

## Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n$

1.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1.  $\int \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x] dx$

**1:**  $\int \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x] dx$

Reference: CRC 591, A&S 4.6.47

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x] == - \frac{\sqrt{1+c x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}}}{x \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{1+c x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \right) == 0$$

Rule:

$$\int \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x] dx \rightarrow x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x] + \sqrt{1+c x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcSech[c_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
  x*ArcSech[c*x] + Sqrt[1+c*x]*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]*Int[1/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[c,x]
```

2:  $\int \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] \, dx$

Reference: CRC 594, A&S 4.6.46

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule:

$$\int \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] \, dx \rightarrow x \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x] + \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcCsch[c_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
  x*ArcCsch[c*x] + 1/c*Int[1/(x*Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[c,x]
```

**2:**  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $1 = -\frac{1}{c} \operatorname{Sech}[\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]] \operatorname{Tanh}[\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int (a + b x)^n \operatorname{Sech}[x] \operatorname{Tanh}[x] dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -1/c*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Sech[x]*Tanh[x],x],x,ArcSech[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -1/c*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Csch[x]*Coth[x],x],x,ArcCsch[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

$$2. \int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

$$1. \int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx$$

$$1: \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}{x} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$$

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{x} = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}{x} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]}{x} dx \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right]}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcCosh[x/c])/x,x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSch[c_.*x_])/x_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcSinh[x/c])/x,x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

$$2. \int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \text{ when } m \neq -1$$

$$1: \int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \text{ when } m \neq -1$$

Reference: CRC 593', A&S 4.6.58'

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) = - \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}}}{x \sqrt{1-c x}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{1+c x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \right) = 0$$

■

Note: Although  $\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} = \sqrt{1-c x} \sqrt{1+c x}$ , leaving denominator factored allows for more cancellation with piecewise constant factor.

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])}{d (m+1)} + \frac{b \sqrt{1+c x}}{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \int \frac{(d x)^m}{\sqrt{1-c x} \sqrt{1+c x}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d.*x_)^m.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSech[c*x])/(d*(m+1)) +
  b*Sqrt[1+c*x]/(m+1)*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]*Int[(d*x)^m/(Sqrt[1-c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

**2:**  $\int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1$

Reference: CRC 596, A&S 4.6.56

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int (d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x])}{d (m+1)} + \frac{b d}{c (m+1)} \int \frac{(d x)^{m-1}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.**x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(d*(m+1)) +
  b*d/(c*(m+1))*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)/Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

**2:**  $\int x^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (n > 0 \vee m < -1)$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$x^m F[\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]] = -\frac{1}{c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[F[x] \operatorname{Sech}[x]^{m+1} \operatorname{Tanh}[x], x, \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]\right] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (n > 0 \vee m < -1)$ , then

$$\int x^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int (a + b x)^n \operatorname{Sech}[x]^{m+1} \operatorname{Tanh}[x] dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Sech[x]^(m+1)*Tanh[x],x],x,ArcSech[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n,0] || LtQ[m,-1])
```

```
Int[x^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSch[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Sch[x]^(m+1)*Coth[x],x],x,ArcSch[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n,0] || LtQ[m,-1])
```

$$3. \int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx$$

$$1. \int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx$$

$$1: \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}{d + e x} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\blacksquare \text{ Basis: } \frac{1}{d+e x} == \frac{1}{e} \partial_x \left( \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{c d e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{c d e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{e^{2 \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right] \right)$$

$$\blacksquare \text{ Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) == - \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{1-c x}{1+c x}}}{x (1-c x)}$$

Rule:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}{d + e x} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{c d e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right]}{e} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{c d e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right]}{e} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{e^{2 \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right]}{e} + \\ & \frac{b}{e} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1-c x}{1+c x}} \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{c d e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right]}{x (1-c x)} dx + \frac{b}{e} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1-c x}{1+c x}} \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{c d e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right]}{x (1-c x)} dx - \frac{b}{e} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1-c x}{1+c x}} \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{e^{2 \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]}} \right]}{x (1-c x)} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:



```

Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])/(d_.+e_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*ArcSech[c*x])*Log[1+(e-Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])/(c*d*E^ArcSech[c*x])]/e +
  (a+b*ArcSech[c*x])*Log[1+(e+Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])/(c*d*E^ArcSech[c*x])]/e -
  (a+b*ArcSech[c*x])*Log[1+1/E^(2*ArcSech[c*x])]/e +
  b/e*Int[(Sqrt[(1-c*x)/(1+c*x)]*Log[1+(e-Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])/(c*d*E^ArcSech[c*x])])/(x*(1-c*x)),x] +
  b/e*Int[(Sqrt[(1-c*x)/(1+c*x)]*Log[1+(e+Sqrt[-c^2*d^2+e^2])/(c*d*E^ArcSech[c*x])])/(x*(1-c*x)),x] -
  b/e*Int[(Sqrt[(1-c*x)/(1+c*x)]*Log[1+1/E^(2*ArcSech[c*x])])/(x*(1-c*x)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x]

```

**2:**  $\int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) = - \frac{b \sqrt{1+c x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}}}{x \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{1+c x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \right) = 0$$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(d + e x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])}{e (m+1)} + \frac{b \sqrt{1+c x}}{e (m+1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \int \frac{(d + e x)^{m+1}}{x \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSech[c*x])/(e*(m+1)) +
  b*Sqrt[1+c*x]/(e*(m+1))*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)/(x*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]

```

$$2. \int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) dx$$

$$1: \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}{d + e x} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:

$$\frac{1}{d+e x} = \frac{1}{e} \partial_x \left( \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{(e - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{c d} \right] + \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{(e + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{c d} \right] - \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]} \right] \right)$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) = - \frac{b}{c x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}$$

Rule:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}{d + e x} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{(e - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{c d} \right]}{e} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{(e + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{c d} \right]}{e} - \\ & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) \operatorname{Log} [1 - e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}]}{e} + \frac{b}{c e} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{(e - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{c d} \right]}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx + \\ & \frac{b}{c e} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 - \frac{(e + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 + e^2}) e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{c d} \right]}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx - \frac{b}{c e} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log} [1 - e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]}]}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCsSch[c_.*x_])/(d_.+e_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*ArcCsSch[c*x])*Log[1-(e-Sqrt[c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^ArcCsSch[c*x]/(c*d)]/e +
  (a+b*ArcCsSch[c*x])*Log[1-(e+Sqrt[c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^ArcCsSch[c*x]/(c*d)]/e -
  (a+b*ArcCsSch[c*x])*Log[1-E^(2*ArcCsSch[c*x])]/e +
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1-(e-Sqrt[c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^ArcCsSch[c*x]/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] +
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1-(e+Sqrt[c^2*d^2+e^2])*E^ArcCsSch[c*x]/(c*d)]/(x^2*Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] -
  b/(c*e)*Int[Log[1-E^(2*ArcCsSch[c*x])]/(x^2*Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x]

```

**2:**  $\int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsSch}[c x]) \, dx$  when  $m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:  $\partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsSch}[c x]) = -\frac{b}{c x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}$

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsSch}[c x]) \, dx \rightarrow \frac{(d + e x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsSch}[c x])}{e (m + 1)} + \frac{b}{c e (m + 1)} \int \frac{(d + e x)^{m+1}}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsSch[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCsSch[c*x])/(e*(m+1)) +
  b/(c*e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]

```

4.  $\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1.  $\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx$  when  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

**1:**  $\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx$  when  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) = -\frac{b \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}}}{x \sqrt{1-cx}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}} \sqrt{1+cx} \right) = 0$$

Note: If  $p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then the terms of  $\int (d + e x^2)^p dx$  times  $\partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])$  are of an easily integrable form.

Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , let  $u = \int (d + e x^2)^p dx$ , then

$$\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) + b \sqrt{1+cx} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}} \int \frac{u}{x \sqrt{1-cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.**x_^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSech[c*x]),u,x] + b*Sqrt[1+c*x]*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[1-c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x]),x],x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && (IGtQ[p,0] || ILtQ[p+1/2,0])
```

**2:**  $\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) dx$  when  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) = \frac{b c}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{-1-c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} = 0$$

Note: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then  $\int (d + e x^2)^p dx$  is expressible as an algebraic function not involving logarithms, inverse trig or inverse hyperbolic functions.

Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , let  $u = \int (d + e x^2)^p dx$ , then

$$\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{-1-c^2 x^2}} dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) - \frac{b c x}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{u}{x \sqrt{-1-c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.**x^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.**x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCsch[c*x]),u,x] - b*c*x/Sqrt[-c^2*x^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1-c^2*x^2]),x],x]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && (IGtQ[p,0] || ILtQ[p+1/2,0])
```

$$\mathbf{2:} \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e+dx^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

3.  $\int (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSech}[cx])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

1:  $\int (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSech}[cx])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

■ Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

■ Basis: If  $e > 0 \wedge d < 0$ , then  $\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = \sqrt{x^2}$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$ , then

$$\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{x} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e-c^2*d,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]
```

**2:**  $\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

■ Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule: If  $c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$ , then

$$\int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e+d x^2)^p \left(a+b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right]\right)^n}{x^{2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e-c^2*d,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]
```



$$5. \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

$$1. \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \text{ when}$$

$$\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$$

$$1. \int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \text{ when } p \neq -1$$

$$\text{1: } \int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \text{ when } p \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } x (d + e x^2)^p = \partial_x \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{2 e (p+1)}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) = - \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}}}{x \sqrt{1-c x}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{1+c x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \right) = 0$$

■

Note: Although  $\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} = \sqrt{1-c x} \sqrt{1+c x}$ , leaving denominator factored allows for more cancellation with piecewise constant factor.

Rule: If  $p \neq -1$ , then

$$\int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])}{2 e (p+1)} + \frac{b \sqrt{1+c x}}{2 e (p+1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}} \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{x \sqrt{1-c x} \sqrt{1+c x}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x*(d_+e_*x^2)^p_*(a_+b_*ArcSech[c_*x]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcSech[c*x])/(2*e*(p+1)) +
  b*Sqrt[1+c*x]/(2*e*(p+1))*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)/(x*Sqrt[1-c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[p,-1]
```

$$2: \int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) dx \text{ when } p \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } x (d + e x^2)^p = \partial_x \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{2 e (p+1)}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) = \frac{b c}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{-1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $p \neq -1$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) dx &\rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x])}{2 e (p+1)} - \frac{b c}{2 e (p+1)} \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{-1 - c^2 x^2}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x])}{2 e (p+1)} - \frac{b c x}{2 e (p+1) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{(d + e x^2)^{p+1}}{x \sqrt{-1 - c^2 x^2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x*(d_+e_*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_*ArcCsch[c_*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (d+e*x^2)^(p+1)*(a+b*ArcCsch[c*x])/(2*e*(p+1)) -
  b*c*x/(2*e*(p+1)*Sqrt[-c^2*x^2])*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+1)/(x*Sqrt[-1-c^2*x^2]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[p,-1]
```

$$2. \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \text{ when}$$

$$\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$$

**1:**  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \text{ when}$

$$\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) = - \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}}}{x \sqrt{1-cx}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{1+cx} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}} \right) = 0$$

■

Note: Although  $\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} = \sqrt{1-cx} \sqrt{1+cx}$ , leaving denominator factored allows for more cancellation with piecewise constant factor.

$$\text{Note: If } \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right),$$

then  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$  is expressible as an algebraic function not involving logarithms, inverse trig or inverse hyperbolic functions.

