### Rules for integrands involving inverse sines and cosines

# Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule:

$$\int \big(a+b\, ArcSin\big[c+d\,x\big]\big)^n\, \mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{1}{d}\, Subst\Big[\int \big(a+b\, ArcSin\big[x\big]\big)^n\, \mathrm{d}x\,,\, x\,,\, c+d\,x\Big]$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcSin[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]

Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcCos[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]
```

2: 
$$\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])^n dx$$

Rule:

$$\int \left(e+f\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}\big[\,c+d\,x\big]\,\right)^n\,\text{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{1}{d}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int \left(\frac{d\,e-c\,f}{d}+\frac{f\,x}{d}\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}\big[\,x\big]\,\right)^n\,\text{d}x\,,\,\,x\,,\,\,c+d\,x\Big]$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcSin[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcCos[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x]
```

3: 
$$\int (A + B x + C x^2)^p (a + b ArcSin[c + d x])^n dx$$
 when  $B (1 - c^2) + 2 A c d == 0 \land 2 c C - B d == 0$ 

Basis: If B 
$$(1-c^2) + 2$$
 A c d == 0  $\wedge$  2 c C - B d == 0, then A + B x + C  $x^2 = -\frac{C}{d^2} + \frac{C}{d^2} (c + d x)^2$   
Rule: If B  $(1-c^2) + 2$  A c d == 0  $\wedge$  2 c C - B d == 0, then 
$$\int (A + B x + C x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int \left( -\frac{c}{d^2} + \frac{c x^2}{d^2} \right)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[x])^n dx, x, c + d x \right]$$

```
Int[(A_.+B_.*x_+C_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/d*Subst[Int[(-C/d^2+C/d^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C,n,p},x] && EqQ[B*(1-c^2)+2*A*c*d,0] && EqQ[2*c*C-B*d,0]
```

4: 
$$\int (e + f x)^m (A + B x + C x^2)^p (a + b ArcSin[c + d x])^n dx$$
 when B  $(1 - c^2) + 2 A c d == 0 \land 2 c C - B d == 0$ 

Basis: If B 
$$(1-c^2) + 2$$
 A c d == 0  $\wedge$  2 c C - B d == 0, then A + B x + C  $x^2 = -\frac{C}{d^2} + \frac{C}{d^2}$  (c + d x) <sup>2</sup>

Rule: If B  $(1-c^2) + 2$  A c d == 0  $\wedge$  2 c C - B d == 0, then
$$\int (e+fx)^m (A+Bx+Cx^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int \left( \frac{de-cf}{d} + \frac{fx}{d} \right)^m \left( -\frac{c}{d^2} + \frac{Cx^2}{d^2} \right)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[x])^n dx, x, c+dx \right]$$

# Program code:

2. 
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2])^n dx$$
 when  $c^2 = 1$ 

1.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2])^n dx$  when  $c^2 = 1 \land n > 0$ 

1.  $\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2]} dx$  when  $c^2 = 1$ 

1:  $\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2]} dx$  when  $c^2 = 1$ 

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If  $c^2 = 1$ , then

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, - b \, d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4}} \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, dx$$
 
$$\rightarrow \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \, x \, \left( \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2 \, b}\right] + c \, \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2 \, b}\right] \right) \, \operatorname{FresnelC}\left[\sqrt{\frac{c}{\pi \, b}} \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, \right]} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \, x \, \left( \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2 \, b}\right] - c \, \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2 \, b}\right] \right) \, \operatorname{FresnelS}\left[\sqrt{\frac{c}{\pi \, b}} \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, \right]} }{\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \, \left( \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]\right] - c \, \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]\right] \right)}$$

### Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_^2]],x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]] -
    Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]+c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]]/
        (Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) +
        Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]-c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]]/
        (Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) /;
        FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1]
```

2. 
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ c + d x^2 \right]} \ dx \text{ when } c^2 == 1$$
1: 
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d x^2 \right]} \ dx$$

### Rule:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}} 2 \sqrt{\pi} \cos \left[\frac{a}{2 b}\right] \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[1 + d \, x^2\right]\right] \operatorname{FresnelS}\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi \, b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[1 + d \, x^2\right]}\right]$$

