# Covid-19 Vaccination Campaign in Germany

The data used here were provided by Robert Koch Institute and the German federal ministry of Health.

These institutions publish the datasets and some analysis on the page impfdashboard.de.

## Setup

### **Imports**

```
In [1]: # standard library
import datetime
import math

In [2]: # third party
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import requests
import seaborn
```

### Date this Notebook was run

```
In [3]: today = datetime.datetime.today().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
today
Out[3]: '2021-08-12'
```

### Set Defaults

```
In [4]: # style like ggplot in R
plt.style.use('ggplot')
In [5]: # Avoid cutting off part of the axis labels, see:
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/6774086/why-is-my-xlabel-cut-off-in-my-matplotlib-plot
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.autolayout': True})
```

localhost:8888/lab 1/19

```
In [6]: | population_germany = 83_200_000
```

## Get and Transform Data

```
In [7]: vaccination_data_permalink = 'https://impfdashboard.de/static/data/germany_vaccinations_timeseries_v2.tsv'
vaccinations = pd.read_csv(
    vaccination_data_permalink,
    sep="\t")
```

## Drop unnecessary / misleading columns

Columns with names starting with 'indikation' will not be analyzed as the data providers stopped updating them.

```
In [8]: cols_to_drop = vaccinations.columns[vaccinations.columns.str.contains('indikation_')]
vaccinations.drop(columns=cols_to_drop, inplace=True)
```

Some more columns can be dropped, as there is no interest in analyzing differences on a vaccine level - especially since in some cases vaccines were mixed.

Some columns are labeled misleadingly. As stated by the data provider the columns personen\_erst\_kumulativ and impf\_quote\_erst contain people vaccinated with the Johnson & Johnson vaccine. As this requires only one shot, the same persons are included in personen\_voll\_kumulativ. Therefore more columns are dropped and recalculated later.

```
In [10]: vaccinations.drop(columns=['impf_quote_erst', 'impf_quote_voll'], inplace=True)
```

Convert datatype of date column

```
In [11]: vaccinations.iloc[ : , [0]] = vaccinations.iloc[ : , [0]].apply(pd.to_datetime)
```

## Show Data

localhost:8888/lab 2/19

```
RangeIndex: 228 entries, 0 to 227
Data columns (total 15 columns):
     Column
                                       Non-Null Count Dtype
     -----
 0
     date
                                       228 non-null
                                                       datetime64[ns]
     dosen kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
                                       228 non-null
     dosen differenz zum vortag
                                                       int64
     dosen erst differenz zum vortag
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen zweit differenz zum vortag 228 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen biontech kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen moderna kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen astrazeneca kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
     personen erst kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
     personen voll kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
    dosen dim kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
 10
                                                       int64
 11 dosen kbv kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
 12 dosen johnson kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
 13 dosen erst kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
 14 dosen zweit kumulativ
                                       228 non-null
                                                       int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int64(14)
memory usage: 26.8 KB
```

In [13]: V	vaccinations.tail(3)				
------------	----------------------	--	--	--	--

Out[13]:		date	dosen_kumulativ	dosen_differenz_zum_vortag	dosen_erst_differenz_zum_vortag	dosen_zweit_differenz_zum_vortag	dosen_biontech_kumulati
	225	2021- 08-09	95422337	284697	49973	234724	7155193
	226	2021- 08-10	95834864	412527	71126	341401	7190561
	227	2021- 08-11	96346292	511428	97049	414379	7234998
	4						

**Check Validity** 

```
In [14]: # get the last row / the newest available data
last_row = vaccinations.tail(1)

In [15]: doses_used = last_row['dosen_kumulativ']
doses_used
```

