Rules for integrands of the form
$$(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r$$

when $bc-ad \neq 0 \land be-af \neq 0 \land de-cf \neq 0$

- 0: $\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r dx$ when $(p | q | r) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
 - Derivation: Algebraic expansion
 - Rule 1.1.3.5.1: If $(p | q | r) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

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Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_.*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_.*(e_+f_.*x_^n_)^r_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*(e+f*x^n)^r,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && IGtQ[r,0]
```

1. $\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n) dx$

1:
$$\int \frac{e + f x^n}{(a + b x^n) (c + d x^n)} dx$$

- **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**
- Basis: $\frac{e+fz}{(a+bz)(c+dz)} = \frac{be-af}{(bc-ad)(a+bz)} \frac{de-cf}{(bc-ad)(c+dz)}$
- Rule 1.1.3.5.1.1:

$$\int \frac{e + f x^n}{(a + b x^n) (c + d x^n)} dx \rightarrow \frac{b e - a f}{b c - a d} \int \frac{1}{a + b x^n} dx - \frac{d e - c f}{b c - a d} \int \frac{1}{c + d x^n} dx$$

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\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{e}_- + \text{f}_- \cdot * \text{x}_- ^n_-) \, / \, (\, (\text{a}_- + \text{b}_- \cdot * \text{x}_- ^n_-) \, * \, (\text{c}_- + \text{d}_- \cdot * \text{x}_- ^n_-) \, ) \, , \text{x\_Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & \quad (\text{b*e-a*f}) \, / \, (\text{b*c-a*d}) \, * \text{Int} \big[ 1 / \, (\text{a+b*x^n}) \, , \text{x} \big] \, - \\ & \quad (\text{d*e-c*f}) \, / \, (\text{b*c-a*d}) \, * \text{Int} \big[ 1 / \, (\text{c+d*x^n}) \, , \text{x} \big] \, / \, ; \end{split} FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{e + f x^n}{(a + b x^n) \sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

Basis:
$$\frac{e+fz}{a+bz} = \frac{f}{b} + \frac{be-af}{b(a+bz)}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.2:

$$\int \frac{e+f\,x^n}{(a+b\,x^n)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^n}}\,\mathrm{d}x\,\to\,\frac{f}{b}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\,x^n}}\,\mathrm{d}x\,+\,\frac{b\,e-a\,f}{b}\int \frac{1}{(a+b\,x^n)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^n}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

3:
$$\int \frac{e + f x^n}{\sqrt{a + b x^n} \sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{e+fz}{\sqrt{a+bz}} = \frac{f\sqrt{a+bz}}{b} + \frac{be-af}{b\sqrt{a+bz}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.3:

$$\int \frac{e+f\,x^n}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^n}\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^n}}\,dx\,\to\,\frac{f}{b}\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,x^n}}{\sqrt{c+d\,x^n}}\,dx\,+\,\frac{b\,e-a\,f}{b}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^n}\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^n}}\,dx$$

```
Int[(e_+f_.*x_^n_)/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^n_]*Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^n_]),x_Symbol] :=
    f/b*Int[Sqrt[a+b*x^n]/Sqrt[c+d*x^n],x] +
    (b*e-a*f)/b*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*x^n]*Sqrt[c+d*x^n]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] &&
    Not[EqQ[n,2] && (PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] || NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || GtQ[a,0] && (Not[GtQ[c,0]] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a,-d/c])))]
```

4.
$$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^q (e+fx^n) dx$$
 when $p < -1$

1:
$$\int \frac{e + f x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2} \left(c + d x^2\right)^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{b}{a} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{d}{c} > 0$$

Basis:
$$\frac{e+f x^2}{\sqrt{a+b x^2} (c+d x^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{be-a f}{(bc-a d) \sqrt{a+b x^2} \sqrt{c+d x^2}} - \frac{(de-c f) \sqrt{a+b x^2}}{(bc-a d) (c+d x^2)^{3/2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.4.1: If $\frac{b}{a} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{d}{c} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{e + f x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2} (c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{b e - a f}{b c - a d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b x^2} \sqrt{c + d x^2}} dx - \frac{d e - c f}{b c - a d} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2}}{(c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
Int[(e_+f_.*x_^2)/(Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2]*(c_+d_.*x_^2)^(3/2)),x_Symbol] :=
   (b*e-a*f)/(b*c-a*d)*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]),x] -
   (d*e-c*f)/(b*c-a*d)*Int[Sqrt[a+b*x^2]/(c+d*x^2)^(3/2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

2:
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n) dx$$
 when $p < -1 \land q > 0$

Derivation: Binomial product recurrence 1 with p = 0

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.4.2: If $p < -1 \land q > 0$, then

$$\begin{split} & \int \left(a + b \, x^n\right)^p \, \left(c + d \, x^n\right)^q \, \left(e + f \, x^n\right) \, dx \, \longrightarrow \\ & - \frac{\left(b \, e - a \, f\right) \, x \, \left(a + b \, x^n\right)^{p+1} \, \left(c + d \, x^n\right)^q}{a \, b \, n \, \left(p + 1\right)} \, + \\ & \frac{1}{a \, b \, n \, \left(p + 1\right)} \int \left(a + b \, x^n\right)^{p+1} \, \left(c + d \, x^n\right)^{q-1} \, \left(c \, \left(b \, e \, n \, \left(p + 1\right) + b \, e - a \, f\right) + d \, \left(b \, e \, n \, \left(p + 1\right) + \left(b \, e - a \, f\right) \, \left(n \, q + 1\right)\right) \, x^n\right) \, dx \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_.*(e_+f_.*x_^n_),x_Symbol] :=
    -(b*e-a*f)*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^q/(a*b*n*(p+1)) +
    1/(a*b*n*(p+1))*
    Int[(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(q-1)*Simp[c*(b*e*n*(p+1)+b*e-a*f)+d*(b*e*n*(p+1)+(b*e-a*f)*(n*q+1))*x^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n},x] && LtQ[p,-1] && GtQ[q,0]
```

