Rules for integrands of the form $(c x)^m P_q[x] (a x^j + b x^n)^p$

1:
$$\int P_q[\mathbf{x}^n] \left(a \, \mathbf{x}^j + b \, \mathbf{x}^n\right)^p d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ j \neq n \ \bigwedge \ \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ -1 < n < 1$$

- **Derivation: Integration by substitution**
- Basis: If $d \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $F[x^n] = d \operatorname{Subst}[x^{d-1} F[x^{dn}], x, x^{1/d}] \partial_x x^{1/d}$
- Program code:

2.
$$\int (c \mathbf{x})^m P_q[\mathbf{x}^n] \left(a \mathbf{x}^j + b \mathbf{x}^n\right)^p d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ j \neq n \ \bigwedge \ \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

1:
$$\int \mathbf{x}^m \, P_q \left[\mathbf{x}^n \right] \, \left(a \, \mathbf{x}^j + b \, \mathbf{x}^n \right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{p} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \, j \neq n \, \bigwedge \, \, \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \, \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

- **Derivation: Integration by substitution**
- Basis: If $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\mathbf{x}^m \mathbf{F}[\mathbf{x}^n] = \frac{1}{n} \text{ Subst} \left[\mathbf{x}^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1} \mathbf{F}[\mathbf{x}], \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}^n \right] \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{x}^n$
- Note: If $n \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, and $(c \times)^m$ automatically evaluates to $c^m \times^m$.
- Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{j \neq n} f = \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{n \neq j} \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{n \neq j} \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int\!\!\mathbf{x}^m\,P_q\left[\mathbf{x}^n\right]\,\left(a\,\mathbf{x}^j+b\,\mathbf{x}^n\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}\mathbf{x}\;\to\;\frac{1}{n}\,\text{Subst}\!\left[\int\!\mathbf{x}^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1}\,P_q\left[\mathbf{x}\right]\,\left(a\,\mathbf{x}^{j/n}+b\,\mathbf{x}\right)^p\,\mathrm{d}\mathbf{x},\;\mathbf{x},\;\mathbf{x}^n\right]$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Pq_*(a_.*x_^j_.+b_.*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    1/n*Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m+1)/n]-1)*SubstFor[x^n,Pq,x]*(a*x^Simplify[j/n]+b*x)^p,x],x,x^n] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,j,m,n,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^n] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[n,j] && IntegerQ[Simplify[j/n]] && IntegerQ[Simplify[m+1)/n]
```

$$2: \int (c \ \mathbf{x})^m \ P_q[\mathbf{x}^n] \ \left(a \ \mathbf{x}^j + b \ \mathbf{x}^n\right)^p d\mathbf{x} \ \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ j \neq n \ \bigwedge \ \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: $\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{(\mathbf{c} \mathbf{x})^{m}}{\mathbf{x}^{m}} = 0$
 - Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{j \neq n} f = \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} f = \mathbb{Z} f = \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (c x)^m P_q[x^n] \left(a x^j + b x^n\right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{(c x)^m}{x^m} \int x^m P_q[x^n] \left(a x^j + b x^n\right)^p dx$$

```
Int[(c_*x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_.*x_^j_.+b_.*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    c^(Sign[m]*Quotient[m,Sign[m]])*(c*x)^Mod[m,Sign[m]]/x^Mod[m,Sign[m]]*Int[x^m*Pq*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,j,n,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^n] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[n,j] && IntegerQ[Simplify[j/n]] &&
    IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]] && RationalQ[m] && GtQ[m^2,1]
```

```
Int[(c_*x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_.*x_^j_.+b_.*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   (c*x)^m/x^m*Int[x^m*Pq*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,j,m,n,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^n] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[n,j] && IntegerQ[Simplify[j/n]] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n])
```

3. $\int (c x)^m P_q[x^n] (a x^j + b x^n)^p dx \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge (j \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1: $\int x^m P_q[x^n] \left(a x^j + b x^n\right)^p dx \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \left(j \mid n \mid \frac{j}{n}\right) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge GCD[m+1, n] \neq 1$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If $n \in \mathbb{Z} \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$, let g = GCD[m+1, n], then $x^m F[x^n] = \frac{1}{g} Subst\left[x^{\frac{m+1}{g}-1} F\left[x^{\frac{n}{g}}\right], x, x^g\right] \partial_x x^g$

Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \left(j \mid n \mid \frac{j}{n} \right) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, let g = GCD[m+1, n], if $g \neq 1$, then

$$\int x^{m} P_{q}[x^{n}] \left(a x^{j} + b x^{n}\right)^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{g} Subst\left[\int x^{\frac{m+1}{g}-1} P_{q}\left[x^{\frac{n}{g}}\right] \left(a x^{\frac{j}{g}} + b x^{\frac{n}{g}}\right)^{p} dx, x, x^{g}\right]$$

Program code:

 $2: \quad \int \left(c \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m P_q \left[\mathbf{x}^n \right] \, \left(a \, \mathbf{x}^j + b \, \mathbf{x}^n \right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \ \, \text{ when p } \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \left(j \mid n \right) \, \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \, j < n \, \bigwedge \, q > n-1 \, \bigwedge \, m+q+n \, p+1 \neq 0$

Reference: G&R 2.110.5, CRC 88a

Derivation: Binomial recurrence 3a

Reference: G&R 2.104

Note: This special case of the Ostrogradskiy-Hermite integration method reduces the degree of the polynomial in the resulting integrand.

Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ (j \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \ \bigwedge \ j < n \ \bigwedge \ q > n-1 \ \bigwedge \ m+q+np+1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (c x)^m P_q[x^n] (a x^j + b x^n)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$\int (c x)^{m} \left(P_{q}[x^{n}] - P_{q}[x, q] x^{q}\right) \left(a x^{j} + b x^{n}\right)^{p} dx + \frac{P_{q}[x, q]}{c^{q}} \int (c x)^{m+q} \left(a x^{j} + b x^{n}\right)^{p} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{P_{q}[x, q] (cx)^{m+q-n+1} (ax^{j}+bx^{n})^{p+1}}{bc^{q-n+1} (m+q+np+1)} +$$

$$\int \left(c \ x\right)^{m} \left(P_{q}[x^{n}] - P_{q}[x, q] \ x^{q} - \frac{a P_{q}[x, q] \ (m+q-n+1) \ x^{q-n}}{b \ (m+q+n \ p+1)}\right) \left(a \ x^{j} + b \ x^{n}\right)^{p} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.*x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_.*x_^j_.+b_.*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Expon[Pq,x]},
    With[{Pqq=Coeff[Pq,x,q]},
    Pqq*(c*x)^(m+q-n+1)*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(b*c^(q-n+1)*(m+q+n*p+1)) +
    Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[Pq-Pqq*x^q-a*Pqq*(m+q-n+1)*x^(q-n)/(b*(m+q+n*p+1)),x]*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^p,x]] /;
GtQ[q,n-1] && NeQ[m+q+n*p+1,0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[p+(q+1)/(2*n)])] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IGtQ[j,0] && IGtQ[n,0] && LtQ[j,n]
```

