# Rules for integrands of the form $(d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p$

$$\textbf{0.} \quad \left\lceil \left( \text{d} + \text{e} \; \text{x}^2 \right)^q \; \left( \text{b} \; \text{x}^2 + \text{c} \; \text{x}^4 \right)^p \; \text{d} \, \text{x} \; \; \text{when} \; p \notin \mathbb{Z} \right.$$

1. 
$$\int (d + e x^2) (b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\left(b x^2 + c x^4\right)^{3/4}} dx$$

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 2a with a = 0, m = 0 and n (2p + 1) + 1 == 0 composed with trinomial recurrence 5 with a = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.0.1.1:

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{3/4}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, - \frac{2 \, \left(c \, d - b \, e\right) \, \left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{1/4}}{b \, c \, x} + \frac{e}{c} \int \frac{\left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{1/4}}{x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^(3/4),x_Symbol] :=
   -2*(c*d-b*e)*(b*x^2+c*x^4)^(1/4)/(b*c*x) + e/c*Int[(b*x^2+c*x^4)^(1/4)/x^2,x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e},x]
```

2: 
$$\int (d + e x^2) (b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \land b e (2p+1) - c d (4p+3) == 0$ 

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 3a with a = 0 with  $b \in (n p + 1) - c d (n (2 p + 1) + 1) == 0$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.0.1.2: If 
$$p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \land b \in (2p+1) - c d (4p+3) == 0$$
, then

$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, dx \, \, \longrightarrow \, \, \frac{e \, \left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1}}{c \, \left(4 \, p + 3\right) \, x}$$

#### Program code:

3: 
$$\left(d + e x^2\right) \left(b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p dx$$
 when  $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \land b e (2 p + 1) - c d (4 p + 3) \neq 0$ 

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 3a with a = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.0.1.3: If 
$$p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \land b e \ (2p+1) - c \ d \ (4p+3) \neq \emptyset$$
, then

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  e*(b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(4*p+3)*x) - ((b*e*(2*p+1)-c*d*(4*p+3)))/(c*(4*p+3)))*Int[(b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[4*p+3,0] && NeQ[b*e*(2*p+1)-c*d*(4*p+3),0]
```

2:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{(b x^2 + c x^4)^p}{x^2 p (b + c x^2)^p} = 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}{x^2\,\text{FracPart}[p]\,\left(b+c\,x^2\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}\;=\;\frac{\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}{x^2\,\text{FracPart}[p]\,\left(b+c\,x^2\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.0.2: If  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{\,\mathrm{FracPart}[p]}}{x^{2\,\,\mathrm{FracPart}[p]}}\,\int\! x^{2\,p}\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(b+c\,x^2\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/(x^(2*FracPart[p])*(b+c*x^2)^FracPart[p])*Int[x^(2*p)*(d+e*x^2)^q*(b+c*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

1.  $\left[ (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c == 0 \right]$ 

**x:**  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c == 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c == 0, then  $a + b z + c z^2 = \frac{1}{c} (\frac{b}{2} + c z)^2$ 

Rule 1.2.2.2.1.x: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, \text{d}x \,\, \longrightarrow \,\, \frac{1}{c^p} \, \int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(\frac{b}{2} + c \, x^2\right)^{2p} \, \text{d}x$$

Program code:

(\* Int[(d\_+e\_.\*x\_^2)^q\_.\*(a\_+b\_.\*x\_^2+c\_.\*x\_^4)^p\_.,x\_Symbol] :=
1/c^p\*Int[(d+e\*x^2)^q\*(b/2+c\*x^2)^(2\*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[b^2-4\*a\*c,0] && IntegerQ[p] \*)

2.  $\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx$  when  $b^2-4\,a\,c=0$   $\wedge$   $p\notin\mathbb{Z}$ 

1:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land 2 c d - b e = 0$  Necessary??

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c = 0 \land 2 c d - b e = 0$ , then  $\partial_x \frac{(a+b \, x^2 + c \, x^4)^p}{(d+e \, x^2)^{2p}} = 0$ 

Note: If  $b^2 - 4 \ a \ c == 0 \ \land \ 2 \ c \ d - b \ e == 0$ , then  $a + b \ z + c \ z^2 == \frac{c}{e^2} \ (d + e \ z)^2$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.1.2.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land 2$  c d - b e = 0, then

$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, d\!\!/ \, x \, \, \longrightarrow \, \, \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{2p}} \, \int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q+2p} \, d\!\!/ \, x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p/(d+e*x^2)^(2*p)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q+2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && EqQ[2*c*d-b*e,0]
```

2: 
$$\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a  $c = 0$ , then  $\partial_x \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{(\frac{b}{2}+c x^2)^{2p}} = 0$ 

Note: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a c == 0, then  $a + b z + c z^2 == \frac{1}{c} (\frac{b}{2} + c z)^2$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.1.2.2: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a  $c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{FracPart[p]}}{c^{IntPart[p]}\,\left(\frac{b}{2}+c\,x^2\right)^{2\,FracPart[p]}}\,\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(\frac{b}{2}+c\,x^2\right)^{2\,p}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2+c*x^2)^(2*FracPart[p]))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q*(b/2+c*x^2)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

2.  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 == 0$ 

1:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 == 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Algebraic simplification** 

Basis: If  $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 == 0$ , then  $a + b z + c z^2 == (d + e z) \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c z}{e}\right)$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.2.1: If  $b^2-4$  a c  $\neq \emptyset \wedge c$   $d^2-b$  d e + a  $e^2=\emptyset \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x\ \longrightarrow\ \int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p+q}\,\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^2}{e}\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,q},x] && EqQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

2:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 == 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p}{\left(d + e x^2\right)^p \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c x^2}{e}\right)^p} = 0$ 

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$$
, then  $\frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p}{\left(d + e x^2\right)^p \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c x^2}{e}\right)^p} = \frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^{\mathsf{FracPart}[p]}}{\left(d + e x^2\right)^{\mathsf{FracPart}[p]} \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c x^2}{e}\right)^{\mathsf{FracPart}[p]}}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.2.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{FracPart[p]}}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{FracPart[p]}\,\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^2}{e}\right)^{FracPart[p]}}\,\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p+q}\,\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^2}{e}\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+c*x^2/e)^FracPart[p])*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+c*x^2/e)^FracPart[p])*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

3.  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.3.1: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a c  $\neq \emptyset \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \int \mathsf{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p,\,x\right]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,-2]
```

2. 
$$\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q < -1$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 3b

Basis: 
$$\int (d + e x^2)^q dx = \frac{x (d + e x^2)^{q+1}}{d} - \frac{e (2q+3)}{d} \int x^2 (d + e x^2)^q dx$$

Note: Interestingly this rule eleminates the constant term of  $(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p$  rather than the highest degree term.

$$\text{Rule 1.2.2.3.3.2.1: If } b^2 - 4 \ a \ c \ \neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2 - b \ d \ e \ + \ a \ e^2 \ \neq 0 \ \land \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land \ q \ + \ \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land \ 4 \ p \ + \ 2 \ q \ + \ 1 \ < 0 \text{, then } \ d \ +$$

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x\,\longrightarrow\\ a^p\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\mathrm{d}x+\int x^2\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\mathrm{PolynomialQuotient}\big[\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p-a^p,\,x^2,\,x\big]\,\mathrm{d}x\,\longrightarrow\\ \frac{a^p\,x\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{q+1}}{d}+\frac{1}{d}\int x^2\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(d\,\mathrm{PolynomialQuotient}\big[\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p-a^p,\,x^2,\,x\big]-e\,a^p\,\left(2\,q+3\right)\right)\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^p*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/d +
    1/d*Int[x^2*(d+e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p-a^p,x^2,x]-e*a^p*(2*q+3)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[q+1/2,0] && LtQ[4*p+2*q+1,0]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^p*x*(d+e*x^2)^q(q+1)/d +
    1/d*Int[x^2*(d+e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a+c*x^4)^p-a^p,x^2,x]-e*a^p*(2*q+3)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[q+1/2,0] && LtQ[4*p+2*q+1,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \, q < -1$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 2a

Reference: G&R 2.110.5, G&R 2.104, G&R 2.160.3, CRC 88a

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 3a

Note: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \nleq -1$ , then  $4p + 2q + 1 \neq 0$ .

