

## Rules for integrands of the form $(g \tan[e + f x])^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m$

1.  $\int (g \tan[e + f x])^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1:  $\int \frac{(g \tan[e + f x])^p}{a + b \sin[e + f x]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{1}{a + b \sin[z]} = \frac{\sec[z]^2}{a} - \frac{\sec[z] \tan[z]}{b}$

Note: If  $p = -1$ , it is better to use the following substitution rule, since it results in a more continuous antiderivative.

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(g \tan[e + f x])^p}{a + b \sin[e + f x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int \sec[e + f x]^2 (g \tan[e + f x])^p dx - \frac{1}{b g} \int \sec[e + f x] (g \tan[e + f x])^{p+1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*tan[e_.+f_.*x_])^p_./(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  1/a*Int[Sec[e+f*x]^2*(g*Tan[e+f*x])^p,x] - 1/(b*g)*Int[Sec[e+f*x]*(g*Tan[e+f*x])^(p+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g,p},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[p,-1]
```

2:  $\int \tan[e + f x]^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then  $\tan[e + f x]^p = \frac{b \cos[e + f x] (b \sin[e + f x])^p}{(a - b \sin[e + f x])^{\frac{p+1}{2}} (a + b \sin[e + f x])^{\frac{p+1}{2}}}$

Basis:  $\cos[e + f x] F[b \sin[e + f x]] = \frac{1}{b f} \text{Subst}[F[x], x, b \sin[e + f x]] \partial_x (b \sin[e + f x])$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow b \int \frac{\cos[e+fx] (b \sin[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m-\frac{p+1}{2}}}{(a-b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{x^p (a+x)^{m-\frac{p+1}{2}}}{(a-x)^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx, x, b \sin[e+fx]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_.+f_.*x_]^p_.*(a_+b_.sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/f*Subst[Int[x^p*(a+x)^(m-(p+1)/2)/(a-x)^((p+1)/2),x],x,b*Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[(p+1)/2]
```

3.  $\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

**1:**  $\int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p = 2m$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p = 2m$ , then  $\tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m = \frac{a^p \sin[e+fx]^p}{(a-b \sin[e+fx])^m}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p = 2m$ , then

$$\int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow a^p \int \frac{\sin[e+fx]^p}{(a-b \sin[e+fx])^m} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_.+f_.*x_]^p_.*(a_+b_.sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  a^p*Int[Sin[e+f*x]^p/(a-b*Sin[e+f*x])^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m,p] && EqQ[p,2*m]
```

$$\mathbf{2:} \int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \left(m \mid \frac{p}{2}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p < 0 \vee m - \frac{p}{2} > 0)$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } \tan[e+fx]^p = \frac{a^p \sin[e+fx]^p}{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{p/2} (a-b \sin[e+fx])^{p/2}}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \left(m \mid \frac{p}{2}\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (p < 0 \vee m - \frac{p}{2} > 0)$ , then

$$\int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow a^p \int \text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\frac{\sin[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m-\frac{p}{2}}}{(a-b \sin[e+fx])^{p/2}}, x\right] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_.+f_.**x_]^p_*(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.**x_]^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  a^p*Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sin[e+f*x]^p*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m-p/2)/(a-b*sin[e+f*x])^(p/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegersQ[m,p/2] && (LtQ[p,0] || GtQ[m-p/2,0])
```

$$\mathbf{3:} \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p \text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*tan[e_.+f_.**x_]^p_*(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.**x_]^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*tan[e+f*x])^p,(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g,p},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

**4:**  $\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m = a^{2m} \sec[e+fx]^{-m} (a \sec[e+fx] - b \tan[e+fx])^{-m}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow a^{2m} \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p \sec[e+fx]^{-m} \text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a \sec[e+fx] - b \tan[e+fx])^{-m}, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*tan[e_.+f_.*x_])^p_.*(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  a^(2*m)*Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^p*Sec[e+f*x]^(-m),(a*Sec[e+f*x]-b*Tan[e+f*x])^(-m),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g,p},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[m,0]
```

$$4. \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1. \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1. \int \tan[e+fx]^2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int \tan[e+fx]^2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < 0$$

Derivation: ???

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < 0$ , then

$$\int \tan[e+fx]^2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \frac{b (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{a f (2m-1) \cos[e+fx]} - \frac{1}{a^2 (2m-1)} \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (a m - b (2m-1) \sin[e+fx])}{\cos[e+fx]^2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*sin[e_+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  b*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m-1)*Cos[e+f*x]) -
  1/(a^2*(2*m-1))*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(a*m-b*(2*m-1)*Sin[e+f*x])/Cos[e+f*x]^2,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && LtQ[m,0]
```

