#### Rules for integrands of the form $(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n$

1:  $\left[\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)\,dx\right]$  when  $b\,c-a\,d\neq0$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$(a + b z) (c + d z) = \frac{1}{2} (2 a c + b d) + (b c + a d) z - \frac{1}{2} b d (1 - 2 z^2)$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)\,\text{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{\left(2\,a\,c+b\,d\right)\,x}{2} - \frac{\left(b\,c+a\,d\right)\,\text{Cos}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]}{f} - \frac{b\,d\,\text{Cos}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]}{2\,f}$$

```
Int[(a_{+b_{-}*sin[e_{-}+f_{-}*x_{-}])*(c_{-}+d_{-}*sin[e_{-}+f_{-}*x_{-}]),x\_Symbol] := (2*a*c+b*d)*x/2 - (b*c+a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]/f - b*d*Cos[e+f*x]*Sin[e+f*x]/(2*f) /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{a+b \sin[e+fx]}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } bc-ad \neq 0$$

Reference: G&R 2.551.2

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{a+bz}{c+dz} == \frac{b}{d} - \frac{bc-ad}{d(c+dz)}$ 

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{a+b \, \text{Sin}\big[\, e+f \, x \,\big]}{c+d \, \text{Sin}\big[\, e+f \, x \,\big]} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{b \, x}{d} - \frac{b \, c-a \, d}{d} \, \int \frac{1}{c+d \, \text{Sin}\big[\, e+f \, x \,\big]} \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])/(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
  b*x/d - (b*c-a*d)/d*Int[1/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

3. 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $b c + a d == 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0$ 

1:  $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$  when  $b c + a d == 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Algebraic simplification** 

Basis: If 
$$bc + ad = 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then  $(a + bSin[z]) (c + dSin[z]) = acCos[z]^2$   
Rule: If  $bc + ad = 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then 
$$\int (a + bSin[e + fx])^m (c + dSin[e + fx])^n dx \rightarrow a^m c^m \int cos[e + fx]^{2m} (c + dSin[e + fx])^{n-m} dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^m*c^m*Int[Cos[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-m),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m] && Not[IntegerQ[n] && (LtQ[m,0] && GtQ[n,0] || LtQ[0,n,m]
```

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If 
$$b c + a d == 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{\cos \left[e + f x\right]}{\sqrt{a + b \sin \left[e + f x\right]}} \sqrt{c + d \sin \left[e + f x\right]} == 0$ 

Rule: If b c + a d ==  $0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{a\, c\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \int \frac{Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

## Program code:

2: 
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big]} \, \big( c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \big)^n \, dx$$
 when  $b \, c + a \, d == 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 == 0 \, \wedge \, n \neq -\frac{1}{2}$ 

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with  $p \rightarrow 0$ 

Rule: If b c + a d == 0 
$$\wedge$$
 a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup> == 0  $\wedge$  n  $\neq$  - $\frac{1}{2}$ , then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, -\, \frac{2\,b\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \left(c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\, (2\,n+1)\, \, \sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*n+1)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[n,-1/2]
```

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with  $p \rightarrow 0$ 

Rule: If b c + a d == 0 
$$\wedge$$
 a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup> == 0  $\wedge$  m -  $\frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge$  n < -1, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \\ -\frac{2\,b\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\,\left(2\,n+1\right)} - \frac{b\,\left(2\,m-1\right)}{d\,\left(2\,n+1\right)}\,\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*n+1)) -
    b*(2*m-1)/(d*(2*n+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m-1/2,0] && LtQ[n,-1] && Not[ILtQ[m+n,0] && GtQ[2*m+n+1,0]]
```

2: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $b + c + a + d = 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land n \not\leftarrow -1$ 

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1b with  $p \rightarrow 0$ 

Rule: If 
$$b c + a d == 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 == 0 \wedge m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n \not< -1$$
, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x\,\longrightarrow\\ -\,\frac{b\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\,(m+n)}\,+\,\frac{a\,\left(2\,m-1\right)}{m+n}\,\int\!\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x$$

# Program code:

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If 
$$b c + a d == 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{\cos \left[e + f x\right]}{\sqrt{a + b \sin \left[e + f x\right]} \sqrt{c + d \sin \left[e + f x\right]}} == 0$ 

Rule: If  $b c + a d = 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \int \frac{1}{Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol] :=
   Cos[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x])*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]])*Int[1/Cos[e+f*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $b + c + a + d = 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m + n + 1 = 0 \land m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$ 

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with  $n \rightarrow -m-1$ ,  $p \rightarrow 0$ 

#### Program code:

$$2: \ \, \left( a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^m \, \left( c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^n \, \text{d}x \ \, \text{when} \, \, b \, c + a \, d == 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 == 0 \, \wedge \, m + n + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge \, m \neq -\frac{1}{2} \, \text{d}x \, \text{$$

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with  $p \rightarrow 0$ 

Rule: If 
$$b c + a d == 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m + n + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{b \cos \left[e+f \, x\right] \, \left(a+b \, \sin \left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^m \, \left(c+d \, \sin \left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^n}{a \, f \, \left(2 \, m+1\right)} + \frac{m+n+1}{a \, \left(2 \, m+1\right)} \int \left(a+b \, \sin \left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(c+d \, \sin \left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
  (m+n+1)/(a*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m+n+1],0] && NeQ[m,-1/2] &&
  (SumSimplerQ[m,1] || Not[SumSimplerQ[n,1]])
```

```
3: \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx when b c + a d == 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m < -1
```

Derivation: Doubly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with  $p \rightarrow 0$ 

Rule: If b c + a d ==  $0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m < -1$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \\ \frac{b\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{a\,f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} + \frac{m+n+1}{a\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} \int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
  (m+n+1)/(a*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && Not[LtQ[m,n,-1]] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

$$\textbf{4:} \quad \int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } b\,c+a\,d==0 \ \land \ a^2-b^2==0 \ \land \ m\notin\mathbb{Z} \ \land \ n\notin\mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If 
$$b c + a d == 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{\left(a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^m \left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^m}{\cos\left[e + f x\right]^{2m}} == 0$ 

Rule: If b c + a d ==  $0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 == 0 \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x\,\longrightarrow\\ \left(\left(a^{IntPart[m]}\,\,c^{IntPart[m]}\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{FracPart[m]}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{FracPart[m]}\right)\,/\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]^{2\,FracPart[m]}\right)\,\int\!Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]^{2\,m}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-m}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a^IntPart[m]*c^IntPart[m]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]/Cos[e+f*x]^(2*FracPart[m])*
    Int[Cos[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-m),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && (FractionQ[m] || Not[FractionQ[n]])
```

4: 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sin[e+fx])^2}{c+d\sin[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } bc-ad \neq 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{(a+b z)^2}{c+d z} = \frac{b^2 z}{d} + \frac{a^2 d-b (b c-2 a d) z}{d (c+d z)}$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^2}{c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ -\frac{b^2\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}{d\,f} + \frac{1}{d}\int \frac{a^2\,d-b\,\left(b\,c-2\,a\,d\right)\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}{c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

5: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}\,dx \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{(a+bz)(c+dz)} = \frac{b}{(bc-ad)(a+bz)} - \frac{d}{(bc-ad)(c+dz)}$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\big(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)\,\big(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)}\,\mathrm{d}x\,\to\,\frac{b}{b\,c-a\,d}\int \frac{1}{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\mathrm{d}x\,-\,\frac{d}{b\,c-a\,d}\int \frac{1}{c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/((a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol] :=
b/(b*c-a*d)*Int[1/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]),x] - d/(b*c-a*d)*Int[1/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

6. 
$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx]) dx \text{ when } bc-ad \neq 0$$
1: 
$$\int (b \sin[e+fx])^m (c+d \sin[e+fx]) dx$$

Rule: If b c - a d  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup>  $\neq$  0, then

$$\int \big(b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\, \big(c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)\, \mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\, c\, \int \big(b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\, \mathrm{d}x \,+\, \frac{d}{b}\, \int \big(b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^{m+1}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    c*Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m,x] + d/b*Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f,m},x]
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with A  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{a\ d\ m}{b\ (m+1)}$ , B  $\rightarrow$  d, n  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with A  $\rightarrow -\frac{a\ d\ m}{b\ (m+1)}$ , B  $\rightarrow$  d, n  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Note: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land a d m + b c (m + 1) = 0$ , then  $m + 1 \neq 0$ .

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land a d m + b c (m + 1) = 0$ , then

$$\int (a+b\sin[e+fx])^{m} (c+d\sin[e+fx]) dx \rightarrow -\frac{d\cos[e+fx] (a+b\sin[e+fx])^{m}}{f(m+1)}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   -d*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[a*d*m+b*c*(m+1),0]
```

2: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$$
 when  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$ 

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, n  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b \ c - a \ d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 == 0 \ \land \ m < -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\frac{\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\longrightarrow\,\,}{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m}+\frac{a\,d\,m+b\,c\,\left(m+1\right)}{a\,b\,\left(2\,m+1\right)}\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   (b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
   (a*d*m+b*c*(m+1))/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

3: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx$$
 when  $bc - ad \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \nleq -\frac{1}{2}$ 

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, n  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b \ c - a \ d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \land \ m \not < -\frac{1}{2}$$
 , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\text{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\\ -\frac{d\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m}{f\,(m+1)}+\frac{a\,d\,m+b\,c\,(m+1)}{b\,(m+1)}\,\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\text{d}x$$

# Program code:

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$c + d z = \frac{b c - a d}{b} + \frac{d}{b} (a + b z)$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{c + d \, Sin\big[e + f \, x\big]}{\sqrt{a + b \, Sin\big[e + f \, x\big]}} \, \text{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{b \, c - a \, d}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, Sin\big[e + f \, x\big]}} \, \text{d}x + \frac{d}{b} \int \sqrt{a + b \, Sin\big[e + f \, x\big]} \, \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])/Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
   (b*c-a*d)/b*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] + d/b*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

```
2: \int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)\,\text{d}x \text{ when }b\,c-a\,d\neq0\,\wedge\,a^2-b^2\neq0\,\wedge\,m>0\,\wedge\,2\,m\in\mathbb{Z}
```

Reference: G&R 2.551.1 inverted

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  a c, B  $\rightarrow$  b c + a d, C  $\rightarrow$  b d, m  $\rightarrow$  0, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m > 0 \land 2 m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   -d*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(f*(m+1)) +
   1/(m+1)*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*Simp[b*d*m+a*c*(m+1)+(a*d*m+b*c*(m+1))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[m,0] && IntegerQ[2*m]
```

