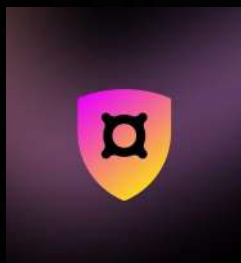




RUGFREECOINS



ESCROW Token

RugfreeCoins Verified on September 28th, 2023

Overview

- ✓ No mint function found, the owner cannot mint tokens after initial deployment.
- ✓ The owner can't set a max transaction limit
- ✓ The owner can't pause trading once it's enabled
- ✗ The owner must enable trade for the holders, if trading remains disabled, no one would be able to buy and sell.
- ✓ The owner can't change fees.
- ✗ The owner can blacklist wallets.
- ✓ The owner can't set a max wallet limit
- ✓ The owner can't claim the contract's balance of its own token.

! HIGH SEVERITY ISSUES

Owner can blacklist wallets from selling

```
function transferProtection(
    address[] calldata _wallets,
    bool _enabled
) external onlyOwner {
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < _wallets.length; i++) {
        walletProtection[_wallets[i]] = _enabled ? block.number : 0;
    }
}

function _beforeTokenTransfer(address from, address to) internal view {
    require(
        walletProtection[from] == 0 ||
        block.number - walletProtection[from] == 0 ||
        to == owner(),
        "Wallet protection enabled, please contact support"
    );
}
```

Prepare function can call anyone, if 3rd party user added lp before official LP then pre sales will not be able finalize and owners can not add LP as they wish

```
function prepare(uint256 tokens) external payable {
    require(tradingActiveTime == 0);
    require(msg.value > 0, "Insufficient funds");
    require(tokens > 0, "No LP tokens specified");

    address ETH = dexRouter.WETH();

    lpPair = IDexFactory(dexRouter.factory()).createPair(
        ETH,
        address(this)
    );
    pairs[lpPair] = true;

    if (address(antisnipe) != address(0))
        antisnipe.register{value: antisnipe.getFee()}(msg.sender, lpPair);


    super._transfer(msg.sender, address(this), tokens * _decimalFactor);

    dexRouter.addLiquidityETH{value: address(this).balance}(
        address(this),
        balanceOf(address(this)),
        0,
        0,
        msg.sender,
        block.timestamp
    );
}
```

There is an 'antisnipe contract' in place that can halt users from trading, and the code pertaining to this contract has not been provided for auditing.

```
if (
    _sf > 5 &&
    address(antisnipe) != address(0) &&
    walletProtection[to] == 0
) {
    try
        antisnipe.transferCheck(msg.sender, from, to, amount)
    returns (bool _check) {
        if (_check) walletProtection[to] = block.number;
    } catch {}
}
```

The owner must enable trade for the holders, if trading remains disabled, no one would be able to buy and sell.



```
function launch() external onlyOwner {  
    require(tradingActiveTime == 0);  
    tradingActiveTime = block.number;  
}
```

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Audit details



Audited project
ESCROW Token



Contract Address
0x75Ab8164fcFc7224266D6397c298a69427af8835



Client contact
ESCROW Token Team



Blockchain
Ethereum



Project website
<https://helloescrow.com/>

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the disclaimer below – **please make sure to read it in full.**

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The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

Background

RugfreeCoins was commissioned by the **ESCROW Token Team** to perform an audit of the smart contract.

<https://etherscan.io/token/0x75ab8164fcfc7224266d6397c298a69427af8835>

This audit focuses on verifying that the smart contract is secure, resilient, and working according to the specifications.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, project feasibility, and long-term sustainability, and as a guide to improving the smart contract's security posture by remediating the identified issues.

Tokenomics

Sell Fees first 175 block 20% after that 5%

Buy Fees first 75 block 20% 75-125 10% after that 5%

▲ 0-20% tax when buying

First 20 blocks: 20% tax

75 - 125 blocks: 10% tax

After 125: 5% tax

▲ 0-20% tax when selling












First 175 blocks: 20% tax

After 175: 5% tax

Target market and the concept

- ▶ Anyone who's interested in the Crypto space with long-term investment plans.
- ▶ Anyone who's ready to earn a passive income by holding tokens.
- ▶ Anyone who's interested in trading tokens.
- ▶ Anyone who's interested in taking part in the ESCROW token ecosystem.
- ▶ Anyone who's interested in taking part in the future plans of ESCROW Token.
- ▶ Anyone who's interested in making financial transactions with any other party using ESCROW Token as the currency.

