Rules for integrands of the form $(d Sec[e + f x])^n (a + b Sec[e + f x])^m$

1:
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]) (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$a + b z = a + \frac{b}{d} (d z)$$

Rule:

$$\int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)\, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ a\, \int \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\, \mathrm{d}x \, + \, \frac{b}{d}\, \int \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n+1}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n,x] + b/d*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x]
```

2:
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^2 (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$(a + b z)^2 = 2 a b z + a^2 + b^2 z^2$$

Rule:

$$\int \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^2\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, \text{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \frac{2\,a\,b}{d}\, \int \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}\, \text{d}x \, + \, \int \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, \left(a^2+b^2\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\right)\, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^2*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    2*a*b/d*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1),x] + Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n*(a^2+b^2*Csc[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]^2}{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{z}{a+bz} = \frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b(a+bz)}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big]^2}{a + b \operatorname{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big]} \, \mathrm{d} x \, \to \, \frac{1}{b} \int \operatorname{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \, \mathrm{d} x - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{\operatorname{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big]}{a + b \operatorname{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big]} \, \mathrm{d} x$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2/(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x],x] - a/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x]/(a+b*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x]
```

4:
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]^3}{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{z}{a+bz} = \frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b(a+bz)}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]^3}{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]}{b\,f} - \frac{a}{b}\int \frac{Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]^2}{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^3/(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]/(b*f) - a/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x]^2/(a+b*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x]
```

5.
$$\int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\, \mathrm{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0$$

$$1: \, \int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\, \mathrm{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \, \land \, m\in\mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then
$$\int (a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x])^m \, (d \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x])^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \text{ExpandTrig}[\, (a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x])^m \, (d \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x])^n, \, x] \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrig[(a+b*csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*csc[e+f*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && RationalQ[n]
```

2.
$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 == 0$
1. $\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m > 0$
1: $\int Sec[e+fx] \sqrt{a+b Sec[e+fx]} dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 == 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, m \rightarrow $\frac{1}{2}$, n \rightarrow -1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int Sec[e+fx] \sqrt{a+b} Sec[e+fx] dx \rightarrow \frac{2b Tan[e+fx]}{f \sqrt{a+b} Sec[e+fx]}$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b*Cot[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \land m>\frac{1}{2}$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1b with $n \to 0$, $p \to 0$

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m > \frac{1}{2}$$
, then

```
 Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] := -b*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m_+ a*(2*m-1)/m*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m_+ a*(2*m-1)/m*Int[Csc[e+f*x])^m_+ a*(2*m-1)/m
```

2.
$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \land m<0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{Sec[e+fx]}{a+b Sec[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2a with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, m \rightarrow -1, n \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]} dx \to \frac{\operatorname{Tan}[e+fx]}{f(b+a\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])}$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]/(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]/(f*(b+a*Csc[e+f*x])) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0$$

Author: Martin on sci.math.symbolic on 10 March 2011

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then $\frac{\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} = \frac{2}{f}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\frac{1}{2\,a+x^2}\,,\,\,x\,,\,\,\frac{b\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\Big]\,\,\partial_X\,\frac{b\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f} \, \mathsf{x}]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{Sec}[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f} \, \mathsf{x}]}} \, d\mathsf{x} \, \to \, \frac{\mathsf{2}}{\mathsf{f}} \operatorname{Subst} \Big[\int \frac{1}{2 \, \mathsf{a} + \mathsf{x}^2} \, d\mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \frac{\mathsf{b} \operatorname{Tan}[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f} \, \mathsf{x}]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \operatorname{Sec}[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f} \, \mathsf{x}]}} \Big]$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2/f*Subst[Int[1/(2*a+x^2),x],x,b*Cot[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

3:
$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \land m<-\frac{1}{2}$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2b with $n \to 0$, $p \to 0$

Rule: If
$$a^2-b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{b Tan[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m}{a f (2 m+1)} + \frac{m+1}{a (2 m+1)} \int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^{m+1} dx$$

```
 Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] := b*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1)) + (m+1)/(a*(2*m+1))*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(m+1),x] /; FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

3.
$$\int Sec[e + fx]^2 (a + b Sec[e + fx])^m dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 == 0$
1: $\int Sec[e + fx]^2 (a + b Sec[e + fx])^m dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2a with A \rightarrow c , B \rightarrow d , n \rightarrow 0 , p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\int Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\,\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,dx \ \to \ \frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m}{f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} + \frac{m}{b\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} \int Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,dx$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*(2*m+1)) +
   m/(b*(2*m+1))*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

2:
$$\int Sec[e+fx]^2(a+bSec[e+fx])^m dx$$
 when $a^2-b^2=0 \land m \not -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2c with A \rightarrow c , B \rightarrow d , n \rightarrow 0 , p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \not< -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\int Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\,\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m}{f\,\left(m+1\right)} + \frac{a\,m}{b\,\left(m+1\right)} \int Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
   a*m/(b*(m+1))*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```

4. $\int Sec[e+fx]^3 (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx$ when $a^2-b^2 == 0$ 1: $\int Sec[e+fx]^3 (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx$ when $a^2-b^2 == 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: ???

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]^3 \, \left(a+b\,Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ -\frac{b\,Tan \left[e+f\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\,Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m}{a\,f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} \, -\frac{1}{a^2\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} \int Sec \left[e+f\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\,Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(a\,m-b\,\left(2\,m+1\right)\,Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^3*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
b*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1)) -
1/(a^2*(2*m+1))*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(a*m-b*(2*m+1)*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

2:
$$\left[\text{Sec} \left[e + f x \right]^3 \left(a + b \text{ Sec} \left[e + f x \right] \right)^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \not\leftarrow -\frac{1}{2} \right]$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow a², B \rightarrow 2 a b, C \rightarrow b², m \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \not< -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\int Sec \big[e + f \, x \big]^3 \, \big(a + b \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big)^m \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{Tan \big[e + f \, x \big] \, \big(a + b \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big)^{m+1}}{b \, f \, (m+2)} + \frac{1}{b \, (m+2)} \int Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \, \big(a + b \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big)^m \, \big(b \, (m+1) - a \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big) \, dx$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^3*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +
   1/(b*(m+2))*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(b*(m+1)-a*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```

5.
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \ (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n \, dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1. $\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \ (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n \, dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n > 0$

1. $\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \ \sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \ dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

1. $\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \ \sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \ dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{a d}{b} > 0$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\begin{split} &\text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \land \ \frac{a\,d}{b} > 0 \text{, then} \\ &\sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}[e + f\,x]} \ \sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}[e + f\,x]} = \frac{2\,a}{b\,f} \sqrt{\frac{a\,d}{b}} \ \text{Subst} \big[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a}}}, \ x, \ \frac{b\,\text{Tan}[e + f\,x]}{\sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}[e + f\,x]}} \big] \ \partial_x \frac{b\,\text{Tan}[e + f\,x]}{\sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}[e + f\,x]}} \end{split}$$

$$&\text{Rule: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \land \ \frac{a\,d}{b} > 0 \text{, then}$$

$$&\int \sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}[e + f\,x]} \ \sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}[e + f\,x]} \ dx \ \rightarrow \frac{2\,a}{b\,f} \sqrt{\frac{a\,d}{b}} \ \text{Subst} \Big[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a}}} \, dx \ , \ x, \ \frac{b\,\text{Tan}[e + f\,x]}{\sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}[e + f\,x]}} \Big] \end{split}$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*a/(b*f)*Sqrt[a*d/b]*Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1+x^2/a],x],x,b*Cot[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[a*d/b,0]
```

