Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b ArcSin[c x])^n$

1. $\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n} dx$

1.
$$\int (d+ex)^{m} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^{n} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$$

1:
$$\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n}{d+e x} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{d+ex} = \text{Subst}\left[\frac{\cos[x]}{cd+e\sin[x]}, x, \arcsin[cx]\right] \partial_x \arcsin[cx]$$

Note: $\frac{(a+b \times)^n \cos[x]}{c d+e \sin[x]}$ is not integrable unless $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c\,x])^n}{d+e\,x}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\operatorname{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{(a+b\,x)^n\operatorname{Cos}[x]}{c\,d+e\operatorname{Sin}[x]}\,dx,\,x,\operatorname{ArcSin}[c\,x]\Big]$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_./(d_+e_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
   Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Cos[x]/(c*d+e*Sin[x]),x],x,ArcSin[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

```
\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \big[ \left( a_{-} + b_{-} * \operatorname{ArcCos}[c_{-} * x_{-}] \right) ^n_{-} / \left( d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-} \right) , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \big] := \\ & - \operatorname{Subst} \big[ \operatorname{Int} \big[ \left( a + b * x \right) ^n * \operatorname{Sin}[x] / \left( c * d + e * \operatorname{Cos}[x] \right) , x_{-} \operatorname{ArcCos}[c * x_{-}] \big] /; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \big[ \left\{ a, b, c, d, e \right\} , x_{-} \right] \& \& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \end{split}
```

2:
$$\int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge m \neq -1$$

- Reference: G&R 2.831, CRC 453, A&S 4.4.65
- Reference: G&R 2.832, CRC 454, A&S 4.4.67
- **Derivation: Integration by parts**
- Basis: If $m \neq -1$, then $(d + e x)^m = \partial_x \frac{(d+e x)^{m+1}}{e (m+1)}$
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \neq -1$, then

$$\int (d + e \, x)^m \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSin[c } x] \, \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{ (d + e \, x)^{m+1} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSin[c } x] \, \right)^n}{e \, (m+1)} \, - \, \frac{b \, c \, n}{e \, (m+1)} \, \int \frac{ (d + e \, x)^{m+1} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSin[c } x] \, \right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m+1)) -
    b*c*n/(e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && NeQ[m,-1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m+1)) +
    b*c*n/(e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2. $\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$

1: $\int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge n < -1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land n < -1$, then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\to\,\,\int \text{ExpandIntegrand}[\,(d+e\,x)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n,\,x]\,dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && LtQ[n,-1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

2:
$$\int (d + e x)^m (a + b ArcSin[c x])^n dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: $F[x] = \frac{1}{c} F\left[\frac{\sin[\arcsin[cx]]}{c}\right] Cos[ArcSin[cx]] \partial_x ArcSin[cx]$

Note: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $(a + b x)^n Cos[x]$ $(cd + eSin[x])^m$ is integrable in closed-form.

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{1}{c^{m+1}}\,\text{Subst}\!\left[\int (a+b\,x)^n\,\text{Cos}[x]\,\left(c\,d+e\,\text{Sin}[x]\right)^m\,dx,\,x,\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right]$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d+e*Sin[x])^m,x],x,ArcSin[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   -1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Sin[x]*(c*d+e*Cos[x])^m,x],x,ArcCos[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

- 2. $\int P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n} dx$
 - 1: $\int P_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) dx$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $u = \int P_x dx$, then

$$\int\! P_x \ (a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x]) \ dx \ \rightarrow \ u \ (a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x]) \ - b \, c \, \int\! \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px,x],x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSin[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]

Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px,x],x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcCos[c*x],u,x] + b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

X: $\int P_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u = \int P_x dx$, then

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} P_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n - b c n \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] *)

(* Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,u,x] + b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] *)
```

2: $\int P_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx$ when $n \neq 1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \neq 1$, then

$$\int P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c \, x])^{n} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int ExpandIntegrand[P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c \, x])^{n}, \, x] \, dx$$

