Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b ArcSinh[c x])^n$

1.
$$\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx$$

1.
$$\int (d+ex)^m (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx$$
 when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1:
$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^n}{d + e \times} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{d+e x} = \text{Subst} \left[\frac{\text{Cosh}[x]}{c d+e \, \text{Sinh}[x]}, x, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right] \partial_x \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x]$$

Note: $\frac{(a+b|x)^n \cosh[x]}{c d+e \sinh[x]}$ is not integrable unless $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^{n}}{d+e\,x}\,\mathrm{d}x\,\to\,\operatorname{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{(a+b\,x)^{n}\operatorname{Cosh}[x]}{c\,d+e\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}\,\mathrm{d}x,\,x,\,\operatorname{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\Big]$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx$$
 when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \neq -1$

Reference: G&R 2.831, CRC 453, A&S 4.4.65

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If
$$m \neq -1$$
, then $(d + ex)^m = \partial_x \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)}$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \neq -1$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,m}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[\,c\,\,x]\,\right)^{\,n}\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,m+1}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[\,c\,\,x]\,\right)^{\,n}}{e\,\,(m+1)}\,-\,\frac{b\,c\,n}{e\,\,(m+1)}\,\int \frac{\left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,m+1}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[\,c\,\,x]\,\right)^{\,n-1}}{\sqrt{1+c^2\,x^2}}\,dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(e*(m+1)) -
   b*c*n/(e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

```
2. \int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+
1: \int (d + e x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land n < -1
```

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\int (\mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{x})^{\,\mathsf{m}} \, \left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{ArcSinh} \, [\mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{x}] \right)^{\mathsf{n}} \, \mathrm{d} \mathsf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \int \mathsf{ExpandIntegrand} \left[\, (\mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{x})^{\,\mathsf{m}} \, \left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, \mathsf{ArcSinh} \, [\mathsf{c} \, \mathsf{x}] \right)^{\mathsf{n}}, \, \mathsf{x} \right] \, \mathrm{d} \mathsf{x}$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

2:
$$\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: $F[x] = \frac{1}{c} Subst[Cosh[x] F[\frac{Sinh[x]}{c}], x, ArcSinh[c x]] \partial_x ArcSinh[c x]$

Basis: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(d + ex)^m = \frac{1}{c^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Cosh}[x] (cd + e \operatorname{Sinh}[x])^m$, x, $\operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]$

Note: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $(a + b \times)^n \cosh[x] (c d + e \sinh[x])^m$ is integrable in closed-form.

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \left(\mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e}\,\mathsf{x}\right)^{\,\mathsf{m}}\,\left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{ArcSinh}\left[\mathsf{c}\,\mathsf{x}\right]\right)^{\,\mathsf{n}}\,\mathsf{d}\mathsf{x} \,\,\to\,\, \frac{1}{\mathsf{c}^{\,\mathsf{m}+1}}\,\mathsf{Subst}\Big[\int \left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b}\,\mathsf{x}\right)^{\,\mathsf{n}}\,\mathsf{Cosh}\left[\mathsf{x}\right]\,\left(\mathsf{c}\,\mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e}\,\mathsf{Sinh}\left[\mathsf{x}\right]\right)^{\,\mathsf{m}}\,\mathsf{d}\mathsf{x},\,\,\mathsf{x},\,\,\mathsf{ArcSinh}\left[\mathsf{c}\,\mathsf{x}\right]\Big]$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Cosh[x]*(c*d+e*Sinh[x])^m,x],x,ArcSinh[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

2.
$$\int P_x \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^n \, dx$$
1:
$$\int P_x \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right) \, dx$$

Rule: Let $u \rightarrow \int P_x dx$, then

$$\int\! P_x\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[\,c\,\,x]\,\right)\,\text{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,u\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[\,c\,\,x]\,\right)\,-\,b\,\,c\,\int\!\frac{u}{\sqrt{1+c^2\,\,x^2}}\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px,x],x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

