Rules for integrands of the form $P_q[x] (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p$

1: $\left[P_q[x]\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\right]$ when $p\in\mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.5.1: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int\! P_q\left[x\right] \, \left(a+b\, x^2+c\, x^4\right)^p \, \text{d} \, x \ \longrightarrow \ \int \text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[P_q\left[x\right] \, \left(a+b\, x^2+c\, x^4\right)^p, \, x\right] \, \text{d} \, x$$

Program code:

2: $\int P_q[x] (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ when $P_q[x, 0] = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Rule 1.2.2.5.2: If $P_q[x, 0] = 0$, then

$$\int\! P_q\left[x\right]\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\text{d}x \;\to\; \int\! x\; Polynomial Quotient \left[P_q\left[x\right],\,x,\,x\right]\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[x*PolynomialQuotient[Pq,x,x]*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && EqQ[Coeff[Pq,x,0],0] && Not[MatchQ[Pq,x^m_.*u_. /; IntegerQ[m]]]
```

3:
$$\int P_q[x] (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when $\neg P_q[x^2]$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$P_q[x] = \sum_{k=0}^{q/2} P_q[x, 2k] x^{2k} + x \sum_{k=0}^{(q-1)/2} P_q[x, 2k+1] x^{2k}$$

Note: This rule transforms $P_q[x]$ into a sum of the form $Q_r[x^2] + x R_s[x^2]$.

Rule 1.2.2.5.3: If $\neg P_q[x^2]$, then

```
Int[Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Module[{q=Expon[Pq,x],k},
   Int[Sum[Coeff[Pq,x,2*k]*x^(2*k),{k,0,q/2}]*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] +
   Int[x*Sum[Coeff[Pq,x,2*k+1]*x^(2*k),{k,0,(q-1)/2}]*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && Not[PolyQ[Pq,x^2]]
```

Rule 1.2.2.5.4: If
$$a = -b d (2p + 3) = 0 \land a f - c d (4p + 5) = 0$$
, then
$$\int (d + e x^2 + f x^4) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{d x (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p+1}}{a}$$

```
Int[Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{d=Coeff[Pq,x,0],e=Coeff[Pq,x,2],f=Coeff[Pq,x,4]},
    d*x*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/a /;
EqQ[a*e-b*d*(2*p+3),0] && EqQ[a*f-c*d*(4*p+5),0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^2] && EqQ[Expon[Pq,x],4]
```

Rule 1.2.2.5.5: If
$$3 \ a^2 \ g - c \ (4 \ p + 7) \ (a \ e - b \ d \ (2 \ p + 3)) == 0 \ \land$$
 , then
$$3 \ a^2 \ f - 3 \ a \ c \ d \ (4 \ p + 5) \ - b \ (2 \ p + 5) \ (a \ e - b \ d \ (2 \ p + 3)) == 0$$

$$\int \left(d + e \; x^2 + f \; x^4 + g \; x^6\right) \; \left(a + b \; x^2 + c \; x^4\right)^p \; \mathrm{d}x \; \longrightarrow \; \frac{x \; \left(3 \; a \; d + \left(a \; e - b \; d \; (2 \; p + 3) \;\right) \; x^2\right) \; \left(a + b \; x^2 + c \; x^4\right)^{p+1}}{3 \; a^2}$$

```
Int[Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{d=Coeff[Pq,x,0],e=Coeff[Pq,x,2],f=Coeff[Pq,x,4],g=Coeff[Pq,x,6]},
    x*(3*a*d+(a*e-b*d*(2*p+3))*x^2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(3*a^2) /;
    EqQ[3*a^2*g-c*(4*p+7)*(a*e-b*d*(2*p+3)),0] && EqQ[3*a^2*f-3*a*c*d*(4*p+5)-b*(2*p+5)*(a*e-b*d*(2*p+3)),0]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^2] && EqQ[Expon[Pq,x],6]
```

6:
$$\int \frac{P_q[x^2]}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } q > 1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.5.6: If q > 1, then

$$\int \frac{P_q[x^2]}{a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4} \, dx \ \rightarrow \ \int ExpandIntegrand \Big[\frac{P_q[x^2]}{a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4}, \ x \Big] \, dx$$