3:
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n) dx$$
 when $p < -1$

Derivation: Binomial product recurrence 2a with p = 0

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.4.3: If p < -1, then

$$\int (a+b\,x^n)^p \, (c+d\,x^n)^q \, (e+f\,x^n) \, dx \, \longrightarrow \\ - \frac{(b\,e-a\,f)\,\,x \, (a+b\,x^n)^{p+1} \, (c+d\,x^n)^{q+1}}{a\,n \, (b\,c-a\,d) \, (p+1)} \, + \\ \frac{1}{a\,n \, (b\,c-a\,d) \, (p+1)} \int (a+b\,x^n)^{p+1} \, (c+d\,x^n)^q \, (c\, (b\,e-a\,f) + e\,n \, (b\,c-a\,d) \, (p+1) + d \, (b\,e-a\,f) \, (n\, (p+q+2)+1) \, x^n) \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_.*(e_+f_.*x_^n_),x_Symbol] :=
    -(b*e-a*f)*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(q+1)/(a*n*(b*c-a*d)*(p+1)) +
    1/(a*n*(b*c-a*d)*(p+1))*
    Int[(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*(b*e-a*f)+e*n*(b*c-a*d)*(p+1)+d*(b*e-a*f)*(n*(p+q+2)+1)*x^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n,q},x] && LtQ[p,-1]
```

5: $\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n) dx \text{ when } q > 0 \ \land \ n \ (p + q + 1) + 1 \neq 0$

Derivation: Binomial product recurrence 3a with p = 0

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.5: If $q > 0 \land n (p+q+1) + 1 \neq 0$, then

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_.*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_.*(e_+f_.*x_^n_),x_Symbol] :=
    f*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^q/(b*(n*(p+q+1)+1)) +
    1/(b*(n*(p+q+1)+1))*
    Int[(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(q-1)*Simp[c*(b*e-a*f+b*e*n*(p+q+1))+(d*(b*e-a*f)+f*n*q*(b*c-a*d)+b*d*e*n*(p+q+1))*x^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n,p},x] && GtQ[q,0] && NeQ[n*(p+q+1)+1,0]
```

6.
$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (e+fx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$$

1:
$$\int \frac{e + f x^4}{(a + b x^4)^{3/4} (c + d x^4)} dx$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\text{e+f z}}{(\text{a+b z})^{3/4} (\text{c+d z})} = \frac{\text{be-a f}}{(\text{bc-a d}) (\text{a+b z})^{3/4}} - \frac{(\text{de-c f}) (\text{a+b z})^{1/4}}{(\text{bc-a d}) (\text{c+d z})}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.6.1:

$$\int \frac{e + f x^4}{\left(a + b x^4\right)^{3/4} \left(c + d x^4\right)} dx \rightarrow \frac{b e - a f}{b c - a d} \int \frac{1}{\left(a + b x^4\right)^{3/4}} dx - \frac{d e - c f}{b c - a d} \int \frac{\left(a + b x^4\right)^{1/4}}{c + d x^4} dx$$

Program code:

$$Int [(e_+f_-*x_^4) / ((a_+b_-*x_^4)^(3/4)*(c_+d_-*x_^4)), x_Symbol] := (b*e-a*f) / (b*c-a*d)*Int[1/(a+b*x^4)^(3/4),x] - (d*e-c*f) / (b*c-a*d)*Int[(a+b*x^4)^(1/4) / (c+d*x^4),x] /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x]$$

2:
$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (e+fx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{e+fz}{c+dz} = \frac{f}{d} + \frac{de-cf}{d(c+dz)}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.6.2:

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\,x^n\right)^p\,\left(e+f\,x^n\right)}{c+d\,x^n}\,dx\;\to\;\frac{f}{d}\int \left(a+b\,x^n\right)^p\,dx+\frac{d\,e-c\,f}{d}\int \frac{\left(a+b\,x^n\right)^p}{c+d\,x^n}\,dx$$

$$Int [(a_+b_-*x_^n_-)^p_* (e_+f_-*x_^n_-) / (c_+d_-*x_^n_-), x_Symbol] := f/d*Int [(a+b*x^n)^p,x] + (d*e-c*f)/d*Int [(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x] /; FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,p,n\},x]$$

7:
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n) dx$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.1.7:

$$\int (a + b \, x^n)^p \, (c + d \, x^n)^q \, (e + f \, x^n) \, dx \, \rightarrow \, e \, \int (a + b \, x^n)^p \, (c + d \, x^n)^q \, dx + f \, \int x^n \, (a + b \, x^n)^p \, (c + d \, x^n)^q \, dx$$

Program code:

2. $\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^q (e+fx^n)^r dx \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

1.
$$\int \frac{(c + d x^{2})^{q} (e + f x^{2})^{r}}{a + b x^{2}} dx$$
1:
$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b x^{2}) (c + d x^{2}) \sqrt{e + f x^{2}}} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(a+bz)(c+dz)} = \frac{b}{(bc-ad)(a+bz)} - \frac{d}{(bc-ad)(c+dz)}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.1:

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right) \, \left(c + d \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{b}{b \, c - a \, d} \int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx \, - \, \frac{d}{b \, c - a \, d} \int \frac{1}{\left(c + d \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx$$

