

Maple 2018.2 Integration Test Results  
on the problems in "1 Algebraic functions/1.3 Miscellaneous"

Test results for the 136 problems in "1.3.1 Rational functions.txt"

Problem 1: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{-9bx + 9x^3 + 2b^3/2\sqrt{3}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 55 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\ln(-x\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{b})}{27b} + \frac{\ln(x\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{b})}{27b} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{9\sqrt{b}(-3x + \sqrt{3}\sqrt{b})}$$

Result(type 7, 42 leaves):

$$\left( \sum_{R=RootOf(-9bZ^3 + 9Z^2 + 2b^3/2\sqrt{3})} \frac{\ln(x - R)}{3R^2 - b} \right)$$

Problem 2: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)^3 dx$$

Optimal(type 1, 12 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(bx + a)^{10}}{10b}$$

Result(type 1, 97 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{10}b^9x^{10} + ab^8x^9 + \frac{9}{2}a^2b^7x^8 + 12a^3b^6x^7 + 21a^4b^5x^6 + \frac{126}{5}a^5b^4x^5 + 21a^6b^3x^4 + 12a^7b^2x^3 + \frac{9}{2}a^8bx^2 + a^9x$$

Problem 5: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (ace + (acf + ade + bce)x + (adf + bcf + bde)x^2 + bdfx^3)^3 dx$$

Optimal(type 1, 347 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(-ad + bc)^3(-af + be)^3(bx + a)^4}{4b^7} + \frac{3(-ad + bc)^2(-af + be)^2(-2adf + bcf + bde)(bx + a)^5}{5b^7} \\ & + \frac{(-ad + bc)(-af + be)(5a^2d^2f^2 - 5abdf(cf + de) + b^2(c^2f^2 + 3cdef + d^2e^2))(bx + a)^6}{2b^7} \\ & + \frac{(-2adf + bcf + bde)(10a^2d^2f^2 - 10abdf(cf + de) + b^2(c^2f^2 + 8cdef + d^2e^2))(bx + a)^7}{7b^7} \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{3 df(5 a^2 d^2 f^2 - 5 a b d f(c f + d e) + b^2 (c^2 f^2 + 3 c d e f + d^2 e^2)) (b x + a)^8}{8 b^7} + \frac{d^2 f^2 (-2 a d f + b c f + b d e) (b x + a)^9}{3 b^7} + \frac{d^3 f^3 (b x + a)^{10}}{10 b^7}$$

Result (type 1, 860 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b^3 d^3 f^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(a d f + b c f + b d e) b^2 d^2 f^2 x^9}{3} \\ & + \frac{((a c f + a d e + b c e) b^2 d^2 f^2 + 2 (a d f + b c f + b d e)^2 b d f + b d f (2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) b d f + (a d f + b c f + b d e)^2)) x^8}{8} + \frac{1}{7} ((a c e b^2 d^2 f^2 \\ & + 2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) (a d f + b c f + b d e) b d f + (a d f + b c f + b d e) (2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) b d f + (a d f + b c f + b d e)^2) + b d f (2 a c e b d f \\ & + 2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) (a d f + b c f + b d e)) x^7) + \frac{1}{6} ((2 a c e (a d f + b c f + b d e) b d f + (a c f + a d e + b c e) (2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) b d f \\ & + (a d f + b c f + b d e)^2) + (a d f + b c f + b d e) (2 a c e b d f + 2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) (a d f + b c f + b d e)) + b d f (2 a c e (a d f + b c f + b d e) \\ & + (a c f + a d e + b c e)^2) x^6) + \frac{1}{5} ((a c e (2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) b d f + (a d f + b c f + b d e)^2) + (a c f + a d e + b c e) (2 a c e b d f + 2 (a c f \\ & + a d e + b c e) (a d f + b c f + b d e)) + (a d f + b c f + b d e) (2 a c e (a d f + b c f + b d e) + (a c f + a d e + b c e)^2) + 2 b d f a c e (a c f + a d e + b c e) x^5) \\ & + \frac{1}{4} ((a c e (2 a c e b d f + 2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) (a d f + b c f + b d e)) + (a c f + a d e + b c e) (2 a c e (a d f + b c f + b d e) + (a c f + a d e + b c e)^2) \\ & + 2 (a d f + b c f + b d e) a c e (a c f + a d e + b c e) + b d f a^2 c^2 e^2) x^4) \\ & + \frac{(a c e (2 a c e (a d f + b c f + b d e) + (a c f + a d e + b c e)^2) + 2 (a c f + a d e + b c e)^2 a c e + (a d f + b c f + b d e) a^2 c^2 e^2) x^3}{3} \\ & + \frac{3 a^2 c^2 e^2 (a c f + a d e + b c e) x^2}{2} + a^3 c^3 e^3 x \end{aligned}$$

Problem 11: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (d x^3 + c x^2)^n \, dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 57 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{x (d x^3 + c x^2)^n \text{hypergeom}\left([-n, 1 + 2 n], [2 + 2 n], -\frac{d x}{c}\right)}{(1 + 2 n) \left(1 + \frac{d x}{c}\right)^n}$$

Result (type 8, 15 leaves):

$$\int (d x^3 + c x^2)^n \, dx$$

Problem 17: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{8 x^4 - x^3 + 8 x + 8} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 192 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\left(3 - \left(1 + \frac{4}{x}\right)^2\right)\sqrt{7}}{42}\right)\sqrt{7}}{84} - \frac{\ln\left(\left(1 + \frac{4}{x}\right)^2 + 3\sqrt{29} - \left(1 + \frac{4}{x}\right)\sqrt{6 + 6\sqrt{29}}\right)\sqrt{-132762 + 81606\sqrt{29}}}{29232} \\
 & + \frac{\ln\left(\left(1 + \frac{4}{x}\right)^2 + 3\sqrt{29} + \left(1 + \frac{4}{x}\right)\sqrt{6 + 6\sqrt{29}}\right)\sqrt{-132762 + 81606\sqrt{29}}}{29232} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2 + \frac{8}{x} - \sqrt{6 + 6\sqrt{29}}}{\sqrt{-6 + 6\sqrt{29}}}\right)\sqrt{132762 + 81606\sqrt{29}}}{14616} \\
 & - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2 + \frac{8}{x} + \sqrt{6 + 6\sqrt{29}}}{\sqrt{-6 + 6\sqrt{29}}}\right)\sqrt{132762 + 81606\sqrt{29}}}{14616}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 40 leaves):

$$\sum_{R=RootOf(8\_Z^4 - Z^3 + 8\_Z + 8)} \frac{\ln(x - R)}{32\_R^3 - 3\_R^2 + 8}$$

