CSE 331L / EEE 332L

Microprocessor Interfacing & Embedded System

Section: 5,6 & 7, Fall 2021

Lab- 05: Library



Library: emu8086.inc

To use any of the functions in emu8086.inc you should have the following line in the beginning of your source file:

include 'emu8086.inc'

emu8086.inc defines the following macros:

| PUTC char | macro with 1 parameter, prints out an ASCII char at current cursor position. |
|-----------------|---|
| GOTOXY col, row | macro with 2 parameters, sets cursor position. |
| PRINT string | macro with 1 parameter, prints out a string. |
| PRINTN string | macro with 1 parameter, prints out a string. The same as PRINT but automatically adds "carriage return" at the end of the string. |

```
PRINT "HELLO" ;prints the string
PUTC 'W' ;prints 'W' next to 'O'

GOTOXY 20, 3 ;go to the given position

PRINTN "HELLO" ;prints the string at the cursor position (20, 3) and ;prints a carriage return and newline

PUTC 65 ;prints the char whose ascii is 65
```

emu8086.inc also defines the following procedures:

- PRINT_STRING procedure to print a null terminated string at current cursor position, receives address of string in DS:SI register. To use it declare: DEFINE_PRINT_STRING before END directive.
- **PTHIS** procedure to print a null terminated string at current cursor position (just as PRINT_STRING), but receives address of **string from Stack**. The NULL TERMINATED string **should be defined just after the CALL instruction**. For example:

CALL PTHIS db 'Hello World!', 0

To use it declare: **DEFINE_PTHIS** before END directive.

- GET_STRING procedure to get a null terminated string from the user, the received string is written to buffer at DS:DI, buffer size should be in DX. Procedure stops the input when 'Enter' is pressed. To use it declare: DEFINE_GET_STRING before END directive.
- **CLEAR_SCREEN** procedure to clear the screen, (done by scrolling the entire screen window), and set cursor position to top of it. To use it declare: DEFINE_CLEAR_SCREEN before END directive.
- **SCAN_NUM** procedure that gets the multi-digit SIGNED number from the keyboard, and **stores the result in CX register**. To use it declare: DEFINE_SCAN_NUM before END directive.
- **PRINT_NUM** procedure that prints **a signed number in AX register**. To use it declare: DEFINE_PRINT_NUM and DEFINE_PRINT_NUM_UNS before END directive.
- **PRINT_NUM_UNS** procedure that prints out an unsigned number **in AX register**. To use it declare: DEFINE_PRINT_NUM_UNS before END directive.

To use any of the above procedures you should first declare the function in the bottom of your file (but before the **END** directive), and then use **CALL** instruction followed by a procedure name. For example:

```
INCLUDE 'EMU8086.INC'
  .MODEL SMALL
   .STACK 100H
05 . DATA
      MSG DB "This is 'print_string' procedure", 0
   . CODE
      MOV AX, @DATA
MOV DS, AX
123456789012234567890123345
      LEA SI, MSG
                               ; load offset of the string to SI to print
      CALL PRINT_STRING
                               ;print the string declared in code segment
       CALL PTHIS
      DB OAH, ODH, "This is 'pthis' procedure", OAH, ODH, O
      MOV DX, 5
                               ;place the input buffer size
      CALL GÉT_STRING
                                ;input string
      CALL CLEAR_SCREEN
                               ;clear the screen and set cursor position at (0,0)
      CALL SCAN_NUM
                               ;get any decimal number (can be multidigit), ends with an enter
      CALL PTHIS
                               ;print a newline and cret
      DB OAH, ODH, 0
      MOV AX, CX
                               ; move the input number from cx to ax to print
      CALL PRINT_NUM_UNS
                               ;unsigned number print
      EXIT:
      MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H
  ;-----;
      DEFINE_PRINT_STRING
      DEFINE_PTHIS
DEFINE_GET_STRING
DEFINE_CLEAR_SCREEN
      DEFINE_SCAN_NUM
      DEFINE_PRINT_NUM
      DEFINE_PRINT_NUM_UNS
46 END
```

Example: take two numbers as input and display their summation.

```
01 INCLUDE 'EMU8086.INC'
02 . MODEL SMALL
03 .STACK 100H
04 . DATA
05
       MSG1 DB 'Enter a number: ', 0
       MSG2 DB 0AH, 0DH, 'Enter another number: ', 0
06
07 . CODE
08
       MOU AX, @DATA
09
       MOU DS, AX
10
11
       LEA
              SI, MSG1
                             ; ask for the number
       CALL
              PRINT_STRING
12
13
              SCAN_NUM
       CALL
                             ; get 1st number in CX.
14
15
       MOU
              AX, CX
                             ; copy the number to AX.
16
17
              SI, MSG2
                             ; ask for the number
       LEA
18
       CALL
              PRINT_STRING
19
       CALL
              SCAN_NUM
                             ; input 2nd number in CX
20
21
       ADD AX, CX
                             ; sum in AX
22
              PTHIS
23
       CALL
24
       DB 13, 10, 'The sum is: ', 0
25
26
       CALL
              PRINT_NUM
                            ; print number in AX
27
28
       EXIT:
                             ; return to operating system.
29
       MOU AH, 4CH
30
       INT 21H
31 ; ----
         -----:define-----:
32
       DEFINE_SCAN_NUM
33
       DEFINE_PRINT_STRING
34
       DEFINE_PRINT_NUM
35
       DEFINE_PRINT_NUM_UNS ; required for print_num.
36
       DEFINE_PTHIS
37 END
                         ; directive to stop the compiler.
```

Example: Read a string using GET_STRING and store it in memory.

```
02 INCLUDE 'EMU8086.INC'
03
04
   .MODEL SMALL
05
   .STACK 100H
06
   . DATA
07
08
        MSG DB "This is 'print_string' procedure", 0
        STR DB 5 DUP(?)
09
. CODE
        MOV AX, @DATA
        MOV DS, AX
        MOV DX, 5
CALL GET_STRING
                                    ;declare the buffer size
                                    ;input string
;load the offset of memory into index reg.
        LEA BX, STR
                                    ;copy the input from buffer to memory ;copy each char of the string individually
        COPY:
        MOV AL, [DI]
MOV [BX], AL
        INC BX
                                    ;update memory offset
                                    jupdate DI to get the next user input char
        CMP [DI], 0
JNE COPY
                                    ;check if it is the end of user input
        MOV [BX], 0
                                    ;place null character at the end of the string
        CALL PTHIS
                                    ;print newl
        DB OAH, ODH, 0
        LEA SI, STR
CALL PRINT_STRING
                                    ; load offset of the string to SI to print
34
35
36
37
        EXIT:
        MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H
38
39
40
41
42
   ;-----:;
        DEFINE_PRINT_STRING
DEFINE_PTHIS
DEFINE_GET_STRING
43
44
45
46 END
```