localhost:8888/lab 3/19

96346292

Name: dosen kumulativ, dtype: int64

Out[15]: 227

```
# The number of person having been vaccinated at least once, includes those fully vaccinated
In [16]:
          at least once = last row['personen erst kumulativ']
          fully vaccinated people = last row['personen voll kumulativ']
          partially vaccinated people = at least once - fully vaccinated people
          # The johnson & Johnson vaccine is the only one used in Germany that only needs a single shot:
          johnson doses = last row['dosen johnson kumulativ']
In [17]:
          # Must be exactly 0
          doses used - partially vaccinated people - (fully vaccinated people - johnson doses) * 2 - johnson doses == 0
Out[17]: 227
                True
         dtype: bool
        Calculate columns
          vaccinations['partly vaccinated'] = round(
In [18]:
              (vaccinations['personen erst kumulativ'] - vaccinations['personen voll kumulativ']) * 100 / population germany,
              2)
          vaccinations['fully vaccinated'] = round(
In [19]:
              vaccinations['personen voll kumulativ'] * 100 / population germany,
              2)
          vaccinations.info()
In [20]:
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 228 entries, 0 to 227
         Data columns (total 17 columns):
              Column
                                                Non-Null Count Dtype
              date
                                                228 non-null
                                                                datetime64[ns]
              dosen kumulativ
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen differenz zum vortag
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen erst differenz zum vortag
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen zweit differenz zum vortag 228 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen biontech kumulativ
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen moderna kumulativ
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen astrazeneca kumulativ
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              personen erst kumulativ
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              personen voll kumulativ
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen dim kumulativ
                                                228 non-null
                                                                int64
```

localhost:8888/lab 4/19

```
11 dosen kbv kumulativ
                                                     228 non-null
                                                                      int64
           12 dosen johnson kumulativ
                                                     228 non-null
                                                                      int64
           13 dosen erst kumulativ
                                                    228 non-null
                                                                      int64
           14 dosen zweit kumulativ
                                                    228 non-null
                                                                      int64
           15 partly vaccinated
                                                     228 non-null
                                                                      float64
           16 fully vaccinated
                                                    228 non-null
                                                                      float64
          dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int64(14)
          memory usage: 30.4 KB
          vaccinations.tail(3)
In [21]:
Out[21]:
                date dosen kumulativ dosen differenz zum vortag dosen erst differenz zum vortag dosen zweit differenz zum vortag dosen biontech kumulati
               2021-
          225
                           95422337
                                                      284697
                                                                                    49973
                                                                                                                 234724
                                                                                                                                       7155193
               08-09
               2021-
          226
                           95834864
                                                      412527
                                                                                    71126
                                                                                                                 341401
                                                                                                                                       7190561
               08-10
               2021-
          227
                           96346292
                                                      511428
                                                                                    97049
                                                                                                                 414379
                                                                                                                                       7234998
               08-11
```

## Last Update

Often the data is not updated on weekends, so get the highest date in the dataset.

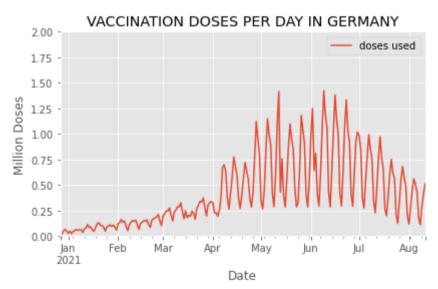
```
In [22]: last_update = vaccinations.loc[vaccinations.index[-1], "date"].strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
last_update
Out[22]: '2021-08-11'
```

## **Doses Used**

localhost:8888/lab 5/19

## **Doses Daily**

```
doses daily = doses.set index('date', inplace=False)
In [25]:
          doses daily.tail(1)
Out[25]:
                   doses used
              date
         2021-08-11
                     0.511428
In [26]:
          # What is the highest number of doses used in a day?
          max doses daily = max(doses daily['doses used'])
          max doses daily
Out[26]: 1.422217
          doses daily.plot(
In [27]:
              ylim=(0,math.ceil(max doses daily)),
              xlabel='Date',
              ylabel='Million Doses',
              title='VACCINATION DOSES PER DAY IN GERMANY')
         <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'VACCINATION DOSES PER DAY IN GERMANY'}, xlabel='Date', ylabel='Million Doses'>
Out[27]:
```



