

Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q$

0: $\int P_q[x]^m \operatorname{Log}[F[x]] \, dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge C == \frac{P_q[x]^m (1-F[x])}{\partial_x F[x]}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $C == \frac{P_q[x]^m (1-F[x])}{\partial_x F[x]}$, then $P_q[x]^m \operatorname{Log}[F[x]] == C \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{1-x}, x, F[x]\right] \partial_x F[x]$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge C == \frac{P_q[x]^m (1-F[x])}{\partial_x F[x]}$, then

$$\int P_q[x]^m \operatorname{Log}[F[x]] \, dx \rightarrow C \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{1-x} \, dx, x, u\right] \rightarrow C \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, 1-u]$$

Program code:

```
Int[Pq^m_.*Log[u_],x_Symbol] :=
  With[{C=FullSimplify[Pq^m*(1-u)/D[u,x]]},
    C*PolyLog[2,1-u] /;
    FreeQ[C,x] /;
    IntegerQ[m] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && RationalFunctionQ[u,x] && LeQ[RationalFunctionExponents[u,x][[2]],Expon[Pq,x]]
```

$$1. \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

$$\mathbf{1:} \int \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p] dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule:

$$\int \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p] dx \rightarrow x \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p] - e n p \int \frac{x^n}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.],x_Symbol] :=
  x*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p] - e*n*p*Int[x^n/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{c,d,e,n,p},x]
```

$$2. \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (q \neq 1 \vee n \in \mathbb{Z})$$

$$1: \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + \frac{e}{x})^p])^q dx \text{ when } q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + \frac{e}{x})^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{(e + d x) (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + \frac{e}{x})^p])^q}{d} + \frac{b e p q}{d} \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + \frac{e}{x})^p])^{q-1}}{x} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_/x_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  (e+d*x)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e/x)^p])^q/d + b*e*p*q/d*Int[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e/x)^p])^(q-1)/x,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && IGtQ[q,0]
```

$$2: \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (q \neq 1 \vee n \in \mathbb{Z})$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (q \neq 1 \vee n \in \mathbb{Z})$, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow x (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q - b e n p q \int \frac{x^n (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^{q-1}}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  x*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q - b*e*n*p*q*Int[x^n*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^(q-1)/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && IGtQ[q,0] && (EqQ[q,1] || IntegerQ[n])
```

x: $\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $-1 < n < 1 \wedge (n > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $F[x^n] = k \operatorname{Subst}[x^{k-1} F[x^{kn}], x, x^{1/k}] \partial_x x^{1/k}$

Rule: If $-1 < n < 1 \wedge (n > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$, let $k \rightarrow \operatorname{Denominator}[n]$, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow k \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{k-1} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^{kn})^p])^q dx, x, x^{1/k}\right]$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{k=Denominator[n]},
    k*Subst[Int[x^(k-1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^(k*n))^p])^q,x],x,x^(1/k)] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && LtQ[-1,n,1] && (GtQ[n,0] || IGtQ[q,0]) *)
```

3: $\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{F}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $F[x^n] = k \operatorname{Subst}[x^{k-1} F[x^{kn}], x, x^{1/k}] \partial_x x^{1/k}$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{F}$, let $k \rightarrow \operatorname{Denominator}[n]$, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow k \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{k-1} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^{kn})^p])^q dx, x, x^{1/k}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{k=Denominator[n]},
    k*Subst[Int[x^(k-1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^(k*n))^p])^q,x],x,x^(1/k)] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && FractionQ[n]
```

U: $\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$

Rule:

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p,q},x]
```

