[329	<pre>movie_df = pd.read_csv('ml-100k/u.item', sep=' ', names=mnames, encoding='latin-1') user_df = users.loc[:,['user_id', 'gender']] ratings_df=ratings.loc[:,['user_id', 'rating']]</pre>
[330 [331	<pre>ratings_df=ratings.loc[:,['user_id','rating']] rating_df=ratings_df.merge(user_df) rating_df user_id rating gender</pre>
	0 196 3 M 1 196 4 M 2 196 4 M 3 196 3 M 4 196 5 M 99995 941 5 M 99997 941 5 M 99998 941 4 M
[332	99999 941 4 M 100000 rows × 3 columns rating_df.groupby('gender').rating.std() gender
333	F 1.170951 M 1.109556 Name: rating, dtype: float64 rating_df.groupby('gender').rating.apply(pd.Series.std) gender F 1.170951 M 1.109556 Name: rating dtype: float64
334	Name: rating, dtype: float64 df1=rating_df.groupby(['user_id','gender']).apply(np.mean) C:\Users\Rukaia\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python39\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py:3438: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in Datame reductions (with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction. return mean(axis=axis, dtype=dtype, out=out, **kwargs)
[335 [335	<pre>df1.groupby('gender').rating.std() gender F 0.481241 M 0.430076 Name: rating, dtype: float64 pd.pivot_table(df1, values = 'rating', index = 'gender', aggfunc = pd.Series.std)</pre>
336	rating gender F 0.481241 M 0.430076
337	user_id gender 1 M 3.610294 2 F 3.709677 3 M 2.796296 4 M 4.333333 5 F 2.874286
	939 F 4.265306 940 M 3.457944 941 M 4.045455 942 F 4.265823 943 M 3.410714
338	943 rows × 1 columns t = pd.pivot_table(rating_df, index = ['user_id', 'gender'], values = 'rating') female = t.query("gender == ['F']") pd.Series.std(female) rating 0.481241
339	<pre>dtype: float64 t = pd.pivot_table(rating_df, index = ['user_id', 'gender'], values = 'rating') male = t.query("gender == ['M']") pd.Series.std(male) rating 0.430076 dtype: float64</pre>
340	<pre>Movei Recommandation #### slicing dframe is like if index position or reference is involved iloc should be used or if exact column name then loc can be used ## df_movie=df_movie.iloc[:,1:2] ## or movie_df=movie_df.loc[:,["item id","title"]] movie_df</pre>
340	item id title 0 1 Toy Story (1995) 1 2 GoldenEye (1995) 2 3 Four Rooms (1995) 3 4 Get Shorty (1995) 4 5 Copycat (1995)
	1677 1678 Mat' i syn (1997) 1678 1679 B. Monkey (1998) 1679 1680 Sliding Doors (1998) 1680 1681 You So Crazy (1994) 1681 1682 Scream of Stone (Schrei aus Stein) (1991)
341	1682 rows × 2 columns #### now merge this with ratings ratings user_id item id rating timestamp
	0 196 242 3 881250949 1 186 302 3 891717742 2 22 377 1 878887116 3 244 51 2 880606923 4 166 346 1 886397596
	99995 880 476 3 880175444 99996 716 204 5 879795543 99997 276 1090 1 874795795 99998 13 225 2 882399156 99999 12 203 3 879959583
342	final_df=pd.merge(ratings,movie_df,on="item id") ### the on column should be named same like i named item id on ratings and 'id' on movie_df ,got error final_df
343	user_id item id rating timestamp title 0 196 242 3 881250949 Kolya (1996) 1 63 242 3 875747190 Kolya (1996) 2 226 242 5 883888671 Kolya (1996) 3 154 242 3 879138235 Kolya (1996) 4 306 242 5 876503793 Kolya (1996)
	4 306 242 5 876503793 Kolya (1996) 99995 840 1674 4 891211682 Mamma Roma (1962) 99996 655 1640 3 888474646 Eighth Day, The (1996) 99997 655 1637 3 888984255 Girls Town (1996) 99998 655 1630 3 887428735 Silence of the Palace, The (Saimt el Qusur) (1 99999 655 1641 3 887427810 Dadetown (1995)
344 345	100000 rows × 5 columns final_df.drop("timestamp", axis=1, inplace=True) #### 1.find averege ratings for movies