Problem 18: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{(4x^4 + 4x^2 + 4x + 1)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 239 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{-17 + \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2}{2\left(5 - 2\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 + \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^4\right)} + \frac{\left(59 - 17\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)}{10\left(5 - 2\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 + \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^4\right)} + \frac{7\arctan\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2}{2}\right)}{4} \\
 & + \frac{\ln\left(\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 + \sqrt{5} - \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)\sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{5}}\right)\sqrt{-59590 + 26650\sqrt{5}}}{400} - \frac{\ln\left(\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 + \sqrt{5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)\sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{5}}\right)\sqrt{-59590 + 26650\sqrt{5}}}{400} \\
 & - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2 + \frac{2}{x} - \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{-2 + 2\sqrt{5}}}\right)\sqrt{59590 + 26650\sqrt{5}}}{200} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2 + \frac{2}{x} + \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{-2 + 2\sqrt{5}}}\right)\sqrt{59590 + 26650\sqrt{5}}}{200}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 78 leaves):

$$\frac{\frac{9}{20}x^3 - \frac{1}{5}x^2 + \frac{21}{40}x + \frac{19}{80}}{x^4 + x^2 + x + \frac{1}{4}} + \frac{\left( \sum_{R=RootOf(4 \cdot Z^4 + 4 \cdot Z^2 + 4 \cdot Z + 1)} \frac{(18 \cdot R^2 - 16 \cdot R + 27) \ln(x - R)}{4 \cdot R^3 + 2 \cdot R + 1} \right)}{40}$$

Problem 20: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (b^5 x^5 + 5 a b^4 x^4 + 10 a^2 b^3 x^3 + 10 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 5 a^4 b x + a^5)^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 12 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(bx + a)^{11}}{11b}$$

Result (type 1, 108 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{11} b^{10} x^{11} + a b^9 x^{10} + 5 a^2 b^8 x^9 + 15 a^3 b^7 x^8 + 30 a^4 b^6 x^7 + 42 a^5 b^5 x^6 + 42 a^6 b^4 x^5 + 30 a^7 b^3 x^4 + 15 a^8 b^2 x^3 + 5 a^9 b x^2 + a^{10} x$$

Problem 21: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (b^5 x^5 + 5 a b^4 x^4 + 10 a^2 b^3 x^3 + 10 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 5 a^4 b x + a^5) dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 12 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{(bx + a)^6}{6b}$$

Result (type 1, 53 leaves):

$$a^5 x + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b x^2 + \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 x^3 + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 x^4 + a b^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{6} b^5 x^6$$

Problem 27: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - (dx + c)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(dx + c)}{d}$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$\frac{\ln(dx + c + 1)}{2d} - \frac{\ln(dx + c - 1)}{2d}$$

Problem 29: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (bx + a)^2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 57 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{(2a^2 + 1) \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^3} + \frac{3a\sqrt{1 - (bx + a)^2}}{2b^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1 - (bx + a)^2}}{2b^2}$$

Result(type 3, 151 leaves):

$$-\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{2b^2} + \frac{3a\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b^2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}\left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}\right)}{2b^2\sqrt{b^2}}$$

Problem 30: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + (bx + a)^2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 53 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{(-2a^2 + 1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx + a)}{2b^3} - \frac{3a\sqrt{1 + (bx + a)^2}}{2b^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{1 + (bx + a)^2}}{2b^2}$$

Result(type 3, 145 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2 \ln\left(\frac{b^2x + ab}{\sqrt{b^2}} + \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b^2}} \\ & - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{b^2x + ab}{\sqrt{b^2}} + \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}\right)}{2b^2\sqrt{b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 31: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b(dx + c)^4} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 156 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\arctan\left(-1 + \frac{b^{1/4}(dx + c)\sqrt{2}}{a^{1/4}}\right)\sqrt{2}}{4a^{3/4}b^{1/4}d} + \frac{\arctan\left(1 + \frac{b^{1/4}(dx + c)\sqrt{2}}{a^{1/4}}\right)\sqrt{2}}{4a^{3/4}b^{1/4}d} - \frac{\ln\left(-a^{1/4}b^{1/4}(dx + c)\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{a} + (dx + c)^2\sqrt{b}\right)\sqrt{2}}{8a^{3/4}b^{1/4}d} \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(a^{1/4} b^{1/4} (dx + c) \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{a} + (dx + c)^2 \sqrt{b}) \sqrt{2}}{8 a^{3/4} b^{1/4} d}$$

Result (type 7, 93 leaves):

$$\sum_{R=RootOf(b d^4 Z^4 + 4 d^3 c b Z^3 + 6 c^2 d^2 b Z^2 + 4 c^3 d b Z + b c^4 + a)} \frac{\ln(x - R)}{4 b d} \frac{d^3 - R^3 + 3 d^2 c R^2 + 3 c^2 d R + c^3}{d^3 - R^3 + 3 d^2 c R^2 + 3 c^2 d R + c^3}$$

Problem 35: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^4 + 4x^3 - 8x^2 + a + 8x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 65 leaves, 4 steps):

$$- \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{4+a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{4+a}\sqrt{1-\sqrt{4+a}}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{4+a}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}$$

Result (type 7, 48 leaves):

$$- \left( \sum_{R=RootOf(Z^4 - 4 Z^3 + 8 Z^2 - 8 Z - a)} \frac{\ln(x - R)}{R^3 - 3 R^2 + 4 R - 2} \right) \frac{1}{4}$$