Potential to grow with score points

 Project efficiency	8 / 10
 Project uniqueness	7 / 10
 Information quality	8 / 10
 Service quality	8 / 10
 System quality	8 / 10
 Impact on the community	8 / 10
 Impact on the business	9 / 10
 Preparing for the future	8 / 10
 Smart contract security	6 / 10
 Smart contract functionality assessment	8 / 10
 Total Score	7.8 / 10

Contract details

Token contract details for 28th of September 2023



























Contract name	ESCROW
Contract address	0x75Ab8164fcFc7224266D6397c298a69427af8835
Token supply	1,000,000
Token ticker	ESCROW
Decimals	9
Token holders	1
Transaction count	1
Contract deployer address	0x2a2287Ba6402184861A96a715306996C9867b48c
Contract's current owner address	0x2a2287Ba6402184861A96a715306996C9867b48c
Tax collector wallet	0x2a2287Ba6402184861A96a715306996C9867b48c

Contract code function details






















Nº	Category	Item	Result
1	Coding conventions	ERC20 Token standards	PASS ▾
		Compile errors	PASS ▾
		Compiler version security	PASS ▾
		Visibility specifiers	PASS ▾
		Gas consumption	LOW ▾
		SafeMath features	PASS ▾
		Fallback usage	PASS ▾
		tx.origin usage	PASS ▾
		Deprecated items	PASS ▾
		Redundant code	PASS ▾
2	Function call audit	Overriding variables	PASS ▾
		Authorization of function call	PASS ▾
		Low level function (call/delegate call) security	PASS ▾
		Returned value security	PASS ▾
3	Business security & centralisation	Self destruct function security	PASS ▾
		Access control of owners	HIGH ▾
		Business logics	HIGH ▾
4	Integer overflow/underflow	Business implementation	PASS ▾
5	Reentrancy		PASS ▾
6	Exceptional reachable state		PASS ▾
7	Transaction ordering dependence		PASS ▾
8	Block properties dependence		PASS ▾
9	Pseudo random number generator (PRNG)		PASS ▾
10	DoS (Denial of Service)		PASS ▾
11	Token vesting implementation		PASS ▾
12	Fake deposit		PASS ▾
13	Event security		PASS ▾

Contract description table

The below table represents the summary of the contracts and methods in the token contract. We scanned the whole contract and listed down all the Interfaces, functions, and implementations with their visibility and mutability.

Contract	Type	Bases		
L	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Context	Implementation			
L	_msgSender	Internal 		
L	_msgData	Internal 		
IERC20	Interface			
L	totalSupply	External 		NO 
L	balanceOf	External 		NO 
L	transfer	External 		NO 
L	allowance	External 		NO 
L	approve	External 		NO 
L	transferFrom	External 		NO 
IERC20 Metadata	Interface	IERC20		
L	name	External 		NO 
L	symbol	External 		NO 
L	decimals	External 		NO 
ERC20	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20 Metadata		
L		Public 		NO 

L	name	Public !		NO !
L	symbol	Public !		NO !
L	decimals	Public !		NO !
L	totalSupply	Public !		NO !
L	balanceOf	Public !		NO !
L	transfer	Public !		NO !
L	allowance	Public !		NO !
L	approve	Public !		NO !
L	transferFrom	Public !		NO !
L	increaseAllowance	Public !		NO !
L	decreaseAllowance	Public !		NO !
L	_transfer	Internal		
L	_approve	Internal		
L	_initialTransfer	Internal		
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
L		Public !		NO !
L	owner	Public !		NO !
L	renounceOwnership	Public !		onlyOwner
L	transferOwnership	Public !		onlyOwner
IDexRouter	Interface			
L	factory	External !		NO !
L	WETH	External !		NO !
L	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External !		NO !
L	swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External !		NO !
L	swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External !		NO !
L	swapExactETHForTokens	External !		NO !

