Git - Rename Operation

Till now, both Tom and Jerry were using manual commands to compile their project. Now, Jerry decides to create Makefile for their project and also give a proper name to the file "string.c".

[jerry@CentOS project]\$ pwd
/home/jerry/jerry_repo/project

[jerry@CentOS project]\$ Is README src

[jerry@CentOS project]\$ cd src/

[jerry@CentOS src]\$ git add Makefile

[jerry@CentOS src]\$ git mv string.c string_operations.c

[jerry@CentOS src]\$ git status -s

A Makefile

R string.c -> string_operations.c

Git is showing **R** before file name to indicate that the file has been renamed.

For commit operation, Jerry used -a flag, that makes git commit automatically detect the modified files.

[jerry@CentOS src]\$ git commit -a -m 'Added Makefile and renamed strings.c to string_operations.c '

[master 94f7b26] Added Makefile and renamed strings.c to string_operations.c 1 files changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-) create mode 100644 src/Makefile rename src/{string.c => string_operations.c} (100%)

After commit, he pushes his changes to the repository.

[jerry@CentOS src]\$ git push origin master

The above command will produce the following result –

Counting objects: 6, done.

Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.

Writing objects: 100% (4/4), 396 bytes, done.

Total 4 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
To gituser@git.server.com:project.git
7d9ea97..94f7b26 master -> master

Now, other developers can view these modifications by updating their local repository.