Rule 1.2.2.3.3.3: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq \emptyset \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \nleq -1$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\;x^2\right)^q\;\left(a+b\;x^2+c\;x^4\right)^p\;\mathrm{d}x\;\longrightarrow\;$$

$$c^{p} \int \! x^{4\,p} \, \left( d + e \, x^{2} \right)^{q} \, \mathrm{d}x \, + \, \int \left( d + e \, x^{2} \right)^{q} \, \left( \left( a + b \, x^{2} + c \, x^{4} \right)^{p} - c^{p} \, x^{4\,p} \right) \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \longrightarrow \,$$

$$\frac{c^{p} x^{4p-1} \left(d+e x^{2}\right)^{q+1}}{e \left(4p+2q+1\right)} + \frac{1}{e \left(4p+2q+1\right)} \int \left(d+e x^{2}\right)^{q} \left(e \left(4p+2q+1\right) \left(a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}\right)^{p}-d c^{p} \left(4p-1\right) x^{4p-2}-e c^{p} \left(4p+2q+1\right) x^{4p}\right) dx$$

4. 
$$\int \frac{(d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{(d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0 \land \frac{2d}{e} - \frac{b}{c} > 0$$

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$
 and  $q \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{2d}{e} - \frac{b}{c}}$ , then  $\frac{d + e z^2}{a + b z^2 + c z^4} = \frac{e^2}{2 c \left(d + e q z + e z^2\right)} + \frac{e^2}{2 c \left(d - e q z + e z^2\right)}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.1: If 
$$b^2-4$$
 a c  $\neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-a \ e^2 = 0 \ \land \ \frac{2\,d}{e}-\frac{b}{c} > 0$ , let  $q \to \sqrt{\frac{2\,d}{e}-\frac{b}{c}}$ , then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \frac{e}{2 c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{d}{e} + q x + x^2} dx + \frac{e}{2 c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{d}{e} - q x + x^2} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[2*d/e-b/c,2]},
    e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e+q*x+x^2,x],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e-q*x+x^2,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && (GtQ[2*d/e-b/c,0] || Not[LtQ[2*d/e-b/c,0]] && EqQ[d-e*Rt[a/c,2],0])

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[2*d/e,2]},
    e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e+q*x+x^2,x],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e-q*x+x^2,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PoSQ[d*e]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 == 0 \land b^2 - 4 a c > 0$$

Basis: Let 
$$q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \ a \ c}$$
 , then  $\frac{d + e \ z}{a + b \ z + c \ z^2} = \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 \ c \ d - b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{q}{2} + c \ z} + \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{2 \ c \ d - b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c \ z}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.1.2: If 
$$b^2-4$$
 a c  $\neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-a \ e^2=0 \ \land \ b^2-4$  a c  $> 0$ , let  $q \to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 \, c \, d - b \, e}{2 \, q}\right) \, \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{q}{2} + c \, x^2} \, dx \, + \, \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{2 \, c \, d - b \, e}{2 \, q}\right) \, \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c \, x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
  (e/2+(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[1/(b/2-q/2+c*x^2),x] + (e/2-(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[1/(b/2+q/2+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 == 0 \land b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$$

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$
 and  $q \rightarrow \sqrt{-\frac{2d}{e} - \frac{b}{c}}$ , then  $\frac{d + e z^2}{a + b z^2 + c z^4} = \frac{e (q - 2z)}{2 c q \left(\frac{d}{e} + q z - z^2\right)} + \frac{e (q + 2z)}{2 c q \left(\frac{d}{e} - q z - z^2\right)}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.1.3: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c$  d<sup>2</sup> - a e<sup>2</sup> =  $0 \land b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0$ , let  $q \Rightarrow \sqrt{-\frac{2d}{e} - \frac{b}{c}}$ , then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \frac{e}{2 c q} \int \frac{q - 2 x}{\frac{d}{e} + q x - x^2} dx + \frac{e}{2 c q} \int \frac{q + 2 x}{\frac{d}{e} - q x - x^2} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-2*d/e-b/c,2]},
e/(2*c*q)*Int[(q-2*x)/Simp[d/e+q*x-x^2,x],x] + e/(2*c*q)*Int[(q+2*x)/Simp[d/e-q*x-x^2,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && Not[GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-2*d/e,2]},
e/(2*c*q)*Int[(q-2*x)/Simp[d/e+q*x-x^2,x],x] + e/(2*c*q)*Int[(q+2*x)/Simp[d/e-q*x-x^2,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ b^2 - 4 a c > 0$$

$$\text{Basis: Let } q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \text{ a c }} \text{ , then } \tfrac{d + e \, z}{a + b \, z + c \, z^2} \ = \ \left( \tfrac{e}{2} \, + \, \tfrac{2 \, c \, d - b \, e}{2 \, q} \right) \ \tfrac{1}{\tfrac{b}{2} - \tfrac{q}{2} + c \, z} \ + \ \left( \tfrac{e}{2} \, - \, \tfrac{2 \, c \, d - b \, e}{2 \, q} \right) \ \tfrac{1}{\tfrac{b}{2} + \tfrac{q}{2} + c \, z}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.2.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c$  d<sup>2</sup> - a e<sup>2</sup>  $\neq 0 \land b^2 - 4$  a c > 0, let  $q \rightarrow \sqrt{b^2 - 4}$  a c, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 \, c \, d - b \, e}{2 \, q}\right) \, \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{q}{2} + c \, x^2} \, dx \, + \, \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{2 \, c \, d - b \, e}{2 \, q}\right) \, \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c \, x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    (e/2+(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[1/(b/2-q/2+c*x^2),x] + (e/2-(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[1/(b/2+q/2+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[b^2-4*a*c]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    (e/2+c*d/(2*q))*Int[1/(-q+c*x^2),x] + (e/2-c*d/(2*q))*Int[1/(q+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[-a*c]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + c x^4} dx \text{ when } c d^2 + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ -a c \neq 0$$

Basis: Let 
$$q \to \sqrt{a \ c}$$
, then  $\frac{d+e \ z}{a+c \ z^2} = \frac{d \ q+a \ e}{2 \ a \ c} \frac{q+c \ z}{a+c \ z^2} + \frac{d \ q-a \ e}{2 \ a \ c} \frac{q-c \ z}{a+c \ z^2}$ 

Note: Resulting integrands are of the form  $\frac{d+e x^2}{a+c x^4}$  where  $c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$ .

