Rules for integrands involving Fresnel integral functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 FresnelS [a + b x] == b Sin $\left[\frac{\pi}{2} (a + b x)^2\right]$

Rule:

$$\int \text{FresnelS} \left[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right] \, \mathrm{d} \mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \, \text{FresnelS} \left[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right]}{\mathbf{b}} \, - \, \int \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \, \text{Sin} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right] \, \mathrm{d} \mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \, \text{FresnelS} \left[\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right]}{\mathbf{b}} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^2 \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x} \right) \right]}{\mathbf{b} \, \pi} \, + \, \frac{\mathsf{Cos} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    (a+b*x)*FresnelS[a+b*x]/b + Cos[Pi/2*(a+b*x)^2]/(b*Pi) /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]

Int[FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    (a+b*x)*FresnelC[a+b*x]/b - Sin[Pi/2*(a+b*x)^2]/(b*Pi) /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]
```

2: $\int FresnelS[a+bx]^2 dx$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 FresnelS [a + b x]² == 2 b Sin $\left[\frac{\pi}{2} (a + b x)^2\right]$ FresnelS [a + b x]

Rule:

$$\int FresnelS \left[a + b \ x \right]^2 \ dx \ \rightarrow \ \frac{\left(a + b \ x \right) \ FresnelS \left[a + b \ x \right]^2}{b} - 2 \int \left(a + b \ x \right) \ Sin \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \left(a + b \ x \right)^2 \right] \ FresnelS \left[a + b \ x \right] \ dx$$

```
Int[FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+b*x)*FresnelS[a+b*x]^2/b -
    2*Int[(a+b*x)*Sin[Pi/2*(a+b*x)^2]*FresnelS[a+b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]

Int[FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+b*x)*FresnelC[a+b*x]^2/b -
    2*Int[(a+b*x)*Cos[Pi/2*(a+b*x)^2]*FresnelC[a+b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]
```

X: $\int FresnelS[a + b x]^n dx$ when $n \neq 1 \land n \neq 2$

Rule: If $n \neq 1 \land n \neq 2$, then

$$\int\! FresnelS \big[\, a + b \, x \, \big]^n \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \int\! FresnelS \big[\, a + b \, x \, \big]^n \, dx$$

```
Int[FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[FresnelS[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && NeQ[n,1] && NeQ[n,2]

Int[FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[FresnelC[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && NeQ[n,1] && NeQ[n,2]
```

2.
$$\int (c + dx)^m \text{ FresnelS}[a + bx]^n dx$$

1.
$$\int (c + dx)^m$$
 FresnelS $[a + bx] dx$

1.
$$\int (dx)^m Fresnels[bx] dx$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b \, x]}{x} \, dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: FresnelS [b x] =
$$\frac{1+i}{4}$$
 Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} (1+i) b x\right] + \frac{1-i}{4}$ Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} (1-i) b x\right]$

Basis: FresnelC[bx] =
$$\frac{1-\dot{1}}{4}$$
 Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}(1+\dot{1})bx\right] + \frac{1+\dot{1}}{4}$ Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}(1-\dot{1})bx\right]$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{Fresnels \left[b \ x\right]}{x} \ \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \frac{1+\dot{\mathtt{n}}}{4} \ \int \frac{Erf \left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \ (1+\dot{\mathtt{n}}) \ b \ x\right]}{x} \ \mathrm{d}x + \frac{1-\dot{\mathtt{n}}}{4} \ \int \frac{Erf \left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \ (1-\dot{\mathtt{n}}) \ b \ x\right]}{x} \ \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[FresnelS[b_.*x_]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  (1+I)/4*Int[Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1+I)*b*x]/x,x] + (1-I)/4*Int[Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1-I)*b*x]/x,x] /;
FreeQ[b,x]
```

```
Int[FresnelC[b_.*x_]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
   (1-I)/4*Int[Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1+I)*b*x]/x,x] + (1+I)/4*Int[Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1-I)*b*x]/x,x] /;
FreeQ[b,x]
```

