Covid-19 Vaccination Campaign in Germany

The data used here were provided by Robert Koch Institute and the German federal ministry of Health.

These institutions publish the datasets and some analysis on the page impfdashboard.de.

Setup

Imports

```
In [1]: # standard library
import datetime
import math

In [2]: # third party
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import requests
import seaborn
```

Date this Notebook was run

```
In [3]: today = datetime.datetime.today().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
today
Out[3]: '2021-08-10'
```

Set Defaults

```
In [4]: # style like ggplot in R
plt.style.use('ggplot')

In [5]: # Avoid cutting off part of the axis labels, see:
    # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/6774086/why-is-my-xlabel-cut-off-in-my-matplotlib-plot
    plt.rcParams.update({'figure.autolayout': True})
```

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```
In [6]: | population_germany = 83_200_000
```

Get and Transform Data

```
In [7]: vaccination_data_permalink = 'https://impfdashboard.de/static/data/germany_vaccinations_timeseries_v2.tsv'
vaccinations = pd.read_csv(
    vaccination_data_permalink,
    sep="\t")
```

Drop unnecessary / misleading columns

Columns with names starting with 'indikation' will not be analyzed as the data providers stopped updating them.

```
In [8]: cols_to_drop = vaccinations.columns[vaccinations.columns.str.contains('indikation_')]
vaccinations.drop(columns=cols_to_drop, inplace=True)
```

Some more columns can be dropped, as there is no interest in analyzing differences on a vaccine level - especially since in some cases vaccines were mixed.

Some columns are labeled misleadingly. As stated by the data provider the columns personen_erst_kumulativ and impf_quote_erst contain people vaccinated with the Johnson & Johnson vaccine. As this requires only one shot, the same persons are included in personen_voll_kumulativ. Therefore more columns are dropped and recalculated later.

```
In [10]: vaccinations.drop(columns=['impf_quote_erst', 'impf_quote_voll'], inplace=True)
```

Convert datatype of date column

```
In [11]: vaccinations.iloc[ : , [0]] = vaccinations.iloc[ : , [0]].apply(pd.to_datetime)
```

Show Data

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```
RangeIndex: 226 entries, 0 to 225
Data columns (total 15 columns):
     Column
                                       Non-Null Count Dtype
     -----
 0
     date
                                       226 non-null
                                                       datetime64[ns]
     dosen kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen differenz zum vortag
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen erst differenz zum vortag
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen zweit differenz zum vortag 226 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen biontech kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen moderna kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
     dosen astrazeneca kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
     personen erst kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
     personen voll kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
    dosen dim kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
 10
                                                       int64
 11 dosen kbv kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
 12 dosen johnson kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
 13 dosen erst kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
 14 dosen zweit kumulativ
                                       226 non-null
                                                       int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int64(14)
memory usage: 26.6 KB
```

In [13]: vaccinations.tail(3)

Out[13]:		date	dosen_kumulativ	dosen_differenz_zum_vortag	dosen_erst_differenz_zum_vortag	dosen_zweit_differenz_zum_vortag	dosen_biontech_kumulati
	223	2021- 08-07	94945131	175102	38970	136132	7116233
	224	2021- 08-08	95056573	111442	22599	88843	7124888
	225	2021- 08-09	95332331	275758	48158	227600	7147206
	4						

Check Validity

```
In [14]: # get the last row / the newest available data
last_row = vaccinations.tail(1)

In [15]: doses_used = last_row['dosen_kumulativ']
doses_used
```

