- **Derivation: Integration by substitution**
- Rule:

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{e} \operatorname{Subst}[\int (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^{n}])^{p} dx, x, d + e x]$$

- Program code:

2.
$$\int (f + g x^r)^q (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$$

1.
$$\int (f+gx)^{q} (a+b Log[c (d+ex)^{n}])^{p} dx$$

1:
$$\int (f + gx)^{q} (a + b Log[c (d + ex)^{n}])^{p} dx \text{ when } ef - dg == 0$$

- **Derivation: Integration by substitution**
- Basis: If ef-dg == 0, then $(f+gx)^q F[d+ex] = \frac{1}{e} Subst\left[\left(\frac{fx}{d}\right)^q F[x], x, d+ex\right] \partial_x (d+ex)$
- Rule: If ef-dg=0, then

$$\int (f + g x)^{q} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{e} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \left(\frac{f x}{d}\right)^{q} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^{n}])^{p} dx, x, d + e x\right]$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.x_)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/e*Subst[Int[(f*x/d)^q*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^p,x],x,d+e*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q},x] && EqQ[e*f-d*g,0]
```

2.
$$\int (f+gx)^{q} (a+b \log[c (d+ex)^{n}])^{p} dx \text{ when } ef-dg \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int (f+gx)^{q} (a+b Log[c (d+ex)^{n}])^{p} dx \text{ when } ef-dg \neq 0 \ \land \ p>0$$

1.
$$\int (f + g x)^{q} (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^{n}]) dx \text{ when } e f - d g \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])}{f + g x} dx \text{ when } e f - d g \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$$

1.
$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)]}{x} dx \text{ when } c d > 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[c (d + e x^n)]}{x} dx \text{ when } c d = 1$$

Rule: If cd == 1, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log[c } (d+e \ x^n) \]}{x} \ dx \ \rightarrow \ -\frac{\text{PolyLog[2, -ce} \ x^n]}{n}$$

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \operatorname{Log} \left[ \operatorname{c}_{-*} \left( \operatorname{d}_{+e}_{-*x}^{n}_{-*} \right) \right] / \operatorname{x}_{-,x} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & - \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[ \operatorname{2}_{-c*e*x}^{n}_{-,x} \right] / \operatorname{n}_{-,x} \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ \operatorname{c}_{+,x}^{n}_{-,x} \right\} \right] & \& & \operatorname{EqQ} \left[ \operatorname{c}_{+,x}^{n}_{+,x} \right] \end{aligned}
```

2:
$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)]}{x} dx \text{ when } c d > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If cd > 0, then $Log[c(d+ex)] = Log[cd] + Log[1 + \frac{ex}{d}]$

Rule: If cd > 0, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + e x)]}{x} dx \rightarrow (a + b \log[c d]) \log[x] + b \int \frac{\log\left[1 + \frac{e x}{d}\right]}{x} dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + e x)]}{f + g x} dx \text{ when } e f - d g \neq 0 \land g + c (e f - d g) == 0$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$g + c$$
 (ef-dg) == 0, then $F[c(d+ex)] = \frac{1}{q} Subst \left[F\left[1 + \frac{cex}{q}\right], x, f+gx \right] \partial_x (f+gx)$

Rule: If $ef-dg \neq 0 \land g+c (ef-dg) == 0$, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + ex)]}{f + gx} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{g} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{a + b \log[1 + \frac{cex}{g}]}{x} dx, x, f + gx \right]$$

3:
$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}]}{f + g x} dx \text{ when } e f - d g \neq 0$$

Basis: $\frac{1}{f+gx} = \frac{1}{g} \partial_x \text{Log} \left[\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg} \right]$

Rule: If $ef-dg \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}]}{f + g x} dx \rightarrow \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{e (f + g x)}{e f - d g}\right] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])}{g} - \frac{b e n}{g} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{e (f + g x)}{e f - d g}\right]}{d + e x} dx$$

Program code:

$$Int [(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_-)^n_.]) / (f_.+g_.x_-), x_Symbol] := \\ Log[e*(f+g*x)/(e*f-d*g)]*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])/g - b*e*n/g*Int[Log[(e*(f+g*x))/(e*f-d*g)]/(d+e*x), x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n\},x] && NeQ[e*f-d*g,0]$$

2:
$$\int (f+gx)^q (a+b \log[c (d+ex)^n]) dx \text{ when } ef-dg \neq 0 \land q \neq -1$$

Reference: G&R 2.728.1, CRC 501, A&S 4.1.50'

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $(f + g x)^q = \partial_x \frac{(f+g x)^{q+1}}{g (q+1)}$

Rule: If $ef-dg \neq 0 \land q \neq -1$, then

$$\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{\,q}\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,n}\right]\right)\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{\,q+1}\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,n}\right]\right)}{g\,\left(q+1\right)}\,-\,\frac{b\,e\,n}{g\,\left(q+1\right)}\,\int\frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{\,q+1}}{d\,+\,e\,x}\,dx$$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]),x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^(q+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])/(g*(q+1)) -
    b*e*n/(g*(q+1))*Int[(f+g*x)^(q+1)/(d+e*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,q},x] && NeQ[e*f-d*g,0] && NeQ[q,-1]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log[c (d+ex)^n])^p}{f+qx} dx \text{ when } ef-dg \neq 0 \ \bigwedge p-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{f+gx} = \frac{1}{g} \partial_x \text{Log} \left[\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg} \right]$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 (a + b Log[c (d + e x)ⁿ])^p = $\frac{b e n p (a+b Log[c (d+e x)^n])^{p-1}}{d+e x}$

Rule: If $ef-dg \neq 0 \land p-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[c \left(d + e x\right)^{n}\right]\right)^{p}}{f + g x} dx \rightarrow \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{e \left(f + g x\right)}{e f - d g}\right] \left(a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[c \left(d + e x\right)^{n}\right]\right)^{p}}{g} - \frac{b e n p}{g} \int \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{e \left(f + g x\right)}{e f - d g}\right] \left(a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[c \left(d + e x\right)^{n}\right]\right)^{p-1}}{d + e x} dx}{g} dx$$

Program code:

3:
$$\int \frac{(a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p}{(f + g x)^2} dx \text{ when } e f - d g \neq 0 \ \land \ p > 0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(f+gx)^2} = \partial_x \frac{d+ex}{(ef-dg)(f+gx)}$$

Rule: If ef-dg \neq 0 \wedge p > 0, then

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b \log \left[c \left(d+e x\right)^{n}\right]\right)^{p}}{\left(f+g x\right)^{2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\left(d+e x\right) \left(a+b \log \left[c \left(d+e x\right)^{n}\right]\right)^{p}}{\left(e f-d g\right) \left(f+g x\right)} - \frac{b e n p}{e f-d g} \int \frac{\left(a+b \log \left[c \left(d+e x\right)^{n}\right]\right)^{p-1}}{f+g x} dx$$