2:
$$\int (d x)^m$$
 FresnelS[b x] dx when $m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $m \neq -1$, then

$$\int \left(d\,x\right)^{m}\,\text{FresnelS}\!\left[\,b\,\,x\,\right]\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\left(d\,x\right)^{m+1}\,\text{FresnelS}\!\left[\,b\,\,x\,\right]}{d\,\,(m+1)}\,-\,\frac{b}{d\,\,(m+1)}\,\int \left(d\,x\right)^{m+1}\,\text{Sin}\!\left[\,\frac{\pi}{2}\,b^{2}\,x^{2}\,\right]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    (d*x)^(m+1)*FresnelS[b*x]/(d*(m+1)) - b/(d*(m+1))*Int[(d*x)^(m+1)*Sin[Pi/2*b^2*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]

Int[(d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    (d*x)^(m+1)*FresnelC[b*x]/(d*(m+1)) - b/(d*(m+1))*Int[(d*x)^(m+1)*Cos[Pi/2*b^2*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2:
$$\int (c + dx)^m FresnelS[a + bx] dx$$
 when $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 FresnelS [a + b x] = b Sin $\left[\frac{\pi}{2} (a + b x)^2\right]$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \left(\mathsf{c} + \mathsf{d}\,\mathsf{x}\right)^\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{FresnelS}\!\left[\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{x}\right]\,\mathsf{d}\mathsf{x} \,\,\to\,\, \frac{\left(\mathsf{c} + \mathsf{d}\,\mathsf{x}\right)^\mathsf{m+1}\,\mathsf{FresnelS}\!\left[\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{x}\right]}{\mathsf{d}\,\left(\mathsf{m} + 1\right)} - \frac{\mathsf{b}}{\mathsf{d}\,\left(\mathsf{m} + 1\right)} \int \left(\mathsf{c} + \mathsf{d}\,\mathsf{x}\right)^\mathsf{m+1}\,\mathsf{Sin}\!\left[\frac{\pi}{2}\left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{x}\right)^2\right]\,\mathsf{d}\mathsf{x}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^(m+1)*FresnelS[a+b*x]/(d*(m+1)) -
  b/(d*(m+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*Sin[Pi/2*(a+b*x)^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[m,0]

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^(m+1)*FresnelC[a+b*x]/(d*(m+1)) -
  b/(d*(m+1))*Int[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*Cos[Pi/2*(a+b*x)^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

2.
$$\int (c+dx)^m \, FresnelS \big[a+b \, x \big]^2 \, dx$$

$$1: \, \int x^m \, FresnelS \big[b \, x \big]^2 \, dx \, \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, m \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 FresnelS [b x]² == 2 b Sin $\left[\frac{\pi}{2} b^2 x^2\right]$ FresnelS [b x]

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\int x^{m} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left[b \, x \right]^{2} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{x^{m+1} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left[b \, x \right]^{2}}{m+1} - \frac{2 \, b}{m+1} \int x^{m+1} \, \operatorname{Sin} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \, b^{2} \, x^{2} \right] \operatorname{FresnelS} \left[b \, x \right] \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*FresnelS[b_.*x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*FresnelS[b*x]^2/(m+1) -
    2*b/(m+1)*Int[x^(m+1)*Sin[Pi/2*b^2*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[b,x] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m,-1]

Int[x_^m_.*FresnelC[b_.*x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*FresnelC[b*x]^2/(m+1) -
    2*b/(m+1)*Int[x^(m+1)*Cos[Pi/2*b^2*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[b,x] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2:
$$\int (c + dx)^m$$
 FresnelS $[a + bx]^2$ dx when $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \left(c + d \, x\right)^m \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, a + b \, x \, \big]^2 \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{b^{m+1}} \, \text{Subst} \Big[\int \text{FresnelS} [\, x \,]^2 \, \text{ExpandIntegrand} \, \big[\, \big(b \, c - a \, d + d \, x \big)^m, \, \, x \, \big] \, \, \text{d}x, \, \, x \, , \, \, a + b \, x \, \big]$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelS[a_+b_.*x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
    1/b^(m+1)*Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[FresnelS[x]^2,(b*c-a*d+d*x)^m,x],x],x,a+b*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[m,0]

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelC[a_+b_.*x_]^2,x_Symbol] :=
    1/b^(m+1)*Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[FresnelC[x]^2,(b*c-a*d+d*x)^m,x],x],x,a+b*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

X:
$$\int (c + dx)^m$$
 FresnelS $[a + bx]^n dx$

$$\int \big(c + d \, x\big)^m \, \text{FresnelS} \big[a + b \, x\big]^n \, \text{d} x \, \rightarrow \, \int \big(c + d \, x\big)^m \, \text{FresnelS} \big[a + b \, x\big]^n \, \text{d} x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(c+d*x)^m*FresnelS[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x]

Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(c+d*x)^m*FresnelC[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x]
```

3.
$$\left[e^{c+d x^2} \text{ FresnelS}\left[a+b x\right]^n dx\right]$$

1:
$$\int e^{c+d x^2}$$
 FresnelS[b x] dx when $d^2 = -\frac{\pi^2}{4}b^4$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: FresnelS [b x] =
$$\frac{1+\dot{1}}{4}$$
 Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} (1+\dot{1}) b x\right] + \frac{1-\dot{1}}{4}$ Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} (1-\dot{1}) b x\right]$

Basis: FresnelC[bx] =
$$\frac{1-\dot{\mathbb{I}}}{4}$$
 Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}(1+\dot{\mathbb{I}})bx\right] + \frac{1+\dot{\mathbb{I}}}{4}$ Erf $\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}(1-\dot{\mathbb{I}})bx\right]$

Note: If $d^2 = -\frac{\pi^2}{4}b^4$, then resulting integrands are integrable.

Rule:

$$\int e^{c+d\,x^2}\,FresnelS\!\left[b\,x\right]\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{1+\dot{\mathtt{n}}}{4}\,\int e^{c+d\,x^2}\,Erf\!\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}\,\left(1+\dot{\mathtt{n}}\right)\,b\,x\right]\,\mathrm{d}x\,+\,\frac{1-\dot{\mathtt{n}}}{4}\,\int e^{c+d\,x^2}\,Erf\!\left[\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}\,\left(1-\dot{\mathtt{n}}\right)\,b\,x\right]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[E^(c_.+d_.*x_^2)*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    (1+I) / 4*Int[E^(c+d*x^2)*Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1+I)*b*x],x] + (1-I) / 4*Int[E^(c+d*x^2)*Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1-I)*b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,-Pi^2/4*b^4]

Int[E^(c_.+d_.*x_^2)*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    (1-I) / 4*Int[E^(c+d*x^2)*Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1+I)*b*x],x] + (1+I) / 4*Int[E^(c+d*x^2)*Erf[Sqrt[Pi]/2*(1-I)*b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,-Pi^2/4*b^4]
```

X: $\int e^{c+dx^2}$ FresnelS $[a+bx]^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int e^{c+d\,x^2} \, \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, a + b \, \, x \, \big]^n \, \, \text{d} \, x \, \, \longrightarrow \, \, \, \, \int e^{c+d\,x^2} \, \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, a + b \, \, x \, \big]^n \, \, \text{d} \, x$$

```
Int[E^(c_.+d_.*x_^2)*FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[E^(c+d*x^2)*FresnelS[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]

Int[E^(c_.+d_.*x_^2)*FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[E^(c+d*x^2)*FresnelC[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]
```

4. $\int Sin[c + d x^{2}] FresnelS[a + b x]^{n} dx$ 1: $\int Sin[d x^{2}] FresnelS[b x]^{n} dx \text{ when } d^{2} = \frac{\pi^{2}}{4}b^{4}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

```
Int[Sin[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Pi*b/(2*d)*Subst[Int[x^n,x],x,FresnelS[b*x]] /;
FreeQ[{b,d,n},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]

Int[Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Pi*b/(2*d)*Subst[Int[x^n,x],x,FresnelC[b*x]] /;
FreeQ[{b,d,n},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]
```

2:
$$\int Sin[c + dx^2]$$
 FresnelS[bx] dx when $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4}b^4$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$Sin[c + dx^2] = Sin[c] Cos[dx^2] + Cos[c] Sin[dx^2]$$

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$, then
$$\int Sin[c + dx^2] FresnelS[bx] dx \rightarrow Sin[c] \int Cos[dx^2] FresnelS[bx] dx + Cos[c] \int Sin[dx^2] FresnelS[bx] dx$$

```
Int[Sin[c_+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    Sin[c]*Int[Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] + Cos[c]*Int[Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]

Int[Cos[c_+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    Cos[c]*Int[Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] - Sin[c]*Int[Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]
```

