For a 16 bit bus (values 0 thru 65,535) the results are the same.

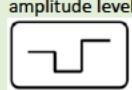
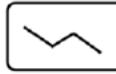
¹⁷⁶ Same as previous footnote. For SDS Seq. Acq Mode off (that mode cannot be activated in mask mode).

In this test, a 50 kHz clock is input to the instrument with an infrequent glitch (1 glitch per 50,000 clocks, so one per second). Using the most favorable setting on the instrument, I closely watched the displayed waveform and counted how often I could see a glitch in a one-minute observation time. All scopes 10us/div. RTB: Record Length 10 kSa/s. SDS: Record length 20k (= smallest value available); Seq. Acq Mode off (with that mode on I observe no glitches at all in one minute). DSOX in default length (cannot be selected)

10 minutes mask test run, 50kHz signal with one glitch per second present ¹⁷⁷	257k evaluated 34 failed Failure rate 0.013%	73k evaluated 8 failed Failure rate 0.011%	3.9 million evaluated 390 failures Failure rate 0.010%

¹⁷⁷ Same as in previous footnote. For SDS Seq. Acq Mode off (that mode cannot be activated in mask mode). In this test, a 50 kHz clock is input to the instrument with an infrequent glitch (1 glitch per 50,000 clocks, so one per second). Using the most favorable setting on the instrument, I closely watched the displayed waveform and counted how often I could see a glitch in a one-minute observation time. All scopes 10us/div. RTB: Record Length 10 kSa/s. SDS: Record length 20k (= smallest value available); Seq. Acq Mode off (with that mode on I observe no glitches at all in one minute). DSOX in default length (cannot be selected)

Bode plots (Frequency Response Analysis)

		RTB2000	SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	KEYSIGHT ISOX 1200
General	Location on instrument	All settings in API > Bode App > Bode Available since FW02.202	All settings in Analysis > Bode	ANALYZE > Features > Frequency Response Analysis
	Bode measurements	Gain & phase	Gain & phase	Gain & phase
	Simultaneous DUT outputs measured	One	Three	One
	Selectable channels for DUT in and out (Analog)	4A	4A	4A
Sweep	Signal source	Internal wave generator	Internal wave generator or an external (compatible) Siglent SDG series signal generator via LAN or USB	Internal wave generator
	Frequency range	10 Hz to 25 MHz S17	Specs: 10 Hz to 120 MHz S14 But in my unit, it never works >50MHz However, when connected to an external WG I can confirm sweeps up to 120MHz	10 Hz to 20 MHz S17 'Fine', 'Normal' or 'Decade', allowing for convenient changes
	Sweep modes	Single or repeated	Singe (FW 1.3.9R4) or repeated ('continuous')	Single only
	Max. measurement points for a sweep	2500 Pts. (e.g., 5 decades, 500 Pts/dec)	500 Pts. ¹⁷⁸	1000 Pts.
	Time required for 100-point sweep from 100 to 999Hz	16 sec	1 DUT outputs: 3 min 22 dec 2 DUT outputs: 4 min 37 sec 3 DUT outputs: 5 min 56 sec	57 sec
	Time required for 100-point sweep from 10MHz to 20MHz	17 sec	1 DUT outputs: 19 sec 2 DUT outputs: 26 sec 3 DUT outputs: 51 sec	8 sec
	Insert measurement delay between points ¹⁷⁹	10ms to 10s		
DUT in	DUT input amplitude levels	20 mV to 5 V into high Z 10 mV to 2.5 V into 50 Ω S17	Not specified in data sheet or manual. On device, the maximum setting is 24Vpp, but this seems to conflict with function gen specs, see above. Measuring at this maximum setting with a separate scope I see 6Vpp.	1 mVpp to 9 Vpp into 50-Ω S17
	Input load of DUT ¹⁸⁰	50Ω or Hi-Z	Fully variable in 1Ω steps from 50Ω to infinity (Hi-Z)	50Ω or Hi-Z
	Amplitude zones profile (e.g., for testing sensitive circuits and/or high dynamic range)	Up to 16 zones with individual amplitude level 	Up to 10 points with individual amplitude level, interpolation in between. Four curves can be stored. Feature is called vari-level. 	
DUT OUT	Vertical channel gain (of analogue input channel)	Automatic	Automatic or Hold ¹⁸¹	[Automatic ¹⁸²]
Scales	Horizontal scale (frequency) mode	Logarithmic (only)	Logarithmic mode ('Decade'): frequencies entered as start and stop Linear mode: frequencies entered as centre and span	Logarithmic (only)
	Horizontal scale (frequency) plot area	Range of plot can be changed without performing new measurement both using horizontal pos/scale rotaries and pinch	Range of plot tied to original sweep settings	Range of plot can be changed without performing new measurement (via menu)

¹⁷⁸ 500 points in linear mode. When it logarithmic (decade) mode, the points are distributed over de decades. For instance for a 10Hz to 20MHz swite, covering 6 decades, there are maximum 79 points per decade (so

¹⁷⁹ A measurement delay is useful for DUTs that need time to adapt to a new frequency, for instance filters with considerable time group delays.

¹⁸⁰ The output of the scope's waveform generators is always 50Ω. Yet, this function allows the Bode function to properly predict the actual input voltage of the DUT and therefore properly determine the gain.

¹⁸¹ "Channel gain. When it is set to Auto, the oscilloscope will automatically adapt the vertical scale according to the signal amplitude. When it is set to Hold, it will always keep the currently selected vertical scale. If signals overload the selected range in Hold mode, the data may not accurately represent the physical test." M293

¹⁸² Not specified, and even though I cannot see channel settings reflected on the screen when bode plots are performed, the device initially shows clipped waveforms which suggests it is adapting the channel gains to find the optimum points.

	Vertical scale (gain/amplitude)	<p>Gain, value shown in dB, logarithmic scale only</p> <p>Scale can be set in 0.11 dB steps (<1dB) or 1dB steps. Offset can be set in 0.1 DIV.</p> <p>Scale and offset via regular channel rotary controls</p>	<p>Gain mode ('Vout/vin mode') : supports both logarithmic display (value shown in dB) and linear display (value shown as ratio). M296</p> <p>Amplitude mode ('Vout mode'¹⁸³) : value shown as {Vpp, Vrms, dBV, dBu, dBm, Arbitrary dB} M296</p> <p>Scale can only be set in 1-2-5 steps, so a 3dB or 6dB scale is impossible.</p> <p>Offset (reference level) can be set in 0.04dB (!!) steps</p>	<p>Gain, value shown in dB, logarithmic scale only</p> <p>Scale can be set in 1 dB steps Offset can be set in 1 dB steps</p>
	Vertical scale (phase)	<p>Phase shown in degrees</p> <p>Scale can be set in 1° steps Offset can be set in 0.1 DIV.</p>	<p>Phase shown in degrees or rad M297</p> <p>Scale can be set to 1-2-5-10-15-20-25-30-45-50-60-90 degrees (or 8 specified steps in RAD)</p> <p>Offset can be set in 1°steps (but often unresponsive)</p>	<p>Phase shown in degrees</p> <p>Scale can be set in 1° steps Offset can be set in 1°steps</p>
	Auto or manual scale	Auto-scale and manual scaling and positioning	Autoset available for gain, phase and both. M296 Does not always work well. ¹⁸⁴	Auto-scaled during test with user-defined scaling after test
Display / other	Individual on/off for gain, phase	Yes	Yes (for each of the individual channels) Trace Visibility M298	Yes
	Display measurement points	Yes		
	Waveform view	Yes		Yes
	Table view	Yes	Yes	
	Screenshot –wave area		Yes (limited resolution ¹⁸⁵) (only in non-operation mode ¹⁸⁶)	
	Measurement results		5 measure modes (Upper cutoff frequency, Lower cutoff frequency, Bandwidth, Gain margin, Phase margin) Work best after single shot is finished	
	Cursors/markers	X-type dual pair of cursors that track gain and phase, including Δ between the pair.	X-type dual pair of cursors that track gain and phase, including Δ between the pair. In the graph, there is no indication which marker is which ¹⁸⁷ Y-type pair of non-tracking cursor (basically movable lines)	X-type single cursor that track gain and phase. S17
	Graph formatting	Clear but less suitable to copy into documentation	Good looking, suitable to be copied into documentation. Trace colour for DUT1 is almost impossible to see on screenshots ¹⁸⁸ (better to use DUT2 instead)	Very good looking, suitable to be copied into documentation
	Graph formatting for use in documentation	Graph export only via screenshot. ¹⁸⁹ Inverted mode (graph on white background) available, can increase readability/usability. Colors (blue for gain, orange for phase) cannot be changed but can be well read from screenshot.	Graph export only via screenshot. ¹⁹⁰ Inverted mode unavailable ¹⁹⁰ . Colours cannot be changed: colours for DUT1 very hard to see in screenshot; when using only one DUT its better to use DUT2 instead.	Graph export only via screenshot. ¹⁹⁰
Save and recall		Save (CSV)	Save (CSV) as well as recall M300	Save (CSV)

