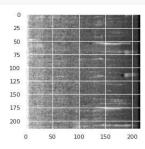
```
# import os
# os.listdir("/kaggle/input/tensorflow230")
# !pip install /kaggle/input/tensorflow230/tensorflow_estimator-2.3.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl
 \begin{tabular}{ll} # !pip install /kaggle/input/tensorflow230/tensorflow-2.3.0rc2-cp37-cp37m-manylinux2010_x86\_64.whl \\ \end{tabular}
from · google.colab · import · drive
\texttt{drive.mount('\underline{/content/drive'}, \cdot force\_remount \cdot = \cdot True)}
     Mounted at /content/drive
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import wave
from scipy.io import wavfile
import os
import librosa
from librosa.feature import melspectrogram
import warnings
from sklearn.utils import shuffle
from sklearn.utils import class_weight
from PIL import Image
from uuid import uuid4
import sklearn
from tqdm import tqdm
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras import Input
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Dropout, Activation
from\ tensorflow. keras. layers\ import\ Batch Normalization,\ Global Average Pooling 2D
from\ tensorflow. keras. callbacks\ import\ Model Checkpoint,\ Reduce LROn Plateau,\ Early Stopping
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Dropout, Activation, LSTM, SimpleRNN, Conv1D, Input, BatchNormalization, GlobalAveragePooling2D
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.applications import EfficientNetB0
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
sns.set()
Data Preprocessing
train_df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/train.csv')
train_df = train_df.query("rating>=3")
birds_count = {}
for bird_species, count in zip(train_df.ebird_code.unique(), train_df.groupby("ebird_code")["ebird_code"].count().values):
    birds count[bird species] = count
most_represented_birds = [key for key,value in birds_count.items() if value >= 50]
train_df = train_df.query("ebird_code in @most_represented_birds")
len(train_df.ebird_code.unique())
     11
birds_to_recognise = sorted(shuffle(most_represented_birds)[:20])
print(birds_to_recognise)
     ['aldfly', 'astfly', 'dusfly', 'grcfly', 'gryfly', 'hamfly', 'leafly', 'olsfly', 'pasfly', 'wilfly', 'yebfly']
```

train_df = shuffle(train_df)

train_df.head()

```
rating playback_used ebird_code channels
                                                                       pitch duration
                                                                                              filenam
                                                              date
      633
              4.0
                                        leafly 2 (stereo) 11/8/2015
                                                                                     21 XC289161.mp
                              no
                                                                         leve
                                                                          Not
                                                           6/9/2013 specified
      427
               4.0
                                        gryfly 2 (stereo)
                                                                                     89 XC137914.mp
                              no
len(train_df)
     1003
                                         willing 2 (stereo) 12///2010 specified
      וכע
               4.0
                                                                                      о дозочочилир
def get_sample(filename, bird, output_folder):
    wave_data, wave_rate = librosa.load(filename)
    wave_data, _ = librosa.effects.trim(wave_data)
    #only take 5s samples and add them to the dataframe
    song_sample = []
sample_length = 5*wave_rate
    samples_from_file = []
    #The variable below is chosen mainly to create a 216x216 image
    for idx in range(0,len(wave_data),sample_length):
        song_sample = wave_data[idx:idx+sample_length]
        if len(song sample)>=sample length:
            mel = melspectrogram(song_sample, n_mels=N_mels)
            db = librosa.power_to_db(mel)
            normalised_db = sklearn.preprocessing.minmax_scale(db)
            filename = str(uuid4())+".tif"
            db\_array = (np.asarray(normalised\_db)*255).astype(np.uint8)
            \label{eq:db_image} \mbox{db\_image} = \mbox{Image.fromarray(np.array([db\_array, db\_array, db\_array]).T)}
            db_image.save("{}{}".format(output_folder,filename))
            samples\_from\_file.append(\{"song\_sample":"\{\}\{\}".format(output\_folder,filename),
                                              "bird":bird})
    return samples_from_file
%%time
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
samples_df = pd.DataFrame(columns=["song_sample","bird"])
#We limit the number of audio files being sampled to 1000 in this notebook to save time
#on top of having limited the number of bird species previously
sample limit = 1005
sample list = []
output_folder = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/"
os.mkdir(output_folder)
with tqdm(total=sample_limit) as pbar:
   for idx, row in train_df[:sample_limit].iterrows():
        pbar.update(1)
        try:
            audio_file_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/train_audio/"
            audio_file_path += row.ebird_code
            if row.ebird code in birds to recognise:
                sample_list += get_sample('{}/{}'.format(audio_file_path, row.filename), row.ebird_code, output_folder)
                sample_list += get_sample('{}/{}'.format(audio_file_path, row.filename), "nocall", output_folder)
        except:
            raise
            print("{} is corrupted".format(audio_file_path))
samples_df = pd.DataFrame(sample_list)
     1003/1005 [1:08:05<00:08, 4.07s/it]CPU times: user 50min 42s, sys: 1h 6min 55s, total: 1h 57min 38s
```