X:
$$\int Sin[c + dx^2]$$
 FresnelS[a + bx]ⁿ dx

$$\int Sin \big[c + d \, x^2 \big] \, \, FresnelS \big[a + b \, x \big]^n \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \int Sin \big[c + d \, x^2 \big] \, \, FresnelS \big[a + b \, x \big]^n \, dx$$

```
Int[Sin[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[Sin[c+d*x^2]*FresnelS[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]

Int[Cos[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[Cos[c+d*x^2]*FresnelC[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]
```

```
5. \int Cos[c + d x^{2}] FresnelS[a + b x]^{n} dx
1: \int Cos[d x^{2}] FresnelS[b x] dx when d^{2} = \frac{\pi^{2}}{4}b^{4}
```

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then

```
Int[Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   FresnelC[b*x]*FresnelS[b*x]/(2*b) -
   1/8*I*b*x^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1,1},{3/2,2},-1/2*I*b^2*Pi*x^2] +
   1/8*I*b*x^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1,1},{3/2,2},1/2*I*b^2*Pi*x^2] /;
   FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]
```

```
Int[Sin[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
b*Pi*FresnelC[b*x]*FresnelS[b*x]/(4*d) +
1/8*I*b*x^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1,1},{3/2,2},-I*d*x^2] -
1/8*I*b*x^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1,1},{3/2,2},I*d*x^2] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]
```

2:
$$\int \cos[c + dx^2]$$
 FresnelS[bx] dx when $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4}b^4$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$Cos[c + d x^2] = Cos[c] Cos[d x^2] - Sin[c] Sin[d x^2]$$

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$, then
$$\int Cos[c + d x^2] FresnelS[b x] dx \rightarrow Cos[c] \int Cos[d x^2] FresnelS[b x] dx - Sin[c] \int Sin[d x^2] FresnelS[b x] dx$$

```
Int[Cos[c_+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   Cos[c]*Int[Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] - Sin[c]*Int[Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]

Int[Sin[c_+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   Sin[c]*Int[Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] + Cos[c]*Int[Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]
```

X:
$$\int Cos[c + dx^2]$$
 FresnelS[a + bx]ⁿ dx

Program code:

```
Int[Cos[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[Cos[c+d*x^2]*FresnelS[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]

Int[Sin[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[Sin[c+d*x^2]*FresnelC[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]
```

- 6. $\int (e x)^m Sin[c + d x^2] FresnelS[a + b x]^n dx$
 - 1. $\int x^m Sin[d x^2] FresnelS[b x] dx when <math>d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$
 - 1. $\left[x^{m} \operatorname{Sin}\left[d \ x^{2}\right] \operatorname{FresnelS}\left[b \ x\right] d x \text{ when } d^{2} = \frac{\pi^{2}}{4} \ b^{4} \ \wedge \ m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}\right]$
 - 1: $\int x \sin[dx^2]$ FresnelS[bx] dx when $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4}b^4$

Derivation: Integration by parts and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$-\partial_x \frac{\cos[dx^2]}{2d} = x \sin[dx^2]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Cos \left[d x^2 \right] Sin \left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2 \right] = \frac{d}{b^2 \pi} Sin \left[2 d x^2 \right]$

Rule: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then

$$\int x \, Sin \big[\, d \, x^2 \big] \, \, FresnelS \big[\, b \, x \big] \, \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, - \, \frac{Cos \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, FresnelS \big[\, b \, x \big]}{2 \, \, d} \, + \, \frac{1}{2 \, b \, Pi} \, \int Sin \big[\, 2 \, \, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, dx$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sin[dx^2]}{2d} = x \cos[dx^2]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Sin[dx^2] Cos[\frac{1}{2}b^2 \pi x^2] = \frac{1}{2} Sin[2 dx^2]$

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$, then

$$\int \! x \, \text{Cos} \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelC} \big[b \, x \big] \, \, \text{d} \, x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{ \, \text{Sin} \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelC} \big[b \, x \big] }{ 2 \, d } \, - \, \frac{b}{4 \, d} \, \int \! \text{Sin} \big[2 \, d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{d} \, x$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_*Sin[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    -Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x]/(2*d) + 1/(2*b*Pi)*Int[Sin[2*d*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]

