Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b ArcSech[c + dx])^p$

1. $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^{p} dx$

1. $\int ArcSech[c+dx] dx$

1: $\int ArcSech[c+dx] dx$

Reference: CRC 591, A&S 4.6.47

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + dx] = -\frac{d\sqrt{\frac{1-c-dx}{1+c+dx}}}{(c+dx)(1-c-dx)}$

Rule:

$$\int \! \text{ArcSech} \left[c + d \, x \right] \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{\left(c + d \, x \right) \, \text{ArcSech} \left[c + d \, x \right]}{d} \, + \, \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - c - d \, x}{1 + c + d \, x}}}{1 - c - d \, x} \, dx$$

```
Int[ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   (c+d*x)*ArcSech[c+d*x]/d +
   Int[Sqrt[(1-c-d*x)/(1+c+d*x)]/(1-c-d*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{c,d},x]
```

2:
$$\int ArcCsch[c+dx] dx$$

Reference: CRC 594, A&S 4.6.46

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\partial_x \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+dx] = -\frac{d}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

Rule:

$$\int\! ArcCsch \big[\, c + d\, x \, \big] \, \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{\big(\, c + d\, x \, \big) \, \, ArcCsch \big[\, c + d\, x \, \big]}{d} \, + \, \int\! \frac{1}{\big(\, c + d\, x \, \big) \, \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + d\, x)^2}}} \, \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   (c+d*x)*ArcCsch[c+d*x]/d +
   Int[1/((c+d*x)*Sqrt[1+1/(c+d*x)^2]),x] /;
FreeQ[{c,d},x]
```

2: $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \big(a+b\, Arc Sech \big[c+d\, x\big]\big)^p\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{1}{d}\, Subst \Big[\int \big(a+b\, Arc Sech \big[x\big]\big)^p\, \mathrm{d}x, \ x\,, \ c+d\, x\Big]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcSech[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[p,0]

Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcCsch[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

U: $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$ when $p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$

Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \big(a + b \, \operatorname{ArcSech} \big[c + d \, x \big] \big)^{\, p} \, \mathrm{d} x \,\, \longrightarrow \,\, \int \big(a + b \, \operatorname{ArcSech} \big[c + d \, x \big] \big)^{\, p} \, \mathrm{d} x$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(a+b*ArcSech[c+d*x])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(a+b*ArcCsch[c+d*x])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```

2.
$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\!\left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^p\,\text{d}x$$

$$1:\ \int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\!\left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^p\,\text{d}x\ \text{when d}\,e-c\,f=0\ \land\ p\in\mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If
$$de - cf = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\big[c+d\,x\big]\right)^{p}\,\mathrm{d}x\ \to\ \frac{1}{d}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int \left(\frac{f\,x}{d}\right)^{m}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\big[x\big]\right)^{p}\,\mathrm{d}x\,,\,\,x\,,\,\,c+d\,x\Big]$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[(f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcSech[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[d*e-c*f,0] && IGtQ[p,0]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[(f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcCsch[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[d*e-c*f,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

x.
$$\int x^m \operatorname{ArcSech} [a + b \times] dx$$
 when $m \in \mathbb{Z}$?? ??

1: $\int x^m \operatorname{ArcSech} [a + b \times] dx$ when $m \in \mathbb{Z} \land m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts and substitution

Basis:
$$x^m = -\partial_x \frac{(-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1}}{b^{m+1} (m+1)}$$

$$\text{Basis: If } m \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{then } \left(\, (-a)^{\, \text{m+1}} - b^{\text{m+1}} \, \, x^{\text{m+1}} \right) \, \, F \left[\, \frac{1}{a+b \, x} \, \right] \, = - \, \frac{1}{b} \, \, \text{Subst} \left[\, \frac{(-a \, x)^{\, \text{m+1}} - (1-a \, x)^{\, \text{m+1}}}{x^{\, \text{m+3}}} \, \, F \left[\, x \, \right] \, , \, \, x \, , \, \, \frac{1}{a+b \, x} \, \right] \, \, \partial_{x} \, \frac{1}{a+b \, x} \,$$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \land m \neq -1$, then

$$\int x^{m} \operatorname{ArcSech} \left[a + b \, x \right] \, \mathrm{d}x \, \to \, - \, \frac{ \left(\, (-a)^{\,m+1} - b^{m+1} \, x^{m+1} \right) \, \operatorname{ArcSech} \left[\, a + b \, x \right] }{ b^{m+1} \, \left(\, m + 1 \right) } \, - \, \frac{1}{b^{m} \, \left(\, m + 1 \right) } \, \int \frac{ \left(\, (-a)^{\,m+1} - b^{m+1} \, x^{m+1} \right) \, \sqrt{\frac{1 - a - b \, x}{1 + a + b \, x}} }{ \left(1 - a - b \, x \right) \, \left(a + b \, x \right) } \, \, \mathrm{d}x \\ \to \, - \, \frac{ \left(\, (-a)^{\,m+1} - b^{m+1} \, x^{m+1} \right) \, \operatorname{ArcSech} \left[\, a + b \, x \right] }{ b^{m+1} \, \left(\, m + 1 \right) } \, + \, \frac{1}{b^{m+1} \, \left(\, m + 1 \right) } \, \operatorname{Subst} \left[\, \int \frac{ \left(\, (-a \, x)^{\,m+1} - (1 - a \, x)^{\,m+1} \right) }{ x^{m+1} \, \sqrt{-1 + x} \, \sqrt{1 + x} } \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, , \, \, x \, , \, \, \frac{1}{a + b \, x} \, \right]$$

