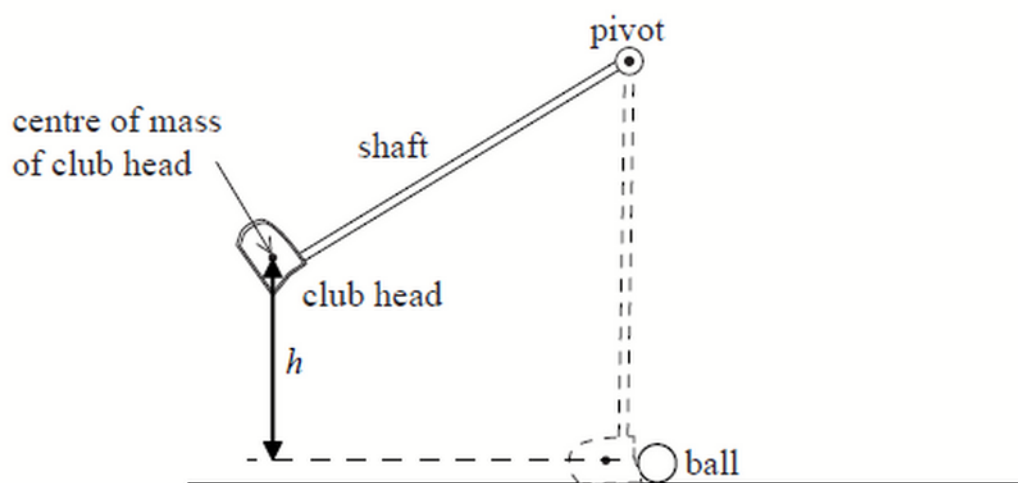


The diagram shows an arrangement used to test golf club heads.



The shaft of a club is pivoted and the centre of mass of the club head is raised by a height h before being released. On reaching the vertical position the club head strikes the ball.

- (a) (i) Describe the energy changes that take place in the club head from the instant the club is released until the club head and the ball separate.

[2]

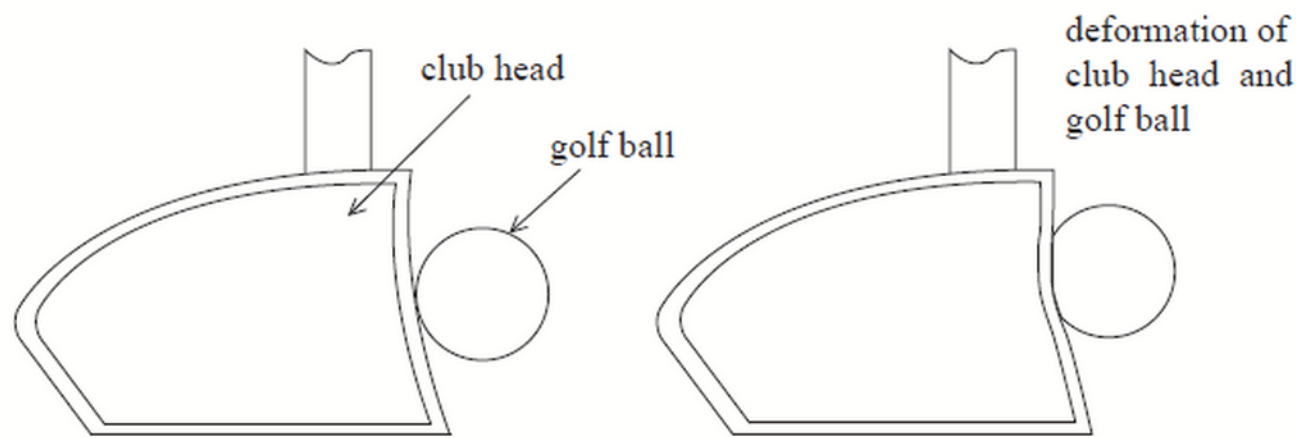
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- (ii) Calculate the maximum speed of the club head achievable when $h = 0.85$ m.

[2]

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- (b) The diagram shows the deformation of a golf ball and club head as they collide during a test.



Explain how increasing the deformation of the club head may be expected to increase the speed at which the ball leaves the club.

[2]

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- (c) In a different experimental arrangement, the club head is in contact with the ball for a time of $220\ \mu\text{s}$. The club head has mass $0.17\ \text{kg}$ and the ball has mass $0.045\ \text{kg}$. At the moment of contact the ball is at rest and the club head is moving with a speed of $38\ \text{m s}^{-1}$. The ball moves off with an initial speed of $63\ \text{m s}^{-1}$.

- (i) Calculate the average force acting on the ball while the club head is in contact with the ball. [2]

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- (ii) State the average force acting on the club head while it is in contact with the ball. [1]

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- (iii) Calculate the speed of the club head at the instant that it loses contact with the ball. [2]

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Jane and Joe are two ice skaters initially at rest on a horizontal skating rink. They are facing each other and Jane is holding a ball. Jane throws the ball to Joe who catches it. The speed at which the ball leaves Jane, measured relative to the ground, is 8.0 m s^{-1} . The following data are available.

Mass of Jane = 52 kg

Mass of Joe = 74 kg

Mass of ball = 1.3 kg

Use the data to calculate the

- (i) speed v of Jane relative to the ground immediately after she throws the ball. [2]

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- (ii) speed V of Joe relative to the ground immediately after he catches the ball. [2]

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- (e) Jane and Joe are initially separated by 4.0 m . The average frictional force between their skates and the ice is 0.12 N . Show that the separation of Jane and Joe after the ball is thrown and they are at rest again is about 20 m . [5]

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