2:
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec} \left[e + f x \right]} \sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec} \left[e + f x \right]} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge \frac{a d}{b} > 0$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\begin{split} & \text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 == 0, \text{then} \\ & \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]} \, \sqrt{d \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]} = \frac{2 \, b \, d}{f} \, \text{Subst} \Big[\frac{1}{b - d \, x^2}, \, x \, , \, \frac{b \, \text{Tan}[e + f \, x]}{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]}} \Big] \, \partial_x \, \frac{b \, \text{Tan}[e + f \, x]}{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]}} \, \sqrt{d \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]} \, \\ & \text{Rule: If } a^2 - b^2 == 0 \, \wedge \, \frac{a \, d}{b} \not > 0, \text{ then} \\ & \int \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]} \, \sqrt{d \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{2 \, b \, d}{f} \, \text{Subst} \Big[\int \frac{1}{b - d \, x^2} \, dx \, , \, x \, , \, \frac{b \, \text{Tan}[e + f \, x]}{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]}} \, \sqrt{d \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x]} \, \Big] \end{split}$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b*d/f*Subst[Int[1/(b-d*x^2),x],x,b*Cot[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]])] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[GtQ[a*d/b,0]]
```

2:
$$\int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\big(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n\,dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0\,\,\wedge\,\,n>1$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, m \rightarrow $\frac{1}{2}$, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0 and algebraic simplification

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land n > 1$, then

$$\begin{split} & \int \sqrt{a+b}\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big] \,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \to \\ & \frac{2\,b\,d\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big] \,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}}{f\,\left(2\,n-1\right)\,\sqrt{a+b}\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} + \frac{2\,a\,d\,\left(n-1\right)}{b\,\left(2\,n-1\right)} \int \!\!\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int \sqrt{a+b} \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \, \left(d \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d} \, x \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \, \wedge \, n < 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b} \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big]}{\sqrt{d} \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big]} \, \text{d} \, x \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, m \rightarrow $\frac{1}{2}$, n \rightarrow $-\frac{3}{2}$, p \rightarrow 0

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow a, B \rightarrow b, m \rightarrow $-\frac{1}{2}$, n \rightarrow $-\frac{3}{2}$, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x\ \to\ \frac{2\,a\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{f\,\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*a*Cot[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \, \wedge \, n<-\tfrac{1}{2}$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow a, B \rightarrow b, m \rightarrow $-\frac{1}{2}$, p \rightarrow 0 and algebraic simplification

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land n < -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(d\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, dx \,\, \rightarrow \\ -\, \frac{a\, \text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \left(d\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\, n\, \sqrt{a+b\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} + \frac{a\, (2\,n+1)}{2\,b\, d\, n} \, \int \! \sqrt{a+b\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(d\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a*Cot[e+f*x]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*n*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]) +
    a*(2*n+1)/(2*b*d*n)*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[n,-1/2] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

3:
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x] \right)^n dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 == 0, \text{then } \partial_x \, \frac{\text{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, \frac{\mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, \frac{\mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, == 1 \\ & \text{Basis: } \mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big] \, \mathsf{F}\big[\mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]\big] == \frac{1}{\mathsf{f}} \, \mathsf{Subst}\big[\frac{\mathsf{F}[\mathsf{x}]}{\mathsf{x}}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]\big] \, \partial_x \, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big] \\ & \mathsf{Rule: If } \, \mathsf{a}^2 - \mathsf{b}^2 = \mathsf{0}, \mathsf{then} \\ & \int \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]} \, \left(\mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]\right)^n \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x} \, \to - \frac{\mathsf{a}^2 \, \mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, \int \frac{\mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x} \\ & \to - \frac{\mathsf{a}^2 \, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\mathsf{f}\, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, \int \frac{\mathsf{d} \mathsf{a}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\sqrt{\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big] \\ & \to - \frac{\mathsf{a}^2 \, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\mathsf{f}\, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}} \, \sqrt{\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]} \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big] \\ & \to - \frac{\mathsf{a}^2 \, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]} \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big] \\ & \to - \frac{\mathsf{a}^2 \, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{b}\, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]} \, \mathsf{d} \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big] \\ & \to - \frac{\mathsf{a}^2 \, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big]}{\mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{x}, \, \mathsf{sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\, \mathsf{x}\big] \\ & \to - \frac{\mathsf{a}^2 \, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{a}\, \mathsf{d}\, \mathsf{d}$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a^2*d*Cot[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Csc[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(d*x)^(n-1)/Sqrt[a-b*x],x],x,Csc[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land d = \frac{a}{b} \land a > 0$$
, then $\frac{\sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a}}{b \, f} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}, x, \frac{b \operatorname{Tan}[e+fx]}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}\right] \partial_x \frac{b \operatorname{Tan}[e+fx]}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}$ Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land d = \frac{a}{b} \land a > 0$, then
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}} \, \mathrm{d}x \to \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a}}{b \, f} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \, \mathrm{d}x, x, \frac{b \operatorname{Tan}[e+fx]}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}\right]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]/(b*f)*Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1+x^2],x],x,b*Cot[e+f*x]/(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[d-a/b,0] && GtQ[a,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]}} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$Basis: If \ a^2 - b^2 = 0, then \ \frac{\sqrt{d \, Sec[e+f\,x]}}{\sqrt{a+b \, Sec[e+f\,x]}} = \frac{2\,b\,d}{a\,f} \, Subst \left[\frac{1}{2\,b-d\,x^2}, \, x\,, \, \frac{b\, Tan[e+f\,x]}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec[e+f\,x]}} \, \sqrt{d\, Sec[e+f\,x]}} \right] \, \partial_x \, \frac{b\, Tan[e+f\,x]}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec[e+f\,x]}} \, \sqrt{d\, Sec[e+f\,x]}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \,\,\to\,\, \frac{2\,b\,d}{a\,f}\,\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{1}{2\,b-d\,x^2}\,\text{d}x\,,\,x\,,\,\, \frac{b\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b*d/(a*f)*Subst[Int[1/(2*b-d*x^2),x],x,b*Cot[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]]))] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int (a + b \, \text{Sec} \, [e + f \, x])^m \, (d \, \text{Sec} \, [e + f \, x])^n \, dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n = 0 \wedge m > \frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, m \rightarrow -n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m + n = 0 \land m > \frac{1}{2}$$
, then
$$\int \left(a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]\right)^m \left(d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]\right)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{a \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x] \left(a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]\right)^{m-1} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]\right)^n}{f m} + \frac{b \left(2 m - 1\right)}{d m} \int \left(a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]\right)^{m-1} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]\right)^{n+1} dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -a*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*m) +
    b*(2*m-1)/(d*m)*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[m+n,0] && GtQ[m,1/2] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

3:
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m + n = 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2b with A \rightarrow c , B \rightarrow d , n \rightarrow -m - 2 , p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m + n = 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    b*d*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
    d*(m+1)/(b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[m+n,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

7.
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n + 1 = 0$

1: $\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx$ when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m + n + 1 = 0 \wedge m < -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2b with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, n \rightarrow -m - 2, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2-b^2=0 \wedge m+n+1=0 \wedge m<-\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*m+1)) +
   m/(a*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[m+n+1,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

2:
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m + n + 1 = 0 \land m \nleq -\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, m \rightarrow -n - 2, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m + n + 1 = 0 \land m \not< -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\frac{\int \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, dx}{f\, \left(m+1\right)} + \frac{a\, m}{b\, d\, \left(m+1\right)} \int \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}\, dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+1)) +
   a*m/(b*d*(m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[m+n+1,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```

```
8. \int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx])^n dx when a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m > 1