N: $\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx$ when $v = d + e x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $v = d + e x^n$, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*v_^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,p,q},x] && BinomialQ[v,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[v,x]]
```

$$2. \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

$$1. \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } q = 1 \vee \left(\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{n} > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right) \right)$$

$$\text{1: } \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{n} > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right)$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

– Basis: If $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $x^m F[x^n] = \frac{1}{n} \operatorname{Subst}\left[x^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1} F[x], x, x^n\right] \partial_x x^n$

Rule: If $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{n} > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right)$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^p])^q dx, x, x^n\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/n*Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m+1)/n]-1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^p])^q,x],x,x^n] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n,p,q},x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]] && (GtQ[(m+1)/n,0] || IGtQ[q,0]) && Not[EqQ[q,1] && ILtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[m,0]]
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) dx \text{ when } m \neq -1$

Reference: G&R 2.728.1, CRC 501, A&S 4.1.50'

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Rule: If $m \neq -1$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])}{f (m+1)} - \frac{b e n p}{f (m+1)} \int \frac{x^{n-1} (f x)^{m+1}}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.**x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.**Log[c_.*(d_+e_.**x_^n_)^p_.]),x_Symbol] :=
  (f*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])/(f*(m+1)) -
  b*e*n*p/(f*(m+1))*Int[x^(n-1)*(f*x)^(m+1)/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```


$$\mathbf{3:} \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{n} > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

$$\mathbf{-} \text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{(f x)^m}{x^m} == 0$$

Rule: If $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{n} > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right)$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{(f x)^m}{x^m} \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f*x_)^m*(a_+b_*Log[c_*(d+e_*x_^n_)^p_])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  (f*x)^m/x^m*Int[x^m*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p,q},x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]] && (GtQ[(m+1)/n,0] || IGtQ[q,0])
```

2: $\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{(f x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q}{f (m+1)} - \frac{b e n p q}{f^n (m+1)} \int \frac{(f x)^{m+n} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^{q-1}}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.**x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.**x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  (f**x)^(m+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q/(f*(m+1)) -
  b*e*n*p*q/(f^n*(m+1))*Int[(f**x)^(m+n)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^(q-1)/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && IGtQ[q,1] && IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

$$3. \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{F}$$

$$1: \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{F}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $x^m F[x^n] = k \operatorname{Subst}[x^{k(m+1)-1} F[x^{kn}], x, x^{1/k}] \partial_x x^{1/k}$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{F}$, let $k \rightarrow \operatorname{Denominator}[n]$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow k \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{k(m+1)-1} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^{kn})^p])^q dx, x, x^{1/k}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{k=Denominator[n]},
    k*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^(k*n))^p])^q,x],x,x^(1/k)] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,p,q},x] && FractionQ[n]
```

$$\mathbf{2:} \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{F}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{(f x)^m}{x^m} == 0$$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{F}$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{(f x)^m}{x^m} \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f*x_)^m_*(a_+b_*Log[c_*(d+e_*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  (f*x)^m/x^m*Int[x^m*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p,q},x] && FractionQ[n]
```

$$\mathbf{U:} \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Rule:

$$\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_*x_)^m_*(a_+b_*Log[c_*(d+e_*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p,q},x]
```

N: $\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx$ when $v = d + e x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $v = d + e x^n$, then

$$\int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.*b_.*Log[c_.*v_^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(f*x)^m*(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,f,m,p,q},x] && BinomialQ[v,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[v,x]]
```