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.2.2.1: If c d² + a e² 
$$\neq$$
 0  $\wedge$  c d² - a e²  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  -a c  $\neq$  0, let q  $\rightarrow$   $\sqrt{a \ c}$  , then

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[a*c,2]},
  (d*q+a*e)/(2*a*c)*Int[(q+c*x^2)/(a+c*x^4),x] + (d*q-a*e)/(2*a*c)*Int[(q-c*x^2)/(a+c*x^4),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && NegQ[-a*c]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$$

$$\text{Basis: If } q \to \sqrt{\frac{\underline{a}}{c}} \text{ and } r \to \sqrt{2\,q - \frac{\underline{b}}{c}} \text{ , then } \frac{d + \underline{e}\,z^2}{a + \underline{b}\,z^2 + c\,z^4} \ = \ \frac{d\,r - (d - \underline{e}\,q)\,\,z}{2\,c\,q\,r\,\left(q - r\,z + z^2\right)} \ + \ \frac{d\,r + (d - \underline{e}\,q)\,\,z}{2\,c\,q\,r\,\left(q + r\,z + z^2\right)}$$

Note: If  $(a \mid b \mid c) \in \mathbb{R} \land b^2 - 4 \ a \ c < 0$ , then  $\frac{a}{c} > 0$  and  $2\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} - \frac{b}{c} > 0$ .

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.2.2.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c$  d<sup>2</sup> - b d e + a e<sup>2</sup>  $\neq 0 \land b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0$ , let  $q \to \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}$  and  $r \to \sqrt{2q - \frac{b}{c}}$ , then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{2 \, c \, q \, r} \int \frac{d \, r - (d - e \, q) \, \, x}{q - r \, x + x^2} \, dx \, + \, \frac{1}{2 \, c \, q \, r} \int \frac{d \, r + (d - e \, q) \, \, x}{q + r \, x + x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[a/c,2]},
With[{r=Rt[2*q-b/c,2]},
    1/(2*c*q*r)*Int[(d*r-(d-e*q)*x)/(q-r*x+x^2),x] + 1/(2*c*q*r)*Int[(d*r+(d-e*q)*x)/(q+r*x+x^2),x]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && NegQ[b^2-4*a*c]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e x^2\right)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.2: If  $b^2-4$  a c  $\neq \emptyset \land c$   $d^2-b$  d e + a  $e^2\neq \emptyset \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{\,q}}{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \int \mathsf{ExpandIntegrand}\Big[\,\frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{\,q}}{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}\,,\,\,x\Big]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[q]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q/(a+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[q]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{\, q}}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, q \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{\, q}}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, q \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, q < -1$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+b z+c z^2} = \frac{e^2}{c d^2-b d e+a e^2} + \frac{(d+e z) (c d-b e-c e z)}{(c d^2-b d e+a e^2) (a+b z+c z^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.2.1: If  $b^2-4$  a c  $\neq 0$   $\wedge$  c  $d^2-b$  d e + a  $e^2\neq 0$   $\wedge$  q  $\notin \mathbb{Z}$   $\wedge$  q <-1, then

$$\int \frac{\left( \mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right)^{\, \mathsf{q}}}{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{x}^2 + \mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{x}^4} \, \mathrm{d} \mathsf{x} \ \longrightarrow \ \frac{\mathsf{e}^2}{\mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{d}^2 - \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{e} + \mathsf{a} \, \mathsf{e}^2} \int \left( \mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right)^{\, \mathsf{q}} \, \mathrm{d} \mathsf{x} + \frac{1}{\mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{d}^2 - \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{d} \, \mathsf{e} + \mathsf{a} \, \mathsf{e}^2} \int \frac{\left( \mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right)^{\, \mathsf{q} + 1} \, \left( \mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{d} - \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{e} - \mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{x}^2 \right)}{\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{x}^2 + \mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{x}^4} \, \mathrm{d} \mathsf{x}$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    e^2/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q,x] +
    1/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)*(c*d-b*e-c*e*x^2)/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && LtQ[q,-1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    e^2/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q,x] +
    c/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q(q+1)*(d-e*x^2)/(a+c*x^4),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && LtQ[q,-1]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, q \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, q \not < -1$$

Basis: If 
$$r = \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$$
, then  $\frac{1}{a+b z+c z^2} = \frac{2 c}{r (b-r+2 c z)} - \frac{2 c}{r (b+r+2 c z)}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.2.2: If 
$$b^2-4$$
 a c  $\neq \emptyset \wedge$  c  $d^2-b$  d e + a  $e^2\neq \emptyset \wedge$  q  $\notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge$  q  $\notin -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dl \, x \, \, \longrightarrow \, \, \frac{2 \, c}{r} \, \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{b - r + 2 \, c \, x^2} \, dl \, x - \frac{2 \, c}{r} \, \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{b + r + 2 \, c \, x^2} \, dl \, x$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
   2*c/r*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q/(b-r+2*c*x^2),x] - 2*c/r*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q/(b+r+2*c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]]
```

5. 
$$\int (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ 

1: 
$$\int (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p > 0$ 

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 1b with m = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p > 0$ , then

$$\int (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{x \left(2 \, b \, e \, p \, + \, c \, d \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 3\right) \, + c \, e \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 1\right) \, \, x^2\right) \, \left(a \, + \, b \, x^2 \, + \, c \, x^4\right)^p}{c \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 1\right) \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 3\right)} \, + \\ \frac{2 \, p}{c \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 1\right) \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 3\right)} \, \int \left(2 \, a \, c \, d \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 3\right) \, - a \, b \, e \, + \, \left(2 \, a \, c \, e \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 1\right) \, + b \, c \, d \, \left(4 \, p \, + \, 3\right) \, - b^2 \, e \, \left(2 \, p \, + \, 1\right)\,\right) \, x^2\right) \, \left(a \, + \, b \, x^2 \, + \, c \, x^4\right)^{p-1} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*(2*b*e*p+c*d*(4*p+3)+c*e*(4*p+1)*x^2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p/(c*(4*p+1)*(4*p+3)) +
    2*p/(c*(4*p+1)*(4*p+3))*Int[Simp[2*a*c*d*(4*p+3)-a*b*e+(2*a*c*e*(4*p+1)+b*c*d*(4*p+3)-b^2*e*(2*p+1))*x^2,x]*
    (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p-1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && GtQ[p,0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*(d*(4*p+3)+e*(4*p+1)*x^2)*(a+c*x^4)^p/((4*p+1)*(4*p+3)) +
    2*p/((4*p+1)*(4*p+3))*Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p+3)+(2*a*e*(4*p+1))*x^2,x]*(a+c*x^4)^(p-1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && GtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

2:  $\int (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p < -1$ 

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 2b with m = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p < -1$ , then

$$\begin{split} \int \left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \to \\ & \frac{x \, \left(a \, b \, e - d \, \left(b^2 - 2 \, a \, c\right) - c \, \left(b \, d - 2 \, a \, e\right) \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1}}{2 \, a \, \left(p + 1\right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} \, + \\ & \frac{1}{2 \, a \, \left(p + 1\right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} \, \int \left(\left(2 \, p + 3\right) \, d \, b^2 - a \, b \, e - 2 \, a \, c \, d \, \left(4 \, p + 5\right) \, + \, \left(4 \, p + 7\right) \, \left(d \, b - 2 \, a \, e\right) \, c \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, \mathrm{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -x*(d+e*x^2)*(a+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(4*a*(p+1)) +
    1/(4*a*(p+1))*Int[Simp[d*(4*p+5)+e*(4*p+7)*x^2,x]*(a+c*x^4)^(p+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && LtQ[p,-1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c > 0$ 

1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land c < 0$$

Basis: If 
$$b^2 - 4ac > 0 \land c < 0$$
, let  $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$ , then  $\sqrt{a + bx^2 + cx^4} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-c}} \sqrt{b + q + 2cx^2} \sqrt{-b + q - 2cx^2}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.1: If 
$$b^2-4$$
 a c  $> 0 \ \land \ c < 0$ , let q  $\rightarrow \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c , then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \rightarrow 2 \sqrt{-c} \int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{b + a + 2 c x^2}} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    2*Sqrt[-c]*Int[(d+e*x^2)/(Sqrt[b+q+2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[-b+q-2*c*x^2]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[c,0]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    Sqrt[-c]*Int[(d+e*x^2)/(Sqrt[q+c*x^2]*Sqrt[q-c*x^2]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[a,0] && LtQ[c,0]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land c \nleq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \frac{c}{a} > 0 \ \land \frac{b}{a} < 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \frac{c}{a} > 0 \ \land \frac{b}{a} < 0 \ \land e + d \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} = 0$$

Reference: G&R 3.165.10

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.1.1: If  $b^2-4$  a  $c>0 \ \land \ \frac{c}{a}>0 \ \land \ \frac{b}{a}<0$ , let  $q \to (\frac{c}{a})^{\frac{1}{4}}$ , if e+d  $q^2=0$ , then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, - \frac{d \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)} \, + 2 \, d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a + 2 \, a \, q^2 \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx$$
 
$$\rightarrow \, - \frac{d \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)} \, + \frac{d \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{\frac{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)^2}}}{q \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \text{EllipticE} \left[ 2 \, \text{ArcTan} \left[ q \, x \right] \, , \, \frac{1}{2} \, - \frac{b \, q^2}{4 \, c} \right]$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,4]},
    -d*x*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(a*(1+q^2*x^2)) +
    d*(1+q^2*x^2)*Sqrt[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)/(a*(1+q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x],1/2-b*q^2/(4*c)] /;
EqQ[e+d*q^2,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && GtQ[c/a,0] && LtQ[b/a,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land \frac{c}{a} > 0 \land \frac{b}{a} < 0 \land e + d \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \neq 0$$

$$\text{Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.1.2: If } b^2 - 4 \ a \ c > 0 \ \land \ \frac{c}{a} > 0 \ \land \ \frac{b}{a} < 0, \text{let } q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \ \text{, if } e + d \ q \neq 0, \text{then } \\ \int \frac{d + e \ x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4}} \ dx \ \to \ \frac{e + d \ q}{q} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4}} \ dx - \frac{e}{q} \int \frac{1 - q \ x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4}} \ dx$$

Program code:

2. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land a < 0 \land c > 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land a < 0 \land c > 0 \land 2 c d - e \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}\right) = 0$$

Reference: G&R 3.153.2+

$$\rightarrow \frac{e \, x \, \left(b + q + 2 \, c \, x^2\right)}{2 \, c \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} - \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}{q}}}{2 \, c \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}}} \, \text{EllipticE} \left[ \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}{2 \, q}}} \right], \, \frac{b + q}{2 \, q} \, \frac{1}{2 \, q} \, \frac{$$