X: $\int P_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^n \, dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u \to \int_{P_x} dx$, then

$$\int P_{x} \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^{n} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, u \, \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^{n} - b \, c \, n \, \int \frac{u \, \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^{2} \, x^{2}}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] *)
```

2: $\int P_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $n \neq 1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \neq 1$, then

$$\int\! P_{x} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right)^{n} \, \text{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \int\! \text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[P_{x} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right)^{n}, \, x \right] \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

3. $\int P_x \left(d+e\,x\right)^m \left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^n \, dx \text{ when } n\in\mathbb{Z}^+$ 1: $\int P_x \, \left(d+e\,x\right)^m \, \left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right) \, dx$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $u \rightarrow \int P_x (d + ex)^m dx$, then

$$\int\! P_x \, \left(d+e\,x\right)^m \, \left(a+b\, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c\,x\right]\right) \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, u \, \left(a+b\, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c\,x\right]\right) \, - \, b \, c \, \int\! \frac{u}{\sqrt{1+c^2\,x^2}} \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[Px_*(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

 $2: \quad \left\lceil \left(f + g \, x \right)^p \, \left(d + e \, x \right)^m \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x \right] \right)^n \, \text{d}x \text{ when } (n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \land \, m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \, \land \, m + p + 1 < 0 \right) \right\rceil$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Note: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m + p + 1 < \emptyset$, then $\int (f + gx)^p (d + ex)^m dx$ is a rational function.

Rule: If
$$(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m + p + 1 < \emptyset$$
, let $u \rightarrow \int (f + gx)^p (d + ex)^m dx$, then
$$\int (f + gx)^p (d + ex)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n - bcn \int \frac{u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}} dx$$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^p_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^p*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && LtQ[m+p+1,0]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{\left(f + g x + h x^2\right)^p \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]\right)^n}{\left(d + e x\right)^2} dx \text{ when } (n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land e g - 2 d h == 0$$

Note: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land e \ g - 2 \ d \ h == 0$, then $\int \frac{(f+g \ x+h \ x^2)^p}{(d+e \ x)^2} \ dx$ is a rational function.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rule: If } & (n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \ e \ g - 2 \ d \ h == 0, let \ u \rightarrow \int \frac{\{f + g \ x + h \ x^2\}^p}{(d + e \ x)^2} \, \text{d}x, then} \\ & \int \frac{\left(f + g \ x + h \ x^2\right)^p \left(a + b \ \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \ x\right]\right)^n}{(d + e \ x)^2} \, \text{d}x \rightarrow u \left(a + b \ \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \ x\right]\right)^n - b \ c \ n \int \frac{u \left(a + b \ \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \ x\right]\right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \ x^2}} \, \text{d}x \end{aligned}$$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_+h_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_/(d_+e_.*x_)^2,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x+h*x^2)^p/(d+e*x)^2,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && EqQ[e*g-2*d*h,0]
```

4:
$$\int P_x \ (d+e \ x)^m \ \left(a+b \ ArcSinh \left[c \ x\right]\right)^n \ d\! \ x \ \ when \ n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \ m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int\! P_x \, \left(d+e\,x\right)^m \, \left(a+b\, \text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^n \, \text{d}x \, \to \, \int\! \text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[P_x \, \left(d+e\,x\right)^m \, \left(a+b\, \text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^n,\, x\right] \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$\textbf{4.} \quad \left\lceil \left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{\texttt{m}} \, \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x}^2 \right)^{\texttt{p}} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{ArcSinh} \left[\texttt{c} \, \texttt{x} \right] \right)^{\texttt{n}} \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x} \; \; \text{when } \texttt{e} = \texttt{c}^2 \, \texttt{d} \; \; \land \; \texttt{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \; \; \land \; \texttt{p} - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\textbf{1.} \quad \left[\left. \left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{\texttt{m}} \, \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x}^2 \right)^{\texttt{p}} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{ArcSinh} \left[\texttt{c} \, \texttt{x} \right] \right)^{\texttt{n}} \, \mathbb{d} \texttt{x} \, \, \, \text{when} \, \, \texttt{e} = \texttt{c}^2 \, \, \texttt{d} \, \, \land \, \, \texttt{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \, \land \, \, \texttt{p} - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \, \land \, \, \texttt{d} > 0 \right] \, \, \text{when} \, \, \texttt{d} = \texttt{d} \, \, \texttt{d} \, \, \texttt{m} + \texttt{d} \, \, \texttt{d} + \texttt{d} + \texttt{d} \, +$$

$$\textbf{1:} \quad \left[\left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{\texttt{m}} \, \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x}^2 \right)^{\texttt{p}} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{ArcSinh} \left[\texttt{c} \, \texttt{x} \right] \right) \, \mathbb{d} \, \texttt{x} \, \, \, \text{when } \texttt{e} = \texttt{c}^2 \, \, \texttt{d} \, \, \land \, \, \texttt{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \, \land \, \, \texttt{p} + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \, \land \, \, \texttt{d} > \emptyset \, \, \land \, \, \texttt{m} > \emptyset$$

Note: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \land p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \land 0 < m < -2p-1$, then $\int (f + gx)^m (d + ex^2)^p dx$ is an algebraic function.