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95332331

Name: dosen kumulativ, dtype: int64

Out[15]: 225

```
# The number of person having been vaccinated at least once, includes those fully vaccinated
In [16]:
          at least once = last row['personen erst kumulativ']
          fully vaccinated people = last row['personen voll kumulativ']
          partially vaccinated people = at least once - fully vaccinated people
          # The johnson & Johnson vaccine is the only one used in Germany that only needs a single shot:
          johnson doses = last row['dosen johnson kumulativ']
In [17]:
          # Must be exactly 0
          doses used - partially vaccinated people - (fully vaccinated people - johnson doses) * 2 - johnson doses == 0
Out[17]: 225
                True
         dtype: bool
        Calculate columns
          vaccinations['partly vaccinated'] = round(
In [18]:
              (vaccinations['personen erst kumulativ'] - vaccinations['personen voll kumulativ']) * 100 / population germany,
              2)
          vaccinations['fully vaccinated'] = round(
In [19]:
              vaccinations['personen voll kumulativ'] * 100 / population germany,
              2)
          vaccinations.info()
In [20]:
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 226 entries, 0 to 225
         Data columns (total 17 columns):
              Column
                                                Non-Null Count Dtype
              date
                                                226 non-null
                                                                datetime64[ns]
              dosen kumulativ
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen differenz zum vortag
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen erst differenz zum vortag
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen zweit differenz zum vortag 226 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen biontech kumulativ
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen moderna kumulativ
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen astrazeneca kumulativ
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              personen erst kumulativ
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              personen voll kumulativ
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
              dosen dim kumulativ
                                                226 non-null
                                                                int64
```

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```
11 dosen kbv kumulativ
                                                     226 non-null
                                                                       int64
           12 dosen johnson kumulativ
                                                     226 non-null
                                                                       int64
           13 dosen erst kumulativ
                                                     226 non-null
                                                                       int64
           14 dosen zweit kumulativ
                                                     226 non-null
                                                                       int64
           15 partly vaccinated
                                                     226 non-null
                                                                       float64
           16 fully vaccinated
                                                     226 non-null
                                                                       float64
          dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int64(14)
          memory usage: 30.1 KB
          vaccinations.tail(3)
In [21]:
Out[21]:
                date dosen kumulativ dosen differenz zum vortag dosen erst differenz zum vortag dosen zweit differenz zum vortag dosen biontech kumulati
               2021-
          223
                           94945131
                                                      175102
                                                                                    38970
                                                                                                                  136132
                                                                                                                                        7116233
               08-07
               2021-
          224
                           95056573
                                                       111442
                                                                                    22599
                                                                                                                   88843
                                                                                                                                        7124888
               08-08
               2021-
08-09
                           95332331
                                                      275758
                                                                                    48158
                                                                                                                  227600
                                                                                                                                        7147206
```

Last Update

Often the data is not updated on weekends, so get the highest date in the dataset.

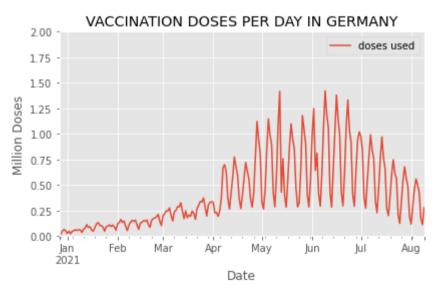
```
In [22]: last_update = vaccinations.loc[vaccinations.index[-1], "date"].strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
last_update
Out[22]: '2021-08-09'
```

Doses Used

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Doses Daily