```
Int[(d_{+e_{*}x_{2}})/Sqrt[a_{+b_{*}x_{2}+c_{*}x_{4}],x_{symbol}] :=
      With [q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]],
      e*x*(b+q+2*c*x^2)/(2*c*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]) -
      e*q*Sqrt[(2*a+(b-q)*x^2)/(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)]*Sqrt[(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)/q]/(2*c*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*Sqrt[a/(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)])*
                EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)/(2*q)]],(b+q)/(2*q)] /;
  EqQ[2*c*d-e*(b-q),0] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
      With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
      e*x*(q+c*x^2)/(c*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]) -
      \sqrt{2} \exp[-2] + e^{-2} \exp[-a + q \times x^2] + \sqrt{2} + q \times x^2 / q] / (\sqrt{2} + q \times x^2) / q) / q) / (\sqrt{2} + q \times x^2) / q) / (\sqrt{2} + q \times x^2) / q) / (\sqrt{2} + q \times
                EllipticE \left[ ArcSin[x/Sqrt[(a+q*x^2)/(2*q)]],1/2 \right]/;
  EqQ[c*d+e*q,0] && IntegerQ[q]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
      With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
      e*x*(q+c*x^2)/(c*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]) -
      Sqrt[2] *e*q*Sqrt[(a-q*x^2)/(a+q*x^2)] *Sqrt[(a+q*x^2)/q]/(c*Sqrt[a+c*x^4] *Sqrt[a/(a+q*x^2)]) *
                EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[(a+q*x^2)/(2*q)]],1/2]/;
  EqQ[c*d+e*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c > 0 \, \wedge \, a < 0 \, \wedge \, c > 0 \, \wedge \, 2 \, c \, d - e \, \left( b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \, a \, c} \, \right) \neq 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.2.2: If  $b^2-4$  a  $c>0 \ \land \ a<0 \ \land \ c>0$ , let  $q\to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c , if 2 c d-e  $(b-q) \ne 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{2 \, c \, d - e \, (b - q)}{2 \, c} \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, + \, \frac{e}{2 \, c} \, \int \frac{b - q + 2 \, c \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    (2*c*d-e*(b-q))/(2*c)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[(b-q+2*c*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[2*c*d-e*(b-q),0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    (c*d+e*q)/c*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] - e/c*Int[(q-c*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[c*d+e*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land \frac{b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.3: If  $b^2-4$  a c > 0, let  $q \to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c  $_a$ , if  $\frac{b \pm q}{a} > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx + e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    d*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + e*Int[x^2/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
    PosQ[(b+q)/a] || PosQ[(b-q)/a]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    d*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + e*Int[x^2/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[-a*c,0]
```

4. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \ \frac{b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} \ \not> 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \ \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} \ \not> 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \ \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} \ \not> 0 \ \land \ 2 c d - e \ (b + q) = 0$$

Reference: G&R 3.153.5+

$$\int \frac{d+e\,x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \,\rightarrow\, -\frac{a\,e\,\sqrt{-\frac{b+q}{2\,a}}\,\,\sqrt{1+\frac{(b+q)\,x^2}{2\,a}}\,\,\sqrt{1+\frac{(b-q)\,x^2}{2\,a}}}{c\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,\text{EllipticE}\Big[\text{ArcSin}\Big[\sqrt{-\frac{b+q}{2\,a}}\,\,x\Big]\,,\,\,\frac{b-q}{b+q}\Big]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    -a*e*Rt[-(b+q)/(2*a),2]*Sqrt[1+(b+q)*x^2/(2*a)]*Sqrt[1+(b-q)*x^2/(2*a)]/(c*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
    EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-(b+q)/(2*a),2]*x],(b-q)/(b+q)] /;
NegQ[(b+q)/a] && EqQ[2*c*d-e*(b+q),0] && Not[SimplerSqrtQ[-(b-q)/(2*a),-(b+q)/(2*a)]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} \neq 0 \land 2 c d - e (b + q) \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.4.1.2: If  $b^2-4$  a c > 0, let  $q \to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c  $\downarrow$ , if  $\frac{b+q}{a} \not> 0 \land 2$  c d -e  $(b+q) \neq 0$  then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{2 \, c \, d - e \, (b + q)}{2 \, c} \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, + \, \frac{e}{2 \, c} \, \int \frac{b + q + 2 \, c \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
  (2*c*d-e*(b+q))/(2*c)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[(b+q+2*c*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NegQ[(b+q)/a] && NeQ[2*c*d-e*(b+q),0] && Not[SimplerSqrtQ[-(b-q)/(2*a),-(b+q)/(2*a)]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \ \frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} \ \not> 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \ \frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} \ \not> 0 \ \land \ 2 c d - e \ (b - q) = 0$$

Reference: G&R 3.153.5-

 $\text{Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.4.2.1: If } b^2 - 4 \ a \ c \ > \ 0, \ \text{let } q \ \rightarrow \ \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \ a \ c} \ \text{, if } \ \frac{b - q}{a} \ \not > \ 0 \ \land \ 2 \ c \ d \ - \ e \ (b \ - \ q) \ = \ 0 \ \text{then } q \ = \$ 

$$\int \frac{d+e\,x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \,\rightarrow\, -\frac{a\,e\,\sqrt{-\frac{b-q}{2\,a}}\,\,\sqrt{1+\frac{(b-q)\,x^2}{2\,a}}\,\,\sqrt{1+\frac{(b+q)\,x^2}{2\,a}}}{c\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\, \text{EllipticE} \Big[\text{ArcSin}\Big[\sqrt{-\frac{b-q}{2\,a}}\,\,x\Big]\,,\,\, \frac{b+q}{b-q}\Big]$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    -a*e*Rt[-(b-q)/(2*a),2]*Sqrt[1+(b-q)*x^2/(2*a)]*Sqrt[1+(b+q)*x^2/(2*a)]/(c*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
    EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-(b-q)/(2*a),2]*x],(b+q)/(b-q)] /;
NegQ[(b-q)/a] && EqQ[2*c*d-e*(b-q),0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land \frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} > 0 \land 2 c d - e (b - q) \neq 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.4.2.2: If  $b^2-4$  a c>0, let  $q\to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c , if  $\frac{b-q}{a}\not>0$   $\wedge$  2 c d -e  $(b-q)\neq 0$  then

Int[(d\_+e\_.\*x\_^2)/Sqrt[a\_+b\_.\*x\_^2+c\_.\*x\_^4],x\_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4\*a\*c,2]},
 (2\*c\*d-e\*(b-q))/(2\*c)\*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b\*x^2+c\*x^4],x] + e/(2\*c)\*Int[(b-q+2\*c\*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b\*x^2+c\*x^4],x] /;
NegQ[(b-q)/a] && NeQ[2\*c\*d-e\*(b-q),0]] /;
FreeQ[[a,b,c,d,e],x] && GtQ[b^2-4\*a\*c,0]

2. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \ngeq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} > 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} > 0 \land e + d \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} = 0$$

Reference: G&R 3.165.10

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.1.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} > 0$ , let  $q = (\frac{c}{a})^{\frac{1}{4}}$ , if e + d  $q^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \longrightarrow \, - \frac{d \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)} \, + 2 \, d \, \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a + 2 \, a \, q^2 \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{\text{d}\,x\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}{a\,\left(1+q^2\,x^2\right)} + \frac{\text{d}\,\left(1+q^2\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{\frac{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}{a\,\left(1+q^2\,x^2\right)^2}}}{q\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}} \, \text{EllipticE}\Big[\,2\,\text{ArcTan}\,[\,q\,x\,]\,\,,\,\, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{b\,q^2}{4\,c}\,\Big]$$

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} > 0 \land e + d \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \neq 0$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    (e+d*q)/q*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] - e/q*Int[(1-q*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[e+d*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && PosQ[c/a]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    (e+d*q)/q*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] - e/q*Int[(1-q*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[e+d*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \land c d^2 + a e^2 = 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx$$
 when  $\frac{c}{a} > 0 \land c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \land a > 0$ 

Basis: If  $c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \land a > 0$ , then  $\frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} = \frac{d \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e x^2}{d}}}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.1.1.1: If  $\frac{c}{a} \not > 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2 + a \ e^2 = 0 \ \land \ a > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{d+e x^2}{\sqrt{a+c x^4}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{\sqrt{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{e x^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e x^2}{d}}} dx$$

Program code:

Int[(d\_+e\_.\*x\_^2)/Sqrt[a\_+c\_.\*x\_^4],x\_Symbol] :=
 d/Sqrt[a]\*Int[Sqrt[1+e\*x^2/d]/Sqrt[1-e\*x^2/d],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NegQ[c/a] && EqQ[c\*d^2+a\*e^2,0] && GtQ[a,0]

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \land c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \land a \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{c x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a+c x^4}} = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.1.1.2: If  $\frac{c}{a} \not > 0 \wedge c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \wedge a \not > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{d+e x^2}{\sqrt{a+c x^4}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{c x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a+c x^4}} \int \frac{d+e x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{c x^4}{a}}} dx$$

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \land c d^2 + a e^2 \neq 0$$

### Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$d + e x^2 = \frac{d q - e}{q} + \frac{e (1 + q x^2)}{q}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.1.2: If 
$$\frac{c}{a} \not \ni 0 \land c d^2 + a e^2 \not = 0$$
, let  $q \to \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}}$ , then 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \to \frac{d q - e}{q} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{e}{q} \int \frac{1 + q x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-c/a,2]},
  (d*q-e)/q*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + e/q*Int[(1+q*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NegQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: If 
$$q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \ a \ c}$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \ c \ x^2}{b - q}} \ \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \ c \ x^2}{b + q}}}{\sqrt{a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4}} = 0$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.2: If  $b^2-4$  a c  $\neq 0 \ \land \ \frac{c}{a} \not > 0$ , let  $q \to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c , then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, x^2}{b - q}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, x^2}{b + q}}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, x^2}{b - q}}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b-q)]*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b+q)]/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*
    Int[(d+e*x^2)/(Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b-q)]*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b+q)]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NegQ[c/a]
```

