## Rules for integrands of the form $(c + dx)^m Trig[a + bx]^n Trig[a + bx]^p$

1. 
$$\left[\left(c+dx\right)^{m} Trig\left[a+bx\right]^{n} Trig\left[a+bx\right]^{p} dx\right]$$

1. 
$$\int (c + dx)^m \sin[a + bx]^n \cos[a + bx]^p dx$$

1: 
$$\int (c + dx)^m \sin[a + bx]^n \cos[a + bx] dx$$
 when  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land n \neq -1$ 

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: 
$$Sin[a + b x]^n Cos[a + b x] = \partial_x \frac{Sin[a+b x]^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$ , then

$$\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m Sin\big[a+b\,x\big]^n \,Cos\big[a+b\,x\big] \,dx \,\, \longrightarrow \,\, \frac{\left(c+d\,x\right)^m Sin\big[a+b\,x\big]^{n+1}}{b\,\,(n+1)} \,-\, \frac{d\,m}{b\,\,(n+1)} \,\, \int \left(c+d\,x\right)^{m-1} Sin\big[a+b\,x\big]^{n+1} \,dx$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   (c+d*x)^m*Sin[a+b*x]^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) -
   d*m/(b*(n+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a+b*x]^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -(c+d*x)^m*Cos[a+b*x]^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) +
    d*m/(b*(n+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a+b*x]^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

2: 
$$\int (c + dx)^m \sin[a + bx]^n \cos[a + bx]^p dx \text{ when } (n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If  $(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \big(c+d\,x\big)^m\,\text{Sin}\big[a+b\,x\big]^n\,\text{Cos}\big[a+b\,x\big]^p\,\text{d}x \ \to \ \int \big(c+d\,x\big)^m\,\text{TrigReduce}\big[\text{Sin}\big[a+b\,x\big]^n\,\text{Cos}\big[a+b\,x\big]^p\big]\,\text{d}x$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c+d*x)^m,Sin[a+b*x]^n*Cos[a+b*x]^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

$$2 \colon \ \Big\lceil \big(c + d \; x\big)^m \; \text{Sin} \Big[ \, a + b \; x \, \Big]^n \; \text{Tan} \Big[ \, a + b \; x \, \Big]^p \; \text{d} x \; \; \text{when} \; \; (n \; | \; p) \; \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: 
$$Sin[z]^2 Tan[z]^2 = -Sin[z]^2 + Tan[z]^2$$

Rule: If  $(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m Sin\big[a+b\,x\big]^n \, Tan\big[a+b\,x\big]^p \, \mathrm{d}x \, \longrightarrow \\ -\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m Sin\big[a+b\,x\big]^n \, Tan\big[a+b\,x\big]^{p-2} \, \mathrm{d}x \, + \int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m Sin\big[a+b\,x\big]^{n-2} \, Tan\big[a+b\,x\big]^p \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Tan[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sin[a+b*x]^n*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sin[a+b*x]^(n-2)*Tan[a+b*x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cot[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Cos[a+b*x]^n*Cot[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Cos[a+b*x]^(n-2)*Cot[a+b*x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

3. 
$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]^p dx$$
1: 
$$\int (c+dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a+bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a+bx] dx \text{ when } m>0$$

Basis: Sec 
$$[a + b x]^n$$
 Tan  $[a + b x] = \partial_x \frac{\text{Sec}[a+bx]^n}{bn}$ 

Note: Dummy exponent p === 1 required in program code so InputForm of integrand is recognized.

Rule: If m > 0, then

$$\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m \, \text{Sec}\left[a+b\,x\right]^n \, \text{Tan}\left[a+b\,x\right] \, dx \, \longrightarrow \, \frac{\left(c+d\,x\right)^m \, \text{Sec}\left[a+b\,x\right]^n}{b\,n} - \frac{d\,m}{b\,n} \int \left(c+d\,x\right)^{m-1} \, \text{Sec}\left[a+b\,x\right]^n \, dx$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Tan[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^n/(b*n) -
    d*m/(b*n)*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Sec[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[p,1] && GtQ[m,0]