Int[1/(x_^2*(c_+d_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[e_+f_.*x_^2]),x_Symbol] :=
 1/c*Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] d/c*Int[1/((c+d*x^2)*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] /;
FreeQ[{c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[d*e-c*f,0]

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d x^2} \sqrt{e + f x^2}}{a + b x^2} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dz}}{a+bz} = \frac{d}{b\sqrt{c+dz}} + \frac{bc-ad}{b(a+bz)\sqrt{c+dz}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.2:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{a+b\,x^2}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{d}{b}\int \frac{\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}\,dx\,+\,\frac{b\,c-a\,d}{b}\int \frac{\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}\,dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[\operatorname{Sqrt} \left[\operatorname{c}_{-+} \operatorname{d}_{-+} \times \operatorname{x}^2 \right] + \operatorname{d}_{-+} \times \operatorname{x}^2 \right] / \left(\operatorname{a}_{-+} \operatorname{b}_{-+} \times \operatorname{x}^2 \right) , \\ & \operatorname{ad/b*Int} \left[\operatorname{Sqrt} \left[\operatorname{e}_{++} \operatorname{f}_{-+} \times \operatorname{ad} \right] / \operatorname{b*c-a*d} \right) / \operatorname{b*Int} \left[\operatorname{Sqrt} \left[\operatorname{e}_{++} \operatorname{f}_{++} \times \operatorname{ad} \right] / \left(\operatorname{a+b*x^2} \right) \times \operatorname{Sqrt} \left[\operatorname{c+d*x^2} \right] \right) , \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[\left\{ \operatorname{a,b,c,d,e,f} \right\} , \\ & \operatorname{a.k.} \left[\operatorname{Sqrt} \left[\operatorname{c-d/c} \right] \right] \end{aligned} \right]$$

3.
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx$$
1:
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \frac{f}{e} > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{e+fx^2}} = -\frac{f}{(be-af)\sqrt{e+fx^2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{e+fx^2}}{(be-af)(a+bx^2)}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.3.1: If
$$\frac{d}{c} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{f}{e} > 0$$
, then

2.
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} \neq 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, c > 0 \, \bigwedge \, e > 0$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.3.2.1: If $\frac{d}{c} \neq 0 \land c > 0 \land e > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{1}{a\,\sqrt{c}\,\sqrt{e}\,\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}}}\,\text{EllipticPi}\!\left[\frac{b\,c}{a\,d},\,\text{ArcSin}\!\left[\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}}\,\,x\right],\,\frac{c\,f}{d\,e}\right]$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} \neq 0 \wedge c \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{c}x^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}} = 0$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.3.2.2: If $\frac{d}{c} > 0 \land c > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2} \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{c} \, x^2}}{\sqrt{c + d \, x^2}} \int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{c} \, x^2} \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx$$

4.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2}}{\left(a + bx^2\right)\sqrt{e + fx^2}} dx$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2}}{\left(a + bx^2\right)\sqrt{e + fx^2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} > 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{c} \, (\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2)}{\mathbf{e} \, (\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2)}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2}} = 0$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.4.1: If $\frac{d}{a} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\texttt{c} + \texttt{d}\, \texttt{x}^2}}{\left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b}\, \texttt{x}^2 \right) \sqrt{\texttt{e} + \texttt{f}\, \texttt{x}^2}} \, d\texttt{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\texttt{c}\, \sqrt{\texttt{e} + \texttt{f}\, \texttt{x}^2}}{\texttt{e}\, \sqrt{\texttt{c} + \texttt{d}\, \texttt{x}^2}} \frac{\texttt{d}\, \texttt{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\texttt{c}\, \sqrt{\texttt{e} + \texttt{f}\, \texttt{x}^2}}{\texttt{e}\, \left(\texttt{c} + \texttt{d}\, \texttt{x}^2 \right)}} \\ \int \frac{1}{\left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b}\, \texttt{x}^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\texttt{c}\, \left(\texttt{e} + \texttt{f}\, \texttt{x}^2 \right)}{\texttt{e}\, \left(\texttt{c} + \texttt{d}\, \texttt{x}^2 \right)}}} \, d\texttt{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\texttt{c}\, \sqrt{\texttt{e} + \texttt{f}\, \texttt{x}^2}}{\texttt{a}\, \texttt{e}\, \sqrt{\frac{\texttt{c}\, \left(\texttt{e} + \texttt{f}\, \texttt{x}^2 \right)}{\texttt{e}\, \left(\texttt{c} + \texttt{d}\, \texttt{x}^2 \right)}}} \, \texttt{EllipticPi} \left[1 - \frac{\texttt{b}\, \texttt{c}}{\texttt{a}\, \texttt{d}} \, , \, \texttt{ArcTan} \left[\sqrt{\frac{\texttt{d}}{\texttt{c}}} \, \, \texttt{x} \right] \, , \, 1 - \frac{\texttt{c}\, \texttt{f}}{\texttt{d}\, \texttt{e}} \right]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]/((a_+b_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[e_+f_.*x_^2]),x_Symbol] :=
    c*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]/(a*e*Rt[d/c,2]*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*(e+f*x^2)/(e*(c+d*x^2))])*
        EllipticPi[1-b*c/(a*d),ArcTan[Rt[d/c,2]*x],1-c*f/(d*e)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && PosQ[d/c]