$$2: \int \tan[e+fx]^2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq 0$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with  $A \rightarrow a^2$ ,  $B \rightarrow 2 a b$ ,  $C \rightarrow b^2$ ,  $m \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \tan[e+fx]^2 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{b f m \cos[e+fx]} + \frac{1}{b m} \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (b(m+1) + a \sin[e+fx])}{\cos[e+fx]^2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.*x_]^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  -(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*m*cos[e+f*x]) +
  1/(b*m)*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*(m+1)+a*sin[e+f*x])/Cos[e+f*x]^2,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[LtQ[m,0]]
```

**2:**  $\int \tan[e+fx]^4 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\tan[z]^4 = 1 - \frac{1-2\sin[z]^2}{\cos[z]^4}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[e+fx]^4 (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx - \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (1-2 \sin[e+fx]^2)}{\cos[e+fx]^4} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_.+f_.*x_]^4*(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.*x_]^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m,x] - Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(1-2*sin[e+f*x]^2)/Cos[e+f*x]^4,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m-1/2]
```

**3.**  $\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^2} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$1: \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^2} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < -1$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^2} dx \rightarrow -\frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{a f \tan[e+fx]} + \frac{1}{b^2} \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (b m - a(m+1) \sin[e+fx])}{\sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_.+f_.x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
  -(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(a*f*Tan[e+f*x]) +
  1/b^2*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(b*m-a*(m+1)*Sin[e+f*x])/Sin[e+f*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m-1/2] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

$$2: \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^2} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \not< -1$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \not< -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^2} dx \rightarrow -\frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{f \tan[e+fx]} + \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (b m - a(m+1) \sin[e+fx])}{\sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_.+f_.x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
  -(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m/(f*Tan[e+f*x]) +
  1/a*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*m-a*(m+1)*Sin[e+f*x])/Sin[e+f*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m-1/2] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

$$4. \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m}{\tan[e + f x]^4} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m}{\tan[e + f x]^4} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{1}{\tan[z]^4} = -\frac{2(a+b \sin[z])^2}{a b \sin[z]^3} + \frac{(a+b \sin[z])^2 (1+\sin[z]^2)}{a^2 \sin[z]^4}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m < -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m}{\tan[e + f x]^4} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2}{a b} \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{m+2}}{\sin[e + f x]^3} dx + \frac{1}{a^2} \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{m+2} (1 + \sin[e + f x]^2)}{\sin[e + f x]^4} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.sin[e_+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_+f_.x_]^4,x_Symbol] :=
-2/(a*b)*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+2)/Sin[e+f*x]^3,x] +
1/a^2*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+2)*(1+Sin[e+f*x]^2)/Sin[e+f*x]^4,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m-1/2] && LtQ[m,-1]
```



$$\text{2: } \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m}{\tan[e + f x]^4} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{1}{\tan[z]^4} = 1 + \frac{1-2 \sin[z]^2}{\sin[z]^4}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m}{\tan[e + f x]^4} dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx + \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (1 - 2 \sin[e + f x]^2)}{\sin[e + f x]^4} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_.+f_.x_]^4,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m,x] + Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(1-2*sin[e+f*x]^2)/sin[e+f*x]^4,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m-1/2] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

$$\text{5: } \int \tan[e + f x]^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } \tan[e + f x]^p = \frac{(b \sin[e + f x])^p}{(a - b \sin[e + f x])^{p/2} (a + b \sin[e + f x])^{p/2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0, \text{ then } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}}{\cos[e+fx]} = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \cos[e + f x] F[b \sin[e + f x]] = \frac{1}{bf} \text{Subst}[F[x], x, b \sin[e + f x]] \partial_x (b \sin[e + f x])$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \int \frac{(b \sin[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m-p/2}}{(a-b \sin[e+fx])^{p/2}} dx \\
& \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}}{\cos[e+fx]} \int \frac{\cos[e+fx] (b \sin[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m-\frac{p+1}{2}}}{(a-b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx \\
& \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}}{b f \cos[e+fx]} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{x^p (a+x)^{m-\frac{p+1}{2}}}{(a-x)^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx, x, b \sin[e+fx] \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[tan[e_+f_*x_]^p_*(a_+b_*sin[e_+f_*x_]^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Sqrt[a+b*sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*sin[e+f*x]]/(b*f*cos[e+f*x])*
  Subst[Int[x^p*(a+x)^(m-(p+1)/2)/(a-x)^((p+1)/2),x],x,b*sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && IntegerQ[p/2]