¹⁸³ Here, Vout is from the perspective of the DUT, not the scope! SO it's the signal at the output of the DUT.

¹⁸⁴ Several times, the autoset feature pushed the trace out of the viewable picture.

¹⁸⁵ Unfortunately, the resolution of the resulting graph (695 x 425 pixels) is not any higher than you would get when taking a regular screenshot of the instrument's screen and crop it.

¹⁸⁶ 'Operation' must be turned off to see this option. In continuous mode, the option is never available.

¹⁸⁷ Both markers have vertical lines. The one being actively edited is like a almost continuous line, the ones not being edited are dashed lines. But there is no indication in the graph itself which marker (line) is for X1 and which is for X2. You can try to find out looking at the measurement values associated with these markers, though.

¹⁸⁸ The screenshot options such as reverse color etc. are not available when the device is in Bode Analysis mode.

¹⁸⁹ Measurement data can be saved as CVS so one can also make a graph from that on a PC, but that is much more work.

¹⁹⁰ This mode is available in normal scope modes but not when in Bode Analysis mode.

FFT

		RTB2000	SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument		APP > FFT or App > FFT	Analysis > Mask	FFT or MATH > Source > FRA
Implementation		Separate to math (so comes in addition to 5 math channels). Own front panel button	As a math channels (takes one of the two math channels)	A bit in-between a math channel and a separate functionality. ¹⁹¹ Own FFT front panel but operation inconsistent with Math route. ¹⁹²
Source (Analog, Math, Ref)		4A, 5M, 4R ¹⁹³	4A, (2-1)M ¹⁹⁴	4A, M ¹⁹¹
Number of FFT points		128k (B, p.3) points, not selectable. ¹⁹⁵	2M points, selectable see this	64k points, not selectable
FFT modes		Amplitude	Amplitude	Amplitude, phase
Windows		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rectangle (=uniform) • Hanning • Hamming • Blackman (Harris) • Flattop 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rectangle (=uniform) • Hanning • Hamming • Blackman (Harris) • Flattop 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rectangle (=uniform) • Hanning • Blackman-Harris • Flattop
Waveform arithmetic		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spectrum (=normal) • Min. Hold (+reset) • Max. Hold (+reset) • Average (2 to 1024) (+reset) <p>All the above can be shown at the same time.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal • Max-Hold (+reset¹⁹⁶) • Average (4 to 1024) (+reset¹⁹⁶) <p>Only one can be selected at any time</p>	• Normal
Vertical scales	Logarithmic	dBm ($50\Omega^{197}$) dBV [rms] FW02.30 (no A ¹⁹⁸) dB μ V [rms] FW02.30 (no A ¹⁹⁸)	dBm (1Ω to $1M\Omega$, not int. ¹⁹⁹) dBVRms / dbArms	dBV (no A ¹⁹⁸) [dBm scale missing ²⁰⁰]
	Linear	Veff (RMS) (no A ¹⁹⁸)	Vrms / Arms	V RMS (linear) (no A ¹⁹⁸) Degrees/Rad (for phase FFT)
Screen organisation for time and frequency domain graphs		Exclusive Split (shows also gate time)	Exclusive Split Overlay (full screen)	Exclusive ²⁰¹ Overlay (full screen)
Resolution bandwidth (RBW)		Can be selected as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatically (allows manual control of time gate) • Manual (time gate is automatically set) Not via dial ²⁰²	Is the result of other settings (so automatic), shown in little information window on screen	Is the result of other settings (so automatic), shown on screen
FFT horizontal controls	H center	PHYSICAL via horizontal position rotary dial or via screen shortcut ²⁰³ Drag and pinch on touchscreen	Via submenu (Center) Drag and pinch on touchscreen	PHYSICAL: horizontal scale rotary dial changes both span and center frequency for optimum viewing of the full spectrum ^{M71} (but only in when no overlay time trace shown) Center and span separately via submenu, span steps are very coarse ²⁰⁴ With many other changes (e.g., choosing different source), centre and span settings are lost Turning direction not intuitive ²⁰⁵
	H span	PHYSICAL via horizontal scale rotary dial via screen shortcut ²⁰³	Via submenu (Span) Drag and pinch on touchscreen	
	Start / stop frequency ²⁰⁶	Via screen shortcut ²⁰³	Via submenu	

¹⁹¹ The FFT function can be selected as if it were a regular math channel. But then, there is an option to select arithmetic operation g(t) as a source, effectively create a second math channel (the DSOX normally only has one). See M67, M70. The procedure is not intuitive though and only works if FFT is done via the math module (not the FFT button on the font panel). (1) Push MATH, push FUNCTION soft button until you see g(t). Then set the operator, sources, etc. (2), push FUNCTION soft button until you see f(t). Operator should be set to FFT. Then select 'More' and set the FFT parameters.

¹⁹² When FFT is initiated with its own front panel button, the functions seem to be similar to when initiated via a math channel, but the menu structure is different.

¹⁹³ Allows a user to save an FFT waveform and open/analyze it later with the FFT function.

¹⁹⁴ In the SDS, FFT is implemented as one of the Math functions. There are two math functions, and if one of them is FFT, only the other (hence 2-1) math function can be selected.

¹⁹⁵ "If you are trying to look at low frequency signals the RTB insists on filling the entire 128K FFT memory before computing it, which takes an awful long time." [Source](#). For FW 2.40, R&S reported "Increased FFT waveform update rate for low start frequencies and activated 'Automatic RBW'."

¹⁹⁶ To reset either max hold or average, press the 'Clear Sweeps' button on the front panel to clear the max- hold waveform. For average (bit not max hold) reset is also possible via the dialogue box on the screen.

¹⁹⁷ The dBm measurement assumes that there is an (external) 50Ω termination.

¹⁹⁸ Even if channel is set to current (A), the scale indication in FFT mode does not switch to dBA.

¹⁹⁹ The dBm measurement assumes an external load, which can be set to any value other value between 1Ω and $1M\Omega$. If the internal 50Ω channel impedance is selected, the FFT function does not adapt to that load.

²⁰⁰ The manual states "dBV (when channel is set to $1M\Omega$)" and "dBm (when channel is set to 50Ω)" But the DSOX does not support 50Ω for channel impedance and indeed it seems impossible to select dBm at all.

