

## STUDENT REPORT

# **DETAILS** Name

**RUHI NAZ N S** 

### **EXPERIMENT**

### Title

PEAK ELEMENT FINDER

### Description

Description: You are given an N- dimensional array arr[]. A peak element in the array is defined as an element whose value is greater than or equal to its neighboring elements (if they exist). Your task is to find the index of any peak element in the given array

Note: use 0-based indexing

#### Input:

An integer representing the number of elements in the array. N space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the array.

N space-separated integers ,denoting the elements of the array arr[]

#### **Sample Input:**

1 3 20 4 1

#### **Sample Output:**

### **RESULT**

223C. 238F. 2857 23CF

#### **Roll Number**

3BR23CA085

Source Code:

35

```
n=int(input())
       l=list(map(int,input().split()))
       mx=0
822
       for i in range(0,n):
           if i==0:
               if l[i]>l[i+1]:
                   mx=i
                   break
           elif i==(len(1))-1:
               if l[i]>=l[i-1]:
                   mx=i
                   break
           else:
               if l[i]>=l[i+1] and l[i]>=l[i-1]:
                   break
       print(mx)
```