4: 
$$\int (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0$ 

FreeQ[ $\{a,c,d,e\},x$ ] && NeQ[ $c*d^2+a*e^2,0$ ]

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.4: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x \;\to\; \int ExpandIntegrand\big[\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\text{, }x\big]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)*(a+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
```

#### Rule 1.2.2.3.6.x: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ , then

# Program code:

```
(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(3*c) +
    2*(3*c*d-b*e)/(3*c)*Int[(d+e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
    (3*c*d^2-2*b*d*e+a*e^2)/(3*c)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] *)

(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(3*c) +
    2*d*Int[(d+e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
    (3*c*d^2+a*e^2)/(3*c)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] *)
```

**x:** 
$$\int \frac{(d + e x^2)^q}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land q - 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.6.x: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land q - 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{e^2 \, x \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} + \frac{2 \, (q - 1) \, (3 \, c \, d - b \, e)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-1}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, - \\ \frac{(2 \, q - 3) \, \left(3 \, c \, d^2 - 2 \, b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-2}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \,$$

#### Program code:

```
(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(c*(2*q-1)) +
    2*(q-1)*(3*c*d-b*e)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-1)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
    (2*q-3)*(3*c*d^2-2*b*d*e+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] +
    2*d*(q-2)*(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-3)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IGtQ[q,2] *)