demo_img = Image.open(samples_df.iloc[0].song_sample)
plt.imshow(demo_img)
plt.show()



samples_df = shuffle(samples_df)
samples_df[:10]

```
song sample bird
      1024 /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/424c4aaa-018... grcfly
      4361
             /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/67620c9f-ea9...
      6225 /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/0ac94bd9-69b... aldfly
      4019 /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/95e91168-ed1... astfly
      2424
              /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/df3fa9e1-0ed... grcfly
      1018 /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/42676dfe-a80... grcfly
      4179 /content/drive/MvDrive/Birds/Mel2/f473e3db-d34... grcflv
      6175 /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/64a391e1-0ea... pasfly
      9665 /content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/Mel2/c1681e15-d17... pasfly
Creating the model
```

```
training percentage = 0.9
training_item_count = int(len(samples_df)*training_percentage)
validation_item_count = len(samples_df)-int(len(samples_df)*training_percentage)
training_df = samples_df[:training_item_count]
validation_df = samples_df[training_item_count:]
classes_to_predict = sorted(samples_df.bird.unique())
input_shape = (216,216, 3)
effnet_layers = EfficientNetB0(weights=None, include_top=False, input_shape=input_shape)
for layer in effnet_layers.layers:
   laver.trainable = True
dropout_dense_layer = 0.3
model = Sequential()
model.add(effnet_layers)
model.add(GlobalAveragePooling2D())
model.add(Dense(256, use bias=False))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Dropout(dropout_dense_layer))
model.add(Dense(len(classes_to_predict), activation="softmax"))
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential" Layer (type) Output Shape Param # efficientnetb0 (Functional) (None, 7, 7, 1280) 4049571 global_average_pooling2d (G (None, 1280) lobalAveragePooling2D) dense (Dense) (None, 256) 327680 batch_normalization (BatchN (None, 256) 1024 ormalization) activation (Activation) (None, 256) 0 dropout (Dropout) (None, 256) dense_1 (Dense) (None, 11) _____ Total params: 4,381,102 Trainable params: 4,338,567 Non-trainable params: 42,535

```
callbacks = [ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', patience=2, verbose=1, factor=0.7),
             EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5),
             ModelCheckpoint(filepath='best_model.h5', monitor='val_loss', save_best_only=True)]
model.compile(loss="categorical_crossentropy", optimizer='adam')
# import cv2
# import base64
  import json
# import numpy as np
# class_weights = class_weight.compute_class_weight("balanced", classes_to_predict, samples_df.bird.values)
\#\ class\_weights\_dict = \{i\ :\ class\_weights[i]\ for\ i,label\ in\ enumerate(classes\_to\_predict)\}
training batch size = 32
validation_batch_size = 32
target_size = (216,216)
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1. / 255
train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
 dataframe = training_df,
```

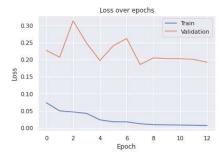
```
x col='song sample',
   y_col='bird',
    directory='/',
    target_size=target_size,
   batch_size=training_batch_size,
   shuffle=True.
   class_mode='categorical')
validation_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1. / 255)
validation_generator = validation_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
   dataframe = validation_df,
    x_col='song_sample',
    y col='bird',
    directory='/',
   target_size=target_size,
    shuffle=False,
   {\tt batch\_size=validation\_batch\_size},
   class mode='categorical')
     Found 10894 validated image filenames belonging to 11 classes.
```

Found 1211 validated image filenames belonging to 11 classes.

Train

```
Epoch 2/20
   ========] - 64s 186ms/step - loss: 0.0498 - val_loss: 0.2068 - lr: 3.4300e-04
Epoch 3/20
Epoch 4/20
Epoch 4: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.00024009999469853935.
Epoch 5/20
Epoch 6/20
341/341 [===
    =========] - 64s 187ms/step - loss: 0.0180 - val_loss: 0.2405 - lr: 2.4010e-04
Epoch 7/20
Epoch 8/20
Epoch 9/20
Epoch 10/20
341/341 [====
   Epoch 11/20
Epoch 12/20
341/341 [============] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0080
Epoch 12: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 8.235429777414538e-05.
Epoch 13/20
```

plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.Xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='best')
plt.show()



	prediction	groundtruth	correct_prediction
0	wilfly	wi l fly	True
1	dusfly	dusfly	True
2	hamfly	hamfly	True
3	grcfly	grcfly	True
4	dusfly	dusfly	True
5	aldfly	aldfly	True
6	dusfly	dusfly	True
7	grcfly	grcfly	True
8	grcfly	grcfly	True
9	aldfly	aldfly	True
10	olsfly	olsfly	True
11	astfly	astfly	True
12	leafly	leafly	True
13	astfly	astfly	True
14	astfly	astfly	True
15	wilfly	wi l fly	True

!rm -rf /kaggle/working/melspectrogram_dataset

Running It on the recordings