```
(* Int[x_^m_.*ArcSech[a_+b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    -((-a)^(m+1)-b^(m+1)*x^(m+1))*ArcSech[a+b*x]/(b^(m+1)*(m+1)) +
    1/(b^(m+1)*(m+1))*Subst[Int[((-a*x)^(m+1)-(1-a*x)^(m+1))/(x^(m+1)*Sqrt[-1+x]*Sqrt[1+x]),x],x,1/(a+b*x)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m,-1] *)
```

2:
$$\int x^m \operatorname{ArcCsch} [a + b x] dx$$
 when $m \in \mathbb{Z} \land m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts and substitution

Basis: If
$$m \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then $\frac{\left((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1} \right)}{(a+b \, x)^2} \, F\left[\frac{1}{a+b \, x} \right] = -\frac{1}{b} \, Subst\left[\frac{(-a \, x)^{m+1} - (1-a \, x)^{m+1}}{x^{m+1}} \, F\left[\, x \, \right] \, , \, \, x \, , \, \, \frac{1}{a+b \, x} \right] \, \partial_x \, \frac{1}{a+b \, x} \, dx$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\int x^{m} \operatorname{ArcCsch} \left[a + b \, x \right] \, \mathrm{d}x \, \to \, - \, \frac{ \left(\, (-a)^{\,m+1} - b^{m+1} \, x^{m+1} \right) \, \operatorname{ArcCsch} \left[\, a + b \, x \right] }{ b^{m+1} \, \left(m + 1 \right) } \, - \, \frac{1}{b^{m} \, \left(m + 1 \right) } \, \int \frac{ \left(\, (-a)^{\,m+1} - b^{m+1} \, x^{m+1} \right) }{ \left(a + b \, x \right)^{2} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+b \, x)^{2}}} } \, \mathrm{d}x \\ \to \, - \, \frac{ \left(\, (-a)^{\,m+1} - b^{m+1} \, x^{m+1} \right) \, \operatorname{ArcCsch} \left[\, a + b \, x \right] }{ b^{m+1} \, \left(m + 1 \right) } \, + \, \frac{1}{b^{m+1} \, \left(m + 1 \right) } \, \operatorname{Subst} \left[\, \int \frac{ \left(\, (-a \, x)^{\,m+1} - (1 - a \, x)^{\,m+1} \, x^{m+1} \right) }{ x^{m+1} \, \sqrt{1 + x^{2}}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, , \, x \, , \, \frac{1}{a + b \, x} \right]$$

```
(* Int[x_^m_.*ArcCsch[a_+b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    -((-a)^(m+1)-b^(m+1)*x^(m+1))*ArcCsch[a+b*x]/(b^(m+1)*(m+1)) +
    1/(b^(m+1)*(m+1))*Subst[Int[((-a*x)^(m+1)-(1-a*x)^(m+1))/(x^(m+1)*Sqrt[1+x^2]),x],x,1/(a+b*x)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m,-1] *)
```

