Homework 1

Statistics W4240: Data Mining Columbia University

Due Dates

T/Th section: due on Jan 29th, 2015 M/W section: due on Feb 2nd, 2015

For material from the James book, print out what appears on your R screen if there are no values requested (such as 2.8 (a)). For your .R submission, place each question in a separate .R file labeled Q1.R, Q2.R, and so on.

Problem 1. (20 Points) James 2.8

Problem 2. (20 Points) James 2.9

Problem 3. (40 Points) We are going to load the data from the Yale Faces B data set, which is in the Files and Resources tab of Courseworks. These are .pgm images, which are viewable either through R or with a specialized viewer like Gimp. There are 38 subjects (labeled 1 to 39 with no 14), each photographed in a variety of lighting conditions. The file name denotes the data set, the subject, and the lighting condition. We will look at three lighting conditions, POOA-005E+10, POOA-005E-10, and POOA-010E+00, which are closest to straight on lighting. We will use the pixmap library to manipulate the data. Load this library and make sure that the folder YaleCropped is in your working directory.

Note: there is also a .R file in courseworks to get you started/walk you through this example

a. (6 Points) Load the picture yaleB01_P00A-005E+10.pgm with the command:

```
x=read.pnm(file = "CroppedYale/yaleB01/yaleB01_P00A-005E+10.pgm")
```

You can view the image with the command

plot(x)

What class is x? What is the size of the original image in pixels?

b. (7 Points) Make x into a matrix with the command:

```
y=getChannels(x)
```

You can concatenate images in the following way:

```
z=pixmapGrey(data=rbind(y,y))
```

What is the maximum value that a pixel can take for this type of file? The minimum value? What colors do those values correspond to?

c. (7 Points) Let's load in all of the data by looping through the folders and storing the values in a list. Before we start that, run the following commands:

```
my.dir.list.1 = dir(path="CroppedYale/",all.files=FALSE)
my.dir.list.2 = dir(path="CroppedYale/",all.files=FALSE,recursive=TRUE)
```

What is contained in each of these variables? Give the number of elements and some example elements.

d. (20 Points) Read the data into a list (or set of lists) by looping through the folders. Instantiate the list before you read in the data. You can do this by concatenating strings (although there are other methods as well). String concatenation can be done with the following code:

```
dir.str = my.dir.list.1[1] # Access the first element of my.dir.list.1 to get "yaleB01"
file.name.view.1 = paste(dir.str,"P00A-005E+10.pgm",sep="_")
path.view.1 = paste("CroppedYale",paste(dir.str,file.name.view.1,sep="/"),sep="/")
```

After you have read in the .pgm files for views P00A-005E+10, P00A-005E-10, and P00A-010E+00, convert each of these to a matrix. Using the matrices, make an array of the pictures, where each row has one subject and each column has one view. Use subjects 05, 17, and 32 for the rows, and views P00A-005E+10 in the left column, P00A-005E-10 in the center, and P00A-010E+00 in the right column. This produces a 3-by-3 grid of photos. Save the result as a .pdf and include it in your write up.