diffraction grating  laser pointer  The distance between the first order maximum and the central maximum of the diffraction pattern was <i>x</i> . The distance between the diffraction grating and the screen was <i>D</i> .  (a) Distance <i>x</i> was measured to be 0.500 m with a metre rule. The wavelength of light λ <sub>1</sub> from the laser pointer was 650 nm.  The laser pointer was replaced with one that produced light of a different wavelength. The new distance <i>x</i> was measured to be 0.400 m.	
$D=1.45\mathrm{m}$ Calculate the wavelength $\lambda_2$ of the light emitted by the replacement laser pointer.	
	(5)
(b) Explain one modification to this method that would decrease the uncertainty in the calculated value of $\lambda_2$ .	(2)
<ul><li>(c) In another experiment, the light from the laser pointer was not quite perpendicular to the screen.</li><li>Explain how this would change the diffraction pattern produced on the screen.</li></ul>	(3)

(Total for Question 11 = 10 marks)

11 Light from a laser pointer was passed through a diffraction grating. The light was perpendicular to the diffraction grating as shown. A diffraction pattern was produced on