

**15** The photograph below was taken by the James Webb Space Telescope (JWST) and shows a group of galaxies that formed shortly after the big bang, about  $13 \times 10^9$  years ago.

(Source: © NASA, ESA, CSA, STScI)

(a) (i) Derive the equation  $T = 1/H_0$  where  $T$  is the age of the universe. (1)

(ii) State one assumption made in your derivation. (1)

(iii) The parsec (pc) is a unit used for astronomical distances. 1 pc is  $3.1 \times 10^{16}$  m.

The accepted range for the Hubble constant  $H_0$  is  $(60\text{--}80)\text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$ .

Deduce whether the observation by the JWST leads to a value of  $H_0$  within the accepted range.

1 year =  $3.16 \times 10^7$  s (3)

(b) The light from one of the galaxies, called Maisie, has a redshift  $z$  of 14.

The wavelength of light from Maisie detected at the telescope is  $4.0 \times 10^{-6}$  m and lies within the infrared section of the electromagnetic spectrum.

(i) Calculate the wavelength of light emitted by Maisie. (3)

Wavelength emitted = .....

(ii) Explain why the light emitted by Maisie arrives at the telescope as infrared. (2)

(c) One of the infrared detectors on the JWST is made from material with a work function of 0.30 eV.

Deduce whether this detector can detect the light from Maisie. (4)

(Total for Question 15 = 14 marks)