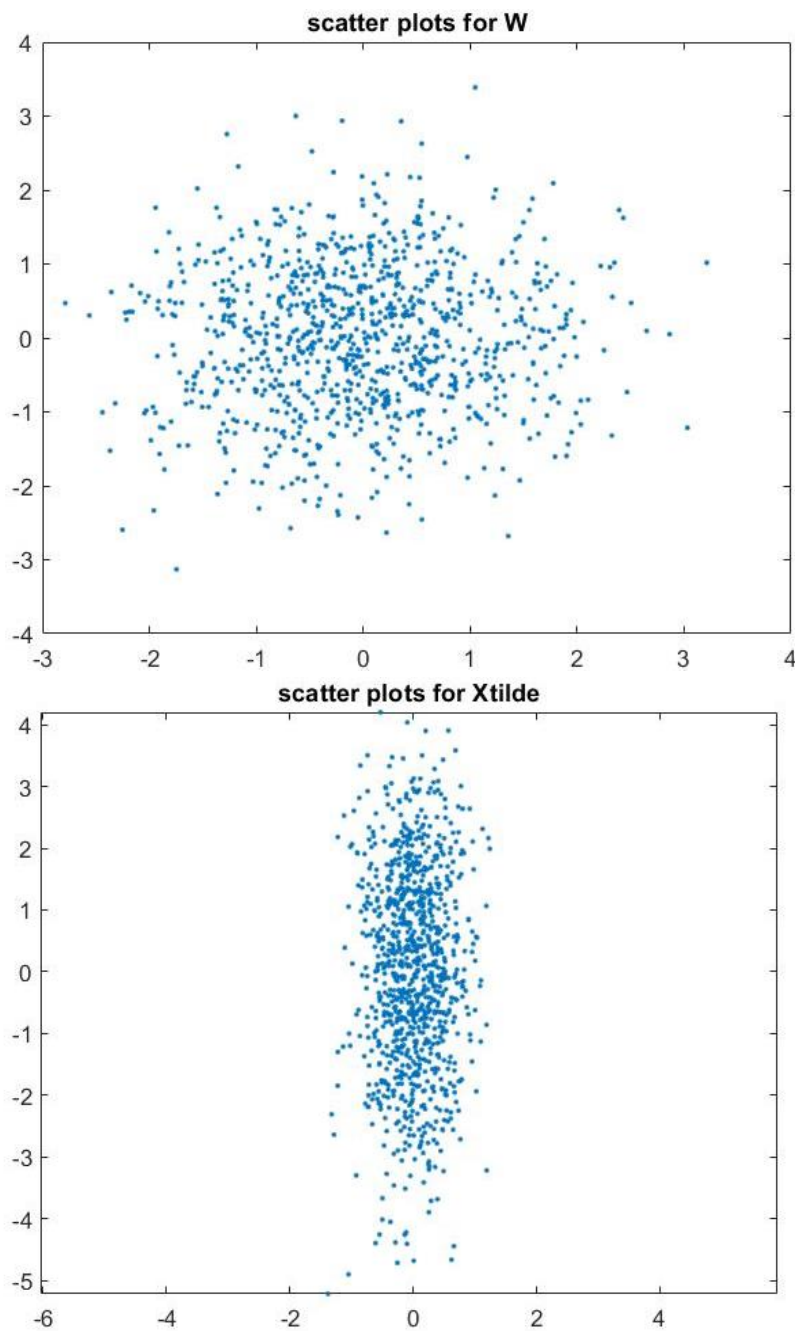


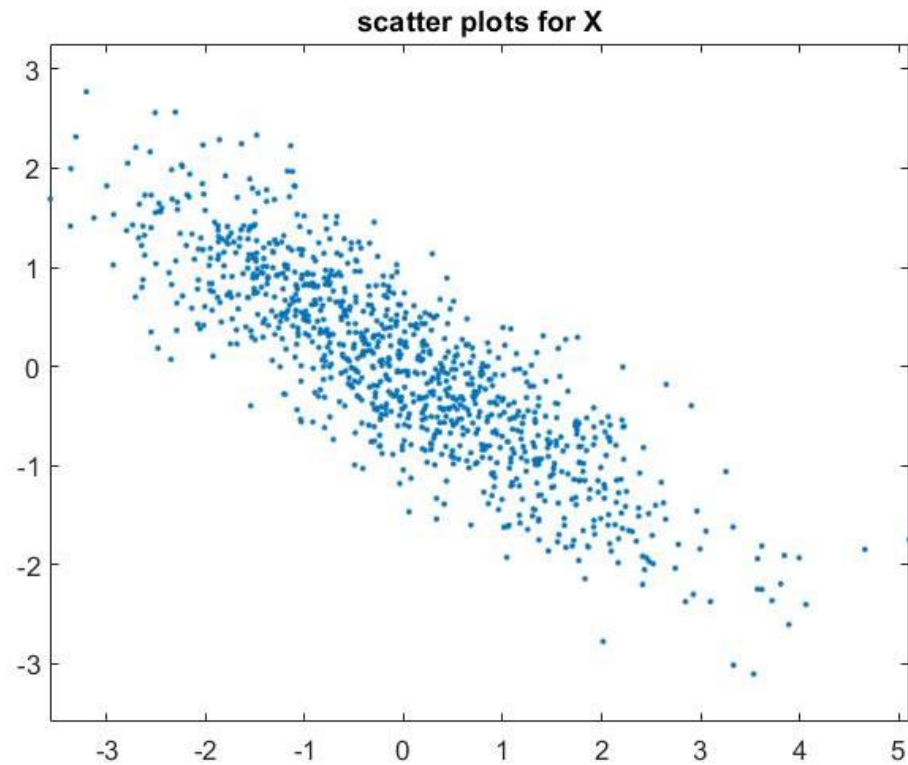
HW 5 Report

Ruijie Song

March.5.2021

2.1 Exercise: Generating Gaussian random vectors





2.2 Exercise: Covariance Estimation and Whitening

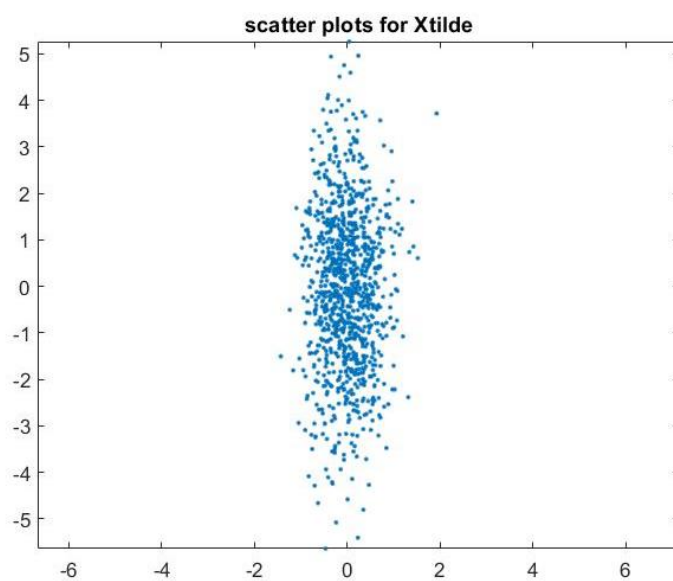