```

**2:**  $\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$\partial_x \left( \left( (g \tan[e+fx])^{p+1} (a-b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}} (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}} \right) / (b \sin[e+fx])^{p+1} \right) = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \cos[e+fx] F[b \sin[e+fx]] = \frac{1}{bf} \text{Subst}[F[x], x, b \sin[e+fx]] \partial_x (b \sin[e+fx])$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \\
& \rightarrow \frac{b (g \tan[e+fx])^{p+1} (a-b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}} (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}}}{g (b \sin[e+fx])^{p+1}} \int \frac{\cos[e+fx] (b \sin[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m-\frac{p+1}{2}}}{(a-b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx
\end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^{p+1} (a-b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}} (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{\frac{p+1}{2}}}{f g (b \sin[e+fx])^{p+1}} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{x^p (a+x)^{m-\frac{p+1}{2}}}{(a-x)^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx, x, b \sin[e+fx] \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*tan[e_.+f_.*x_])^p_*(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  (g*Tan[e+f*x])^(p+1)*(a-b*Sin[e+f*x])^((p+1)/2)*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^((p+1)/2)/(f*g*(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(p+1))*
  Subst[Int[x^p*(a+x)^(m-(p+1)/2)/(a-x)^((p+1)/2),x],x,b*Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g,m,p},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

$$2. \int (g \tan[e + f x])^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

$$1: \int \tan[e + f x]^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

■

$$\text{Basis: If } \frac{p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } \tan[e + f x]^p = \frac{b \cos[e + f x] (b \sin[e + f x])^p}{(b^2 - b^2 \sin[e + f x]^2)^{\frac{p+1}{2}}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \cos[e + f x] F[b \sin[e + f x]] = \frac{1}{b f} \text{Subst}[F[x], x, b \sin[e + f x]] \partial_x (b \sin[e + f x])$$

$$\text{Rule: If } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int \tan[e + f x]^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx &\rightarrow b \int \frac{\cos[e + f x] (b \sin[e + f x])^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m}{(b^2 - b^2 \sin[e + f x]^2)^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{1}{f} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{x^p (a + x)^m}{(b^2 - x^2)^{\frac{p+1}{2}}} dx, x, b \sin[e + f x]\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_+f_*x_]^p_*(a_+b_*sin[e_+f_*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/f*Subst[Int[(x^p*(a+x)^m)/(b^2-x^2)^((p+1)/2),x],x,b*Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[(p+1)/2]
```

**2:**  $\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p \text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*tan[e_.+f_.*x_])^p_.*(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^p,(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g,p},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

$$3. \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge \frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^2} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{1}{\tan[z]^2} = \frac{1-\sin[z]^2}{\sin[z]^2}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^2} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (1-\sin[e+fx]^2)}{\sin[e+fx]^2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_.+f_.x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(1-Sin[e+f*x]^2)/Sin[e+f*x]^2,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

$$2. \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^4} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^4} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{1}{\tan[z]^4} = 1 + \frac{1-2\sin[z]^2}{\sin[z]^4}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m < -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^4} dx \rightarrow \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx + \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (1-2 \sin[e+fx]^2)}{\sin[e+fx]^4} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{3 a f \sin[e+fx]^3} - \frac{(3 a^2 + b^2 (m-2)) \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{3 a^2 b f (m+1) \sin[e+fx]^2} -$$

$$\frac{1}{3 a^2 b (m+1)} \int \frac{1}{\sin[e+fx]^3} (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1} (6 a^2 - b^2 (m-1) (m-2) + a b (m+1) \sin[e+fx] - (3 a^2 - b^2 m (m-2)) \sin[e+fx]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_.+f_.x_]^4,x_Symbol] :=
-Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(3*a*f*sin[e+f*x]^3) -
(3*a^2+b^2*(m-2))*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(3*a^2*b*f*(m+1)*sin[e+f*x]^2) -
1/(3*a^2*b*(m+1))*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/sin[e+f*x]^3*
Simp[6*a^2-b^2*(m-1)*(m-2)+a*b*(m+1)*sin[e+f*x]-(3*a^2-b^2*m*(m-2))*sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

$$\text{X: } \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^4} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{1}{\tan[z]^4} = 1 + \frac{1-2 \sin[z]^2}{\sin[z]^4}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^4} dx &\rightarrow \int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx + \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (1-2 \sin[e+fx]^2)}{\sin[e+fx]^4} dx \rightarrow \\ &\quad - \frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{3 a f \sin[e+fx]^3} - \frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{b f m \sin[e+fx]^2} - \\ &\quad \frac{1}{3 a b m} \int \frac{1}{\sin[e+fx]^3} (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (6 a^2 - b^2 m (m-2) + a b (m+3) \sin[e+fx] - (3 a^2 - b^2 m (m-1)) \sin[e+fx]^2) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[(a_+b_.sin[e_+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_+f_.x_]^4,x_Symbol] :=
-Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(3*a*f*sin[e+f*x]^3) -
Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*m*sin[e+f*x]^2) -
1/(3*a*b*m)*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m/Sin[e+f*x]^3*
Simp[6*a^2-b^2*m*(m-2)+a*b*(m+3)*Sin[e+f*x]-(3*a^2-b^2*m*(m-1))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]] && IntegerQ[2*m] *)
```