Problem 36: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-x^4 + 4x^3 - 8x^2 + a + 8x)^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 219 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{(5 + a + (-1 + x)^2) (-1 + x)}{8 (a^2 + 7 a + 12) (3 + a - 2 (-1 + x)^2 - (-1 + x)^4)^2} + \frac{((6 + a) (25 + 7 a) + 6 (7 + 2 a) (-1 + x)^2) (-1 + x)}{32 (3 + a)^2 (4 + a)^2 (3 + a - 2 (-1 + x)^2 - (-1 + x)^4)} \\ - \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{4+a}}}\right) (80 + 7 a^2 + 14 \sqrt{4+a} + a (47 + 4 \sqrt{4+a}))}{64 (3 + a)^2 (4 + a)^5 \sqrt{1-\sqrt{4+a}}} - \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}\right) \left(14 + 4 a + \frac{-7 a^2 - 47 a - 80}{\sqrt{4+a}}\right)}{64 (3 + a)^2 (4 + a)^2 \sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}$$

Result (type 7, 397 leaves):

$$- \frac{1}{(x^4 - 4x^3 + 8x^2 - a - 8x)^2} \left( \frac{3 (7 + 2 a) x^7}{16 (a^4 + 14 a^3 + 73 a^2 + 168 a + 144)} - \frac{21 (7 + 2 a) x^6}{16 (a^2 + 8 a + 16) (a^2 + 6 a + 9)} + \frac{(7 a^2 + 343 a + 1116) x^5}{32 (a^4 + 14 a^3 + 73 a^2 + 168 a + 144)} \right) \\ - \frac{5 (7 a^2 + 175 a + 528) x^4}{32 (a^4 + 14 a^3 + 73 a^2 + 168 a + 144)} + \frac{(34 a^2 + 679 a + 1968) x^3}{16 (a^4 + 14 a^3 + 73 a^2 + 168 a + 144)} - \frac{(32 a^2 + 623 a + 1800) x^2}{16 (a^4 + 14 a^3 + 73 a^2 + 168 a + 144)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(11 a^3 + 107 a^2 - 84 a - 1152) x}{32 (a^4 + 14 a^3 + 73 a^2 + 168 a + 144)} + \frac{11 a^3 + 131 a^2 + 408 a + 288}{32 (a^4 + 14 a^3 + 73 a^2 + 168 a + 144)} \Big) \\
& - \frac{3 \left( \sum_{R=RootOf(\_Z^4-4\_{Z}^3+8\_{Z}^2-8\_{Z}-a)} \frac{(108 + 2 (7 + 2 a) \_R^2 + 4 (-2 a - 7) \_R + 7 a^2 + 55 a) \ln(x - \_R)}{(\_R^3 - 3 \_R^2 + 4 \_R - 2) (a^3 + 10 a^2 + 33 a + 36) (4 + a)} \right)}{128}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 41: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (b^3 x^6 + 9 a b^2 x^4 + 27 a^2 c x^3 + 27 a^2 b x^2 + 27 a^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 456 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{27 a^3 x} - \frac{(2 b - 3 a^{1/3} c^{2/3}) \ln(3 a + 3 a^{2/3} c^{1/3} x + b x^2)}{486 a^{11/3} c^{1/3}} + \frac{(2 b - 3 (-1)^2/3 a^{1/3} c^{2/3}) \ln(3 a - 3 (-1)^{1/3} a^{2/3} c^{1/3} x + b x^2)}{162 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^2 a^{11/3} c^{1/3}} \\
& + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} (2 b + 3 (-1)^{1/3} a^{1/3} c^{2/3}) \ln(3 a + 3 (-1)^{2/3} a^{2/3} c^{1/3} x + b x^2)}{486 a^{11/3} c^{1/3}} \\
& + \frac{(2 b^2 - 12 a^{1/3} b c^{2/3} + 9 a^2 b c^{4/3}) \arctan\left(\frac{(3 a^{2/3} c^{1/3} + 2 b x) \sqrt{3}}{3 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{4 b - 3 a^{1/3} c^{2/3}}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{729 a^{23/6} c^{2/3} \sqrt{4 b - 3 a^{1/3} c^{2/3}}} \\
& + \frac{(-1)^{2/3} (2 b^2 + 12 (-1)^{1/3} a^{1/3} b c^{2/3} + 9 (-1)^{2/3} a^{2/3} c^{4/3}) \arctan\left(\frac{(3 (-1)^{2/3} a^{2/3} c^{1/3} + 2 b x) \sqrt{3}}{3 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{4 b + 3 (-1)^{1/3} a^{1/3} c^{2/3}}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{243 (1 - (-1)^{1/3}) (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^2 a^{23/6} c^{2/3} \sqrt{4 b + 3 (-1)^{1/3} a^{1/3} c^{2/3}}} \\
& + \frac{(2 (-1)^{2/3} b^2 + 12 (-1)^{1/3} a^{1/3} b c^{2/3} + 9 a^2 b c^{4/3}) \arctan\left(\frac{(3 (-1)^{1/3} a^{2/3} c^{1/3} - 2 b x) \sqrt{3}}{3 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{4 b - 3 (-1)^{2/3} a^{1/3} c^{2/3}}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{243 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^2 a^{23/6} c^{2/3} \sqrt{4 b - 3 (-1)^{2/3} a^{1/3} c^{2/3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 132 leaves):

$$\sum_{R=RootOf(b^3 \_Z^6 + 9 a b^2 \_Z^4 + 27 a^2 c \_Z^3 + 27 a^2 b \_Z^2 + 27 a^3)} \frac{(-\_R^4 b^3 - 9 \_R^2 a b^2 - 27 \_R a^2 c - 27 a^2 b) \ln(x - \_R)}{2 \_R^5 b^3 + 12 \_R^3 a b^2 + 27 \_R^2 a^2 c + 18 \_R a^2 b} - \frac{1}{27 a^3 x}$$