```
Int[Pq_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^2] && Expon[Pq,x^2]>1
```

7: $\int P_q[x^2] (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ when $q > 1 \land b^2 - 4 a c == 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a $c = 0$, then $\partial_X \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{(b+2 c x^2)^{2p}} = 0$

Rule 1.2.2.5.7: If $q > 1 \land b^2 - 4$ a c = 0, then

$$\int\! P_q \left[\, x^2 \, \right] \, \left(\, a + b \, \, x^2 + c \, \, x^4 \, \right)^p \, \text{d} \, x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{ \left(\, a + b \, \, x^2 + c \, \, x^4 \, \right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} }{ \left(\, 4 \, c \, \right)^{\, 1 \text{ntPart}[p]} \, \left(\, b + 2 \, c \, \, x^2 \, \right)^{\, 2 \, PracPart[p]} } \, \int\! P_q \left[\, x^2 \, \right] \, \left(\, b + 2 \, c \, \, x^2 \, \right)^{\, 2 \, p} \, \text{d} \, x \, \,$$

Program code:

8.
$$\left[P_q \left[x^2 \right] \left(a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4 \right)^p dx \right]$$
 when $q > 1 \ \land \ b^2 - 4 \ a \ c \neq 0$

1:
$$\left[P_q \left[x^2 \right] \left(a + b \; x^2 + c \; x^4 \right)^p \, \text{d} \, x \; \text{ when } q > 1 \; \land \; b^2 - 4 \; a \; c \neq 0 \; \land \; p < -1 \right]$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and trinomial recurrence 2b

Rule 1.2.2.5.8.1: If
$$q > 1 \land b^2 - 4$$
 a $c \neq 0 \land p < -1$, let
$$Q_{q-2}\left[x^2\right] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}\left[P_q\left[x^2\right], \ a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4, \ x\right] \text{ and } \\ d+e \ x^2 \rightarrow \text{PolynomialRemainder}\left[P_q\left[x^2\right], \ a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4, \ x\right], \text{ then} \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[x^2\right] \left(a+b \ x^2+c \ x^4\right)^q \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \int_{q}^{q} \left[$$

$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x + \int Q_{q-2} \left[x^2\right] \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{x \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, \left(a \, b \, e - d \, \left(b^2 - 2 \, a \, c\right) - c \, \left(b \, d - 2 \, a \, e\right) \, x^2\right)}{2 \, a \, (p+1) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} + \\ \frac{1}{2 \, a \, (p+1) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} \int \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, \left(2 \, a \, (p+1) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right) \, Q_{q-2} \left[x^2\right] + b^2 \, d \, (2 \, p+3) \, - 2 \, a \, c \, d \, (4 \, p+5) \, - a \, b \, e + c \, (4 \, p+7) \, \left(b \, d - 2 \, a \, e\right) \, x^2 \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\left[P_q\left[x^2\right] \left(a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4\right)^p dx \right]$$
 when $q > 1 \ \land \ b^2 - 4 \ a \ c \neq 0 \ \land \ p \not < -1$

Reference: G&R 2.160.3

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 3a with A = 0, B = 1 and m = m - n

Reference: G&R 2.104

Note: If $q \ge 2 \land p < -1$, then $2 q + 4 p + 1 \ne 0$.

Rule 1.2.2.5.8.2: If $q > 1 \land b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0 \land p \not< -1$, let $e \rightarrow P_q[x^2, q]$, then

$$\int\! P_q \left[\, x^2\,\right] \; \left(\, a \,+\, b \,\, x^2 \,+\, c \,\, x^4\,\right)^{\,p} \, \mathrm{d}\, x \;\, \longrightarrow \;\,$$

$$\left\lceil \left(P_q\left[x^2\right]-e\,x^{2\,q}\right)\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x+e\,\left\lceil x^{2\,q}\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x\right.\right. \to$$

 $\frac{e\;x^{2\;q-3}\;\left(a+b\;x^2+c\;x^4\right)^{p+1}}{c\;\left(2\;q+4\;p+1\right)}+\frac{1}{c\;\left(2\;q+4\;p+1\right)}\int\left(a+b\;x^2+c\;x^4\right)^{p}\;\cdot\\ \left(c\;\left(2\;q+4\;p+1\right)\;P_q\left[x^2\right]-a\;e\;\left(2\;q-3\right)\;x^{2\;q-4}-b\;e\;\left(2\;q+2\;p-1\right)\;x^{2\;q-2}-c\;e\;\left(2\;q+4\;p+1\right)\;x^{2\;q}\right)\,\mathrm{d}x$

```
Int[Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Expon[Pq,x^2],e=Coeff[Pq,x^2,Expon[Pq,x^2]]},
e*x^(2*q-3)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(2*q+4*p+1)) +
1/(c*(2*q+4*p+1))*Int[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p*
ExpandToSum[c*(2*q+4*p+1)*Pq-a*e*(2*q-3)*x^(2*q-4)-b*e*(2*q+2*p-1)*x^(2*q-2)-c*e*(2*q+4*p+1)*x^(2*q),x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^2] && Expon[Pq,x^2]>1 && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[LtQ[p,-1]]
```

S:
$$\int P_q[x] (a + b x + c x^2 + d x^3 + e x^4)^p dx$$
 when $d^3 - 4 c d e + 8 b e^2 == 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$d^3 - 4cde + 8be^2 = 0$$
, then $(a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3 + ex^4)^p = 0$
Subst $\left[\left(a + \frac{d^4}{256e^3} - \frac{bd}{8e} + \left(c - \frac{3d^2}{8e} \right) x^2 + ex^4 \right)^p$, x , $\frac{d}{4e} + x \right] \partial_x \left(\frac{d}{4e} + x \right)$
Rule: If $d^3 - 4cde + 8be^2 = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$, then
$$\left[P_q[x] \left(a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3 + ex^4 \right)^p dx \rightarrow Subst \left[\int P_q[x - \frac{d}{4e}] \left(a + \frac{d^4}{256e^3} - \frac{bd}{8e} + \left(c - \frac{3d^2}{8e} \right) x^2 + ex^4 \right)^p dx, x, \frac{d}{4e} + x \right] \right]$$

```
Int[Pq_*Q4_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{a=Coeff[Q4,x,0],b=Coeff[Q4,x,1],c=Coeff[Q4,x,2],d=Coeff[Q4,x,3],e=Coeff[Q4,x,4]},
    Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[ReplaceAll[Pq,x→-d/(4*e)+x]*(a+d^4/(256*e^3)-b*d/(8*e)+(c-3*d^2/(8*e))*x^2+e*x^4)^p,x],x],x,d/(4*e)
    EqQ[d^3-4*c*d*e+8*b*e^2,0] && NeQ[d,0]] /;
FreeQ[p,x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && PolyQ[Q4,x,4] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```