(* Int[Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]/((a_+b_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[e_+f_.*x_^2]),x_Symbol] :=
        Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*(e+f*x^2)/(e*(c+d*x^2))]/(a*Rt[d/c,2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2])*
        EllipticPi[1-b*c/(a*d),ArcTan[Rt[d/c,2]*x],1-c*f/(d*e)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && PosQ[d/c] *)
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d x^2}}{\left(a + b x^2\right) \sqrt{e + f x^2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\sqrt{c+d x^2}}{a+b x^2} = \frac{d}{b \sqrt{c+d x^2}} + \frac{b c-a d}{b (a+b x^2) \sqrt{c+d x^2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.4.2: If $\frac{d}{c} \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{d}{b}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx\,+\,\frac{b\,c-a\,d}{b}\int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx$$

5.
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d x^2\right)^q \left(e + f x^2\right)^r}{a + b x^2} dx \text{ when } q > 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e+f x^2}}{\left(a+b x^2\right) \left(c+d x^2\right)^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{f}{e} > 0$$

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(a+bx^2)(c+dx^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{b}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{d}{(bc-ad)(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.5.1: If $\frac{d}{c} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{f}{e} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\left(c+d\,x^2\right)^{3/2}}\,dx \;\to\; \frac{b}{b\,c-a\,d} \int \frac{\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}\,dx \;-\; \frac{d}{b\,c-a\,d} \int \frac{\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{\left(c+d\,x^2\right)^{3/2}}\,dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{(e + f x^2)^{3/2}}{(a + b x^2) (c + d x^2)^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{f}{e} > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{e+f x^2}{(a+b x^2) (c+d x^2)} = \frac{be-af}{(bc-ad) (a+b x^2)} - \frac{de-cf}{(bc-ad) (c+d x^2)}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.5.2: If $\frac{d}{c} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{f}{e} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(e + f \, x^2\right)^{3/2}}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right) \, \left(c + d \, x^2\right)^{3/2}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{b \, e - a \, f}{b \, c - a \, d} \int \frac{\sqrt{e + f \, x^2}}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2}} \, dx \, - \, \frac{d \, e - c \, f}{b \, c - a \, d} \int \frac{\sqrt{e + f \, x^2}}{\left(c + d \, x^2\right)^{3/2}} \, dx$$

3:
$$\int \frac{\left(c + d x^2\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{e + f x^2}}{a + b x^2} dx \text{ when } \frac{d}{c} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{f}{e} > 0$$

Basis:
$$\frac{(c+d x^2)^{3/2}}{a+b x^2} = \frac{(b c-a d)^2}{b^2 (a+b x^2) \sqrt{c+d x^2}} + \frac{d (2 b c-a d+b d x^2)}{b^2 \sqrt{c+d x^2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.5.3: If $\frac{d}{d} > 0 \bigwedge \frac{f}{a} > 0$, then

Program code:

4:
$$\int \frac{(c + d x^2)^q (e + f x^2)^r}{a + b x^2} dx \text{ when } q < -1 \land r > 1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{(c+d x^2)^q (e+f x^2)}{a+b x^2} = \frac{b (be-a f) (c+d x^2)^{q+2}}{(bc-a d)^2 (a+b x^2)} - \frac{(c+d x^2)^q (2bcde-ad^2e-bc^2f+d^2(be-a f) x^2)}{(bc-a d)^2}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.5.4: If $q < -1 \land r > 1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c + d\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(e + f\,x^2\right)^r}{a + b\,x^2}\,dx \to \frac{b\,\left(b e - a\,f\right)}{\left(b\,c - a\,d\right)^2}\int \frac{\left(c + d\,x^2\right)^{q+2}\,\left(e + f\,x^2\right)^{r-1}}{a + b\,x^2}\,dx - \frac{1}{\left(b\,c - a\,d\right)^2}\int \left(c + d\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(e + f\,x^2\right)^{r-1}\,\left(2\,b\,c\,d\,e - a\,d^2\,e - b\,c^2\,f + d^2\,\left(b\,e - a\,f\right)\,x^2\right)\,dx$$

5:
$$\int \frac{\left(c+d x^2\right)^q \left(e+f x^2\right)^r}{a+b x^2} dx \text{ when } q>1$$

Basis:
$$c + dz = \frac{d(a+bz)}{b} + \frac{bc-ad}{b}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.5.5: If q > 1, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c+d\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^q\,\left(e+f\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^r}{a+b\,\mathbf{x}^2}\,d\mathbf{x}\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{d}{b}\int \left(c+d\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^{q-1}\,\left(e+f\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^r\,d\mathbf{x}\,+\,\frac{b\,c-a\,d}{b}\,\int \frac{\left(c+d\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^{q-1}\,\left(e+f\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^r}{a+b\,\mathbf{x}^2}\,d\mathbf{x}$$

Program code:

6.
$$\int \frac{\left(c+dx^2\right)^q \left(e+fx^2\right)^r}{a+bx^2} dx \text{ when } q \le -1$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\left(c+dx^2\right)^q \left(e+fx^2\right)^r}{a+bx^2} dx \text{ when } q < -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{(c+d x^2)^q}{a+b x^2} = \frac{b^2 (c+d x^2)^{q+2}}{(b c-a d)^2 (a+b x^2)} - \frac{d (2 b c-a d+b d x^2) (c+d x^2)^q}{(b c-a d)^2}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.6.1: If q < -1, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c+d\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)^r}{a+b\,x^2}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{b^2}{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)^2}\,\int \frac{\left(c+d\,x^2\right)^{q+2}\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)^r}{a+b\,x^2}\,dx \,-\, \frac{d}{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)^2}\,\int \left(c+d\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)^r\,\left(2\,b\,c-a\,d+b\,d\,x^2\right)\,dx}$$