Problem 42: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x}{x^6 + 18 x^4 + 324 x^3 + 108 x^2 + 216} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 242 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(-1)^2/3 \ln(6 - 3(-3)^1/3 2^2/3 x + x^2) 2^2/3 3^1/3}{1296 (1 + (-1)^1/3)^2} - \frac{(-1)^2/3 \ln(6 + 3(-2)^2/3 3^1/3 x + x^2) 2^2/3 3^1/3}{3888} - \frac{\ln(6 + 3 2^2/3 3^1/3 x + x^2) 2^2/3 3^1/3}{3888} \\
& - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{3(-3)^1/3 2^2/3 - 2x}{\sqrt{24 - 18(-3)^2/3 2^1/3}}\right) 2^5/6 3^1/6}{216 (1 + (-1)^1/3)^2 \sqrt{4 - 3(-3)^2/3 2^1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^1/6 (3 3^1/3 + 2^1/3 x)}{\sqrt{-12 + 9 2^1/3 3^2/3}}\right) 2^5/6 3^1/6}{648 \sqrt{-4 + 3 2^1/3 3^2/3}} \\
& + \frac{(-1)^1/3 \arctan\left(\frac{3(-2)^2/3 3^1/3 + 2x}{\sqrt{24 + 18(-2)^1/3 3^2/3}}\right) 2^1/3 3^1/6}{324 \sqrt{8 + 9 12^1/3 3^1/6 + 3 2^1/3 3^2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 53 leaves):

$$\left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^6 + 18\text{Z}^4 + 324\text{Z}^3 + 108\text{Z}^2 + 216)} \frac{R \ln(x - R)}{R^5 + 12R^3 + 162R^2 + 36R} \right) \frac{1}{6}$$

Problem 43: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 + 18x^4 + 324x^3 + 108x^2 + 216} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 255 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\ln(6 - 3(-3)^1/3 2^2/3 x + x^2) 2^1/3 3^2/3}{1296 (1 + (-1)^1/3)^2} - \frac{(-1)^1/3 3^2/3 \ln(6 + 3(-2)^2/3 3^1/3 x + x^2) 2^1/3}{3888} + \frac{\ln(6 + 3 2^2/3 3^1/3 x + x^2) 2^1/3 3^2/3}{3888} \\
& + \frac{(-1)^2/3 (3(-3)^2/3 - 2^2/3) \arctan\left(\frac{3(-3)^1/3 2^2/3 - 2x}{\sqrt{24 - 18(-3)^2/3 2^1/3}}\right) 3^5/6}{972 (1 + (-1)^1/3)^2 \sqrt{8 - 6(-3)^2/3 2^1/3}} - \frac{(9 - 2^2/3 3^1/3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^1/6 (3 3^1/3 + 2^1/3 x)}{\sqrt{-12 + 9 2^1/3 3^2/3}}\right)}{972 \sqrt{-24 + 18 2^1/3 3^2/3}} \\
& + \frac{(9 - (-2)^2/3 3^1/3) \arctan\left(\frac{3(-2)^2/3 3^1/3 + 2x}{\sqrt{24 + 18(-2)^1/3 3^2/3}}\right)}{972 \sqrt{24 + 27 12^1/3 3^1/6 + 9 2^1/3 3^2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 52 leaves):

$$\left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^6 + 18\text{Z}^4 + 324\text{Z}^3 + 108\text{Z}^2 + 216)} \frac{\ln(x - R)}{R^5 + 12R^3 + 162R^2 + 36R} \right) \frac{1}{6}$$

Problem 44: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(x^6 + 18x^4 + 324x^3 + 108x^2 + 216)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 694 leaves, 23 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(-4(-1)^{1/3}3^{2/3} - 186^{1/3} + 9((-2)^2/3 + 2(-1)^{1/3}3^{2/3})x)2^{1/3}}{1944(1+(-1)^{1/3})^4(4-3(-3)^2/32^{1/3})(6-3(-3)^{1/3}2^{2/3}x+x^2)} + \frac{-(-6)^{1/3}(9(-2)^{1/3} + 23^{1/3}) + 9(1+(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3})x}{4374(8+912^{1/3}3^{1/6} + 32^{1/3}3^{2/3})(6+3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3}x+x^2)} \\
& + \frac{(4-62^{1/3}3^{2/3} - 3(6-2^{2/3}3^{1/3})x)2^{1/3}3^{2/3}}{17496(4-32^{1/3}3^{2/3})(6+32^{2/3}3^{1/3}x+x^2)} + \frac{I\ln(6-3(-3)^{1/3}2^{2/3}x+x^2)2^{1/3}3^{1/6}}{3888(1+(-1)^{1/3})^5} - \frac{\ln(6+32^{2/3}3^{1/3}x+x^2)2^{1/3}3^{2/3}}{104976} \\
& - \frac{(-1)^{1/3}(((-3)^{1/3} + 32^{1/3})\arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/6}(3(-3)^{1/3} - 2^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{12-9(-3)^2/32^{1/3}}}\right)3^{1/6}\sqrt{2}}{324(1+(-1)^{1/3})^4(4-3(-3)^2/32^{1/3})^{3/2}} - \frac{\ln(6+3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3}x+x^2)(1+\sqrt{3})2^{1/3}3^{1/6}}{7776(1+(-1)^{1/3})^5} \\
& + \frac{(1+(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3})\arctan\left(\frac{3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3} + 2x}{\sqrt{24+18(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}\right)\sqrt{6}}{324(1-(-1)^{1/3})^2(1+(-1)^{1/3})^4(4+3(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3})^{3/2}} + \frac{(1-2^{1/3}3^{2/3})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/6}(33^{1/3} + 2^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{-12+92^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}\right)\sqrt{6}}{324(1-(-1)^{1/3})^2(1+(-1)^{1/3})^4(-4+32^{1/3}3^{2/3})^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{3(-3)^{1/3}2^{2/3} - 2x}{\sqrt{24-18(-3)^2/32^{1/3}}}\right)(9I + 3^{1/3}(212^{2/3} - 93^{1/6} + 22^{2/3}\sqrt{3}))}{5832(1+(-1)^{1/3})^5\sqrt{8-6(-3)^2/32^{1/3}}} \\
& + \frac{(93^{1/6} + I(42^{2/3} - 33^{2/3}))\arctan\left(\frac{3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3} + 2x}{\sqrt{24+18(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}\right)3^{1/3}}{5832(1+(-1)^{1/3})^5\sqrt{8+6(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3}}} + \frac{(22^{2/3} + 33^{2/3})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/6}(33^{1/3} + 2^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{-12+92^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}\right)3^{5/6}}{78732\sqrt{-8+62^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 121 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{73}{68364}x^5 - \frac{1}{3798}x^4 + \frac{227}{17091}x^3 + \frac{4}{633}x^2 - \frac{8}{5697}x + \frac{2}{211}}{x^6 + 18x^4 + 324x^3 + 108x^2 + 216} \\
& + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^6+18\text{Z}^4+324\text{Z}^3+108\text{Z}^2+216)} \frac{(73\_R^4 - 36\_R^3 + 96\_R^2 - 216\_R + 96)\ln(x - \_R)}{\_R^5 + 12\_R^3 + 162\_R^2 + 36\_R}\right)}{410184}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 45: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(x^6 + 18x^4 + 324x^3 + 108x^2 + 216)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 588 leaves, 23 steps):