1: \int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx])^n dx when a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m > 1 \land n < -1
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow a, B \rightarrow b, m \rightarrow m - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m > 1 \land n < -1$, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^n\,\text{d}x\,\,\longrightarrow\\ &-\frac{b^2\,\text{Tan}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^{m-2}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^n}{f\,n}\,-\\ &\frac{a}{d\,n}\int\!\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\right)^{m-2}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\right)^{n+1}\,\left(b\,\left(m-2\,n-2\right)\,-a\,\left(m+2\,n-1\right)\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \big( a_{-} + b_{-} * csc \big[ e_{-} + f_{-} * x_{-} \big] \big) \wedge m_{-} * \big( d_{-} * csc \big[ e_{-} + f_{-} * x_{-} \big] \big) \wedge n_{-} , x_{-} \\ & \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & b^{2} * \text{Cot} \big[ e_{+} f_{*} x \big] * \big( a_{+} b_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ e_{+} f_{*} x \big] \big) \wedge \big( m_{-} 2 \big) * \big( d_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ e_{+} f_{*} x \big] \big) \wedge n_{-} \big( f_{*} n \big) \\ & - a_{-} \big( d_{*} n \big) * \text{Int} \big[ \big( a_{+} b_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ e_{+} f_{*} x \big] \big) \wedge \big( m_{-} 2 \big) * \big( d_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ e_{+} f_{*} x \big] \big) \wedge \big( n_{+} 1 \big) * \big( b_{*} \big( m_{-} 2 * n_{-} 2 \big) - a_{*} \big( m_{+} 2 * n_{-} 1 \big) * \text{Csc} \big[ e_{+} f_{*} x \big] \big) , x \big] / ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ a_{+} b_{+} d_{+} e_{+} \big\} + a_{+} \big\} & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} b_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-} a_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-} a_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-} a_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-} a_{-} a_{+} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-} a_{-} a_{-} a_{+} \big] & \text{\& EqQ} \big[ a_{+} a_{-} a_{-
```

2:
$$\int (a + b \, \text{Sec} \, [e + f \, x])^m \, (d \, \text{Sec} \, [e + f \, x])^n \, dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \land \, m > 1 \, \land \, n \not < -1 \, \land \, m + n - 1 \neq 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow a, B \rightarrow b, m \rightarrow m - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m > 1 \land n \not< -1 \land m + n - 1 \neq 0$$
, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^n\,\text{d}x\,\,\longrightarrow\,\\ &\frac{b^2\,\text{Tan}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-2}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\,\left(m+n-1\right)}\,+\\ &\frac{b}{m+n-1}\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-2}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\left(b\,\left(m+2\,n-1\right)\,+\,a\,\left(3\,m+2\,n-4\right)\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -b^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+n-1)) +
    b/(m+n-1)*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n*(b*(m+2*n-1)+a*(3*m+2*n-4)*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[m,1] && NeQ[m+n-1,0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2a with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -1 \land 1 < n < 2$$
, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{m} (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{n} dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{b d \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x] (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{m} (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{n-1}}{a f (2 m + 1)} -$$

$$\frac{d}{a\;b\;\left(2\;m+1\right)}\;\int\!\left(a\;+\;b\;Sec\left[\,e\;+\;f\;x\,\right]\,\right)^{m+1}\;\left(d\;Sec\left[\,e\;+\;f\;x\,\right]\,\right)^{n-1}\;\left(a\;\left(\,n\;-\;1\right)\;-\;b\;\left(\,m\;+\;n\right)\;Sec\left[\,e\;+\;f\;x\,\right]\,\right)\;\mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
b*d*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(2*m+1)) -
d/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-1)*(a*(n-1)-b*(m+n)*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[1,n,2] && (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m])
```

2:
$$\int (a + b Sec[e + fx])^m (d Sec[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -1 \land n > 2$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2a with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -1 \land n > 2$, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^n\,\text{d}x\,\,\to\,\\ &\frac{d^2\,\text{Tan}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^{n-2}}{f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)}\,+\\ &\frac{d^2}{a\,b\,\left(2\,m+1\right)}\,\int\!\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^{m+1}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^{n-2}\,\left(b\,\left(n-2\right)+a\,\left(m-n+2\right)\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)/(f*(2*m+1)) +
   d^2/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)*(b*(n-2)+a*(m-n+2)*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && GtQ[n,2] && (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m])
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2b with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -1 \land n \not > 0$, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^n\,\text{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \\ &\frac{\text{Tan}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^n}{f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} \,\,+ \\ &\frac{1}{a^2\,\left(2\,m+1\right)}\,\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{m+1}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^n\,\left(a\,\left(2\,m+n+1\right)\,-b\,\left(m+n+1\right)\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*m+1)) +
   1/(a^2*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n*(a*(2*m+n+1)-b*(m+n+1)*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m])
```

10.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}=0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}=0 \ \land \ n>1$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2a with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, m \rightarrow -1, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land n > 1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n}{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \to \ -\frac{d^2\,\operatorname{Tan}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\,\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-2}}{f\,\left(a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)} - \frac{d^2}{a\,b}\,\int\!\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-2}\,\left(b\,\left(n-2\right)\,-a\,\left(n-1\right)\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)/(f*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])) -
    d^2/(a*b)*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)*(b*(n-2)-a*(n-1)*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2.0] && GtQ[n,1]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \wedge n < 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2b with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, m \rightarrow -1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land n < 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\,Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n}{a+b\,Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, -\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(d\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\,\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)} \,-\,\frac{1}{a^2}\int \left(d\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\left(a\,\left(n-1\right)\,-\,b\,n\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,dx \,\,dx \,\, dx \,\, d$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \big( \text{d}_{-} * \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} * \text{f}_{-} * \text{x}_{-} \big] \big) ^{n} / \big( \text{a}_{-} * \text{b}_{-} * \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} * \text{f}_{-} * \text{x}_{-} \big] \big) , \text{x\_Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{Cot} \big[ \text{e}_{+} \text{f}_{*} \text{x} \big] * \big( \text{d}_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ \text{e}_{+} \text{f}_{*} \text{x} \big] \big) ^{n} / \big( \text{f}_{*} \big( \text{a}_{+} \text{b}_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ \text{e}_{+} \text{f}_{*} \text{x} \big] \big) \big) \\ & \text{1/a}_{2} * \text{Int} \big[ \big( \text{d}_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ \text{e}_{+} \text{f}_{*} \text{x} \big] \big) ^{n} / \big( \text{a}_{*} (\text{n-1})_{-} \text{b}_{*} \text{n}_{*} \text{Csc} \big[ \text{e}_{+} \text{f}_{*} \text{x} \big] \big) , \text{x} \big] / ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ \text{a}_{*} \text{b}_{*} \text{d}_{*} \text{e}_{*} \text{f} \big\} , \text{x} \big] & \& \text{EqQ} \big[ \text{a}_{2} - \text{b}_{2} , \text{0} \big] & \& \text{LtQ} [\text{n}_{*}, \text{0}] \end{aligned}
```

3:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} = 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2a with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, m \rightarrow -1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,dx\,\,\to\,\,\frac{b\,d\,\operatorname{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}}{a\,f\,\left(a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}\,+\,\frac{d\,\left(n-1\right)}{a\,b}\,\int \left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}\,\left(a-b\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,dx$$

Program code:

11.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+fx\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}=0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+fx\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}=0 \ \land \ n>1$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+fx\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}=0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{dz}{\sqrt{a+bz}} = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bz}}{b} - \frac{ad}{b\sqrt{a+bz}}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e + f\,x\,\big]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e + f\,x\,\big]}}\,\,\text{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{d}{b}\,\int \sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e + f\,x\,\big]}\,\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e + f\,x\,\big]}\,\,\text{d}x - \frac{a\,d}{b}\,\int \frac{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e + f\,x\,\big]}}{\sqrt{a + b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e + f\,x\,\big]}}\,\,\text{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    d/b*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]],x] -
    a*d/b*Int[Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \wedge n > 2$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2c with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, m $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land n > 2$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}}\,\mathrm{d}x \,\, \rightarrow \\ \frac{2\,d^2\,\operatorname{Tan}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\,\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-2}}{f\,\left(2\,n-3\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]}} + \frac{d^2}{b\,\left(2\,n-3\right)}\,\int \frac{\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-2}\,\left(2\,b\,\left(n-2\right)\,-a\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)/(f*(2*n-3)*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]) +
    d^2/(b*(2*n-3))*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)*(2*b*(n-2)-a*Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[n,2] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \wedge n < 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land n < 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, dx \ \rightarrow \ -\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\, n\, \sqrt{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}} + \frac{1}{2\,b\,d\,n} \int \frac{\left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1} \left(a+b\, (2\,n+1)\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
   Cot[e+f*x]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*n*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]) +
   1/(2*b*d*n)*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1)*(a+b*(2*n+1)*Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

12:
$$\int (a + b \, \text{Sec} \, [e + f \, x])^m \, (d \, \text{Sec} \, [e + f \, x])^n \, dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, n > 2 \wedge \, m + n - 1 \neq 0$

Derivation: Singly degenerate secant recurrence 2c with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land n > 2 \land m + n - 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m \, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n \, dx \ \rightarrow \\ \frac{d^2\, Tan\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr] \, \left(a+b\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^m \, \left(d\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{n-2}}{f\, \left(m+n-1\right)} + \frac{d^2}{b\, \left(m+n-1\right)} \, \int \left(a+b\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^m \, \left(d\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{n-2} \, \left(b\, \left(n-2\right) + a\, m\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right) \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)/(f*(m+n-1)) +
   d^2/(b*(m+n-1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)*(b*(n-2)+a*m*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[n,2] && NeQ[m+n-1,0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{\text{Tan}[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b}\,\text{Sec}[e+fx]} = 0$

