Compare_AE_Collections_ScrollBar

March 31, 2021

```
[1]: %matplotlib notebook
     import os, sys
     import numpy as np
     import pickle
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import warnings
     warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
     import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     import torch.optim as optim
     import torchvision
     import torch.distributions as torchD
     import torch, seaborn as sns
     import pandas as pd
     from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
     from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
     from utils import *
     from AE_collection import *
     import ipywidgets as widgets
     import matplotlib.gridspec as gridspec
     from matplotlib.patches import Ellipse
     import matplotlib.transforms as transforms
```

0.1 Load Dataset

```
[2]: # !wget www.di.ens.fr/~lelarge/MNIST.tar.gz
# !tar -zxvf MNIST.tar.gz
[3]: batch_size = 128
```

```
[4]: # use gpu if available
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
input_shape = [1, 28, 28]
enc_dim = 400
latent_dim = 2
num_epochs = 50
logDir = "models_and_stats/"
```

0.2 Load models

```
[5]: model_names = ["MLP_AE_12", "MLP_VAE_dist_12_wkl_10_wr_1",__
     →"MLP_VAE_dist_12_wkl_10_wr_0", "MLP_CVAE_dist_12_wkl_10_wr_1"]
     short_names = ["recon only (AE)", "recon + kl", "kl only", "CVAE"]
     model1 = MLP_AE(input_shape=input_shape, latent_dim=latent_dim)
     model2 = MLP_VAE(input_shape=input_shape, enc_dim=enc_dim,__
     →latent_dim=latent_dim)
    model3 = MLP_VAE(input_shape=input_shape, enc_dim=enc_dim,__
     →latent_dim=latent_dim)
     model4 = MLP_CVAE(input_shape=input_shape, enc_dim=enc_dim,__
     →latent_dim=latent_dim)
     models = [model1, model2, model3, model4]
     results dicts = []
     for i in range(len(models)):
         print("loading model for {}".format(model_names[i]))
         model = models[i]
         model_path = logDir + model_names[i] + ".pt"
         model.load_state_dict(torch.load(model_path))
         model.to(device)
         model.eval()
         dict_name = model_names[i] + '.pkl'
         results_dicts.append(pickle.load(open(logDir + dict_name, 'rb')))
```

```
loading model for MLP_AE_12
loading model for MLP_VAE_dist_12_wkl_10_wr_1
```

```
loading model for MLP_VAE_dist_l2_wkl_10_wr_0
loading model for MLP_CVAE_dist_l2_wkl_10_wr_1
```

0.2.1 1. compare latent space

```
all_test_latent_means_list = []

all_test_latent_logvars_list = []

for i in range(len(models)):

   model = models[i]

   if i == 0: # AE

        all_test_latents, all_test_reconstructions = model(all_test_imgs)

   elif i == 3: # CVAE

        all_test_latents, all_test_reconstructions, all_test_latent_means,u

        all_test_latent_logvars = model(all_test_imgs, all_test_labels)

        else: # VAE

        all_test_latents, all_test_reconstructions, all_test_latent_means,u

        all_test_latent_logvars = model(all_test_imgs)

        all_test_latents_list.append(all_test_latents)

        if i != 0:

            all_test_latent_means_list.append(all_test_latent_means)

            all_test_latent_logvars_list.append(all_test_latent_logvars)
```

```
test_latents shape (10000, 2)
test z0_min -4.5828142166137695, z0_max 61.697940826416016, z2_min -23.611064910888672, z1_max 17.014328002929688
```

```
[14]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2)
      # plot the whole latent space as the background in ax[0]
      for y in np.unique(test_labels):
          i = np.where(test_labels == y)
          ax[0].scatter(test_latents[i,0], test_latents[i,1], label=y, cmap="tab10")
          ax[0].legend(loc='lower center', bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, -0.05),fancybox=True,_
      ⇒shadow=True, ncol=5)
      # initiate a test point
      z0 = 0.
      z1 = 0.
      latent_vector = np.array([[z0, z1]])
      latent_vector = torch.from_numpy(latent_vector).float().to(device)
      decoded_img = model.decoder(latent_vector)
      decoded_img = decoded_img.cpu().detach().numpy()[0][0]
      pt = ax[0].scatter(z0, z1, s=300, marker='d', label="test pt", alpha=0.3)
      ax[1].imshow(decoded_img)
      def update(z0=0.0, z1=0.0):
          latent_vector = np.array([[z0, z1]])
          latent_vector = torch.from_numpy(latent_vector).float().to(device)
          decoded_img = model.decoder(latent_vector)
          decoded_img = decoded_img.cpu().detach().numpy()[0][0]
          pt.set_offsets(np.c_[z0, z1])
          ax[1].imshow(decoded_img)
          fig.canvas.draw_idle()
          fig.canvas.flush_events()
      widgets interact(update, z0=(z0_min, z0_max), z1=(z1_min, z1_max));
     <IPython.core.display.Javascript object>
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     interactive(children=(FloatSlider(value=0.0, description='z0', max=3.127901315689087, min=-2.94
[15]: idx = 1 # VAE
      model = models[idx]
      test_latents = all_test_latents_list[idx].cpu().detach().numpy()
      test_labels = all_test_labels.cpu().detach().numpy()
```