$$\frac{(-1)^{1/3}3^{2/3}(3(-3)^{1/3}2^{2/3} - 2x)2^{1/3}}{34992(1+(-1)^{1/3})^4(4-3(-3)^2/32^{1/3})(6-3(-3)^{1/3}2^{2/3}x+x^2)} - \frac{(-1)^{1/3}3^{2/3}(3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3} + 2x)2^{1/3}}{157464(8+912^{1/3}3^{1/6} + 32^{1/3}3^{2/3})(6+3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3}x+x^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{-3 \cdot 3^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} x}{52488 (9 \cdot 2^{1/3} - 4 \cdot 3^{1/3}) (6 + 3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \cdot 3^{1/3} x + x^2)} + \frac{(-1)^{1/3} \arctan\left(\frac{3 (-3)^{1/3} 2^{2/3} - 2x}{\sqrt{24 - 18 (-3)^2 2^{1/3}}}\right) 2^{1/3} 3^{1/6}}{4374 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^4 (8 - 9 \cdot 12^{1/3} 3^{1/6} + 3 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3})^3 2^{1/2}} \\
& - \frac{(-1)^{1/3} \arctan\left(\frac{3 (-2)^{2/3} 3^{1/3} + 2x}{\sqrt{24 + 18 (-2)^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}}\right) 2^{5/6} 3^{1/6}}{17496 (1 - (-1)^{1/3})^2 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^4 (4 + 3 (-2)^{1/3} 3^{2/3})^3 2^{1/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/6} (3 \cdot 3^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} x)}{\sqrt{-12 + 9 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}}\right) 2^{5/6} 3^{1/6}}{157464 (-4 + 3 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3})^3 2^{1/2}} \\
& - \frac{\ln(6 - 3 (-3)^{1/3} 2^{2/3} x + x^2) 2^{2/3} 3^{1/3}}{209952 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^4} + \frac{I \ln(6 + 3 (-2)^{2/3} 3^{1/3} x + x^2) 2^{2/3} 3^{5/6}}{209952 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^5} - \frac{\ln(6 + 3 \cdot 2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} x + x^2) 2^{2/3} 3^{1/3}}{1889568} \\
& - \frac{I \arctan\left(\frac{2^{1/6} (3 (-3)^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} x)}{\sqrt{12 - 9 (-3)^2 2^{1/3}}}\right) 2^{5/6} 3^{2/3}}{34992 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^5 \sqrt{4 - 3 (-3)^2 2^{1/3} 2^{1/3}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{3 (-2)^{2/3} 3^{1/3} + 2x}{\sqrt{24 + 18 (-2)^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}}\right) (1 + \sqrt{3}) 2^{5/6} 3^{2/3}}{69984 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^5 \sqrt{4 + 3 (-2)^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/6} (3 \cdot 3^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} x)}{\sqrt{-12 + 9 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}}\right) 2^{5/6} 3^{1/6}}{314928 \sqrt{-4 + 3 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 121 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{136728} x^5 + \frac{1}{153819} x^4 - \frac{1}{5697} x^3 - \frac{1}{844} x^2 + \frac{1}{3798} x - \frac{4}{17091} \\
& \frac{x^6 + 18 x^4 + 324 x^3 + 108 x^2 + 216}{x^6 + 18 x^4 + 324 x^3 + 108 x^2 + 216} \\
& + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^6 + 18 \cdot \text{Z}^4 + 324 \cdot \text{Z}^3 + 108 \cdot \text{Z}^2 + 216)} \frac{(-9 \cdot R^4 + 16 \cdot R^3 - 324 \cdot R^2 + 2628 \cdot R - 324) \ln(x - R)}{R^5 + 12 \cdot R^3 + 162 \cdot R^2 + 36 \cdot R}}{7383312}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 46: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(x^6 + 18 x^4 + 324 x^3 + 108 x^2 + 216)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 601 leaves, 23 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(-6)^{1/3} (2 (-3)^{1/3} + 9 \cdot 2^{1/3}) - 3x}{157464 (8 - 9 \cdot 12^{1/3} 3^{1/6} + 3 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3}) (6 - 3 (-3)^{1/3} 2^{2/3} x + x^2)} + \frac{-(-6)^{1/3} (9 (-2)^{1/3} + 2 \cdot 3^{1/3}) - 3x}{157464 (8 + 9 \cdot 12^{1/3} 3^{1/6} + 3 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3}) (6 + 3 (-2)^{2/3} 3^{1/3} x + x^2)} \\
& + \frac{-2 \cdot 2^{1/3} + 3 \cdot 6^{2/3} + 3^{1/3} x}{104976 (9 \cdot 2^{1/3} - 4 \cdot 3^{1/3}) (6 + 3 \cdot 2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} x + x^2)} - \frac{I \ln(6 - 3 (-3)^{1/3} 2^{2/3} x + x^2) 2^{1/3} 3^{1/6}}{139968 (1 + (-1)^{1/3})^5} + \frac{\ln(6 + 3 \cdot 2^{2/3} 3^{1/3} x + x^2) 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}{3779136} \\
& + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{3 (-3)^{1/3} 2^{2/3} - 2x}{\sqrt{24 - 18 (-3)^2 2^{1/3}}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{78732 (8 - 9 \cdot 12^{1/3} 3^{1/6} + 3 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3})^3 2^{1/2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{3 (-2)^{2/3} 3^{1/3} + 2x}{\sqrt{24 + 18 (-2)^{1/3} 3^{2/3}}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{78732 (8 + 9 \cdot 12^{1/3} 3^{1/6} + 3 \cdot 2^{1/3} 3^{2/3})^3 2^{1/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{\ln(6 + 3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3}x + x^2)(1 + \sqrt{3})2^{1/3}3^{1/6}}{279936(1 + (-1)^{1/3})^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/6}(33^{1/3} + 2^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{-12 + 92^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}\right)\sqrt{6}}{314928(-4 + 32^{1/3}3^{2/3})^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{3(-3)^{1/3}2^{2/3} - 2x}{\sqrt{24 - 18(-3)^{2/3}2^{1/3}}}\right)(91 - 3^{1/3}(212^{2/3} + 93^{1/6} + 22^{2/3}\sqrt{3}))}{209952(1 + (-1)^{1/3})^5\sqrt{8 - 6(-3)^{2/3}2^{1/3}}} \\
& + \frac{(91 + 3^{1/3}(412^{2/3} - 93^{1/6}))\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{3(-2)^{2/3}3^{1/3} + 2x}{\sqrt{24 + 18(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}\right)}{209952(1 + (-1)^{1/3})^5\sqrt{8 + 6(-2)^{1/3}3^{2/3}}} + \frac{(22^{2/3} - 33^{2/3})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/6}(33^{1/3} + 2^{1/3}x)}{\sqrt{-12 + 92^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}\right)3^{5/6}}{2834352\sqrt{-8 + 62^{1/3}3^{2/3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 121 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{922914}x^5 - \frac{1}{136728}x^4 + \frac{4}{153819}x^3 + \frac{1}{5697}x^2 - \frac{73}{68364}x + \frac{1}{3798} \\
& x^6 + 18x^4 + 324x^3 + 108x^2 + 216 \\
& + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^6+18\text{Z}^4+324\text{Z}^3+108\text{Z}^2+216)} \frac{(2\text{R}^4 - 27\text{R}^3 + 72\text{R}^2 - 162\text{R} + 1971)\ln(x - \text{R})}{\text{R}^5 + 12\text{R}^3 + 162\text{R}^2 + 36\text{R}}}{11074968}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 51: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^7(dx^2 + b)^7(3dx^2 + b) dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 14 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{x^8(dx^2 + b)^8}{8}$$