²⁰¹ By turning the analogue channel off.

²⁰² This is one of the very few RTB parameters than can only be set via the numerical keypad and not via a physical dial.

²⁰³ Screen shortcut is a box that is always visible on the screen when in FFT mode, regardless of (sub)menu settings.

²⁰⁴ For instance, when center is set to 1.5MHz, span can be set to 1MHz or 2MHz, but not 1.5MHz (which would be required to see the range from 0 to 3 GHz).

²⁰⁵ One needs to turn anti-clockwise to increase frequency for the center and span parameters.

²⁰⁶ As alternative for center/spam selection.

FFT vertical controls	V position (=offset = ref. level)	PHYSICAL via channel position rotary dial (position) ²⁰⁷	Via submenu (Ref Level) Drag and pinch on touchscreen	PHYSICAL via dedicated math position rotary dial (offset)
	V scale	PHYSICAL via channel scale rotary dial control (steps: 1 thru 9 and 10 thru 40 dB/DIV) ²⁰⁷	Via submenu (Scale) Drag and pinch on touchscreen	PHYSICAL via dedicated math scale rotary dial controls FFT scale (steps: 1-2-5-10-20-50-100dB/DIV)
Zoom		Possible via drawing a rectangle via the finger. But no way to return to previous screen	Yes, second zoomed waveform is shown in lower part when in split mode	Yes, well implemented using split window
Auto setup		When FFT activate, an appropriate time base and time gate is set automatically. (Shown in time domain screen)		Auto Setup ²⁰⁸
Cursors		Same cursor functionality as in time mode (where cursor can be set to math). Tracking can be selected for average, top, min or average. (See also at Peaks, below)	Same cursor functionality as in time mode (where cursor must be set to math channel used for FFT, like F2). Tracking/values only for max.	Same cursor functionality as in time mode (where cursor can be set to math ²⁰⁹)
Tools	Peaks	Two tracking cursors (V-marker) can each be moved to next or previous peak (FW2.0)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to 10 peaks shown in graph Automatic peak search Can sort on amplitude (not working) or frequency Search threshold and search excursion can be set Optional table which can be sorted by frequency or peak. Frequency can be switched on/off in table 	
	Markers		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can be placed (a) manual, (b) on peaks or (c) on harmonics If set on peaks, search threshold and excursion can be set Optional table. Frequency and delta can be switched on/off in table. 	
Display of vertical and horizontal values on the axes		Shown in clear format (like '12.6 dB' or '350 MHz')	Shown but not so clear format ('20.000dBv' or '20.1542kHz')	No values shown on the axis. Parameters (scale, offset, center span) sometimes shown, depending on selected menu, but user needs to count divisions. ²¹⁰
Create reference waveform		Yes (via Reference -> Source). Can select any of the waveform arithmetic (spectrum, min hold, max hold, average)	Yes (via Reference -> Source). (Where source must be set to math channel used for FFT, like F2).	
Save FFT result		CSV file. Can save values for all waveform arithmetic (spectrum, min hold, max hold, average) in the same file (all visible FFT waveforms)	Since 1.3.9R4. CSV file. Via Save > CSV -> Source: F1 (or F2). For each frequency, file contains values for 'Real part', 'Imaginary part', 'Magnitude', 'Angle'. Not documented.	
Tips and tricks		With Hi-Res mode (acquisition menu) the FFT noise floor goes substantially down	With 10-bit mode (acquire menu) the FFT noise floor goes down Higher memory depth (e.g., 100M) gives better FFT results	

²⁰⁷ This is one of the very few values on the RTB than cannot be (also) set via a menu and the numerical pad.

²⁰⁸ Manual p 58: "sets the frequency Span and Center to values that will cause the entire available spectrum to be displayed. The maximum available frequency is half the FFT sample rate, which is a function of the time per division setting. The FFT resolution is the quotient of the sampling rate and the number of FFT points (fS/N). The current FFT Resolution is displayed."

²⁰⁹ CURSORS -> Source -> toMath N.

²¹⁰ When all submenus disabled, the parameters scale, offset, center and span are shown in right side of screen. In FFT submenu, only the parameters scale and offset are shown. Unless when you are in the specific sub-submenu where center and span are set.

Power Analysis (TBA)

		 SIGLENT	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES
Location on instrument		All settings in Analysis > Power Analysis	
		Power quality, Current Harmonics, Inrush current, Switching loss, Slew rate, Modulation, Output ripple, Turn on/turn off, Transient response, PSRR, Efficiency	

Signal generators

Function generator (except ARB)

	 RTB2000	 SDS 2000X+	 DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in Gen GEN	All settings in Utility > AWG Menu AWG	[WAVE GEN]
Resolution, sample rate	14 bit, 250 MSa/s	14 bit, 125 MSa/s	[Not specified]
Output definition ²¹¹	High-Z, 50Ω	High-Z, 50Ω	High-Z, 50Ω
Max amplitude (PP) 1MHz sine into open circuit	5Vpp	6Vpp ²¹²	Sine: 12Vpp S19 ²¹³ Square, Pulse, Ramp: 20Vpp S19 Supports logic presets: TTL, CMOS (5.0V, 3.3V, 2.5V), ECL
DC Offset	±5V	±1V	±2V
Max frequency sine/square/noise	25/10/25 MHz	50/10/25 MHz	20/10/20 MHz
Basic waveforms	Sine SinC Rectangle (=square) Pulse (Duty Cycle, Edge Time) Triangle (Symmetry (FW02.400)) Ramp (Polarity) Exponential (Polarity) [Noise as DC+Noise] DC	Sine Square (Duty Cycle) Ramp (Symmetry) Pulse (Pulse Width) Noise (StDev, Mean)	Sine Square (Duty Cycle) Ramp (Symmetry) Pulse (Pulse width) Noise DC
DC offset	For all waveforms	For all waveforms except noise	For all waveforms
Invert	For all waveforms except DC		For all waveforms except DC
Add noise	For DC		Add noise {0-66%} for all waveforms except DC and Noise
Modulation	For all waveforms		For Sine and Ramp only
AM modulation	Function {Sine, Rectangle, Triangle, Ramp Pos, Ramp Neg.} AM Frequency AM Depth		Function {Sine, Square, Ramp} AM Frequency AM Depth
FM modulation	Function {Sine, Rectangle, Triangle, Ramp Pos, Ramp Neg.} FM Frequency FM Deviation		Function {Sine, Square, Ramp} FM Frequency FM Deviation
ASK modulation	Polarity Frequency Depth		
FSK modulation	Polarity Hop Frequency FSK Rate		FSK Hop Freq FSK Rate
Burst (output wave for a defined number of times)	For any waveform except DC (FW02.202) (# cycles, idle time, start phase, trigger {Const./Manual})		

²¹¹ All devices have a fixed actual 50Ω output. The output definition is only for showing correct amplitude and offset values.

²¹² Yet, in Bode plot, the amplitude is apparently up to 24Vpp. See https://siglentna.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2021/10/SDS2000X-Plus-Firmware-Revision-Record-And-Upgrade-Instructions.pdf

²¹³ Manual conflicts by stating 5Vpp (M207) but specifications mention 12Vpp (S19) and on the device one can indeed selected 12Vpp.