4: $\int (f+gx)^q (a+b Log[c (d+ex)^n])^p dx$ when ef-dg $\neq 0 \land p > 0 \land q \neq -1$

Reference: G&R 2.728.1, CRC 501, A&S 4.1.50'

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $(f + g x)^{q} = \partial_{x} \frac{(f+g x)^{q+1}}{g (q+1)}$

Rule: If ef-dg \neq 0 \wedge p > 0 \wedge q \neq -1, then

$$\int (f+g\,x)^{\,q}\,\left(a+b\,Log[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,n}]\right)^{\,p}\,dx\,\,\to\,\,\frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{\,q+1}\,\left(a+b\,Log[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,n}]\right)^{\,p}}{g\,\left(q+1\right)}\,-\,\frac{b\,e\,n\,p}{g\,\left(q+1\right)}\,\int \frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{\,q+1}\,\left(a+b\,Log[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,n}]\right)^{\,p-1}}{d\,+\,e\,x}\,dx$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int (f+gx)^q (a+b \log[c (d+ex)^n])^p dx$$
 when $ef-dg \neq 0 \land p < 0$

1: $\int \frac{(f+gx)^q}{a+b \log[c (d+ex)^n]} dx$ when $ef-dg \neq 0 \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Note: ExpandIntegrand expresses $(f + gx)^q$ as a polynomial in d + ex so the above rule for when ef - dg = 0 will apply.

Rule: If ef-dg \neq 0 \land g \in Z⁺, then

$$\int \frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{q}}{a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{n}]}\,\text{d}x\,\rightarrow\,\int \text{ExpandIntegrand}\Big[\frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{q}}{a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{n}]}\,,\,x\Big]\,\text{d}x$$

2:
$$\int (f + gx)^q (a + b Log[c (d + ex)^n])^p dx$$
 when $ef - dg \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land q > 0$

Rule: If ef-dg \neq 0 \wedge p < -1 \wedge q > 0, then

Program code:

3:
$$\int (f+gx)^q (a+b \log[c (d+ex)^n])^p dx \text{ when e } f-dg \neq 0 \ \land \ q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Note: ExpandIntegrand expresses $(f + gx)^q$ as a polynomial in d + ex so the above rules for when ef - dg = 0 will apply.

Rule: If $ef-dg \neq 0 \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (f + g x)^q (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[(f + g x)^q (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p, x] dx$$

2.
$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{c}{d + e x}\right]}{f + g x^2} dx \text{ when } e^2 f + d^2 g = 0 \bigwedge \frac{c}{2d} > 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{2 d}{d + e x}\right]}{f + g x^2} dx \text{ when } e^2 f + d^2 g = 0$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $e^2 f + d^2 g = 0$, then $\frac{F\left[\frac{1}{d+ex}\right]}{f+gx^2} = -\frac{e}{g}$ Subst $\left[\frac{F[x]}{1-2dx}, x, \frac{1}{d+ex}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{d+ex}$

Rule: If $e^2 f + d^2 g = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{2d}{d+ex}\right]}{f+gx^2} dx \rightarrow -\frac{e}{g} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\text{Log}\left[2dx\right]}{1-2dx} dx, x, \frac{1}{d+ex}\right]$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{c}{d + e x}\right]}{f + g x^2} dx \text{ when } e^2 f + d^2 g = 0 \bigwedge \frac{c}{2d} > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

- Basis: If $\frac{c}{2d} > 0$, then $Log\left[\frac{c}{d+ex}\right] = Log\left[\frac{c}{2d}\right] Log\left[\frac{2d}{d+ex}\right]$
- Rule: If $e^2 f + d^2 g = 0 \bigwedge \frac{c}{2d} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{c}{d + e x}\right]}{f + g x^2} dx \rightarrow \left(a + b \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{c}{2 d}\right]\right) \int \frac{1}{f + g x^2} dx + b \int \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{2 d}{d + e x}\right]}{f + g x^2} dx$$

$$Int [(a_.+b_.*Log[c_./(d_+e_.*x_.)])/(f_+g_.*x_.^2),x_Symbol] := \\ (a+b*Log[c/(2*d)])*Int[1/(f+g*x^2),x] + b*Int[Log[2*d/(d+e*x)]/(f+g*x^2),x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g\},x] && EqQ[e^2*f+d^2*g,0] && GtQ[c/(2*d),0] \\ \end{aligned}$$

3.
$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]}{\sqrt{f + g x^2}} dx$$

1:
$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]}{\sqrt{f + g x^2}} dx \text{ when } f > 0$$

- Basis: $\partial_x (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n]) = \frac{ben}{d+ex}$
- Note: If f > 0, then $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f + g \, x^2}} \, dx$ involves the inverse sine of a linear function of x, otherwise it involves the inverse tangent of a nonlinear function of x.
- Rule: If f > 0, let $u \to \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f + g x^2}} dx$, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + ex)^n]}{\sqrt{f + g x^2}} dx \rightarrow u (a + b \log[c (d + ex)^n]) - ben \int \frac{u}{d + ex} dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]}{\sqrt{f + g x^2}} dx \text{ when } f \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{g}{f} \mathbf{x}^2}}{\sqrt{f + g \mathbf{x}^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If f ≯ 0, then

$$\int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]}{\sqrt{f + g x^2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{g}{f} x^2}}{\sqrt{f + g x^2}} \int \frac{a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{g}{f} x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])/Sqrt[f_+g_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[1+g/f*x^2]/Sqrt[f+g*x^2]*Int[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])/Sqrt[1+g/f*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && Not[GtQ[f,0]]

Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])/(Sqrt[f1_+g1_.*x_]*Sqrt[f2_+g2_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[1+g1*g2/(f1*f2)*x^2]/(Sqrt[f1+g1*x]*Sqrt[f2+g2*x])*Int[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])/Sqrt[1+g1*g2/(f1*f2)*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f1,g1,f2,g2,n},x] && EqQ[f2*g1+f1*g2,0]
```

4: $\int (f + g x^r)^q (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \text{ when } r \in \mathbb{F} \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $F[x] = k \text{ Subst}[x^{k-1} F[x^k], x, x^{1/k}] \partial_x x^{1/k}$

Rule: If $r \in \mathbb{F} \ \ \ \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $k \to Denominator[r]$, then

$$\int \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x}^r \right)^q \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathsf{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^n \right] \right)^p \, \mathrm{d} \mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, k \, \mathsf{Subst} \left[\int \! \mathbf{x}^{k-1} \, \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x}^{k \, r} \right)^q \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathsf{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^k \right)^n \right] \right)^p \, \mathrm{d} \mathbf{x} \, , \, \mathbf{x} \, , \, \mathbf{x}^{1/k} \right]$$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_^r_)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{k=Denominator[r]},
k*Subst[Int[x^(k-1)*(f+g*x^(k*r))^q*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^k)^n])^p,x],x,x^(1/k)]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q},x] && FractionQ[r] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

 $5: \quad \int \left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x}^{\texttt{r}} \right)^{\texttt{q}} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{Log} \left[\texttt{c} \, \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{\texttt{n}} \right] \right)^{\texttt{p}} \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x} \, \, \, \text{when } \texttt{p} \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{q} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \left(\texttt{q} > 0 \, \, \bigvee \, \, \left(\texttt{r} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{r} \neq 1 \right) \right)$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \in \mathbb{Z} \land (q > 0 \lor (r \in \mathbb{Z} \land r \neq 1))$, then

$$\int (f+g\,x^r)^q\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^p\,\text{d}x\ \rightarrow\ \int \left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^p\,\text{ExpandIntegrand}[\,\left(f+g\,x^r\right)^q,\,x]\,\text{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_^r_)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,(f+g*x^r)^q,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,r},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[q] && (GtQ[q,0] || IntegerQ[r] && NeQ[r,1])
```

3. $\left[(f+gx)^q (h+ix)^r (a+b Log[c (d+ex)^n])^p dx \text{ when e f - dg == 0} \right]$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $ef-dg = 0 \land cd = 1 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{x^m \, \text{Log[c (d+e\,x)\,]}}{f + g\,x} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \! \text{Log[c (d+e\,x)\,] ExpandIntegrand} \Big[\frac{x^m}{f + g\,x} \,, \, x \Big] \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int (f+gx)^q (h+ix)^r (a+b Log[c (d+ex)^n])^p dx$$
 when ef-dg == 0

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$F[x] = \frac{1}{e} \text{ Subst} \left[F\left[\frac{x-d}{e}\right], x, d+ex \right] \partial_x (d+ex)$$

Rule: If ef-dg == 0, then

$$\int (\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x})^{\, q} \, \left(\texttt{h} + \texttt{i} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{\, r} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{Log} [\texttt{c} \, \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{\, n}] \right)^{\, p} \, d\texttt{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{e} \, \texttt{Subst} \Big[\int \left(\frac{\texttt{g} \, \texttt{x}}{\texttt{e}} \right)^{\, q} \left(\frac{\texttt{e} \, \texttt{h} - \texttt{d} \, \texttt{i}}{\texttt{e}} + \frac{\texttt{i} \, \texttt{x}}{\texttt{e}} \right)^{\, r} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{Log} [\texttt{c} \, \, \texttt{x}^n] \right)^{\, p} \, d\texttt{x}, \, \texttt{x}, \, \texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x} \Big]$$

Program code:

 $Int[(f_.+g_.x_-)^q_.*(h_.+i_.x_-)^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_-)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] := \\ 1/e*Subst[Int[(g*x/e)^q*((e*h-d*i)/e+i*x/e)^r*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^p,x],x,d+e*x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,n,p,q,r\},x] && EqQ[e*f-d*g,0] && (IGtQ[p,0] || IGtQ[r,0]) && IntegerQ[2*r] \\ \end{cases}$

4. $\int (h x)^m (f + g x^r)^q (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$

1:
$$\int x^{m} \left(f + \frac{g}{x} \right)^{q} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx \text{ when } m = q \bigwedge q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Rule: If $m = q \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^{m} \left(f + \frac{g}{x} \right)^{q} (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx \rightarrow \int (g + f x)^{q} (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx$$

```
 Int[x_^m_.*(f_+g_./x_)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] := \\ Int[(g+f*x)^q*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,p,q\},x] && EqQ[m,q] && IntegerQ[q]
```

2: $\int x^{m} (f + g x^{r})^{q} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx \text{ when } m == r - 1 \land q \neq -1 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If $m = r - 1 \land q \neq -1$, then $x^m (f + g x^r)^q = \partial_x \frac{(f + g x^r)^{q+1}}{q r (q+1)}$

Rule: If $m = r - 1 \land q \neq -1 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \! x^m \; (f + g \, x^r)^q \; (a + b \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n])^p \, dx \; \rightarrow \; \frac{(f + g \, x^r)^{q+1} \; (a + b \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n])^p}{g \, r \; (q+1)} - \frac{b \, en \, p}{g \, r \; (q+1)} \int \frac{(f + g \, x^r)^{q+1} \; (a + b \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n])^{p-1}}{d + e \, x} \, dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[x_^m_.*(f_.+g_.*x_^r_.)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] := \\ & (f_+g_*x^r)^(q_+1)*(a_+b_*Log[c_*(d_+e_*x)^n])^p/(g_*r_*(q_+1)) - \\ & b_*e_*n_*p/(g_*r_*(q_+1))*Int[(f_+g_*x^r)^(q_+1)*(a_+b_*Log[c_*(d_+e_*x)^n])^(p_-1)/(d_+e_*x),x] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a_,b_,c_,d_,e_,f_,g_,m_,n_,q_,r_\},x] & \& & \text{EqQ}[m_,r_-1] & \& & \text{NeQ}[q_,-1] & & \text{IGtQ}[p_,0] \end{split}$$

3: $\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x}^{r} \right)^{q} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathsf{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right) \, d\mathbf{x} \, \, \mathsf{when} \, \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, q \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, r \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: ∂_x (a + b Log[c (d + e x)ⁿ]) = $\frac{ben}{d+ex}$

$$\int \! x^m \, \left(f + g \, x^r \right)^q \, \left(a + b \, \text{Log} \left[c \, \left(d + e \, x \right)^n \right] \right) \, dx \, \rightarrow \, u \, \left(a + b \, \text{Log} \left[c \, \left(d + e \, x \right)^n \right] \right) \, - \, b \, e \, n \, \int \frac{u}{d + e \, x} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(f_+g_.*x_^r_.)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[x^m*(f+g*x^r)^q,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]),u,x] - b*e*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(d+e*x),x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,q,r},x] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[q] && IntegerQ[r]
```

4: $\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x}^{r} \right)^{q} \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathsf{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{p} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{r} \in \mathbb{F} \, \bigwedge \, p \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $F[x] = k \text{ Subst}[x^{k-1} F[x^k], x, x^{1/k}] \partial_x x^{1/k}$

Rule: If $r \in \mathbb{F} \ \land \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \ \land \ m \in \mathbb{Z}$, let $k \to Denominator[r]$, then

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(f_.+g_.*x_^r_)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{k=Denominator[r]},
    k*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)*(f+g*x^(k*r))^q*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x^k)^n])^p,x],x,x^(1/k)]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,p,q},x] && FractionQ[r] && IGtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

5: $\left[(h x)^m (f + g x^r)^q (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z} \land q \in \mathbb{Z} \right]$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (h x)^m (f + g x^r)^q (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[(a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p, (h x)^m (f + g x^r)^q, x] dx$$

