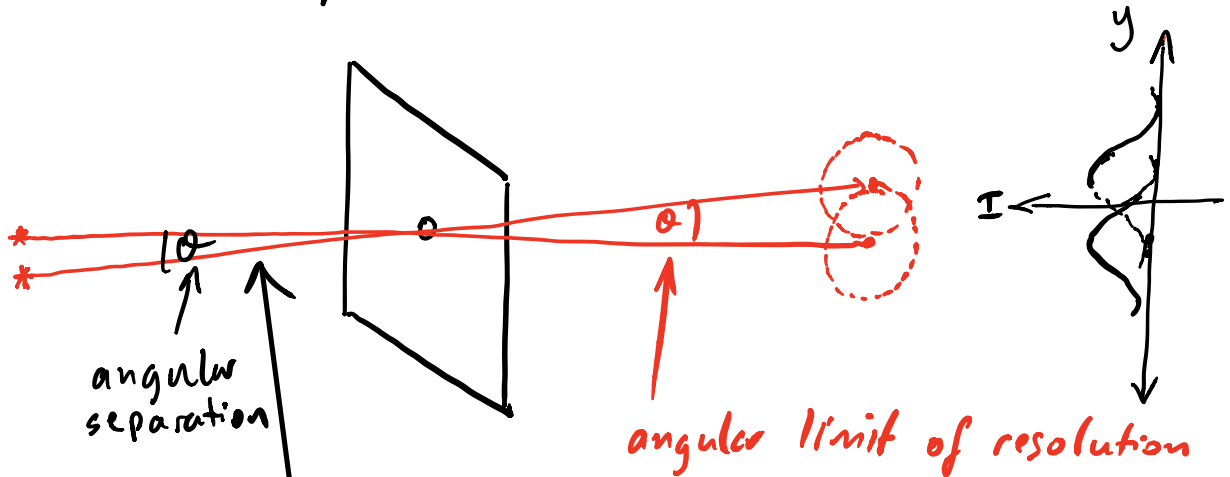


Limit of Resolution. (Rayleigh Criterion)

2 sources of light are said to be resolved when the central maximum of one source overlaps the minimum of the other



$$\theta_{\text{limit}} = 1.22 \frac{\lambda}{b}$$

b is the size of the hole.

Note: the angular separation at the limit of resolution is the same as the angular limit of resolution

Solving limit of Resolution Problems

Step.1. Determine the limit of resolution.

$$\theta_{\text{limit}} = 1.22 \frac{\lambda}{b}$$

Step.2. Determine the angular separation between the 2 sources by dividing the vertical separation by their horizontal distance to the screen.

Step.3. Compare the 2 angles.

If $\theta_{\text{separation}} = \theta_{\text{limit}}$ then the 2 sources are at the limit of res.

If $\theta_{\text{separation}} > \theta_{\text{limit}}$ then the 2 sources can be resolved.

If $\theta_{\text{separation}} < \theta_{\text{limit}}$ then the 2 sources cannot be resolved.