 $\textbf{3:} \quad \int \left( \textbf{a} + \textbf{b} \, \textbf{Sin} \big[ \, \textbf{e} + \textbf{f} \, \textbf{x} \, \big] \, \right)^{\, \textbf{m}} \, \left( \textbf{c} + \textbf{d} \, \textbf{Sin} \big[ \, \textbf{e} + \textbf{f} \, \textbf{x} \, \big] \, \right) \, \text{d} \textbf{x} \quad \text{when } \textbf{b} \, \textbf{c} - \textbf{a} \, \textbf{d} \neq \textbf{0} \, \wedge \, \textbf{a}^2 - \textbf{b}^2 \neq \textbf{0} \, \wedge \, \textbf{m} < -\textbf{1} \, \wedge \, \textbf{2} \, \textbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

Reference: G&R 2.551.1

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, C  $\rightarrow$  0, n  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If  $b \ c - a \ d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m < -1 \ \land \ 2 \ m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \\ -\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}}{f\,\left(m+1\right)\,\left(a^2-b^2\right)} + \frac{1}{\left(m+1\right)\,\left(a^2-b^2\right)}\,\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\left(\left(a\,c-b\,d\right)\,\left(m+1\right)-\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,\left(m+2\right)\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \big( a_{-} + b_{-} * \sin \big[ e_{-} + f_{-} * x_{-} \big] \big) \wedge m_{-} * \big( c_{-} + d_{-} * \sin \big[ e_{-} + f_{-} * x_{-} \big] \big) , x_{-} \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & - \big( b * c - a * d \big) * \text{Cos} \big[ e + f * x \big] * \big( a + b * \text{Sin} \big[ e + f * x \big] \big) \wedge (m + 1) / \big( f * (m + 1) * \big( a^{2} - b^{2} \big) \big) \\ & + 1 / \big( (m + 1) * \big( a^{2} - b^{2} \big) \big) * \text{Int} \big[ \big( a + b * \text{Sin} \big[ e + f * x \big] \big) \wedge (m + 1) * \text{Simp} \big[ \big( a * c - b * d \big) * (m + 1) - \big( b * c - a * d \big) * (m + 2) * \text{Sin} \big[ e + f * x \big] , x \big] , x \big] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ a, b, c, d, e, f \big\} , x \big] \; \& \& \; \text{NeQ} \big[ b * c - a * d, 0 \big] \; \& \& \; \text{NeQ} \big[ a^{2} - b^{2}, 0 \big] \; \& \; \text{LtQ} \big[ m, -1 \big] \; \& \; \text{IntegerQ} \big[ 2 * m \big] \end{split}
```

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{1+\sin[e+fx]}} = 0$$

Basis:  $Cos[e + fx] = \frac{1}{f} \partial_x Sin[e + fx]$ 

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land 2 m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land c^2 - d^2 == 0$ , then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m} (c + d \sin[e + fx]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{c \, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{1+Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{1-Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \int \frac{Cos\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \big(a+b \, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m \, \sqrt{1+\frac{d}{c} \, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d}{c} \, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, dx \, \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{c \cos\left[e+fx\right]}{f \sqrt{1+Sin\left[e+fx\right]}} \sqrt{1-Sin\left[e+fx\right]} Subst\left[\int \frac{\left(a+b\,x\right)^m \sqrt{1+\frac{d}{c}\,x}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d}{c}\,x}} \, dx, \, x, \, Sin\left[e+f\,x\right]\right]$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    c*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1+Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[1-Sin[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^m*Sqrt[1+d/c*x]/Sqrt[1-d/c*x],x],x,Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[2*m]] && EqQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)\,\text{dl}x \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,a^2-b^2\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,2\,m\notin\mathbb{Z}\,\,\wedge\,\,c^2-d^2\neq0$$

Basis: 
$$c + dz = \frac{bc-ad}{b} + \frac{d}{b}(a+bz)$$
  
Rule: If  $bc - ad \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{b\,c-a\,d}{b}\,\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\mathrm{d}x + \frac{d}{b}\,\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   (b*c-a*d)/b*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m,x] + d/b*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

7. 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ 

1:  $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ 

Rule: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (d \sin[e + f x])^n dx \rightarrow \int ExpandTrig[(a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (d \sin[e + f x])^n, x] dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrig[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*sin[e+f*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && RationalQ[n]
```

#### Derivation: ???

Rule: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

```
Int[sin[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m+1)) -
1/(a^2*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(a*m-b*(2*m+1)*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1/2]
```

2: 
$$\int Sin[e+fx]^2 (a+bSin[e+fx])^m dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 == 0 \land m \nleq -\frac{1}{2}$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  a<sup>2</sup>, B  $\rightarrow$  2 a b, C  $\rightarrow$  b<sup>2</sup>, m  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -\frac{1}{2}$$
, then

$$\begin{split} &\int Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \\ &-\frac{Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}}{b\,f\,\left(m+2\right)} + \frac{1}{b\,\left(m+2\right)} \int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(b\,\left(m+1\right) - a\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[sin[e_.+f_.*x_]^2*(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_,x_Symbol] :=
   -Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +
   1/(b*(m+2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*(m+1)-a*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1/2]]
```

2. 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$$
 when  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0$   
1:  $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$  when  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m < -1$ 

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, n  $\rightarrow$  1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m < -1$$
, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^2\,\text{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \\ &\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{a\,f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} \,+ \\ &\frac{1}{a\,b\,\left(2\,m+1\right)}\,\int\!\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\left(a\,c\,d\,\left(m-1\right)+b\,\left(d^2+c^2\,\left(m+1\right)\right)+d\,\left(a\,d\,\left(m-1\right)+b\,c\,\left(m+2\right)\right)\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

#### Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
   (b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
   1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[a*c*d*(m-1)+b*(d^2+c^2*(m+1))+d*(a*d*(m-1)+b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

2: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$$
 when  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \nleq -1$ 

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  a<sup>2</sup>, B  $\rightarrow$  2 a b, C  $\rightarrow$  b<sup>2</sup>, m  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \not< -1$$
, then

$$\int (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m} (c+d \sin[e+fx])^{2} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{d^{2} \cos[e+fx] (a+b \sin[e+fx])^{m+1}}{b f (m+2)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{b \ (m+2)} \int \left(a + b \ \text{Sin} \left[e + f \ x\right]\right)^m \left(b \ \left(d^2 \ (m+1) \ + c^2 \ (m+2)\right) - d \ \left(a \ d - 2 \ b \ c \ (m+2)\right) \ \text{Sin} \left[e + f \ x\right]\right) \ \text{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
   -d^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +
   1/(b*(m+2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m+1)+c^2*(m+2))-d*(a*d-2*b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  a, B  $\rightarrow$  b, m  $\rightarrow$  m - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If  $b \ c - a \ d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 == 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m > 1 \ \land \ n < -1$ , then

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -b^2*(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(d*f*(n+1)*(b*c+a*d)) +
    b^2/(d*(n+1)*(b*c+a*d))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)*
    Simp[a*c*(m-2)-b*d*(m-2*n-4)-(b*c*(m-1)-a*d*(m+2*n+1))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,1] && LtQ[n,-1] &&
    (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m+1/2] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  a, B  $\rightarrow$  b, m  $\rightarrow$  m - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, m > 1 \, \wedge \, n \not< -1$$
, then

$$\begin{split} & \int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^m \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \to \\ & - \frac{b^2 \, \text{Cos} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^{m-2} \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^{n+1}}{d \, f \, (m + n)} \, + \\ & \frac{1}{d \, (m + n)} \, \int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^{m-2} \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^n \, . \end{split}$$

$$\left(a \, b \, c \, (m - 2) \, + \, b^2 \, d \, (n + 1) \, + \, a^2 \, d \, (m + n) \, - \, b \, \left(b \, c \, (m - 1) \, - \, a \, d \, (3 \, m + 2 \, n - 2) \, \right) \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \right) \, dx \end{split}$$

#### Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(d*f*(m+n)) +
   1/(d*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*
        Simp[a*b*c*(m-2)+b^2*d*(n+1)+a^2*d*(m+n)-b*(b*c*(m-1)-a*d*(3*m+2*n-2))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,1] && Not[LtQ[n,-1]] &&
        (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m+1/2] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, m < -1 \, \wedge \, 0 < n < 1$$
, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \\ &\frac{b\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{a\,f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} - \\ &\frac{1}{a\,b\,\left(2\,m+1\right)}\,\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}\,\left(a\,d\,n-b\,c\,\left(m+1\right)-b\,d\,\left(m+n+1\right)\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a*f*(2*m+1)) -
1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)*Simp[a*d*n-b*c*(m+1)-b*d*(m+n+1)*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[[a,b,c,d,e,f],x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[0,n,1] &&
(IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n > 1$$
, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,dx \,\,\longrightarrow \\ \frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}}{a\,f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)} \,\,+ \\$$

$$\frac{1}{a \, b \, (2 \, m+1)} \, \int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{m+1} \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{n-2} \, \left(b \, \left(c^2 \, (m+1) + d^2 \, (n-1) \right) + a \, c \, d \, (m-n+1) + d \, \left(a \, d \, (m-n+1) + b \, c \, (m+n) \right) \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

#### Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   (b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(2*m+1)) +
   1/(a*b*(2*m+1))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)*
        Simp[b*(c^2*(m+1)+d^2*(n-1))+a*c*d*(m-n+1)+d*(a*d*(m-n+1)+b*c*(m+n))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && GtQ[n,1] &&
        (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

2: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $bc - ad \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n \neq 0$ 

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2b with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n \not > 0$$
, then

$$\frac{\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\longrightarrow\,\,}{b^2\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}}{a\,f\,\left(2\,m+1\right)\,\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)}\,+$$

$$\frac{1}{a\;(2\;m+1)\;\left(b\;c-a\;d\right)}\int \left(a+b\;Sin\!\left[e+f\;x\right]\right)^{m+1}\left(c+d\;Sin\!\left[e+f\;x\right]\right)^{n}\left(b\;c\;(m+1)\;-a\;d\;(2\;m+n+2)\;+b\;d\;(m+n+2)\;Sin\!\left[e+f\;x\right]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*f*(2*m+1)*(b*c-a*d)) +
1/(a*(2*m+1)*(b*c-a*d))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*
Simp[b*c*(m+1)-a*d*(2*m+n+2)+b*d*(m+n+2)*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && Not[GtQ[n,0]] &&
(IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[c,0])
```