$$\text{2: } \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^4} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$$

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{1}{\tan[z]^4} = \frac{1}{\sin[z]^4} - \frac{2-\sin[z]^2}{\sin[z]^2}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq -1$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^4} dx &\rightarrow \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\sin[e+fx]^4} dx - \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (2-\sin[e+fx]^2)}{\sin[e+fx]^2} dx \rightarrow \\ &= -\frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{3 a f \sin[e+fx]^3} - \frac{b (m-2) \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{6 a^2 f \sin[e+fx]^2} - \\ &\frac{1}{6 a^2} \int \frac{1}{\sin[e+fx]^2} (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (8 a^2 - b^2 (m-1) (m-2) + a b m \sin[e+fx] - (6 a^2 - b^2 m (m-2)) \sin[e+fx]^2) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_.+f_.x_]^4,x_Symbol] :=
  -Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(3*a*f*sin[e+f*x]^3) -
  b*(m-2)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(6*a^2*f*sin[e+f*x]^2) -
  1/(6*a^2)*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m/Sin[e+f*x]^2*
    Simp[8*a^2-b^2*(m-1)*(m-2)+a*b*m*sin[e+f*x]-(6*a^2-b^2*m*(m-2))*sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

$$\text{3: } \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^6} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq 1$$

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{1}{\tan[z]^6} = \frac{1-3 \sin[z]^2}{\sin[z]^6} + \frac{3-\sin[z]^2}{\sin[z]^2}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m \neq 1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\tan[e+fx]^6} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (1-3 \sin[e+fx]^2)}{\sin[e+fx]^6} dx + \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (3-\sin[e+fx]^2)}{\sin[e+fx]^2} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{5 a f \sin[e+fx]^5} - \frac{b (m-4) \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{20 a^2 f \sin[e+fx]^4} +$$

$$\frac{a \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{b^2 f m (m-1) \sin[e+fx]^3} + \frac{\cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{b f m \sin[e+fx]^2} + \frac{1}{20 a^2 b^2 m (m-1)} \int \frac{(a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{\sin[e+fx]^4} dx.$$

$$(60 a^4 - 44 a^2 b^2 (m-1) m + b^4 m (m-1) (m-3) (m-4) +$$

$$a b m (20 a^2 - b^2 m (m-1)) \sin[e+fx] - (40 a^4 + b^4 m (m-1) (m-2) (m-4) - 20 a^2 b^2 (m-1) (2m+1)) \sin[e+fx]^2) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_/tan[e_.+f_.x_]^6,x_Symbol] :=
-Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(5*a*f*sin[e+f*x]^5) -
b*(m-4)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(20*a^2*f*sin[e+f*x]^4) +
a*cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b^2*f*m*(m-1)*sin[e+f*x]^3) +
Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*m*sin[e+f*x]^2) +
1/(20*a^2*b^2*m*(m-1))*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m/Sin[e+f*x]^4*
Simp[60*a^4-44*a^2*b^2*(m-1)*m+b^4*m*(m-1)*(m-3)*(m-4)+a*b*m*(20*a^2-b^2*m*(m-1))*Sin[e+f*x]-
(40*a^4+b^4*m*(m-1)*(m-2)*(m-4)-20*a^2*b^2*(m-1)*(2*m+1))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[m,1] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

4.  $\int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^p}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2p \in \mathbb{Z}$