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge d > 0 \wedge m > 0$$
, let $u \to \int (f + g \, x)^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^p \, d \, x$, then
$$\int (f + g \, x)^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x]\right) \, dx \to u \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x]\right) - b \, c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[m,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && (LtQ[m,-2*p-1] || GtQ[m,3])
```

$$2: \quad \int \left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } e=c^2\,d\,\wedge\,m\in\mathbb{Z}\,\wedge\,p+\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}\,\wedge\,d>0\,\wedge\,n\in\mathbb{Z}^+\wedge\,m>0$$

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m > 0$$
, then
$$\int (f + g \, x)^m \, (d + e \, x^2)^p \, (a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x])^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int (d + e \, x^2)^p \, (a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x])^n \, ExpandIntegrand[\, (f + g \, x)^m, \, x] \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,(f+g*x)^m,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[m,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0] &&
        (EqQ[n,1] && GtQ[p,-1] || GtQ[p,0] || EqQ[m,1] || EqQ[m,2] && LtQ[p,-2])
```

3.
$$\int \left(f + g \, x\right)^m \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^p \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x]\right)^n dx$$
 when $e = c^2 \, d \, \wedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \, d > 0$

1: $\int \left(f + g \, x\right)^m \sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x]\right)^n dx$ when $e = c^2 \, d \, \wedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, d > 0 \, \wedge \, n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \, m < 0$

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e \, x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n+1}}{b \, c \, \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m < 0$, then

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_*Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   (f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
   1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(d*g*m+2*e*f*x+e*g*(m+2)*x^2)*(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && ILtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

$$2: \ \int \left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } e=c^2\,d\,\wedge\,m\in\mathbb{Z}\,\wedge\,p+\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}^+\wedge\,d>0\,\wedge\,n\in\mathbb{Z}^+$$

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then
$$\int (f + g \, x)^m \, (d + e \, x^2)^p \, (a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^n \, \text{ExpandIntegrand}[\, (f + g \, x)^m \, (d + e \, x^2)^{p-1/2}, \, x] \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

$$\textbf{3:} \quad \int \left(f + g \, x \right)^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x \right] \right)^n \, \text{d}x \text{ when } e == c^2 \, d \, \wedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \, d > 0 \, \wedge \, n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \, m < 0$$

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e \, x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n+1}}{b \, c \, \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m < 0$, then

$$\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[c\,x]\right)^n\,\mathrm{d}x\,\longrightarrow\\ \frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p+\frac{1}{2}}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[c\,x]\right)^{n+1}}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)}\,-\\ \frac{1}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)}\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{m-1}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[c\,x]\right)^{n+1}\,\text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\left(d\,g\,m+e\,f\,\left(2\,p+1\right)\,x+e\,g\,\left(m+2\,p+1\right)\,x^2\right)\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p-\frac{1}{2}},\,x\right]\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   (f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
   1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),(d*g*m+e*f*(2*p+1)*x+e*g*(m+2*p+1)*x^2)*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && ILtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[p-1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e \, x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n+1}}{b \, c \, \sqrt{d} \, (n+1)}$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d > 0 \wedge m > 0 \wedge n < -1$, then

Program code:

$$2: \int \frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,ArcSinh\left[c\,x\right]\right)^n}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}}\,dx \text{ when } e=c^2\,d\,\wedge\,m\in\mathbb{Z}\,\wedge\,d>0\,\wedge\,(m>0\,\vee\,n\in\mathbb{Z}^+)$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: If } e = c^2 \, d \, \wedge \, d > 0 \text{, then } \frac{\text{F[x]}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2}} = \frac{1}{c \, \sqrt{d}} \, \text{Subst} \Big[\text{F} \Big[\, \frac{\text{Sinh[x]}}{c} \, \Big] \text{, } \text{x, ArcSinh[c x]} \, \Big] \, \partial_x \, \text{ArcSinh[c x]}$$

Basis: If $d_1 > 0 \land d_2 < 0$, then

$$\frac{F\left[x\right]}{\sqrt{d_1+c\;d_1\;x}} \ = \ \frac{1}{c\;\sqrt{-d_1\;d_2}}\; Subst\left[F\left[\frac{Cosh\left[x\right]}{c}\right],\;x,\;ArcCosh\left[c\;x\right]\right] \ \partial_x\;ArcCosh\left[c\;x\right]$$

Note: Mathematica 8 is unable to validate antiderivatives of ArcCosh rule when c is symbolic.