1. the theoretical value of the covariance matrix R_x :

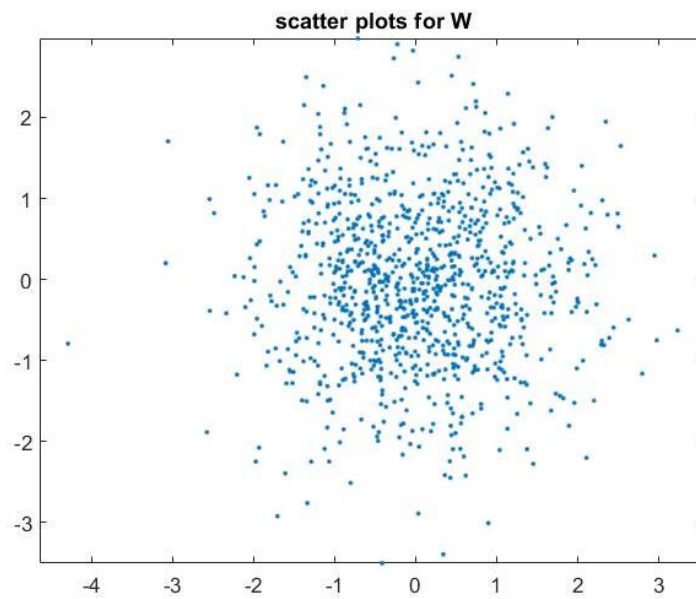
2	-1.2
-1.2	1

2. numerical listing of your covariance estimate R_x :

1.80186189486342	-1.05439805350776
-1.05439805350776	0.903742306202859

3.