$$3. \int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

$$1. \int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) dx \text{ when } r \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee n \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$1: \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]}{f + g x} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{R}$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) = \frac{b e n p x^{n-1}}{d + e x^n}$$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{R}$, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]}{f + g x} dx \rightarrow \frac{\operatorname{Log}[f + g x] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])}{g} - \frac{b e n p}{g} \int \frac{x^{n-1} \operatorname{Log}[f + g x]}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])/(f_.+g_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  Log[f+g*x]*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])/g -
  b*e*n*p/g*Int[x^(n-1)*Log[f+g*x]/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p},x] && RationalQ[n]
```

$$2: \int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) dx \text{ when } (r \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee n \in \mathbb{R}) \wedge r \neq -1$$

Reference: G&R 2.728.1, CRC 501, A&S 4.1.50'

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) = \frac{b e n p x^{n-1}}{d + e x^n}$$

Rule: If $(r \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee n \in \mathbb{R}) \wedge r \neq -1$, then

$$\int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(f + g x)^{r+1} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])}{g (r + 1)} - \frac{b e n p}{g (r + 1)} \int \frac{x^{n-1} (f + g x)^{r+1}}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.+g_.**x_)^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.+e_.**x_^n_)^p_.]),x_Symbol] :=
  (f+g*x)^(r+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])/(g*(r+1)) -
  b*e*n*p/(g*(r+1))*Int[x^(n-1)*(f+g*x)^(r+1)/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,r},x] && (IGtQ[r,0] || RationalQ[n]) && NeQ[r,-1]
```

U: $\int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$

Rule:

$$\int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.+g_.**x_)^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.+e_.**x_^n_)^p_.])^q_. ,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(f+g*x)^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q,r},x]
```

N: $\int u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx$ when $u = f + g x \wedge v = d + e x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $u = f + g x \wedge v = d + e x^n$, then

$$\int u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^r.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*v_^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^r*(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,p,q,r},x] && LinearQ[u,x] && BinomialQ[v,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[u,x] && BinomialMatchQ[v,x]]
```

4. $\int (h x)^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$

1: $\int x^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[x^m (f + g x)^r, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x^m*(f+g*x)^r,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q},x] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[r]
```


2: $\int (h x)^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{F} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $(h x)^m F[x] = \frac{k}{h} \operatorname{Subst}[x^{k(m+1)-1} F[\frac{x^k}{h}], x, (h x)^{1/k}] \partial_x (h x)^{1/k}$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{F} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z}$, let $k = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]$, then

$$\int (h x)^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{k}{h} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{k(m+1)-1} \left(f + \frac{g x^k}{h}\right)^r \left(a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[c \left(d + \frac{e x^{kn}}{h}\right)^p\right]\right)^q dx, x, (h x)^{1/k}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(h_.*x_)^m_.*(f_.*g_.*x_)^r_.*(a_.*b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.*e_.*x_^n_)^p_])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{k=Denominator[m]},
    k/h*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)*(f+g*x^k/h)^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^(k*n)/h^n)^p])^q,x],x,(h*x)^(1/k)]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,p,r},x] && FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[r]
```

U: $\int (h x)^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$

Rule:

$$\int (h x)^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (h x)^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(h_.*x_)^m_.*(f_.*g_.*x_)^r_.*(a_.*b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.*e_.*x_^n_)^p_])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(h*x)^m*(f+g*x)^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n,p,q,r},x]
```

N: $\int (h x)^m u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx$ when $u = f + g x \wedge v = d + e x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $u = f + g x \wedge v = d + e x^n$, then

$$\int (h x)^m u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (h x)^m (f + g x)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(h_.*x_)^m_.*u_^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*v_^p_.])^q_. , x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(h*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^r*(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p])^q,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,h,m,p,q,r},x] && LinearQ[u,x] && BinomialQ[v,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[u,x] && BinomialMatchQ[v,x]]
```

5. $\int (f + g x^2)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$

1: $\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]}{f + g x^2} dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, let $u \rightarrow \int \frac{1}{f + g x^2} dx$, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]}{f + g x^2} dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) - b e n p \int \frac{u x^{n-1}}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d+.e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])/(f_.+g_.*x_^2), x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[1/(f+g*x^2),x]},
    u*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p]) - b*e*n*p*Int[u*x^(n-1)/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p},x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