```
2: \int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx when p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}
```

Derivation: Integration by substitution

```
Basis: If m \in \mathbb{Z}, then  (e + fx)^m \, F[\operatorname{ArcSech}[c + dx]] = -\frac{1}{d^{m+1}}  Subst[F[x] \, \operatorname{Sech}[x] \, \operatorname{Tanh}[x] \, (de - cf + f\operatorname{Sech}[x])^m, \, x, \, \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + dx]] \, \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + dx]  Rule: If p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}, then  \int (e + fx)^m \, (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + dx])^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{1}{d^{m+1}} \, \operatorname{Subst}[\int (a + bx)^p \operatorname{Sech}[x] \, \operatorname{Tanh}[x] \, (de - cf + f\operatorname{Sech}[x])^m \, dx, \, x, \, \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + dx]]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x__)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x__])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -1/d^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^p*Sech[x]*Tanh[x]*(d*e-c*f+f*Sech[x])^m,x],x,ArcSech[c+d*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[m]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x__)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x__])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -1/d^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e-c*f+f*Csch[x])^m,x],x,ArcCsch[c+d*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

3: $\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\big[c+d\,x\big]\right)^p\,\text{d}x\ \to\ \frac{1}{d}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int \left(\frac{d\,e-c\,f}{d}+\frac{f\,x}{d}\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\big[x\big]\right)^p\,\text{d}x\,,\,x\,,\,c+d\,x\Big]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x__)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x__])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcSech[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IGtQ[p,0]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x__)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x__])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcCsch[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

$$\textbf{U:} \quad \Big[\left(e + f \, x \right)^m \, \left(a + b \, ArcSech \big[c + d \, x \big] \right)^p \, \text{d} x \ \, \text{when} \, \, p \, \notin \, \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\!\left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^p\,\text{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSech}\!\left[c+d\,x\right]\right)^p\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSech[c+d*x])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCsch[c+d*x])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```

Rules for integrands involving inverse hyperbolic secants and cosecants

1:
$$\int u \operatorname{ArcSech} \left[\frac{c}{a+b \, x^n} \right]^m dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $ArcSech[z] = ArcCosh[\frac{1}{z}]$

Rule:

$$\int\! u \, \text{ArcSech} \Big[\frac{c}{a+b \, x^n} \Big]^m \, \text{d} x \, \, \to \, \, \int\! u \, \, \text{ArcCosh} \Big[\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b \, x^n}{c} \Big]^m \, \text{d} x$$

```
Int[u_.*ArcSech[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.)]^m_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[u*ArcCosh[a/c+b*x^n/c]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,m},x]

Int[u_.*ArcCsch[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.)]^m_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[u*ArcSinh[a/c+b*x^n/c]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,m},x]
```

1.
$$\int e^{ArcSech[a x^p]} dx$$

1.
$$\int e^{ArcSech[a x^p]} dx$$

1:
$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[a \times x]} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\partial_{X} e^{ArcSech[a x]} = -\frac{1}{a x^{2}} - \frac{1}{a x^{2} (1-a x)} \sqrt{\frac{1-a x}{1+a x}}$$

Rule:

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[a \times]} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, x \, e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[a \times]} \, + \, \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{a} \, + \, \frac{1}{a} \, \int \frac{1}{x \, (1 - a \, x)} \, \sqrt{\frac{1 - a \, x}{1 + a \, x}} \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[a \times p]} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts, piecewise constant extraction and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$\partial_{X} e^{ArcSech[a x^{p}]} = -\frac{p}{a x^{p+1}} - \frac{p}{a x^{p+1} (1-a x^{p})} \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^{p}}{1+a x^{p}}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_X \left(\sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} \middle/ \frac{\sqrt{1-a x^p}}{\sqrt{1+a x^p}} \right) = 0$$

Basis:
$$\sqrt{\frac{1-a \, x^p}{1+a \, x^p}} / \frac{\sqrt{1-a \, x^p}}{\sqrt{1+a \, x^p}} = \sqrt{1+a \, x^p} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a \, x^p}}$$