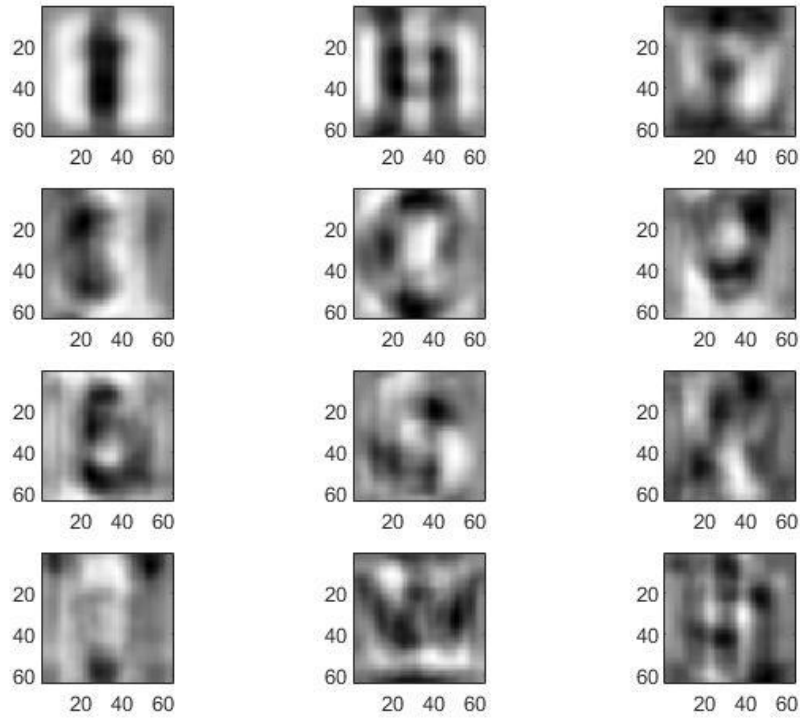


4. numerical listing of the covariance estimate R_w :

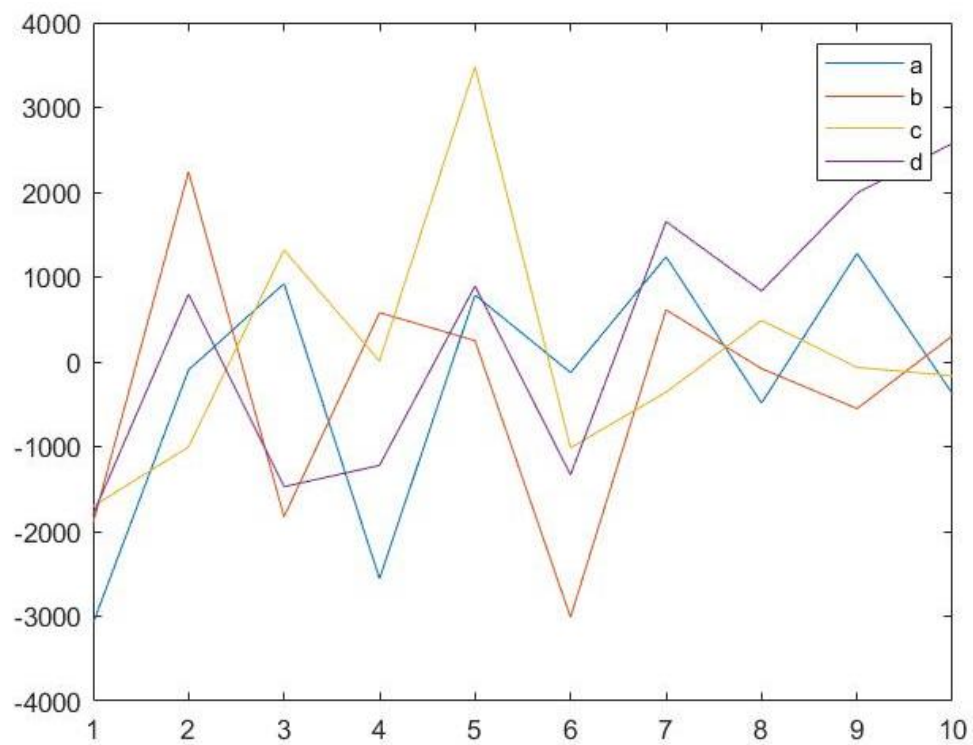
1	0
0	1

4. Eigenimages, PCA, and Data Reduction

1.



2.



3.