```
Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]

Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

3. $\int P_x (d + ex)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1: $\int P_x (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) dx$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $u = [P_x (d + e x)^m dx$, then

$$\int\! P_x \ (d+e\,x)^m \ (a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]) \ dx \ \rightarrow \ u \ (a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]) \ -b\,c\, \int\! \frac{u}{\sqrt{1-c^2\,x^2}} \ dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSin[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

Int[Px_*(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcCos[c*x],u,x] + b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]

$$2: \quad \int \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x}\right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}\right)^m \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}\mathbf{x} \ \, \text{when} \, \left(\mathbf{n} \mid \mathbf{p}\right) \, \in \, \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{m} \in \, \mathbb{Z}^- \, \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{m} + \mathbf{p} + \mathbf{1} < 0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Note: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m + p + 1 < 0$, then $\int (f + gx)^p (d + ex)^m dx$ is a rational function.

Rule: If $(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m + p + 1 < 0$, let $u = (f + gx)^p (d + ex)^m dx$, then

$$\int (f+g\,x)^p\,\left(d+e\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\rightarrow\,u\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n-b\,c\,n\,\int \frac{u\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2\,x^2}}\,dx$$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^p_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^p*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && LtQ[m+p+1,0]
```

Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^p_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^p*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,u,x] + b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && LtQ[m+p+1,0]

3:
$$\int \frac{\left(f+gx+hx^2\right)^p \left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[cx]\right)^n}{\left(d+ex\right)^2} dx \text{ when } (n\mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land eg-2dh=0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Note: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge eg - 2 dh == 0$, then $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$ is a rational function.

 $FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h\},x] \&\& IGtQ[n,0] \&\& IGtQ[p,0] \&\& EqQ[e*g-2*d*h,0]$

Rule: If $(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land eg - 2dh = 0$, let $u = \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$, then $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n}{(d+ex)^2} dx \rightarrow u (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n - bcn \int \frac{u (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_+h_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_/(d_+e_.*x_)^2,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x+h*x^2)^p/(d+e*x)^2,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && EqQ[e*g-2*d*h,0]

Int[(f_.+g_.*x_+h_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_/(d_+e_.*x_)^2,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x+h*x^2)^p/(d+e*x)^2,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,u,x] + b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
```

4: $\int P_{x} (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int P_{x} (d+ex)^{m} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^{n} dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[P_{x} (d+ex)^{m} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^{n}, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[Px_*(d_{+e_**x_-})^m_*(a_{-*+b_-*}ArcCos[c_*x_-])^n_,x_Symbol] := \\ & \text{Int}[ExpandIntegrand[Px_*(d_{+e_*x})^m_*(a_{+b_*}ArcCos[c_*x_-])^n,x_-],x_-] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d,e\},x_-] & \& & \text{PolynomialQ}[Px,x_-] & \& & \text{IGtQ}[n,0] & \& & \text{IntegerQ}[m] \\ \end{split}$$

4.
$$\int (f+gx)^m (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n dx \text{ when } c^2 d+e=0 \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p-\frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

1.
$$\left[(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \right]$$
 when $\mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} = 0 \ \bigwedge \ m \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{d} > 0$

$$\textbf{1:} \quad \left[\left(\textbf{f} + \textbf{g} \, \textbf{x} \right)^{\, m} \, \left(\textbf{d} + \textbf{e} \, \textbf{x}^2 \right)^{\, p} \, \left(\textbf{a} + \textbf{b} \, \textbf{ArcSin} \left[\textbf{c} \, \textbf{x} \right] \right) \, d\textbf{x} \, \, \text{when} \, \, \textbf{c}^2 \, \textbf{d} + \textbf{e} = 0 \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \textbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, \, \textbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \, \in \mathbb{Z}^- \, \bigwedge \, \, \textbf{d} > 0 \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \left(\textbf{m} < -2 \, \textbf{p} - 1 \, \, \bigvee \, \textbf{m} > 3 \right) \, \right) \, d\textbf{m}$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