Rule:

$$\int e^{ArcSech\left[a\;x^p\right]}\; \mathrm{d}x \; \rightarrow \; x\; e^{ArcSech\left[a\;x^p\right]}\; +\; \frac{p}{a} \int \frac{1}{x^p}\; \mathrm{d}x\; +\; \frac{p\;\sqrt{1+a\;x^p}}{a} \; \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a\;x^p}}\; \int \frac{1}{x^p\;\sqrt{1+a\;x^p}}\; \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a\;x^p}}\; \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[E^ArcSech[a_.*x_^p], x_Symbol] :=
    x*E^ArcSech[a*x^p] +
    p/a*Int[1/x^p,x] +
    p*Sqrt[1+a*x^p]/a*Sqrt[1/(1+a*x^p)]*Int[1/(x^p*Sqrt[1+a*x^p]*Sqrt[1-a*x^p]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,p},x]
```

2:
$$\int e^{ArcCsch[a x^p]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$e^{ArcCsch[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}$$

Rule:

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a \, x^p]} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{1}{x^p} \, dx + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 \, x^2 \, p}} \, dx$$

Program code:

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$e^{ArcSech[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1+z}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} + \frac{1}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}}$$

Basis:
$$e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[z]} = \left(\frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{z}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z}}\right)^n$$

Basis: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $e^{n z} = (e^z)^n$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]} dx \rightarrow \int \left(\frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} + \frac{1}{u} \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} \right)^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n_.*ArcSech[u_]), x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(1/u + Sqrt[(1-u)/(1+u)] + 1/u*Sqrt[(1-u)/(1+u)])^n,x] /;
IntegerQ[n]
```

2:
$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[z]} = \left(\frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}\right)^n$$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx \longrightarrow \int \left(\frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u^2}} \right)^n dx$$

1:
$$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[a \, x^p]}}{x} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification, piecewise constant extraction and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$e^{ArcSech[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1+z}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} + \frac{1}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_X \left(\sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} / \frac{\sqrt{1-a x^p}}{\sqrt{1+a x^p}} \right) = 0$$

Basis:
$$\sqrt{\frac{1-a \, x^p}{1+a \, x^p}} / \frac{\sqrt{1-a \, x^p}}{\sqrt{1+a \, x^p}} = \sqrt{1+a \, x^p} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a \, x^p}}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{e^{\mathsf{ArcSech}\left[\operatorname{a} x^{p}\right]}}{x} \, \mathrm{d} x \ \to \ -\frac{1}{\operatorname{a} \operatorname{p} x^{p}} \ + \ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \operatorname{a} x^{p}}}{\operatorname{a}} \ \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{a} x^{p}}} \ \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \operatorname{a} x^{p}} \ \sqrt{1 - \operatorname{a} x^{p}}}{x^{p+1}} \, \mathrm{d} x$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int x^m e^{ArcSech[a x^p]} dx \text{ when } m \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts, piecewise constant extraction and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} e^{ArcSech[a x^{p}]} = -\frac{p}{a x^{p+1}} - \frac{p}{a x^{p+1} (1-a x^{p})} \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^{p}}{1+a x^{p}}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_X \left(\sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} \middle/ \frac{\sqrt{1-a x^p}}{\sqrt{1+a x^p}} \right) = 0$$

Basis:
$$\sqrt{\frac{1-a \, x^p}{1+a \, x^p}} / \frac{\sqrt{1-a \, x^p}}{\sqrt{1+a \, x^p}} = \sqrt{1+a \, x^p} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a \, x^p}}$$