Sweep	For any waveform except DC Start Freq., Stop Freq., Sweep Time, Sweep {Linear, Log, Triangle}		
Other		Over voltage protection (On, Off) when output higher than 4V. Current limit. S15.	Protection: Overload automatically disables output S19
Other		Zero Adjust automatic calibration	

Function generator – arbitrary waves (ARB)

	RTB2000	SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Resolution, sample rate	14 bits, [250 MSa/s] Specs mention a too low figure ²¹⁴	14 bits, 125 MSa/s (S15)	
ARB waveform memory	32 kpts Specs mention a too low figure ²¹⁵	16 kpts (S15)	
Max frequency ARB	10 MHz ²¹⁶	5 MHz (S15)	
ARB waveform source	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • From uploading file <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ CSV files (such as saved as a regular waveform)²¹⁷ Should not use BOM²¹⁸ ◦ TRF files (such as saved as a reference waveform) • Copy from active analogue channel • Copy from active math channel • Copy from active reference channel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • From uploading file <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ CSV files. File format not defined in manual (but I did get one specific CSV format to work²¹⁹) Header settings in file (amplitude, etc.) do not work.²²⁰ • Copy from analogue channel (S15) The way to do this is not very intuitive and not explained in the ARB section of the manual²²¹ • Transfer from EasyWave software on a Windows PC (did not get this to work)²²² 	
ARB waveforms: presets		45 build-in plus 2 custom ²²³	
Waveform preview	Yes, including min and max values		
Waveform cut tools	Graphic 'cut waveform' editor (FW02.202).	No such function, and because the horizontal system does not have fine control of the time base, there is no way to control which part of the input signal goes into the ARB	
Burst (output wave for a defined number of times)	(# cycles, idle time, start phase, trigger {Const./Manual})		
Sweep	Start Freq., Stop Freq., Sweep Time, Sweep {Linear, Log, Triangle}		

²¹⁴ The specs S13) mention a sample rate of 10 MSa/s but this is much too low as it would not be able to generate the ARB waveforms it actually generates at the output. Probably this number is mistaken with the max frequency of 10MHz.

²¹⁵ While the specifications (S13) mention 16k points, but own tests show that the generator supports up to 32k points, like mentioned document R&SRTx-B6: ARBITRARY WAVEFORM AND 4 BIT PATTERN GENERATOR. (Points in the upload file beyond the 32k point do not lead to load errors but are discarded.)

²¹⁶ Determined on device.

²¹⁷ Exact formatting of that CSV file is straightforward and is provided in the manual (M181).

²¹⁸ The CVS file should not start with a so-called Byte Order Mark (BOM), which is something relevant for 16 and 32 bit text representations, but not relevant (and not recommended) for the more usual 8 bit representation. But should a BOM be present, the RTB will give a "CVS Parses Error -21". To check whether a file starts with a BOM, use for instance the BBEdit editor and check the status line at the bottom. If that says "UTF-8, with BOM", you have a problem. In that same status line, one can change the file to remove BOM and then it works.

²¹⁹ The manual is silent on supported formats and specificities of the file. After a lot of trying, I managed to create a CSV file that worked. To do so, download the ZIP file from <https://siglentna.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/12/EasyWaveCSV.zip> and open the file HaversineExampleFile.csv in a text editor. This is a file meant for the EasyWave program but it also works when directly loaded into the oscilloscope. In that file, replace the actual values with your own values (take care to use the same length for the scientific notation fields) and add the number of actual data points to the first line.

²²⁰ In my own experiments, settings in the CSV file such as {frequency,750} and {amp,20} do not work at all.

²²¹ When you first try this and select 'Stored' and then 'Channel' as the ARB input, a "File does not exist" error. The section in the manual on ARB (§28.3) has no further information on how to do this. The solution is as follows: Go to the Vertical Channel Menu and chose "Apply to" and then "ARB" as the destination. This is in §12.2 in the manual (but this is not where you'd expect this information to be).

²²² In EasyWave, one can create a waveform. (Strangely, creating a new waveform only allows to choose between 20Vpp and 20mVpp, I had to choose the latter as the SDS does only support up to 6Vpp for ARB, confirmed by both SDS and the EasyWave software). When the waveform is ready, it can be sent to store location "ARB1" to "ARB4" in the SDS. When done so, I hear some relays in the SDS click. Problem is that after that, these files cannot be found anywhere in the ARB selection menu of the SDS, and cannot be found in the File Manager of the device either... The same procedure, however, DOES work on my Siglent SDS2042X function generator ☺

²²³ The manual (M311) mentions "45 built-in and 2 custom arbitrary waveforms" but the two 'custom' forms are actually the menu item to select a waveform from an USB drive and "channel" (which does not work for me, see footnote 221).

Pattern generator

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in Patt. Gen.		 Training Signals
Number of output pins	4 pins (bits)		1 pin
Sample rate	50 Mbit/s ²²⁴		
Square wave	1 pin; Frequency (up to 500kHz) (or Period), Polarity, Duty Cycle		
Digital counter	4 pin counter (0000 0001 0010 etc.) Frequency (up to 50MHz) Direction (Up, Down)		
Arbitrary pattern	4 bits Bit time, Period Burst function (# bursts, idle time between) Pattern length up to 2048 symbols Build-in graphical draw tool Trigger (1 shot or repeat) Load/safe patterns in SCP format (remote commands format; command for pattern is on p.555 of manual). User utility allows Excel creation ²²⁵		
Burst	[part of arbitrary pattern, see above]		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Burst of digital pulses that occur every 50 µs. Burst of 6 digital pulses (plus infrequent glitch) that occurs once every 80 µs.
Manual	Manual (static level) setting of the 4 pins		
UART (for RS-232/ RS422/ RS-485)	2 pins (Rx, Tx) 9600 Bit/s, 115.2 kBit/s, 1 MBit/s The "App" training protocol transmit the 115.2 kBit/s version. Instrument own decode shows parity & stop error in "*IDN?" message. ²²⁶		
SPI	4 pins (Clk, Mosi, Miso, CS) 100, 250 kBit/s, 1 MBit/s The "App" training protocol transmit the 100 Mbit/s version. Instrument own decode shows no errors		
I²C	2 pins (SCL, SDA) 100, 400, 1000, 3400 kBit/s The "App" training protocol transmit the 400 kBit/s version. Instrument own decode shows no errors		
CAN	2 pins (CAN-H, CAN-L) 50, 100 kBit/s, 1 MBit/s Instrument own decode shows NACK, CRC and FORM errors in various frames. ²²⁷		Training signal: 1 pin (CAN-L), 125 kbp DEMO signal: 1 pin (CAN-L), 125 kbp, very useful sequence ²²⁸ Check Same or not?!?
LIN	2 pin (High, Low) 9.6, 10.417, 19.2 kBit/s [LIN2.0 protocol] ²²⁹ Instrument own decode shows CHECKSUM, PARITY and SYNC errors in various frames. ²³⁰		1 pin, 19.2 kbs, [LIN1.3] ²³¹

²²⁴ Specifications from document R&SRTx-B6: ARBITRARY WAVEFORM AND 4 BIT PATTERN GENERATOR

²²⁵ See <https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/rohde-schwarz-rtb2002-rtb2004-question-importing-cvs-in-pattern-generator/>

²²⁶ Not clear whether these errors are inserted intentionally or not; this is not documented.

²²⁷ Not clear whether these errors are inserted intentionally or not; this is not documented.

²²⁸ This long training sequence (16 messages) that includes short (11 bit) and long (29 bit) ID, data and remote packets, and varying message lengths (1, 4, 5 and 8 bytes). Quasi randomly inserted over training sequences there are a variety of different errors (CRC error, bit stuffing error, NACK), very suitable for testing serial decoders. Apart from these frames where a NACK error is deliberately inserted, the ACK is already added (unlike most demo/training CAN signals on other oscilloscopes). Occasionally, the ASCII character sequence "IGILENT" is shown, not "KEYSIGHT" ;-) Tip: because it's such a rich sequence, you will want to trigger it properly to a steady point. To do so, you can trigger on a data frame with ID = 0x7F and first data byte 0xE4 and set trigger holdoff to 35ms.