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d > 0 \wedge (m > 0 \vee n \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^{2}}}\,\text{d}x \;\to\; \frac{1}{c^{m+1}\,\sqrt{d}}\;\text{Subst}\Big[\int \left(a+b\,x\right)^{n}\,\left(c\,f+g\,\text{Sinh}\left[x\right]\right)^{m}\,\text{d}x,\;x,\;\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\Big]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_./Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    1/(c^(m+1)*Sqrt[d])*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*(c*f+g*Sinh[x])^m,x],x,ArcSinh[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d,0] && (GtQ[m,0] || IGtQ[n,0])
```

2:
$$\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^n\,dx \text{ when } e=c^2\,d\,\wedge\,m\in\mathbb{Z}\,\wedge\,p+\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}^-\wedge\,d>0\,\wedge\,n\in\mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{p}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^{n}\,\text{d}x \;\to\; \int \frac{\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^{2}}}\;\text{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{p+1/2}\text{, }x\right]\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d+e*x^2],(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2: $\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[c\,x]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \text{ when } e=c^2\,d\,\wedge\,m\in\mathbb{Z}\,\wedge\,p-\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}\,\wedge\,d\,\not>0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e^{x^2})^p}{(1+c^2 x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d \geqslant \emptyset$, then

$$\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[c\,x]\right)^n\,\text{d}x \ \to \ \frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p}{\left(1+c^2\,x^2\right)^p}\,\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(1+c^2\,x^2\right)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\,[c\,x]\right)^n\,\text{d}x$$

Program code:

$$5. \quad \left\lceil \text{Log}\left[\,h\,\left(\,f\,+\,g\,\,x\,\right)^{\,m}\,\right] \,\left(\,d\,+\,e\,\,x^{\,2}\,\right)^{\,p} \,\left(\,a\,+\,b\,\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[\,c\,\,x\,\right]\,\right)^{\,n} \,\,\text{d}\,x \,\,\text{when}\,\,e\,=\,c^{\,2}\,\,d\,\,\wedge\,\,p\,-\,\frac{1}{2}\,\in\,\mathbb{Z}$$

$$1. \quad \left\lceil \text{Log}\left[\text{h} \left(\text{f} + \text{g} \, \text{x} \right)^{\text{m}} \right] \, \left(\text{d} + \text{e} \, \text{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\text{a} + \text{b} \, \text{ArcSinh}[\text{c} \, \text{x}] \right)^n \, \text{d} \, \text{x} \text{ when } \text{e} = \text{c}^2 \, \text{d} \, \wedge \, p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \wedge \, \text{d} > 0 \right) \right\rceil$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}\left[h\left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\right]\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)^{n}}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^{2}}}\,\text{d}x \text{ when } e=c^{2}\,d\,\wedge\,d>0\,\wedge\,n\in\mathbb{Z}^{+}$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e \, x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n+1}}{b \, c \, \sqrt{d} \, (n+1)}$

Note: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^{n+1}}{f+g \times}$ is integrable in closed-form.

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log} \left[h \, \left(f + g \, x \right)^m \right] \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x \right] \right)^n}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\text{Log} \left[h \, \left(f + g \, x \right)^m \right] \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x \right] \right)^{n+1}}{b \, c \, \sqrt{d} \, \left(n + 1 \right)} - \frac{g \, m}{b \, c \, \sqrt{d} \, \left(n + 1 \right)} \int \frac{\left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x \right] \right)^{n+1}}{f + g \, x} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Log[h_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_.]*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_./Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
Log[h*(f+g*x)^m]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
g*m/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(f+g*x),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

 $2: \quad \left\lceil \text{Log}\left[\,h\,\left(\,f\,+\,g\,\,x\,\right)^{\,m}\,\right] \,\left(\,d\,+\,e\,\,x^{\,2}\,\right)^{\,p} \,\left(\,a\,+\,b\,\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[\,c\,\,x\,\right]\,\right)^{\,n} \,\,\text{d}\,x \ \text{ when } e == c^{\,2}\,\,d\,\,\wedge\,\,p \,-\,\frac{1}{\,2} \,\in\,\mathbb{Z} \,\,\wedge\,\,d\,\, \not>\, 0 \right)$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+ex^2)^p}{(1+c^2x^2)^p} = 0$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d \geqslant \emptyset$, then

$$\int\! Log \big[h \left(f+g \, x\right)^m\big] \, \left(d+e \, x^2\right)^p \, \left(a+b \, ArcSinh \left[c \, x\right]\right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\left(d+e \, x^2\right)^p}{\left(1+c^2 \, x^2\right)^p} \int\! Log \big[h \left(f+g \, x\right)^m\big] \, \left(1+c^2 \, x^2\right)^p \, \left(a+b \, ArcSinh \left[c \, x\right]\right)^n \, dx$$