Int[x_*Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x]/(2*d) - b/(4*d)*Int[Sin[2*d*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4]
```

2:
$$\int x^m \sin[dx^2]$$
 FresnelS[bx] dx when $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4}b^4 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$-\partial_x \frac{\cos \left[d x^2\right]}{2 d} = x \sin \left[d x^2\right]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Cos\left[dx^2\right] Sin\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right] = \frac{d}{b^2 \pi} Sin\left[2 dx^2\right]$

Rule: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then

$$\int x^m Sin[d x^2] FresnelS[b x] dx \rightarrow$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sin[dx^2]}{2d} = x \cos[dx^2]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Sin[dx^2] Cos[\frac{1}{2}b^2 \pi x^2] = \frac{1}{2} Sin[2 dx^2]$

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, \text{Cos} \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelC} \big[b \, x \big] \, \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{x^{m-1} \, \text{Sin} \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelC} \big[b \, x \big]}{2 \, d} \, - \, \frac{b}{4 \, d} \int \! x^{m-1} \, \, \text{Sin} \big[2 \, d \, x^2 \big] \, \, dx \, - \, \frac{m-1}{2 \, d} \int \! x^{m-2} \, \, \text{Sin} \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelC} \big[b \, x \big] \, \, dx}$$

Program code:

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ x_{\text{-}} x_{\text{-}} x_{\text{-}}^2 \big] * \text{FresnelS} \big[ b_{\text{-}} * x_{\text{-}} \big], x_{\text{-}} x_{
```

```
Int[x_^m_*Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m-1)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x]/(2*d) -
    b/(4*d)*Int[x^(m-1)*Sin[2*d*x^2],x] -
    (m-1)/(2*d)*Int[x^(m-2)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4] && IGtQ[m,1]
```

2:
$$\int x^m \sin[dx^2] \text{ FresnelS}[bx] dx \text{ when } d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int x^m \sin[d x^2] \text{ FresnelS}[b x] dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \, \text{Sin} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, b \, \, x \big]}{m+1} \, - \, \frac{d \, x^{m+2}}{\pi \, b \, \, (m+1) \, \, (m+2)} \, + \, \frac{d}{\pi \, b \, \, (m+1)} \, \int x^{m+1} \, \text{Cos} \big[\, 2 \, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \text{Cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, b \, \, x \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \text{Cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, \int x^{m+2} \, \, \mathrm{cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \big] \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1} \, + \, \frac{2 \, d}{m+1$$

```
Int[x_^m_*Sin[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x]/(m+1) -
    d*x^(m+2)/(Pi*b*(m+1)*(m+2)) +
    d/(Pi*b*(m+1))*Int[x^(m+1)*Cos[2*d*x^2],x] -
    2*d/(m+1)*Int[x^(m+2)*Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4] && ILtQ[m,-2]
Int[x_^m_*Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
```

```
Int[x_^m_*Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x]/(m+1) -
    b*x^(m+2)/(2*(m+1)*(m+2)) -
    b/(2*(m+1))*Int[x^(m+1)*Cos[2*d*x^2],x] +
    2*d/(m+1)*Int[x^(m+2)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4] && ILtQ[m,-2]
```

X:
$$\int (e x)^m Sin[c + d x^2] FresnelS[a + b x]^n dx$$

$$\int \left(e \; x \right)^m \, \text{Sin} \left[c + d \; x^2 \right] \, \text{FresnelS} \left[a + b \; x \right]^n \, \text{d} \, x \; \rightarrow \; \int \left(e \; x \right)^m \, \text{Sin} \left[c + d \; x^2 \right] \, \text{FresnelS} \left[a + b \; x \right]^n \, \text{d} \, x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(e*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x^2]*FresnelS[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]