Rule: If $m \neq -1$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, e^{ArcSech \left[a \, x^p \right]} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{x^{m+1} \, e^{ArcSech \left[a \, x^p \right]}}{m+1} \, + \, \frac{p}{a \, \left(m+1 \right)} \int \! x^{m-p} \, dx \, + \, \frac{p \, \sqrt{1+a \, x^p}}{a \, \left(m+1 \right)} \, \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a \, x^p}} \, \int \! \frac{x^{m-p}}{\sqrt{1+a \, x^p}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*E^ArcSech[a_.*x_^p_.], x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*E^ArcSech[a*x^p]/(m+1) +
    p/(a*(m+1))*Int[x^(m-p),x] +
    p*Sqrt[1+a*x^p]/(a*(m+1))*Sqrt[1/(1+a*x^p)]*Int[x^(m-p)/(Sqrt[1+a*x^p]*Sqrt[1-a*x^p]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,m,p},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2:
$$\int x^m e^{ArcCsch[a x^p]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$e^{ArcCsch[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}$$

Rule:

$$\int x^m e^{ArcCsch[a x^p]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int x^{m-p} dx + \int x^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{2p}}} dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*E^ArcCsch[a_.*x_^p_.], x_Symbol] :=
    1/a*Int[x^(m-p),x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1+1/(a^2*x^(2*p))],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,m,p},x]
```

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$e^{\text{ArcSech}[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1+z}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} + \frac{1}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}}$$

Basis: $e^{\text{nArcSech}[z]} = \left(\frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{z}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z}}\right)^n$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int X^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]} dx \rightarrow \int X^m \left(\frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} + \frac{1}{u} \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} \right)^n dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx$$
 when $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[z]} = \left(\frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}\right)^n$$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m \left(\frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u^2}} \right)^n dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*E^(n_.*ArcCsch[u_]), x_Symbol] :=
  Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1+1/u^2])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[m,x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c \, x]}}{a + b \, x^2} \, dx \text{ when } b + a \, c^2 = 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{e^{ArcSech[x]}}{1-x^2} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+x}}}{x\sqrt{1-x}} + \frac{1}{x(1-x^2)}$$

Basis: If
$$b + a c^2 = 0$$
, then $\frac{e^{ArcSech[c x]}}{a + b x^2} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + c x}}}{a c x \sqrt{1 - c x}} + \frac{1}{c x (a + b x^2)}$

Rule: If $b + a c^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c \, x]}}{a + b \, x^2} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \to \, \frac{1}{a \, c} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + c \, x}}}{x \, \sqrt{1 - c \, x}} \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{1}{x \, \left(a + b \, x^2\right)} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\mathbb{C}^{ArcCsch[x]}}{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{1}{x(1+x^2)}$$

Basis: If
$$b - a c^2 = 0$$
, then $\frac{e^{ArcCsch[c x]}}{a+b x^2} = \frac{1}{a c^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{1}{c x (a+b x^2)}$

Rule: If $b - a c^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\mathrm{e}^{\mathsf{ArcCsch}[c\,x]}}{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\,x^2} \, \mathrm{d}\,x \ \to \ \frac{1}{\mathsf{a}\,c^2} \int \frac{1}{\mathsf{x}^2\,\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2\,x^2}}} \, \mathrm{d}\,x + \frac{1}{\mathsf{c}}\,\int \frac{1}{\mathsf{x}\,\left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\,x^2\right)} \, \mathrm{d}\,x$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}\big[\text{E}^{\,}\big(\text{ArcCsch}[\text{c}_{.*x_{-}]}\big) / \big(\text{a}_{-}+\text{b}_{.*x_{-}^{\,}2}\big), \text{ x}_{-}\text{Symbol}\big] := \\ & 1/(\text{a}_{+}\text{c}_{-}^{\,}2) * \text{Int}\big[1/\left(\text{x}_{-}^{\,}2*\text{Sqrt}[1+1/\left(\text{c}_{-}^{\,}2*\text{x}_{-}^{\,}2\right)]\right), \text{x}] + 1/\text{c}_{+}\text{Int}\big[1/\left(\text{x}_{+}^{\,}\left(\text{a}_{+}\text{b}_{+}\text{x}_{-}^{\,}2\right)\right), \text{x}\big] / ; \\ & \text{FreeQ}\big[\big\{\text{a}_{+}\text{b}_{+}\text{c}_{-}^{\,}\right\}, \text{x}\big] & \& \text{EqQ}\big[\text{b}_{-}\text{a}_{+}\text{c}_{-}^{\,}2, 0\big] \end{aligned}$$

4:
$$\int \frac{\left(d x\right)^{m} e^{ArcSech[c x]}}{a + b x^{2}} dx \text{ when } b + a c^{2} = 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{e^{ArcSech[x]}}{1-x^2} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+x}}}{x\sqrt{1-x}} + \frac{1}{x(1-x^2)}$$

Basis: If
$$b + a c^2 = 0$$
, then $\frac{(d x)^m e^{ArcSech[c x]}}{a+b x^2} = \frac{d (d x)^{m-1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}}}{a c \sqrt{1-c x}} + \frac{d (d x)^{m-1}}{c (a+b x^2)}$

Rule: If $b + a c^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\ x\right)^{m}\ e^{ArcSech\left[c\ x\right]}}{a+b\ x^{2}}\ dx\ \rightarrow\ \frac{d}{a\ c}\int \frac{\left(d\ x\right)^{m-1}\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c\ x}}}{\sqrt{1-c\ x}}\ dx\ +\frac{d}{c}\int \frac{\left(d\ x\right)^{m-1}}{a+b\ x^{2}}\ dx$$

Basis:
$$\frac{e^{ArcCsch[x]}}{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{1}{x(1+x^2)}$$

Basis: If
$$b - a c^2 == 0$$
, then $\frac{(d x)^m e^{ArcCsch[c x]}}{a + b x^2} == \frac{d^2 (d x)^{m-2}}{a c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{d (d x)^{m-1}}{c (a + b x^2)}$

Rule: If
$$b - a c^2 = 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d x\right)^{m} e^{ArcCsch[c x]}}{a + b x^{2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d^{2}}{a c^{2}} \int \frac{\left(d x\right)^{m-2}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^{2} x^{2}}}} dx + \frac{d}{c} \int \frac{\left(d x\right)^{m-1}}{a + b x^{2}} dx$$