²²⁹ The protocol version of this LIN signal is not documented. But when decoded by the DSOX as LIN1.3 on the DSOX it fails altogether, and when on the DSOX as LIN2 x on the DSOX it all works. That's why I assume its LIN2.0.

²³⁰ Not clear whether these errors are inserted intentionally or not; this is not documented.

²³¹ This long training sequence (21 messages) in LIN1.3 format with various addresses and varying message lengths (2, 4, 8 and 9 bytes). Quasi randomly inserted over training sequences there are different errors (Checksum error, Parity Errors, but not Synchronization errors),

Training signals, demo modes

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	APP > App > Demo		HELP, Training Signals HELP Demo
Training signals	Serial protocols (8), using up to 4 wires (see Pattern Generator)		14 (glitches, bursts, distortion) ²³² 2 serial busses (CAN, LIN)
DEMO modes	Basic (3) Advanced (9) Serial/parallel protocol (9) ^{233, 234} Track (2) (FW02.400)		(Demo since FW2.10) Triggering (2) Math (2) Advanced features (4) Serial buses (2: CAN, LIN)

Memory, history, search

Segmented memory and history (TBA)

(For memory specifications, see above)

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	@@	@@	@@
History	13,107 segments	Up to 90,000 frames Analyse > Menu > History All settings in Analysis > History <input type="button" value="HISTORY"/>	
Segments		Acquire > Sequence. M89	Up to 500 (FW2.10)
	@@ In Acquisition memory at Sample etc the Nx Singwe can set the number of samples into the memory. Acquisition. M69		
	@@ check record length in acquisition memory Acquisition. M67	Acquisition>Menu>	
Record memory depth	Setup > Language. M198	20k, 200k, 2M, 20M, 200M (half for four channel operation) Acquisition > Menu. M80-81	
Navigate		All settings in Analysis > Navigate <input type="button" value="NAVIGATE"/>	

Search (events) (TBA)

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Location on instrument	All settings in Search <input type="button" value="SEARCH"/>	All settings in Analysis > Search <input type="button" value="SEARCH"/>	

²³² See Programming Guide page 232.

²³³ The DEMO modes for serial protocols as the same as those that can be generated from the pattern generator (see above). While the pattern generator allows different bus speeds, the demo's have the following speeds: CAN: 9.6 kbps, @@@

²³⁴ The LIN DEMO works but has some unusual choices. First, it instructs the user to use the P0 pattern generator pin and starts the decode function in Idle Low mode. That works, but can confuse users, because P0 provides an inverted LIN bus signal. Actually, pin P1 provides the correct LIN bus signal, and if you put the decoder at Idle High, the results are the same, but the shown bus is much more correct. Second, this demo puts the decode function in LIN1.3 protocol mode whereas the actual signal is likely a LIN2.x protocol. Can be changed manually in the decoder though. Third, the default vertical amplitude is too high and the channel clips. Easily corrected, but still. Fourth, the LIN signal has quite some errors. As already discussed above, this may be intentional (or not). Such errors can be very useful for problem solving and decode testing but I rather wish it was documented they were there for that purpose.

Computer access and automatization

Web-based remote access

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Remote Front Panel	Remote Front Panel (full panel with screen & buttons) {fixed res, autoscale} Works well with iPads.	Remote Front Panel (screen only) Remote Front Panel does not work properly with Apple iPad (tested regular 10.5" as well as the 10.2" Pro and 12.9" Pro). All have truncation and/or compression problems.	Remote Front Panel (full panel with screen & buttons) Works well with iPads. Remote instrument control requires separate firmware install Slow screen update rate.
Live screen	Live screen {fixed res, autoscale}		Live screen fixed res
Screenprint	Resolution 1280×824 Auto refresh (6 time settings) {PNG, BMP} {Color, Greyscale} {Non-inverted, Inverted}	Resolution 1024×600 (Screenshots part of remote panel)	Via Get Image : PNG 800×503 Option for inverted (=printer friendly colours) Via Save menu also {PNG (24 bit), BMP (8 or 24 bit)} {Color, Greyscale} {Non-inverted, Inverted}
Save waveform from instrument to PC (See also section <i>Save and Recall</i> for saving to USB).	Selectable: 4 analogue channels 2 digital sets (D0-D7; D8-D15) 4 Reference waves 5 Math waves File formats {TXT, CVS, BIN-MDB, BIN-LSB, FLT ²³⁵ -MSB, FLT-LSB} Type {Display Data, Acq. Mem} Possibility to save to instrument memory itself (instead of to a PC)	Waveform data is saved as *.BIN file. For Windows PC users, a "Convert_bin_to_csv" tool is provided, along with a Python source file and an unreadable read.me file (!). (1.3.5R3) Not clear which waveform is saved (regardless of wave activation, the file is 20MB in size).	(FW2.10) File formats: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• CSV data (*.csv)• ASCII XY data (*.csv)• Reference Waveform data (*.h5)²³⁶ {Ch1, Ch2, Ref} (No Ch.3, Ch.4, Math, Ref)• Multi Channel Waveform data (*.h5)²³⁷• Binary data (*.bin) (See @@ for details) Separate text file contains relevant instrument settings for saved data. For all the above formats, length is selectable.
Save other type of files from instrument to PC (See also section <i>Save and Recall</i> for saving to USB).	Setup Self-alignment Report		(FW2.10) Setup Lister data (=serial decode table) Mask Frequency Response Analysis Data
Upload from PC to instrument (See also section <i>Save and Recall recalling from USB</i>).	Setup Waveform to Reference 1-4.		(FW2.10) Any file type
SCPI Device Control (direct command entry screen)	SCPI Device Control List if commands is here in the online manual here.	SCPI Device Control	SCPI Device Control (Includes extensive HTML Quick Reference Guide) (FW2.10)
Device I/O settings information	Extensive	Basic	Very extensive
LAN configuration	See & edit Setup > Ethernet. M201	See & edit Utility > I/O setting > System Setting > LAN conf. M37	See & edit. UTILITY > I/O > Configure LAN. M234
Password for Web Server		Can be set. Utility > I/O setting > System Setting > Web Server. M334	

²³⁵ FLT is a Floating Point format.

²³⁶ A format that can be recalled to one of the oscilloscope's reference waveform locations, or opened by the N8900A Infinium Offline oscilloscope analysis software.waveform locations or read by the N8900A Infinium Offline oscilloscope analysis software..

²³⁷ A format that can be opened by the N8900A Infinium Offline oscilloscope analysis software.

Computer software, automation interfaces

PS. Software described is for free unless otherwise noted.