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cot[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^n/(b*n) +
    d*m/(b*n)*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Csc[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && EqQ[p,1] && GtQ[m,0]
```

2: 
$$\int (c + dx)^m Sec[a + bx]^2 Tan[a + bx]^n dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land n \neq -1$$

Basis: Sec [ a + b x ] <sup>2</sup> Tan [ a + b x ] <sup>n</sup> == 
$$\partial_x \frac{Tan[a+bx]^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$ , then

$$\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m \operatorname{Sec}\left[a+b\,x\right]^2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[a+b\,x\right]^n \, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\left(c+d\,x\right)^m \operatorname{Tan}\left[a+b\,x\right]^{n+1}}{b\,\left(n+1\right)} - \frac{d\,m}{b\,\left(n+1\right)} \int \left(c+d\,x\right)^{m-1} \operatorname{Tan}\left[a+b\,x\right]^{n+1} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]^2*Tan[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   (c+d*x)^m*Tan[a+b*x]^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) -
   d*m/(b*(n +1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*Tan[a+b*x]^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

3: 
$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a + bx]^n \operatorname{Tan}[a + bx]^p dx \text{ when } \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: 
$$Tan[z]^2 = -1 + Sec[z]^2$$

Rule: If  $\frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (c + d x)^m \operatorname{Sec} [a + b x]^n \operatorname{Tan} [a + b x]^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m\,\text{Sec}\left[a+b\,x\right]^n\,\text{Tan}\left[a+b\,x\right]^{p-2}\,\mathrm{d}x\,+\,\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^m\,\text{Sec}\left[a+b\,x\right]^{n+2}\,\text{Tan}\left[a+b\,x\right]^{p-2}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]*Tan[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^3*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Tan[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^n*Tan[a+b*x]^(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Sec[a+b*x]^n(n+2)*Tan[a+b*x]^n(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_.+b_.*x_]*Cot[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]*Cot[a+b*x]^n(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^n*Cot[a+b*x]^n(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cot[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^n-.*Cot[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^nn*Cot[a+b*x]^n(p-2),x] + Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[a+b*x]^n(n+2)*Cot[a+b*x]^n(p-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && IGtQ[p/2,0]
```

4: 
$$\int \left(c + dx\right)^m \operatorname{Sec}\left[a + bx\right]^n \operatorname{Tan}\left[a + bx\right]^p dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \left(\frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \frac{p-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}\right)$$

Rule: If 
$$m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land \left(\frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \lor \frac{p-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}\right)$$
, let  $u = \int Sec[a+bx]^n Tan[a+bx]^p dx$ , then 
$$\int (c+dx)^m Sec[a+bx]^n Tan[a+bx]^p dx \rightarrow u (c+dx)^m - dm \int u (c+dx)^{m-1} dx$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Tan[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Module[(u=IntHide[Sec[a+b*x]^n**Tan[a+b*x]^p,x)],
    Dist[(c+d*x)^m,u,x] - d*m*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*u,x)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && (IntegerQ[n/2] || IntegerQ[(p-1)/2])

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Cot[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Module[(u=IntHide[Csc[a+b*x]^n**Cot[a+b*x]^p,x)],
    Dist[(c+d*x)^m,u,x] - d*m*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*u,x)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && (IntegerQ[n/2] || IntegerQ[(p-1)/2])
```

4. 
$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[a + bx]^p \operatorname{Csc}[a + bx]^n dx$$
1: 
$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[a + bx]^n \operatorname{Sec}[a + bx]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: 
$$Csc[z] Sec[z] = 2 Csc[2z]$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(c+d\;x\right)^m\; Csc\left[\;a+b\;x\;\right]^n\; Sec\left[\;a+b\;x\;\right]^n\; d\!\!\!/\; x\;\;\longrightarrow\;\; 2^n\;\int \left(\;c+d\;x\right)^m\; Csc\left[\;2\;a+2\;b\;x\;\right]^n\; d\!\!\!/\; x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_., x_Symbol] :=
    2^n*Int[(c+d*x)^m*Csc[2*a+2*b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[m]
```