2: $\int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(f + g x^s)^r, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_^s_)^r_.*(a_+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{t=ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,(f+g*x^s)^r,x]},
    Int[t,x] /;
    SumQ[t] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q,r,s},x] && IntegerQ[n] && IGtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[r] && IntegerQ[s] &&
      (EqQ[q,1] || GtQ[r,0] && GtQ[s,1] || LtQ[s,0] && LtQ[r,0])
```

$$\mathbf{3:} \int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{F} \wedge s \operatorname{Denominator}[n] \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $F[x^n] = k \operatorname{Subst}[x^{k-1} F[x^{kn}], x, x^{1/k}] \partial_x x^{1/k}$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{F}$, let $k \rightarrow \operatorname{Denominator}[n]$, if $k s \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow k \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{k-1} (f + g x^{ks})^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^{kn})^p])^q dx, x, x^{1/k}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_^s_)^r_.*(a_+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{k=Denominator[n]},
    k*Subst[Int[x^(k-1)*(f+g*x^(k*s))^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^(k*n))^p])^q,x],x,x^(1/k)] /;
    IntegerQ[k*s]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q,r,s},x] && FractionQ[n]
```

$$\mathbf{U:} \int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Rule:

$$\int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_^s_)^r_.*(a_+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(f+g*x^s)^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q,r,s},x]
```

N: $\int u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx$ when $u = f + g x^s \wedge v = d + e x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $u = f + g x^s \wedge v = d + e x^n$, then

$$\int u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*v_^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^r*(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,p,q,r},x] && BinomialQ[{u,v},x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[{u,v},x]]
```

$$6. \int (h x)^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

$$\text{1: } \int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } r \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{s}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{n} > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right)$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: If } \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } x^m F[x^n] = \frac{1}{n} \operatorname{Subst}\left[x^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1} F[x], x, x^n\right] \partial_x x^n$$

Rule: If $r \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{s}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \left(\frac{m+1}{n} > 0 \vee q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right)$, then

$$\int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1} (f + g x^{\frac{s}{n}})^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^p])^q dx, x, x^n\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m.*(f+_g_*x_^s_)^r.*(a+_b_*Log[c.*(d+_e_*x_^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/n*Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m+1)/n]-1)*(f+g*x^(s/n))^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^p])^q,x],x,x^n] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,p,q,r,s},x] && IntegerQ[r] && IntegerQ[s/n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]] && (GtQ[(m+1)/n,0] || IGtQ[q,0])
```

$$2: \int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[x^m (f + g x^s)^r, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m.*(f+g_.x^s_)^r.*(a_.+b_.Log[c_.*(d+e_.x^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x^m*(f+g*x^s)^r,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,p,q,r,s},x] && IGtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[r] && IntegerQ[s]
```

$$?: \int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{F} \wedge m \operatorname{Denominator}[n] \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s \operatorname{Denominator}[n] \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $F[x^n] = k \operatorname{Subst}[x^{k-1} F[x^{kn}], x, x^{1/k}] \partial_x x^{1/k}$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{F}$, let $k \rightarrow \operatorname{Denominator}[n]$, if $k m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge k s \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow k \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{k-1} (f + g x^{ks})^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^{kn})^p])^q dx, x, x^{1/k}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f+g_.x^s_)^r.*(a_.+b_.Log[c_.*(d+e_.x^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{k=Denominator[n]},
    k*Subst[Int[x^(k-1)*(f+g*x^(k*s))^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^(k*n))^p])^q,x],x,x^(1/k)] /;
    IntegerQ[k*s] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q,r,s},x] && FractionQ[n]
```

3: $\int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{F} \wedge \frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{s}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $F[x^n] = \frac{1}{n} \operatorname{Subst}[x^{\frac{1}{n}-1} F[x], x, x^n] \partial_x x^n$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{F} \wedge \frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{s}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{m+\frac{1}{n}-1} (f + g x^{s/n})^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^p])^q dx, x, x^n\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m.*(f_+g_.**x_^s_)^r.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.**x_^n_)^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/n*Subst[Int[x^(m+1/n-1)*(f+g*x^(s/n))^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^p])^q,x],x,x^n] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,p,q,r,s},x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[1/n] && IntegerQ[s/n]
```