Rule: If  $\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg (p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$ , let  $u = \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$ , then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) + b \sqrt{1+cx} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}} \int \frac{u}{x \sqrt{1-cx} \sqrt{1+cx}} dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSech[c*x]),u,x] + b*Sqrt[1+c*x]*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[1-c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x]),x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && (
    IGtQ[p,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    IGtQ[(m+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[p,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    ILtQ[(m+2*p+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0]])

```

**2:**  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSch}[c x]) dx$  when

$$\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSch}[c x]) = \frac{b c}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{-1-c^2 x^2}}$

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} = 0$

Note: If  $\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee$   
 $\left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$ ,

then  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$  is expressible as an algebraic function not involving logarithms, inverse trig or inverse hyperbolic functions.

Rule: If  $\left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \neg \left( p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m+2p+3 > 0 \right) \right) \vee \left( \frac{m+2p+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \frac{m-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}^- \right)$ , let  $u = \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$ , then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSch}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSch}[c x]) -$$

$$b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{-1-c^2 x^2}} dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSch}[c x]) - \frac{b c x}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}} \int \frac{u}{x \sqrt{-1-c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSch[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSch[c*x]),u,x] - b*c*x/Sqrt[-c^2*x^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[-1-c^2*x^2]),x],x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && (
    IGtQ[p,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    IGtQ[(m+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[p,0] && GtQ[m+2*p+3,0]] ||
    ILtQ[(m+2*p+1)/2,0] && Not[ILtQ[(m-1)/2,0]] )
```

**2:**  $\int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (m | p) \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge (m | p) \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\ &\rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{m+2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegersQ[m,p]
```

```
Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegersQ[m,p]
```

$$3. \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\blacksquare \text{ Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$$

$$\text{Basis: } F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\blacksquare \text{ Basis: If } e > 0 \wedge d < 0, \text{ then } \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{\sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge e > 0 \wedge d < 0$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\ &\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{x} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{m+2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_.*(d_+e_.*x^2)^p_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]
```

```

Int[x_^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[x^2]/x*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e-c^2*d,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]

```

**2:**  $\int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

■ Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}} = 0$

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Basis:  $F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right] = -\operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 d + e = 0 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \neg (e > 0 \wedge d < 0)$ , then

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2p} \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{c x}\right]\right)^n dx \\
 &\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2}}{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(e + d x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{x}{c}\right])^n}{x^{m+2(p+1)}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```

Int[x_^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]

```



```

Int[x_^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -Sqrt[d+e*x^2]/(x*Sqrt[e+d/x^2])*Subst[Int[(e+d*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x/c])^n/x^(m+2*(p+1)),x],x,1/x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e-c^2*d,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && Not[GtQ[e,0] && LtQ[d,0]]

```

6.  $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) \, dx$  when  $\int u \, dx$  is free of inverse functions

1:  $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) \, dx$  when  $\int u \, dx$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) = - \frac{b}{c x^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{c x}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c x}}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{x \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{c x}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c x}}} = 0$$

Rule: Let  $v \rightarrow \int u \, dx$ , if  $v$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) \, dx &\rightarrow v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) + \frac{b}{c} \int \frac{v}{x^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{c x}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c x}}} \, dx \\ &\rightarrow v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x]) + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{c x \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{c x}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c x}}} \int \frac{v}{x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \, dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSech[c*x]),v,x] +
    b*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]/(c*x*Sqrt[-1+1/(c*x)]*Sqrt[1+1/(c*x)])*
    Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]),x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

**2:**  $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) \, dx$  when  $\int u \, dx$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) = - \frac{b}{c x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}$$

Rule: Let  $v = \int u \, dx$ , if  $v$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) \, dx \rightarrow v (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c x]) + \frac{b}{c} \int \frac{v}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCsch[c*x]),v,x] +
    b/c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]),x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

**X:**  $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcSech[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcCsch[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```