

**Logic Instructions:** AND, OR, XOR, NOT

AND - Logical AND between all bits of two operands.

$$1 \text{ AND } 1 = 1$$

$$1 \text{ AND } 0 = 0$$

$$0 \text{ AND } 1 = 0$$

$$0 \text{ AND } 0 = 0$$

OR - Logical OR between all bits of two operands.

$$1 \text{ OR } 1 = 1$$

$$1 \text{ OR } 0 = 1$$

$$0 \text{ OR } 1 = 1$$

$$0 \text{ OR } 0 = 0$$

XOR - Logical XOR (exclusive OR) between all bits of two operands.

$$1 \text{ XOR } 1 = 0$$

$$1 \text{ XOR } 0 = 1$$

$$0 \text{ XOR } 1 = 1$$

$$0 \text{ XOR } 0 = 0$$

TEST: The same as **AND** but **for flags only**.

<p>Format: TEST destination, source</p> <p>Example: TEST AL, 1</p> <p>**TEST and AND are similar, the</p>	<p>AL: 1001 1011 (155) 0000 0001 ----- 0000 0001 => not zero => odd</p> <p>AL: 1001 1010 (154)</p>
--	--

only difference is TEST doesn't write the result of the operation on destination.

0000 0001

0000 0000 => zero => even

Example: Read a character and check if the input contains an even number. If it is even, print 'e' otherwise do nothing.

```
MOV AH, 1
INT 21H
XOR AH, AH ;set ah to 0
MOV BL, 2

DIV BL ;AX/BL: quotient in al,
;remainder in ah

CMP AH, 0 ;check if remainder is 0
;means even number
JE PRINT_E ;goto label

JMP EXIT ;if not even, goto exit

PRINT_E:
MOV AH, 2
MOV DL, 'E'
INT 21H ;print 'E'

EXIT:
MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H
```

```
MOV AH, 1
INT 21H

TEST AL, 1
;checks if LSB is zero
JZ PRINT_E

JMP EXIT
;if not even, goto exit

PRINT_E:
MOV AH, 2
MOV DL, 'E'
INT 21H

EXIT:
MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H
```

Arithmetic Instructions: ADD, SUB, INC, DEC, MUL, IMUL, DIV, IDIV

Instruction	Algorithm (= is assignment)
MUL (unsigned multiplication)	MUL Source (register/memory loc) Algorithm (byte): $AX = AL \times \text{Source}$ Algorithm (word): $DX:AX = AX \times \text{Source (register/memory loc)}$
IMUL (signed multiplication)	IMUL Source (register/memory loc) Algorithm (byte): $AX = AL \times \text{Source}$ Algorithm (word): $DX:AX = AX \times \text{Source}$
DIV (unsigned multiplication)	DIV divisor (register/memory loc) Algorithm (byte): $AL \text{ (quotient)} = AX / \text{divisor}$ $AH \text{ (remainder)} = AX \% \text{divisor}$ Algorithm (word): $AX \text{ (quotient)} = (DX:AX) / \text{divisor}$ $DX \text{ (remainder)} = (DX:AX) \% \text{divisor}$
IDIV (signed multiplication)	IDIV divisor (register/memory loc) Algorithm (byte): $AL \text{ (quotient)} = AX / \text{divisor}$ $AH \text{ (remainder)} = AX \% \text{divisor}$ Algorithm (word): $AX \text{ (quotient)} = (DX:AX) / \text{divisor}$ $DX \text{ (remainder)} = (DX:AX) \% \text{divisor}$

Example: Factorial of 5

```
01 include emu8086.inc
02
03 .model small
04 .stack 100h
05 .data
06     n db 5
07 .code
08
09     mov ax, @data
10     mov ds, ax
11
12     mov cl, n
13     mov al, 1
14
15     fact:
16     mul cl
17
18     dec cl
19     cmp cl, 1
20     jne fact
21
22     call print_num
23
24     define_print_num
25     define_print_num_uns
26
```

Example: division

```
02 .model small
03 .stack 100h
04 .data
05     n db 4
06 .code
07     mov ax, @data
08     mov ds, ax
09
10     mov ax, 25
11
12     div n
13
14     mov dl, al ;quotient in dl
15     mov dh, ah ;remainder in dh
16
17     mov ah, 2
18     add dl, 30h
19     int 21h ;display quotient
20
21     mov dl, 20h
22     int 21h ;print space
23
24     mov dl, dh
25     add dl, 30h
26     int 21h ;display remainder
27
28     mov ah, 4ch
29     int 21h
30
```