5. 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \land a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \land c^{2} - d^{2} \neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \land a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \land c^{2} - d^{2} \neq 0 \land n > 1$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, m  $\rightarrow$  -1, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n > 1$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^n}{a + b \sin\left[e + f \, x\right]} \, dx \rightarrow \\ - \frac{\left(b \, c - a \, d\right) \, Cos\left[e + f \, x\right] \left(c + d \sin\left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^{n-1}}{a \, f \, \left(a + b \sin\left[e + f \, x\right]\right)} - \frac{d}{a \, b} \int \left(c + d \sin\left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^{n-2} \left(b \, d \, (n-1) - a \, c \, n + \left(b \, c \, (n-1) - a \, d \, n\right) \, Sin\left[e + f \, x\right]\right) \, dx$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    -(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])) -
    d/(a*b)*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)*Simp[b*d*(n-1)-a*c*n+(b*c*(n-1)-a*d*n)*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,1] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c,0])
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \land a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \land c^{2} - d^{2} \neq 0 \land n < 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2b with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, m  $\rightarrow$  -1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, n < 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c+d \sin \left[e+f x\right]\right)^n}{a+b \sin \left[e+f x\right]} \, dx \rightarrow \\ -\frac{b^2 \cos \left[e+f x\right] \left(c+d \sin \left[e+f x\right]\right)^{n+1}}{a f \left(b c-a d\right) \left(a+b \sin \left[e+f x\right]\right)} + \frac{d}{a \left(b c-a d\right)} \int \left(c+d \sin \left[e+f x\right]\right)^n \left(a n-b \left(n+1\right) \sin \left[e+f x\right]\right) \, dx$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    -b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*f*(b*c-a*d)*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])) +
    d/(a*(b*c-a*d))*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*(a*n-b*(n+1)*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[n,0] && (IntegerQ[2*n] || EqQ[c,0])
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \land c^{2} - d^{2} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2a with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, m  $\rightarrow$  -1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \\ -\frac{b\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{a\,f\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)} + \frac{d\,n}{a\,b}\int \left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}\,\left(a-b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x$$

# Program code:

$$6. \ \, \int \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big]} \ \, \big( \, c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \big)^n \, \text{d}x \ \, \text{when} \, \, b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
 
$$1. \ \, \int \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big]} \ \, \big( \, c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \big)^n \, \text{d}x \ \, \text{when} \, \, b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, 2 \, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$
 
$$1: \ \, \int \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big]} \ \, \big( \, c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \big)^n \, \text{d}x \, \, \text{when} \, \, b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, n > 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, m  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$ , n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0 and algebraic simplification

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n > 0$ , then

$$\begin{split} & \int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, \text{d}x \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{2\,b\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\,\left(2\,n+1\right) \, \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} + \frac{2\,n\,\left(b\,c+a\,d\right)}{b\,\left(2\,n+1\right)} \, \int \! \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1} \, \text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(2*n+1)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]) +
    2*n*(b*c+a*d)/(b*(2*n+1))*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n(n-1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

$$2. \ \, \int \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big]} \ \, \Big( \, c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \Big)^n \, \text{d} \, x \ \, \text{when} \, \, b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \ \, \wedge \ \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \, \wedge \ \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \, \wedge \ \, n < -1$$
 
$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big]}}{\Big( \, c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \Big)^{3/2}} \, \text{d} \, x \ \, \text{when} \, \, b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \ \, \wedge \ \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \, \wedge \ \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, m  $\rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{2}$ , n  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{3}{2}$  p  $\rightarrow$  0

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with A  $\rightarrow$  a, B  $\rightarrow$  b, m  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{1}{2}$ , n  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{3}{2}$ , p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\big(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^{3/2}}\,\text{d}x \ \to \ -\frac{2\,b^2\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{f\,\big(b\,c+a\,d\big)\,\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2),x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b^2*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*(b*c+a*d)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big]} \, \big( c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \big)^n \, dx$$
 when  $b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, n < -1$ 

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with A  $\rightarrow$  a, B  $\rightarrow$  b, m  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{1}{2}$ , p  $\rightarrow$  0 and algebraic simplification

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n < -1$$
, then

$$\begin{split} & \int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, \text{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ & \frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}}{f\,\left(n+1\right) \, \left(c^2-d^2\right) \, \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} + \frac{\left(2\,n+3\right) \, \left(b\,c-a\,d\right)}{2\,b\,\left(n+1\right) \, \left(c^2-d^2\right)} \int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1} \, \text{d}x \end{split}$$

# Program code:

3: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,dx \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2=0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0$$

Author: Martin Welz on 24 June 2011; generalized by Albert Rich 14 April 2014

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then  $\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{c+d \sin[e+fx]} = -\frac{2b}{f} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{1}{b \, c+a \, d-d \, x^2}, \, x, \, \frac{b \, \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \, \sin[e+fx]}}\right] \, \partial_x \, \frac{b \, \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \, \sin[e+fx]}}$ 

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\text{d}x \ \to \ -\frac{2\,b}{f}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{1}{b\,c+a\,d-d\,x^2}\,\text{d}x\,,\,x\,,\,\frac{b\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b/f*Subst[Int[1/(b*c+a*d-d*x^2),x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

4. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d\sin[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } bc-ad\neq 0 \land a^2-b^2=0 \land c^2-d^2\neq 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d\sin[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \land d=\frac{a}{b}$$

Author: Martin Welz on 24 June 2011

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land d = \frac{a}{b}$$
, then  $\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]}} = -\frac{2}{f} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{a}}}, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} \right] \partial_x \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}$ 

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land d = \frac{a}{b}$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \ \to \ -\frac{2}{f}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{a}}}\,\text{d}x \ , \ x \, , \ \frac{b\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2/f*Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1-x^2/a],x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[d,a/b]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } bc-ad \neq 0 \land a^2-b^2 == 0 \land c^2-d^2 \neq 0$$

Author: Martin Welz on 10 March 2011

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0, \text{then} \\ \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin}[e + f \, x]}}{\sqrt{c + d \, \text{Sin}[e + f \, x]}} = -\frac{2 \, b}{f} \, \text{Subst} \Big[ \frac{1}{b + d \, x^2}, \, x, \, \frac{b \, \text{Cos}[e + f \, x]}{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin}[e + f \, x]}} \Big] \, \partial_x \, \frac{b \, \text{Cos}[e + f \, x]}{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin}[e + f \, x]}} \Big] \\ \end{array}$$

Note: The above identity is not valid if b c - a d  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup> == 0  $\wedge$  c<sup>2</sup> - d<sup>2</sup> == 0, since the derivative vanishes!

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \ \to \ -\frac{2\,b}{f}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{1}{b+d\,x^2}\,\text{d}x \ , \ x \ , \ \frac{b\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*b/f*Subst[Int[1/(b+d*x^2),x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]])] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

$$2: \ \, \int \sqrt{a+b\, \text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]} \ \, \big(\,c+d\, \text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\big)^{\,n}\, \text{d}x \ \, \text{when } b\,\,c-a\,\,d\,\neq\,0\,\,\wedge\,\,a^2-b^2=0\,\,\wedge\,\,c^2-d^2\neq\,0\,\,\wedge\,\,2\,\,n\,\notin\,\mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a-b\sin[e+fx]}} = 0$ 

Basis: 
$$Cos[e + fx] = \frac{1}{f} \partial_x Sin[e + fx]$$

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land 2 n \notin \mathbb{Z}$$
, then

$$\int \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \left(c+d \sin[e+fx]\right)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a^2 \, \text{Cos} \big[ \text{e} + \text{f} \, \text{x} \big]}{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \text{e} + \text{f} \, \text{x} \big]}} \, \sqrt{a - b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \text{e} + \text{f} \, \text{x} \big]} \, \int \frac{\text{Cos} \big[ \text{e} + \text{f} \, \text{x} \big] \, \big( \text{c} + \text{d} \, \text{Sin} \big[ \text{e} + \text{f} \, \text{x} \big] \big)^n}{\sqrt{a - b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \text{e} + \text{f} \, \text{x} \big]}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, dx$$

$$\frac{a^2 \cos[e+fx]}{f \sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{a-b \sin[e+fx]}} Subst \left[ \int \frac{(c+dx)^n}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx, x, \sin[e+fx] \right]$$

7. 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin[e + f x]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]}} dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \land a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \land c^{2} - d^{2} \neq 0 \land n > 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \land a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \land c^{2} - d^{2} \neq 0$$

#### Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{\sqrt{c+d z}}{\sqrt{a+b z}} = \frac{b c-a d}{b \sqrt{a+b z} \sqrt{c+d z}} + \frac{d \sqrt{a+b z}}{b \sqrt{c+d z}}$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{b\, c-a\, d}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

#### Program code:

2: 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin[e + f x]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a + b \sin[e + f x]}} dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n > 1$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, m  $\rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{2}$ , n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n > 1$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f x\right]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{2\,d\,Cos\left[e+f\,x\right]\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}}{f\,\left(2\,n-1\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} - \\ \\ \frac{1}{b\,\left(2\,n-1\right)}\,\int\!\left(\left(\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-2}\,\left(a\,c\,d-b\,\left(2\,d^2\,\left(n-1\right)+c^2\,\left(2\,n-1\right)\right)+d\,\left(a\,d-b\,c\,\left(4\,n-3\right)\right)\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\right)\bigg/\left(\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\right)\right)\,\mathrm{d}x} + \\ \frac{1}{b\,\left(2\,n-1\right)}\,\int\!\left(\left(\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-2}\,\left(a\,c\,d-b\,\left(2\,d^2\,\left(n-1\right)+c^2\,\left(2\,n-1\right)\right)+d\,\left(a\,d-b\,c\,\left(4\,n-3\right)\right)\right)\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\right)\bigg/\left(\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\right)\right)\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -2*d*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(2*n-1)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]) -
    1/(b*(2*n-1))*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*
    Simp[a*c*d-b*(2*d^2*(n-1)+c^2*(2*n-1))+d*(a*d-b*c*(4*n-3))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \land a^{2} - b^{2} = 0 \land c^{2} - d^{2} \neq 0 \land n < -1$$

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 1c with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n < -1$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c+d \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{\sqrt{a+b \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ - \frac{d \, \text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big] \, \left(c+d \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}}{f \, (n+1) \, \left(c^2-d^2\right) \, \sqrt{a+b \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} - \frac{1}{2 \, b \, (n+1) \, \left(c^2-d^2\right)} \, \int \frac{\left(c+d \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1} \, \left(a \, d-2 \, b \, c \, (n+1) + b \, d \, (2 \, n+3) \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
   -d*Cos[e+f*x]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(f*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2)*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]) -
   1/(2*b*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2))*Int[(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)*Simp[a*d-2*b*c*(n+1)+b*d*(2*n+3)*Sin[e+f*x],x]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[n,-1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\mathrm{d}x \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2=0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \ z} \ (c+d \ z)} = \frac{b}{(b \ c-a \ d) \ \sqrt{a+b \ z}} - \frac{d \ \sqrt{a+b \ z}}{(b \ c-a \ d) \ (c+d \ z)}$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,dx \,\to\, \frac{b}{b\,c-a\,d}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,dx \,-\, \frac{d}{b\,c-a\,d}\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,dx$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol] :=
b/(b*c-a*d)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] - d/(b*c-a*d)*Int[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/(c+d*Sin[e+f*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

4. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, dx \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2=0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \,\wedge\, d=\frac{a}{b} \,\wedge\, a>0$$

Author: Martin Welz on 24 June 2011

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: If } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \land \ d == \frac{a}{b} \ \land \ a > 0, \text{then } \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin}[e + f \, x]}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a} \ f} \, \text{Subst} \big[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}, \ x, \ \frac{b \, \text{Cos}[e + f \, x]}{a + b \, \text{Sin}[e + f \, x]} \big] \ \partial_x \, \frac{b \, \text{Cos}[e + f \, x]}{a + b \, \text{Sin}[e + f \, x]}$$

Basis:  $F(z \mid 0) == z$ 

Note: This is a special case of the rule for  $a^2 \neq b^2$ .