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $-\frac{a^2\,\text{Tan}[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b}\,\text{Sec}[e+fx]} \frac{\text{Tan}[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a-b}\,\text{Sec}[e+fx]} \frac{\text{Tan}[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b}\,\text{Sec}[e+fx]} = 1$

Basis: If $a > 0$, then $\frac{\text{Tan}[e+fx](a+b\,\text{Sec}[e+fx])^{m-\frac{1}{2}}(\frac{b}{a}\,\text{Sec}[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a-b}\,\text{Sec}[e+fx]} = 1$

$$\sqrt{a-b} \, \text{Sec}[e+f\,x]$$

$$-\frac{1}{a^n\,f} \, \text{Subst}\Big[\frac{(a-x)^{\,n-1}\,(2\,a-x)^{\,m-\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}},\,\,x\,,\,\,a-b\,\,\text{Sec}[e+f\,x]\,\Big]\,\,\partial_x\,(a-b\,\,\text{Sec}[e+f\,x]\,)$$

Rule: If $a^2-b^2 == 0 \ \land \ m \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ a>0 \ \land \ n \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ \frac{a\,d}{b}>0$, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{m} (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{n} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{a^2\left(\frac{a\,d}{b}\right)^n Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \sqrt{\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{b}{a}\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a-b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \\$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{a\,d}{b}\right)^n \, \mathsf{Tan}\big[\,\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\,\big]}{\mathsf{a}^{\mathsf{n}-2}\,\,\mathsf{f}\,\sqrt{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{Sec}\big[\,\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\,\big]}}\,\,\sqrt{\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{Sec}\big[\,\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\,\big]}}\,\,\mathsf{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{\left(\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{x}\right)^{\,\mathsf{n}-1}\,\left(\mathsf{2}\,\,\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{x}\right)^{\,\mathsf{m}-\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{\mathsf{x}}}\,\,\mathrm{d}\mathsf{x}\,,\,\,\mathsf{x}\,,\,\,\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{Sec}\big[\,\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\,\big]\,\Big]}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(a*d/b)^n*Cot[e+f*x]/(a^(n-2)*f*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Csc[e+f*x]])*
    Subst[Int[(a-x)^(n-1)*(2*a-x)^(m-1/2)/Sqrt[x],x],x,a-b*Csc[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && GtQ[a,0] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && GtQ[a*d/b,0]
```

$$2: \ \int \left(a+b\ Sec\left[e+f\ x\right]\right)^m\ \left(d\ Sec\left[e+f\ x\right]\right)^n\ \text{\mathbb{d}} \ x \ \text{ when } \ a^2-b^2=0\ \land\ m\notin\mathbb{Z}\ \land\ a>0\ \land\ n\notin\mathbb{Z}\ \land\ \frac{a\ d}{b}<0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Basis: If } a^2-b^2=0, \text{then } \partial_x \, \frac{\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{a-b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} = 0 \\ & \text{Basis: If } a^2-b^2=0, \text{then } -\frac{a^2\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \frac{\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \frac{\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} = 1 \\ & \text{Basis: If } a>0, \text{then } \frac{\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big])^{\frac{m-\frac{1}{2}}{2}} \left(-\frac{b}{a}\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a-b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} = \\ & -\frac{1}{a^n\,f}\,\text{Subst} \left[\frac{x^{\frac{m-\frac{1}{2}}{2}}\,(a-x)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}}{\sqrt{2\,a-x}}, \,\, x\,, \,\, a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right] \, \bar{\partial}_x \,\, (a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big])} \\ & \text{Rule: If } a^2-b^2=0 \,\, \land \,\, m\notin\mathbb{Z} \,\, \land \,\, a>0 \,\, \land \,\, n\notin\mathbb{Z} \,\, \land \,\, \frac{a\,d}{b}<0, \text{then } \\ & \int (a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big])^m\,\, (d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big])^n\,\, dx \,\, \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{a^2\,\left(-\frac{a\,d}{b}\right)^n\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a-b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \,\, \int \frac{\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a-b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \,\, \frac{(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big])^{\frac{n-\frac{1}{2}}{2}} \left(-\frac{b}{a}\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a-b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \,\, dx \,\, \rightarrow \\ & \frac{\left(-\frac{a\,d}{b}\right)^n\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{a^{n-1}\,f\,\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \,\, \sqrt{a-b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \,\, \text{Subst} \Big[\int \frac{x^{m-\frac{1}{2}}\,(a-x)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{2\,a-x}} \,\, dx\,, \, x\,, \, a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \Big] \end{aligned}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(-a*d/b)^n*Cot[e+f*x]/(a^(n-1)*f*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Csc[e+f*x]])*
    Subst[Int[x^(m-1/2)*(a-x)^(n-1)/Sqrt[2*a-x],x],x,a+b*Csc[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && GtQ[a,0] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && LtQ[a*d/b,0]
```

3:
$$\int \left(a+b\,Sec\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,Sec\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x\ \text{ when }a^2-b^2=0\ \land\ m\notin\mathbb{Z}\ \land\ a>0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{\text{Tan}[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}[e+fx]}} = 0$

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then $-\frac{a^2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[e+f\,x\right]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}} \frac{\operatorname{Tan}\left[e+f\,x\right]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}} = 1$

Basis:
$$Tan[e + fx] F[Sec[e + fx]] = \frac{1}{f} Subst[\frac{F[x]}{x}, x, Sec[e + fx]] \partial_x Sec[e + fx]$$

Note: If a > 0, then $\frac{(d \ x)^{n-1} (a+b \ x)^{m-\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{a-b \ x}}$ is integrable without the need for additional piecewise constant factors.

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land a > 0$$
, then

$$\int \left(a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{m} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n} dx \rightarrow \\ -\frac{a^{2} \operatorname{Tan}\left[e + f x\right]}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]}} \int \frac{\operatorname{Tan}\left[e + f x\right] \left(a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{m - \frac{1}{2}} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a - b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]}} dx \rightarrow \\ -\frac{a^{2} d \operatorname{Tan}\left[e + f x\right]}{f \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]}} \sqrt{a - b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\left(d x\right)^{n - 1} \left(a + b x\right)^{m - \frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{a - b x}} dx, x, \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right]$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^2*d*Cot[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Csc[e+f*x]])*
    Subst[Int[(d*x)^(n-1)*(a+b*x)^(m-1/2)/Sqrt[a-b*x],x],x,Csc[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^22,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && GtQ[a,0]
```

14:
$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge a \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\left(a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{m}}{\left(1+\frac{b}{a} \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{m}} == 0$$

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land n \notin \mathbb{Z} \land \frac{a d}{b} > 0 \land a \not > 0$$
, then

$$\int \left(a + b \, \text{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left(d \, \text{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{a^{\text{IntPart}[m]} \, \left(a + b \, \text{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}}{\left(1 + \frac{b}{a} \, \text{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}} \, \int \left(1 + \frac{b}{a} \, \text{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left(d \, \text{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d}x$$

Program code:

6.
$$\left\lceil \left(a+b \; \text{Sec} \left[e+f \; x\right]\right)^m \; \left(d \; \text{Sec} \left[e+f \; x\right]\right)^n \; \text{d} \; x \; \; \text{when} \; \; a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \right.$$

1.
$$\int Sec[e + fx] (a + b Sec[e + fx])^m dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$

$$1. \quad \Big[Sec \Big[e + f \, x \Big] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \Big[e + f \, x \Big] \right)^m \, \text{d} \, x \ \, \text{when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \, \wedge \ \, m \, > \, 0$$

1:
$$\int Sec[e+fx] \sqrt{a+b} Sec[e+fx] dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\sqrt{a + b z} = \frac{a - b}{\sqrt{a + b z}} + \frac{b (1 + z)}{\sqrt{a + b z}}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \big(a-b\big)\,\int \frac{Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x + b\,\int \frac{Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\big(1+Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
   (a-b)*Int[Csc[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] + b*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(1+Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 1$$

Derivation: Cosecant recurrence 1b with $c \rightarrow a c$, $d \rightarrow b c + a d$, $C \rightarrow b d$, $m \rightarrow 0$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 1$, then

$$\int Sec \left[e+f\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\,Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m \, \mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \\ \frac{b\,Tan \left[e+f\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\,Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{m-1}}{f\,m} + \frac{1}{m} \int Sec \left[e+f\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\,Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{m-2} \, \left(b^2 \, \left(m-1\right) + a^2 \, m + a\,b \, \left(2\,m-1\right) \, Sec \left[e+f\,x\right]\right) \, \mathrm{d}x}$$

2.
$$\int Sec \left[e+fx\right] \left(a+b \ Sec \left[e+fx\right]\right)^m \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m < 0$$

$$1. \int \frac{Sec \left[e+fx\right]}{a+b \ Sec \left[e+fx\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

x:
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\frac{\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]} = \frac{2}{f}\,\operatorname{Subst}\left[\,\frac{1}{a+b-(a-b)\,x^2}\,,\,\,X\,,\,\,\frac{\operatorname{Tan}\left[e+f\,x\right]}{1+\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}\,\right]\,\partial_X\,\frac{\operatorname{Tan}\left[e+f\,x\right]}{1+\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}$$

Rule: This rule may be preferable to the following one, but will require numerous changes to the test suite.

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\big]}{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\big]}\,\mathrm{d}\mathsf{x} \,\,\to\,\, \frac{2}{\mathsf{f}}\,\operatorname{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{1}{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} - \big(\mathsf{a} - \mathsf{b}\big)\,\mathsf{x}^2}\,\mathrm{d}\mathsf{x}\,,\,\,\mathsf{x}\,,\,\, \frac{\operatorname{Tan}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\big]}{1 + \operatorname{Sec}\big[\mathsf{e} + \mathsf{f}\,\mathsf{x}\big]}\Big]$$