(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(c*(2*q-1)) +
    6*d*(q-1)/(2*q-1)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-1)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
    (2*q-3)*(3*c*d^2+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] +
    2*d*(q-2)*(c*d^2+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-3)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[q,2] *)
```

$$\textbf{1:} \quad \int \left(d + e \ x^2\right)^q \ \left(a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4\right)^p \ \text{d}x \ \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \ a \ c \neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2 - b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \ \land \ p < -1$$

#### Derivation: Algebraic expansion and trinomial recurrence 2b

Rule 1.2.2.3.6.1: If 
$$b^2-4$$
 a  $c\neq 0$   $\wedge$   $c$   $d^2-b$  d  $e+a$   $e^2\neq 0$   $\wedge$   $q-1\in \mathbb{Z}^+$   $\wedge$   $p<-1$ , let  $Q_{q-2}\left[x^2\right] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}\left[\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q,\ a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4,\ x\right]$  and  $f+g\,x^2\rightarrow \text{PolynomialRemainder}\left[\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q,\ a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4,\ x\right]$ , then 
$$\int (d+e\,x^2)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{split} & \int \left(f + g \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x + \int Q_{q-2} \! \left[x^2\right] \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \longrightarrow \\ & \frac{x \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, \left(a \, b \, g - f \, \left(b^2 - 2 \, a \, c\right) - c \, \left(b \, f - 2 \, a \, g\right) \, x^2\right)}{2 \, a \, (p+1) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} + \frac{1}{2 \, a \, \left(p+1\right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} \int \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, . \\ & \left(2 \, a \, \left(p+1\right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right) \, Q_{q-2} \! \left[x^2\right] + b^2 \, f \, \left(2 \, p + 3\right) - 2 \, a \, c \, f \, \left(4 \, p + 5\right) - a \, b \, g + c \, \left(4 \, p + 7\right) \, \left(b \, f - 2 \, a \, g\right) \, x^2 \, dx \end{split}$$

2:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land p \nmid -1$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and

Note: This rule reduces the degree of the polynomial factor  $(d + e x^2)^q$  in the resulting integrand.

Rule: 1.2.2.3.6.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land p \not< -1$ , then

$$\begin{split} & \int \left(\,d + e\,x^2\,\right)^{\,q}\,\left(\,a + b\,x^2 + c\,x^4\,\right)^{\,p}\,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \\ & \int \left(\,\left(\,d + e\,x^2\,\right)^{\,q} - e^q\,x^{2\,q}\,\right)\,\,\left(\,a + b\,x^2 + c\,x^4\,\right)^{\,p}\,\mathrm{d}x + e^q\,\int x^{2\,q}\,\,\left(\,a + b\,x^2 + c\,x^4\,\right)^{\,p}\,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \\ & \frac{e^q\,x^{2\,q-3}\,\,\left(\,a + b\,x^2 + c\,x^4\,\right)^{\,p+1}}{c\,\,(4\,p + 2\,q + 1)} + \frac{1}{c\,\,(4\,p + 2\,q + 1)}\,\,\int \left(\,a + b\,x^2 + c\,x^4\,\right)^{\,p}\,\cdot \\ & \left(\,c\,\,(4\,p + 2\,q + 1)\,\,\left(\,d + e\,x^2\,\right)^{\,q} - a\,\,(2\,q - 3)\,\,e^q\,x^{2\,q-4} - b\,\,(2\,p + 2\,q - 1)\,\,e^q\,x^{2\,q-2} - c\,\,(4\,p + 2\,q + 1)\,\,e^q\,x^{2\,q}\,\right)\,\mathrm{d}x \end{split}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    e^q*x^(2*q-3)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(4*p+2*q+1)) +
    1/(c*(4*p+2*q+1))*Int[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p*
        ExpandToSum[c*(4*p+2*q+1)*(d+e*x^2)^q-a*(2*q-3)*e^q*x^(2*q-4)-b*(2*p+2*q-1)*e^q*x^(2*q-2)-c*(4*p+2*q+1)*e^q*x^(2*q),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[q,1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    e^q*x^(2*q-3)*(a+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(4*p+2*q+1)) +
    1/(c*(4*p+2*q+1))*Int[(a+c*x^4)^p*
    ExpandToSum[c*(4*p+2*q+1))*(d+e*x^2)^q-a*(2*q-3)*e^q*x^(2*q-4)-c*(4*p+2*q+1)*e^q*x^(2*q),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[q,1]
```

7.  $\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, q \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ 

1. 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq \emptyset \, \wedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{a+b x^2+c x^4}{d+e x^2} = -\frac{c d-b e-c e x^2}{e^2} + \frac{c d^2-b d e+a e^2}{e^2 (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.1: If 
$$b^2-4$$
 a c  $\neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_/(d_+e_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
    -1/e^2*Int[(c*d-b*e-c*e*x^2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p-1),x] +
    (c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)/e^2*Int[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p-1)/(d+e*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0]
```

```
Int[(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_/(d_+e_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
    -1/e^2*Int[(c*d-c*e*x^2)*(a+c*x^4)^(p-1),x] +
    (c*d^2+a*e^2)/e^2*Int[(a+c*x^4)^(p-1)/(d+e*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \land \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2) \sqrt{a+bx^2+cx^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \wedge cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - a \, e^2 = 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{d+e x^2} = \frac{1}{2 d} + \frac{d-e x^2}{2 d (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \, \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{d - e \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/(2*d)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + 1/(2*d)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,\mathrm{d}x \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c\,d^2-a\,e^2\neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c > 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - a \, e^2 \neq 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2) \sqrt{a+bx^2+cx^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac>0 \land c<0$$

Basis: If 
$$b^2 - 4 \ a \ c > 0 \ \land \ c < 0$$
, let  $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \ a \ c}$ , then 
$$\sqrt{a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4} \ = \ \frac{1}{2 \, \sqrt{-c}} \, \sqrt{b + q + 2 \, c \ x^2} \, \sqrt{-b + q - 2 \, c \ x^2}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2.1.1: If  $b^2-4$  a  $c>0 \ \land \ c<0$ , let  $q\to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \text{d} x \, \rightarrow \, 2 \, \sqrt{-c} \, \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{b + q + 2 \, c \, x^2}} \, \text{d} x$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    2*Sqrt[-c]*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[b+q+2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[-b+q-2*c*x^2]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[c,0]

Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    Sqrt[-c]*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[q+c*x^2]*Sqrt[q-c*x^2]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[a,0] && LtQ[c,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land c \nleq 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{d+e x^2} = \frac{2 c}{2 c d-e (b-q)} - \frac{e (b-q+2 c x^2)}{(2 c d-e (b-q)) (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2: If  $\,b^2$  – 4 a c > 0  $\,\wedge\,$  c  $\,\not<$  0, let q  $\rightarrow$   $\,\sqrt{\,b^2$  – 4 a c  $\,$  , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{2 \, c}{2 \, c \, d - e \, \left(b - q\right)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, - \frac{e}{2 \, c \, d - e \, \left(b - q\right)} \int \frac{b - q + 2 \, c \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    2*c/(2*c*d-e*(b-q))*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] - e/(2*c*d-e*(b-q))*Int[(b-q+2*c*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[LtQ[c,0]]

Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    c/(c*d+e*q)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + e/(c*d+e*q)*Int[(q-c*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[-a*c,0] && Not[LtQ[c,0]]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c\,d^2-a\,e^2\neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c\,d^2-a\,e^2\neq 0 \,\wedge\, c\,d^2-a\,e^2=a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a\,e^2+a$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2.2.1: If  $b^2-4$  a c  $\neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-a \ e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ \frac{c}{a} > 0$ , let  $q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{c \, d + a \, e \, q}{c \, d^2 - a \, e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x - \frac{a \, e \, \left(e + d \, q\right)}{c \, d^2 - a \, e^2} \int \frac{1 + q \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
  (c*d+a*e*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
  (a*e*(e+d*q))/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
  (c*d+a*e*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
   (a*e*(e+d*q))/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2+cx^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land cd^2 - ae^2 \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \geqslant 0 \, \land \, a > 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2.2.2.1.1: If  $\frac{c}{a} \not > 0 \land a > 0$ , let  $q \rightarrow (-\frac{c}{a})^{1/4}$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,\mathrm{d}x\,\rightarrow\,\frac{1}{d\,\sqrt{a}\,q}\,\text{EllipticPi}\!\left[-\frac{e}{d\,q^2},\,\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[q\,x\right],\,-1\right]$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[-c/a,4]},
    1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q)*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2),ArcSin[q*x],-1]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \land a \neq 0$$

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: 
$$\partial_{\mathbf{X}} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4}{\mathbf{a}}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4}} = \mathbf{0}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.1.2.2.2.1.2: If  $\frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \wedge a \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{c\,x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{1+\frac{c\,x^4}{a}}}\,dx$$

#### Program code:

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: Let 
$$q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$$
, then  $\partial_X \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^2}{b-q}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2cx^2}{b+q}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2 + cx^4}} = 0$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.1.2.2.2.2: If  $b^2-4$  a c  $\neq 0$   $\wedge$   $\frac{c}{a} \not > 0$ , let  $q \to \sqrt{b^2-4}$  a c , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left( \text{d} + \text{e} \, \text{x}^2 \right) \, \sqrt{\text{a} + \text{b} \, \text{x}^2 + \text{c} \, \text{x}^4}} \, \text{d} \, x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, \text{c} \, \text{x}^2}{\text{b} - \text{q}}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, \text{c} \, \text{x}^2}{\text{b} + \text{q}}}}{\sqrt{\text{a} + \text{b} \, \text{x}^2 + \text{c} \, \text{x}^4}} \, \int \frac{1}{\left( \text{d} + \text{e} \, \text{x}^2 \right) \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, \text{c} \, \text{x}^2}{\text{b} - \text{q}}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, \text{c} \, \text{x}^2}{\text{b} + \text{q}}}} \, \text{d} \, x$$

## Program code:

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b-q)]*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b+q)]/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*
    Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b-q)]*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b+q)]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NegQ[c/a]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p}{d + e x^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

#### **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{d+e x^2} = \frac{c d-b e-c e x^2}{c d^2-b d e+a e^2} + \frac{e^2 (a+b x^2+c x^4)}{(c d^2-b d e+a e^2) (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.2: If 
$$b^2-4$$
 a c  $\neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \rightarrow \ \frac{1}{c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2} \int \left(c \, d - b \, e - c \, e \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{e^2}{c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2} \int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1}}{d + e \, x^2} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_/(d_+e_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
1/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)*Int[(c*d-b*e-c*e*x^2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] +
e^2/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)*Int[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(d+e*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0]
```

```
Int[(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_/(d_+e_.*x_^2),x_Symbol] :=
    1/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(c*d-c*e*x^2)*(a+c*x^4)^p,x] +
    e^2/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(a+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(d+e*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0]
```

#### Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0 \land q + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ - \frac{e^2 \, x \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q+1} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{2 \, d \, \left(q + 1\right) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)} \, + \\ \frac{1}{2 \, d \, \left(q + 1\right) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q+1} \, \left(a \, e^2 \, \left(2 \, q + 3\right) + 2 \, d \, \left(c \, d - b \, e\right) \, \left(q + 1\right) - 2 \, e \, \left(c \, d \, \left(q + 1\right) - b \, e \, \left(q + 2\right)\right) \, x^2 + c \, e^2 \, \left(2 \, q + 5\right) \, x^4\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    -e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)) +
    1/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*
        Simp[a*e^2*(2*q+3)+2*d*(c*d-b*e)*(q+1)-2*e*(c*d*(q+1)-b*e*(q+2))*x^2+c*e^2*(2*q+5)*x^4,x],x] /;
FreeQ[[a,b,c,d,e],x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && ILtQ[q,-1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    -e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2+a*e^2)) +
    1/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2+a*e^2))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4]*
        Simp[a*e^2*(2*q+3)+2*c*d^2*(q+1)-2*e*c*d*(q+1)*x^2+c*e^2*(2*q+5)*x^4,x],x] /;
FreeQ[[a,c,d,e],x] && ILtQ[q,-1]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^2}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq 0 \ \land \ c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^2}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq 0 \ \land \ c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq 0 \ \land \ c\,d^2-a\,e^2=0 \ \land \ \frac{e}{d}>0$$

#### Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\left(d+e \ x^{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{2} \left(a+b \ x^{2}+c \ x^{4}\right)}{c \left(d+e \ x^{2}\right)^{2}}}}{\sqrt{a+b \ x^{2}+c \ x^{4}}} = 0$$

 $\text{Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.2.1: If } b^2 - 4 \text{ a c } \neq \emptyset \ \land \ c \ d^2 - b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq \emptyset \ \land \ c \ d^2 - a \ e^2 = \emptyset \ \land \ \frac{e}{d} > \emptyset \text{, let } q \to \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}} \ \text{, then } d \to 0 \text{ and } d \to 0 \text{ a$ 

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^2} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{c \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{\frac{e^2 \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)}{c \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^2}}}{2 \, d \, e^2 \, q \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, EllipticE \Big[ 2 \, ArcTan[q \, x] \, , \, \, \frac{2 \, c \, d - b \, e}{4 \, c \, d} \Big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]/(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2,x_Symbo1] :=
With[{q=Rt[e/d,2]},
    c*(d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[(e^2*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4))/(c*(d+e*x^2)^2)]/(2*d*e^2*q*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
    EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x],(2*c*d-b*e)/(4*c*d)]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[e/d]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\left(d + e x^2\right)^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion, integration by parts and algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{(d+e x^2)^2} = \frac{d-e x^2}{2 d (d+e x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{2 d (d+e x^2)}$$

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{x}{d+e x^{2}} = \frac{d-e x^{2}}{(d+e x^{2})^{2}}$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{a-c x^4}{d+e x^2} = \frac{c (d-e x^2)}{e^2} - \frac{c d^2-a e^2}{e^2 (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.2.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^2} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{\left(d - e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^2} \, dx + \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx$$

$$\to \, \frac{x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{2 \, d \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)} - \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{x^2 \, \left(b + 2 \, c \, x^2\right)}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx + \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx$$

$$\to \, \frac{x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{2 \, d \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)} + \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{a - c \, x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

$$\to \, \frac{x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{2 \, d \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)} + \frac{c}{2 \, d \, e^2} \int \frac{d - e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx - \frac{c \, d^2 - a \, e^2}{2 \, d \, e^2} \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]/(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(2*d*(d+e*x^2)) +
    c/(2*d*e^2)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
    (c*d^2-a*e^2)/(2*d*e^2)*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]
```