- 4. $\int (c \mathbf{x})^m P_q[\mathbf{x}^n] \left(a \mathbf{x}^j + b \mathbf{x}^n\right)^p d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ j \neq n \ \bigwedge \ \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \frac{n}{m+1} \in \mathbb{Z}$ $1: \int \mathbf{x}^m P_q[\mathbf{x}^n] \left(a \mathbf{x}^j + b \mathbf{x}^n\right)^p d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ j \neq n \ \bigwedge \ \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \frac{n}{m+1} \in \mathbb{Z}$
 - Derivation: Integration by substitution
 - Basis: If $\frac{n}{m+1} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\mathbf{x}^m \mathbf{F}[\mathbf{x}^n] = \frac{1}{m+1} \text{ Subst}[\mathbf{F}[\mathbf{x}^{\frac{n}{m+1}}], \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}^{m+1}] \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{x}^{m+1}$
 - Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge j \neq n \bigwedge \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \frac{n}{m+1} \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\int \! x^m \, P_q \left[x^n \right] \, \left(a \, x^j + b \, x^n \right)^p \, dx \, \, \to \, \, \frac{1}{m+1} \, \, Subst \left[\int \! P_q \left[x^{\frac{n}{m+1}} \right] \, \left(a \, x^{\frac{j}{m+1}} + b \, x^{\frac{n}{m+1}} \right)^p \, dx \, , \, \, x \, , \, \, x^{m+1} \right]$$

$$2: \ \int (c \ x)^m \ P_q[x^n] \ \left(a \ x^j + b \ x^n\right)^p dx \ \text{when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ j \neq n \ \bigwedge \ \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \frac{n}{m+1} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: $\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{(\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x})^m}{\mathbf{x}^m} = 0$
- Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{j \neq n} f = \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{n \neq 1} \frac{j}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge_{m+1} f = \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (c \mathbf{x})^m P_q[\mathbf{x}^n] \left(a \mathbf{x}^j + b \mathbf{x}^n\right)^p d\mathbf{x} \rightarrow \frac{(c \mathbf{x})^m}{\mathbf{x}^m} \int \mathbf{x}^m P_q[\mathbf{x}^n] \left(a \mathbf{x}^j + b \mathbf{x}^n\right)^p d\mathbf{x}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_*x_)^m_*Pq_*(a_*x_^j_*+b_*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    c^(Sign[m]*Quotient[m,Sign[m]])*(c*x)^Mod[m,Sign[m]]*Int[x^m*Pq*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,j,n,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^n] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[n,j] && IntegerQ[Simplify[j/n]] &&
    IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m+1)]] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && GtQ[m^2,1]

Int[(c_*x_)^m_*Pq_*(a_*x_^j_*+b_*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (c*x)^m/x^m*Int[x^m*Pq*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,j,m,n,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^n] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[n,j] && IntegerQ[Simplify[j/n]] &&
    IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m+1)]] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

- 5: $\int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a x^j + b x^n)^p dx \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge j \neq n$
 - Derivation: Algebraic expansion
 - Rule:

$$\int (C x)^m P_q[x] \left(a x^j + b x^n\right)^p dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[(C x)^m P_q[x] \left(a x^j + b x^n\right)^p, x] dx$$

```
Int[(c_.*x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_.*x_^j_.+b_.*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*Pq*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,j,m,n,p},x] && (PolyQ[Pq,x] || PolyQ[Pq,x^n]) && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[n,j]

Int[Pq_*(a_.*x_^j_.+b_.*x_^n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a*x^j+b*x^n)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,j,n,p},x] && (PolyQ[Pq,x] || PolyQ[Pq,x^n]) && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && NeQ[n,j]
```