Rule: If 
$$(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z} \land m > 0 \land n \neq p$$
, let  $u = \int \csc[a + b \, x]^n \, \sec[a + b \, x]^p \, dx$ , then 
$$\int (c + d \, x)^m \, \csc[a + b \, x]^n \, \sec[a + b \, x]^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \, (c + d \, x)^m \, u - d \, m \int (c + d \, x)^{m-1} \, u \, dx$$

## Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.*Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_., x_Symbol] :=
Module[{u=IntHide[Csc[a+b*x]^n*Sec[a+b*x]^p,x]},
Dist[(c+d*x)^m,u,x] - d*m*Int[(c+d*x)^(m-1)*u,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IntegersQ[n,p] && GtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,p]
```

5:  $\int u^m \operatorname{Trig}[v]^n \operatorname{Trig}[w]^p dx \text{ when } u == c + dx \wedge v == w == a + bx$ 

## Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If 
$$u == c + d \times \wedge v == w == a + b \times$$
, then

$$\int \!\! u^m \, Trig[v]^n \, Trig[w]^p \, \mathrm{d}x \,\, \rightarrow \,\, \int \! \big( c + d \, x \big)^m \, Trig\big[ a + b \, x \big]^n \, Trig\big[ a + b \, x \big]^p \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[u_^m_.*F_[v_]^n_.*G_[w_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*F[ExpandToSum[v,x]]^n*G[ExpandToSum[v,x]]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{m,n,p},x] && TrigQ[F] && TrigQ[G] && EqQ[v,w] && LinearQ[{u,v,w},x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[{u,v,w},x]]
```

2:  $\left[\left(e+fx\right)^{m} Cos\left[c+dx\right]\left(a+b Sin\left[c+dx\right]\right)^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \wedge n \neq -1$ 

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: 
$$Cos[c + dx] (a + b Sin[c + dx])^n = \partial_x \frac{(a+b Sin[c+dx])^{n+1}}{b d (n+1)}$$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$ , then

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, \text{Cos} \left[c+d\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\,\text{Sin} \left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^n \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{\left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, \left(a+b\,\text{Sin} \left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^{n+1}}{b\,d\,\left(n+1\right)} - \frac{f\,m}{b\,d\,\left(n+1\right)} \, \int \left(e+f\,x\right)^{m-1} \, \left(a+b\,\text{Sin} \left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^{n+1} \, \text{d}x$$

#### Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x__)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x__]*(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x__])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   (e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) -
   f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \big( e_{-} \cdot + f_{-} \cdot * x_{-} \big) \wedge m_{-} \cdot * \text{Sin} \big[ c_{-} \cdot + d_{-} \cdot * x_{-} \big] \times \big( a_{-} \cdot b_{-} \cdot * \text{Cos} \big[ c_{-} \cdot + d_{-} \cdot * x_{-} \big] \big) \wedge n_{-} \cdot , x_{-} \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & - \big( e_{+} f_{+} x_{+} \big) \wedge m_{+} \big( a_{+} b_{+} \text{Cos} \big[ c_{+} d_{+} x_{+} \big] \big) \wedge \big( n_{+} 1 \big) / \big( b_{+} d_{+} (n_{+} 1) \big) \\ & + f_{+} m / \big( b_{+} d_{+} (n_{+} 1) \big) \times \text{Int} \big[ \big( e_{+} f_{+} x_{+} \big) \wedge \big( m_{-} 1 \big) \times \big( a_{+} b_{+} \text{Cos} \big[ c_{+} d_{+} x_{-} \big] \big) \wedge \big( n_{+} 1 \big) , x_{-} \big] / \big( n_{+} 1 \big) , x_{-} \big] / \big( n_{+} 1 \big) / \big( n_{+$$

$$\textbf{3:} \quad \left\lceil \left(e+f\,x\right)^m\,\mathsf{Sec}\!\left[\,c+d\,x\,\right]^{\,2}\,\left(a+b\,\mathsf{Tan}\!\left[\,c+d\,x\,\right]\right)^{\,n}\,\mathrm{d}x\;\;\mathsf{when}\;m\in\mathbb{Z}^+\,\wedge\;n\neq-1$$