```
Int \left[ \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ a_- + b_- * \mathsf{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d_- * x_-^2 \right] \right], x_- \mathsf{Symbol} \right] := \\ -2 * \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ a_+ b_+ \mathsf{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d_+ x_-^2 \right] \right] * \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \mathsf{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d_+ x_-^2 \right] \right] ^2 / \left( d_+ x \right) - \\ 2 * \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ \mathsf{Pi} \right] * \mathsf{Sin} \left[ a_- \left( 2 * b \right) \right] * \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \mathsf{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d_+ x_-^2 \right] / 2 \right] * \mathsf{FresnelC} \left[ \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ 1 / \left( \mathsf{Pi} * b \right) \right] * \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ a_+ b_+ \mathsf{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d_+ x_-^2 \right] \right] \right] / \left( \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ 1 / b \right] * d_+ x \right) + \\ 2 * \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ \mathsf{Pi} \right] * \mathsf{Cos} \left[ a_- \left( 2 * b \right) \right] * \mathsf{Sin} \left[ \mathsf{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d_+ x_-^2 \right] / 2 \right] * \mathsf{FresnelS} \left[ \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ 1 / \left( \mathsf{Pi} * b \right) \right] * \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ a_+ b_+ \mathsf{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + d_+ x_-^2 \right] \right] \right] / \left( \mathsf{Sqrt} \left[ 1 / b \right] * d_+ x \right) / ; \\ \mathsf{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a_+ b_+ d \right\}, x \right]
```

2: 
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ -1 + d x^2 \right]} \ dx$$

### Rule:

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1 + d \, x^2\right]} \, \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{2 \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1 + d \, x^2\right]} \, \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1 + d \, x^2\right]\right]^2}{d \, x} - \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}} \, d \, x \\ \frac{$$

# Program code:

2: 
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2])^n dx$$
 when  $c^2 = 1 \wedge n > 1$ 

## Derivation: Integration by parts twice

Basis: If 
$$c^2 = 1$$
, then  $\partial_x \left( a + b \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[ c + d x^2 \right] \right)^n = \frac{2 b d n x \left( a + b \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[ c + d x^2 \right] \right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{-2 c d x^2 - d^2 x^4}}$ 

Basis: 
$$\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-d \, x^2 \, (2 \, c + d \, x^2)}} = -\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4}}{d^2 \, x}$$

Rule: If  $c^2 = 1 \land n > 1$ , then

$$\int \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ x \ \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^n - 2 \, b \, d \, n \int \frac{x^2 \, \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\rightarrow \ x \ \left( a + b \ ArcSin \left[ c + d \ x^2 \right] \right)^n + \frac{2 \ b \ n \ \sqrt{-2 \ c \ d \ x^2 - d^2 \ x^4}}{d \ x} \ \left( a + b \ ArcSin \left[ c + d \ x^2 \right] \right)^{n-1} \\ - 4 \ b^2 \ n \ (n-1) \ \int \left( a + b \ ArcSin \left[ c + d \ x^2 \right] \right)^{n-2} \ dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_^2])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])^n +
    2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])^(n-1)/(d*x) -
    4*b^2*n*(n-1)*Int[(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])^(n-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1] && GtQ[n,1]

Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_+d_.*x_^2])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*(a+b*ArcCos[c+d*x^2])^n -
    2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]*(a+b*ArcCos[c+d*x^2])^(n-1)/(d*x) -
    4*b^2*n*(n-1)*Int[(a+b*ArcCos[c+d*x^2])^n(n-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1] && GtQ[n,1]
```

2. 
$$\int \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^n \, dx \text{ when } c^2 == 1 \, \wedge \, n < 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c + d \, x^2\right]} \, dx \text{ when } c^2 == 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c + d \, x^2\right]} \, dx \text{ when } c^2 == 1$$

Rule: If  $c^2 = 1$ , then

### Program code:

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_^2]),x_Symbol] :=
    -x*(c*Cos[a/(2*b)]-Sin[a/(2*b)])*CosIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])]/
    (2*b*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) -
    x*(c*Cos[a/(2*b)]+Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])]/
    (2*b*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[c + d x^{2}]} dx \text{ when } c^{2} = 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[1 + d x^{2}]} dx$$

### Rule:

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[1+d_.*x_^2]),x_Symbol] :=
    x*Cos[a/(2*b)]*CosIntegral[(a+b*ArcCos[1+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/(Sqrt[2]*b*Sqrt[-d*x^2]) +
    x*Sin[a/(2*b)]*SinIntegral[(a+b*ArcCos[1+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/(Sqrt[2]*b*Sqrt[-d*x^2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d},x]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ -1 + d x^2 \right]} dx$$

Rule:

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1 + d \, x^2\right]} \, dx \rightarrow \\ \frac{x \, \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2 \, b}\right] \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2 \, b} \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1 + d \, x^2\right]\right)\right]}{\sqrt{2} \, b \, \sqrt{d \, x^2}} - \frac{x \, \operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2 \, b}\right] \operatorname{SinIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2 \, b} \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1 + d \, x^2\right]\right)\right]}{\sqrt{2} \, b \, \sqrt{d \, x^2}}$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ 1 \big/ \big( a_- \cdot + b_- \cdot * \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d_- \cdot * x_-^2 \big] \big) \, , x_- \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{$x*\text{Sin} \big[ a \big/ \big( 2 * b \big) \big] * \text{CosIntegral} \big[ \big( a_+ b_* \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d_* x_-^2 \big] \big) / \big( 2 * b \big) \big] / \big( \text{Sqrt} [2] * b_* \text{Sqrt} \big[ d_* x_-^2 \big] \big) \  \  \, - \\ & \text{$x*\text{Cos} \big[ a \big/ \big( 2 * b \big) \big] * \text{SinIntegral} \big[ \big( a_+ b_* \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d_* x_-^2 \big] \big) / \big( 2 * b \big) \big] / \big( \text{Sqrt} [2] * b_* \text{Sqrt} \big[ d_* x_-^2 \big] \big) \  \  / \, ; } \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ a_+ b_+ d_+^2 \big\} \, , x_-^2 \big] + \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2}
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 = 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 = 1$$

# Rule: If $c^2 = 1$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]}} \, dx \rightarrow \\ - \left( \left( \sqrt{\pi} \, \, x \, \left( \operatorname{Cos} \left[ \frac{a}{2 \, b} \right] - c \, \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \frac{a}{2 \, b} \right] \right) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \, c} \, \sqrt{\pi}} \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, \right] \right) / \left( \sqrt{b \, c} \, \left( \operatorname{Cos} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2] \right] - c \, \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2] \right] \right) \right) - \left( \sqrt{\pi} \, \, x \, \left( \operatorname{Cos} \left[ \frac{a}{2 \, b} \right] + c \, \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \frac{a}{2 \, b} \right] \right) \operatorname{FresnelS} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \, c} \, \sqrt{\pi}} \, \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2]} \, \right] \right) / \left( \sqrt{b \, c} \, \left( \operatorname{Cos} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2] \right] - c \, \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d \, x^2] \right] \right) \right)$$

## Program code:

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_^2]],x_Symbol] :=
    -Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]-c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*FresnelC[1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi])*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]]/
     (Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) -
     Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]+c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*FresnelS[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]]/
     (Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[c + d x^2]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 = 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[1 + d x^2]}} dx$$

### Rule:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[1+d\,x^2\right]}}\,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \\ -\frac{1}{d\,x}2\,\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{b}}\,\operatorname{Cos}\!\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\operatorname{Sin}\!\left[\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ArcCos}\!\left[1+d\,x^2\right]\right]\operatorname{FresnelC}\!\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi\,b}}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcCos}\!\left[1+d\,x^2\right]}\,\right] - \\ \frac{1}{d\,x}2\,\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{b}}\,\operatorname{Sin}\!\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\operatorname{Sin}\!\left[\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ArcCos}\!\left[1+d\,x^2\right]\right]\operatorname{FresnelS}\!\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi\,b}}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcCos}\!\left[1+d\,x^2\right]}\,\right]$$

## Program code:

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \big[ 1 / \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ a_{-} + b_{-} * \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d_{-} * x_{-}^2 \big] \big], x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \big] := \\ & - 2 * \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ \operatorname{Pi} / b \big] * \operatorname{Cos} \big[ a / \big( 2 * b \big) \big] * \operatorname{Sin} \big[ \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d * x_{-}^2 \big] / 2 \big] * \operatorname{FresnelC} \big[ \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \operatorname{Pi} * b \big) \big] * \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ a + b * \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d * x_{-}^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d * x \big) \\ & - 2 * \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ \operatorname{Pi} / b \big] * \operatorname{Sin} \big[ a / \big( 2 * b \big) \big] * \operatorname{Sin} \big[ \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d * x_{-}^2 \big] / 2 \big] * \operatorname{FresnelS} \big[ \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \operatorname{Pi} * b \big) \big] * \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ a + b * \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d * x_{-}^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d * x \big) \\ & + \operatorname{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ a_{-} b_{-} d \big\}, x \big] \end{aligned}
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[-1 + d x^2\right]}} \, dx$$

### Rule:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{ArcCos}\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]}}\,\text{d}x \,\rightarrow\, \\ \frac{1}{d\,x}2\,\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{b}}\,\,\text{Sin}\!\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\text{Cos}\!\left[\frac{1}{2}\,\text{ArcCos}\!\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]\right]\text{FresnelC}\!\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi\,b}}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,\text{ArcCos}\!\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]}\,\right] - \\ \frac{1}{d\,x}2\,\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{b}}\,\,\text{Cos}\!\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\text{Cos}\!\left[\frac{1}{2}\,\text{ArcCos}\!\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]\right]\text{FresnelS}\!\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi\,b}}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,\text{ArcCos}\!\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]}\,\right]$$