Int[(e_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(e*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x^2]*FresnelC[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]
```

- 7. $\int (e x)^m Cos[c + d x^2] FresnelS[a + b x]^n dx$
 - 1. $\int x^m \cos[d \ x^2] \ FresnelS[b \ x] \ dx$ when $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} \ b^4 \ \land \ m \in \mathbb{Z}$
 - 1. $\left[x^{m} \cos\left[d \ x^{2}\right] \text{ FresnelS}\left[b \ x\right] dx \text{ when } d^{2} = \frac{\pi^{2}}{4} b^{4} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}\right]$
 - 1: $\int x \cos[d x^2]$ FresnelS[b x] dx when $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$

Derivation: Integration by parts and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sin[dx^2]}{2d} = x \cos[dx^2]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Sin[dx^2] Sin[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2] = \frac{2 d}{\pi b^2} Sin[dx^2]^2$

Rule: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then

$$\int x \, \text{Cos} \big[\, d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, b \, x \big] \, \, d x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{ \, \text{Sin} \big[\, d \, x^2 \big] \, \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, b \, x \big] }{ 2 \, \, d } \, - \, \frac{1}{\pi \, b} \, \int \! \text{Sin} \big[\, d \, x^2 \big]^2 \, \, d x$$

Basis:
$$-\partial_x \frac{\cos[dx^2]}{2d} = x \sin[dx^2]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Cos \left[d x^2 \right] Cos \left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2 \right] = Cos \left[d x^2 \right]^2$

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$, then

$$\int x \, Sin[d \, x^2] \, FresnelC[b \, x] \, dx \, \rightarrow \, - \, \frac{Cos[d \, x^2] \, FresnelC[b \, x]}{2 \, d} + \frac{b}{2 \, d} \int Cos[d \, x^2]^2 \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int x^m \cos[d x^2]$$
 FresnelS[b x] dx when $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sin[dx^2]}{2d} = x \cos[dx^2]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Sin[dx^2] Sin[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2] = \frac{2 d}{\pi b^2} Sin[dx^2]^2$

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int x^m \, \text{Cos} \big[\, d \, \, x^2 \, \big] \, \, \text{FresnelS} \big[\, b \, \, x \, \big] \, \, \text{d} \, x \, \, \rightarrow \,$$

$$\frac{x^{m-1} \operatorname{Sin} \left[d \ x^2 \right] \operatorname{FresnelS} \left[b \ x \right]}{2 \ d} - \frac{1}{\pi \ b} \int x^{m-1} \operatorname{Sin} \left[d \ x^2 \right]^2 \ dx - \frac{m-1}{2 \ d} \int x^{m-2} \operatorname{Sin} \left[d \ x^2 \right] \operatorname{FresnelS} \left[b \ x \right] \ dx$$

Basis:
$$-\partial_x \frac{\cos[dx^2]}{2d} = x \sin[dx^2]$$

Basis: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$$
, then $Cos \left[d x^2 \right] Cos \left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2 \right] = Cos \left[d x^2 \right]^2$

Rule: If $d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4$, then

$$\int x^m \, Sin \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, FresnelC \big[b \, x \big] \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ - \, \frac{x^{m-1} \, Cos \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, FresnelC \big[b \, x \big]}{2 \, d} + \frac{b}{2 \, d} \int x^{m-1} \, Cos \big[d \, x^2 \big]^2 \, dx + \frac{m-1}{2 \, d} \int x^{m-2} \, Cos \big[d \, x^2 \big] \, FresnelC \big[b \, x \big] \, dx}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_*Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m-1)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x]/(2*d) -
    1/(Pi*b)*Int[x^(m-1)*Sin[d*x^2]^2,x] -
    (m-1)/(2*d)*Int[x^(m-2)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4] && IGtQ[m,1]

Int[x_^m_*Sin[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    -x^(m-1)*Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x]/(2*d) +
```

2:
$$\int x^m \cos[d x^2] \text{ FresnelS}[b x] dx \text{ when } d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Rule: If
$$d^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} b^4 \wedge m + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$
, then

$$\int x^m \cos[d x^2] \text{ FresnelS}[b x] dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\mathsf{x}^{\mathsf{m+1}} \, \mathsf{Cos} \big[\mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \big] \, \mathsf{FresnelS} \big[\mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{x} \big]}{\mathsf{m} + \mathsf{1}} - \frac{\mathsf{d}}{\pi \, \mathsf{b} \, \left(\mathsf{m} + \mathsf{1} \right)} \, \int \! \mathsf{x}^{\mathsf{m+1}} \, \mathsf{Sin} \big[\mathsf{2} \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \big] \, \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x} + \frac{\mathsf{2} \, \mathsf{d}}{\mathsf{m} + \mathsf{1}} \, \int \! \mathsf{x}^{\mathsf{m+2}} \, \mathsf{Sin} \big[\mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \big] \, \, \mathsf{FresnelS} \big[\mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{x} \big] \, \, \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x}$$

```
Int[x_^m_*Cos[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x]/(m+1) -
    d/(Pi*b*(m+1))*Int[x^(m+1)*Sin[2*d*x^2],x] +
    2*d/(m+1)*Int[x^(m+2)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelS[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4] && ILtQ[m,-1]

Int[x_^m_*Sin[d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[b_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Sin[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x]/(m+1) -
    b/(2*(m+1))*Int[x^(m+1)*Sin[2*d*x^2],x] -
    2*d/(m+1)*Int[x^(m+2)*Cos[d*x^2]*FresnelC[b*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{b,d},x] && EqQ[d^2,Pi^2/4*b^4] && ILtQ[m,-1]
```