```
(* Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]/(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    -2/f*Subst[Int[1/(a+b-(a-b)*x^2),x],x,Cot[e+f*x]/(1+Csc[e+f*x])] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] *)
```

1:
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$\frac{z}{a+b z} = \frac{1}{b (1 + \frac{a}{b} z^{-1})}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec} \big[\operatorname{e} + \operatorname{f} x \big]}{\operatorname{a} + \operatorname{b} \operatorname{Sec} \big[\operatorname{e} + \operatorname{f} x \big]} \, \mathrm{d} x \ \to \ \frac{1}{\operatorname{b}} \int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{\operatorname{a}}{\operatorname{b}} \operatorname{Cos} \big[\operatorname{e} + \operatorname{f} x \big]} \, \mathrm{d} x$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\partial_{X} \left(\frac{1}{Tan[e+fx]} \sqrt{\frac{b(1-Sec[e+fx])}{a+b}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(1+Sec[e+fx])}{a-b}} \right) == 0$$

 $Basis: Sec[e+fx] \ Tan[e+fx] \ F[Sec[e+fx]] = \tfrac{1}{f} \ Subst[F[x], \ x, \ Sec[e+fx]] \ \partial_x \ Sec[e+fx]$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{1}{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \sqrt{\frac{b\,\left(1-Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{a+b}} \, \sqrt{-\frac{b\,\left(1+Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{a-b}} \, \int \frac{Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\,Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b} - \frac{b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}{a+b}} \, \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a-b} - \frac{b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}{a-b}}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{f \, Tan\big[e+f\, x\big]} \, \sqrt{\frac{b \, \big(1-Sec\big[e+f\, x\big]\big)}{a+b}} \, \sqrt{-\frac{b \, \big(1+Sec\big[e+f\, x\big]\big)}{a-b}} \, \, Subst \Big[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\, x} \, \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b} - \frac{b\, x}{a+b}}} \, \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a-b} - \frac{b\, x}{a-b}}} \, dx \,, \, x \,, \, Sec\big[e+f\, x\big] \Big]$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{a+b}}{b\,f\,Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\sqrt{\frac{b\,\big(1-Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)}{a+b}}\,\,\sqrt{-\frac{b\,\big(1+Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)}{a-b}}\,\,EllipticF\big[ArcSin\big[\frac{\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\big],\,\frac{a+b}{a-b}\big]$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} + \text{f}_{-} * \times \text{x}_{-} \big] / \text{Sqrt} \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} * \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} + \text{f}_{-} * \times \text{x}_{-} \big] \big] , \text{x}_{-} \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & -2 * \text{Rt} \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{b}_{+} + \text{f}_{-} + \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} + \text{f}_{-} \times \text{x}_{-} \big] \big) / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] * \text{Sqrt} \big[ -\text{b}_{+} + \big( \text{1}_{-} + \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} + \text{f}_{+} \times \text{x}_{-} \big] \big) / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] * \\ & \text{EllipticF} \big[ \text{ArcSin} \big[ \text{Sqrt} \big[ \text{a}_{+} + \text{b}_{+} + \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{+} + \text{f}_{+} \times \text{x}_{-} \big] \big] / \text{Rt} \big[ \text{a}_{+} + \text{b}_{-} \big] \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} + \text{csc} \big\} , \text{x} \big] & \text{\& NeQ} \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} + \text{csc} \big] \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] \\ & \text{All properties} \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} + \text{csc} \big] \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big] / \big( \text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} \big) \big[ \text{a}
```

3:
$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1$$

Derivation: Cosecant recurrence 2b with $C \rightarrow 0$, $m \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1$, then

$$\int Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^m \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{b \, Tan \left[e + f \, x \right] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^{m+1}}{f \, \left(m + 1 \right) \, \left(a^2 - b^2 \right)} + \frac{1}{\left(m + 1 \right) \, \left(a^2 - b^2 \right)} \, \int Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^{m+1} \, \left(a \, \left(m + 1 \right) - b \, \left(m + 2 \right) \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right) \, dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\text{csc} \big[\text{e}_{.} + \text{f}_{.} * \text{x}_{.} \big] * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{.} * \text{csc} \big[\text{e}_{.} + \text{f}_{.} * \text{x}_{.} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & - \text{b*Cot} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] * \big(\text{a}_{+} + \text{b*Csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*Csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*Csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*Csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text{a}_{-} + \text{b*csc} \big[\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*x} \big] \big) ^{\text{m}}_{,} \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \big((\text{m+1}) * \big(\text$$

$$\textbf{3:} \quad \Big[\textbf{Sec} \, \big[\, \textbf{e} + \, \textbf{f} \, \, \textbf{x} \, \big] \, \, \Big(\, \textbf{a} + \, \textbf{b} \, \, \textbf{Sec} \, \big[\, \textbf{e} + \, \textbf{f} \, \, \textbf{x} \, \big] \, \Big)^{\, m} \, \, \text{d} \, \textbf{x} \ \, \text{when } \, \textbf{a}^2 \, - \, \textbf{b}^2 \, \neq \, \textbf{0} \, \, \, \wedge \, \, \textbf{2} \, \, \textbf{m} \, \notin \, \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} \frac{Tan[e+fx]}{\sqrt{1+Sec[e+fx]}} = 0$$

$$Basis: -\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{1+Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{1+Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{1+Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, ==\, 1$$

Basis: Tan[e+fx] F[Sec[e+fx]] =
$$\frac{1}{f}$$
 Subst $\left[\frac{F[x]}{x}, x, Sec[e+fx]\right] \partial_x Sec[e+fx]$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land 2 m \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int Sec[e+fx] (a+b \, Sec[e+fx])^m \, dx \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{Tan[e+fx]}{\sqrt{1+Sec[e+fx]}} \sqrt{1-Sec[e+fx]} \, \int \frac{Tan[e+fx] \, Sec[e+fx] \, (a+b \, Sec[e+fx])^m}{\sqrt{1+Sec[e+fx]}} \, dx$$

$$\rightarrow \, -\frac{Tan[e+fx]}{f\sqrt{1+Sec[e+fx]}} \, Subst \Big[\int \frac{(a+b\,x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x}} \, dx, \, x, \, Sec[e+fx] \Big]$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
Cot[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1+Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[1-Csc[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^m/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x]),x],x,Csc[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[2*m]]
```

2.
$$\int Sec[e+fx]^2 (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$
1:
$$\int Sec[e+fx]^2 (a+b Sec[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \land m>0$$

Reference: G&R 2.551.1 inverted

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow a c, B \rightarrow b c + a d, C \rightarrow b d, m \rightarrow 0, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 0$, then

$$\int Sec \left[e + f \, x \right]^2 \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^m \, dx \ \rightarrow \ \frac{Tan \left[e + f \, x \right] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^m}{f \, (m+1)} + \frac{m}{m+1} \int Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^{m-1} \, \left(b + a \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right) \, dx$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
   m/(m+1)*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(b+a*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[m,0]
```

2:
$$\int Sec[e+fx]^2(a+bSec[e+fx])^m dx$$
 when $a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1$