- Note: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge 0 < m < -2p-1$, then $\int (f + gx)^m (d + ex^2)^p dx$ is an algebraic function.
- Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0$ $\bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge d > 0$ $\bigwedge (m < -2p 1 \bigvee m > 3)$, let $u = \int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$, then $\int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) bc \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 c^2 x^2}} dx$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSin[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && (LtQ[m,-2*p-1] || GtQ[m,3])
```

Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcCos[c*x],u,x] + b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && (LtQ[m,-2*p-1] || GtQ[m,3])

$$2: \int \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x}\right)^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathtt{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}]\right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \, \text{ when }$$

$$c^2 \, d + e = 0 \, \bigwedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, d > 0 \, \bigwedge \, n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, \left(m = 1 \, \bigvee \, p > 0 \, \bigvee \, \left(n = 1 \, \bigwedge \, p > -1\right) \, \bigvee \, \left(m = 2 \, \bigwedge \, p < -2\right) \right)$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$c^2 d + e = 0$$
 $\bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$ $\bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ $\bigwedge d > 0$ $\bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge m > 0$, then
$$\int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(f + g x)^m, x] dx$$

Program code:

3.
$$\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} = 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0$$

$$1: \quad \int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \sqrt{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} = 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If
$$c^2 d + e = 0 \land d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n+1}}{bc \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$

Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land d > 0 \land n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (f + g x)^m \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{ \left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x} \right)^m \, \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x}^2 \right) \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{ArcSin}[\texttt{c} \, \texttt{x}] \right)^{n+1} }{ \texttt{b} \, \texttt{c} \, \sqrt{\texttt{d}} \, \left(\texttt{n} + \texttt{1} \right) } \, - \\ \frac{1}{\texttt{b} \, \texttt{c} \, \sqrt{\texttt{d}} \, \left(\texttt{n} + \texttt{1} \right) } \int \left(\texttt{d} \, \texttt{g} \, \texttt{m} + 2 \, \texttt{e} \, \texttt{f} \, \texttt{x} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{g} \, \left(\texttt{m} + 2 \right) \, \texttt{x}^2 \right) \, \left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{m-1} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{ArcSin}[\texttt{c} \, \texttt{x}] \right)^{n+1} \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
    1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(d*g*m+2*e*f*x+e*g*(m+2)*x^2)*(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) +
    1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(d*g*m+2*e*f*x+e*g*(m+2)*x^2)*(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2:
$$\int (f + g x)^m \left(d + e x^2\right)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } c^2 d + e = 0 \ \bigwedge \ m \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \ d > 0 \ \bigwedge \ n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$c^2 d + e = 0$$
 $\bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$ $\bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge d > 0$ $\bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then
$$\int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^{p-1/2}, x] dx$$

```
Int[(f_{+g_{*}}x_{-})^{m}_{*}(d_{+e_{*}}x_{-}^{2})^{p}_{*}(a_{*}+b_{*}ArcSin[c_{*}x_{-}])^{n}_{*},x_{Symbol}] := \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{2}]*(a_{+}b_{*}ArcSin[c_{*}x])^{n},(f_{+g}x_{-})^{m}*(d_{+e}x^{2})^{n}_{*}(p_{-1}/2),x],x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g\},x] && EqQ[c^{2}*d_{+e},0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p_{+1}/2,0] && GtQ[d_{+0}] && IGtQ[n_{+0}] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{2}]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c^{2}*d_{+e},0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{2}]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{2}]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{2}]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] && IGtQ[c_{+1}/2,0] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{2}]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+e}x^{n},x] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{2}]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+e}x^{n},x] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{n},x]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+e}x^{n},x] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{n},x]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+e}x^{n},x] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{n},x]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-})^{n}_{*},x] && IGtQ[c_{+e}x^{n},x] \\ \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d_{+e}x^{n},x]*(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-}
```