4: $\int (h x)^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{F} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $(h x)^m F[x] = \frac{k}{h} \operatorname{Subst}[x^{k(m+1)-1} F[\frac{x^k}{h}], x, (h x)^{1/k}] \partial_x (h x)^{1/k}$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{F} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s \in \mathbb{Z}$, let $k = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]$, then

$$\int (h x)^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{k}{h} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{k(m+1)-1} \left(f + \frac{g x^{ks}}{h}\right)^r \left(a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[c \left(d + \frac{e x^{kn}}{h}\right)^p\right]\right)^q dx, x, (h x)^{1/k}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(h_.*x_)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x_^s_)^r_.*(a_+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{k=Denominator[m]},
    k/h*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)*(f+g*x^(k*s)/h^s)^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^(k*n)/h^n)^p])^q,x],x,(h*x)^(1/k)]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,p,r},x] && FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[s]
```

U: $\int (h x)^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$

Rule:

$$\int (h x)^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (h x)^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(h_.*x_)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x_^s_)^r_.*(a_+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(h*x)^m*(f+g*x^s)^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n,p,q,r,s},x]
```

N: $\int (h x)^m u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx$ when $u = f + g x^s \wedge v = d + e x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $u = f + g x^s \wedge v = d + e x^n$, then

$$\int (h x)^m u^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (h x)^m (f + g x^s)^r (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(h_.**x_)^m_.*u_^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*v_^p_.])^q_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(h*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^r*(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,h,m,p,q,r},x] && BinomialQ[{u,v},x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[{u,v},x]]
```

7: $\int \frac{\text{Log}[f x^q]^m (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])}{x} dx$ when $m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\frac{\text{Log}[c x^q]^m}{x} = \partial_x \frac{\text{Log}[c x^q]^{m+1}}{q(m+1)}$

Rule: If $m \neq -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[f x^q]^m (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])}{x} dx \rightarrow \frac{\text{Log}[f x^q]^{m+1} (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p])}{q(m+1)} - \frac{b e n p}{q(m+1)} \int \frac{x^{n-1} \text{Log}[f x^q]^{m+1}}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Log[f_.**x_^q_.]^m_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.**x_^n_)^p_.])/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  Log[f**x^q]^(m+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])/(q*(m+1)) -
  b*e*n*p/(q*(m+1))*Int[x^(n-1)*Log[f**x^q]^(m+1)/(d+e*x^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p,q},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

8: $\int \text{ArcTrig}[f x]^m (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u \rightarrow \int \text{ArcTrig}[f x]^m dx$, then

$$\int \text{ArcTrig}[f x]^m (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x^n)^p]) - b e n p \int \frac{u x^{n-1}}{d + e x^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[F_[f_.*x_]^m_.*(a_.*b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_^n_)^p_.]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[F[f*x]^m,x]},
    Dist[a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p],u,x] - b*e*n*p*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*x^(n-1)/(d+e*x^n),x],x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p},x] && MemberQ[{ArcSin,ArcCos,ArcSinh,ArcCosh},F] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,1]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $u(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d + e x^n)^p])^q$

1: $\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d + e(f + g x)^n)^p])^q dx$ when $q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (q == 1 \vee n \in \mathbb{Z})$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If $q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (q == 1 \vee n \in \mathbb{Z})$, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d + e(f + g x)^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{g} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d + e x^n)^p])^q dx, x, f + g x\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.+e_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/g*Subst[Int[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^n)^p])^q,x],x,f+g*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p},x] && IGtQ[q,0] && (EqQ[q,1] || IntegerQ[n])
```

U: $\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e (f + g x)^n)^p])^q dx$

Rule:

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e (f + g x)^n)^p])^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e (f + g x)^n)^p])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.+e_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^n_)^p_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*(f+g*x)^n)^p])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q},x]
```