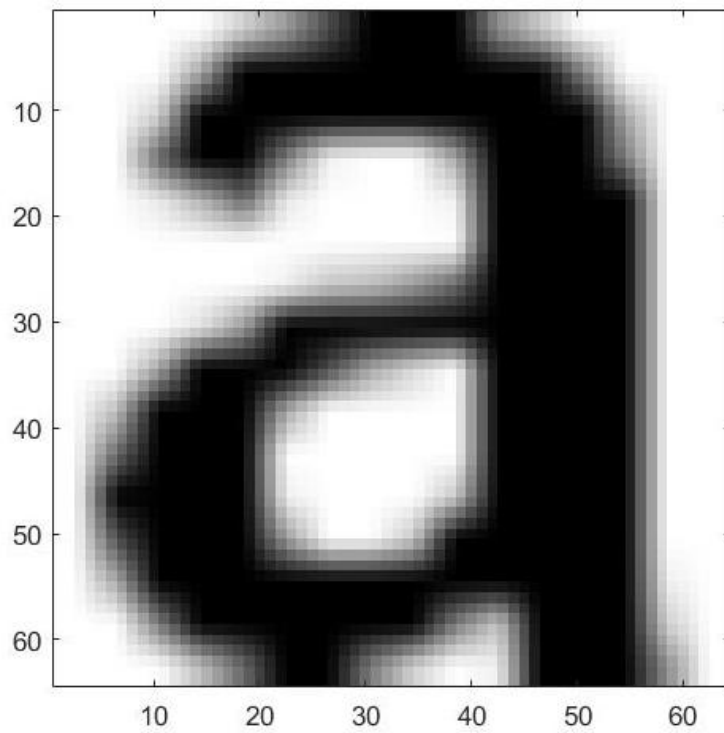
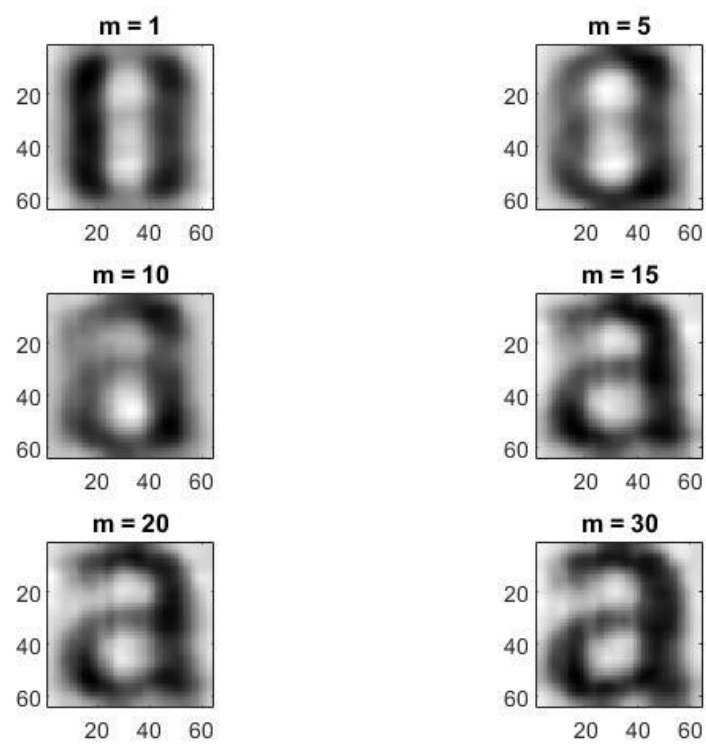


Figure 1. original image



5.1 Exercise: Classification and PCA

Input	Output
d	a
j	y
l	i
n	v
p	e
q	a
u	a
y	x

1. Let $B_k = \Lambda_k$, i.e. assume each class has a different diagonal covariance, where the elements of Λ_k are the diagonal elements of R_k .

i	l
y	v

2. Let $B_k = R_{wc}$, i.e. assume each class has the same covariance, where R_{wc} is defined as the average within-class covariance

g	q
y	v

3. Let $B_k = \Lambda$, i.e. each class has the same diagonal covariance, where the elements of Λ are the diagonal elements of the matrix, R_{wc} , defined above.

f	t
y	v

4. Let $B_k = I$, i.e. each class has an identity covariance around a different mean, μ_k .

q	g
f	t
y	v

1. The 2,3 & 4 work the best
2. The accuracy of the estimates is more important. The accuracy of the data model may not impact the estimates. Even the covariance is I, the accuracy of estimates is high.