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \big[ 1 / \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ a_- \cdot + b_- \cdot * \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ - 1 + d_- \cdot * x_-^2 \big] \big] , x_- \operatorname{Symbol} \big] := \\ & 2 \star \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ \operatorname{Pi/b} \big] \star \operatorname{Sin} \big[ a / (2 \star b) \big] \star \operatorname{Cos} \big[ \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ - 1 + d \star x_-^2 \big] / 2 \big] \star \operatorname{FresnelC} \big[ \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \operatorname{Pi} \star b \big) \big] \star \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \star \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ - 1 + d \star x_-^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d \star x \big) \\ & - 2 \star \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ \operatorname{Pi/b} \big] \star \operatorname{Cos} \big[ a / \big( 2 \star b \big) \big] \star \operatorname{Cos} \big[ \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ - 1 + d \star x_-^2 \big] / 2 \big] \star \operatorname{FresnelS} \big[ \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \operatorname{Pi} \star b \big) \big] \star \operatorname{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \star \operatorname{ArcCos} \big[ - 1 + d \star x_-^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d \star x \big) \\ & + \operatorname{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ a , b , d \big\} , x \big] \end{aligned}
```

Basis: If 
$$c^2 = 1$$
, then  $-\frac{b \, d \, x}{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4} \, \left(a + b \, Arc Sin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{3/2}} = \partial_x \, \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, Arc Sin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]}}$ 

Rule: If  $c^2 = 1$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, \text{ArcSin} \big[ c + d \, x^2 \big] \right)^{3/2}} \, \text{d}x \, \rightarrow \, - \frac{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4}}{b \, d \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \, \text{ArcSin} \big[ c + d \, x^2 \big]}} \, - \, \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4}} \, \sqrt{a + b \, \text{ArcSin} \big[ c + d \, x^2 \big]} \, \, \text{d}x$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{-2\,c\,d\,x^2-d^2\,x^4}}{b\,d\,x\,\sqrt{a+b\,ArcSin\big[c+d\,x^2\big]}} - \\ \left(\left(\frac{c}{b}\right)^{3/2}\,\sqrt{\pi}\,\,x\,\left(\text{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right] + c\,\text{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\right) \\ \text{FresnelC}\Big[\sqrt{\frac{c}{\pi\,b}}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,ArcSin\big[c+d\,x^2\big]}\,\Big] \right) \bigg/ \left(\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}\,ArcSin\big[c+d\,x^2\big]\right] - c\,\text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\,ArcSin\big[c+d\,x^2\big]\right]\right) + \\ \left(\left(\frac{c}{b}\right)^{3/2}\,\sqrt{\pi}\,\,x\,\left(\text{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right] - c\,\text{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\right) \\ \text{FresnelS}\Big[\sqrt{\frac{c}{\pi\,b}}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,ArcSin\big[c+d\,x^2\big]}\,\Big] \right) \bigg/ \left(\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}\,ArcSin\big[c+d\,x^2\big]\right] - c\,\text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\,ArcSin\big[c+d\,x^2\big]\right]\right)$$

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_^2])^(3/2),x_Symbol] :=
    -Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]) -
    (c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]+c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]]/
    (Cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]) +
    (c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]-c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]]/
    (Cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c+d*x^2]]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[c + d \, x^{2}\right]\right)^{3/2}} \, dx \text{ when } c^{2} = 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}\left[1 + d \, x^{2}\right]\right)^{3/2}} \, dx$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{b d x}{\sqrt{-2 d x^2 - d^2 x^4} (a+b \operatorname{ArcCos}[1+d x^2])^{3/2}} = \partial_x \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{ArcCos}[1+d x^2]}}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right] \right)^{3/2}} \, \mathrm{d} \, \mathsf{x} \, \to \, \frac{\sqrt{-2 \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 - \mathsf{d}^2 \, \mathsf{x}^4}}{\mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right]}} + \frac{\mathsf{d}}{\mathsf{b}} \int \frac{\mathsf{x}^2}{\sqrt{-2 \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 - \mathsf{d}^2 \, \mathsf{x}^4}} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right]}} \, \mathrm{d} \, \mathsf{x}$$

$$\to \, \frac{\sqrt{-2 \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 - \mathsf{d}^2 \, \mathsf{x}^4}}{\mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right]}} \, -$$