localhost:8888/lab 6/19

## Doses per Weekday (in the last 6 weeks)

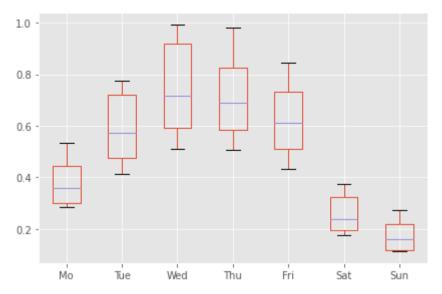
```
last 6 weeks = doses.tail(42)
In [28]:
          # Yields a warning, but exactly like the docs prescribe and it works
In [29]:
          # https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/getting started/intro_tutorials/05_add_columns.html
          last 6 weeks['weekday'] = last 6 weeks['date'].dt.day name()
          <ipython-input-29-45013977109e>:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
         Try using .loc[row indexer,col indexer] = value instead
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a
          -view-versus-a-copy
           last 6 weeks['weekday'] = last 6 weeks['date'].dt.day name()
In [30]:
          # check:
          last 6 weeks.tail(3)
Out[30]:
                   date doses used
                                    weekday
          225 2021-08-09
                          0.284697
                                     Monday
          226 2021-08-10
                          0.412527
                                     Tuesday
          227 2021-08-11
                          0.511428 Wednesday
          # drop the date column
In [31]:
          last 6 weeks = last 6 weeks.drop(labels=['date'], axis=1)
          #last 6 weeks.set index('weekday', inplace=True)
In [32]:
          last 6 weeks.tail(3)
Out[32]:
              doses used
                          weekday
          225
                0.284697
                           Monday
          226
                0.412527
                           Tuesday
          227
                0.511428 Wednesday
          pivot table =last 6 weeks.pivot(columns='weekday', values='doses used')
In [33]:
          pivot table.tail()
```

localhost:8888/lab 7/19

```
Out[33]: weekday Friday
                         Monday Saturday Sunday Thursday
                                                           Tuesday
                                                                   Wednesday
              223
                    NaN
                            NaN 0.178455
                                             NaN
                                                      NaN
                                                               NaN
                                                                         NaN
              224
                                     NaN 0.112697
                                                               NaN
                    NaN
                            NaN
                                                      NaN
                                                                         NaN
              225
                         0.284697
                                                      NaN
                                                                         NaN
                    NaN
                                     NaN
                                             NaN
                                                               NaN
              226
                    NaN
                            NaN
                                     NaN
                                             NaN
                                                      NaN 0.412527
                                                                         NaN
              227
                    NaN
                            NaN
                                     NaN
                                             NaN
                                                      NaN
                                                               NaN
                                                                      0.511428
          # Reorder the columns
In [34]:
          pivot table = pivot table[['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sunday']]
          # Rename the columns
          pivot table.columns=['Mo', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun']
          pivot table.tail()
Out[34]:
                   Mo
                           Tue
                                  Wed Thu
                                             Fri
                                                      Sat
                                                              Sun
          223
                  NaN
                                   NaN
                                       NaN
                                            NaN 0.178455
                                                             NaN
                          NaN
          224
                  NaN
                          NaN
                                   NaN
                                       NaN
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
                                                         0.112697
          225 0.284697
                                                     NaN
                                                             NaN
                          NaN
                                   NaN
                                       NaN
                                            NaN
          226
                  NaN 0.412527
                                       NaN
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
                                                             NaN
                                   NaN
          227
                  NaN
                          NaN 0.511428 NaN
                                                             NaN
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
```

In [35]: weekday\_boxplot = pivot\_table.boxplot()

localhost:8888/lab 8/19



```
In [36]: fig = weekday_boxplot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/weekday_boxplot.png')
```

## Doses per Week

```
In [37]: # W-Mon in order to start the week on a Monday, see:
    # https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/timeseries.html#anchored-offsets
    doses_weekly = doses.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='W-Mon')).sum()
    doses_weekly.columns = ['million doses used']
    doses_weekly.tail()
```

### Out [37]: million doses used

date	
2021-07-19	4.004335
2021-07-26	3.203223
2021-08-02	2.890441
2021-08-09	2.529639
2021-08-16	0.923955

```
In [38]: # What is the highest number of doses used in a week?
```