1:  $\int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^p}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p > 1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{\tan[z]^2}{a+b \sin[z]} = \frac{a \tan[z]^2}{(a^2-b^2) \sin[z]^2} - \frac{b \tan[z]}{(a^2-b^2) \cos[z]} - \frac{a^2}{(a^2-b^2) (a+b \sin[z])}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p > 1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^p}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{a}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^p}{\sin[e+fx]^2} dx - \frac{b g}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^{p-1}}{\cos[e+fx]} dx - \frac{a^2 g^2}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^{p-2}}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*tan[e_.+f_.*x_])^p/(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  a/(a^2-b^2)*Int[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^p/Sin[e+f*x]^2,x] -
  b*g/(a^2-b^2)*Int[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^(p-1)/Cos[e+f*x],x] -
  a^2*g^2/(a^2-b^2)*Int[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^(p-2)/(a+b*sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegersQ[2*p] && GtQ[p,1]
```

**2:**  $\int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^p}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p < -1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{1}{a+b \sin[z]} = \frac{1}{a \cos[z]^2} - \frac{b \tan[z]}{a^2 \cos[z]} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan[z]^2}{a^2 (a+b \sin[z])}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge 2p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p < -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^p}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^p}{\cos[e+fx]^2} dx - \frac{b}{a^2 g} \int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^{p+1}}{\cos[e+fx]} dx - \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 g^2} \int \frac{(g \tan[e+fx])^{p+2}}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*tan[e_.+f_.*x_])^p/(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  1/a*Int[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^p/Cos[e+f*x]^2,x] -
  b/(a^2*g)*Int[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^(p+1)/Cos[e+f*x],x] -
  (a^2-b^2)/(a^2*g^2)*Int[(g*Tan[e+f*x])^(p+2)/(a+b*sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegersQ[2*p] && LtQ[p,-1]
```

$$3: \int \frac{\sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]}}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{\cos[e+fx]} \sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{\sin[e+fx]}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]}}{a+b \sin[e+fx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\cos[e+fx]} \sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{\sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{\cos[e+fx]} (a+b \sin[e+fx])} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[g_.*tan[e_.+f_.*x_]]/(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  Sqrt[Cos[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[Sqrt[Sin[e+f*x]]/(Sqrt[Cos[e+f*x]]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

4: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]} (a+b \sin[e+fx])} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $a_x \frac{\sqrt{\sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{\cos[e+fx]} \sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]}} = 0$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]} (a+b \sin[e+fx])} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{\cos[e+fx]} \sqrt{g \tan[e+fx]}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{\sin[e+fx]} (a+b \sin[e+fx])} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[g*tan[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol] :=
  Sqrt[Sin[e+f*x]]/(Sqrt[Cos[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[e+f*x]])*Int[Sqrt[Cos[e+f*x]]/(Sqrt[Sin[e+f*x]]*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

**5:**  $\int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge (m \mid \frac{p}{2}) \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If  $\frac{p}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\tan[e+fx]^p = \frac{\sin[e+fx]^p}{(1-\sin[e+fx]^2)^{p/2}}$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge (m \mid \frac{p}{2}) \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \int \text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\frac{\sin[e+fx]^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m}{(1-\sin[e+fx]^2)^{p/2}}, x\right] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[tan[e_+f_.x_]^p_*(a_+b_.sin[e_+f_.x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sin[e+f*x]^p*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m/(1-Sin[e+f*x]^2)^(p/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegersQ[m,p/2]
```

**X:**  $\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$

Rule:

$$\int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow \int (g \tan[e+fx])^p (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.tan[e_+f_.x_])^p_*(a_+b_.sin[e_+f_.x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(g*tan[e+f*x])^p*(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g,m,p},x]
```

### Rules for integrands of the form $(g \cot[e + f x])^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m$

**1:**  $\int (g \cot[e + f x])^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx$  when  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x ((g \cot[e + f x])^p (g \tan[e + f x])^p) = 0$

Rule: If  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (g \cot[e + f x])^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m dx \rightarrow g^{2 \operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (g \cot[e + f x])^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} (g \tan[e + f x])^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} \int \frac{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m}{(g \tan[e + f x])^p} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.cot[e_.+f_.x_])^p_*(a_+b_.sin[e_.+f_.x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  g^(2*IntPart[p])*(g*Cot[e+f*x])^FracPart[p]*(g*Tan[e+f*x])^FracPart[p]*Int[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m/(g*Tan[e+f*x])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,g,m,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```