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Microsoft Windows application software	<p>R&S InstrumentView. Download and analyze waveforms on the computer. Very extensive.</p> <p>RSCommander (for Windows). File manager, screenshots, trace download, trace markers, SCPI commands, scripting. But less extensive than R&S InstrumentView.</p>	<p>No software listed at all on the Siglent website for this instrument.²³⁸</p> <p>(The manual refers to Siglent EasyWave software to make ARB patterns for this. But I do not manage to get this to work, see at ARB above)</p>	<p>BenchVue. Connect, record results, and visualize measurements across multiple instruments simultaneously. License included with instrument. Very extensive. For free for recent purchases.</p> <p>D9010BSEO Infinium Offline - Base Software. At a monthly fee (around €150 per year) or perpetual licence (about €400).</p>
MacOS application software	RSCommander (via MacOS App Store). File manager, screenshots, trace download, trace markers, SCPI commands, scripting. But less extensive than R&S InstrumentView.		
Instrument drivers	Drivers for IVI, LabVIEW, LabWindows, VXI, various computer platforms	IVI Driver	Drivers for IVI and MATLAB
USB device modes (USB-B connector on back panel)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> USB TMC (Test & Measurement Class.). For SCPI via VISA library. USB VCP (Virtual Com Port). Supports any terminal program to send SCPI commands USB MTP (Media Transfer Protocol)²³⁹ <p>Screen shortcut Setup > USB, M204</p>	<p>USB TMC (Test & Measurement Class.). (S1) Utility > I/O setting > System Setting > USB ID (shows ID).</p> <p>There is no USB MTP (Media Transfer Protocol) or another way to easily transfer files between instrument and PC via USB.</p>	<p>Communication to Keysight IO Libraries [I assume NI VISA]</p> <p>USB (USBTMC/488)</p> <p>There is no USB MTP (Media Transfer Protocol) or another way to easily transfer files between instrument and PC via USB.</p>
LAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For access to web server For SCPI via VISA library. VXI-11 Port can be set in instrument (default 1024). The assigned VISA address is shown. <p>Screen shortcut Setup > Ethernet, M201</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [For access to web server] SCPI commands via NI-VISA, Telnet, or Socket. <p>VNC number can be set (necessary when accessing more than two Siglent instruments through the web browser) Screen shortcut Utility > I/O setting > System Setting > LAN conf, M37</p>	<p>Communication to Keysight IO Libraries [I assume NI VISA]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HiSLIP LAN protocol VXI-11 LAN protocol (FW2.10) GPIB over LAN protocol TCP/IP SOCKET protocol TCP/IP TELNET protocol
Emulation modes		Tektronics emulation mode Not documented in manual²⁴⁰ I Utility > Menu	
Network share storage		<p>Network share storage (FW1.3.9R4). Stores on a Windows SMB mounted disk. It is fully supported for any save/recall operations. Not documented in manual. Posts from users not getting this to work, have not checked current status @@</p> <p>Utility > Menu > System Settings > I/O > Net storage.</p>	
			Remote Command Logging UTILITY > Options > Remote Log, M244

²³⁸ Siglent has a Windows program called 'EasyScopeX', which controls a variety of their scopes. According to the software documentation and revision history, those include the SDS1000, SDS1000X/X+, SDS1000X-E, and SDS2000X/X, SDS1000X-U. The SDS2000X Plus series, however, is not mentioned as supported oscilloscope. Some people seem to have used it with this SDS2000X Plus (see <https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/siglent-sds2000x-plus-coming/1875/>). I did a little bit of testing, it starts up, some functions do work but others (like the remote virtual panel) do not seem to work well (even if it nicely confirms its talking to the X Plus model...). I assume this is the reason Siglent does not mention support for this software.

²³⁹ With USB MTP (Media Transfer Protocol), the memory in the instrument (or part thereof) is presented on the PC as if it is a flash drive. Great on Windows. Unfortunately, Apple MacOs does not natively support this, and the add-on programs seems to work only with MTP smartphones etc. and not test equipment instruments etc. that offer MTP.

²⁴⁰ Might be similar to the Tek mode in the Siglent SDS5000X, see [here](#).

System

File system

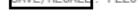
	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
General	File names in load/save/manager menus truncated to 8 characters (e.g., 'wavefo~2')	Internal and external memory seem to be total separated. Some save/recall only works for internal files, some only for external files.	
File Management	<p>Copy between internal memory and USB drive Supported File > Setup²⁴¹ M187</p> <p>For reference waveforms, the file can also be converted between file formats.</p> <p>PS if no USB flash drive inserted, the menu stays grey File > References. M187</p>	<p>Icon based file manager available in the Save/Recall menu</p> <p>Icons and explanation are somewhat unclear (for instance, icon that looks like 'save' is actually a load icon in a recall action).</p> <p>Copy between internal and external possible via a clipboard-alike method²⁴²</p> <p> Utility > Save/Recall. M323</p>	
Saving multiple type of files at once	"OneTouch" allows to save any combination of the below at the same time when touching the "photo" button on the front panel: Setup, Waveform ²⁴³ , Reference Waveforms, Search Results, Decoded Bus Data, Statistical Results. They are saved as up to 7 files in one ZIP container. File > Onetouch. M187		
Secure erase	Deletes all configuration and user data. Setup > Secure Erase. M187	<p>Not discussed in the User Manual. Is in a weird spot in the menu structure.</p> <p> Utility > Save/Recall > Recall</p>	<p>Performs a secure erase of all non-volatile memory in compliance with National Industrial Security Program Operation Manual (NISOPM) Chapter 8 requirements.</p> <p> > Default/Erase / Secure Erase</p>
Documentation on saved file formats.	Extensive information provided	Minimal or no information, often inconsistent with instrument	Extensive information provided
Free user memory (for local storage)	Approx. 370MB Setup > Memory Usage. M178	Approx. 73MB Can be seen in File Manager menu while loading/saving	
Other			File name entry is via rotary dial (keyboard is no option for saving to external memory as the USB slot is occupied)

²⁴¹ Even though this is in the 'Setup' [file] menu, this function works for any type of file.

²⁴² To do so, go into a Save or Recall screen that both supports internal and external memory (for example: SAVE | SETUP). Activate the selection mode via the rightmost item. Tick the files to be copied, then fifth icon from the left to copy them into the clipboard. Go to the destination memory location and click the 6th icon from the left to paste the clipboard.

²⁴³ Waveform is saved according settings possible in Waveform Save menu. These settings are shown in the OneTouch menu.

Save and recall

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Device setup	<p>Save, Load To and from internal or external File format: SET (instrument-specific²⁴⁴), based on SCPI commands</p> <p>Precise content of setup not specified²⁴⁵</p> <p>Setup files have small screenshot embedded for easy identification. These are visible in file manager in instrument when loading a file.</p> <p> File > Setup. M177</p>	<p>Save, Load To and from internal (10 positions max) or external File format: XML (instrument-specific²⁴⁶), in XML style format</p> <p>Precise content of setup not specified²⁴⁷</p> <p>(I cannot reproduce the steps in Manual p.32 on the instrument...)</p> <p>Current setting can be saved as default set-up.</p> <p> Utility > Save/Recall. M317, 319</p>	<p>Save, Load To and from internal (10 positions max) or external File format: SCP (instrument-specific²⁴⁸), in XML style format</p> <p>Saves the horizontal timebase, vertical sensitivity, trigger mode, trigger level, measurements, cursors, and math function settings</p> <p> P219</p>
Waveform data (save)	<p>Save To internal or external File formats {TXT, CSV²⁴⁹, BIN-MDB, BIN-LSB, FLT²⁵⁰-MSB, FLT-LSB}.</p> <p>Source: • Selected waveform (4A, 16D) • All visible waveforms</p> <p>Choice of • Displayed waveform(s) • Acquisition Memory (for stopped acquisitions) • History Data (waveform plus CSV file with information about segments)</p> <p>Waveform data formats are discussed in detail, including examples, on p.180-182 of the manual; History & Segment files on p. 114-115</p> <p> File > Setup. M180 114</p> <p>Waveforms can also be saved as a "Trigger Action" or a "Mask Action".</p>	<p>Save (3 formats) According to manual only to external (M319) but in practice also to internal memory is possible.</p> <p>File formats: CSV, BIN, MAT (Matlab format), DAT (Matlab format)</p> <p>Source (only for CSV and MAT): • Selected waveform (4A, 2M (1 3.7R5)). Not FFT (inconsistent below) • All visible waveforms (1 3.7R5)</p> <p>For CVS, option to include the scope configuration parameter information (horizontal time base, vertical scale, etc.) ParaSwitch</p> <p>BIN is a binary format. A Microsoft Windows Bin2CSV Tool is available.²⁵¹ This way, the file from instrument to PC can be smaller (in a test, a 4MB BIN file extracted to a 66MB CSV file). Works but does have issues.²⁵²</p> <p> Utility > Save/Recall. M318</p>	<p>Save Only to external File formats: CSV, ASCII XY, BIN, H5 (single waveform/reference waveform²⁵³), H5 (Multi Channel Waveform data²⁵⁴)</p> <p>Detailed information on waveform formats is in manual on pages 266, 273, 274.</p> <p>Number of data points to be saved (Length); detailed explanation M221</p> <p>If segmented memory is active {Selected segment only, All segments}</p> <p>Setup Info option saves additional setup information in a separate TXT file (vertical, horizontal, trigger, acquisition, math, and display settings).</p> <p> P220</p>
FFT data (save)	CSV file. Can save values for all waveform arithmetic (spectrum, min hold, max hold, average) in the same file (all visible FFT waveforms)	Since 1.3.9R4. CSV file. Via Save > CSV -> Source: F1 (or F2). For each frequency, file contains values for 'Real part', 'Imaginary part', 'Magnitude', 'Angle'. Not documented, not exactly sure about meanings	
Reference waveforms	Save, Load	Save, Load	Save, Load

