



Subject :		Software :	
		Hardware :	
Branch :	Semester :	Page No.	Prog No. 10(ii)
PROBLEM STATEMENT	Design and implement a program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking Principle.		
ALGORITHM & CODE :	<pre>#include &lt;stdio.h&gt; #include &lt;stdbool.h&gt; #include &lt;stdlib.h&gt;  #define MAX_VERTICES 20 int graph [MAX_VERTICES][MAX_VERTICES]; int path [MAX_VERTICES]; int n;  void printSolution () {     printf ("Hamiltonian Cycle : ");     for (int i = 0; i &lt; n; i++)     {         printf ("%d", path[i]);     }     printf ("%d\n", path[0]); }  bool isSafe (int v, int pos) {     if (graph [path [pos - 1]][v] == 0)     {         return false;     }     for (int i = 0; i &lt; pos; i++)     {         if (path [i] == v)         {             return false;         }     }     return true; }</pre>		
INPUT GIVEN			
OUTPUT OBTAINED			
REMARKS			
GRADE :	Signature of Faculty Date :	Signature of Student Date :	



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PROBLEM STATEMENT

ALGORITHM & CODE :

```
        return false;
    }
    return true;
}

bool hamCycleUtil (int pos)
{
    if (pos == n)
    {
        if (graph[Path [pos - 1]][Path [0]] == 1)
        {
            printSolution ();
            return true;
        }
        else {
            return false;
        }
    }
    bool foundAny = false;
    for (int v = 1; v < n; v++)
    {
        if (isSafe (v, pos))
        {
            Path [pos] = v;
            foundAny = hamCycleUtil (pos + 1) || foundAny;
            Path [pos] = -1;
        }
    }
    return foundAny;
}
```

INPUT GIVEN

OUTPUT OBTAINED

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PROBLEM STATEMENT

ALGORITHM &amp; CODE :

```
void FindHamiltonian Cycles ( )
{
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        path [i] = -1;
    }
    path [0] = 0;
    printf ("Searching for Hamiltonian cycles .. \n");
    if (!hamCycleUtil (1)) {
        printf ("No Hamiltonian cycle exists \n");
    }
}

int main ( )
{
    printf ("Enter the number of vertices in the graph\n");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    if (n <= 0 || n > MAX- VERTICES)
    {
        printf ("Invalid number of vertices, must be between\n");
        printf ("1 and %d. \n", MAX- VERTICES);
    }
    return 1;
}

printf ("Enter the adjacency matrix (%d x %d): \n",
n, n);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
```

INPUT GIVEN

OUTPUT OBTAINED

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```
{ Scan & ("%d ", graph [i][j] );  
}  
}  
Find Hamiltonian Cycles();  
return 0;  
}
```

### OUTPUT

Enter the number of vertices in the graph  
(max 20): 5

Enter the adjacency matrix (5x5):

```
0 1 0 1 0  
1 0 1 1 1  
0 1 0 0 1  
1 1 0 0 1  
0 1 1 1 0
```

Searching for Hamiltonian cycles...

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 1 2 4 3 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 1 3 4 2 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 1 4 2 3 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 1 4 3 2 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 3 1 2 4 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 3 1 4 2 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 3 2 4 1 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 3 4 1 2 0

Hamiltonian cycles : 0 3 4 2 1 0