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(c+d x^2\right)^q \left(e+f x^2\right)^r}{a+b x^2} dx \text{ when } q \leq -1$$

Basis: 1 == $-\frac{d (a+bz)}{bc-ad} + \frac{b (c+dz)}{bc-ad}$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.1.6.2: If $q \le -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(c+d\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^q\,\left(\mathsf{e}+\mathsf{f}\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^r}{\mathsf{a}+\mathsf{b}\,\mathbf{x}^2}\,d\mathbf{x} \;\to\; -\frac{d}{\mathsf{b}\,c-\mathsf{a}\,d}\int \left(c+d\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^q\,\left(\mathsf{e}+\mathsf{f}\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^r\,d\mathbf{x} + \frac{\mathsf{b}}{\mathsf{b}\,c-\mathsf{a}\,d}\int \frac{\left(c+d\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^{q+1}\,\left(\mathsf{e}+\mathsf{f}\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^r}{\mathsf{a}+\mathsf{b}\,\mathbf{x}^2}\,d\mathbf{x}$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int \frac{(c + d x^{2})^{p} (e + f x^{2})^{p}}{(a + b x^{2})^{2}} dx \text{ when } -1 \le q < 0 \ \land \ -1 \le r < 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d x^{2}} \sqrt{e + f x^{2}}}{(a + b x^{2})^{2}} dx$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.2.1:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)^2}\,dx \,\rightarrow \\ \frac{x\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{2\,a\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)} \,+\, \frac{d\,f}{2\,a\,b^2} \int \frac{a-b\,x^2}{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx \,+\, \frac{b^2\,c\,e-a^2\,d\,f}{2\,a\,b^2} \int \frac{1}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx \,$$

```
Int[Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[e_+f_.*x_^2]/(a_+b_.*x_^2)^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]/(2*a*(a+b*x^2)) +
    d*f/(2*a*b^2)*Int[(a-b*x^2)/(Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] +
    (b^2*c*e-a^2*d*f)/(2*a*b^2)*Int[1/((a+b*x^2)*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{e+fx^2}} dx$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.2.2:

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right)^2 \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2}} \, dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{b^2 \, x \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2} \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}}{2 \, a \, (b \, c - a \, d) \, (b \, e - a \, f)} \int \frac{a + b \, x^2}{\sqrt{c + d \, x^2}} \, dx +$$

$$\frac{b^2 \, c \, e + 3 \, a^2 \, d \, f - 2 \, a \, b \, (d \, e + c \, f)}{2 \, a \, (b \, c - a \, d) \, (b \, e - a \, f)} \int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2} \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx +$$

```
Int[1/((a_+b_.*x_^2)^2*Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[e_+f_.*x_^2]),x_Symbol] :=
    b^2*x*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]/(2*a*(b*c-a*d)*(b*e-a*f)*(a+b*x^2)) -
    d*f/(2*a*(b*c-a*d)*(b*e-a*f))*Int[(a+b*x^2)/(Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] +
    (b^2*c*e+3*a^2*d*f-2*a*b*(d*e+c*f))/(2*a*(b*c-a*d)*(b*e-a*f))*Int[1/((a+b*x^2)*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x]
```

3:
$$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^q (e+fx^n)^r dx \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge q > 0$$

Basis: $c + dz = \frac{d(a+bz)}{b} + \frac{bc-ad}{b}$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.4: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land q > 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{n})^{q} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{d}{b} \int (a + b x^{n})^{p+1} (c + d x^{n})^{q-1} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx + \frac{b c - a d}{b} \int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{n})^{q-1} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx$$

Program code:

4:
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r dx \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge q \le -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 1 ==
$$-\frac{d(a+bz)}{bc-ad} + \frac{b(c+dz)}{bc-ad}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.5: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land q \le -1$, then

$$\int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{n})^{q} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{b}{b c - a d} \int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{n})^{q+1} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx - \frac{d}{b c - a d} \int (a + b x^{n})^{p+1} (c + d x^{n})^{q} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_*(e_+f_.*x_^n_)^r_,x_Symbol] :=
b/(b*c-a*d)*Int[(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(q+1)*(e+f*x^n)^r,x] -
d/(b*c-a*d)*Int[(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^q*(e+f*x^n)^r,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n,q},x] && ILtQ[p,0] && LeQ[q,-1]
```

3.
$$\int (a + b x^2)^p (c + d x^2)^q (e + f x^2)^r dx$$

1:
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{e+fx^2}} dx$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a} \, \left(\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{\mathbf{e} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a} \, \left(\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{\mathbf{c} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}}} = 0$$

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(a+b x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{a (c+d x^2)}{c (a+b x^2)}} \sqrt{\frac{a (e+f x^2)}{e (a+b x^2)}}} = \frac{1}{a} \text{ Subst} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{(b c-a d) x^2}{c}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{(b e-a f) x^2}{e}}}, x, \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b x^2}} \right] \partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b x^2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.3.1:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2} \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{a \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{a \, \left(e + f \, x^2\right)}{e \, \left(a + b \, x^2\right)}}}{c \, \sqrt{\frac{a \, \left(c + d \, x^2\right)}{c \, \left(a + b \, x^2\right)}}} \, \int \frac{1}{\left(a + b \, x^2\right)^{3/2} \, \sqrt{\frac{a \, \left(c + d \, x^2\right)}{c \, \left(a + b \, x^2\right)}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a \, \left(e + f \, x^2\right)}{e \, \left(a + b \, x^2\right)}}} \, dx$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{c + d \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{a \, \left(e + f \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{e \, \left(a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}}{c \, \sqrt{e + f \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{a \, \left(c + d \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{c \, \left(a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}} \, \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\left(b \, c - a \, d\right) \, \mathbf{x}^2}{c}}} \, \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\left(b \, c - a \, d\right) \, \mathbf{x}^2}{e}}} \, d\mathbf{x}, \, \mathbf{x}, \, \frac{\mathbf{x}}{\sqrt{a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2}} \right]$$