$$= \, \frac{1}{\mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2} \left( \frac{1}{\mathsf{b}} \right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \, \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \frac{\mathsf{a}}{2 \, \mathsf{b}} \right] \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right] \right] \operatorname{FresnelC} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi \, \mathsf{b}}} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right]} \, \right] +$$

$$= \, \frac{1}{\mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2} \left( \frac{1}{\mathsf{b}} \right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \, \operatorname{Cos} \left[ \frac{\mathsf{a}}{2 \, \mathsf{b}} \right] \operatorname{Sin} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right] \right] \operatorname{FresnelS} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi \, \mathsf{b}}} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{ArcCos} \left[ 1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right]} \, \right]$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ 1 / \big( a_- \cdot + b_- \cdot * \text{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d_- \cdot * x_-^2 \big] \big) \wedge (3/2) \, , x_- \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{Sqrt} \big[ -2 \cdot d \cdot * x^2 - d^2 \cdot * x^4 \big] / \big( b \cdot d \cdot * x \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \cdot \text{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d \cdot * x^2 \big] \big] \big) \, - \\ & 2 \cdot \big( 1 / b \big) \wedge (3/2) \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ \text{Pi} \big] \cdot \text{Sin} \big[ a / \big( 2 \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Sin} \big[ \text{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d \cdot * x^2 \big] / 2 \big] \cdot \text{FresnelC} \big[ \text{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \text{Pi} \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \cdot \text{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d \cdot * x^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d \cdot x \big) \, + \\ & 2 \cdot \big( 1 / b \big) \wedge \big( 3 / 2 \big) \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ \text{Pi} \big] \cdot \text{Cos} \big[ a / \big( 2 \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Sin} \big[ \text{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d \cdot * x^2 \big] / 2 \big] \cdot \text{FresnelS} \big[ \text{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \text{Pi} \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \cdot \text{ArcCos} \big[ 1 + d \cdot * x^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d \cdot x \big) \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ a_1 b_2 d_3 \big\}, x \big] \end{split}
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos} [-1 + d x^{2}])^{3/2}} dx$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{b d x}{\sqrt{2 d x^2 - d^2 x^4} (a+b \operatorname{ArcCos}[-1+d x^2])^{3/2}} = \partial_x \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{ArcCos}[-1+d x^2]}}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]\right)^{3/2}} \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x} \, \to \, \frac{\sqrt{2 \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 - \mathsf{d}^2 \, \mathsf{x}^4}}{\mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]}} + \frac{\mathsf{d}}{\mathsf{b}} \int \frac{\mathsf{x}^2}{\sqrt{2 \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 - \mathsf{d}^2 \, \mathsf{x}^4}} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]}} \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x}$$

$$\to \frac{\sqrt{2 \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2 - \mathsf{d}^2 \, \mathsf{x}^4}}{\mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]}} - \\ \frac{1}{\mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}} 2 \left(\frac{1}{\mathsf{b}}\right)^{3/2} \, \sqrt{\pi} \, \operatorname{\mathsf{Cos}}\left[\frac{\mathsf{a}}{2 \, \mathsf{b}}\right] \operatorname{\mathsf{Cos}}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]\right] \operatorname{\mathsf{FresnelC}}\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi \, \mathsf{b}}} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]}\right] - \\ \frac{1}{\mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}} 2 \left(\frac{1}{\mathsf{b}}\right)^{3/2} \, \sqrt{\pi} \, \operatorname{\mathsf{Sin}}\left[\frac{\mathsf{a}}{2 \, \mathsf{b}}\right] \operatorname{\mathsf{Cos}}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]\right] \operatorname{\mathsf{FresnelS}}\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi \, \mathsf{b}}} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{\mathsf{ArcCos}}\left[-1 + \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{x}^2\right]}\right]$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ 1 / \big( a_- \cdot + b_- \cdot * \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d_- \cdot * x_-^2 \big] \big) \wedge (3/2) \, , x_- \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{Sqrt} \big[ 2 \cdot d \cdot * x_-^2 - d^2 \cdot * x_-^4 \big] / \big( b \cdot d \cdot * x_- \text{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \cdot \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d \cdot * x_-^2 \big] \big] \big) \, - \\ & 2 \cdot \big( 1 / b \big) \wedge (3/2) \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ \text{Pi} \big] \cdot \text{Cos} \big[ a / \big( 2 \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Cos} \big[ \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d \cdot * x_-^2 \big] / 2 \big] \cdot \text{FresnelC} \big[ \text{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \text{Pi} \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \cdot \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d \cdot * x_-^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d \cdot x \big) \, - \\ & 2 \cdot \big( 1 / b \big) \wedge \big( 3 / 2 \big) \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ \text{Pi} \big] \cdot \text{Sin} \big[ a / \big( 2 \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Cos} \big[ \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d \cdot * x_-^2 \big] / 2 \big] \cdot \text{FresnelS} \big[ \text{Sqrt} \big[ 1 / \big( \text{Pi} \cdot b \big) \big] \cdot \text{Sqrt} \big[ a + b \cdot \text{ArcCos} \big[ -1 + d \cdot * x_-^2 \big] \big] \big] / \big( d \cdot x \big) \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ a_1 b_2 d_3 \big\}, x \big] \end{split}
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^{2}])^{2}} dx \text{ when } c^{2} = 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^{2}])^{2}} dx \text{ when } c^{2} = 1$$

Basis: If 
$$c^2 = 1$$
, then  $-\frac{2 \, b \, d \, x}{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4} \, \left(a + b \, Arc Sin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^2} = \partial_x \, \frac{1}{a + b \, Arc Sin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]}$ 

Rule: If  $c^2 = 1$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right)^2} \, dx \, \to \, -\frac{\sqrt{-2\,c\,d\,x^2-d^2\,x^4}}{2\,b\,d\,x\,\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right)} - \frac{d}{2\,b} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-2\,c\,d\,x^2-d^2\,x^4}} \, \left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right) \, dx$$
 
$$\to \, -\frac{\sqrt{-2\,c\,d\,x^2-d^2\,x^4}}{2\,b\,d\,x\,\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right)} - \frac{x\,\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]+c\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\right)\operatorname{CosIntegral}\left[\frac{c}{2\,b}\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right)\right]}{4\,b^2\,\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right]-c\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right]\right)} + \frac{x\,\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]-c\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\right)\operatorname{SinIntegral}\left[\frac{c}{2\,b}\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right)\right]}{4\,b^2\,\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right] - c\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c+d\,x^2\right]\right]\right)}$$

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_^2])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    -Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]/(2*b*d*x*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])) -
    x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]+c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*CosIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])]/
    (4*b^2*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) +
    x*(Cos[a/(2*b)]-c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])]/
    (4*b^2*(Cos[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2]-c*Sin[ArcSin[c+d*x^2]/2])) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[c + d x^{2}])^{2}} dx \text{ when } c^{2} = 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[1 + d x^{2}])^{2}} dx$$

### Rule:

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[1+d_.*x_^2])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[-2*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]/(2*b*d*x*(a+b*ArcCos[1+d*x^2])) +
    x*Sin[a/(2*b)]*CosIntegral[(a+b*ArcCos[1+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^2*Sqrt[(-d)*x^2]) -
    x*Cos[a/(2*b)]*SinIntegral[(a+b*ArcCos[1+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^2*Sqrt[(-d)*x^2]) /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,d},x]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[-1 + d x^2])^2} dx$$

### Rule:

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]\right)^2}\,\mathrm{d}x}{2\,b\,d\,x\,\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]\right)} - \frac{x\,\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\operatorname{CosIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2\,b}\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]\right)\right]}{2\,\sqrt{2}\,\,b^2\,\sqrt{d\,x^2}} - \frac{x\,\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{a}{2\,b}\right]\operatorname{SinIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2\,b}\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcCos}\left[-1+d\,x^2\right]\right)\right]}{2\,\sqrt{2}\,\,b^2\,\sqrt{d\,x^2}}$$

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[-1+d_.*x_^2])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[2*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]/(2*b*d*x*(a+b*ArcCos[-1+d*x^2])) -
    x*Cos[a/(2*b)]*CosIntegral[(a+b*ArcCos[-1+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^2*Sqrt[d*x^2]) -
    x*Sin[a/(2*b)]*SinIntegral[(a+b*ArcCos[-1+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^2*Sqrt[d*x^2]) /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,d},x]
```