```
model.load_weights("best_model.h5")
def predict_on_melspectrogram(song_sample, sample_length):
    if len(song_sample)>=sample_length:
        mel = melspectrogram(song_sample, n_mels=N_mels)
        db = librosa.power_to_db(mel)
        normalised_db = sklearn.preprocessing.minmax_scale(db)
        db_array = (np.asarray(normalised_db)*255).astype(np.uint8)
        prediction = model.predict(np.array([np.array([db\_array, db\_array, db\_array]).T])) \\
        predicted_bird = classes_to_predict[np.argmax(prediction)]
        return predicted bird
    else:
        return "nocall"
def predict_submission(df, audio_file_path):
    loaded_audio_sample = []
previous_filename = ""
    wave_data = []
    wave_rate = None
    sample_length = None
    for idx,row in df.iterrows():
        #I added this exception as I've heard that some files may be corrupted.
            if previous_filename == "" or previous_filename!=row.audio_id:
                 filename = '{}/{}.mp3'.format(audio_file_path, row.audio_id)
                 wave_data, wave_rate = librosa.load(filename)
            sample_length = 5*wave_rate
previous_filename = row.audio_id
             #basically allows to check if we are running the examples or the test set.
            if "site" in df.columns:
                if row.site=="site_1" or row.site=="site_2":
                     song_sample = np.array(wave_data[int(row.seconds-5)*wave_rate:int(row.seconds)*wave_rate])
                 elif row.site=="site_3":
                     #for now, I only take the first 5s of the samples from site_3 as they are groundtruthed at file level
                     song_sample = np.array(wave_data[0:sample_length])
                 \#same as the first condition but I isolated it for later and it is for the example file
                 song_sample = np.array(wave_data[int(row.seconds-5)*wave_rate:int(row.seconds)*wave_rate])
            predicted_bird = predict_on_melspectrogram(song_sample, sample_length)
df.at[idx,"birds"] = predicted_bird
        except:
            df.at[idx,"birds"] = "nocall"
    return df
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive', force_remount = True)
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
# audio_file_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/test_audio/"
# example_df = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/test_summary1.csv")
# #Ajusting the example filenames and creating the audio_id column to match with the test file.
# # example_df["audio_id"] = [ "BLKFR-10-CPL_20190611_093000.pt540" if filename=="BLKFR-10-CPL" else "ORANGE-7-CAP_20190606_093000.pt623" for filename in example_df["filename"]]
# example_df["audio_id"] = ["2.pt540" if filename=="2" for filename in example_df["filename"]]
# if os.path.exists(audio_file_path):
# example_df = predict_submission(example_df, audio_file_path)
# example_df

audio_file_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/example_test_audio"
example_df = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/Birds/example_test_audio_summary.csv")
# Ajusting the example filenames and creating the audio_id column to match with the test file.
example_df["audio_id"] = [ "BLKFR-10-CPL_20190611_093000.pt540" if filename=="BLKFR-10-CPL" else "ORANGE-7-CAP_20190606_093000.pt623" for filename in example_df["filename"]]

if os.path.exists(audio_file_path):
    example_df = predict_submission(example_df, audio_file_path)
example_df
```

```
1/1 [======] - 2s 2s/step
  [======] - 0s 36ms/step
1/1 [======= 1 - 0s 35ms/sten
 [======] - 0s 38ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - 0s 39ms/step
  ======] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 38ms/step
1/1 [-----] - 0s 40ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 38ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 35ms/step
1/1 [=-----] - 0s 42ms/step
1/1 [=-----] - 0s 46ms/step
 [-----] - 0s 45ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - 0s 43ms/step
[======] - Øs 39ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 37ms/step
  ======] - 0s 41ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 40ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 34ms/step
  1/1 [======] - 0s 42ms/step
1/1 [-----] - Os 39ms/step
  [=======] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 37ms/step
1/1 [-----] - 0s 40ms/step
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  -----j - 0s 35ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 36ms/step
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1/1 [======] - 0s 44ms/step
  1/1
  ======== ] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 36ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 37ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 39ms/step
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  [======] - 0s 37ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 39ms/step
  -----] - 0s 40ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 42ms/step
 [======] - 0s 37ms/step
1/1 [-----] - 0s 38ms/step
1/1 [-----] - 0s 36ms/step
  [======] - Øs 39ms/step
[======] - Øs 38ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 39ms/step
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1/1 [-----] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 38ms/step
[======] - 0s 37ms/step
1/1 [-----] - 0s 42ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 38ms/step
  [======] - 0s 41ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 43ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 39ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 39ms/step
  [======] - Os 39ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 35ms/step
  1/1 [=======] - 0s 48ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 36ms/step
  ======= ] - 0s 36ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 37ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 42ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 36ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 38ms/step
```

```
# test_file_path = "/kaggle/input/birdsong-recognition/test_audio"
# test_df = pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/birdsong-recognition/test.csv")
# # submission_df = pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/birdsong-recognition/sample_submission.csv")
# if os.path.exists(test_file_path):
# submission_df = prodict_submission(test_df_tast_file_path)
```

✓ 22s completed at 17:27

• >