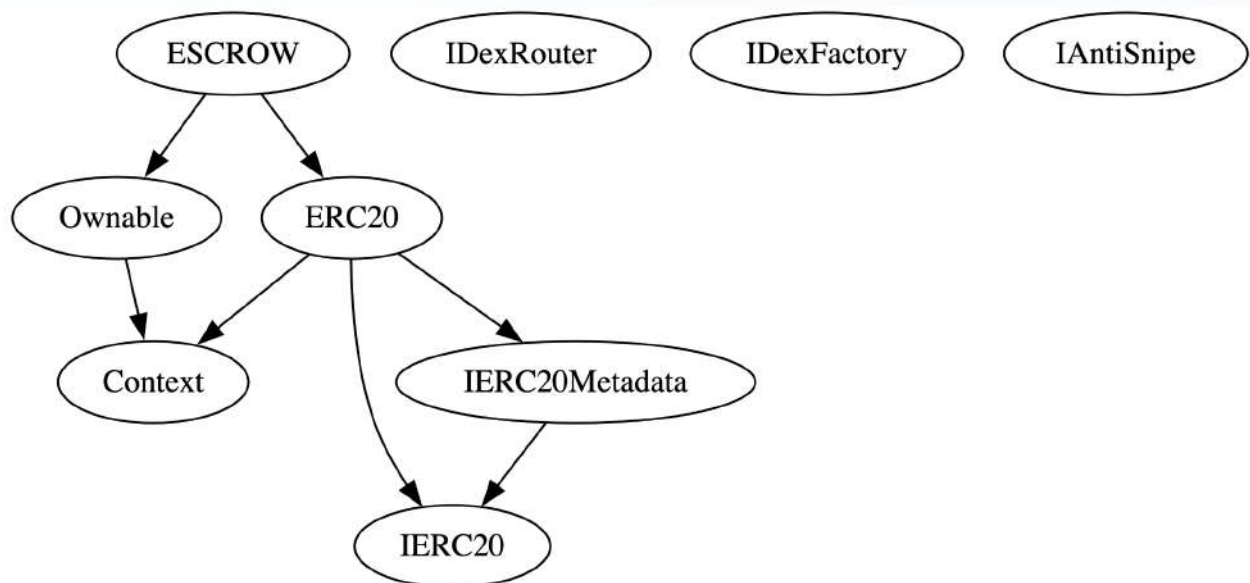
L	swapETHForExactTokens	External !		NO !
L	addLiquidityETH	External !		NO !
L	getAmountsOut	External !		NO !
IDexFactory	Interface			
L	createPair	External !		NO !
IAntiSnipe	Interface			
L	getFee	External !		NO !
L	register	External !		NO !
L	transferCheck	External !		NO !
ESCROW	Implementation	ERC20, Ownable		
L		Public !		ERC20
L		External !		NO !
L	decimals	Public !		NO !
L	updateSwapTokens	External !		onlyOwner
L	toggleSwap	External !		onlyOwner
L	setPair	External !		onlyOwner
L	getSellFees	Public !		NO !
L	getBuyFees	Public !		NO !
L	excludeFromFees	Public !		onlyOwner
L	_transfer	Internal 		
L	swapTokensForEth	Private 		
L	swapBack	Private 		
L	skipFeeTier	External !		onlyOwner
L	withdrawTax	External !		NO !
L	setAntisnipe	External !		onlyOwner
L	prepare	External !		NO !

L	launch	External !	🛑	onlyOwner
L	setTaxCollector	External !	🛑	onlyOwner
L	airdrop	External !	🛑	onlyOwner
L	transferProtection	External !	🛑	onlyOwner
L	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal 🔒		

Legend

Symbol	Meaning
🛑	Function can modify state
💰	Function is payable

Inheritance Hierarchy



Security issue checking status

❖ High severity issues

Owner can blacklist wallets from selling

```
function transferProtection(
    address[] calldata _wallets,
    bool _enabled
) external onlyOwner {
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < _wallets.length; i++) {
        walletProtection[_wallets[i]] = _enabled ? block.number : 0;
    }
}

function _beforeTokenTransfer(address from, address to) internal view {
    require(
        walletProtection[from] == 0 ||
        block.number - walletProtection[from] == 0 ||
        to == owner(),
        "Wallet protection enabled, please contact support"
    );
}
```

The owner must enable trade for the holders, if trading remains disabled, no one would be able to buy and sell.

```
function launch() external onlyOwner {
    require(tradingActiveTime == 0);
    tradingActiveTime = block.number;
}
```

Prepare function can call anyone, if 3rd party user added lp before official LP then pre sales will not be able finalize and owners can not add LP as they wish

```
function prepare(uint256 tokens) external payable {
    require(tradingActiveTime == 0);
    require(msg.value > 0, "Insufficient funds");
    require(tokens > 0, "No LP tokens specified");

    address ETH = dexRouter.WETH();

    lpPair = IDexFactory(dexRouter.factory()).createPair(
        ETH,
        address(this)
    );
    pairs[lpPair] = true;

    if (address(antisnipe) != address(0))
        antisnipe.register{value: antisnipe.getFee()}(msg.sender, lpPair);

    super._transfer(msg.sender, address(this), tokens * _decimalFactor);

    dexRouter.addLiquidityETH{value: address(this).balance}(
        address(this),
        balanceOf(address(this)),
        0,
        0,
        msg.sender,
        block.timestamp
    );
}
```