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}} dx$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a} \, \left(\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{\mathbf{e} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a} \, \left(\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{\mathbf{c} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}}} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$Basis: \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(c+d\,x^2\right)}{c\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}\,\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(c+f\,x^2\right)}{e\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}} \,=\, Subst\left[\,\frac{1}{\left(1-b\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{1-\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,x^2}{c}}\,\,\sqrt{1-\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,f\right)\,x^2}{e}}}\,\,,\,\,x\,,\,\,\frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2}}\,\right]\,\partial_x\,\frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.3.2:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2}}{\sqrt{\mathtt{c} + \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\mathtt{e} + \mathtt{f} \, \mathtt{x}^2}} \, \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x} \, \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\mathtt{a} \, \sqrt{\mathtt{c} + \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathtt{a} \, \left(\mathtt{e} + \mathtt{f} \, \mathtt{x}^2 \right)}{\mathtt{e} \, \left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2 \right)}}}{\mathtt{c} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathtt{a} \, \left(\mathtt{c} + \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}^2 \right)}{\mathtt{c} \, \left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2 \right)}}} \, \int \frac{\mathtt{1}}{\sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathtt{a} \, \left(\mathtt{c} + \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}^2 \right)}{\mathtt{c} \, \left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2 \right)}}} \, \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{a \sqrt{c + d x^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a (e+f x^{2})}{e (a+b x^{2})}}}{c \sqrt{e + f x^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a (c+d x^{2})}{c (a+b x^{2})}}} \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - b x^{2}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{(b c-a d) x^{2}}{c}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{(b e-a f) x^{2}}{e}}} dx, x, \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2}}} \right]$$

3:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d x^2}}{(a + b x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{e + f x^2}} dx$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a} \, \left(\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{\mathbf{e} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a} \, \left(\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}{\mathbf{c} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)}}}} = \mathbf{0}$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a(c+dx^2)}{c(a+bx^2)}}}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a(e+fx^2)}{e(a+bx^2)}}} = \frac{1}{a} \text{ Subst} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{(bc-ad)x^2}{c}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{(be-af)x^2}{e}}}, x, \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right] \partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.3.3:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)^{3/2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}\,dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)}{e\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}}{\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(c+d\,x^2\right)}{c\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}}\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(c+d\,x^2\right)}{c\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)^{3/2}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)}{e\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}}\,dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)}{c\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,x^2}{c}}}\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,x^2}{c}}}{\left(a+b\,x^2\right)^{3/2}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)}{e\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}}\,dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}\,\sqrt{\frac{a\,\left(e+f\,x^2\right)}{e\,\left(a+b\,x^2\right)}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\left(b\,c-a\,d\right)\,x^2}{e}}}\,dx,\,x,\,\frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2}}$$

4.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b x^2} \sqrt{c+d x^2}}{\sqrt{e+f x^2}} dx$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b x^2} \sqrt{c+d x^2}}{\sqrt{e+f x^2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{de-cf}{c} > 0$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.3.4.1: If $\frac{d e-c f}{c} > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2} \,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}{\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}} \,\mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{\mathrm{d}\,x\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2} \,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}}{2\,f\,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}} - \frac{c\,\left(\mathrm{d}\,e-c\,f\right)}{2\,f} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2}}{\left(c+d\,x^2\right)^{3/2}\,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}} \,\mathrm{d}x \, + \\ \frac{b\,c\,\left(\mathrm{d}\,e-c\,f\right)}{2\,d\,f} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2} \,\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}} \,\mathrm{d}x - \frac{b\,d\,e-b\,c\,f-a\,d\,f}{2\,d\,f} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\,x^2}}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2} \,\sqrt{e+f\,x^2}} \,\mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b x^2} \sqrt{c+d x^2}}{\sqrt{e+f x^2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{de-cf}{c} > 0$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.3.4.2: If $\frac{d = -c f}{c} \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\mathtt{c} + \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}^2}}{\sqrt{\mathtt{e} + \mathtt{f} \, \mathtt{x}^2}} \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x} \, \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\mathtt{x} \, \sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\mathtt{c} + \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}^2}}{2 \, \sqrt{\mathtt{e} + \mathtt{f} \, \mathtt{x}^2}} + \frac{\mathtt{e} \, (\mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{e} - \mathtt{a} \, \mathtt{f})}{2 \, \mathtt{f}} \, \int \frac{\sqrt{\mathtt{c} + \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{x}^2}}{\sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2} \, \left(\mathtt{e} + \mathtt{f} \, \mathtt{x}^2\right)^{3/2}} \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x} \, +$$

$$\frac{(b \, e \, - \, a \, f) \, (d \, e \, - \, 2 \, c \, f)}{2 \, f^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2} \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2} \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx \, - \, \frac{b \, d \, e \, - \, b \, c \, f \, - \, a \, d \, f}{2 \, f^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{e + f \, x^2}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2} \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2}} \, dx$$

Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]/Sqrt[e_+f_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
 x*Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]) +
 e*(b*e-a*f)/(2*f)*Int[Sqrt[c+d*x^2]/(Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*(e+f*x^2)^(3/2)),x] +
 (b*e-a*f)*(d*e-2*c*f)/(2*f^2)*Int[1/(Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] (b*d*e-b*c*f-a*d*f)/(2*f^2)*Int[Sqrt[e+f*x^2]/(Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*Sqrt[c+d*x^2]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NegQ[(d*e-c*f)/c]

5:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2} \sqrt{c + d x^2}}{(e + f x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(e+fx^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{b}{f\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{e+fx^2}} - \frac{be-af}{f\sqrt{a+bx^2}(e+fx^2)^{3/2}}$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.2.3.5:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2} \, \sqrt{c + d \, x^2}}{\left(e + f \, x^2\right)^{3/2}} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{b}{f} \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \, x^2}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2} \, \sqrt{e + f \, x^2}} \, dx - \frac{b \, e - a \, f}{f} \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d \, x^2}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2} \, \left(e + f \, x^2\right)^{3/2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[c_+d_.*x_^2]/(e_+f_.*x_^2)^(3/2),x_Symbol] :=
b/f*Int[Sqrt[c+d*x^2]/(Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*Sqrt[e+f*x^2]),x] -
  (b*e-a*f)/f*Int[Sqrt[c+d*x^2]/(Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*(e+f*x^2)^(3/2)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x]
```

4: $\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^q (e+fx^n)^r dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.1.3.5.3: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u = \text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r, x]$, if u is a sum, then

$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r dx \rightarrow \int u dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_*(e_+f_.*x_^n_)^r_,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*(e+f*x^n)^r,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p,q,r},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

5: $\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: $F[x] = -Subst\left[\frac{F[x^{-1}]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{x}$

Rule 1.1.3.5.4: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{n})^{q} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx \rightarrow -Subst \left[\int \frac{(a + b x^{-n})^{p} (c + d x^{-n})^{q} (e + f x^{-n})^{r}}{x^{2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

```
 Int[(a_+b_-*x_^n__)^p_*(c_+d_-*x_^n__)^q_*(e_+f_-*x_^n__)^r_,x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a_+b_*x^(-n))^p_*(c_+d_*x^(-n))^q_*(e_+f_*x^(-n))^r/x^2,x],x,1/x] /; FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,p,q,r\},x] && ILtQ[n,0]
```

U:
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r dx$$

Rule 1.1.3.5.X:

$$\int (a + b \, x^n)^p \, (c + d \, x^n)^q \, (e + f \, x^n)^r \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int (a + b \, x^n)^p \, (c + d \, x^n)^q \, (e + f \, x^n)^r \, dx$$

Program code:

S:
$$\int (a + b u^n)^p (c + d u^n)^q (e + f u^n)^r dx$$
 when $u = g + h x$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule 1.1.3.5.S: If u = g + h x, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,u^n\right)^p\,\left(c+d\,u^n\right)^q\,\left(e+f\,u^n\right)^r\,dx\;\to\;\frac{1}{h}\,Subst\Big[\int \left(a+b\,x^n\right)^p\,\left(c+d\,x^n\right)^q\,\left(e+f\,x^n\right)^r\,dx\,,\;x\,,\;u\Big]$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*u_^n_)^p_.*(c_.+d_.*v_^n_)^q_.*(e_.+f_.*w_^n_)^r_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/Coefficient[u,x,1]*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*(e+f*x^n)^r,x],x,u] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p,n,q,r},x] && EqQ[u,v] && EqQ[u,w] && LinearQ[u,x] && NeQ[u,x]
```

6.
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^{-n})^q (e + f x^n)^r dx$$

1:
$$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^{-n})^q (e+fx^n)^r dx \text{ when } q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: If
$$q \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then $(c + d x^{-n})^q = \frac{(d+c x^n)^q}{x^{nq}}$

Rule 1.1.3.5.5.1: If $q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{-n})^{q} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{(a + b x^{n})^{p} (d + c x^{n})^{q} (e + f x^{n})^{r}}{x^{nq}} dx$$

Program code:

$$Int[(a_{-}+b_{-}*x_{n_{-}})^p_{-}*(c_{+}d_{-}*x_{mn_{-}})^q_{-}*(e_{+}f_{-}*x_{n_{-}})^r_{-},x_{symbol}] := Int[(a_{+}b_{+}x_{n})^p_{+}(d_{+}c_{+}x_{n})^q_{+}(e_{+}f_{+}x_{n})^r_{+}x_{n}] /;$$

$$FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,n,p,r\},x] \&\& EqQ[mn,-n] \&\& IntegerQ[q]$$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(a + b x^n)^p = x^{np} (b + a x^{-n})^p$

Rule 1.1.3.5.5.2: If $p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{-n})^{q} (e + f x^{n})^{r} dx \rightarrow \int x^{n} (p+r) (b + a x^{-n})^{p} (c + d x^{-n})^{q} (f + e x^{-n})^{r} dx$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[\,(a_{-}+b_{-}*x_{-}^{n}_{-})\,\,^{p}_{-}*\,(c_{-}+d_{-}*x_{-}^{n}_{-})\,\,^{q}_{-}*\,(e_{-}+f_{-}*x_{-}^{n}_{-})\,\,^{r}_{-},x_{_}\text{Symbol}] := \\ & \text{Int}[\,x^{\,}(\,n*\,(p+r)\,\,)*\,(\,b+a*x^{\,}(\,-n)\,\,)\,\,^{p}*\,(\,c+d*x^{\,}(\,-n)\,\,)\,\,^{q}*\,(\,f+e*x^{\,}(\,-n)\,\,)\,\,^{r},x] \quad /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\,\{a,b,c,d,e,f,n,q\}\,,x] \quad \&\& \quad \text{EqQ}[\,mn,-n] \quad \&\& \quad \text{IntegerQ}[\,p] \quad \&\& \quad \text{IntegerQ}[\,r] \\ \end{split}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: $\partial_x \frac{x^{nq} (c+dx^{-n})^q}{(d+cx^n)^q} = 0$
- Basis: $\frac{\mathbf{x}^{n\,q}\,\left(\mathbf{c}+\mathbf{d}\,\mathbf{x}^{-n}\right)^{\,q}}{\left(\mathbf{d}+\mathbf{c}\,\mathbf{x}^{n}\right)^{\,q}} = \frac{\mathbf{x}^{n\,\text{FracPart}\left[q\right]}\,\left(\mathbf{c}+\mathbf{d}\,\mathbf{x}^{-n}\right)^{\,\text{FracPart}\left[q\right]}}{\left(\mathbf{d}+\mathbf{c}\,\mathbf{x}^{n}\right)^{\,\text{FracPart}\left[q\right]}}$