X:
$$\int (e x)^m Cos[c + d x^2] FresnelS[a + b x]^n dx$$

$$\int (e\,x)^{\,m}\, \text{Cos}\big[\,c + d\,\,x^2\big] \,\, \text{FresnelS}\big[\,a + b\,\,x\,\big]^{\,n}\,\,\text{d}x \,\, \rightarrow \,\, \int (e\,x)^{\,m}\, \text{Cos}\big[\,c + d\,\,x^2\,\big] \,\, \text{FresnelS}\big[\,a + b\,\,x\,\big]^{\,n}\,\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[(e_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelS[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(e*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x^2]*FresnelS[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]

Int[(e_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_^2]*FresnelC[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(e*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x^2]*FresnelC[a+b*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]
```

```
8. \int u \, FresnelS[d(a+b \, Log[c \, x^n])] \, dx

1: \int FresnelS[d(a+b \, Log[c \, x^n])] \, dx
```

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 FresnelS[d (a + b Log[c x^n])] = $\frac{b d n Sin\left[\frac{\pi}{2} \left(d \left(a + b Log[c x^n]\right)\right)^2\right]}{x}$

Rule:

Program code:

```
Int[FresnelS[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])],x_Symbol] :=
    x*FresnelS[d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])] - b*d*n*Int[Sin[Pi/2*(d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n]))^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]

Int[FresnelC[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])],x_Symbol] :=
    x*FresnelC[d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])] - b*d*n*Int[Cos[Pi/2*(d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n]))^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[d(a+b Log[c x^n])]}{x} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\frac{F[Log[c x^n]]}{x} = \frac{1}{n} Subst[F[x], x, Log[c x^n]] \partial_x Log[c x^n]$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}\left[d\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,x^{n}\right]\right)\right]}{x}\,\text{d}x \,\to\, \frac{1}{n}\,\text{Subst}\big[\text{FresnelS}\big[d\left(a+b\,x\right)\big],\,x,\,\text{Log}\big[c\,x^{n}\big]\big]$$

```
Int[F_[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
    1/n*Subst[F[d*(a+b*x)],x,Log[c*x^n]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x] && MemberQ[{FresnelS,FresnelC},F]
```

```
3: \int (e x)^m FresnelS[d(a+bLog[c x^n])] dx when m \neq -1
```

Derivation: Integration by parts

FreeQ[$\{a,b,c,d,e,m,n\},x$] && NeQ[m,-1]

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 FresnelS[d (a + b Log[c x^n])] = $\frac{b d n Sin\left[\frac{\pi}{2} \left(d \left(a + b Log[c x^n]\right)\right)^2\right]}{x}$

 $b*d*n/(m+1)*Int[(e*x)^m*Cos[Pi/2*(d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n]))^2],x]/;$

Rule: If $m \neq -1$, then

$$\int (e \, x)^{\,m} \, FresnelS \Big[d \, \Big(a + b \, Log \Big[c \, x^n \Big] \Big) \, \Big] \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{ (e \, x)^{\,m+1} \, FresnelS \Big[d \, \Big(a + b \, Log \Big[c \, x^n \Big] \Big) \, \Big]}{e \, (m+1)} \, - \, \frac{b \, d \, n}{m+1} \, \int (e \, x)^{\,m} \, Sin \Big[\frac{\pi}{2} \, \Big(d \, \Big(a + b \, Log \Big[c \, x^n \Big] \Big) \Big)^2 \Big] \, dx$$

```
Int[(e_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelS[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])],x_Symbol] :=
    (e*x)^(m+1)*FresnelS[d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])]/(e*(m+1)) -
    b*d*n/(m+1)*Int[(e*x)^m*Sin[Pi/2*(d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n]))^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x] && NeQ[m,-1]

Int[(e_.*x_)^m_.*FresnelC[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])],x_Symbol] :=
    (e*x)^(m+1)*FresnelC[d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])]/(e*(m+1)) -
```