346	<pre>#### 2.the num of ratings for each movie. #### 3.and finally make a ready dataframe with the avg rating and counts final_df.groupby("title")["rating"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False) title They Made Me a Criminal (1939)</pre>
	Saint of Fort Washington, The (1993) 5.0 Someone Else's America (1995) 5.0 Star Kid (1997) 5.0 Eye of Vichy, The (Oeil de Vichy, L') (1993) 1.0 King of New York (1990) 1.0 Touki Bouki (Journey of the Hyena) (1973) 1.0 Bloody Child, The (1996) 1.0 Crude Oasis, The (1995) 1.0 Name: rating Length: 1664 dtype: float64
347	<pre>Name: rating, Length: 1664, dtype: float64 count_ratings=final_df.groupby("title")["rating"].count().sort_values(ascending=False) movie_details = pd.DataFrame(final_df.groupby("title")["rating"].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)) movie_details["count_ratings"]= final_df_groupby("title")["rating"] count().</pre>
[350 [350	movie_details["count_ratings"]= final_df.groupby("title")["rating"].count() movie_details rating count_ratings title They Made Me a Criminal (1939) 5.0 1
	Marlene Dietrich: Shadow and Light (1996) 5.0 1 Saint of Fort Washington, The (1993) 5.0 2 Someone Else's America (1995) 5.0 1 Star Kid (1997) 5.0 3 Eye of Vichy, The (Oeil de Vichy, L') (1993) 1.0 1
	King of New York (1990) 1.0 1 Touki Bouki (Journey of the Hyena) (1973) 1.0 1 Bloody Child, The (1996) 1.0 1 Crude Oasis, The (1995) 1.0 1 1664 rows × 2 columns
351 351	<pre>movie_details.sort_values(["rating","count_ratings"],ascending=False).head(20) #### 5 and 1 rated movies got few ratings rating count_ratings title Star Kid (1997) 5.000000 3</pre>
	Prefontaine (1997) 5.000000 3 Saint of Fort Washington, The (1993) 5.000000 2 Santa with Muscles (1996) 5.000000 2 They Made Me a Criminal (1939) 5.000000 1 Marlene Dietrich: Shadow and Light (1996) 5.000000 1
	Someone Else's America (1995) 5.000000 1 Great Day in Harlem, A (1994) 5.000000 1 Aiqing wansui (1994) 5.000000 1 Entertaining Angels: The Dorothy Day Story (1996) 5.000000 1 Pather Panchali (1955) 4.625000 8 Maya Lin: A Strong Clear Vision (1994) 4.500000 4
	Some Mother's Son (1996) 4.500000 2 Anna (1996) 4.500000 2 Everest (1998) 4.500000 2 Close Shave, A (1995) 4.491071 112 Schindler's List (1993) 4.466443 298 Wrong Trousers, The (1993) 4.466102 118
[352	Casablanca (1942) 4.456790 243 Wallace & Gromit: The Best of Aardman Animation (1996) 4.447761 67 ##### for recommandatin , we guess a user watched and rated a movie named "Toy Story" #### 1.we need to make a pivot table for users and rated movie with the use of dataFrame "final_df" #### 2.we need to make a correlation with the pivot table named as "moviemat" and a selected movie with the use of dataFrame "movie_details"
[354 [354	moviemat Til
	User_id
	F NaN NaN 20 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN AO NAN AO NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN Na
	5 NAN NAN 2.0 NAN NAN NAN 4.0 NAN
[355	939 NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NA
[355	939 NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NAN NA
[355 [355	339 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN Na
[355 [355	939 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN Na
[355 [356	939 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN Na
[355 [355 [357 [357	999 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN
[355 [355 [357 [357	939 NaN NeW NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN Na
[355 [355 [357 [357	### 1876 No.
[355 [355 [357 [357 [360	989 NaN NSV NAM NAV NAM NAM NEW NAM
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[365] [366] [367] [367] [367] [368] [368] [368] [368] [368] [368] [368] [368] [368]	Mathematical
[365 [366 [367 [367 [367 [367 [368 [367 [368 [36	Mathematical