**Derivation: Integration by parts** 

Basis: Sec [c + d x]<sup>2</sup> (a + b Tan [c + d x])<sup>n</sup> == 
$$\partial_x \frac{(a+b Tan[c+d x])^{n+1}}{b d (n+1)}$$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$ , then

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, Sec\left[c+d\,x\right]^2 \, \left(a+b\, Tan\big[c+d\,x\big]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \frac{\left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, \left(a+b\, Tan\big[c+d\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}}{b\, d\, \left(n+1\right)} - \frac{f\, m}{b\, d\, \left(n+1\right)} \int \left(e+f\,x\right)^{m-1} \, \left(a+b\, Tan\big[c+d\,x\big]\right)^{n+1} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

#### Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[c_.+d_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*Tan[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Tan[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) -
    f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Tan[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[c_.+d_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*Cot[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Cot[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) +
    f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Cot[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

4:  $\left[\left(e+fx\right)^{m}Sec\left[c+dx\right]Tan\left[c+dx\right]\left(a+bSec\left[c+dx\right]\right)^{n}dx$  when  $m\in\mathbb{Z}^{+}\wedge n\neq-1$ 

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: Sec [c + d x] Tan [c + d x] (a + b Sec [c + d x])<sup>n</sup> == 
$$\partial_x \frac{(a+b \, \text{Sec}[c+d \, x])^{n+1}}{b \, d \, (n+1)}$$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \neq -1$ , then

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, Sec\left[c+d\,x\right] \, Tan\left[c+d\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\, Sec\left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^n \, dx \ \rightarrow \ \frac{\left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, \left(a+b\, Sec\left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^{n+1}}{b\,d\,\left(n+1\right)} - \frac{f\,m}{b\,d\,\left(n+1\right)} \, \int \left(e+f\,x\right)^{m-1} \, \left(a+b\, Sec\left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^{n+1} \, dx$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sec[c_.+d_.*x_]*Tan[c_.+d_.*x_]*(a_+b_.*Sec[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   (e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Sec[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) -
   f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Sec[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[c_.+d_.*x_]*Cot[c_.+d_.*x_]*(a_+b_.*Csc[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)) +
    f*m/(b*d*(n+1))*Int[(e+f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NeQ[n,-1]
```

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If  $(p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \big( e + f \, x \big)^m \, \text{Sin} \big[ a + b \, x \big]^p \, \text{Cos} \big[ c + d \, x \big]^q \, \text{d} \, x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \, \int \big( e + f \, x \big)^m \, \text{TrigReduce} \big[ \text{Sin} \big[ a + b \, x \big]^p \, \text{Cos} \big[ c + d \, x \big]^q \big] \, \text{d} \, x$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x__)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x__]^p_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x__]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e+f*x)^m,Sin[a+b*x]^p*Sin[c+d*x]^q,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[m]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x__)^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x__]^p_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x__]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e+f*x)^m,Cos[a+b*x]^p*Cos[c+d*x]^q,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

6:  $\int (e + f x)^m Sin[a + b x]^p Cos[c + d x]^q dx$  when  $(p | q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If  $(p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, \text{Sin} \left[a+b\,x\right]^p \, \text{Cos} \left[c+d\,x\right]^q \, \text{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m \, \text{TrigReduce} \left[\text{Sin} \left[a+b\,x\right]^p \, \text{Cos} \left[c+d\,x\right]^q\right] \, \text{d}x$$

## Program code:

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Rule: If 
$$(p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land b \ c - a \ d == 0 \ \land \ \frac{b}{d} - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then 
$$\int (e + f \ x)^m \, \text{Sin} \big[ a + b \ x \big]^p \, \text{Sec} \big[ c + d \ x \big]^q \, dx \ \rightarrow \ \int (e + f \ x)^m \, \text{TrigExpand} \big[ \text{Sin} \big[ a + b \ x \big]^p \, \text{Cos} \big[ c + d \ x \big]^q \big] \, dx$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*F_[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.*G_[c_.+d_.*x_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandTrigExpand[(e+f*x)^m*G[c+d*x]^q,F,c+d*x,p,b/d,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && MemberQ[{Sin,Cos},F] && MemberQ[{Sec,Csc},G] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && EqQ[b*c-a*d,0] && IGtQ[b/d,1]
```