Result (type 1, 88 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8}d^8x^{24} + bd^7x^{22} + \frac{7}{2}b^2d^6x^{20} + 7b^3d^5x^{18} + \frac{35}{4}b^4d^4x^{16} + 7b^5d^3x^{14} + \frac{7}{2}b^6d^2x^{12} + b^7dx^{10} + \frac{1}{8}b^8x^8$$

Problem 52: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^7(dx^2 + cx)^7(3dx^2 + 2cx) dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 12 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{x^{16}(dx + c)^8}{8}$$

Result (type 1, 88 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8}d^8x^{24} + cd^7x^{23} + \frac{7}{2}c^2d^6x^{22} + 7c^3d^5x^{21} + \frac{35}{4}c^4d^4x^{20} + 7c^5d^3x^{19} + \frac{7}{2}c^6d^2x^{18} + c^7dx^{17} + \frac{1}{8}c^8x^{16}$$

Problem 53: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^{15} (dx + c)^7 (3dx + 2c) dx$$

Optimal(type 1, 12 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{x^{16} (dx + c)^8}{8}$$

Result(type 1, 88 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8} d^8 x^{24} + c d^7 x^{23} + \frac{7}{2} c^2 d^6 x^{22} + 7 c^3 d^5 x^{21} + \frac{35}{4} c^4 d^4 x^{20} + 7 c^5 d^3 x^{19} + \frac{7}{2} c^6 d^2 x^{18} + c^7 d x^{17} + \frac{1}{8} c^8 x^{16}$$

Problem 54: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (bx + a) \left( 1 + \left( c + ax + \frac{1}{2} bx^2 \right)^4 \right) dx$$

Optimal(type 1, 25 leaves, 2 steps):

$$ax + \frac{bx^2}{2} + \frac{\left( c + ax + \frac{1}{2} bx^2 \right)^5}{5}$$

Result(type 1, 324 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b^5 x^{10}}{160} + \frac{a b^4 x^9}{16} + \frac{\left( \frac{a^2 b^3}{2} + b \left( \frac{(a^2 + b c) b^2}{2} + a^2 b^2 \right) \right) x^8}{8} + \frac{\left( a \left( \frac{(a^2 + b c) b^2}{2} + a^2 b^2 \right) + b (a c b^2 + 2 (a^2 + b c) a b) \right) x^7}{7} \\ & + \frac{\left( a (a c b^2 + 2 (a^2 + b c) a b) + b \left( \frac{c^2 b^2}{2} + 4 a^2 c b + (a^2 + b c)^2 \right) \right) x^6}{6} + \frac{\left( a \left( \frac{c^2 b^2}{2} + 4 a^2 c b + (a^2 + b c)^2 \right) + b (2 c^2 a b + 4 a c (a^2 + b c)) \right) x^5}{5} \\ & + \frac{(a (2 c^2 a b + 4 a c (a^2 + b c)) + b (2 c^2 (a^2 + b c) + 4 a^2 c^2)) x^4}{4} + \frac{(a (2 c^2 (a^2 + b c) + 4 a^2 c^2) + 4 b c^3 a) x^3}{3} + \frac{(4 a^2 c^3 + b (c^4 + 1)) x^2}{2} + a (c^4 \\ & + 1) x \end{aligned}$$