²⁴⁴ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

²⁴⁵ But the file can be opened in a standard text editor and shows some 1400 comment lines of setup data.

²⁴⁶ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

²⁴⁷ But the file can be opened in a standard text editor – there are roughly 3000 lines of XML language, a bit harder to understand by humans but might still be investigated.

²⁴⁸ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument. Yet, it is in an XML type of language so can be investigated.

²⁴⁹ Files stored as *.CSV can be later loaded in the instrument again as reference waveforms.

²⁵⁰ FLT is a Floating Point format.

²⁵¹ The ZIP file containing that tool is already in the instrument. Using the Save/Recall menu, it can be copied to a USB Flash drive and moved to the computer.

²⁵² Some parts of the user interface are in Chinese language and

²⁵³ A format that can be recalled to one of the oscilloscope's reference waveform locations, or opened by the N8900A Infinium Offline oscilloscope analysis software.waveform locations or read by the N8900A Infinium Offline oscilloscope analysis software.

²⁵⁴ A format that can be opened by the N8900A Infinium Offline oscilloscope analysis software.

	<p>To and from internal or external File formats: CSV (load only), TRF (binary, instrument-specific²⁵⁵)</p> <p>Waveform files saved as CSV format can also be loaded as reference and are converted into TRF by the instrument</p> <p>Reference files have small screenshot embedded for easy identification. These are visible in file manager in instrument when loading a file.</p> <p> Reference.. M187</p>	<p>According to manual only to external (M319) but in practice also to internal memory is possible.</p> <p>File format: REF (instrument-specific²⁵⁶)</p> <p>Bit confusing and possible mismatch between instrument and manual. On the instrument it seems you can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - save a source (4A, 2M) into *.REF. - recall (load) a *REF file into REFA to REFD position <p>But this is at odds with the manual.²⁵⁷</p> <p> Utility > Save/Recall.. M317</p>	<p>Only to external File format: H5²⁵⁴</p> <p> P222</p>
Math sets (equation sets; formularies)	<p>Load, Save To and from internal or external File format: FML (instrument-specific²⁵⁸)</p> <p>FML files are instrument-specific²⁵⁹</p> <p>To/from internal or external (sets with up to 5 formularies)  Math.. M187, 101</p>		
Statistics	<p>Save To internal or external File format: CSV; content described on page 134 of manual.</p> <p>Save icon overlaps with other icon²⁶⁰</p> <p>Save button shown right of statistics table.. M133</p>		
Decoded busses (results table) (see also above at @@)	<p>Save To internal or external File format: CSV</p> <p>Possible for any parallel or serial bus  Protocol.. 187, 216</p>		<p>Save Only to external File format: CSV</p> <p> M222</p>
Search results	<p>Save (CSV file)  Search.. M117</p>		
Screenshots	<p>Save (PNG, BMP) To internal (FW02.300) or external File formats: PNG, BMP</p> <p>Resolution 1280x824 {Color, Greyscale} {Non-inverted, Inverted}</p> <p>Option to disable device logo in screenshot (FW02.300)</p> <p>Option to close all menu's before screenshot (so they do not mask the results)</p> <p> or  File > Screenshots.. M187</p>	<p>Save According to manual only to external (M319) but in practice also to internal memory is possible.</p> <p>File formats: PNG, BMP, JPG</p> <p>Resolution 1024x600 {Normal, Inverted} Print Area {Grid, Full} (FW 1 3 9R4)</p>	<p>Save Only to external File formats: PNG (24 bit), BMP (8 or 24 bit)</p> <p>Resolution 800x503 {Color, Greyscale} {Normal, Inverted} (Invert Grat)</p> <p>Setup Info option saves additional setup information in a separate TXT file ((vertical, horizontal, trigger, acquisition, math, and display settings).  or  M19</p>

²⁵⁵ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

²⁵⁶ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

²⁵⁷ Manual (p 317) states "The reference waveform data are saved to external memory with the *.ref file extension." Bit I did not manage to do so.

²⁵⁸ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

²⁵⁹ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

²⁶⁰ The SAVE icon overlaps with the R&S Menu logo on the right bottom. While one can still select either, one must take care.

²⁶¹ If only 'screen shot' is selected in OneTouch, a simple screenshot is saved. If other file types are also selected, a ZIP is created with all files including the screenshot.

		 PRINT Utility > Print  SAVE/RECALL Utility > Save/Recall. M318	
Patterns (for pattern generator)	Load, Save To/from internal or external File format: SCP (remote commands format; command for pattern is on p.555 of manual). User utility allows Excel creation ²⁶² Patt. Gen.	[instrument has no pattern generator]	[instrument has no pattern generator]
Arbitrary waveforms (for signal generator)	Load From internal or external File formats: - TRF files (binary, instrument-specific, such as saved as a reference waveform) - CSV files (such as saved as a regular waveform)	@@ check	[instrument has no ARB generator]
Mask	Load, Save (MSK) To/from internal only ²⁶³ File format: MSK (instrument specific) ²⁶⁴  APP > Mask App > Mask. M147		Save, Load (MSK) To and from internal (4 positions max) or external File format: MSK (instrument specific) ²⁶⁵  SAVE/RECALL P223
Bode plot results	Save To internal or external File format: CSV file Save button shown in bode plot control menu. M171	Yes M300	Save To external only Format: CSV File with Frequency Response. In the saved file, there are three data columns: frequency (Hz), gain (dB), and phase (degrees).  SAVE/RECALL P219

Other system features (TBA)

	 RTB2000	 SIGLENT SDS 2000X+	 KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES DSOX 1200
Self alignment / user calibration	Self alignment "The self-alignment aligns the data from several input channels vertically and horizontally to synchronize the timebases, amplitudes and positions." Can save log file. Setup > Self alignment. M196	Self-calibration "The self-calibration program can quickly calibrate the oscilloscope to reach the best working state and the most precise measurement." Yes TBA Utility > Do Self Cal. M343	User Calibration "User Calibration performs an internal self-alignment routine to optimize the signal path in the oscilloscope. The routine uses internally generated signals to optimize circuits that affect channel sensitivity, offset, and trigger parameters." Follow key sequence explained on page 246 of user manual To display the user calibration status UTILITY > Service > User Cal Status. M247
Hardware test		Screen test LED test Keyboard/button test. Also fairly cool in its implementation Utility > Do Self-Test > Screen Test Utility > Do Self-Test > LED Test Utility > Do Self- Test > Keyboard Test M340-342	Hardware self-test Front panel self-test. Quite cool in its implementation; check the three function check of rotary dials! UTILITY > Service > Diagnostics / Hardware Self Test. M346 UTILITY > Service > Diagnostics / Front Panel Self Test. M246

²⁶² See <https://www.eevblog.com/forum/testgear/rohde-schwarz-rtb2002-rtb2004-question-importing-cvs-in-pattern-generator/>

²⁶³ But can be copied with file manager to external storage.