Reference: G&R 2.551.1

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, C \rightarrow 0, n \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1$, then

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} \cdot + \text{f}_{-} \cdot * \text{x}_{-} \big]^{2} \cdot \big( \text{a}_{-} \cdot + \text{b}_{-} \cdot * \text{csc} \big[ \text{e}_{-} \cdot + \text{f}_{-} \cdot * \text{x}_{-} \big] \big)^{n} \text{m}_{-}, \text{x\_Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{a*Cot} \big[ \text{e+f*x} \big] \cdot \big( \text{a+b*Csc} \big[ \text{e+f*x} \big] \big)^{n} \cdot \big( \text{m+1} \big) \cdot \big( \text{a}^{2} - \text{b}^{2} \big) \big) - \\ & \text{1/} \big( (\text{m+1}) \cdot \big( \text{a}^{2} - \text{b}^{2} \big) \big) \cdot \text{Int} \big[ \text{Csc} \big[ \text{e+f*x} \big] \cdot \big( \text{a+b*Csc} \big[ \text{e+f*x} \big] \big)^{n} \cdot \big( \text{m+1} \big) \cdot \big( \text{b*(m+1)} - \text{a*(m+2)} \cdot \text{Csc} \big[ \text{e+f*x} \big] \big), \text{x} \big] \ /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ \text{a,b,e,f} \big\}, \text{x} \big] \ \& \& \ \text{NeQ} \big[ \text{a}^{2} - \text{b}^{2}, 0 \big] \ \& \& \ \text{LtQ} \big[ \text{m,-1} \big] \end{aligned}
```

3:
$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]^2}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]^2}{\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \to \ -\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\mathrm{d}x + \int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\left(1+\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
   -Int[Csc[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] +
   Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(1+Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

4:
$$\int Sec[e+fx]^2(a+bSec[e+fx])^m dx$$
 when $a^2-b^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$z^2 = -\frac{a z}{b} + \frac{1}{b} z (a + b z)$$

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$
, then

$$\int Sec \left[e + f \, x \right]^2 \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^m \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{a}{b} \int Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^m \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{1}{b} \int Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \, \left(a + b \, Sec \left[e + f \, x \right] \right)^{m+1} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
   -a/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m,x] + 1/b*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

3.
$$\int Sec \left[e+fx\right]^3 \left(a+b \, Sec \left[e+fx\right]\right)^m \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

$$1: \int Sec \left[e+fx\right]^3 \left(a+b \, Sec \left[e+fx\right]\right)^m \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \, \land \, m < -1$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow c², B \rightarrow 2 c d, C \rightarrow d², n \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1$, then

$$\begin{split} \int Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]^3 \, \left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m \,\mathrm{d}x \, \to \\ & \frac{a^2\,Tan\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}}{b\,f\,(m+1)\, \left(a^2-b^2\right)} \, + \\ & \frac{1}{b\,\left(m+1\right)\, \left(a^2-b^2\right)} \, \int Sec\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \left(a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(a\,b\,\left(m+1\right) - \left(a^2+b^2\,\left(m+1\right)\right) \, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right) \,\mathrm{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^3*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
    -a^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
    1/(b*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[a*b*(m+1)-(a^2+b^2*(m+1))*Csc[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

2:
$$\int Sec[e+fx]^3(a+bSec[e+fx])^m dx$$
 when $a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \land m \not < -1$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow a², B \rightarrow 2 a b, C \rightarrow b², m \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m \not< -1$, then

$$\int Sec \big[e + f \, x \big]^3 \, \big(a + b \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big)^m \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{Tan \big[e + f \, x \big] \, \big(a + b \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big)^{m+1}}{b \, f \, (m+2)} + \frac{1}{b \, (m+2)} \int Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \, \big(a + b \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big)^m \, \big(b \, (m+1) - a \, Sec \big[e + f \, x \big] \big) \, dx$$

```
Int[csc[e_.+f_.*x_]^3*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +
   1/(b*(m+2))*Int[Csc[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(b*(m+1)-a*Csc[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

```
4. \int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx when a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 2

1: \int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^m (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^n dx when a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 2 \land n < -1
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow c², B \rightarrow 2 c d, C \rightarrow d², n \rightarrow n - 2, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 2 \land n < -1$, then

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*n) -
    1/(d*n)*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-3)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1)*
    Simp[a^2*b*(m-2*n-2)-a*(3*b^2*n+a^2*(n+1))*Csc[e+f*x]-b*(b^2*n+a^2*(m+n-1))*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[m,2] && (IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[n,-1] || IntegersQ[m+1/2,2*n] && LeQ[n,-1])
```

2:
$$\int \left(a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{m} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n} dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ m > 2 \ \land \ n \not \leftarrow -1$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow a², B \rightarrow 2 a b, C \rightarrow b², m \rightarrow m \rightarrow 2, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 2 \land n \not< -1$, then

$$\frac{\int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\, \text{d}x \ \rightarrow}{\frac{b^2\, Tan\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\, \left(a+b\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{m-2}\, \left(d\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^n}{f\, \left(m+n-1\right)}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{m+n-1} \int \left(a+b \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^{m-3} \, \left(d \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \cdot \\ \left(a^3 \, \left(m+n-1\right) \, + \, a \, b^2 \, n + b \, \left(b^2 \, \left(m+n-2\right) \, + \, 3 \, a^2 \, \left(m+n-1\right) \right) \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \, + \, a \, b^2 \, \left(3 \, m+2 \, n-4\right) \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big]^2 \right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -b^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+n-1)) +
    1/(d*(m+n-1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m-3)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n*
    Simp[a^3*d*(m+n-1)+a*b^2*d*n+b*(b^2*d*(m+n-2)+3*a^2*d*(m+n-1))*Csc[e+f*x]+a*b^2*d*(3*m+2*n-4)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[m,2] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]) && Not[IGtQ[n,2] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]]
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow c , B \rightarrow d , C \rightarrow 0 , n \rightarrow n - 1 , p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land 0 < n < 1$, then

$$\int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m \, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{b\, d\, Tan\left[e+f\,x\right] \, \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-1}}{f\, \left(m+1\right) \, \left(a^2-b^2\right)} \, + \\ \frac{1}{\left(m+1\right) \, \left(a^2-b^2\right)} \, \int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-1} \, \left(b\, d\, \left(n-1\right) \, + a\, d\, \left(m+1\right) \, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right] - b\, d\, \left(m+n+1\right) \, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]^2\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -b*d*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
    1/((m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-1)*
    Simp[b*d*(n-1)+a*d*(m+1)*Csc[e+f*x]-b*d*(m+n+1)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[0,n,1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, C \rightarrow 0, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m < -1 \ \land \ 1 < n < 2$, then

$$\int \left(a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ -\frac{a\, d^2\, Tan\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr] \, \left(a+b\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(d\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{n-2}}{f\, (m+1) \, \left(a^2-b^2\right)} - \\ \frac{d^2}{(m+1) \, \left(a^2-b^2\right)} \int \left(a+b\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(d\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{n-2} \, \left(a\, (n-2)+b\, (m+1)\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]-a\, (m+n)\, Sec\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]^2\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a*d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)/(f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) -
    d^2/((m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)*(a*(n-2)+b*(m+1)*Csc[e+f*x]-a*(m+n)*Csc[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[1,n,2] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

3:
$$\int (a + b Sec[e + fx])^m (d Sec[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n > 3$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow c², B \rightarrow 2 c d, C \rightarrow d², n \rightarrow n - 2, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n > 3$, then

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -a^2*d^3*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-3)/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
    d^3/(b*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-3)*
    Simp[a^2*(n-3)+a*b*(m+1)*Csc[e+f*x]-(a^2*(n-2)+b^2*(m+1))*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && (IGtQ[n,3] || IntegersQ[n+1/2,2*m] && GtQ[n,2])
```

2.
$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, m<-1 \,\wedge\, n \not>0$$

$$\text{1:} \quad \int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, m+\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}^- \,\wedge\, n\in\mathbb{Z}^-$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \wedge m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$
, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x\,\,\longrightarrow\\ &-\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{a\,f\,n}\,-\\ &\frac{1}{a\,d\,n}\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}\,\left(b\,\left(m+n+1\right)-a\,\left(n+1\right)\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]-b\,\left(m+n+2\right)\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*n) -
1/(a*d*n)*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1)*
Simp[b*(m+n+1)-a*(n+1)*Csc[e+f*x]-b*(m+n+2)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[m+1/2,0] && ILtQ[n,0]
```