Rule 1.1.3.5.5.3: If $q \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,x^n\right)^p\,\left(c+d\,x^{-n}\right)^q\,\left(e+f\,x^n\right)^r\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\to\,\,\frac{x^{n\,\mathrm{FracPart}\left[q\right]}\,\left(c+d\,x^{-n}\right)^{\,\mathrm{FracPart}\left[q\right]}}{\left(d+c\,x^n\right)^{\,\mathrm{FracPart}\left[q\right]}}\int \frac{\left(a+b\,x^n\right)^p\,\left(d+c\,x^n\right)^q\,\left(e+f\,x^n\right)^r}{x^{n\,q}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

Rules for integrands of the form
$$(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e_1 + f_1 x^{n/2})^r (e_2 + f_2 x^{n/2})^r$$

1.
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e_1 + f_1 x^{n/2})^r (e_2 + f_2 x^{n/2})^r dx \text{ when } e_2 f_1 + e_1 f_2 = 0$$

1:
$$\int (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^n)^p \, (\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}^n)^q \, \left(\mathbf{e}_1 + \mathbf{f}_1 \, \mathbf{x}^{n/2} \right)^r \, \left(\mathbf{e}_2 + \mathbf{f}_2 \, \mathbf{x}^{n/2} \right)^r \, d\mathbf{x}$$
 when $\mathbf{e}_2 \, \mathbf{f}_1 + \mathbf{e}_1 \, \mathbf{f}_2 = 0 \, \bigwedge \, (\mathbf{r} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigvee \, \mathbf{e}_1 > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{e}_2 > 0)$

- **Derivation:** Algebraic simplification
- Basis: If $e_2 f_1 + e_1 f_2 = 0 \land (r \in \mathbb{Z} \lor e_1 > 0 \land e_2 > 0)$, then $(e_1 + f_1 x^{n/2})^r (e_2 + f_2 x^{n/2})^r = (e_1 e_2 + f_1 f_2 x^n)^r$
- Rule: If $e_2 f_1 + e_1 f_2 = 0 \land (r \in \mathbb{Z} \lor e_1 > 0 \land e_2 > 0)$, then

$$\int \left(a + b \, x^n\right)^p \, \left(c + d \, x^n\right)^q \, \left(e_1 + f_1 \, x^{n/2}\right)^r \, \left(e_2 + f_2 \, x^{n/2}\right)^r \, dx \ \rightarrow \ \int \left(a + b \, x^n\right)^p \, \left(c + d \, x^n\right)^q \, \left(e_1 \, e_2 + f_1 \, f_2 \, x^n\right)^r \, dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_.*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_.*(el_+fl_.*x_^n2_.)^r_.*(e2_+f2_.*x_^n2_.)^r_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*(el*e2+fl*f2*x^n)^r,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,el,fl,e2,f2,n,p,q,r},x] && EqQ[n2,n/2] && EqQ[e2*fl+el*f2,0] && (IntegerQ[r] || GtQ[e1,0] && GtQ[e2,0])
```

2:
$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e_1 + f_1 x^{n/2})^r (e_2 + f_2 x^{n/2})^r dx \text{ when } e_2 f_1 + e_1 f_2 = 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$e_2 f_1 + e_1 f_2 = 0$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{\left(e_1 + f_1 x^{n/2}\right)^r \left(e_2 + f_2 x^{n/2}\right)^r}{\left(e_1 e_2 + f_1 f_2 x^n\right)^r} = 0$

Rule: If $e_2 f_1 + e_1 f_2 = 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{n})^{q} (e_{1} + f_{1} x^{n/2})^{r} (e_{2} + f_{2} x^{n/2})^{r} dx \rightarrow \frac{(e_{1} + f_{1} x^{n/2})^{FracPart[r]} (e_{2} + f_{2} x^{n/2})^{FracPart[r]}}{(e_{1} e_{2} + f_{1} f_{2} x^{n})^{FracPart[r]}} \int (a + b x^{n})^{p} (c + d x^{n})^{q} (e_{1} e_{2} + f_{1} f_{2} x^{n})^{r} dx$$

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_^n_)^p_.*(c_+d_.*x_^n_)^q_.*(el_+fl_.*x_^n2_.)^r_.*(e2_+f2_.*x_^n2_.)^r_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (el+fl*x^(n/2))^FracPart[r]*(e2+f2*x^(n/2))^FracPart[r]/(e1*e2+f1*f2*x^n)^FracPart[r]*
    Int[(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*(e1*e2+f1*f2*x^n)^r,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e1,f1,e2,f2,n,p,q,r},x] && EqQ[n2,n/2] && EqQ[e2*f1+e1*f2,0]
```