```
doses daily = doses.set index('date', inplace=False)
In [25]:
          doses daily.tail(1)
Out[25]:
                   doses used
              date
         2021-08-09
                     0.275758
In [26]:
          # What is the highest number of doses used in a day?
          max doses daily = max(doses daily['doses used'])
          max doses daily
Out[26]: 1.420957
          doses daily.plot(
In [27]:
              ylim=(0,math.ceil(max doses daily)),
              xlabel='Date',
              ylabel='Million Doses',
              title='VACCINATION DOSES PER DAY IN GERMANY')
         <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'VACCINATION DOSES PER DAY IN GERMANY'}, xlabel='Date', ylabel='Million Doses'>
Out[27]:
```



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Doses per Weekday (in the last 6 weeks)

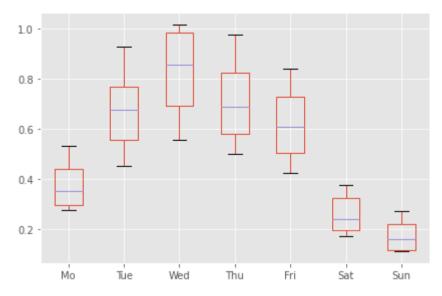
```
last 6 weeks = doses.tail(42)
In [28]:
          # Yields a warning, but exactly like the docs prescribe and it works
In [29]:
          # https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/getting started/intro_tutorials/05_add_columns.html
          last 6 weeks['weekday'] = last 6 weeks['date'].dt.day name()
          <ipython-input-29-45013977109e>:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
         Try using .loc[row indexer,col indexer] = value instead
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a
          -view-versus-a-copy
           last 6 weeks['weekday'] = last 6 weeks['date'].dt.day name()
In [30]:
          # check:
          last 6 weeks.tail(3)
Out[30]:
                   date doses used weekday
          223 2021-08-07
                          0.175102
                                   Saturday
          224 2021-08-08
                          0.111442
                                   Sunday
          225 2021-08-09
                          0.275758
                                   Monday
          # drop the date column
In [31]:
          last 6 weeks = last 6 weeks.drop(labels=['date'], axis=1)
          #last 6 weeks.set index('weekday', inplace=True)
In [32]:
          last 6 weeks.tail(3)
Out[32]:
              doses used weekday
          223
                0.175102
                        Saturday
          224
                0.111442
                          Sunday
          225
                0.275758
                         Monday
          pivot table =last 6 weeks.pivot(columns='weekday', values='doses used')
In [33]:
          pivot table.tail()
```

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```
Out[33]: weekday
                    Friday
                           Monday Saturday
                                            Sunday Thursday Tuesday Wednesday
                                                    0.502631
              221
                      NaN
                              NaN
                                       NaN
                                               NaN
                                                                NaN
                                                                           NaN
              222 0.425151
                                               NaN
                              NaN
                                       NaN
                                                        NaN
                                                                NaN
                                                                           NaN
              223
                                   0.175102
                      NaN
                              NaN
                                               NaN
                                                        NaN
                                                                NaN
                                                                           NaN
              224
                      NaN
                              NaN
                                       NaN
                                           0.111442
                                                        NaN
                                                                NaN
                                                                           NaN
              225
                      NaN 0.275758
                                       NaN
                                               NaN
                                                        NaN
                                                                NaN
                                                                           NaN
          # Reorder the columns
In [34]:
          pivot table = pivot table[['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sunday']]
          # Rename the columns
          pivot table.columns=['Mo', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun']
          pivot table.tail()
Out[34]:
                                              Fri
                   Mo
                       Tue Wed
                                    Thu
                                                      Sat
                                                              Sun
          221
                  NaN
                       NaN
                            NaN 0.502631
                                                     NaN
                                                             NaN
                                             NaN
          222
                  NaN
                      NaN
                            NaN
                                    NaN 0.425151
                                                     NaN
                                                             NaN
          223
                      NaN
                            NaN
                                             NaN 0.175102
                  NaN
                                    NaN
                                                             NaN
          224
                  NaN
                      NaN
                            NaN
                                             NaN
                                                     NaN 0.111442
                                    NaN
          225 0.275758 NaN NaN
                                    NaN
                                             NaN
                                                     NaN
                                                             NaN
```

In [35]: weekday_boxplot = pivot_table.boxplot()

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```
In [36]: fig = weekday_boxplot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/weekday_boxplot.png')
```

Doses per Week

```
In [37]: # W-Mon in order to start the week on a Monday, see:
    # https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/timeseries.html#anchored-offsets
    doses_weekly = doses.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='W-Mon')).sum()
    doses_weekly.columns = ['million doses used']
    doses_weekly.tail()
```

Out [37]: million doses used

date	
2021-07-12	4.401892
2021-07-19	3.997661
2021-07-26	3.189085
2021-08-02	2.876995
2021-08-09	2.502279