```
Int[(d_.*x_)^m_.*E^(ArcSech[c_.*x_])/(a_+b_.*x_^2), x_Symbol] :=
    d/(a*c)*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]/Sqrt[1-c*x],x] + d/c*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)/(a+b*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && EqQ[b+a*c^2,0]

Int[(d_.*x_)^m_.*E^(ArcCsch[c_.*x_])/(a_+b_.*x_^2), x_Symbol] :=
    d^2/(a*c^2)*Int[(d*x)^(m-2)/Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)],x] + d/c*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)/(a+b*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && EqQ[b-a*c^2,0]
```

- 3. $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$ when u is free of inverse functions
 - 1. $\int ArcSech[u] dx$ when u is free of inverse functions
 - 1: $\int ArcSech[u] dx$ when u is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[f[x]] = -\frac{\partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\sqrt{1-f[x]^{2}}}{f[x]\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}} = 0$$

Rule: If u is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int \!\! \text{ArcSech}[u] \; \text{d} \, x \; \rightarrow \; x \; \text{ArcSech}[u] \; + \; \int \!\! \frac{x \; \partial_x \, u}{u^2 \; \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \; \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u}} \; \text{d} \, x \; \rightarrow \; x \; \text{ArcSech}[u] \; + \; \frac{\sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \; \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \; \int \!\! \frac{x \; \partial_x \, u}{u \; \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d} \, x$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcSech[u_],x_Symbol] :=
    x*ArcSech[u] +
    Sqrt[1-u^2]/(u*Sqrt[-1+1/u]*Sqrt[1+1/u])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[1-u^2]),x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

2: $\int ArcCsch[u] dx$ when u is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \operatorname{ArcCsch} \left[f \left[x \right] \right] \ = \ - \ \frac{\partial_x f \left[x \right]}{f \left[x \right]^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f \left[x \right]^2}}} \ = \ \frac{\partial_x f \left[x \right]}{\sqrt{-f \left[x \right]^2} \sqrt{-1 - f \left[x \right]^2}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathsf{X}} \frac{\mathsf{f}[\mathsf{X}]}{\sqrt{-\mathsf{f}[\mathsf{X}]^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If u is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int\! ArcCsch[u] \; \mathrm{d}x \; \rightarrow \; x \; ArcCsch[u] \; - \int\! \frac{x \; \partial_x u}{\sqrt{-u^2} \; \sqrt{-1-u^2}} \; \mathrm{d}x \; \rightarrow \; x \; ArcCsch[u] \; - \; \frac{u}{\sqrt{-u^2}} \int\! \frac{x \; \partial_x u}{u \; \sqrt{-1-u^2}} \; \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcCsch[u],x_Symbol] :=
    x*ArcCsch[u] -
    u/Sqrt[-u^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[-1-u^2]),x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

2. $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$ when $m \neq -1 \land u$ is free of inverse functions

1: $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$ when $m \neq -1 \land u$ is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_X \operatorname{ArcSech}[f[x]] = -\frac{\partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{X} \frac{\sqrt{1-f[x]^{2}}}{f[x]\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}} = 0$$

Rule: If $m \neq -1 \land if u$ is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int \left(c + d\,x\right)^m \left(a + b\, \text{ArcSech}[u]\right) \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \left(a + b\, \text{ArcSech}[u]\right)}{d \, \left(m + 1\right)} + \frac{b}{d \, \left(m + 1\right)} \int \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \partial_x \, u}{u^2 \, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\rightarrow \, \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \left(a + b\, \text{ArcSech}[u]\right)}{d \, \left(m + 1\right)} + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{d \, \left(m + 1\right)} \int \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \partial_x \, u}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
   (c+d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSech[u])/(d*(m+1)) +
   b*Sqrt[1-u^2]/(d*(m+1)*u*Sqrt[-1+1/u]*Sqrt[1+1/u])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[1-u^2]),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1),u,x]] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x])
```