There is an 'antisnipe contract' in place that can halt users from trading, and the code pertaining to this contract has not been provided for auditing.

```
if (
    _sf > 5 &&
    address(antisnipe) != address(0) &&
    walletProtection[to] == 0
) {
    try
        antisnipe.transferCheck(msg.sender, from, to, amount)
    returns (bool _check) {
        if (_check) walletProtection[to] = block.number;
    } catch {}
}
```

❖ Medium severity issues

No medium severity issues found

❖ Low severity issues

When airdropping tokens, the owner can input any number of wallet arrays. However, if the owner inputs a large number of wallet arrays, this function may fail due to the block gas limit.

```
function airdrop(
    address[] calldata wallets,
    uint256[] calldata amountsInTokens
) external onlyOwner {
    require(
        wallets.length == amountsInTokens.length,
        "Arrays must be the same length"
    );

    for (uint256 i = 0; i < wallets.length; i++) {
        super._transfer(
            msg.sender,
            wallets[i],
            amountsInTokens[i] * _decimalFactor
        );
    }
}
```

Owner privileges

- ❖ Owner can skip blocks to getting high tax rate

```
function skipFeeTier() external onlyOwner {  
    tradingActiveTime -= 50;  
    require(tradingActiveTime > 0, "Can't disable trading");  
}
```

- ❖ Owner can and tax collector wallet can get ETH from the contract

```
function withdrawTax() external {  
    require(  
        msg.sender == owner() || msg.sender == taxCollector,  
        "Unauthorised"  
    );  
    bool success;  
    (success, ) = address(msg.sender).call{value: address(this).balance}(  
        ""  
    );  
}
```

- ❖ Owner can set antiSnipe address (which is not provided for audit)

```
function setAntisnipe(  
    address _as,  
    bool register,  
    address pair  
) external payable onlyOwner {  
    antisnipe = IAntiSnipe(_as);  
    if (register) {  
        antisnipe.register{value: antisnipe.getFee()}(msg.sender, pair);  
    }  
}
```

- ❖ Anyone can add lp through the contract (even before enable trading)

```
function prepare(uint256 tokens) external payable {  
    require(tradingActiveTime == 0);  
    require(msg.value > 0, "Insufficient funds");  
    require(tokens > 0, "No LP tokens specified");  
  
    address ETH = dexRouter.WETH();  
  
    lpPair = IDexFactory(dexRouter.factory()).createPair(  
        ETH,  
        address(this)  
    );  
    pairs[lpPair] = true;  
  
    if (address(antisnipe) != address(0))  
        antisnipe.register{value: antisnipe.getFee()}(msg.sender, lpPair);  
  
    super._transfer(msg.sender, address(this), tokens * _decimalFactor);  
  
    dexRouter.addLiquidityETH{value: address(this).balance}(  
        address(this),  
        balanceOf(address(this)),  
        0,  
        0,  
        msg.sender,  
        block.timestamp  
    );  
}
```

- ❖ Owner can enable trading,once enabled can not disable again

```
function launch() external onlyOwner {  
    require(tradingActiveTime == 0);  
    tradingActiveTime = block.number;  
}
```

- ❖ Owner can change tax collector address

```
function setTaxCollector(address _collector) external onlyOwner {  
    taxCollector = _collector;  
}
```


- ❖ Owner can airdrop tokens from owner wallet

```
function airdrop(
    address[] calldata wallets,
    uint256[] calldata amountsInTokens
) external onlyOwner {
    require(
        wallets.length == amountsInTokens.length,
        "Arrays must be the same length"
    );

    for (uint256 i = 0; i < wallets.length; i++) {
        super._transfer(
            msg.sender,
            wallets[i],
            amountsInTokens[i] * _decimalFactor
        );
    }
}
```

- ❖ Owner can blacklist wallet being selling

```
function transferProtection(
    address[] calldata _wallets,
    bool _enabled
) external onlyOwner {
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < _wallets.length; i++) {
        walletProtection[_wallets[i]] = _enabled ? block.number : 0;
    }
}
```


Audit conclusion

RugFreeCoins team has performed in-depth testing, line-by-line manual code review, and automated audit of the smart contract. The smart contract was analyzed mainly for common smart contract vulnerabilities, exploits, manipulations, and hacks. According to the smart contract audit.

Smart contract functional Status:	PASS ▾
Smart contract security Status:	HIGH ISSUES ▾
Number of risk issues:	5
Solidity code functional issue level:	PASS ▾
Number of owner privileges:	8
Centralization risk correlated to the active owner:	HIGH ▾
Smart contract active ownership:	ACTIVE ▾