```
Int[(h_.*x_)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x_^r_.)^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,(h*x)^m*(f+g*x^r)^q,x],x] /;
   FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n,p,q,r},x] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[q]
```

```
5. \int AF[x] (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx
```

1:
$$\int Poly[x] (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule:

$$\int \text{Poly[x] } (a + b \text{Log[c } (d + e \text{ x})^n])^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \text{ExpandIntegrand[Poly[x] } (a + b \text{Log[c } (d + e \text{ x})^n])^p, \, x] \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Polyx_*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[Polyx*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && PolynomialQ[Polyx,x]
```

2: $\int RF[x] (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int RF[x] (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \rightarrow \int (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p ExpandIntegrand[RF[x], x] dx$$

```
Int[RFx_*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,RFx,x]},
Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
Int[RFx_*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[RFx*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x]},
Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

U:
$$\int AF[x] (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$$

Rule:

$$\int \!\! AF[x] \; (a+b \, Log[c\; (d+e\, x)^n])^p \, dx \; \rightarrow \; \int \!\! AF[x] \; (a+b \, Log[c\; (d+e\, x)^n])^p \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[AFx_*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[AFx*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && AlgebraicFunctionQ[AFx,x,True]
```

N:
$$\int u^q (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^n])^p dx \text{ when } u = f + g x^r \wedge v = d + e x$$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $u = f + g x^r \wedge v = d + e x$, then

$$\int u^{q} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c v^{n}])^{p} dx \rightarrow \int (f + g x)^{q} (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^q_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*v_^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^q*(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^n])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p,q},x] && BinomialQ[u,x] && LinearQ[v,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[u,x] && LinearMatchQ[v,x]]
```

6. $\int Log[fx^{m}] (a+b Log[c (d+ex)^{n}])^{p} dx$

1:
$$\int Log[f x^m] (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n]) dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: Log[f
$$x^m$$
] == $-\partial_x$ (x (m - Log[f x^m]))

Rule:

$$\int Log[f x^m] (a + b Log[c (d + e x)^n]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$-x \left(m - Log[f x^{m}]\right) \left(a + b Log[c (d + e x)^{n}]\right) + b e m n \int \frac{x}{d + e x} dx - b e n \int \frac{x Log[f x^{m}]}{d + e x} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Log[f_.*x_^m_.]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]),x_Symbol] :=
   -x*(m-Log[f*x^m])*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]) + b*e*m*n*Int[x/(d+e*x),x] - b*e*n*Int[(x*Log[f*x^m])/(d+e*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x]
```

2: $\left[\text{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \text{ when } p - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right]$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $p-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u \to \int (a+b \text{Log}[c (d+ex)^n])^p dx$, then

$$\int \! Log[f\,x^m] \, \left(a+b\,Log[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^p \, dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, u\,Log[f\,x^m] \,-\, m\,\int \frac{u}{x} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Log[f_.*x_^m_.]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x]},
Dist[Log[f*x^m],u,x] - m*Int[Dist[1/x,u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && IGtQ[p,1]
```

U:
$$\left[\text{Log}[f x^{m}] (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^{n}])^{p} dx \right]$$

Rule:

$$\int Log[fx^m] (a+bLog[c(d+ex)^n])^p dx \rightarrow \int Log[fx^m] (a+bLog[c(d+ex)^n])^p dx$$

```
Int[Log[f_.*x_^m_.]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[Log[f*x^m]*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x]
```

7. $\int (g x)^q \operatorname{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$

1.
$$\int (g x)^q \operatorname{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^n]) dx$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])}{x} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\frac{\text{Log}[f x^m]}{x} = \partial_x \frac{\text{Log}[f x^m]^2}{2 m}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[\text{f}\,\text{x}^m]\,\left(\text{a} + \text{b}\,\text{Log}[\text{c}\,\left(\text{d} + \text{e}\,\text{x}\right)^n]\right)}{\text{x}}\,\text{d}\text{x} \,\rightarrow\, \frac{\text{Log}[\text{f}\,\text{x}^m]^2\,\left(\text{a} + \text{b}\,\text{Log}[\text{c}\,\left(\text{d} + \text{e}\,\text{x}\right)^n]\right)}{2\,\text{m}} - \frac{\text{b}\,\text{e}\,\text{n}}{2\,\text{m}} \int \frac{\text{Log}[\text{f}\,\text{x}^m]^2}{\text{d}\,\text{e}\,\text{x}}\,\text{d}\text{x}$$

```
 Int \Big[ Log[f_.*x_^m_.] * (a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]) / x_,x_Symbol \Big] := \\ Log[f*x^m]^2*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])/(2*m) - b*e*n/(2*m)*Int[Log[f*x^m]^2/(d+e*x),x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n\},x]
```

2:
$$\int (gx)^q \operatorname{Log}[fx^m] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + ex)^n]) dx \text{ when } q \neq -1$$

Basis:
$$(g \mathbf{x})^q \operatorname{Log}[f \mathbf{x}^m] = -\frac{1}{g(q+1)} \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \left(\frac{m(g \mathbf{x})^{q+1}}{q+1} - (g \mathbf{x})^{q+1} \operatorname{Log}[f \mathbf{x}^m] \right)$$

Rule: If $q \neq -1$, then

$$\int (g \, x)^{\,q} \, \text{Log}[f \, x^m] \, (a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, (d + e \, x)^n]) \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ - \frac{1}{g \, (q+1)} \left(\frac{m \, (g \, x)^{\,q+1}}{q+1} - (g \, x)^{\,q+1} \, \text{Log}[f \, x^m] \right) \, (a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, (d + e \, x)^n]) + \frac{b \, e \, m \, n}{g \, (q+1)^2} \int \frac{(g \, x)^{\,q+1}}{d + e \, x} \, dx - \frac{b \, e \, n}{g \, (q+1)} \int \frac{(g \, x)^{\,q+1} \, \text{Log}[f \, x^m]}{d + e \, x} \, dx$$

Program code:

?:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p}{x} dx \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$\frac{\text{Log}[f x^m]}{x} = \partial_x \frac{\text{Log}[f x^m]^2}{2m}$$

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[f\,x^m]\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^p}{x}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{\text{Log}[f\,x^m]^2\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^p}{2\,m} \,-\, \frac{b\,e\,n\,p}{2\,m} \int \frac{\text{Log}[f\,x^m]^2\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^{p-1}}{d\,+\,e\,x}\,dx}{d\,+\,e\,x}$$