Rule: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge d = \frac{a}{b} \wedge a > 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}[e+f\,x]}} \, \sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}[e+f\,x]} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a}} \, \text{Subst} \Big[ \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \, dx \,, \, x \,, \, \frac{b\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \Big]$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
    -Sqrt[2]/(Sqrt[a]*f)*Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1-x^2],x],x,b*Cos[e+f*x]/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[d,a/b] && GtQ[a,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \, \text{Sin}[e+f\,x]}} \, dx \text{ when } b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

Author: Martin Welz on 10 March 2011

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} = -\frac{2a}{f} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{1}{2b^2 - (ac-bd)x^2}, x, \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}\right] \partial_x \frac{b \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}}$$

Note: The above identity is not valid if b c - a d  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup> == 0  $\wedge$  c<sup>2</sup> - d<sup>2</sup> == 0, since the derivative vanishes!

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \, \text{d}x \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{2\,a}{f}\,\, \text{Subst} \Big[ \int \frac{1}{2\,b^2 - \big(a\,c-b\,d\big)} \, \frac{1}{x^2} \, \, \text{d}x \,, \, x \,, \, \frac{b\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{S$$

# Program code:

8: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $bc - ad \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n > 1$ 

Derivation: Singly degenerate sine recurrence 2c with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land n > 1$$
, then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{d \, Cos \big[ e+f \, x \big] \, \big( a+b \, Sin \big[ e+f \, x \big] \big)^m \, \big( c+d \, Sin \big[ e+f \, x \big] \big)^{n-1}}{f \, (m+n)} + \\ \frac{1}{b \, (m+n)} \, \int \big( a+b \, Sin \big[ e+f \, x \big] \big)^m \, \big( c+d \, Sin \big[ e+f \, x \big] \big)^{n-2} \, \big( d \, \big( a \, c \, m+b \, d \, (n-1) \, \big) + b \, c^2 \, (m+n) + \big( d \, \big( a \, d \, m+b \, c \, (m+2 \, n-1) \, \big) \big) \, Sin \big[ e+f \, x \big] \big) \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -d*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n(n-1)/(f*(m+n)) +
   1/(b*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n(n-2)*
   Simp[d*(a*c*m+b*d*(n-1))+b*c^2*(m+n)+d*(a*d*m+b*c*(m+2*n-1))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[n,1] && IntegerQ[n]
```

$$9. \ \int \big(a + b \, \text{Sin}\big[\,e + f \, x\,\big] \big)^m \, \big(c + d \, \text{Sin}\big[\,e + f \, x\,\big] \big)^n \, \text{d}x \text{ when } b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 == 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

$$1: \ \int \big(a + b \, \text{Sin}\big[\,e + f \, x\,\big] \big)^m \, \big(c + d \, \text{Sin}\big[\,e + f \, x\,\big] \big)^n \, \text{d}x \text{ when } b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 == 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{1+\sin[e+fx]}} = 0$$

Basis: 
$$Cos[e + fx] = \frac{1}{f} \partial_x Sin[e + fx]$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m} (c + d \sin[e + fx])^{n} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a^m \, \text{Cos}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]}{\sqrt{1+\text{Sin}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]}} \, \sqrt{1-\text{Sin}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]} \, \int \frac{\text{Cos}\big[\text{e+fx}\big] \, \Big(1+\frac{b}{a} \, \text{Sin}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]\Big)^{m-\frac{1}{2}} \, \Big(\text{c+d} \, \text{Sin}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]\Big)^n}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b}{a} \, \text{Sin}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]}} \, \text{dx} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1-\frac{b}{a} \, \text{Sin}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b}{a} \, \text{Sin}\big[\text{e+fx}\big]}} \, \text{dx}$$

$$\frac{a^{m} \cos \left[e+f x\right]}{f \sqrt{1+Sin\left[e+f x\right]}} \sqrt{1-Sin\left[e+f x\right]} \quad Subst \left[ \int \frac{\left(1+\frac{b}{a} x\right)^{m-\frac{1}{2}} \left(c+d x\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b}{a} x}} \, dx, \, x, \, Sin\left[e+f x\right] \right]$$

$$Int [ (a_{+}b_{-}*sin[e_{-}*f_{-}*x_{-}])^{m}_{*}(c_{-}*d_{-}*sin[e_{-}*f_{-}*x_{-}])^{n}_{-}, x_{Symbol} ] := \\ a^{m}_{*}Cos[e_{+}f_{*}x]/(f_{*}Sqrt[1+Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x]]*Sqrt[1-Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x]])*Subst[Int[(1+b/a_{*}x)^{m}_{-}(m_{-}1/2)*(c_{+}d_{*}x)^{n}_{-}Sqrt[1-b/a_{*}x], x_{+}Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x]] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a_{+}b_{+}c_{+}d_{+}e_{+}f_{+}e_{+}f_{+}e_{+}f_{+}e_{+}f_{+}e_{+}f_{-}e_{+}f_{+}e_{+}f_{-}e_$$

2. 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

1.  $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

1.  $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land a > 0$ 

1.  $\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (d \sin[e + fx])^n dx$  when  $a^2 - b^2 == 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land a > 0 \land \frac{d}{b} > 0$ 

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{Cos\lfloor e+fx\rfloor}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}} = 0$ 

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{b^2\,Cos\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}} \frac{Cos\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}} = 1$ 

Basis:  $\frac{Cos\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\,\bigl(a+b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\bigr)^{m-\frac{1}{2}}\,\bigl(b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\bigr)^n}{\sqrt{a-b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]}} = 1$ 
 $-\frac{1}{b\,f}\,Subst\Bigl[\frac{(a-x)^n\,(2\,a-x)^{m-\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}},\,x\,,\,a-b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr]\Bigr]\,\partial_x\,(a-b\,Sin\bigl[e+f\,x\bigr])$ 

Note: If a > 0, then  $\frac{(a-x)^{\frac{n}{2}}(2a-x)^{\frac{m-\frac{1}{2}}}}{\sqrt{x}}$  is integrable in terms of the Appell function without the need for additional

# piecewise constant extraction.

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -b*(d/b)^n*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Sin[e+f*x]])*
   Subst[Int[(a-x)^n*(2*a-x)^(m-1/2)/Sqrt[x],x],x,a-b*Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^22,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && GtQ[a,0] && GtQ[d/b,0]
```

$$2: \ \int \left(a+b \ \text{Sin} \left[e+f \ x \right] \right)^m \ \left(d \ \text{Sin} \left[e+f \ x \right] \right)^n \ \text{d} \ x \ \text{ when } \ a^2-b^2 == 0 \ \land \ m \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ a>0 \ \land \ \frac{d}{b} \ \not > 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{(d \sin[e+fx])^n}{(b \sin[e+fx])^n} == 0$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land a > 0 \land \frac{d}{b} \not > 0$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \,\,\to\,\, \frac{\left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^{\text{IntPart}[n]}\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}}{\left(b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}}\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   (d/b)^IntPart[n]*(d*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[n]/(b*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[n]*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && GtQ[a,0] && Not[GtQ[d/b,0]]
```

2: 
$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2=0 \,\,\land\,\, m\notin\mathbb{Z}\,\,\land\,\, a\,\not>\, 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{\left(a+b \sin[e+fx]\right)^m}{\left(1+\frac{b}{a} \sin[e+fx]\right)^m} = 0$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land a \geqslant 0$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \ \to \ \frac{a^{\text{IntPart}[m]}\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}}{\left(1+\frac{b}{a}\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}}\int \left(1+\frac{b}{a}\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^IntPart[m]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]/(1+b/a*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]*
    Int[(1+b/a*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[GtQ[a,0]]
```

2: 
$$\int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^m \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^n \, dx$$
 when  $b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{Cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin[e+fx]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin[e+fx]}} = 0$ 

Basis: If  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{a^2\,Cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin[e+fx]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin[e+fx]}} \frac{Cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin[e+fx]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin[e+fx]}} = 1$ 

Basis:  $Cos[e+fx] = \frac{1}{f}\,\partial_x\,Sin[e+fx]$ 

Rule: If  $bc - ad \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then
$$\int (a+b\,Sin[e+fx])^m\,(c+d\,Sin[e+fx])^n\,dx \rightarrow \frac{a^2\,Cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{a+b\,Sin[e+fx]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{Cos[e+fx]\,(a+b\,Sin[e+fx])^{m-\frac{1}{2}}\,(c+d\,Sin[e+fx])^n}{\sqrt{a-b\,Sin[e+fx]}\,dx \rightarrow \frac{a^2\,Cos[e+fx]}{f\,\sqrt{a+b\,Sin[e+fx]}\,\sqrt{a-b\,Sin[e+fx]}}$$
Subst $\left[\int \frac{(a+b\,x)^{m-\frac{1}{2}}\,(c+d\,x)^n}{\sqrt{a-b\,x}}\,dx, x, Sin[e+fx]\right]$ 

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^2*Cos[e+f*x]/(f*Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[a-b*Sin[e+f*x]])*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^(m-1/2)*(c+d*x)^n/Sqrt[a-b*x],x],x,Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

8.  $\left[ \left( a + b \, \text{Sin} \left[ e + f \, x \right] \right)^m \left( c + d \, \text{Sin} \left[ e + f \, x \right] \right)^n \, dx \right]$  when  $b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \land \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \land \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ 

1.  $\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\!\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^2\,\text{d}x \text{ when }b\,c-a\,d\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,a^2-b^2\neq0$ 

1:  $\left[\left(b \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{m} \left(c + d \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{2} dx\right]$ 

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: 
$$(c + dz)^2 = \frac{2cd}{b}(bz) + (c^2 + d^2z^2)$$

Rule:

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^2\, \mathrm{d}x \,\, \rightarrow \\ &\frac{2\,c\,d}{b}\, \int \left(b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\, \mathrm{d}x + \int \left(b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(c^2+d^2\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]^2\right)\, \mathrm{d}x \end{split}$$

### Program code:

2: 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx$$
 when  $bc - ad \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1$ 