print("test_latents shape", test_latents.shape)

```
test_latent_means = all_test_latent_means_list[idx-1].cpu().detach().numpy()
      test_latent_logvars = all_test_latent_logvars_list[idx-1].cpu().detach().numpy()
      z0 min, z0 max = test_latent_means[:,0].min(), test_latent_means[:,0].max()
      z1_min, z1_max = test_latent_means[:,1].min(), test_latent_means[:,1].max()
      logvar_z0_min, logvar_z0_max = test_latent_logvars[:,0].min(),__
      →test_latent_logvars[:,0].max()
      logvar_z1_min, logvar_z1_max = test_latent_logvars[:,1].min(),__
      →test_latent_logvars[:,1].max()
      print("test z0 min {}, z0 max {}, z2 min {}, z1 max {} \n logvar z0 min {}, u
       →logvar z0 max {}, logvar z1 min {}, logvar z1 max {}".format(z0 min, z0 max, |
       →z1 min, z1 max, logvar z0 min, logvar z0 max, logvar z1 min, logvar z1 max))
     test_latents shape (10000, 2)
     test z0_min -2.942139148712158, z0_max 3.127901315689087, z2_min
     -2.7299132347106934, z1 max 3.7830419540405273
      logvar_z0_min -4.96877908706665, logvar_z0_max -0.2552180886268616,
     logvar z1 min -4.453423023223877, logvar z1 max -0.3617098331451416
[16]: def get_correlated_dataset(n, dependency, mu, scale):
          print("mu {}, dependency {}, scale {}".format(mu.shape, dependency.shape,
       →scale.shape))
          latent = np.random.randn(n, 2)
          dependent = latent.dot(dependency)
          scaled = dependent * scale
          scaled_with_offset = scaled + mu
          # return x and y of the new, correlated dataset
          print("scaled_with_offset", scaled_with_offset.shape)
          return scaled with offset[:, 0], scaled with offset[:, 1]
      def get_ellipse_param(x, y, ax, n_std=3.0, facecolor='none', **kwargs):
          Create a plot of the covariance confidence ellipse of `x` and `y`
          ref: https://matplotlib.org/3.1.1/gallery/statistics/confidence_ellipse.
       \hookrightarrow html\#sphx-qlr-qallery-statistics-confidence-ellipse-py
          cov = np.cov(x, y)
          pearson = cov[0, 1]/np.sqrt(cov[0, 0] * cov[1, 1])
          # Using a special case to obtain the eigenvalues of this
          # two-dimensionl dataset.
          ell_radius_x = np.sqrt(1 + pearson)
          ell_radius_y = np.sqrt(1 - pearson)
          ellipse = Ellipse((0, 0),
              width=ell_radius_x * 2,
```

```
height=ell_radius_y * 2,
       facecolor=facecolor,
       **kwargs)
   # Calculating the stdandard deviation of x from
   # the squareroot of the variance and multiplying
   # with the given number of standard deviations.
  scale_x = np.sqrt(cov[0, 0]) * n_std
  mean x = np.mean(x)
   # calculating the stdandard deviation of y ...
  scale_y = np.sqrt(cov[1, 1]) * n_std
  mean_y = np.mean(y)
  transf = transforms.Affine2D() \
       .rotate_deg(45) \setminus
       .scale(scale_x, scale_y) \
       .translate(mean_x, mean_y)
  transform = transf + ax.transData
  return ellipse.get_center(), ellipse.get_width(), ellipse.get_height(),u
→ellipse.get angle(), transform
```

```
[17]: N_sample = 3
      # create figure and gridspec
      fig3 = plt.figure(constrained_layout=True)
      gs = fig3.add_gridspec(4, 3)
      f3 ax1 = fig3.add subplot(gs[:3, :])
      f3 ax1.set title("Latent space")
      f3_ax2 = fig3.add_subplot(gs[3, 0])
      f3_ax3 = fig3.add_subplot(gs[3, 1])
      f3_ax4 = fig3.add_subplot(gs[3, 2])
      im_axes = [f3_ax2, f3_ax3, f3_ax4]
      im_titles = ["sample {}".format(i) for i in range(len(im_axes))]
      for im_ax, im_title in zip(im_axes, im_titles):