```
 Int \big[ Log[f_.*x_^m_.] * (a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]) ^p_./x_,x_Symbol \big] := \\ Log[f*x^m]^2 * (a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]) ^p/(2*m) - b*e*n*p/(2*m)*Int[Log[f*x^m]^2 * (a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]) ^(p-1)/(d+e*x),x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n\},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

2: $\int (g x)^q \text{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \text{ when } p - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $p-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u \to \int (g x)^q (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$, then

$$\int (g x)^q \operatorname{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \rightarrow u \operatorname{Log}[f x^m] - m \int_{x}^{u} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*x_)^q_.*Log[f_.*x_^m_.]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   With[{u=IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x]},
   Dist[Log[f*x^m],u,x] - m*Int[Dist[1/x,u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,q},x] && IGtQ[p,1] && IGtQ[q,0]
```

X: $\int (g x)^q \text{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \text{ when } p - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\partial_x ((gx)^q \text{Log}[fx^m]) = gm (gx)^{q-1} + gq (gx)^{q-1} \text{Log}[fx^m]$

Rule: If $p-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u \to \int (a+b \text{Log}[c (d+ex)^n])^p dx$, then

$$\int (g\,x)^{\,q}\, \text{Log}[f\,x^{m}] \, \left(a + b\, \text{Log}[c\, \left(d + e\,x\right)^{\,n}]\right)^{\,p}\, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, u\, \left(g\,x\right)^{\,q}\, \text{Log}[f\,x^{m}] \, - g\,m \int \!\! u\, \left(g\,x\right)^{\,q-1}\, dx \, - g\,q \int \!\! u\, \left(g\,x\right)^{\,q-1}\, \text{Log}[f\,x^{m}]\, dx$$

```
(* Int[(g_.*x_)^q_.*Log[f_.*x_^m_.]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x]},
Dist[(g*x)^q*Log[f*x^m],u,x] - g*m*Int[Dist[(g*x)^(q-1),u,x],x] - g*q*Int[Dist[(g*x)^(q-1)*Log[f*x^m],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,q},x] && IGtQ[p,1] *)
```

U: $\int (g x)^q \operatorname{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$

Rule:

$$\int (g x)^q \operatorname{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx \rightarrow \int (g x)^q \operatorname{Log}[f x^m] (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(g_.*x_)^q_.*Log[f_.*x_^m_.]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*Log[f*x^m]*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,m,n,p,q},x]
```

8. $\int (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p (f + g \log[h (i + j x)^m])^q dx$

1:
$$\int Log[f(g+hx)^m] (a+bLog[c(d+ex)^n])^p dx$$
 when eg-dh == 0

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If eg - dh = 0, then $F[g + hx, x] = \frac{1}{e}$ Subst $\left[F\left(\frac{gx}{d}, \frac{x-d}{e}\right), x, d + ex\right] \partial_x (d + ex)$

Rule: If eg-dh = 0, then

$$\int \! \text{Log}[f(g+h\,x)^m] (a+b\,\text{Log}[c(d+e\,x)^n])^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{e} \, \text{Subst}\Big[\int \! \text{Log}\Big[f\left(\frac{g\,x}{d}\right)^m\Big] (a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,x^n])^p \, dx, \, x, \, d+e\,x\Big]$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]) (f + g \log[c (d + e x)^n]) dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

- Basis: $\partial_x ((a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n]) (f + g \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])) = \frac{e n (b f + a g + 2 b g \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n])}{d + e x}$
- Rule:

$$\int (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]) (f + g \log[c (d + e x)^n]) dx \rightarrow$$

 $x \; (a + b \, \text{Log}[c \; (d + e \, x)^n]) \; (f + g \, \text{Log}[c \; (d + e \, x)^n]) \; - e \, n \, \int \frac{x \; (b \, f + a \, g + 2 \, b \, g \, \text{Log}[c \; (d + e \, x)^n])}{d + e \, x} \; dx$

Pmogram code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])*(f_.+g_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]),x_Symbol] :=
    x*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])*(f+g*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]) -
    e*n*Int[(x*(b*f+a*g+2*b*g*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]))/(d+e*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x]
```

3: $\int (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p (f + g \log[h (i + j x)^m]) dx \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \left(\left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{h} \left(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} \mathbf{x} \right)^{m} \right] \right) \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{p} \right) = \frac{g \operatorname{jm} \left(a + b \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{p}}{i + j \mathbf{x}} + \frac{b \operatorname{enp} \left(a + b \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{-1 + p} \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{h} \left(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} \mathbf{x} \right)^{m} \right] \right)}{d + e \mathbf{x}}$

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])^p\;(f+g\log[h\;(i+j\,x)^m])\;dx\;\rightarrow \\ x\;(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])^p\;(f+g\log[h\;(i+j\,x)^m])\;- \\ g\,j\,m\int \frac{x\;(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])^p}{i+j\,x}\;dx\;-b\,e\,n\,p\int \frac{x\;(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])^{p-1}\;(f+g\log[h\;(i+j\,x)^m])}{d+e\,x}\;dx$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.*(f_.+g_.*Log[h_.*(i_.+j_.*x_)^m_.]),x_Symbol] :=
    x*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p*(f+g*Log[h*(i+j*x)^m]) -
    g*j*m*Int[x*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p/(i+j*x),x] -
    b*e*n*p*Int[x*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^(p-1)*(f+g*Log[h*(i+j*x)^m])/(d+e*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,m,n},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

 $U: \int (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p (f + g \log[h (i + j x)^m])^q dx$

Rule:

$$\int (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p (f + g \log[h (i + j x)^m])^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n])^p (f + g \log[h (i + j x)^m])^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.*(f_.+g_.*Log[h_.*(i_.+j_.*x_)^m_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p*(f+g*Log[h*(i+j*x)^m])^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,m,n,p},x]
```

9. $\int (k+lx)^r (a+b \log[c (d+ex)^n])^p (f+g \log[h (i+jx)^m])^q dx$

1:
$$\int (k+lx)^r (a+b\log[c(d+ex)^n])^p (f+g\log[h(i+jx)^m]) dx$$
 when $ek-dl=0$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If e k - d l = 0, then $(k + l x)^r F[x] = \frac{1}{e} Subst\left[\left(\frac{kx}{d}\right)^r F\left[\frac{x-d}{e}\right], x, d + e x\right] \partial_x (d + e x)$