Problem 58: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + 2x) (x^2 + x)^3 (-18 + 7(x^2 + x)^3)^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 1, 31 leaves, ? steps):

$$81 x^4 (1 + x)^4 - 36 x^7 (1 + x)^7 + \frac{49 x^{10} (1 + x)^{10}}{10}$$

Result(type 1, 86 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{49}{10} x^{20} + 49 x^{19} + \frac{441}{2} x^{18} + 588 x^{17} + 1029 x^{16} + \frac{6174}{5} x^{15} + 993 x^{14} + 336 x^{13} - \frac{1071}{2} x^{12} - 1211 x^{11} - \frac{12551}{10} x^{10} - 756 x^9 - 171 x^8 + 288 x^7 + 486 x^6 \\ & + 324 x^5 + 81 x^4 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 69: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (2x^3 + 3x^2 + x + 5)}{2x^4 + x^3 + 5x^2 + x + 2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 217 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x^2 (7 - 5I\sqrt{7})}{28} + \frac{x^3 (7 - 5I\sqrt{7})}{42} + \frac{x^2 (7 + 5I\sqrt{7})}{28} + \frac{x^3 (7 + 5I\sqrt{7})}{42} - \frac{x (35 - 9I\sqrt{7})}{28} - \frac{x (35 + 9I\sqrt{7})}{28} \\ & + \frac{3 \ln(4 + 4x^2 + x(1 - I\sqrt{7})) (7 - 11I\sqrt{7})}{112} + \frac{3 \ln(4 + 4x^2 + x(1 + I\sqrt{7})) (7 + 11I\sqrt{7})}{112} - \frac{11 \arctan\left(\frac{1 + 8x + I\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{70 - 2I\sqrt{7}}}\right) (9I - 5\sqrt{7})}{4\sqrt{490 - 14I\sqrt{7}}} \\ & + \frac{11 \arctan\left(\frac{1 + 8x - I\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{70 + 2I\sqrt{7}}}\right) (9I + 5\sqrt{7})}{4\sqrt{490 + 14I\sqrt{7}}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 73 leaves):

$$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{5x}{2} + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(2 \cdot Z^4 + Z^3 + 5 \cdot Z^2 + Z + 2)} \frac{(3 \cdot R^3 + 19 \cdot R^2 + R + 10) \ln(x - R)}{8 \cdot R^3 + 3 \cdot R^2 + 10 \cdot R + 1} \right)$$

Problem 90: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{cx^2 + bx + a}{fx^4 + ex^2 + d} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 171 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2fx^2 + e}{\sqrt{-4df + e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-4df + e^2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-4df + e^2}}}\right) \left(c + \frac{2af - ec}{\sqrt{-4df + e^2}}\right) \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e - \sqrt{-4df + e^2}}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-4df + e^2}}}\right) \left(c + \frac{-2af + ec}{\sqrt{-4df + e^2}}\right) \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e + \sqrt{-4df + e^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 615 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt{-4df + e^2} b \ln(2fx^2 + \sqrt{-4df + e^2} + e)}{2(4df - e^2)} + \frac{2f\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(e + \sqrt{-4df + e^2})f}}\right) cd}{(4df - e^2)\sqrt{(e + \sqrt{-4df + e^2})f}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(e + \sqrt{-4df + e^2})f}}\right) ce^2}{2(4df - e^2)\sqrt{(e + \sqrt{-4df + e^2})f}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{f\sqrt{-4df+e^2}\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(e+\sqrt{-4df+e^2})f}}\right)a - \sqrt{-4df+e^2}\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(e+\sqrt{-4df+e^2})f}}\right)ec}{(4df-e^2)\sqrt{(e+\sqrt{-4df+e^2})f}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{-4df+e^2}b\ln(-2fx^2+\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e)}{2(4df-e^2)} - \frac{2f\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e)f}}\right)cd + \sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e)f}}\right)ce^2}{(4df-e^2)\sqrt{(\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e)f}} \\
& + \frac{f\sqrt{-4df+e^2}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e)f}}\right)a - \sqrt{-4df+e^2}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{fx\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e)f}}\right)ec}{(4df-e^2)\sqrt{(\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e)f}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 105: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 - (-x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\operatorname{Iarctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-I2^{1/4}}}\right)\sqrt{1-I2^{1/4}}2^{1/4}}{8} + \frac{\operatorname{Iarctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+I2^{1/4}}}\right)\sqrt{1+I2^{1/4}}2^{1/4}}{8} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+2^{1/4}}}\right)\sqrt{-1+2^{1/4}}2^{1/4}}{8} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2^{1/4}}}\right)\sqrt{1+2^{1/4}}2^{1/4}}{8}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 55 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{8} \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^8-4\text{Z}^6+6\text{Z}^4-4\text{Z}^2-1)} \frac{R^2 \ln(x-R)}{R^7-3R^5+3R^3-R} \right)$$

Problem 106: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{2 + (-x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 129 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{(-1)^{1/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-(-2)^{1/4}}}\right) \sqrt{1-(-2)^{1/4}} 2^{1/4}}{8} + \frac{(-1)^{3/4} 2^{1/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+(-2)^{1/4}}}\right) \sqrt{1+(-2)^{1/4}}}{8} \\
& + \frac{(-1)^{1/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+(-2)^{1/4}}}\right) \sqrt{1+(-2)^{1/4}} 2^{1/4}}{8} - \frac{\operatorname{I}_{\operatorname{arctanh}}\left(x \sqrt{\frac{1+(-2)^{1/4}}{1+(-2)^{1/4}+2^3/4}}\right) ((-2)^{1/4}+\sqrt{2}) \sqrt{\frac{1+(-2)^{1/4}}{1+(-2)^{1/4}+2^3/4}}}{8}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 55 leaves):

$$\left( \sum_{R=\operatorname{RootOf}(Z^8-4Z^6+6Z^4-4Z^2+3)} \frac{R^2 \ln(x-R)}{R^7-3R^5+3R^3-R} \right)$$