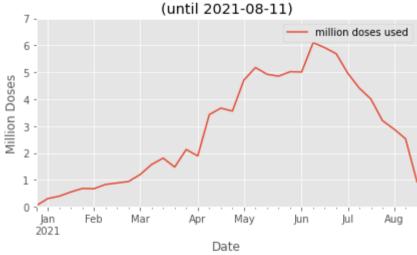
localhost:8888/lab 9/19

```
max_million_doses_weekly = max(doses_weekly['million doses used'])
max_million_doses_weekly
```

Out[38]: 6.1

```
In [39]: doses_weekly.plot(
    ylim=(0, math.ceil(max_million_doses_weekly)),
    xlabel='Date',
    ylabel='Million Doses',
    title=f"VACCINATION DOSES PER WEEK IN GERMANY\n(until {last_update})")
```

### VACCINATION DOSES PER WEEK IN GERMANY



## Doses per Month

```
In [40]: # M = month end frequency
doses_monthly = doses.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='M')).sum()
doses_monthly.tail()
```

Out[40]: doses used

date
2021-04-30 15.537197

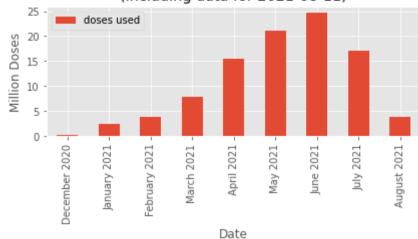
localhost:8888/lab 10/19

#### doses used

```
date
                     21.025846
          2021-05-31
          2021-06-30
                     24.662120
          2021-07-31
                     17.110420
          2021-08-31
                      3.859697
          max doses monthly = max(doses monthly['doses used'])
In [41]:
          max doses monthly
          doses monthly['month'] = doses monthly.index.strftime('%B')
          doses monthly['year'] = doses monthly.index.strftime('%Y')
          doses monthly['label'] = doses monthly['month'] + ' ' + doses_monthly['year']
          doses monthly.drop(columns=['month', 'year'], inplace=True)
          doses monthly.set index('label', inplace=True)
          doses monthly.tail(6)
Out[41]:
                     doses used
                label
           March 2021
                       7.852109
            April 2021
                      15.537197
            May 2021
                      21.025846
            June 2021
                      24.662120
            July 2021
                      17.110420
          August 2021
                       3.859697
In [42]:
          monthly plot = doses monthly.plot.bar(
              ylim=(0, math.ceil(max doses monthly) + 1),
              xlabel='Date',
               ylabel='Million Doses',
              title=f"VACCINATION DOSES PER MONTH IN GERMANY\n(including data for {last update})")
```

localhost:8888/lab 11/19

# VACCINATION DOSES PER MONTH IN GERMANY (including data for 2021-08-11)



```
In [43]: fig = monthly_plot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/monthly_doses_germany.png')
```

## **Vaccination Campaign Progress**

```
In [44]: doses_cumulative = vaccinations.loc[ : , ['date', 'partly vaccinated', 'fully vaccinated']]
    doses_cumulative.set_index('date', inplace=True)
    doses_cumulative.tail(3)
```

### Out [44]: partly vaccinated fully vaccinated

date		
2021-08-09	7.39	55.17
2021-08-10	7.08	55.58
2021-08-11	6.72	56.07

```
In [45]: doses_area_plot = doses_cumulative.plot.area(
    ylim=(0,100),
    xlabel='Date',
    ylabel='Percentage of population',
    title=f"Vaccination Campaign Progress in Germany\n(until {last_update})")
```

localhost:8888/lab 12/19

#### Vaccination Campaign Progress in Germany (until 2021-08-11) 100 partly vaccinated Percentage of population fully vaccinated 80 60 40 20 Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug 2021 Date

```
In [46]: fig = doses_area_plot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/vaccinations_germany_area_plot.png')
```