2: $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) dx$ when $m \neq -1 \wedge u$ is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[f[x]]) = -\frac{b \partial_{x} f[x]}{f[x]^{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]^{2}}}} = \frac{b \partial_{x} f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^{2}} \sqrt{-1 - f[x]^{2}}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{X} \frac{f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^{2}}} = 0$$

Rule: If $m \neq -1 \land u$ is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int \left(c + d\,x\right)^m \, \left(a + b\, \text{ArcCsch}[u]\right) \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \left(a + b\, \text{ArcCsch}[u]\right)}{d \, \left(m+1\right)} - \frac{b}{d \, \left(m+1\right)} \int \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \partial_x u}{\sqrt{-u^2} \, \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\rightarrow \, \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \left(a + b\, \text{ArcCsch}[u]\right)}{d \, \left(m+1\right)} - \frac{b\,u}{d \, \left(m+1\right)} \int \frac{\left(c + d\,x\right)^{m+1} \, \partial_x u}{u \, \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

3. $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$ when u and $\int v dx$ are free of inverse functions

1: $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$ when u and $\int v dx$ are free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[f[x]] = -\frac{\partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\sqrt{1-f[x]^{2}}}{f[x]\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}} = 0$$

Rule: If u is free of inverse functions, let $w = \int v \, dx$, if w is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int v \; \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSech}[u] \right) \, \text{d}x \; \rightarrow \; w \; \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSech}[u] \right) \\ + b \int \frac{w \, \partial_x \, u}{u^2 \, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \; \text{d}x \; \rightarrow \; w \; \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSech}[u] \right) \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \; \int \frac{w \, \partial_x \, u}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \; \text{d}x \\ + \frac{b \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \, \sqrt{1 - u^2}}$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) dx$$
 when u and $\int v dx$ are free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[f[x]]) = -\frac{b \partial_{x} f[x]}{f[x]^{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]^{2}}}} = \frac{b \partial_{x} f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^{2}} \sqrt{-1 - f[x]^{2}}}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If u is free of inverse functions, let $w = \int v \, dx$, if w is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int v \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCsch}[u] \right) \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, w \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCsch}[u] \right) - b \, \int \frac{w \, \partial_x \, u}{\sqrt{-u^2} \, \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, w \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCsch}[u] \right) - \frac{b \, u}{\sqrt{-u^2}} \, \int \frac{w \, \partial_x \, u}{u \, \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[v_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{w=IntHide[v,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcCsch[u]),w,x] - b*u/Sqrt[-u^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[w*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[-1-u^2]),x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[w,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[MatchQ[v, (c_.+d_.*x)^m_. /; FreeQ[{c,d,m},x]]]
```