```
In [38]: # What is the highest number of doses used in a week?
```

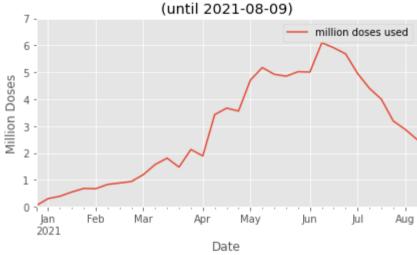
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```
max_million_doses_weekly = max(doses_weekly['million doses used'])
max_million_doses_weekly
```

Out[38]: 6.095260000000001

```
In [39]: doses_weekly.plot(
    ylim=(0, math.ceil(max_million_doses_weekly)),
    xlabel='Date',
    ylabel='Million Doses',
    title=f"VACCINATION DOSES PER WEEK IN GERMANY\n(until {last_update})")
```





Doses per Month

```
In [40]: # M = month end frequency
doses_monthly = doses.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='M')).sum()
doses_monthly.tail()
```

Out [40]: doses used

date 2021-04-30 15.536796

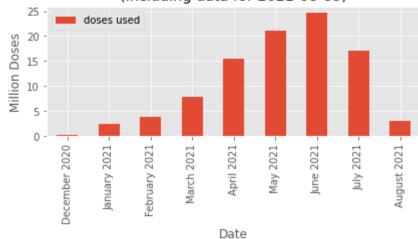
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doses used

```
date
                     21.025281
          2021-05-31
          2021-06-30
                     24.644563
          2021-07-31
                     17.068701
          2021-08-31
                      2.906456
          max doses monthly = max(doses monthly['doses used'])
In [41]:
          max doses monthly
          doses monthly['month'] = doses monthly.index.strftime('%B')
          doses monthly['year'] = doses monthly.index.strftime('%Y')
          doses monthly['label'] = doses monthly['month'] + ' ' + doses_monthly['year']
          doses monthly.drop(columns=['month', 'year'], inplace=True)
          doses monthly.set index('label', inplace=True)
          doses monthly.tail(6)
Out[41]:
                     doses used
                label
           March 2021
                       7.852179
            April 2021
                      15.536796
            May 2021
                      21.025281
            June 2021
                      24.644563
            July 2021
                      17.068701
          August 2021
                       2.906456
In [42]:
          monthly plot = doses monthly.plot.bar(
              ylim=(0, math.ceil(max doses monthly) + 1),
              xlabel='Date',
               ylabel='Million Doses',
              title=f"VACCINATION DOSES PER MONTH IN GERMANY\n(including data for {last update})")
```

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VACCINATION DOSES PER MONTH IN GERMANY (including data for 2021-08-09)



```
In [43]: fig = monthly_plot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/monthly_doses_germany.png')
```

Vaccination Campaign Progress

```
In [44]: doses_cumulative = vaccinations.loc[ : , ['date', 'partly vaccinated', 'fully vaccinated']]
    doses_cumulative.set_index('date', inplace=True)
    doses_cumulative.tail(3)
```

Out [44]: partly vaccinated fully vaccinated

date		
2021-08-07	7.70	54.72
2021-08-08	7.62	54.83
2021-08-09	7.41	55.10

```
In [45]: doses_area_plot = doses_cumulative.plot.area(
    ylim=(0,100),
    xlabel='Date',
    ylabel='Percentage of population',
    title=f"Vaccination Campaign Progress in Germany\n(until {last_update})")
```

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Vaccination Campaign Progress in Germany (until 2021-08-09) 100 partly vaccinated Percentage of population fully vaccinated 80 60 40 20 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug 2021 Date

```
In [46]: fig = doses_area_plot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/vaccinations_germany_area_plot.png')
```