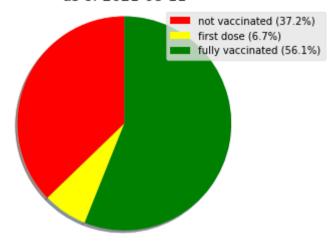
## As of Today

```
In [47]:
          # get the last line of the data
          current state = doses cumulative.iloc[-1]
          current state
         partly vaccinated
Out[47]:
                               6.72
         fully vaccinated
                              56.07
         Name: 2021-08-11 00:00:00, dtype: float64
In [48]:
          percentage not vacc = 100 - current state['partly vaccinated'] - current state['fully vaccinated']
          labels = [f"not vaccinated ({round(percentage not vacc, 1)}%)",
                    f"first dose ({round(current state['partly vaccinated'], 1)}%)",
                    f"fully vaccinated ({round(current state['fully vaccinated'], 1)}%)"]
          colors = ['red', 'yellow', 'green']
          sizes = [percentage not vacc,
                   current state['partly vaccinated'],
                   current state['fully vaccinated']]
          fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
          ax1.pie(sizes, shadow=True, startangle=90)
          ax1.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
          patches, texts = plt.pie(sizes, colors=colors, startangle=90)
```

localhost:8888/lab 13/19

```
plt.legend(patches, labels, loc="best")
plt.title(f"Vaccination Progress in Germany\nas of {last_update}")
# plt.savefig must be before show()
# BEWARE plt.savefig must be in the same Jupyter code cell that creates the graph!
# See comment by ijoseph here:
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/9012487/matplotlib-pyplot-savefig-outputs-blank-image
plt.savefig('img/vaccination_in_germany_pie.png', bbox_inches='tight')
plt.show()
```

### Vaccination Progress in Germany as of 2021-08-11

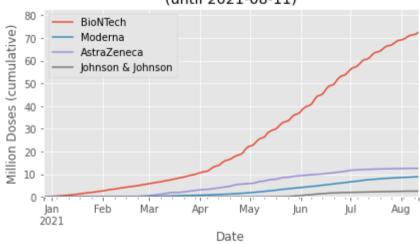


## Vaccines in Use

localhost:8888/lab 14/19

```
Out[49]:
                     BioNTech Moderna AstraZeneca Johnson & Johnson
               date
                                                            2.525003
          2021-08-09 71.551933 8.791716
                                         12.553685
          2021-08-10 71.905616 8.832587
                                         12.561540
                                                           2.535121
          2021-08-11 72.349986 8.876880
                                         12.571187
                                                           2.548239
In [50]:
          vaccines used = vaccine use.plot(
               # as it is cumulative, the last row must contain the single highest number
               ylim=(0,math.ceil(max(vaccine use.iloc[-1]))+10),
               xlabel='Date',
               vlabel='Million Doses (cumulative)',
               title=f"VACCINES USED IN GERMANY\n(until {last update})")
```

### VACCINES USED IN GERMANY (until 2021-08-11)



```
In [51]: fig = vaccines_used.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/vaccines_used_in_germany.png')
```

## Vaccination Centers versus Doctor's Practices

```
In [52]: by_place = vaccinations.loc[ : , ['date', 'dosen_dim_kumulativ', 'dosen_kbv_kumulativ']]
```

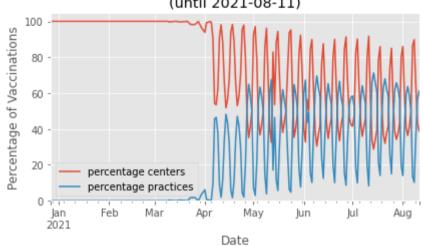
localhost:8888/lab 15/19

```
bv place.columns = ['date', 'vaccination centers', 'practices']
           by place['vaccination centers daily'] = by place['vaccination centers'].diff()
In [53]:
           by place['practices daily'] = by place['practices'].diff()
           by place['percentage practices'] = round(
In [54]:
               by place['practices daily'] * 100 /
                (by place['vaccination centers daily'] + by place['practices daily']), 2)
           by place['percentage centers'] = 100 - by place['percentage practices']
In [55]:
           # make 'date' an index
           by place.set index('date', inplace=True)
In [56]:
           by place
Out[56]:
                     vaccination centers practices vaccination centers daily practices daily percentage practices percentage centers
                date
          2020-12-27
                                24089
                                             0
                                                                 NaN
                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                  NaN
                                                                                                                    NaN
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2020-12-28
                                42083
                                                              17994.0
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
          2020-12-29
                                92099
                                                              50016.0
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2020-12-30
                               155593
                                                              63494.0
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2020-12-31
                               205283
                                             0
                                                              49690.0
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2021-08-07
                             56707193 38151629
                                                             153455.0
                                                                            24117.0
                                                                                                 13.58
                                                                                                                   86.42
          2021-08-08
                              56808240 38163142
                                                              101047.0
                                                                            11513.0
                                                                                                 10.23
                                                                                                                   89.77
          2021-08-09
                             56989821 38264866
                                                             181581.0
                                                                           101724.0
                                                                                                 35.91
                                                                                                                   64.09
          2021-08-10
                             57168176 38496745
                                                             178355.0
                                                                           231879.0
                                                                                                 56.52
                                                                                                                   43.48
          2021-08-11
                             57365864 38807109
                                                             197688.0
                                                                           310364.0
                                                                                                 61.09
                                                                                                                   38.91
         228 rows × 6 columns
In [57]:
           share = by place.loc[ : , ['percentage centers', 'percentage practices']]
```