²⁶⁴ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

²⁶⁵ This is a device specific format and files are not intended for analysis outside the instrument.

Probe compensation	Extensive visually aided procedure  > Probe Vertical > Channel > Probe Setup > Probe Adjust. M86, 461, 462	Via general auto-setup procedure, no specific procedure.  M32	Aided procedure.  M26
Settings on power-on	From last session M34	[From last session] (Not discussed in manual)	[From last session] (Not discussed in manual)
Default setting	PRESET "Resets the instrument to the scope mode and to default state, without analyzing the signal. The user-defined configuration, measurements and other settings are removed and all channels and waveforms, except for channel 1, are disabled."	Default can be set as either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Factory set-up • A saved user set-up  Acquire > Default Unusual UI implementation: you go to save/recall menu and 'save' to the key on the front panel. Saving user setup:  Utility > Save/Recall. M317 For both, the device pops up a screen window for confirmation. But you can also tap the button just twice.	Returns device to a default setup but 'leaving some user settings (not specified). Also described as bringing the "oscilloscope in a known operating condition"  M24 SAVE/RECALL > Default/Erase / Default Setup Undo option It is also possible to restore the device to factory setting via de  > Default/Erase / Factory Defaults. M225
Autoset	See at section 'Analogue channels'	See at section 'Analogue channels'	See at section 'Analogue channels'
Print to external printer			Print to a USB of network-attached print. (FW2.10) The printer must support Direct PDF printing over USB/IPP (Internet Printing Protocol). ²⁶⁶ A standard PCL3 or PCL5 printer will not work. Various setting options  > Print. M229-232
Export crash log files			Export crash log files. Never needed this because it never crashed!  > Service > Diagnostics > Export Log. M246

Not yet in any of the above categories

	 CLEAR SCREEN	 CLEAR SWEEP Acquire > Clear sweep	
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SCPI

²⁶⁶ See <https://edadocs.software.keysight.com/kkbopen/which-printers-are-supported-by-the-infinivision-oscilloscopes-588283271.html>

Firmware and manual improvements wish list (TBA)

Firmware improvements wish list (TBA)

Below are issues that I would appreciate to be addressed in new firmware releases. On the first two lists, I focus on issues that I believe should not be very hard to tackle. The third list has issues that require (much) more work, and the fourth list presents further wishes.

Why so few comments for the DSOX? Well, I think this instrument has quite some limitations, but these are mostly due to the overall design and focus of the instrument, not things that (I believe) can be easily changed by updating the firmware...

	 RTB2000	 SDS 2000X+	 DSOX 1200
Urgent improvements wish list ('bugs, or features that should not have been missing')	Switch DVM to AC mode when channel is set to AC (instead of showing incorrect DC values)	For SPI, I2C, CAN, LIN, show occurred errors in telegram or table	If DVM and measurement statistics are both on, the display jumps erratically between both.
	Solve the problem that "identity and data" in CAN trigger only works when frame length is set (other decoders in the RTB do require that)	Prevent instrument to show serial decoded messages if they are plainly wrong	
		Fix communication between EasyWave software and ARB	
		Fix remote web mode for tablets etc.	
		Update waveform update rate so real-life performance is somehow close to specification	
		Provide override setting for automatic probe sensing	
		Limit label entry length to actual allowed label length	
		Fine control of time base	
		Fix FFT > Tools > Peaks sort by amplitude (currently not working)	
		Overall stability and responsiveness of operating system	
Desired improvements	Increase update rate of bus table in serial decode	Improve user interface for using channel waveform for ARB (so user does not get 'file not found' error.)	Add axis values
	When editing labels, show last value of that label (not last value of another edited label)	On the vertical and horizontal axis, show only digits after the period when it makes sense (not 600.0000)	Keep displaying serial decode lister when leaving submenu
	Increase labels length from 8 to 12 or 16 characters; slightly increase label display size	Improve readability of labels (add clear background)	Keep large DV display window when leaving submenu
	Allow math as input for serial decode	Allow math as input for serial decode	
	Allow reference as input for serial decode	Allow reference as input for serial decode	
	Allow digital channels as input for math	Allow digital channels as input for math	
	Solve some smaller UI quirks ²⁶⁷	In ASCII mode in serial decode, show HEX for non-valid ASCII characters, and show addresses etc. always in HEX	
	Turn measurements on/off globally (without deleting their settings) e.g., via push MEAS button	Increase update rate of measurements	

²⁶⁷ In modes where the lower half of the screen is used for showing tables or measurement data, the right bottom (text) elements are sometimes masked by the R&S logo or vertical menu. In serial decode, the rightmost column (for most decoders it is 'status') is often not completely seen (especially a problem when two or three errors are observed in a single frame). Also, when closing a menu, the table sometimes does not restore to full size, while sometimes it does.

	In the parallel clocked mode, allow analogue channels for CS and CLK so the full 16-bit bus can be maintained.		
	Allow (CAN) serial trigger to find a message with a known data content without having to know the length of that message in advance.		
	Show more than 8 characters of filename in load and save screens		
	Do not show (or grey out) a "?" icon when the user is then presented with a "No help available for this function" message.		
	When channel is set to current (A), adapt the FFT scales to dBA, dBμA, and Aeff (RMS)		
Desired changes that would (assumingly) require more drastic effort	Allow the entire (segmented) memory to be used entirely by <i>any</i> channel	Reduce over-hierarchical menu structure (for instance, show all PIN settings of SPI in one menu, not four separate menu's)	Improve web interface update rate
	Show relevant data for (each) measurement mode as X and Y cursors	Integrate relevant serial decode settings into the serial trigger module (instead of having to copy them there)	
	Allow serial decode of two bidirectional buses	Speed up boot time	
	Show small histograms for measurements (and a large histogram for a selected measurements)	Make on-screen help contextual	
	Display uploaded ARB file properties (points, amplitude, etc.)	Display uploaded ARB file properties (points, amplitude, etc.)	
		Reduce ventilator noise (e.g., adaptive ventilator) ²⁶⁸	
Further wishes...	Add more complex and varied serial decode training signals (timing, ID, payload, (n)ack), including some with deliberately inserted errors	Offer serial decode training signals	
	Offer analogue training signals (glitches, runt, etc.)	Offer analogue training signals (glitches, runt, etc.)	

Manual and specs improvements wish list (TBA)

	 RTB2000	 SDS 2000X+	 DSOX 1200
	Some small improvements, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Updating text on single cycle measurement (are relative to trigger, not left-most part of screen) - Update part on the counter (since FW2.000 supports all analogue channels) 	Vastly improve user manual, especially on implementations which are not trivial	
	Desire to document also many SCPI commands that are not documented	Update user manual with later firmware releases (many functions such as tracking are completely undocumented)	
	Desire to document how user can make 'apps' by saving a file with SCPI commands	Explain in function generator / ARB section how analogue channel to ARB function works.	
	Correct the sample rate of the ARB in the specs (its actually higher than listed there)		
	Correct the ARB memory length in the specs (its actually higher than listed there)		

²⁶⁸ Not sure this is possible via firmware; it might be when ventilator speed is controlled and there are appropriate temperature sensor(s) in the device.

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@@ RTB: 'App' is set of SPCI commands, you can make your own