```
 Int[(f_+g_.*x__)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x__^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] := \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1/2),x],x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g\},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0] \\ \end{aligned}
```

$$3: \ \int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \, \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \ \text{when} \ \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} = 0 \ \bigwedge \ m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge \ p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{d} > 0 \ \bigwedge \ n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If
$$c^2 d + e = 0 \land d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \arcsin[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \arcsin[c x])^{n+1}}{b c \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$

Rule: If
$$c^2 d + e = 0$$
 $\bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge d > 0$ $\bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (f + g x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{p} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n} dx \longrightarrow$$

$$\frac{(f + g x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{p + \frac{1}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c \sqrt{d} (n+1)} -$$

$$\frac{1}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)}\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{m-1}\,\left(a+b\,ArcSin[c\,x]\right)^{n+1}\,ExpandIntegrand\Big[\left(d\,g\,m+e\,f\,\left(2\,p+1\right)\,x+e\,g\,\left(m+2\,p+1\right)\,x^2\right)\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p-\frac{1}{2}},\,x\Big]\,dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
    1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n+1),(d*g*m+e*f*(2*p+1)*x+e*g*(m+2*p+1)*x^2)*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[p-1/2,0] && IGtQ[d,0]
```

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) +
    1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1),(d*g*m+e*f*(2*p+1)*x+e*g*(m+2*p+1)*x^2)*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[p-1/2,0] && IGtQ[d,0]
```

4.
$$\int (f+g\,x)^m \, \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p \, \left(a+b\, \text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n \, dx \text{ when } c^2\,d+e=0 \, \bigwedge \, m\in\mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, p-\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge \, d>0$$

$$1. \, \int \frac{(f+g\,x)^m \, \left(a+b\, \text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}} \, dx \text{ when } c^2\,d+e=0 \, \bigwedge \, m\in\mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, d>0$$

$$1: \, \int \frac{(f+g\,x)^m \, \left(a+b\, \text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}} \, dx \text{ when } c^2\,d+e=0 \, \bigwedge \, m\in\mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, d>0 \, \bigwedge \, n<-1$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If
$$c^2 d + e = 0 \land d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$

Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z} \land d > 0 \land m > 0 \land n < -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(a+b\,\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^{2}}}\,\mathrm{d}x\,\rightarrow\,\frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(a+b\,\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^{n+1}}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)}\,-\,\frac{g\,m}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)}\,\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{m-1}\,\left(a+b\,\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^{n+1}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
    g*m/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d,0] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    -(f+g*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) +
    g*m/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d,0] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\mathrm{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}}\,dx \text{ when } c^2\,d+e=0\,\,\wedge\,m\in\mathbb{Z}\,\,\wedge\,d>0\,\,\wedge\,\,\left(m>0\,\,\vee\,\,n\in\mathbb{Z}^+\right)$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \land d > 0$, then $\frac{F[x]}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} = \frac{1}{c \sqrt{d}} \text{Subst} \left[F\left[\frac{\sin[x]}{c}\right], x, Arcsin[c x] \right] \partial_x Arcsin[c x]$

Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z} \land d > 0 \land (m > 0 \lor n \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(\mathtt{f} + \mathtt{g}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}}\,\left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{ArcSin}[\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}]\right)^{\mathtt{n}}}{\sqrt{\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{2}}}\,\mathtt{d}\mathtt{x} \,\,\to\,\, \frac{1}{\mathtt{c}^{\mathtt{m}+1}\,\sqrt{\mathtt{d}}}\,\,\mathtt{Subst}\big[\int \left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{n}}\,\left(\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{f} + \mathtt{g}\,\mathtt{Sin}[\mathtt{x}]\right)^{\mathtt{m}}\,\mathtt{d}\mathtt{x},\,\mathtt{x},\,\mathtt{ArcSin}[\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}]\big]$$

Program code:

$$2: \int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \text{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \, \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \, \, \text{when } \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} = 0 \, \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \, \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$c^2 d + e = 0 \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge d > 0 \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then

$$\int (f+g\,x)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\to\,\,\int \frac{\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}}\,\,\text{ExpandIntegrand}\Big[\,(f+g\,x)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p+1/2}\text{, }x\,\Big]\,dx$$

$$Int[(f_{+g_{*}}x_{-})^{m}_{*}(d_{+e_{*}}x_{-}^{2})^{p}_{*}(a_{*}+b_{*}ArcSin[c_{*}x_{-}])^{n}_{*},x_{Symbol}] := \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^{n}Sqrt[d+e*x^{2}],(f+g*x)^{m}*(d+e*x^{2})^{(p+1/2)},x],x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g\},x] && EqQ[c^{2}*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0] \\ \end{aligned}$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d+e*x^2],(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2: $\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{ArcSin} [\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} = 0 \, \bigwedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} \, \not > 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: If $c^2 d + e = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e^{x^2})^p}{(1-c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$
- Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d \geqslant 0$, then

$$\int \left(f + g \, x \right)^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x] \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{d^{\text{IntPart}[p]}}{\left(1 - c^2 \, x^2 \right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}} \int \left(f + g \, x \right)^m \, \left(1 - c^2 \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x] \right)^n \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    d^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1-c^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[(f+g*x)^m*(1-c^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d,0]]
```

