

```

1  //-----5 IIR Filter-----
2  #include <math.h>
3  #include "tiff.h"
4  #include "allocate.h"
5  #include "randlib.h"
6  #include "typeutil.h"
7
8  void error(char *name);
9
10 int main (int argc, char **argv)
11 {
12     FILE *fp;
13     struct TIFF_img input_img, green_img, red_img, blue_img, color_img;
14     double **img1, **imgr, **imgb, **img2, **img3, **img4;
15     int32_t i, j, pixelg, pixelr, pixelb;
16
17     /* accepts a command line argument specifying the value of rho */
18     // scanf("%lf", &rho);
19
20     if ( argc != 2 ) error( argv[0] );
21
22     /* open image file */
23     if ( ( fp = fopen ( argv[1], "rb" ) ) == NULL ) {
24         fprintf ( stderr, "cannot open file %s\n", argv[1] );
25         exit ( 1 );
26     }
27
28     /* read image */
29     if ( read_TIFF ( fp, &input_img ) ) {
30         fprintf ( stderr, "error reading file %s\n", argv[1] );
31         exit ( 1 );
32     }
33
34     /* close image file */
35     fclose ( fp );
36
37     /* check the type of image data */
38     if ( input_img.TIFF_type != 'c' ) {
39         fprintf ( stderr, "error: image must be 24-bit color\n" );
40         exit ( 1 );
41     }
42
43     /* Allocate image of double precision floats */
44     img1 = (double **)get_img(input_img.width, input_img.height, sizeof(double));
45     imgr = (double **)get_img(input_img.width, input_img.height, sizeof(double));
46     imgb = (double **)get_img(input_img.width, input_img.height, sizeof(double));
47     img2 = (double **)get_img(input_img.width, input_img.height, sizeof(double));
48     img3 = (double **)get_img(input_img.width, input_img.height, sizeof(double));
49     img4 = (double **)get_img(input_img.width, input_img.height, sizeof(double));
50
51     // /* Initialize the img arrays */
52     // for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ )
53     // for ( j = 0; j < input_img.width; j++ ) {
54     //     img1[i][j] = 0;
55     //     img2[i][j] = 0;
56     // }
57
58
59     /* copy green, red & blue component to double array */
60     for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ )

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61 for ( j = 0; j < input_img.width; j++ ) {
62     img1[i][j] = input_img.color[1][i][j];
63     imgr[i][j] = input_img.color[0][i][j];
64     imgb[i][j] = input_img.color[2][i][j];
65 }
66
67
68 /* Filter image with the IIR Filter */
69 for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ )
70 for ( j = 0; j < input_img.width; j++ ) {
71     // img2[i][j] = (img1[i][j-1] + img1[i][j] + img1[i][j+1])/3.0;
72     img2[i][j] = 0.01*img1[i][j];
73     img3[i][j] = 0.01*imgr[i][j];
74     img4[i][j] = 0.01*imgb[i][j];
75     if (i>0) {
76         img2[i][j] = img2[i][j] + 0.9*img2[i-1][j];
77         img3[i][j] = img3[i][j] + 0.9*img3[i-1][j];
78         img4[i][j] = img4[i][j] + 0.9*img4[i-1][j];
79     }
80     if (j>0) {
81         img2[i][j] = img2[i][j] + 0.9*img2[i][j-1];
82         img3[i][j] = img3[i][j] + 0.9*img3[i][j-1];
83         img4[i][j] = img4[i][j] + 0.9*img4[i][j-1];
84     }
85     if (i>0 && j>0) {
86         img2[i][j] = img2[i][j] - 0.81*img2[i-1][j-1];
87         img3[i][j] = img3[i][j] - 0.81*img3[i-1][j-1];
88         img4[i][j] = img4[i][j] - 0.81*img4[i-1][j-1];
89     }
90 }
91
92 /* Fill in boundary pixels */
93
94 // for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ ) {
95 //     img2[i][0] = 0;
96 //     img2[i][input_img.width-1] = 0;
97 // }
98
99 // /* Set seed for random noise generator */
100 // srand2(1);
101
102 // /* Add noise to image */
103 // for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ )
104 // for ( j = 1; j < input_img.width-1; j++ ) {
105 //     img2[i][j] += 32*normal();
106 // }
107
108 /* set up structure for output achromatic image */
109 /* to allocate a full color image use type 'c' */
110 get_TIFF ( &green_img, input_img.height, input_img.width, 'g' );