localhost:8888/lab 16/19

```
In [58]: vacc_shares = share.plot(
    # as it is cumulative, the last row must contain the single highest number
    ylim=(0, 105), # above 100 to see the line
    xlabel='Date',
    ylabel='Percentage of Vaccinations',
    title=f"Place of Vaccination in Germany\n(until {last_update})")
```

## Place of Vaccination in Germany (until 2021-08-11)



```
In [59]: fig = vacc_shares.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/vaccinations_germany_by_place.png')
```

## Other units of Time

```
In [60]: by_place_daily = by_place.loc[ : , ['vaccination centers daily', 'practices daily']]
by_place_daily.columns = ['vaccination centers', 'practices']
by_place_daily.reset_index(inplace=True)
```

## Monthly

```
In [61]: by_place_monthly = by_place_daily.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='M')).sum()
by_place_monthly.tail()

Out[61]: vaccination centers practices
```

date

localhost:8888/lab 17/19

	vaccination centers	practices
date		
2021-04-30	10208057.0	5329140.0
2021-05-31	11542258.0	9483588.0
2021-06-30	11780536.0	12819000.0
2021-07-31	7863522.0	9158395.0
2021-08-31	1886713.0	1950752.0
0 1		
Scale:		

```
In [62]: by_place_monthly['vaccination centers'] = by_place_monthly['vaccination centers'] / 1_000_000
by_place_monthly['practices'] = by_place_monthly['practices'] / 1_000_000
```

Rename the columns

```
In [63]: by_place_monthly['month'] = by_place_monthly.index.strftime('%B')
    by_place_monthly['year'] = by_place_monthly.index.strftime('%Y')
    by_place_monthly['label'] = by_place_monthly['month'] + ' ' + by_place_monthly['year']
    by_place_monthly.drop(columns=['month', 'year'], inplace=True)
    by_place_monthly.set_index('label', inplace=True)
    by_place_monthly.tail(6)
```

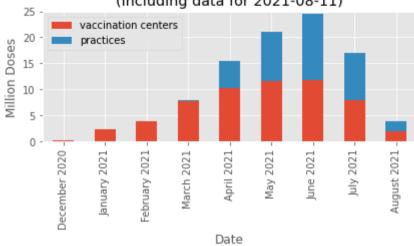
#### Out [63]: vaccination centers practices

label		
March 2021	7.785875	0.066234
April 2021	10.208057	5.329140
May 2021	11.542258	9.483588
June 2021	11.780536	12.819000
July 2021	7.863522	9.158395
August 2021	1.886713	1.950752

localhost:8888/lab 18/19

```
ylim=(0, 25),
xlabel='Date',
ylabel='Million Doses',
title=f"VACCINATION DOSES BY PLACE IN GERMANY\n(including data for {last_update})")
```

# VACCINATION DOSES BY PLACE IN GERMANY (including data for 2021-08-11)



```
In [65]: fig = monthly_plot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/monthly_doses_by_place_germany.png')
```

localhost:8888/lab 19/19