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    d^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1-c^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[(f+g*x)^m*(1-c^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d,0]]
```

- 5. $\left[\text{Log}[h (f+gx)^m] (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \text{ArcSin}[cx])^n dx \text{ when } c^2 d+e=0 \right] p-\frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$
 - 1. $\int \text{Log}[h (f+gx)^m] (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \text{ArcSin}[cx])^n dx \text{ when } c^2d+e=0 \bigwedge p-\frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d>0$

1:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[h (f+gx)^m] (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx \text{ when } c^2 d+e=0 \ \ \land \ d>0 \ \ \land \ n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

- Basis: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \land d > 0$, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$
- Note: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c \times])^{n+1}}{f+g \times}$ is integrable in closed-form.
- Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \land d > 0 \land n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[h\ (f+g\,x)^m]\ (a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}}\,\text{d}x\ \rightarrow\ \frac{\text{Log}[h\ (f+g\,x)^m]\ (a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x])^{n+1}}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\ (n+1)} - \frac{g\,m}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\ (n+1)} \int \frac{(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x])^{n+1}}{f+g\,x}\,\text{d}x$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int Log[h (f+gx)^m] (d+ex^2)^p (a+b ArcSin[cx])^n dx \text{ when } c^2 d+e=0 \bigwedge p-\frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: If $c^2 d + e = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d + e^x)^p}{(1 c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$
- Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d \geqslant 0$, then

$$\int Log[h (f+gx)^m] (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{d^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (d+ex^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{\left(1-c^2x^2\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}} \int Log[h (f+gx)^m] (1-c^2x^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Log[h_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_.]*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    d^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1-c^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[Log[h*(f+g*x)^m]*(1-c^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d,0]]

Int[Log[h_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_.]*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    d^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1-c^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[Log[h*(f+g*x)^m]*(1-c^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d,0]]
```

6. $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^m (a+b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n dx$