Rule: If ek-d1 = 0, then

$$\int \left(k+1\,x\right)^{r}\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^{n}\right]\right)^{p}\,\left(f+g\,\text{Log}\left[h\,\left(i+j\,x\right)^{m}\right]\right)\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{1}{e}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int\!\left(\frac{k\,x}{d}\right)^{r}\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,x^{n}\right]\right)^{p}\left(f+g\,\text{Log}\left[h\left(\frac{e\,i-d\,j}{e}+\frac{j\,x}{e}\right)^{m}\right]\right)dx\,,\,x\,,\,d+e\,x\Big]$$

```
Int[(k_.+l_.*x_)^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.*(f_.+g_.*Log[h_.*(i_.+j_.*x_)^m_.]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/e*Subst[Int[(k*x/d)^r*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(f+g*Log[h*((e*i-d*j)/e+j*x/e)^m]),x],x,d+e*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,n,p,r},x] && EqQ[e*k-d*l,0]
```

$$2. \int \!\! x^r \; (a+b \, \text{Log}[c \; (d+e \, x)^n])^p \; (f+g \, \text{Log}[h \; (i+j \, x)^m]) \; dx \; \text{when} \; p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \; r \in \mathbb{Z} \; \bigwedge \; (p=1 \; \bigvee \; r>0)$$

1.
$$\int x^{m} (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^{n}]) (f + g \log[c (d + e x)^{n}]) dx$$
1.
$$\int \frac{(a + b \log[c (d + e x)^{n}]) (f + g \log[c (d + e x)^{n}])}{x} dx$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x ((a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]) (f + g \log[c (d + e x)^n])) = \frac{e n (b f + a g + 2 b g \log[c (d + e x)^n])}{d + e x}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])\;(f+g\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])}{x}\;dx\;\rightarrow\\ Log[x]\;(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])\;(f+g\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])-e\,n\int \frac{Log[x]\;(b\,f+a\,g+2\,b\,g\,Log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])}{d+e\,x}\;dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{a\_.+b\_.*Log}[\text{c\_.*}(\text{d\_+e\_.*x\_})^{n\_.}]) \, \times \, (\text{f\_.+g\_.*Log}[\text{c\_.*}(\text{d\_+e\_.*x\_})^{n\_.}]) \big/ \text{x\_,x\_Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & \text{Log}[\text{x}] \, \times \, (\text{a+b*Log}[\text{c*}(\text{d+e*x})^{n}]) \, \times \, (\text{f+g*Log}[\text{c*}(\text{d+e*x})^{n}]) \, - \\ & \text{e*n*Int}[\, (\text{Log}[\text{x}] \, \times \, (\text{b*f+a*g+2*b*g*Log}[\text{c*}(\text{d+e*x})^{n}])) \, / \, (\text{d+e*x}) \, , \text{x}] \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n}\}, \text{x}] \end{split}
```

2:
$$\int x^{m} (a + b \log[c (d + e x)^{n}]) (f + g \log[c (d + e x)^{n}]) dx \text{ when } m \neq -1$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} ((\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \operatorname{Log}[\mathbf{c} (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x})^{n}]) (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \operatorname{Log}[\mathbf{c} (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x})^{n}])) = \frac{\operatorname{en} (\mathbf{b} \mathbf{f} + \mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} + 2 \operatorname{bg} \operatorname{Log}[\mathbf{c} (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x})^{n}])}{\operatorname{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}}$$

Rule: If $m \neq -1$, then

$$\int \! x^m \; (a + b \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n]) \; (f + g \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n]) \; dx \; \rightarrow \\ \frac{x^{m+1} \; (a + b \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n]) \; (f + g \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n])}{m+1} \; - \; \frac{e \, n}{m+1} \int \! \frac{x^{m+1} \; (b \, f + a \, g + 2 \, b \, g \, Log[c \; (d + e \, x)^n])}{d + e \, x} \; dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])*(f_.+g_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])*(f+g*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])/(m+1) -
    e*n/(m+1)*Int[(x^(m+1)*(b*f+a*g+2*b*g*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]))/(d+e*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

1.
$$\int \frac{(a+b\log[c\ (d+e\,x)^n])^p\ (f+g\log[h\ (i+j\,x)^m])}{x}\,dx$$
1.
$$\int \frac{(a+b\log[c\ (d+e\,x)^n])\ (f+g\log[h\ (i+j\,x)^m])}{x}\,dx$$
1.
$$\int \frac{(a+b\log[c\ (d+e\,x)^n])\ (f+g\log[h\ (i+j\,x)^m])}{x}\,dx \text{ when ei-dj} = 0$$

Basis: If ei-dj=0, then $\partial_x ((a+b \text{Log}[c(d+ex)^n])(f+g \text{Log}[h(i+jx)^m]))=\frac{egm(a+b \text{Log}[c(d+ex)^n])}{d+ex}+\frac{bjn(f+g \text{Log}[h(i+jx)^m])}{i+jx}$

Rule: If ei-dj = 0, then

$$\int \frac{(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])\;(f+g\log[h\;(i+j\,x)^m])}{x}\;dx\;\rightarrow\\ \\ Log[x]\;(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])\;(f+g\log[h\;(i+j\,x)^m]) - e\,g\,m\int \frac{Log[x]\;(a+b\log[c\;(d+e\,x)^n])}{d+e\,x}\;dx - b\,j\,n\int \frac{Log[x]\;(f+g\log[h\;(i+j\,x)^m])}{i+j\,x}\;dx$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int \frac{(a + b \log[c (d + e x)^n]) (f + g \log[h (i + j x)^m])}{x} dx \text{ when } ei - dj \neq 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{\log[c (d + e x)^n] \log[h (i + j x)^m]}{x} dx \text{ when } ei - dj \neq 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\log[d + e x] \log[i + j x]}{x} dx \text{ when } ei - dj \neq 0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts and ???

Rule: If $bc - ad \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[a+b\,x]\,\,\text{Log}[c+d\,x]}{x}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \text{Log}\Big[-\frac{b\,x}{a}\Big]\,\,\text{Log}[a+b\,x]\,\,\text{Log}[c+d\,x] \,\,-\,\, \int \left(\frac{d\,\text{Log}\Big[-\frac{b\,x}{a}\Big]\,\,\text{Log}[a+b\,x]}{c+d\,x} \,+\, \frac{b\,\text{Log}\Big[-\frac{b\,x}{a}\Big]\,\,\text{Log}[c+d\,x]}{a+b\,x}\right)\,dx$$