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]/(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(2*d*(d+e*x^2)) +
    c/(2*d*e^2)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
    (c*d^2-a*e^2)/(2*d*e^2)*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0]
```

Note: Need to replace with a recurrence!

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.3: If  $b^2-4$  a c  $\neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ q \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x\ \to\ \int \frac{\text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{p+\frac{1}{2}},\,x\right]}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Module[{aa,bb,cc},
    Int[ReplaceAll[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[aa+bb*x^2+cc*x^4],(d+e*x^2)^q*(aa+bb*x^2+cc*x^4)^(p+1/2),x],{aa→a,bb→b,cc→c}],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && ILtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Module[{aa,cc},
    Int[ReplaceAll[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[aa+cc*x^4],(d+e*x^2)^q*(aa+cc*x^4)^(p+1/2),x],{aa→a,cc→c}],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && ILtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2]
```

8. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e^2x^2}} \sqrt{a+b^2x^2+c^2x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac\neq 0 \land cd^2-bde+ae^2\neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e == 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e == 0 \land a > 0 \land d > 0$$

# Rule 1.2.2.3.8.1.1: If $\,c\,\,d\,-\,b\,\,e\,=\,\emptyset\,\,\wedge\,\,a\,>\,\emptyset\,\,\wedge\,\,d\,>\,\emptyset$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{1}{2\,\sqrt{a}\,\,\sqrt{d}\,\,\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}\,\,\text{EllipticF}\Big[2\,\text{ArcSin}\Big[\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\,\,x\Big]\,,\,\,\frac{b\,d}{4\,a\,e}\Big]$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Rt[-e/d,2])*EllipticF[2*ArcSin[Rt[-e/d,2]*x],b*d/(4*a*e)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[c*d-b*e,0] && GtQ[a,0] && GtQ[d,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e x^2} \sqrt{a+b x^2+c x^4}} dx \text{ when } c d-b e = 0 \land \neg (a>0 \land d>0)$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_X \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b x^2+c x^4}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{d+e x^2} \sqrt{a+b x^2+c x^4}} == 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.8.1.2: If  $c d - b e = 0 \land \neg (a > 0 \land d > 0)$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d + e \, x^2}{d}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d} \, x^2} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{a} \, x^2 + \frac{c}{a} \, x^4}} \, dx$$

Program code:

2: 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}} \, \sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4} \, dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq 0 \ \land \ c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq 0$$

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{x\sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} = 0$$

Basis: 
$$\partial_{X} \frac{x^{2} \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^{2}} + \frac{a}{x^{4}}}}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} = 0$$

Note: The resulting integrand can be reduced to an integrand of the form  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{e+d\,x}\,\sqrt{c+b\,x+a\,x^2}}$  using the substitution  $x \to \frac{1}{x^2}$ .

Rule 1.2.2.3.8.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x\,\to\,\frac{x^3\,\sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}\,\,\sqrt{c+\frac{b}{x^2}+\frac{a}{x^4}}}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}\,\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,\int \frac{1}{x^3\,\sqrt{e+\frac{d}{x^2}}\,\,\sqrt{c+\frac{b}{x^2}+\frac{a}{x^4}}}\,\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4]/(Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
    Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]

Int[1/(Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+a/x^4]/(Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[a+c*x^4])*
    Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+a/x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0]
```

9. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e == 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e = 0 \land a > 0 \land d > 0$$

#### Rule 1.2.2.3.9.1.1: If c d - b e = $0 \land a > 0 \land d > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{\sqrt{a}}{2\,\sqrt{d}\,\,\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}\,\, \text{EllipticE}\Big[2\,\text{ArcSin}\Big[\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\,\,x\Big]\,,\,\, \frac{b\,d}{4\,a\,e}\Big]$$

## Program code:

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e = 0 \land \neg (a > 0 \land d > 0)$$

## Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\sqrt{a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}} \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^{2}}{d}}}{\sqrt{d+e x^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}}{a}}} = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.9.1.2: If 
$$\,c\,\,d-b\,\,e\,==\,0\,\,\wedge\,\,\neg\,\,(\,a\,>\,0\,\,\wedge\,\,d\,>\,0\,)$$
 , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, \, \sqrt{\frac{d + e \, x^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \, \sqrt{\frac{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}{a}}} \, \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{a} \, x^2 + \frac{c}{a} \, x^4}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d} \, x^2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*Sqrt[(d+e*x^2)/d]/(Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)/a])*
    Int[Sqrt[1+b/a*x^2+c/a*x^4]/Sqrt[1+e/d*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[c*d-b*e,0] && Not[GtQ[a,0] && GtQ[d,0]]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\sqrt{d+e \, x^2}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \land \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0$$

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^{2}}}}{\sqrt{d + e x^{2}}} = 0$$

Basis: 
$$\partial_{X} \frac{\sqrt{a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}}}{x^{2} \sqrt{c+\frac{b}{x^{2}}+\frac{a}{x^{4}}}} = 0$$

Note: The resulting integrand can be reduced to an integrand of the form  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{e+d\,x}\,\sqrt{c+b\,x+a\,x^2}}$  using the substitution  $x \to \frac{1}{x^2}$ .

Rule 1.2.2.3.9.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{\sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{x \, \sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}} \, \int \frac{x \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}}{\sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \, dx$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbo1] :=
    Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(x*Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4])*
    Int[(x*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4])/Sqrt[e+d/x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]

Int[Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbo1] :=
    Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(x*Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[c+a/x^4])*
    Int[(x*Sqrt[c+a/x^4])/Sqrt[e+d/x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0]
```

10:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land ((p | q) \in \mathbb{Z} \lor p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \lor q \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$ 

## Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.10: If  $\ b^2-4\ a\ c\ \ne\emptyset\ \land\ (\ (p\ |\ q)\ \in\mathbb{Z}\ \lor\ p\in\mathbb{Z}^+\lor\ q\in\mathbb{Z}^+)$  , then

$$\int \left(d+e\;x^2\right)^q\;\left(a+b\;x^2+c\;x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x\;\to\;\int ExpandIntegrand\left[\left(d+e\;x^2\right)^q\;\left(a+b\;x^2+c\;x^4\right)^p\text{, }x\right]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && (IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] || IGtQ[p,0] || IGtQ[q,0])

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x] && (IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] || IGtQ[p,0])
```

11:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } c d^2 + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ 

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: If  $q \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $(d+ex^2)^q = \left(\frac{d}{d^2-e^2x^4} - \frac{ex^2}{d^2-e^2x^4}\right)^{-q}$ 

Note: Resulting integrands are of the form  $x^m (a + b x^4)^p (c + d x^4)^q$  which are integrable in terms of the Appell hypergeometric function .

Rule 1.2.2.3.11: If c d<sup>2</sup> + a e<sup>2</sup>  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  p  $\notin$   $\mathbb{Z}$   $\wedge$  q  $\in$   $\mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \int \left(a+c\,x^4\right)^p\,\text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\left(\frac{d}{d^2-e^2\,x^4}-\frac{e\,x^2}{d^2-e^2\,x^4}\right)^{-q}\text{, }x\right]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+c*x^4)^p,(d/(d^2-e^2*x^4)-e*x^2/(d^2-e^2*x^4))^(-q),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && ILtQ[q,0]
```

U:  $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ 

Rule 1.2.2.3.U:

$$\int \left( d + e \, x^2 \right)^q \, \left( a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \int \left( d + e \, x^2 \right)^q \, \left( a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x]
```

Int[(d\_+e\_.\*x\_^2)^q\_.\*(a\_+c\_.\*x\_^4)^p\_.,x\_Symbol] :=
 Unintegrable[(d+e\*x^2)^q\*(a+c\*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x]