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  c<sup>2</sup>, B  $\rightarrow$  2 c d, C  $\rightarrow$  d<sup>2</sup>, n  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If b c - a d  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup>  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  m < -1, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)^2\,\text{d}x\,\,\longrightarrow\\ -\,\frac{\left(b^2\,c^2-2\,a\,b\,c\,d+a^2\,d^2\right)\,\text{Cos}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)^{m+1}}{b\,f\,\left(m+1\right)\,\left(a^2-b^2\right)}\,-$$

$$\frac{1}{b \ (m+1) \ \left(a^2-b^2\right)} \int \left(a+b \ Sin\left[e+f \ x\right]\right)^{m+1} \left(b \ (m+1) \ \left(2 \ b \ c \ d-a \ \left(c^2+d^2\right)\right) + \left(a^2 \ d^2-2 \ a \ b \ c \ d \ (m+2) + b^2 \left(d^2 \ (m+1) + c^2 \ (m+2)\right)\right) \ Sin\left[e+f \ x\right]\right) \ dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    -(b^2*c^2-2*a*b*c*d+a^2*d^2)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) -
    1/(b*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*
    Simp[b*(m+1)*(2*b*c*d-a*(c^2+d^2))+(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d*(m+2)+b^2*(d^2*(m+1)+c^2*(m+2)))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

```
3: \int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^2 dx when b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m \not\leftarrow -1
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  a<sup>2</sup>, B  $\rightarrow$  2 a b, C  $\rightarrow$  b<sup>2</sup>, m  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If b c - a d  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup>  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  m  $\not<$  -1, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^2\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \\ &-\frac{d^2\,Cos\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}}{b\,f\,\left(m+2\right)} + \\ &\frac{1}{b\,\left(m+2\right)}\,\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(b\,\left(d^2\,\left(m+1\right)+c^2\,\left(m+2\right)\right)-d\,\left(a\,d-2\,b\,c\,\left(m+2\right)\right)\,Sin\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\mathrm{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    -d^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2)) +
    1/(b*(m+2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*Simp[b*(d^2*(m+1)+c^2*(m+2))-d*(a*d-2*b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x],x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && Not[LtQ[m,-1]]
```

$$\textbf{X:} \quad \int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}\,x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ m\in\mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Note: If terms having the same powers of sin[e + fx] are collected, this rule results in more compact antiderivatives; however, the number of steps required grows exponentially with m.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rule: If } & a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m \in \mathbb{Z}^+, \text{then} \\ & \int \big( a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \big)^m \, \big( d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \big)^n \, \text{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \int \text{ExpandTrig} \big[ \, \big( a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \big)^m \, \big( d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \big)^n, \, x \big] \, \text{d}x \end{aligned}$$

# Program code:

```
(* Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrig[(a+b*sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*sin[e+f*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0] *)
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  c<sup>2</sup>, B  $\rightarrow$  2 c d, C  $\rightarrow$  d<sup>2</sup>, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 2, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m > 2 \land n < -1$$
, then

$$\begin{split} & \int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^m \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ - \left( \left( \left( b^2 \, c^2 - 2 \, a \, b \, c \, d + a^2 \, d^2 \right) \, \text{Cos} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \left( a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^{m-2} \, \left( c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^{n+1} \right) \, / \, \left( d \, \, f \, \left( n + 1 \right) \, \left( c^2 - d^2 \right) \, \right) \right) \, + \\ & \frac{1}{d \, \left( n + 1 \right) \, \left( c^2 - d^2 \right)} \, \int \left( a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^{m-3} \, \left( c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \right)^{n+1} \, \cdot \\ & \left( b \, \left( m - 2 \right) \, \left( b \, c - a \, d \, \right)^2 + a \, d \, \left( n + 1 \right) \, \left( c \, \left( a^2 + b^2 \right) - 2 \, a \, b \, d \right) \, + \\ & \left( b \, \left( n + 1 \right) \, \left( a \, b \, c^2 + c \, d \, \left( a^2 + b^2 \right) - 3 \, a \, b \, d^2 \right) - a \, \left( n + 2 \right) \, \left( b \, c - a \, d \right)^2 \right) \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, + \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(b^2*c^2-2*a*b*c*d+a^2*d^2)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(d*f*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2)) +
    1/(d*(n+1)*(c^2-d^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-3)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)*
    Simp[b*(m-2)*(b*c-a*d)^2+a*d*(n+1)*(c*(a^2+b^2)-2*a*b*d)+
        (b*(n+1)*(a*b*c^2+c*d*(a^2+b^2)-3*a*b*d^2)-a*(n+2)*(b*c-a*d)^2)*Sin[e+f*x]+
        b*(b^2*(c^2-d^2)-m*(b*c-a*d)^2+d*n*(2*a*b*c-d*(a^2+b^2)))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,2] && LtQ[n,-1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*a*b*q])
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  a<sup>2</sup>, B  $\rightarrow$  2 a b, C  $\rightarrow$  b<sup>2</sup>, m  $\rightarrow$  m - 2, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If  $b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, m > 2 \, \wedge \, n \not< -1$ , then

$$\int \left( a + b \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left( c + d \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ - \frac{b^2 \, Cos \big[ e + f \, x \big] \, \left( a + b \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{m-2} \, \left( c + d \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{n+1}}{d \, f \, (m+n)} \, + \\ - \frac{1}{d \, (m+n)} \int \left( a + b \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{m-3} \, \left( c + d \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \cdot \\ \left( a^3 \, d \, (m+n) \, + b^2 \, \left( b \, c \, (m-2) \, + a \, d \, (n+1) \right) \, - b \, \left( a \, b \, c - b^2 \, d \, (m+n-1) \, - 3 \, a^2 \, d \, (m+n) \right) \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big] \, - b^2 \, \left( b \, c \, (m-1) \, - a \, d \, (3 \, m + 2 \, n - 2) \right) \, Sin \big[ e + f \, x \big]^2 \right) \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(d*f*(m+n)) +
    1/(d*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-3)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*
    Simp[a^3*d*(m+n)+b^2*(b*c*(m-2)+a*d*(n+1))-
        b*(a*b*c-b^2*d*(m+n-1)-3*a^2*d*(m+n))*Sin[e+f*x]-
        b^2*(b*c*(m-1)-a*d*(3*m+2*n-2))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[m,2] &&
        (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]) && Not[IGtQ[n,2] && (Not[IntegerQ[m]] || EqQ[a,0] && NeQ[c,0])]
```

1. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}}{\left(a + b \sin[e + f x]\right)^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d \sin[e + f x]}}{\left(a + b \sin[e + f x]\right)^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  0, B  $\rightarrow$  d, C  $\rightarrow$  0, m  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{3}{2}$ , n  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{1}{2}$ , p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\big(a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^{3/2}}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ -\frac{2\, a\, d\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]}{f\, \big(a^2-b^2\big)\, \sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \sqrt{d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} - \frac{d^2}{a^2-b^2}\, \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\big(d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^{3/2}}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

# Program code:

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}}{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{\sqrt{c+d} z}{(a+b z)^{3/2}} = \frac{c-d}{a-b} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b z} \sqrt{c+d z}} - \frac{b c-a d}{a-b} \frac{1+z}{(a+b z)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+d z}}$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\big(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^{3/2}}\,\mathrm{d}x\ \to$$