```
Int[Log[a_+b_.*x_]*Log[c_+d_.*x_]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
    Log[-b*x/a]*Log[a+b*x]*Log[c+d*x] -
    1/2*(Log[-b*x/a]-Log[-d*x/c])*(Log[a+b*x]+Log[a*(c+d*x)/(c*(a+b*x))])^2 +
    1/2*(Log[-b*x/a]-Log[-(b*c-a*d)*x/(a*(c+d*x))]*Log[(b*c-a*d)/(b*(c+d*x))])*Log[a*(c+d*x)/(c*(a+b*x))]^2 +
    (Log[c+d*x]-Log[a*(c+d*x)/(c*(a+b*x))])*PolyLog[2,1+b*x/a] +
    (Log[a+b*x]+Log[a*(c+d*x)/(c*(a+b*x))])*PolyLog[2,1+d*x/c] -
    Log[a*(c+d*x)/(c*(a+b*x))]*PolyLog[2,d*(a+b*x)/(b*(c+d*x))] +
    Log[a*(c+d*x)/(c*(a+b*x))]*PolyLog[2,c*(a+b*x)/(a*(c+d*x))] -
    PolyLog[3,1+b*x/a] - PolyLog[3,1+d*x/c] - PolyLog[3,d*(a+b*x)/(b*(c+d*x))] + PolyLog[3,c*(a+b*x)/(a*(c+d*x))]/;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]
Int[Log[v_]*Log[w_]/x_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[Log[ExpandToSum[v,x]]*Log[ExpandToSum[w,x]]/x,x] /;
LinearQ[(v,w),x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[{v,w},x]]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[c (d+ex)^n] \text{Log}[h (i+jx)^m]}{x} dx \text{ when e } i-dj \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x (m \text{Log}[i+jx] - \text{Log}[h(i+jx)^m]) == 0$$

Rule: If $ei-dj \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log[c } (d+e\,x)^n] \, \text{Log[h } (i+j\,x)^m]}{x} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, m \int \frac{\text{Log[i+j\,x] } \, \text{Log[c } (d+e\,x)^n]}{x} \, dx \, - \, (m \, \text{Log[i+j\,x] } - \, \text{Log[h } (i+j\,x)^m]) \, \int \frac{\text{Log[c } (d+e\,x)^n]}{x} \, dx}{x} \, dx \, - \, (m \, \text{Log[i+j\,x] } - \, \text{Log[h } (i+j\,x)^m]) \, \int \frac{\text{Log[c } (d+e\,x)^n]}{x} \, dx}{x} \, dx$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\text{Log} [\text{c}_{-}*(\text{d}_{+}\text{e}_{-}*\text{x}_{-})^{n}_{-}] * \text{Log} [\text{h}_{-}*(\text{i}_{-}+\text{j}_{-}*\text{x}_{-})^{n}_{-}] \big/ \text{x}_{-}, \text{x}_{-} \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{m*Int} \big[\text{Log} [\text{i}+\text{j}*\text{x}] * \text{Log} [\text{c}*(\text{d}+\text{e}*\text{x})^{n}] / \text{x}_{-} \text{x} \big] - \big(\text{m*Log} [\text{i}+\text{j}*\text{x}] - \text{Log} [\text{h}*(\text{i}+\text{j}*\text{x})^{n}] \big) * \text{Int} \big[\text{Log} [\text{c}*(\text{d}+\text{e}*\text{x})^{n}] / \text{x}_{-}, \text{x} \big] / \text{x} \big] \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[\{\text{c},\text{d},\text{e},\text{h},\text{i},\text{j},\text{m},\text{n}\}, \text{x} \} & \text{\&\& NeQ} \big[\text{e}*\text{i}-\text{d}*\text{j},0 \big] & \text{\&\& NeQ} \big[\text{i}+\text{j}*\text{x},\text{h}*(\text{i}+\text{j}*\text{x})^{n} \big] \end{aligned}$$

2:
$$\int \frac{(a+b\log[c(d+ex)^n])(f+g\log[h(i+jx)^m])}{x} dx \text{ when } eg-dh \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $ei-dj \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(a+b\log[c\ (d+e\,x)^n])\ (f+g\log[h\ (i+j\,x)^m])}{x}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,f\int \frac{a+b\log[c\ (d+e\,x)^n]}{x}\,dx+g\int \frac{\log[h\ (i+j\,x)^m]\ (a+b\log[c\ (d+e\,x)^n])}{x}\,dx$$

Program code:

$$2: \int \!\! x^r \; \left(a + b \, \text{Log}[c \; (d + e \, x)^n]\right)^p \; \left(f + g \, \text{Log}[h \; (i + j \, x)^m]\right) \; dx \; \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \; r \in \mathbb{Z} \; \bigwedge \; (p = 1 \; \bigvee \; r > 0) \; \bigwedge \; r \neq -1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

$$Basis: \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \left(\left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{p} \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{h} \left(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{m} \right] \right) \right) = \frac{g \, \mathsf{j} \, \mathsf{m} \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{p}}{i + j \, \mathsf{x}} + \frac{b \, \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{n} \, \mathsf{p} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{c} \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{-1 + p} \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \operatorname{Log} \left[\mathbf{h} \left(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{m} \right] \right)}{d + e \, \mathsf{x}}$$

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land r \in \mathbb{Z} \land (p = 1 \lor r > 0) \land r \neq -1$, then

$$\int x^{r} (a+b \log[c (d+ex)^{n}])^{p} (f+g \log[h (i+jx)^{m}]) dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{x^{r+1} \left(a + b \log[c \left(d + e x\right)^{n}]\right)^{p} \left(f + g \log[h \left(i + j x\right)^{m}]\right)}{r+1} - \frac{g j m}{r+1} \int \frac{x^{r+1} \left(a + b \log[c \left(d + e x\right)^{n}]\right)^{p}}{i + j x} dx - \frac{b e n p}{r+1} \int \frac{x^{r+1} \left(a + b \log[c \left(d + e x\right)^{n}]\right)^{p-1} \left(f + g \log[h \left(i + j x\right)^{m}]\right)}{d + e x} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_.*(f_.+g_.*Log[h_.*(i_.+j_.*x_)^m_.]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^(r+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p*(f+g*Log[h*(i+j*x)^m])/(r+1) -
    g*j*m/(r+1)*Int[x^(r+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p/(i+j*x),x] -
    b*e*n*p/(r+1)*Int[x^(r+1)*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^(p-1)*(f+g*Log[h*(i+j*x)^m])/(d+e*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,m,n},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[r] && (EqQ[p,1] || GtQ[r,0]) && NeQ[r,-1]
```

3: $\int (k+lx)^r (a+b\log[c(d+ex)^n]) (f+g\log[h(i+jx)^m]) dx \text{ when } r \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If $r \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (k+l\,x)^r \, \left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right) \, \left(f+g\,\text{Log}[h\,\left(i+j\,x\right)^m]\right) \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{1}{l}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int x^r \, \left(a+b\,\text{Log}\Big[c\,\left(-\frac{e\,k-d\,l}{l}+\frac{e\,x}{l}\right)^n\Big]\right) \left(f+g\,\text{Log}\Big[h\,\left(-\frac{j\,k-i\,l}{l}+\frac{j\,x}{l}\right)^m\Big]\right) \, dx,\,x,\,k+l\,x\Big]$$