2:
$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\,\text{d}x\,\,\text{when }a^2-b^2\neq 0\,\wedge\,m<-1\,\wedge\,n\,\not>\,0$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n \neq 0$, then

$$\int \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, \mathrm{d}x \,\,\longrightarrow$$

$$-\, \frac{b^2\, Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\, \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{a\, f\, (m+1)\, \left(a^2-b^2\right)}\, +$$

$$\frac{1}{a \ (m+1) \ \left(a^2-b^2\right)} \int \left(a+b \ Sec \left[e+f \ x\right]\right)^{m+1} \left(d \ Sec \left[e+f \ x\right]\right)^n \ \cdot \\ \left(a^2 \ (m+1) - b^2 \ (m+n+1) - a \ b \ (m+1) \ Sec \left[e+f \ x\right] + b^2 \ (m+n+2) \ Sec \left[e+f \ x\right]^2\right) \ \mathrm{d}x$$

6.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^{n}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^{n}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ n > 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \left(\sqrt{d \cos [e + f x]} \sqrt{d \sec [e + f x]} \right) = 0$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\sqrt{d\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\sqrt{d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{d\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{b+a\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \left(\sqrt{d \cos [e + f x]} \sqrt{d \sec [e + f x]} \right) = 0$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\, Sec \left[e+f\, x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{a+b\, Sec \left[e+f\, x\right]}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ d\, \sqrt{d\, Cos \left[e+f\, x\right]}\, \sqrt{d\, Sec \left[e+f\, x\right]}\, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d\, Cos \left[e+f\, x\right]}}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2)/(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    d*Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]]*Int[1/(Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]*(b+a*Sin[e+f*x])),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{5/2}}{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{dz}{a+bz} == \frac{d}{b} - \frac{ad}{b(a+bz)}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{5/2}}{a+b\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{d}{b} \int \left(d\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}\, \mathrm{d}x - \frac{a\,d}{b} \int \frac{\left(d\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}{a+b\, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

4:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} \neq 0 \wedge n > 3$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow a², B \rightarrow 2 a b, C \rightarrow b², m \rightarrow -3, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n > 3$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n}{a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ \frac{d^3\, Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\, \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-3}}{b\, f\, (n-2)} + \frac{d^3}{b\, (n-2)}\, \int \frac{1}{a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]} \left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n-3} \, \left(a\, (n-3)+b\, (n-3)\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]-a\, (n-2)\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]^2\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ n < 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]}} \, \left(a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]\right) \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{d z} (a+b z)} = \frac{b^2 (d z)^{3/2}}{a^2 d^2 (a+b z)} + \frac{a-b z}{a^2 \sqrt{d z}}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right) \, \mathrm{d}x \, \to \, \frac{b^2}{a^2\, d^2} \int \frac{\left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{1}{a^2} \int \frac{a-b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol] :=
  b^2/(a^2*d^2)*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(3/2)/(a+b*Csc[e+f*x]),x] +
  1/a^2*Int[(a-b*Csc[e+f*x])/Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]} dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ n \leq -1$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n \leq -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n}{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow \\ -\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n}{a\,f\,n} -\frac{1}{a\,d\,n}\int \frac{1}{a+b\,\operatorname{Sec}\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]} \left(d\,\operatorname{Sec}\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\right)^{n+1} \left(b\,n-a\,(n+1)\,\operatorname{Sec}\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]-b\,(n+1)\,\operatorname{Sec}\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]^2\right)\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   Cot[e+f*x]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*n) -
   1/(a*d*n)*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n(n+1)/(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])*
    Simp[b*n-a*(n+1)*Csc[e+f*x]-b*(n+1)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LeQ[n,-1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

7.
$$\int \sqrt{a+b} \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \, \left(d \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d} \, x \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

$$1. \, \int \sqrt{a+b} \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \, \left(d \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d} \, x \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, n > 0$$

$$1: \, \int \sqrt{a+b} \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \, \sqrt{d \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big]} \, \, \text{d} \, x \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\sqrt{a + b z} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a+bz}} + \frac{bz}{\sqrt{a+bz}}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,a\,\int \frac{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x\,+\,\frac{b}{d}\,\int \frac{\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    a*Int[Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] +
    b/d*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(3/2)/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\big(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n\,\text{d}x\,\,\text{when }a^2-b^2\neq 0\,\,\wedge\,\,n>1$$

Derivation: Secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow 0, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 1, m \rightarrow m - 2, n \rightarrow $\frac{1}{2}$

Derivation: Secant recurrence 3a with A \rightarrow 0, B \rightarrow a, C \rightarrow b, m \rightarrow m - 1, n \rightarrow $-\frac{1}{2}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n > 1$, then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, \text{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{2\,d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}}{f\,(2\,n-1)} + \\ \frac{d^2}{2\,n-1} \int \left(\left(\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-2}\, \left(2\,a\,(n-2)+b\,(2\,n-3)\,\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]+a\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\right)\right) \bigg/ \left(\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\right)\right) \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -2*d*Cos[e+f*x]*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(2*n-1)) +
    d^2/(2*n-1)*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)*Simp[2*a*(n-2)+b*(2*n-3)*Csc[e+f*x]+a*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[n,1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

2.
$$\int \sqrt{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ n<0$$

$$1: \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{a+b f[x]}}{\sqrt{d f[x]} \sqrt{b+a/f[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{b+a\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\int \sqrt{b+a\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\text{d}x$$

Program code:

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow c, B \rightarrow d, C \rightarrow 0, n \rightarrow n - 1, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n \leq -1$, then

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x] \right)^{n} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\left(d\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\,n}\,-\\ \frac{1}{2\,d\,n}\int\Bigl(\big(\left(d\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}\,\left(b-2\,a\,\left(n+1\right)\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]-b\,\left(2\,n+3\right)\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\big)\big)\,\bigg/\,\left(\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\right)\Bigr)\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Cot[e+f*x]*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*n) -
   1/(2*d*n)*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1)*Simp[b-2*a*(n+1)*Csc[e+f*x]-b*(2*n+3)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LeQ[n,-1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

8.
$$\int \frac{\left(d\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}\neq 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{\left(d\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}\neq 0 \ \land \ n>0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}}{\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2}\neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{d f[x]} \sqrt{b+a f[x]^{-1}}}{\sqrt{a+b f[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\sqrt{d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\sqrt{b+a\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+a\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[b+a*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Int[1/Sqrt[b+a*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ n>1$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$\partial_X \frac{\sqrt{d f[x]} \sqrt{b+a/f[x]}}{\sqrt{a+b f[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]}}\, dx \,\, \rightarrow \,\, \frac{d\, \sqrt{d\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]}\,\, \sqrt{b+a\, Cos\left[e+f\,x\right]}}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sec\left[e+f\,x\right]}}\, \int \frac{1}{Cos\left[e+f\,x\right]\, \sqrt{b+a\, Cos\left[e+f\,x\right]}}\, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} \neq 0 \wedge n > 2$$

Derivation: Secant recurrence 3a with A \rightarrow 0, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 1, m \rightarrow m - 2, n \rightarrow $-\frac{1}{2}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n > 2$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec} \left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec} \left[e + f x\right]}} \, dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2\,d^{2}\,Sin\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\left(d\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{n-2}\,\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]}}{b\,f\,(2\,n-3)}\,+\\ \frac{d^{3}}{b\,(2\,n-3)}\,\int\!\left(\left(\,\left(d\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{n-3}\,\left(2\,a\,(n-3)+b\,(2\,n-5)\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,-2\,a\,(n-2)\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]^{\,2}\right)\right)\bigg/\left(\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]}\,\right)\right)\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*d^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-2)*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]/(b*f*(2*n-3)) +
    d^3/(b*(2*n-3))*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-3)/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*
    Simp[2*a*(n-3)+b*(2*n-5)*Csc[e+f*x]-2*a*(n-2)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[n,2] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ n < 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]} \, \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f \, x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } a^{2}-b^{2} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1c with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 0, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\operatorname{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big] \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{a\,f} - \frac{b}{2\,a} \int \frac{1+\operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]^2}{\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/(csc[e_.+f_.*x_]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
   -Cos[e+f*x]*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]/(a*f) - b/(2*a)*Int[(1+Csc[e+f*x]^2)/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]}} \sqrt{d \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{z} \sqrt{a+bz}} = \frac{\sqrt{a+bz}}{a\sqrt{z}} - \frac{b\sqrt{z}}{a\sqrt{a+bz}}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \ \to \ \frac{1}{a}\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x - \frac{b}{a\,d}\int \frac{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/a*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]],x] -
    b/(a*d)*Int[Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{\left(d \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f x\right]}} dx \text{ when } a^{2} - b^{2} \neq 0 \wedge n < -1$$