$$\frac{c-d}{a-b}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, dx - \frac{b\,c-a\,d}{a-b}\int \frac{1+\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\big(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^{3/2}\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \mathsf{Sqrt} \big[ \mathsf{c}_{-+} \mathsf{d}_{-*} \mathsf{sin} \big[ \mathsf{e}_{-+} \mathsf{f}_{-*} \mathsf{x}_{-} \big] \big] / \big( \mathsf{a}_{-+} \mathsf{b}_{-*} \mathsf{sin} \big[ \mathsf{e}_{-+} \mathsf{f}_{-*} \mathsf{x}_{-} \big] \big) \wedge (3/2) \, , \mathsf{x}_{-} \mathsf{Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & \big( \mathsf{c}_{-} \mathsf{d} \big) / \big( \mathsf{a}_{-} \mathsf{b} \big) * \mathsf{Int} \big[ 1 / \big( \mathsf{Sqrt} \big[ \mathsf{a}_{+} \mathsf{b}_{+} \mathsf{Sin} \big[ \mathsf{e}_{+} \mathsf{f}_{+} \mathsf{x} \big] \big) + \mathsf{Sqrt} \big[ \mathsf{c}_{+} \mathsf{d}_{+} \mathsf{Sin} \big[ \mathsf{e}_{+} \mathsf{f}_{+} \mathsf{x} \big] \big] \big) \, , \mathsf{x} \big] \, - \\ & \big( \mathsf{b}_{+} \mathsf{c}_{-} \mathsf{a}_{+} \mathsf{d} \big) / \big( \mathsf{a}_{-} \mathsf{b}_{+} \mathsf{s}_{+} \mathsf{s}_{+} \mathsf{n} \big[ \mathsf{e}_{+} \mathsf{f}_{+} \mathsf{x} \big] \big) / \big( (\mathsf{a}_{+} \mathsf{b}_{+} \mathsf{Sin} \big[ \mathsf{e}_{+} \mathsf{f}_{+} \mathsf{x} \big] \big) \big) \, , \mathsf{x} \big] \, / ; \\ & \mathsf{FreeQ} \big[ \big\{ \mathsf{a}_{+} \mathsf{b}_{+} \mathsf{c}_{-} \mathsf{d}_{+} \mathsf{d}
```

$$2: \ \int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d}x \ \text{when } b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m < -1 \ \land \ 0 < n < 1 \ \land \ 0 < m < 1 \ \land \ 0 \ \land \ \ 0 \ \land \ 0 \ \land \ 0 \ \land \ 0 \ \land \ 0 \$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, C  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1c with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, C  $\rightarrow$  0, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land 0 < n < 1$$
, then

$$\begin{split} & \int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \, \to \\ & - \frac{b \, \text{Cos} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \, \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{m+1} \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^n}{f \, \left(m + 1\right) \, \left(a^2 - b^2\right)} \, + \\ & \frac{1}{\left(m + 1\right) \, \left(a^2 - b^2\right)} \, \int \left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{m+1} \, \left(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^{n-1} \, \cdot \\ & \left(a \, c \, \left(m + 1\right) + b \, d \, n + \left(a \, d \, \left(m + 1\right) - b \, c \, \left(m + 2\right)\right) \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] - b \, d \, \left(m + n + 2\right) \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big]^2\right) \, \mathrm{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
   1/((m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)*
   Simp[a*c*(m+1)+b*d*n+(a*d*(m+1)-b*c*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x]-b*d*(m+n+2)*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[0,n,1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

2. 
$$\int \left(a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^m \left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^n dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ m < -1 \ \land \ 1 < n < 2$$
 
$$1. \int \frac{\left(c + d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } b \cdot c - a \cdot d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
 
$$1: \int \frac{\left(d \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a + b \sin\left[e + f x\right]\right)^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

### **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**

Basis: 
$$\frac{(d z)^{3/2}}{(a+b z)^{3/2}} = \frac{d \sqrt{d z}}{b \sqrt{a+b z}} - \frac{a d \sqrt{d z}}{b (a+b z)^{3/2}}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x - \frac{a\,d}{b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\left(a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2)/(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2),x_Symbol] :=
    d/b*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] -
    a*d/b*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(3/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{(c + d \sin[e + f x])^{3/2}}{(a + b \sin[e + f x])^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

### Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{(c+d\;z)^{\;3/2}}{(a+b\;z)^{\;3/2}} == \frac{d^2\;\sqrt{a+b\;z}}{b^2\;\sqrt{c+d\;z}} + \frac{(b\;c-a\;d)\;\;(b\;c+a\;d+2\;b\;d\;z)}{b^2\;\;(a+b\;z)^{\;3/2}\;\sqrt{c+d\;z}}$$

Rule: If  $b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(c + d \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a + b \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^{3/2}} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \frac{d^2}{b^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f \, x\right]}}{\sqrt{c + d \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f \, x\right]}} \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{\left(b \, c - a \, d\right)}{b^2} \int \frac{b \, c + a \, d + 2 \, b \, d \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f \, x\right]}{\left(a + b \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \operatorname{Sin}\left[e + f \, x\right]}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
 Int[(c_{+d_{-}*sin[e_{-}+f_{-}*x_{-}]})^{(3/2)}/(a_{-}+b_{-}*sin[e_{-}+f_{-}*x_{-}])^{(3/2)},x_{Symbol}] := \\ d^{2}/b^{2}Int[Sqrt[a_{+}b_{*}Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x]]/Sqrt[c_{+}d_{*}Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x]],x] + \\ (b_{*}c_{-}a_{*}d)/b^{2}Int[Simp[b_{*}c_{+}a_{*}d_{+}2_{*}b_{*}d_{*}Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x],x]/((a_{+}b_{*}Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x])^{(3/2)}*Sqrt[c_{+}d_{*}Sin[e_{+}f_{*}x]]),x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a_{,}b_{,}c_{,}d_{,}e_{,}f\},x] && NeQ[b_{*}c_{-}a_{*}d_{,}0] && NeQ[a^{2}-b^{2},0] && NeQ[c^{2}-d^{2},0] \\ \end{cases}
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with A  $\rightarrow$  c, B  $\rightarrow$  d, C  $\rightarrow$  0, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If  $b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, m < -1 \, \wedge \, 1 < n < 2$ , then

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(b*c-a*d)*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(m+1)*(a^2-b^2)) +
    1/((m+1)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-2)*
    Simp[c*(a*c-b*d)*(m+1)+d*(b*c-a*d)*(n-1)+(d*(a*c-b*d)*(m+1)-c*(b*c-a*d)*(m+2))*Sin[e+f*x]-d*(b*c-a*d)*(m+n+1)*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x]
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && LtQ[1,n,2] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

2. 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + fx])^m (c + d \sin[e + fx])^n dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n \neq 0$$

$$1. \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{3/2} \sqrt{d \sin[e + fx]}} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1a with c  $\rightarrow$  0, A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, C  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0, m  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{3}{2}$ , n  $\rightarrow$   $-\frac{1}{2}$ 

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

### Program code:

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\sin\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+d\sin\left[e+f\,x\right]}} \, dx \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \ \land \ a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ c^2-d^2\neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{(a+bz)^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{(a-b)\sqrt{a+bz}} - \frac{b(1+z)}{(a-b)(a+bz)^{3/2}}$$

Rule: If b c - a d  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  a<sup>2</sup> - b<sup>2</sup>  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  c<sup>2</sup> - d<sup>2</sup>  $\neq$  0, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{1}{a-b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \, \mathrm{d}x - \frac{b}{a-b} \int \frac{1+\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/((a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/(a-b)*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] -
    b/(a-b)*Int[(1+Sin[e+f*x])/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1c with A  $\rightarrow$  1, B  $\rightarrow$  0, C  $\rightarrow$  0, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land m < -1 \land n \geqslant 0$$
, then

$$\begin{split} & \int \left(a + b \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big]\right)^m \, \left(c + d \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big]\right)^n \, dx \, \to \\ & - \frac{b^2 \, Cos\big[e + f\, x\big] \, \left(a + b \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(c + d \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big]\right)^{n+1}}{f \, (m+1) \, \left(b \, c - a \, d\right) \, \left(a^2 - b^2\right)} + \\ & \frac{1}{(m+1) \, \left(b \, c - a \, d\right) \, \left(a^2 - b^2\right)} \int \left(a + b \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(c + d \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big]\right)^n \, . \end{split}$$

$$\left(a \, \left(b \, c - a \, d\right) \, \left(m + 1\right) + b^2 \, d \, \left(m + n + 2\right) - \left(b^2 \, c + b \, \left(b \, c - a \, d\right) \, \left(m + 1\right)\right) \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big] - b^2 \, d \, \left(m + n + 3\right) \, Sin\big[e + f\, x\big]^2\right) \, dx \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -b^2*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(f*(m+1)*(b*c-a*d)*(a^2-b^2)) +
    1/((m+1)*(b*c-a*d)*(a^2-b^2))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n*
    Simp[a*(b*c-a*d)*(m+1)+b^2*d*(m+n+2)-(b^2*c+b*(b*c-a*d)*(m+1))*Sin[e+f*x]-b^2*d*(m+n+3)*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegerQ[2*m,2*n] &&
    (EqQ[a,0] && IntegerQ[m] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] || Not[IntegerQ[2*n] && LtQ[n,-1] && (IntegerQ[n] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] || EqQ[a,0])])
```

4: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}}{a + b \sin[e + f x]} dx \text{ when } b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

# Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{\sqrt{c+d z}}{a+b z} = \frac{d}{b \sqrt{c+d z}} + \frac{b c-a d}{b (a+b z) \sqrt{c+d z}}$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{b\, c-a\, d}{b} \int \frac{1}{\big(a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)\, \sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[Sqrt[c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    d/b*Int[1/Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]],x] +
    (b*c-a*d)/b*Int[1/((a+b*Sin[e+f*x])*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

5: 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, \text{Sin} \left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^{3/2}}{c + d \, \text{Sin} \left[e + f \, x\right]} \, dx \text{ when } b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{a+bz}{c+dz} == \frac{b}{d} - \frac{bc-ad}{d(c+dz)}$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\text{d}x \,\to\, \frac{b}{d}\int \sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\text{d}x \,-\, \frac{b\,c-a\,d}{d}\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\text{d}x$$

### Program code:

6. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x \ \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \ \land \ a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ c^2-d^2\neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x \ \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \ \land \ a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ c^2-d^2\neq 0 \ \land \ c+d>0$$

**Derivation: Primitive rule** 

Basis: If 
$$c + d > 0$$
, then  $\partial_x$  EllipticPi $\left[\frac{2b}{a+b}, \frac{1}{2}\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right), \frac{2d}{c+d}\right] = \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{c+d}}{2(a+b\sin[x])\sqrt{c+d\sin[x]}}$ 

Rule: If  $b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c + d > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]}}\,\text{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{2}{f\,\left(a+b\right)\,\sqrt{c+d}}\,\,\text{EllipticPi}\Big[\,\frac{2\,b}{a+b}\,,\,\,\frac{1}{2}\,\left(e-\frac{\pi}{2}+f\,x\right)\,,\,\,\frac{2\,d}{c+d}\,\Big]$$

```
Int[1/((a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
2/(f*(a+b)*Sqrt[c+d])*EllipticPi[2*b/(a+b),1/2*(e-Pi/2+f*x),2*d/(c+d)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[c+d,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c-d>0$$

**Derivation: Primitive rule** 

Basis: If 
$$c - d > 0$$
, then  $\partial_x$  EllipticPi  $\left[ -\frac{2b}{a-b}, \frac{1}{2} \left( x + \frac{\pi}{2} \right), -\frac{2d}{c-d} \right] = \frac{(a-b)\sqrt{c-d}}{2(a+b\sin[x])\sqrt{c+d\sin[x]}}$ 

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land c - d > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{2}{f\,\left(a-b\right)\,\sqrt{c-d}}\,\,\text{EllipticPi}\,\big[\,-\,\frac{2\,b}{a-b}\,,\,\,\frac{1}{2}\,\left(e+\frac{\pi}{2}+f\,x\right)\,,\,\,-\,\frac{2\,d}{c-d}\,\big]$$

```
Int[1/((a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
   2/(f*(a-b)*Sqrt[c-d])*EllipticPi[-2*b/(a-b),1/2*(e+Pi/2+f*x),-2*d/(c-d)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && GtQ[c-d,0]
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\text{when}\,\,b\,\,c-a\,\,d\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,a^2-b^2\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,c^2-d^2\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,c+d\,\,\neq0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{c+d F[x]}{c+d}}}{\sqrt{c+d F[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land c + d \geqslant 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x\,\to\,\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{c+d}}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)\,\sqrt{\frac{c}{c+d}+\frac{d}{c+d}\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x$$

7. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,dx \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,dx \text{ when } c^2-d^2\neq 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,dx \text{ when } c^2-d^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, \frac{c+d}{b}>0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big]}}{\sqrt{c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big]}} \, \text{d} \, x \text{ when } c^2 - d^2 > 0 \, \wedge \, \frac{c + d}{b} > 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 > 0$$

Rule: If 
$$c^2 - d^2 > 0 \land \frac{c+d}{b} > 0 \land c^2 > 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \, Sin[e+f\,x]}}{\sqrt{c+d \, Sin[e+f\,x]}} \, dx \rightarrow \\ \frac{2 \, c \, \sqrt{b \, (c+d)} \, \, Tan[e+f\,x] \, \sqrt{1+Csc[e+f\,x]} \, \, \sqrt{1-Csc[e+f\,x]}}{d \, f \, \sqrt{c^2-d^2}} \\ EllipticPi \Big[ \frac{c+d}{d} \, , \, ArcSin \Big[ \frac{\sqrt{c+d \, Sin[e+f\,x]}}{\sqrt{b \, Sin[e+f\,x]}} \Big/ \, \sqrt{\frac{c+d}{b}} \, \Big] \, , \, -\frac{c+d}{c-d} \Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    2*c*Rt[b*(c+d),2]*Tan[e+f*x]*Sqrt[1+Csc[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[1-Csc[e+f*x]]/(d*f*Sqrt[c^2-d^2])*
    EllipticPi[(c+d)/d,ArcSin[Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Rt[(c+d)/b,2]],-(c+d)/(c-d)] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f},x] && GtQ[c^2-d^2,0] && PosQ[(c+d)/b] && GtQ[c^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{c+d \sin[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } c^2-d^2\neq 0 \ \land \ \frac{c+d}{b}>0$$