3: 
$$\int \left(a+b \, ArcSin \left[c+d \, x^2\right]\right)^n \, dx \text{ when } c^2 = 1 \, \wedge \, n < -1 \, \wedge \, n \neq -2$$

## Derivation: Inverted integration by parts twice

Rule: If 
$$c^2 = 1 \land n < -1 \land n \neq -2$$
, then

$$\frac{\int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^n \, dx}{x \, \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-2 \, c \, d \, x^2 - d^2 \, x^4} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+1}}{2 \, b \, d \, (n+1) \, x} - \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+1) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2) \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx + \frac{1}{4 \, b^2 \, (n+2)} \int \left(a + b \, ArcSin \left[c + d \, x^2\right]\right)^{n+2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_+d_.*x_^2])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])^(n+2)/(4*b^2*(n+1)*(n+2)) +
    Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]*(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])^(n+1)/(2*b*d*(n+1)*x) -
    1/(4*b^2*(n+1)*(n+2))*Int[(a+b*ArcSin[c+d*x^2])^(n+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1] && LtQ[n,-1] && NeQ[n,-2]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_+d_.*x_^2])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*(a+b*ArcCos[c+d*x^2])^(n+2)/(4*b^2*(n+1)*(n+2)) -
    Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2-d^2*x^4]*(a+b*ArcCos[c+d*x^2])^(n+1)/(2*b*d*(n+1)*x) -
    1/(4*b^2*(n+1)*(n+2))*Int[(a+b*ArcCos[c+d*x^2])^(n+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,1] && LtQ[n,-1] && NeQ[n,-2]
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{ArcSin[a x^p]^n}{x} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{ArcSin[a \ x^p]^n}{x} = \frac{1}{p} ArcSin[a \ x^p]^n Cot[ArcSin[a \ x^p]] \partial_x ArcSin[a \ x^p]$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}[a \, x^p]^n}{x} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{1}{p} \, \operatorname{Subst} \Big[ \int x^n \, \operatorname{Cot}[x] \, dx, \, x, \, \operatorname{ArcSin}[a \, x^p] \Big]$$

```
Int[ArcSin[a_.*x_^p_]^n_./x_,x_Symbol] :=
    1/p*Subst[Int[x^n*Cot[x],x],x,ArcSin[a*x^p]] /;
FreeQ[{a,p},x] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[ArcCos[a_.*x_^p_]^n_./x_,x_Symbol] :=
    -1/p*Subst[Int[x^n*Tan[x],x],x,ArcCos[a*x^p]] /;
FreeQ[{a,p},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

4: 
$$\int u \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[ \frac{c}{a+b x^n} \right]^m dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: ArcSin[z] == ArcCsc $\left[\frac{1}{7}\right]$ 

Rule:

$$\int\! u\, \text{ArcSin} \Big[ \frac{c}{a+b\, x^n} \Big]^m \, \text{d} x \ \to \ \int\! u\, \text{ArcCsc} \Big[ \frac{a}{c} + \frac{b\, x^n}{c} \Big]^m \, \text{d} x$$

```
Int[u_.*ArcSin[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.)]^m_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[u*ArcCsc[a/c+b*x^n/c]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,m},x]

Int[u_.*ArcCos[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.)]^m_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[u*ArcSec[a/c+b*x^n/c]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,m},x]
```

5: 
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{1+b \, x^2}\right]^n}{\sqrt{1+b \, x^2}} \, dx$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{-b x^2}}{x} = 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{x \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[ \sqrt{1+b \ x^2} \right]^n}{\sqrt{-b \ x^2} \ \sqrt{1+b \ x^2}} = \frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin} [x]^n}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}, \ x, \ \sqrt{1+b \ x^2} \right] \ \partial_x \sqrt{1+b \ x^2}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{1+b\,x^2}\right]^n}{\sqrt{1+b\,x^2}} \, dx \to \frac{\sqrt{-b\,x^2}}{x} \int \frac{x\,\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{1+b\,x^2}\right]^n}{\sqrt{-b\,x^2}\,\sqrt{1+b\,x^2}} \, dx$$

$$\to \frac{\sqrt{-b\,x^2}}{b\,x} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}[x]^n}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \, dx, \, x, \, \sqrt{1+b\,x^2}\right]$$

```
Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[1+b_.*x_^2]]^n_./Sqrt[1+b_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[-b*x^2]/(b*x)*Subst[Int[ArcSin[x]^n/Sqrt[1-x^2],x],x,Sqrt[1+b*x^2]] /;
FreeQ[{b,n},x]

Int[ArcCos[Sqrt[1+b_.*x_^2]]^n_./Sqrt[1+b_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[-b*x^2]/(b*x)*Subst[Int[ArcCos[x]^n/Sqrt[1-x^2],x],x,Sqrt[1+b*x^2]] /;
FreeQ[{b,n},x]
```

6:  $\int \mathbf{u} \, \mathbf{f}^{\operatorname{cArcSin}[\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{b}\,\mathbf{x}]^n} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \text{ when } \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ 

Derivation: Integration by substitution

#### Basis:

$$F[x, ArcSin[a+bx]] = \frac{1}{b} Subst \Big[ F\Big[ -\frac{a}{b} + \frac{Sin[x]}{b}, x \Big] Cos[x], x, ArcSin[a+bx] \Big] \partial_x ArcSin[a+bx]$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int u \ f^{c \, ArcSin[a+b \, x]^n} \, dx \ \rightarrow \ \frac{1}{b} \, Subst \Big[ \int Subst \Big[ u, \, x, \, -\frac{a}{b} + \frac{Sin[x]}{b} \Big] \ f^{c \, x^n} \, Cos[x] \, dx, \, x, \, ArcSin[a+b \, x] \Big]$$

# Program code:

```
Int[u_.*f_^(c_.*ArcSin[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.),x_Symbol] :=
    1/b*Subst[Int[ReplaceAll[u,x→-a/b+Sin[x]/b]*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x],x],x,ArcSin[a+b*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[u_.*f_^(c_.*ArcCos[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_.),x_Symbol] :=
    -1/b*Subst[Int[ReplaceAll[u,x→-a/b+Cos[x]/b]*f^(c*x^n)*Sin[x],x],x,ArcCos[a+b*x]] /;
```

7. v (a + b ArcSin[u]) dx when u is free of inverse functions

FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x] && IGtQ[n,0]

1. v (a + b ArcSin[u]) dx when u is free of inverse functions

1: 
$$\int ArcSin \left[ a x^2 + b \sqrt{c + d x^2} \right] dx \text{ when } b^2 c = 1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If 
$$b^2 = 1$$
, then  $1 - (a x^2 + b \sqrt{c + d x^2})^2 = -x^2 (b^2 d + a^2 x^2 + 2 a b \sqrt{c + d x^2})$ 

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{x \sqrt{b^{2} d+a^{2} x^{2}+2 a b \sqrt{c+d x^{2}}}}{\sqrt{-x^{2} \left(b^{2} d+a^{2} x^{2}+2 a b \sqrt{c+d x^{2}}\right)}} = 0$$

Note: The resulting integrand is of the form  $x \in [x^2]$  which can be integrated by substitution.

Rule: If  $b^2 c = 1$ , then

```
Int[ArcSin[a.*x_^2+b.*Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]],x_Symbol] :=
    x*ArcSin[a*x^2+b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]] -
    x*Sqrt[b^2*d+a^2*x^2+2*a*b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]]/Sqrt[(-x^2)*(b^2*d+a^2*x^2+2*a*b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2])]*
    Int[x*(b*d+2*a*Sqrt[c+d*x^2])/(Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[b^2*d +a^2*x^2+2*a*b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[b^2*c,1]

Int[ArcCos[a.*x_^2+b.*Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]],x_Symbol] :=
    x*ArcCos[a*x^2+b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]] +
    x*Sqrt[b^2*d+a^2*x^2+2*a*b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]]/Sqrt[(-x^2)*(b^2*d+a^2*x^2+2*a*b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2])]*
    Int[x*(b*d+2*a*Sqrt[c+d*x^2])/(Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[b^2*d+a^2*x^2+2*a*b*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[b^2*c,1]
```

2:  $\int ArcSin[u] dx$  when u is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If u is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int ArcSin[u] dx \rightarrow x ArcSin[u] - \int \frac{x \partial_x u}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} dx$$

```
Int[ArcSin[u_],x_Symbol] :=
    x*ArcSin[u] -
    Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1-u^2],x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]

Int[ArcCos[u_],x_Symbol] :=
    x*ArcCos[u] +
    Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1-u^2],x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

2:  $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[u]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1 \wedge u$  is free of inverse functions

## **Derivation: Integration by parts**

Rule: If  $m \neq -1 \land u$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int \left(c+d\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[u]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{\left(c+d\,x\right)^{m+1}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[u]\right)}{d\,\left(m+1\right)} \,-\, \frac{b}{d\,\left(m+1\right)}\,\int \frac{\left(c+d\,x\right)^{m+1}\,\partial_{x}\,u}{\sqrt{1-u^{2}}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
    (c+d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m+1)) -
    b/(d*(m+1))*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1-u^2],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1),u,x]] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]] && Not[functionOfE
```

3:  $\int v (a + b ArcSin[u]) dx$  when u and  $\int v dx$  are free of inverse functions

## **Derivation: Integration by parts**

InverseFunctionFreeQ[w,x]] /;

Rule: If u is free of inverse functions, let  $w = \int v \, dx$ , if w is free of inverse functions, then

 $FreeQ[\{a,b\},x] \&\& InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] \&\& Not[MatchQ[v, (c_.+d_.*x)^m_. /; FreeQ[\{c,d,m\},x]]] \\$ 

$$\int v \, \left( a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[u] \right) \, \text{d} \, x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, w \, \left( a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[u] \right) \, - \, b \, \int \frac{w \, \partial_x \, u}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} \, \text{d} \, x$$

```
Int[v_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{w=IntHide[v,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSin[u]),w,x] -
    b*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[w*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1-u^2],x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[w,x]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b},x] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[MatchQ[v, (c_.+d_.*x)^m_. /; FreeQ[{c,d,m},x]]]

Int[v_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{w=IntHide[v,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCos[u]),w,x] +
    b*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[w*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1-u^2],x],x] /;
```