          im_ax.set_title(im_title)
      # plot the whole latent space as the background in ax[0]
      for y in np.unique(test_labels):
          i = np.where(test_labels == y)
          f3_ax1.scatter(test_latents[i,0], test_latents[i,1], label=y, cmap="tab10")
          f3_ax1.legend(loc="center right", fancybox=True, shadow=True) # , ncol=5
      # initiate testing points
```

```
# for VAE, give mean and logvar, draw a circle and sample several times
z0_mean = 0.
z1_{mean} = 0.
z0_{logvar} = 0.
z1_logvar = 0.
latent_mean = np.array([[z0_mean, z1_mean]])
latent_logvar = np.array([[z0_logvar, z1_logvar]])
# plot sampling and confidence ellipse
mean = np.array([z0_mean, z1_mean])
logvar = np.array([z0_logvar, z1_logvar])
scale = np.exp(0.5*logvar)
dependency = np.array([[1, 0],[0, 1]])
x, y = get_correlated_dataset(100, dependency, mean, scale)
scatter_pt = f3_ax1.scatter(x, y, s=0.5)
# initiate ellipse object
center, width, height, angle, transform = get_ellipse_param(x, y,f3_ax1)_
\rightarrow#confidence_ellipse(x, y, f3_ax1, edgecolor='red')
ellipse = Ellipse(center, width=width, height=height, angle=angle, __
→transform=transform, facecolor="none", edgecolor='red')
f3_ax1.add_patch(ellipse)
pt = f3_ax1.scatter(mean[0], mean[1], c='red', s=3)
# plot reconstructed image
latent mean, latent logvar = torch.from numpy(np.expand dims(mean, axis=0)).
→float().to(device), torch.from_numpy(np.expand_dims(logvar, axis=0)).float().
→to(device)
for i in range(N_sample):
    latent_vector = model.reparameterize(latent_mean, latent_logvar)
    decoded_img = model.decoder(latent_vector)
    decoded_img = decoded_img.cpu().detach().numpy()[0][0]
    im_axes[i].imshow(decoded_img)
def update(z0_mean=0.0, z1_mean=0.0, z0_logvar=0.0, z1_logvar=0.0):
    latent_mean = np.array([[z0_mean, z1_mean]])
    latent_logvar = np.array([[z0_logvar, z1_logvar]])
    # plot sampling and confidence ellipse
    mean = np.array([z0_mean, z1_mean])
    logvar = np.array([z0_logvar, z1_logvar])
    scale = np.exp(0.5*logvar)
    dependency = np.array([[1, 0],[0, 1]])
    x, y = get_correlated_dataset(100, dependency, mean, scale)
    scatter_pt.set_offsets(np.c_[x,y])
    pt.set_offsets(np.c_[mean[0], mean[1]])
```

```
# update ellipse
         center, width, height, angle, transform = get_ellipse_param(x,y,f3_ax1)
         ellipse.set_center(center)
         ellipse.set_angle(angle)
         ellipse.set_height(height)
         ellipse.set_width(width)
         ellipse.set_transform(transform)
         # plot reconstructed image
         latent_mean, latent_logvar = torch.from_numpy(np.expand_dims(mean, axis=0)).
      →float().to(device), torch.from_numpy(np.expand_dims(logvar, axis=0)).float().
      →to(device)
         for i in range(N_sample):
             latent_vector = model.reparameterize(latent_mean, latent_logvar)
             decoded_img = model.decoder(latent_vector)
             decoded_img = decoded_img.cpu().detach().numpy()[0][0]
             im_axes[i].imshow(decoded_img)
         fig3.canvas.draw_idle()
         fig3.canvas.flush_events()
     widgets.interact(update, z0_mean=(z0_min, z0_max), z1_mean=(z1_min, z1_max),_u
      →z0_logvar=(logvar_z0_min, logvar_z0_max), z1_logvar=(logvar_z1_min, __
      →logvar_z1_max));
    <IPython.core.display.Javascript object>
    <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
    mu (2,), dependency (2, 2), scale (2,)
    scaled_with_offset (100, 2)
    interactive(children=(FloatSlider(value=0.0, description='z0_mean', max=3.127901315689087, min-
[]:
[]:
```