Rule: If  $c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{c+d}{h} > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \, Sin[e+f\,x]}}{\sqrt{c+d \, Sin[e+f\,x]}} \, dx \rightarrow \\ \frac{2 \, b \, Tan[e+f\,x]}{d \, f} \, \sqrt{\frac{c+d}{b}} \, \sqrt{\frac{c \, \left(1+Csc[e+f\,x]\right)}{c+d}} \, \sqrt{\frac{c \, \left(1-Csc[e+f\,x]\right)}{c+d}} \, EllipticPi\Big[\frac{c+d}{d}, ArcSin\Big[\frac{\sqrt{c+d \, Sin[e+f\,x]}}{\sqrt{b \, Sin[e+f\,x]}} \Big/ \sqrt{\frac{c+d}{b}} \, \Big], -\frac{c+d}{c-d}\Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[c_+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    2*b*Tan[e+f*x]/(d*f)*Rt[(c+d)/b,2]*Sqrt[c*(1+Csc[e+f*x])/(c-d)]*Sqrt[c*(1-Csc[e+f*x])/(c+d)]*
    EllipticPi[(c+d)/d,ArcSin[Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Rt[(c+d)/b,2]],-(c+d)/(c-d)] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && PosQ[(c+d)/b]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin[e + f x]}}{\sqrt{c + d \sin[e + f x]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{c + d}{b} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_{\mathsf{X}} \frac{\sqrt{\mathsf{F}[\mathsf{X}]}}{\sqrt{-\mathsf{F}[\mathsf{X}]}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{c+d}{b} \not > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \text{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\sqrt{b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{-b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \int \frac{\sqrt{-b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \text{d}x$$

# Program code:

2. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \ \land \ a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ c^2-d^2\neq 0$$
 
$$\text{X:} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b z}}{\sqrt{d z}} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a+b z} \sqrt{d z}} + \frac{b \sqrt{d z}}{d \sqrt{a+b z}}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{b}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
(* Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    a*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] +
    b/d*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] *)
```

X: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ \frac{a+b}{d}>0$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{a+b}{d} > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,dx \to \\ \frac{2\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{d\,f\,\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}}\,\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(1-\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(1+\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\text{EllipticPi}\Big[\frac{b}{a+b}\,,\,\text{ArcSin}\Big[\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}}\,\,\frac{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\Big]\,,\,-\frac{a-b}{a+b}\Big]$$

```
(* Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
2*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])/(d*f*Rt[(a+b)/d,2]*Cos[e+f*x])*Sqrt[a*(1-Sin[e+f*x])/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])]*Sqrt[a*(1+Sin[e+f*x])/(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])]*
EllipticPi[b/(a+b),ArcSin[Rt[(a+b)/d,2]*(Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]])],-(a-b)/(a+b)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && PosQ[(a+b)/d] *)
```

1: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big]}}{\sqrt{c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big]}} \, \text{d} \, x \, \text{ when } \, b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \frac{a + b}{c + d} > 0$$

Rule: If 
$$b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \frac{a+b}{c+d} > 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, dx \rightarrow \\ \frac{2\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{d\,f\,\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{c+d}}\,\,\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \sqrt{\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,\left(1+\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{\left(c-d\right)\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}} \\ \sqrt{-\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,\left(1-\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{\left(c+d\right)\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}}\,\, \text{EllipticPi}\Big[\frac{b\,\left(c+d\right)}{d\,\left(a+b\right)},\,\text{ArcSin}\Big[\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{c+d}}\,\,\frac{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\Big],\,\,\frac{\left(a-b\right)\,\left(c+d\right)}{\left(a+b\right)\,\left(c-d\right)}\Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]/Sqrt[c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    2*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])/(d*f*Rt[(a+b)/(c+d),2]*Cos[e+f*x])*
    Sqrt[(b*c-a*d)*(1+Sin[e+f*x])/((c-d)*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]))]*
    Sqrt[-(b*c-a*d)*(1-Sin[e+f*x])/((c+d)*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x]))]*
    EllipticPi[b*(c+d)/(d*(a+b)),ArcSin[Rt[(a+b)/(c+d),2]*Sqrt[c+d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]],(a-b)*(c+d)/((a+b)*(c-d))] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && PosQ[(a+b)/(c+d)]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\mathrm{d}x \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \ \land \ a^2-b^2\neq 0 \ \land \ c^2-d^2\neq 0 \ \land \ \frac{a+b}{c+d} \not\geqslant 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{F[x]}}{\sqrt{-F[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If 
$$b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \frac{a+b}{c+d} \not > 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\sqrt{-\,c-d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{c+d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{-\,c-d\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \mathrm{d}x$$

8. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, dx \, \, \text{when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \, \wedge \, a^2-b^2\neq 0 \, \wedge \, c^2-d^2\neq 0$$

$$1. \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, dx \, \, \text{when } a^2-b^2\neq 0$$

$$1. \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, dx \, \, \text{when } a^2-b^2<0 \, \wedge \, b^2>0$$

$$1: \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, dx \, \, \text{when } a^2-b^2<0 \, \wedge \, d^2=1 \, \wedge \, b\,d>0$$

#### Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{a+b}\,\text{Sin}\big[\text{e+f}\,\text{x}\big]}} = -\frac{2\,\text{d}}{\text{f}\,\sqrt{\text{a+b}\,\text{d}}}\,\,\text{Subst}\Big[\,\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,\sqrt{1+\frac{(a-b\,\text{d})\,\,x^2}{a+b\,\text{d}}}}\,,\,\, X\,,\,\, \frac{\text{Cos}\big[\text{e+f}\,\text{x}\big]}{1+\text{d}\,\text{Sin}\big[\text{e+f}\,\text{x}\big]}\,\Big]\,\,\partial_X\,\frac{\text{Cos}\big[\text{e+f}\,\text{x}\big]}{1+\text{d}\,\text{Sin}\big[\text{e+f}\,\text{x}\big]}$$

Rule: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 < 0 \ \land \ d^2 == 1 \ \land \ b \ d > 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \, dx \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{2\,d}{f\,\sqrt{a+b\,d}} \, \text{Subst} \Big[ \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,\sqrt{1+\frac{(a-b\,d)\,x^2}{a+b\,d}}} \, dx \,, \, x \,, \, \frac{\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{1+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \Big]$$
 
$$\rightarrow \, -\frac{2\,d}{f\,\sqrt{a+b\,d}} \, \text{EllipticF}\Big[\text{ArcSin}\Big[\frac{\text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{1+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\Big] \,, \, -\frac{a-b\,d}{a+b\,d} \Big]$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
   -2*d/(f*Sqrt[a+b*d])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Cos[e+f*x]/(1+d*Sin[e+f*x])],-(a-b*d)/(a+b*d)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && LtQ[a^2-b^2,0] && EqQ[d^2,1] && GtQ[b*d,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\,\text{when}\,\,a^2-b^2<0\,\,\wedge\,\,b^2>0\,\,\wedge\,\,\neg\,\,\left(d^2=1\,\,\wedge\,\,b\,d>0\right)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{b F[x]}}{\sqrt{d F[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 < 0 \ \land \ b^2 > 0 \ \land \ \neg \ \left(d^2 == 1 \ \land \ b \ d > 0\right)$$
, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin[e+f\,x]}} \, \sqrt{d\, Sin[e+f\,x]} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{Sign[b]\, Sin[e+f\,x]}}{\sqrt{d\, Sin[e+f\,x]}} \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\, Sin[e+f\,x]}} \, \sqrt{Sign[b]\, Sin[e+f\,x]} \, dx$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
   Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[Sign[b]*Sin[e+f*x]]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && LtQ[a^2-b^2,0] && GtQ[b^2] && Not[EqQ[d^2,1] && GtQ[b*d,0]]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2\neq 0 \, \wedge \, \frac{a+b}{d}>0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, \, dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2>0 \, \wedge \, \frac{a+b}{d}>0 \, \wedge \, a^2>0$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 > 0 \land \frac{a+b}{d} > 0 \land a^2 > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, -\frac{2\,\sqrt{a^2}\,\,\sqrt{-\,\text{Cot}\big[e+f\,x\big]^2}}{a\,f\,\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\,\,\text{Cot}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}}\,\,\text{EllipticF}\big[\text{ArcSin}\big[\frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\Big/\,\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}}\,\,\big]\,,\,\, -\frac{a+b}{a-b}\big]$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])*Sqrt[d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])),x_Symbol] :=
    -2*Sqrt[a^2]*Sqrt[-Cot[e+f*x]^2]/(a*f*Sqrt[a^2-b^2]*Cot[e+f*x])*Rt[(a+b)/d,2]*
    EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Rt[(a+b)/d,2]],-(a+b)/(a-b)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && GtQ[a^2-b^2,0] && PosQ[(a+b)/d] && GtQ[a^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\,\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\,\text{when}\,\,a^2-b^2\neq 0\,\,\wedge\,\,\frac{a+b}{d}>0$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{a+b}{d} > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, dx \rightarrow \\ -\frac{2\,\text{Tan}\big[e+f\,x\big]}{a\,f} \, \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a\,\big(1-\text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)}{a+b}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a\,\big(1+\text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)}{a-b}} \, \text{EllipticF}\big[\text{ArcSin}\big[\frac{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \bigg/ \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{d}} \, \Big] \,, \, -\frac{a+b}{a-b} \Big]$$

```
 Int[1/(Sqrt[a_+b_-.*sin[e_-.+f_-.*x_])*Sqrt[d_-.*sin[e_-.+f_-.*x_]]),x\_Symbol] := \\ -2*Tan[e_+f_*x]/(a_*f)*Rt[(a_+b)/d,2]*Sqrt[a_*(1-Csc[e_+f_*x])/(a_+b)]*Sqrt[a_*(1+Csc[e_+f_*x])/(a_-b)]* \\ EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[a_+b_*Sin[e_+f_*x]]/Sqrt[d_*Sin[e_+f_*x]]/Rt[(a_+b)/d,2]],-(a_+b)/(a_-b)] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a_,b_,d_,e_,f\},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && PosQ[(a_+b)/d] \\ \end{aligned}
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b} \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{d \sin[e+fx]} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{a+b}{d} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{-F[x]}}{\sqrt{F[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If 
$$a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{a+b}{d} \not = 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\sqrt{-d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{-d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x$$

## Program code:

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, dx \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}} \, \sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \, dx \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, \frac{c+d}{a+b} > 0$$

Note: Alternative antiderivative contributed via email by Martin Welz on 12 April 2014.