```
 Int[(k_{+}+1_{-}*x_{-})^{r}_{-}*(a_{-}+b_{-}*Log[c_{-}*(d_{+}e_{-}*x_{-})^{n}_{-}])*(f_{-}+g_{-}*Log[h_{-}*(i_{-}+j_{-}*x_{-})^{m}_{-}]),x_{symbol}] := 1/1*Subst[Int[x^{r}*(a_{+}b_{+}Log[c_{+}(-(e_{+}k_{-}d_{+}l)/1+e_{+}x/l)^{n}])*(f_{+}g_{+}Log[h_{+}(-(j_{+}k_{-}i_{+}l)/1+j_{+}x/l)^{m}]),x_{+}x_{+}l_{+}x_{-}]/; FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n\},x] && IntegerQ[r]
```

$$U: \int (k+lx)^{r} (a+b \log[c (d+ex)^{n}])^{p} (f+g \log[h (i+jx)^{m}])^{q} dx$$

Rule:

$$\int (k+l\,x)^r\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^p\,\left(f+g\,\text{Log}[h\,\left(i+j\,x\right)^m]\right)^q\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\int (k+l\,x)^r\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}[c\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^n]\right)^p\,\left(f+g\,\text{Log}[h\,\left(i+j\,x\right)^m]\right)^q\,dx$$

Program code:

$$Int[(k_.+l_.*x__)^r_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x__)^n_.])^p_.*(f_.+g_.*Log[h_.*(i_.+j_.*x__)^m_.])^q_.,x_Symbol] := \\ Unintegrable[(k+l*x)^r*(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n])^p*(f+g*Log[h*(i+j*x)^m])^q,x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n,p,q,r\},x]$$

10:
$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog[k, h+ix] } (a+b \text{Log[c } (d+ex)^n])^p}{f+gx} dx \text{ when ef-dg == 0 } \wedge gh-fi == 0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$F[x] = \frac{1}{e} \text{ Subst} \left[F\left[\frac{x-d}{e}\right], x, d + ex \right] \partial_x (d + ex)$$

Rule: If $ef-dg=0 \land gh-fi=0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog[k, h+ix] } (a+b \text{Log[c } (d+ex)^n])^p}{f+gx} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{g} \text{Subst} \Big[\int \frac{\text{PolyLog[k, } \frac{hx}{d}] (a+b \text{Log[c } x^n])^p}{x} dx, x, d+ex \Big]$$

```
Int[PolyLog[k_,h_+i_.*x_]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.])^p_./(f_+g_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
1/g*Subst[Int[PolyLog[k,h*x/d]*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^p/x,x],x,d+e*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,k,n},x] && EqQ[e*f-d*g,0] && EqQ[g*h-f*i,0] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: $\partial_x (a + b \text{Log}[c (d + e x)^n]) = \frac{ben}{d+ex}$

Note: If $f \in \{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth\}$, the terms of the antiderivative of $\frac{\int_{0}^{P_x} f[f(g+hx)] dx}{d+ex}$ will be integrable.

 $Rule: If \ F \in \{ArcSin, \ ArcCos, \ ArcTan, \ ArcCot, \ ArcSinh, \ ArcCosh, \ ArcTanh, \ ArcCoth\}, let \ u \rightarrow \int P_x \ F[f \ (g+h \ x)] \ dx, then \ ArcCoth \ ArcCoth$

$$\int P_x F[f(g+hx)] (a+b Log[c(d+ex)^n]) dx \rightarrow u(a+b Log[c(d+ex)^n]) - ben \int \frac{u}{d+ex} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_.*F_[f_.*(g_.+h_.*x_)]*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^n_.]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px*F[f*(g+h*x)],x]},
Dist[(a+b*Log[c*(d+e*x)^n]),u,x] - b*e*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(d+e*x),x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] &&
MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth},F]
```

N: $\int u (a + b Log[c v^n])^p dx$ when v = d + ex

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If v = d + e x, then

$$\int u \, (a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, v^n])^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int u \, (a + b \, \text{Log}[c \, (d + e \, x)^n])^p \, dx$$

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*v_^n_.])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[u*(a+b*Log[c*ExpandToSum[v,x]^n])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p},x] && LinearQ[v,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[v,x]] && Not[EqQ[n,1] && MatchQ[c*v,e_.*(f_+g_.*x) /; FreeQ[{e,f,g},x]]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b Log[c (d (e + f x)^m)^n])^p$

- S: $\left[u \left(a + b \operatorname{Log} \left[c \left(d \left(e + f x \right)^{m} \right)^{n} \right] \right)^{p} dx \text{ when } n \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \neg \left(d \neq 1 \bigwedge m \neq 1 \right) \right]$
 - Derivation: Integration by substitution
 - Rule: If $n \notin \mathbb{Z} \land \neg (d \neq 1 \land m \neq 1)$, then

$$\int u (a+b \operatorname{Log}[c (d (e+fx)^m)^n])^p dx \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\int u (a+b \operatorname{Log}[c d^n (e+fx)^{mn}])^p dx, c d^n (e+fx)^{mn}, c (d (e+fx)^m)^n]$$

Program code:

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int}[u_{-}*(a_{-}+b_{-}*\text{Log}[c_{-}*(d_{-}*(e_{-}+f_{-}x_{-})^{n}_{-})^{n}_{-})^{p}_{-},x_{\text{Symbol}}] := \\ & \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[u*(a+b*\text{Log}[c*d^{n}*(e+f*x)^{(m*n)}])^{p},x],c*d^{n}*(e+f*x)^{(m*n)},c*(d*(e+f*x)^{m})^{n}] \ /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p\},x] \&\& \text{Not}[\text{IntegerQ}[n]] \&\& \text{Not}[\text{EqQ}[d,1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m,1]] \&\& \\ & \text{IntegralFreeQ}[\text{IntHide}[u*(a+b*\text{Log}[c*d^{n}*(e+f*x)^{(m*n)}])^{p},x]] \end{split}
```

- U: $\int AF[x] (a + b Log[c (d (e + f x)^m)^n])^p dx$
 - Rule:

$$\int AF[x] (a+b Log[c (d (e+fx)^m)^n])^p dx \rightarrow \int AF[x] (a+b Log[c (d (e+fx)^m)^n])^p dx$$

```
Int[AFx_*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*(d_.*(e_.+f_.x_)^m_.)^n_])^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[AFx*(a+b*Log[c*(d*(e+f*x)^m)^n])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && AlgebraicFunctionQ[AFx,x,True]
```