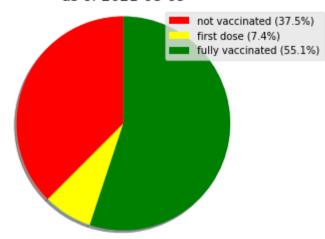
As of Today

```
In [47]:
          # get the last line of the data
          current state = doses cumulative.iloc[-1]
          current state
         partly vaccinated
Out[47]:
                               7.41
         fully vaccinated
                              55.10
         Name: 2021-08-09 00:00:00, dtype: float64
In [48]:
          percentage not vacc = 100 - current state['partly vaccinated'] - current state['fully vaccinated']
          labels = [f"not vaccinated ({round(percentage not vacc, 1)}%)",
                    f"first dose ({round(current state['partly vaccinated'], 1)}%)",
                    f"fully vaccinated ({round(current state['fully vaccinated'], 1)}%)"]
          colors = ['red', 'yellow', 'green']
          sizes = [percentage not vacc,
                   current state['partly vaccinated'],
                   current state['fully vaccinated']]
          fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
          ax1.pie(sizes, shadow=True, startangle=90)
          ax1.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
          patches, texts = plt.pie(sizes, colors=colors, startangle=90)
```

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```
plt.legend(patches, labels, loc="best")
plt.title(f"Vaccination Progress in Germany\nas of {last_update}")
# plt.savefig must be before show()
# BEWARE plt.savefig must be in the same Jupyter code cell that creates the graph!
# See comment by ijoseph here:
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/9012487/matplotlib-pyplot-savefig-outputs-blank-image
plt.savefig('img/vaccination_in_germany_pie.png', bbox_inches='tight')
plt.show()
```

Vaccination Progress in Germany as of 2021-08-09

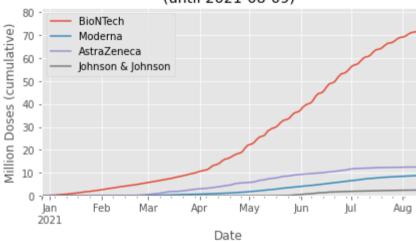


Vaccines in Use

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```
Out[49]:
                     BioNTech Moderna AstraZeneca Johnson & Johnson
               date
                                                            2.508635
          2021-08-07 71.162337 8.727617
                                         12.546542
          2021-08-08 71.248886 8.747997
                                         12.547448
                                                           2.512242
          2021-08-09 71.472063 8.787647
                                         12.552720
                                                           2.519901
In [50]:
          vaccines used = vaccine use.plot(
               # as it is cumulative, the last row must contain the single highest number
               ylim=(0,math.ceil(max(vaccine use.iloc[-1]))+10),
               xlabel='Date',
               vlabel='Million Doses (cumulative)',
               title=f"VACCINES USED IN GERMANY\n(until {last update})")
```

VACCINES USED IN GERMANY (until 2021-08-09)



```
In [51]: fig = vaccines_used.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/vaccines_used_in_germany.png')
```

Vaccination Centers versus Doctor's Practices

```
In [52]: by_place = vaccinations.loc[ : , ['date', 'dosen_dim_kumulativ', 'dosen_kbv_kumulativ']]
```

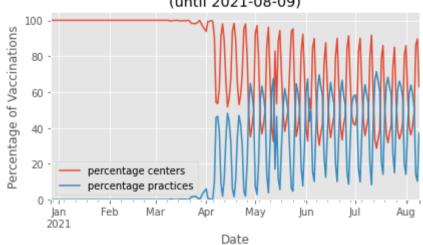
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```
bv place.columns = ['date', 'vaccination centers', 'practices']
           by place['vaccination centers daily'] = by place['vaccination centers'].diff()
In [53]:
           by place['practices daily'] = by place['practices'].diff()
           by place['percentage practices'] = round(
In [54]:
               by place['practices daily'] * 100 /
                (by place['vaccination centers daily'] + by place['practices daily']), 2)
           by place['percentage centers'] = 100 - by place['percentage practices']
In [55]:
           # make 'date' an index
           by place.set index('date', inplace=True)
In [56]:
           by place
Out[56]:
                     vaccination centers practices vaccination centers daily practices daily percentage practices percentage centers
                date
          2020-12-27
                                24091
                                             0
                                                                 NaN
                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                  NaN
                                                                                                                    NaN
                                                              17997.0
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2020-12-28
                                42088
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
          2020-12-29
                                92104
                                                              50016.0
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2020-12-30
                               155598
                                                              63494.0
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2020-12-31
                               205288
                                             0
                                                              49690.0
                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                  0.00
                                                                                                                  100.00
          2021-08-05
                             56271384 37910549
                                                              203819.0
                                                                           295556.0
                                                                                                 59.19
                                                                                                                   40.81
          2021-08-06
                             56477279 38127512
                                                              205895.0
                                                                           216963.0
                                                                                                 51.31
                                                                                                                   48.69
          2021-08-07
                             56627381 38151629
                                                             150102.0
                                                                            24117.0
                                                                                                 13.84
                                                                                                                   86.16
          2021-08-08
                             56727173 38163142
                                                              99792.0
                                                                            11513.0
                                                                                                 10.34
                                                                                                                   89.66
          2021-08-09
                             56899815 38264866
                                                             172642.0
                                                                           101724.0
                                                                                                 37.08
                                                                                                                   62.92
         226 rows × 6 columns
In [57]:
           share = by place.loc[ : , ['percentage centers', 'percentage practices']]
```

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```
In [58]: vacc_shares = share.plot(
    # as it is cumulative, the last row must contain the single highest number
    ylim=(0, 105), # above 100 to see the line
    xlabel='Date',
    ylabel='Percentage of Vaccinations',
    title=f"Place of Vaccination in Germany\n(until {last_update})")
```