Rule: If 
$$b \ c - a \ d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ \frac{c+d}{a+b} > 0$$
, then 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \, \text{Sin}[e+f\,x]}} \, \sqrt{c+d \, \text{Sin}[e+f\,x]} \, \, \text{d}x \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2 \left( c + d \operatorname{Sin}[e + f x] \right)}{f \left( b \, c - a \, d \right) \sqrt{\frac{c + d}{a + b}} \operatorname{Cos}[e + f \, x]} \sqrt{\frac{\left( b \, c - a \, d \right) \left( 1 - \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}{\left( a + b \right) \left( c + d \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}} \sqrt{\frac{\left( b \, c - a \, d \right) \left( 1 + \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}{\left( a - b \right) \left( c + d \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left[ \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{c + d}{a + b}} \, \frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x]}}{\sqrt{c + d \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x]}}} \right], \frac{\left( a + b \right) \left( c - d \right)}{\left( a - b \right) \left( c + d \right)} \right] \sqrt{\frac{1}{\left( a - b \right) \left( c + d \right)}} \sqrt{\frac{a + b \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x]}{\left( a - b \right) \left( 1 - \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}} \sqrt{\frac{a + b \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x]}{\left( a - b \right) \left( 1 - \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}} \sqrt{\frac{a + b \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x]}{\left( a - b \right) \left( 1 - \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}} \sqrt{\frac{c + d \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x]}{\left( c - d \right) \left( 1 - \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x] \right)}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left[ \operatorname{ArcSin} \left[ \sqrt{-\frac{a + b}{a - b}} \, \frac{1 + \operatorname{Sin}[e + f \, x]}{\operatorname{Cos}[e + f \, x]} \right], \frac{\left( a - b \right) \left( c + d \right)}{\left( a + b \right) \left( c - d \right)} \right]$$

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \text{ when } b\,c-a\,d\neq 0 \,\wedge\, a^2-b^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c^2-d^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, \frac{c+d}{a+b} \,\not\geqslant 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_{\mathsf{X}} \frac{\sqrt{-\mathsf{F}[\mathsf{X}]}}{\sqrt{\mathsf{F}[\mathsf{X}]}} = 0$$

Rule: If 
$$b \ c - a \ d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ \frac{c+d}{a+b} \not > 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\sqrt{c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{\sqrt{-\,a-b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\,a-b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\,\text{d}x$$

9: 
$$\int \frac{\left(d \sin[e+fx]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b \sin[e+fx]}} dx \text{ when } a^2-b^2 \neq 0$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: 
$$(d z)^{3/2} = -\frac{a d \sqrt{d z}}{2 b} + \frac{d \sqrt{d z} (a+2 b z)}{2 b}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(d\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \text{d}x \ \to \ -\frac{a\, d}{2\, b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{a+b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \text{d}x + \frac{d}{2\, b} \int \frac{\sqrt{d\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}\, \left(a+2\, b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}\, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^(3/2)/Sqrt[a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    -a*d/(2*b)*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] +
    d/(2*b)*Int[Sqrt[d*Sin[e+f*x]]*(a+2*b*Sin[e+f*x])/Sqrt[a+b*Sin[e+f*x]],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

```
 10: \ \int \big(a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \big)^m \, \, \big(c + d \, \text{Sin} \big[ \, e + f \, x \, \big] \, \big)^n \, \, \mathrm{d}x \ \text{ when } b \, c - a \, d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ 0 < m < 2 \ \land \ -1 < n < 2 \ \land \ -1 <
```

Derivation: Nondegenerate sine recurrence 1b with A  $\rightarrow$  a c, B  $\rightarrow$  b c + a d, C  $\rightarrow$  b d, m  $\rightarrow$  m - 1, n  $\rightarrow$  n - 1, p  $\rightarrow$  0

Rule: If 
$$b \ c - a \ d \neq 0 \ \land \ a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c^2 - d^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ 0 < m < 2 \ \land \ -1 < n < 2$$
, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\longrightarrow\\ &-\frac{b\,Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\,\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{f\,\left(m+n\right)}\,+\\ &\frac{1}{d\,\left(m+n\right)}\,\int\!\left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-2}\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}\,. \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -b*Cos[e+f*x]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(f*(m+n)) +
    1/(d*(m+n))*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-1)*
    Simp[a^2*c*d*(m+n)+b*d*(b*c*(m-1)+a*d*n)+
        (a*d*(2*b*c+a*d)*(m+n)-b*d*(a*c-b*d*(m+n-1)))*Sin[e+f*x]+
        b*d*(b*c*n+a*d*(2*m+n-1))*Sin[e+f*x]^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0] && LtQ[0,m,2] && LtQ[-1,n,2] && NeQ[m+n,0] &&
        (IntegerQ[m] || IntegersQ[2*m,2*n])
```

11:  $\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x\ \text{ when }b\,c-a\,d\neq 0\ \land\ m\in\mathbb{Z}^+$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$a + b z = \frac{b (c+d z)}{d} - \frac{b c-a d}{d}$$

Rule: If b c - a d  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  m  $\in$   $\mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,$$
 
$$\frac{b}{d}\,\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1}\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}\,\text{d}x\,-\,\frac{b\,c-a\,d}{d}\,\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1}\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\text{d}x$$

## Program code:

12. 
$$\int \left(d \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^n \left(a + b \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^m dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 = 0 \ \land \ m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

$$1: \int \frac{\left(d \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^n}{a + b \sin \left[e + f x\right]} dx \text{ when } a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+bz} = \frac{a}{a^2-b^2z^2} - \frac{bz}{a^2-b^2z^2}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(d \, \text{Sin}\big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^n}{a + b \, \text{Sin}\big[e + f \, x\big]} \, \text{d}x \, \rightarrow \, a \int \frac{\left(d \, \text{Sin}\big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^n}{a^2 - b^2 \, \text{Sin}\big[e + f \, x\big]^2} \, \text{d}x - \frac{b}{d} \int \frac{\left(d \, \text{Sin}\big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^{n+1}}{a^2 - b^2 \, \text{Sin}\big[e + f \, x\big]^2} \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_./(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    a*Int[(d*Sin[e+f*x])^n/(a^2-b^2*Sin[e+f*x]^2),x] -
    b/d*Int[(d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a^2-b^2*Sin[e+f*x]^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0]
```

#### Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+b z} = \frac{a-b z}{a^2-b^2 z^2}$$

Rule: If  $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int \left(d \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n} \left(a + b \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^{m} dx \rightarrow \int ExpandTrig\left[\frac{\left(d \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n} \left(a - b \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^{-m}}{\left(a^{2} - b^{2} \sin \left[e + f x\right]^{2}\right)^{-m}}, x\right] dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrig[(d*sin[e+f*x])^n*(a-b*sin[e+f*x])^(-m)/(a^2-b^2*sin[e+f*x]^2)^(-m),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && ILtQ[m,-1]
```

X: 
$$\int \left(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x \text{ when }b\,c-a\,d\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,a^2-b^2\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,c^2-d^2\neq0$$

Rule: If 
$$b c - a d \neq 0 \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land c^2 - d^2 \neq 0$$
, then 
$$\int (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n dx$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_.+d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && NeQ[c^2-d^2,0]
```

Rules for integrands of the form  $(a + b Sin[e + fx])^m (c (d Sin[e + fx])^p)^n$ 

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: If 
$$m \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then  $(a + b Sin[z])^m = \frac{d^m (b+a Csc[z])^m}{(d Csc[z])^m}$ 

Note: Although this rule does not introduce a piecewise constant factor, it is better to stay in the sine/cosine world than the secant/cosecant world.

Rule: If  $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \big(a+b\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\, \big(d\, Csc\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n\, \mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ d^m\, \int \big(d\, Csc\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^{n-m}\, \big(b+a\, Csc\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\, \mathrm{d}x$$

#### Program code:

```
(* Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(d_./sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    d^m*Int[(d*Csc[e+f*x])^(n-m)*(b+a*Csc[e+f*x])^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m] *)

(* Int[(a_.+b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(d_./cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    d^m*Int[(d*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-m)*(b+a*Sec[e+f*x])^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m] *)
```

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{\left(c \left(d \sin \left[e+f x\right]\right)^p\right)^n}{\left(d \sin \left[e+f x\right]\right)^{np}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $n \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^p\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x\,\to\,\frac{c^{\text{IntPart}[n]}\,\left(c\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^p\right)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}}{\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^p\,\text{FracPart}[n]}\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n\,p}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_.*(d_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^p_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    c^IntPart[n]*(c*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^p)^FracPart[n]/(d*Sin[e + f*x])^n(p*FracPart[n])*
        Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d*Sin[e+f*x])^n(n*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]

Int[(a_.+b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_.*(d_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^p_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    c^IntPart[n]*(c*(d*Cos[e + f*x])^p)^FracPart[n]/(d*Cos[e + f*x])^n(p*FracPart[n])*
        Int[(a+b*Cos[e+f*x])^m*(d*Cos[e+f*x])^n(n*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

Rules for integrands of the form  $(a + b Sin[e + fx])^m (c + d Csc[e + fx])^n$ 

1: 
$$\int (a + b Sin[e + fx])^m (c + d Csc[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: 
$$c + d Csc[z] = \frac{d+c Sin[z]}{Sin[z]}$$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \int \frac{\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(d+c\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]^n}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

## Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_+d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d+c*Sin[e+f*x])^n/Sin[e+f*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

2. 
$$\left[\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{m}\left(c+d\,\text{Csc}\left[e+f\,x\right]\right)^{n}\,\text{d}x\right]$$
 when  $n\notin\mathbb{Z}$ 

$$\textbf{1:} \quad \Big[ \left( a + b \, \text{Sin} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left( c + d \, \text{Csc} \big[ e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d} \, x \ \, \text{when} \, n \, \notin \, \mathbb{Z} \, \, \wedge \, \, m \, \in \, \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: 
$$a + b Sin[z] = \frac{b+a Csc[z]}{Csc[z]}$$

Rule: If  $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(a+b\,\text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \int \frac{\left(b+a\,\text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n}{\text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]^m}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_+d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[(b+a*Csc[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/Csc[e+f*x]^m,x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m]

Int[(a_+b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_+d_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[(b+a*Sec[e+f*x])^m*(c+d*Sec[e+f*x])^n/Sec[e+f*x]^m,x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && IntegerQ[m]
```

2: 
$$\int (a + b Sin[e + fx])^m (c + d Csc[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when  $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \land m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\left(c+d \operatorname{Csc}[e+fx]\right)^{n} \operatorname{Sin}[e+fx]^{n}}{\left(d+c \operatorname{Sin}[e+fx]\right)^{n}} == 0$$

Rule: If  $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \land m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \big(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\,\, \big(c+d\,Csc\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\big(c+d\,Csc\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]^n}{\big(d+c\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n}\,\int \frac{\big(a+b\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\,\, \big(d+c\,Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n}{Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]^n}\,dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Sin[e+f*x]^n*(c+d*Csc[e+f*x])^n/(d+c*Sin[e+f*x])^n*Int[(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(d+c*Sin[e+f*x])^n/Sin[e+f*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

```
Int[(a_+b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Cos[e+f*x]^n*(c+d*Sec[e+f*x])^n/(d+c*Cos[e+f*x])^n*Int[(a+b*Cos[e+f*x])^m*(d+c*Cos[e+f*x])^n/Cos[e+f*x]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```