Derivation: Secant recurrence 3b with A \rightarrow 1, B \rightarrow 0, C \rightarrow 0, n \rightarrow $-\frac{1}{2}$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n < -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a+b}\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}\,dx \to \\ -\frac{\operatorname{Sin}\left[e+f\,x\right]\left(d\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n+1}\sqrt{a+b}\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}{a\,d\,f\,n} + \\ \frac{1}{2\,a\,d\,n}\int \left(\left(\left(d\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n+1}\left(-b\,\left(2\,n+1\right)+2\,a\,\left(n+1\right)\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]+b\,\left(2\,n+3\right)\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]^{2}\right)\right)\bigg/\left(\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}\right)\right)\,dx$$

Program code:

9:
$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^{\,3/2}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[\,e+f\,x\,\right]\,\right)^{\,n}\,\text{dl}\,x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\,\wedge\,\, n\,\leq\, -1$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1a with A \rightarrow c , B \rightarrow d , C \rightarrow 0 , n \rightarrow n $^-$ 1 , p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If
$$a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n \leq -1$$
, then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{3/2} (d \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x])^{n} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{a\,Tan\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\left(d\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^n}{f\,n}\,+\\ \frac{1}{2\,d\,n}\,\int\!\left(\left(\,\left(d\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{n+1}\,\left(a\,b\,\left(2\,n-1\right)\,+2\,\left(b^2\,n+a^2\,\left(n+1\right)\right)\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,+a\,b\,\left(2\,n+3\right)\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]^2\right)\right)\bigg/\left(\sqrt{a+b\,Sec\big[\,e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\right)\right)\,\mathrm{d}x}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2)*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a*Cot[e+f*x]*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(f*n) +
    1/(2*d*n)*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n+1)/Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*
    Simp[a*b*(2*n-1)+2*(b^2*n+a^2*(n+1))*Csc[e+f*x]+a*b*(2*n+3)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LeQ[n,-1] && IntegersQ[2*n]
```

10:
$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ n>3$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with A \rightarrow a², B \rightarrow 2 a b, C \rightarrow b², m \rightarrow m \rightarrow 2, p \rightarrow 0

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n > 3$, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \ \longrightarrow \\ &\frac{d^3\,\text{Tan}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-3}}{b\,f\,\left(m+n-1\right)} + \\ &\frac{d^3}{b\,\left(m+n-1\right)}\,\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-3}\,\left(a\,\left(n-3\right)+b\,\left(m+n-2\right)\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]-a\,\left(n-2\right)\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]^2\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -d^3*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-3)/(b*f*(m+n-1)) +
   d^3/(b*(m+n-1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-3)*
   Simp[a*(n-3)+b*(m+n-2)*Csc[e+f*x]-a*(n-2)*Csc[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[n,3] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]) && Not[IGtQ[m,2]]
```

11:
$$\int (a + b \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x])^m \, (d \, \text{Sec}[e + f \, x])^n \, dx$$
 when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \land \, 0 < m < 2 \, \land \, 0 < n < 3 \, \land \, m + n - 1 \neq 0$

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with

$$A \rightarrow a \ c$$
, $B \rightarrow b \ c + a \ d$, $C \rightarrow b \ d$, $m \rightarrow m - 1$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land 0 < m < 2 \land 0 < n < 3 \land m + n - 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^{m} (d \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^{n} dx \rightarrow \frac{b d \operatorname{Tan}[e+fx] (a+b \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^{m-1} (d \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx])^{n-1}}{f (m+n-1)} +$$

$$\frac{d}{m+n-1} \int \left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-2} \, \left(d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1} \, \left(a\,b\,\,(n-1)\,+\,\left(b^2\,\,(m+n-2)\,+\,a^2\,\,(m+n-1)\,\right)\,\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\,+\,a\,b\,\,(2\,m+n-2)\,\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\right) \, dx$$

Program code:

Derivation: Nondegenerate secant recurrence 1b with

$$A \rightarrow a \ c$$
, $B \rightarrow b \ c + a \ d$, $C \rightarrow b \ d$, $m \rightarrow m - 1$, $n \rightarrow n - 1$, $p \rightarrow 0$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ -1 < m < 2 \ \land \ 1 < n < 3 \ \land \ m + n - 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\frac{\int \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, \text{d}x \ \rightarrow}{\frac{d^2\, Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\, \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-2}}{f\, \left(m+n-1\right)}} +$$

$$\frac{d^2}{b\ (m+n-1)} \int \left(a+b\ Sec\left[e+f\ x\right]\right)^{m-1} \ \left(d\ Sec\left[e+f\ x\right]\right)^{n-2} \ \left(a\ b\ (n-2)+b^2\ (m+n-2)\ Sec\left[e+f\ x\right]+a\ b\ m\ Sec\left[e+f\ x\right]^2\right) \ dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    d^2/(b*(m+n-1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    d^2/(b*(m+n-1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(n-2)/(f*(m+n-1)) +
    d^2/(b*(m+n-1))*Int[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    d^2*Cot[e+f*x]*(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^n_,x_Sy
```

13:
$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d\operatorname{Sec}\left[e+f\,x\right]}}\,\mathrm{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{a+bz}{\sqrt{dz}} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{dz}} + \frac{b}{d} \sqrt{dz}$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \ \to \ a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x + \frac{b}{d}\int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2)/Sqrt[d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    a*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]],x] +
    b/d*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Csc[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

14:
$$\int \left(d \, \text{Sec} \left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^n \, \left(a + b \, \text{Sec} \left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^m \, dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and algebraic simplification

Basis:
$$\partial_x (Cos[e + fx]^n (dSec[e + fx])^n) = 0$$

Rule: If $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, \left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]^n\, \left(d\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, \int \frac{\left(a+b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m}{\left(cos\big[e+f\,x\big]^n\right)}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\rightarrow \cos[e+fx]^{n} \left(d \operatorname{Sec}[e+fx]\right)^{n} \int \frac{\left(b+a \operatorname{Cos}[e+fx]\right)^{m}}{\cos[e+fx]^{m+n}} dx$$

```
Int[(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.*(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Sin[e+f*x]^n*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n*Int[(b+a*Sin[e+f*x])^m/Sin[e+f*x]^(m+n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$\textbf{U:} \quad \int \left(\textbf{a} + \textbf{b} \, \text{Sec} \left[\textbf{e} + \textbf{f} \, \textbf{x} \right] \right)^m \, \left(\textbf{d} \, \text{Sec} \left[\textbf{e} + \textbf{f} \, \textbf{x} \right] \right)^n \, \text{d} \, \textbf{x}$$

Rule:

$$\int \big(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\big)^m\,\,\big(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\big)^n\,\,\text{d}\,x \ \longrightarrow \ \int \big(a+b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\big)^m\,\,\big(d\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\big)^n\,\,\text{d}\,x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(a+b*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(d*Csc[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $(d Cos[e + fx])^m (a + b Sec[e + fx])^p$

1:
$$\int (d \, Cos[e+fx])^m (a+b \, Sec[e+fx])^p \, dx$$
 when $m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \left((d Cos[e+fx])^m \left(\frac{Sec[e+fx]}{d} \right)^m \right) == 0$$

Rule: If $m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d \, \mathsf{Cos} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left(a + b \, \mathsf{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \left(d \, \mathsf{Cos} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^{\mathsf{FracPart}[m]} \, \left(\frac{\mathsf{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big]}{\mathsf{d}} \right)^{\mathsf{FracPart}[m]} \, \int \left(\frac{\mathsf{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big]}{\mathsf{d}} \right)^{-m} \, \left(a + b \, \mathsf{Sec} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(a_.+b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (d*Cos[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]*(Sec[e+f*x]/d)^FracPart[m]*Int[(Sec[e+f*x]/d)^(-m)*(a+b*Sec[e+f*x])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```