

## Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n$

1.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

**1:**  $\int \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x] dx$

Reference: G&R 2.821.2, CRC 445, A&S 4.4.62

Reference: G&R 2.821.1, CRC 446, A&S 4.4.61

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule:

$$\int \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x] dx \rightarrow x \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x] - \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcSec[c_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
  x*ArcSec[c*x] - 1/c*Int[1/(x*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[c,x]
```

```
Int[ArcCsc[c_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
  x*ArcCsc[c*x] + 1/c*Int[1/(x*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[c,x]
```

**2:**  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $1 = \frac{1}{c} \operatorname{Sec}[\operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]] \operatorname{Tan}[\operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{c} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int (a + b x)^n \operatorname{Sec}[x] \operatorname{Tan}[x] dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/c*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Sec[x]*Tan[x],x],x,ArcSec[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -1/c*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Csc[x]*Cot[x],x],x,ArcCsc[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2.  $\int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1.  $\int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$

**1:**  $\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}{x} dx$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSec}[z] == \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

■ Basis:  $\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{x} == -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}{x} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]}{x} dx \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right]}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_])/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcCos[x/c])/x,x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_])/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcSin[x/c])/x,x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

**2:**  $\int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1$

Reference: CRC 474

Reference: CRC 477

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])}{d (m+1)} - \frac{b d}{c (m+1)} \int \frac{(d x)^{m-1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.**x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.**ArcSec[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b**ArcSec[c*x])/(d*(m+1)) -
  b*d/(c*(m+1))*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)/Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

```
Int[(d_.**x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.**ArcCsc[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b**ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m+1)) +
  b*d/(c*(m+1))*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)/Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

**2:**  $\int x^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (n > 0 \vee m < -1)$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$x^m F[\operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]] = \frac{1}{c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}[F[x] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^{m+1} \operatorname{Tan}[x], x, \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (n > 0 \vee m < -1)$ , then

$$\int x^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int (a + b x)^n \sec[x]^{m+1} \tan[x] dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Sec[x]^(m+1)*Tan[x],x],x,ArcSec[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n,0] || LtQ[m,-1])
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m+1)*Cot[x],x],x,ArcCsc[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n,0] || LtQ[m,-1])
```

$$3. \int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$$

$$1: \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}{d + e x} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:

$$\frac{1}{d + e x} ==$$

$$\frac{1}{e} \partial_x \left( \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{(e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}}{c d} \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{(e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}}{c d} \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + e^{2 i \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]} \right] \right)$$

Basis:

$$\frac{1}{d + e x} ==$$

$$\frac{1}{e} \partial_x \left( \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{i (e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{i \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c x]}}{c d} \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{i (e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{i \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c x]}}{c d} \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - e^{2 i \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c x]} \right] \right)$$

Rule:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}{d + e x} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{(e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}}{c d} \right]}{e} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{(e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}}{c d} \right]}{e} - \\ & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + e^{2 i \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]} \right]}{e} - \frac{b}{c e} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{(e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{i \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}}{c d} \right]}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx - \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b}{c e} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}\right) e^{\pm \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}}{c d}\right]}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx + \frac{b}{c e} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{2 \pm \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]}\right]}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_])/(d_.+e_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*ArcSec[c*x])*Log[1+(e-Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcSec[c*x])/(c*d)]/e +
  (a+b*ArcSec[c*x])*Log[1+(e+Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcSec[c*x])/(c*d)]/e -
  (a+b*ArcSec[c*x])*Log[1+E^(2*I*ArcSec[c*x])]/e -
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1+(e-Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcSec[c*x])/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] -
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1+(e+Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcSec[c*x])/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] +
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1+E^(2*I*ArcSec[c*x])]/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_])/(d_.+e_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[1-I*(e-Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*d)]/e +
  (a+b*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[1-I*(e+Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*d)]/e -
  (a+b*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[1-E^(2*I*ArcCsc[c*x])]/e +
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1-I*(e-Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] +
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1-I*(e+Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] -
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1-E^(2*I*ArcCsc[c*x])]/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x]
```

**2:**  $\int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) = \frac{b}{c x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}$$

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int (d+e x)^m (a+b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(d+e x)^{m+1} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])}{e (m+1)} - \frac{b}{c e (m+1)} \int \frac{(d+e x)^{m+1}}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_*x_)^m_*(a_+b_*ArcSec[c_*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSec[c*x])/(e*(m+1)) -
  b/(c*e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_*x_)^m_*(a_+b_*ArcCsc[c_*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m+1)) +
  b/(c*e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

4.  $\int (d+e x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

**1:**  $\int (d+e x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$  when  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) = \frac{b c}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} = 0$$

Note: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then  $\int (d+e x^2)^p dx$  is expressible as an algebraic function not involving logarithms, inverse trig or inverse hyperbolic functions.

Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , let  $u = \int (d+e x^2)^p dx$ , then



$$\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[u]) - \frac{b c x}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{u}{x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.**x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.**ArcSec[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSec[c*x]),u,x] - b*c*x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2-1]),x],x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && (IGtQ[p,0] || ILtQ[p+1/2,0])
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.**x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.**ArcCsc[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]),u,x] + b*c*x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2-1]),x],x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && (IGtQ[p,0] || ILtQ[p+1/2,0])
```

**2:**  $\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSec}[z] == \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] == -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\ &\rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_*ArcSec[c_*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_*ArcCsc[c_*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

$$3. \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\blacksquare \text{ Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{ArcSec}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\blacksquare \text{ Basis: If } e > 0 \wedge d < 0, \text{ then } \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{\sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\ &\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{x} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p_*(a+b*ArcCos[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]
```

$$\mathbf{2:} \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

■ Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSec}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\ &\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]
```

```

Int[(d_.+e_.**x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.**x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2+d,e,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]

```

5.  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1.  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$  when

$$\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$$

**1:**  $\int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$  when  $p \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } x (d + e x^2)^p = \partial_x \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(p+1)}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) = \frac{bc}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $p \neq -1$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx &\rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])}{2e(p+1)} - \frac{bc}{2e(p+1)} \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])}{2e(p+1)} - \frac{bcx}{2e(p+1)\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[x_*(d_.+e_.**x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSec[c*x])/(2*e*(p+1)) -
  b*c*x/(2*e*(p+1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2-1]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[p,-1]

```

```

Int[x_*(d_.*e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.*b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p+1)) +
  b*c*x/(2*e*(p+1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2-1])*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2-1]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[p,-1]

```

**2:**  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx$  when

$$\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2p + 3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2p + 3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) = \frac{b c}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}$

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} = 0$

Note: If  $\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2p + 3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee$   
 $\left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2p + 3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$

then  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$  is expressible as an algebraic function not involving logarithms, inverse trig or inverse hyperbolic functions.

Rule: If  $\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2p + 3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee$   
 $\left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2p + 3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$

let  $u = \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$ , then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[u]) - \frac{b c x}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{u}{x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSec[c*x]),u,x] - b*c*x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2-1]),x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && (
    IGtQ[p,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    IGtQ[(m+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[p,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    ILtQ[(m+2*p+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0]])

```

```

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]),u,x] + b*c*x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2-1]),x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && (
    IGtQ[p,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    IGtQ[(m+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[p,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    ILtQ[(m+2*p+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0]])

```



**2:**  $\int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSec}[z] == \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] == -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\ &\rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{m+2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_*x_^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSec[c_*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_*x_^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcCsc[c_*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

$$3. \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{ArcSec}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\text{Basis: If } e > 0 \wedge d < 0, \text{ then } \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{\sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\ &\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{x} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{m+2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*(d.+e.*x^2)^p.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]
```

```

Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2+d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]

```

**2:**  $\int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

■ Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSec}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$ , then

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\
 &\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{m+2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2+d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]

```

```

Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2+d,e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]

```

**6:**  $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) \, dx$  when  $\int u \, dx$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) = \frac{b}{c x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}$$

Rule: Let  $v \rightarrow \int u \, dx$ , if  $v$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) \, dx \rightarrow v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x]) - \frac{b}{c} \int \frac{v}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[u_*(a_+b_.*ArcSec[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSec[c*x]),v,x] -
    b/c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]

```

```

Int[u_*(a_+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]),v,x] +
    b/c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]),x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]

```

**X:**  $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSec}[c x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSec[c_.x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcSec[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsc[c_.x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```