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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
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import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cvxpy as cvx
import scipy
# Ex 3
# b
# read data from txt file
xclass0 = np.matrix(np.loadtxt('./data/homework4_class0.txt'))
xclass1 = np.matrix(np.loadtxt('./data/homework4_class1.txt'))
# create x
x = np.concatenate((xclass0,xclass1),axis=0)
[rowx,colx] = np.shape(x)
x = np.concatenate((x,np.ones((rowx,1))),axis=1)
# create y
[rowx0,colx0] = np.shape(xclass0)
[rowx1,colx1] = np.shape(xclass1)
y0 = np.zeros((rowx0,1))
y1 = np.ones((rowx1,1))
y = np.concatenate((y0,y1),axis=0)
# CVX
lambd = 0.0001
N = rowx0 + rowx1
            = cvx.Variable((3,1))
theta
            = - cvx.sum(cvx.multiply(y, x @ theta)) \
loss
              + cvx.sum(cvx.log_sum_exp( cvx.hstack([np.zeros((N,1)), x @ theta]), axis=1 ) )
            = cvx.sum_squares(theta)
reg
            = cvx.Problem(cvx.Minimize(loss/N + lambd*reg))
prob
prob.solve()
w = theta.value
# C
# calculate the boundary
xb = np.linspace(-4,8,100)
yb = (-w[0]*xb-w[2])/w[1]
# do the plot
plt.figure()
plt.scatter(xclass0[:,0].tolist(),xclass0[:,1].tolist())
plt.scatter(xclass1[:,0].tolist(),xclass1[:,1].tolist(), c='g')
plt.plot(xb,yb,c='b')
plt.show()
# d
# create testing sites
n = 100
testing = np.linspace(-5,10,n)
\# y = np.linspace(-5,10,n)
xv,yv = np.meshgrid(testing,testing)
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boundary = np.zeros((n,n))
# find parameters
miu0 = np.zeros(colx0)
for i in range(colx0):
         miu0[i] = np.mean(xclass0[i])
miu1 = np.zeros(colx1)
for i in range(colx1):
         miu1[i] = np.mean(xclass1[i])
Sigma0 = np.cov(xclass0.T)
Sigma1 = np.cov(xclass1.T)
d = rowx0
abs_Sigma1 = np.linalg.det(Sigma1)
abs_Sigma0 = np.linalg.det(Sigma0)
inv Sigma1 = np.linalg.inv(Sigma1)
inv_Sigma0 = np.linalg.inv(Sigma0)
const = np.power((2*np.pi),d)
# do Bayesian Decision
for i in range(100):
         for j in range(100):
                    block = np.matrix([testing[i],testing[j]]).T
                    # block = np.matrix((x[i,0],x[i,1])).T
                    c1 = \frac{1}{(np.sqrt(const*abs\_Sigma1))} * np.exp(-0.5*np.dot(np.dot((block-miu1).T,inv\_Sigma1)) + np.exp(-0.5*np.dot(np.dot((block-miu1).T,inv\_Sigma1))) + np.exp(-0.5*np.dot((block-miu1).T,inv\_Sigma1)) + np.exp(-0.5*np.dot((block-miu1).T,inv\_Sigma1))
                    c0 = 1/(np.sqrt(const*abs_Sigma0)) * np.exp(-0.5*np.dot(np.dot((block-miu0).T,inv_Sigma6))
                    if c1[0,0] > c0[0,0]:
                              boundary[i,j] = 1
                    elif c1[0,0] < c0[0,0]:
                              boundary[i,j] = 0
plt.contour(testing,testing,boundary)
plt.show()
# Ex 4
# a
m, n = 100, 100
K = np.zeros((m,n))
h = 1
x = x[:,0:2]
for i in range(m):
          for j in range(n):
                    K[i,j] = np.exp(-np.power(np.linalg.norm(x[i,:]-x[j,:],ord=1),2)/h)
# print(K[47:52,47:52])
# C
lambd = 0.001
alpha
                        = cvx.Variable((N,1))
                              = - cvx.sum(cvx.multiply(y, K @ alpha)) \
loss
                                  + cvx.sum(cvx.log_sum_exp( cvx.hstack([np.zeros((N,1)), K @ alpha]), axis=1 ) )
reg
                              = cvx.sum(cvx.quad_form(alpha, K))
                              = cvx.Problem(cvx.Minimize(loss/N + lambd*reg))
prob
prob.solve()
ALPHA = alpha.value
```