Place of Vaccination in Germany (until 2021-08-09)



```
In [59]: fig = vacc_shares.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/vaccinations_germany_by_place.png')
```

Other units of Time

```
In [60]: by_place_daily = by_place.loc[ : , ['vaccination centers daily', 'practices daily']]
by_place_daily.columns = ['vaccination centers', 'practices']
by_place_daily.reset_index(inplace=True)
```

Monthly

```
In [61]: by_place_monthly = by_place_daily.groupby(pd.Grouper(key='date',freq='M')).sum()
by_place_monthly.tail()
```

Out [61]: vaccination centers practices

date

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10/2021				vaccination
		vaccination centers	practices	
	date			
	2021-04-30	10207656.0	5329140.0	
	2021-05-31	11541693.0	9483588.0	
	2021-06-30	11762979.0	12819000.0	
	2021-07-31	7821803.0	9158395.0	
	2021-08-31	1481384.0	1408509.0	
	Scale:			
In [62]				<pre>ers'] = by_place_monthly['vaccination centers'] / 1_000_000 '_place_monthly['practices'] / 1_000_000</pre>
	Rename the	e columns		
In [63]	by_place	monthly['year']	= by_pla	<pre>ce_monthly.index.strftime('%B') ce_monthly.index.strftime('%Y') ce_monthly['month'] + ' ' + by place_monthly['year']</pre>

```
In [63]
            by_place_monthly['label'] = by_place_monthly['month'] + ' ' + by_place_monthly['year']
by_place_monthly.drop(columns=['month', 'year'], inplace=True)
            by_place_monthly.tail(6)
```

Out[63]: vaccination centers practices

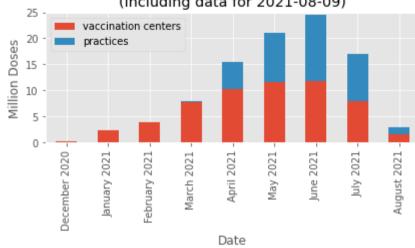
label		
March 2021	7.785945	0.066234
April 2021	10.207656	5.329140
May 2021	11.541693	9.483588
June 2021	11.762979	12.819000
July 2021	7.821803	9.158395
August 2021	1.481384	1.408509

```
In [64]:
         monthly_plot = by_place_monthly.plot.bar(
              stacked=True,
```

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```
ylim=(0, 25),
xlabel='Date',
ylabel='Million Doses',
title=f"VACCINATION DOSES BY PLACE IN GERMANY\n(including data for {last_update})")
```

VACCINATION DOSES BY PLACE IN GERMANY (including data for 2021-08-09)



```
In [65]: fig = monthly_plot.get_figure()
fig.savefig('img/monthly_doses_by_place_germany.png')
```

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