1:
$$\int (d + e x)^m (f + g x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) dx \text{ when } m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If
$$m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$
, let $u = \int (d + e x)^m (f + g x)^m dx$, then
$$\int (d + e x)^m (f + g x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSin[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && ILtQ[m+1/2,0]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcCos[c*x],u,x] + b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && ILtQ[m+1/2,0]
```

2: $\int (d + ex)^{m} (f + gx)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^m\,\left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\int \text{ExpandIntegrand}[\,(d+e\,x)^m\,\left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSin}[c\,x]\right)^n,\,x]\,dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && IntegerQ[m]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

7: $\int u (a + b ArcSin[c x]) dx$ when $\int u dx$ is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $v = \int u \, dx$, if v is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int u \, (a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x]) \, dx \, \rightarrow \, v \, (a + b \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x]) - b \, c \, \int \frac{v}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[u_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSin[c*x],v,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]

Int[u_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcCos[c*x],v,x] + b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

8. $\int P_x u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx$

1:
$$\left[P_{\mathbf{x}}\left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\right)^{p}\left(a+b\,\operatorname{ArcSin}[c\,\mathbf{x}]\right)^{n}\,d\mathbf{x}\right]$$
 when $c^{2}\,d+e=0\,\bigwedge\,p-\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0 \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int P_{x} \left(d + e \, x^{2}\right)^{p} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSin[c \, x]\right)^{n} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int ExpandIntegrand \left[P_{x} \left(d + e \, x^{2}\right)^{p} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSin[c \, x]\right)^{n}, \, x\right] \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=

Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
```

2:
$$\int P_{x} \left(f + g \left(d + e \, x^{2} \right)^{p} \right)^{m} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSin[c \, x] \right)^{n} \, dx \text{ when } c^{2} \, d + e = 0 \, \bigwedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge \, \left(m \mid n \right) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $c^2 d + e = 0$ $\bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge (m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\int_{\mathbb{P}_x} \left(f + g \left(d + e x^2 \right)^p \right)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int_{\mathbb{Z}} \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[P_x \left(f + g \left(d + e x^2 \right)^p \right)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n, x] dx$

```
Int[Px_.*(f_+g_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(f+g*(d+e*x^2)^p)^m*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && IntegersQ[m,n]
```

```
Int[Px_.*(f_+g_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(f+g*(d+e*x^2)^p)^m*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && IntegersQ[m,n]
```

- 9. $\int RF_x u (a + b ArcSin[c x])^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
 - 1. $\int RF_x (a + b ArcSin[cx])^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
 - 1: $\int RF_x ArcSin[cx]^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \! RF_x \, ArcSin[c \, x]^n \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \int \! ArcSin[c \, x]^n \, ExpandIntegrand[RF_x \, , \, x] \, \, dx$$

```
Int[RFx_*ArcSin[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[ArcSin[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[c,x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[RFx_*ArcCos[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[ArcCos[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[c,x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2: $\int RF_x (a + b ArcSin[cx])^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int RF_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[RF_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[RFx_*(a_+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[RFx*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[RFx_*(a_+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[RFx*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2.
$$\left[RF_{\mathbf{x}} \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \left(a + b \, ArcSin[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n d\mathbf{x} \right]$$
 when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \setminus c^2 \, d + e = 0 \setminus p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\textbf{1:} \quad \left\lceil RF_{\mathbf{x}} \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \text{ArcSin}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}]^n \, \mathrm{d} \mathbf{x} \, \text{ when } \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} = 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge c^2 d + e = 0 \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \! RF_x \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x]^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \text{ArcSin}[c \, x]^n \, \text{ExpandIntegrand}[RF_x, \, x] \, dx$$

```
Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*ArcSin[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p*ArcSin[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
  Int[u,x] /;
  SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

```
Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*ArcCos[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p*ArcCos[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
   Int[u,x] /;
   SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

2:
$$\int RF_{\mathbf{x}} \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^{\mathbf{p}} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSin[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^{\mathbf{n}} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, c^2 \, d + e = 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge c^2 d + e = 0 \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\int RF_x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x^2)^p \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[RF_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n, x] dx$
- Program code:

```
Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p,RFx*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]

Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p,RFx*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

U: $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^n dx$$

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSin[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcSin[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]

Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCos[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcCos[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```