111 get_TIFF ( &red_img, input_img.height, input_img.width, 'g' );
112 get_TIFF ( &blue_img, input_img.height, input_img.width, 'g' );
113
114 /* set up structure for output color image */
115 /* Note that the type is 'c' rather than 'g' */
116 get_TIFF ( &color_img, input_img.height, input_img.width, 'c' );
117
118 /* copy green, red & blue component to new images */
119 for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ )
120 for ( j = 0; j < input_img.width; j++ ) {

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121     pixelg = (int32_t)img2[i][j];
122     pixelr = (int32_t)img3[i][j];
123     pixelb = (int32_t)img4[i][j];
124
125     if(pixelg>255) {
126         green_img.mono[i][j] = 255;
127     }
128     else {
129         if(pixelg<0) green_img.mono[i][j] = 0;
130         else green_img.mono[i][j] = pixelg;
131     }
132
133     if(pixelr>255) {
134         red_img.mono[i][j] = 255;
135     }
136     else {
137         if(pixelr<0) red_img.mono[i][j] = 0;
138         else red_img.mono[i][j] = pixelr;
139     }
140
141     if(pixelb>255) {
142         blue_img.mono[i][j] = 255;
143     }
144     else {
145         if(pixelb<0) blue_img.mono[i][j] = 0;
146         else blue_img.mono[i][j] = pixelb;
147     }
148 }
149
150 // /* Illustration: constructing a sample color image -- interchanging the red and
green components from the input color image */
151 // for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ )
152 //     for ( j = 0; j < input_img.width; j++ ) {
153 //         color_img.color[0][i][j] = input_img.color[1][i][j];
154 //         color_img.color[1][i][j] = input_img.color[0][i][j];
155 //         color_img.color[2][i][j] = input_img.color[2][i][j];
156 //     }
157
158 /* Illustration: constructing a sample color image -- put 3 image (green,red,blue)
into 1 image */
159 for ( i = 0; i < input_img.height; i++ )
160     for ( j = 0; j < input_img.width; j++ ) {
161         color_img.color[0][i][j] = red_img.mono[i][j];
162         color_img.color[1][i][j] = green_img.mono[i][j];
163         color_img.color[2][i][j] = blue_img.mono[i][j];
164     }
165
166 // /* open green image file */
167 // if ( ( fp = fopen ( "green.tif", "wb" ) ) == NULL ) {
168 //     fprintf ( stderr, "cannot open file green.tif\n");
169 //     exit ( 1 );
170 // }
171
172 // /* write green image */
173 // if ( write_TIFF ( fp, &green_img ) ) {
174 //     fprintf ( stderr, "error writing TIFF file %s\n", argv[2] );
175 //     exit ( 1 );
176 // }
177
178 // /* close green image file */

```

```
179 // fclose ( fp );
180
181
182 /* open color image file */
183 if ( ( fp = fopen ( "color.tif", "wb" ) ) == NULL ) {
184     fprintf ( stderr, "cannot open file color.tif\n");
185     exit ( 1 );
186 }
187
188 /* write color image */
189 if ( write_TIFF ( fp, &color_img ) ) {
190     fprintf ( stderr, "error writing TIFF file %s\n", argv[2] );
191     exit ( 1 );
192 }
193
194 /* close color image file */
195 fclose ( fp );
196
197 /* de-allocate space which was used for the images */
198 free_TIFF ( &(input_img) );
199 free_TIFF ( &(green_img) );
200 free_TIFF ( &(red_img) );
201 free_TIFF ( &(blue_img) );
202 free_TIFF ( &(color_img) );
203
204 free_img( (void**)img1 );
205 free_img( (void**)img2 );
206 free_img( (void**)img3 );
207 free_img( (void**)img4 );
208 free_img( (void**)img_r );
209 free_img( (void**)img_b );
210
211 return(0);
212 }
213
214 void error(char *name)
215 {
216     printf("usage: %s image.tiff \n\n",name);
217     printf("this program reads in a 24-bit color TIFF image.\n");
218     printf("It then horizontally filters the green component, adds noise,\n");
219     printf("and writes out the result as an 8-bit image\n");
220     printf("with the name 'green.tiff'.\n");
221     printf("It also generates an 8-bit color image,\n");
222     printf("that swaps red and green components from the input image");
223     exit(1);
224 }
225
226
```