```
Int[Log[h_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_.]*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Simp[(d+e*x^2)^p/(1+c^2*x^2)^p]*Int[Log[h*(f+g*x)^m]*(1+c^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d,0]]
```

6. $\int (d+ex)^{m} (f+gx)^{m} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^{n} dx$

1: $\int (d + e x)^m (f + g x)^m (a + b ArcSinh[c x]) dx$ when $m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, let $u \to \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^m dx$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x\right)^{\,m}\,\left(f+g\,x\right)^{\,m}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)\,\text{d}x \,\,\rightarrow\,\,u\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}\left[c\,x\right]\right)\,-\,b\,c\,\int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1+c^2\,x^2}}\,\text{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && ILtQ[m+1/2,0]
```

2: $\left(d+ex\right)^{m}\left(f+gx\right)^{m}\left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]\right)^{n}dx$ when $m\in\mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (d+ex)^m \left(f+gx\right)^m \left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]\right)^n dx \ \to \ \int \left(a+b\operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]\right)^n \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}\left[\left(d+ex\right)^m \left(f+gx\right)^m, x\right] dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

7: $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times]) dx$ when $\int u dx$ is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $\,v \to \int \! u \; \mathrm{d} \, x,$ if v is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int u \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right) \, \text{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, v \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right) \, - \, b \, c \, \int \frac{v}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \, x^2}} \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[u_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],v,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

8. $\int P_x F[d + e x^2] (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e == c^2 d \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ 1: $\int P_x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e == c^2 d \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then
$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^p} \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int_{\mathbb{R}^p} \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right)^n, \, x \, dx$$

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

$$2: \quad \int P_x \, \left(f + g \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \right)^m \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x \right] \right)^n \, \text{d}x \text{ when } e == c^2 \, d \, \wedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \wedge \, \left(m \mid n \right) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rule: If } \mathbf{e} &== \mathbf{c^2} \; \mathbf{d} \; \wedge \; \mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \; \left(\mathbf{m} \; \middle| \; \mathbf{n}\right) \; \in \mathbb{Z} \text{, then} \\ & \int P_x \; \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \; \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \; \mathbf{x^2}\right)^p\right)^m \; \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \; \mathsf{ArcSinh}[\mathsf{c} \; \mathsf{x}]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d} \mathsf{x} \; \rightarrow \; \int \mathsf{ExpandIntegrand}\left[P_x \; \left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \; \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \; \mathbf{x^2}\right)^p\right)^m \; \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \; \mathsf{ArcSinh}[\mathsf{c} \; \mathsf{x}]\right)^n , \; \mathsf{x}\right] \, \mathrm{d} \mathsf{x} \end{aligned}$$

```
Int[Px_.*(f_+g_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(f+g*(d+e*x^2)^p)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x]},
Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && IntegersQ[m,n]
```

```
9. \int RF_x u \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \ x]\right)^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+
1. \int RF_x \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \ x]\right)^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+
1: \int RF_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \ x]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+
```

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

```
\int RF_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x]^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x]^n \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[RF_x, \, x] \, dx
```

```
Int[RFx_*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[ArcSinh[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[c,x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

```
2: \int RF_x (a + b ArcSinh[c x])^n dx when n \in \mathbb{Z}^+
```

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int RF_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int ExpandIntegrand[RF_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n}, \, x] \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[RFx_*(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[RFx*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

$$2. \quad \int RF_x \ \left(d + e \ x^2 \right)^p \ \left(a + b \ ArcSinh[c \ x] \right)^n \ \text{d}x \ \text{when} \ n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \ \land \ e == c^2 \ d \ \land \ p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \quad \int RF_x \ \left(d + e \ x^2 \right)^p \ ArcSinh[c \ x]^n \ \text{d}x \ \text{when} \ n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \ \land \ e == c^2 \ d \ \land \ p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land e = c^2 d \land p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then

$$\int RF_x \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^p \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x\right]^n \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \, \int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^p \, \text{ArcSinh} \left[c \, x\right]^n \, \text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[RF_x, \, x\right] \, dx$$

```
Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p*ArcSinh[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

$$2: \quad \int \! RF_x \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, ArcSinh \left[c \, x \right] \right)^n \, d\!\!/ \, x \, \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \wedge \, e == c^2 \, d \, \wedge \, p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Rule: If
$$n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \ e = c^2 \ d \ \wedge \ p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then

$$\int \! RF_x \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x] \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, ExpandIntegrand \left[RF_x \, \left(a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x] \right)^n, \, x \right] \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p,RFx*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

U: $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int \! u \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right)^n \, \text{d} x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \int \! u \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh} \, [c \, x] \right)^n \, \text{d} x$$

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```