Problem 107: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{-x^2+1}{a+b(x^2-1)^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 435 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b^{1/8}x}{\sqrt{(-a)^{1/4}-b^{1/4}}}\right)}{4b^{3/8}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{(-a)^{1/4}-b^{1/4}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b^{1/8}x}{\sqrt{(-a)^{1/4}+b^{1/4}}}\right)}{4b^{3/8}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{(-a)^{1/4}+b^{1/4}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{-b^{1/8}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}}{\sqrt{-b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}}\right)\sqrt{-b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}\sqrt{2}}{8b^{3/8}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}} \\
& + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b^{1/8}x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}}{\sqrt{-b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}}\right)\sqrt{-b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}\sqrt{2}}{8b^{3/8}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}} \\
& + \frac{\ln\left(b^{1/4}x^2+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}b^{1/8}x\right)\sqrt{b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}\sqrt{2}}{16b^{3/8}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}} \\
& - \frac{\ln\left(b^{1/4}x^2+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}b^{1/8}x\right)\sqrt{b^{1/4}+\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}\sqrt{2}}{16b^{3/8}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{b}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 68 leaves):

$$\sum_{R=\operatorname{RootOf}(bZ^8-4bZ^6+6bZ^4-4bZ^2+a+b)} \frac{(-R^2+1)\ln(x-R)}{8bR^7-3R^5+3R^3-R}$$

Problem 134: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 + (x^2 - 1)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 132 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{-2x + \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{4} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{4} + \frac{\ln(x^2 + \sqrt{2} - x\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{4\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}} \\ & - \frac{\ln(x^2 + \sqrt{2} + x\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{4\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 307 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2}\ln(x^2 + \sqrt{2} - x\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(2+2\sqrt{2})\arctan\left(\frac{2x - \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\ln(x^2 + \sqrt{2} - x\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{8} \\ & - \frac{(2+2\sqrt{2})\arctan\left(\frac{2x - \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2}\ln(x^2 + \sqrt{2} + x\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(2+2\sqrt{2})\arctan\left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\ln(x^2 + \sqrt{2} + x\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})}{8} - \frac{(2+2\sqrt{2})\arctan\left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 135: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \left( \frac{3(19x^3 + 120x^2 + 228x - 47)}{(x^4 + x + 3)^4} + \frac{-8x^3 - 75x^2 - 320x + 42}{(x^4 + x + 3)^3} + \frac{30x}{(x^4 + x + 3)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 27 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{-5x^6 + x^4 + 5x^2 - 3x + 2}{(x^4 + x + 3)^3}$$

Result (type 7, 249 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{377432}{195075}x^7 - \frac{1404328}{195075}x^6 + \frac{234517}{195075}x^5 + \frac{660506}{195075}x^4 - \frac{208792}{195075}x^3 - \frac{13339729}{390150}x^2 + \frac{89881}{13005}x + \frac{121303}{21675} \\ & (x^4 + x + 3)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{\left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(z^4 + z + 3)} \frac{(377432 \_R^2 - 2808656 \_R + 703551) \ln(x - \_R)}{4 \_R^3 + 1} \right)}{195075} + \frac{30 \left( -\frac{16}{765} x^3 + \frac{64}{765} x^2 - \frac{1}{765} x - \frac{4}{255} \right)}{x^4 + x + 3} \\
& + \frac{2 \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(z^4 + z + 3)} \frac{(-16 \_R^2 + 128 \_R - 3) \ln(x - \_R)}{4 \_R^3 + 1} \right)}{51} + \frac{1}{(x^4 + x + 3)^3} \left( 3 \left( -\frac{255032}{585225} x^{11} + \frac{914728}{585225} x^{10} - \frac{226867}{585225} x^9 - \frac{701338}{585225} x^8 \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{236024}{585225} x^7 + \frac{13501313}{1170450} x^6 - \frac{2360372}{585225} x^5 - \frac{1873778}{585225} x^4 + \frac{10935781}{1170450} x^3 + \frac{3415123}{130050} x^2 - \frac{62987}{7225} x - \frac{76253}{21675} \left. \right) \\
& + \frac{\left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(z^4 + z + 3)} \frac{(-255032 \_R^2 + 1829456 \_R - 680601) \ln(x - \_R)}{4 \_R^3 + 1} \right)}{195075}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 136: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \left( \frac{-30x^5 + 4x^3 + 10x - 3}{(x^4 + x + 3)^3} - \frac{3(4x^3 + 1)(-5x^6 + x^4 + 5x^2 - 3x + 2)}{(x^4 + x + 3)^4} \right) dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 27 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{-5x^6 + x^4 + 5x^2 - 3x + 2}{(x^4 + x + 3)^3}$$

Result (type 1, 111 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{34568}{195075} x^7 + \frac{73672}{195075} x^6 + \frac{15392}{195075} x^5 - \frac{60494}{195075} x^4 - \frac{68792}{195075} x^3 - \frac{583927}{195075} x^2 + \frac{3356}{13005} x - \frac{2069}{43350} \\
& + \frac{1}{(x^4 + x + 3)^2} + \frac{1}{(x^4 + x + 3)^3} \left( 3 \left( -\frac{34568}{585225} x^{11} + \frac{73672}{585225} x^{10} \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{15392}{585225} x^9 - \frac{95062}{585225} x^8 - \frac{98824}{585225} x^7 - \frac{1322894}{585225} x^6 + \frac{36022}{585225} x^5 - \frac{129019}{1170450} x^4 - \frac{790303}{585225} x^3 - \frac{80674}{65025} x^2 - \frac{10951}{14450} x + \frac{26831}{43350} \left. \right) \left. \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 266 problems in "1.3.2 Algebraic functions.txt"

Problem 3: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2^{2/3} a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 216 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{a^{1/6} (a^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{bx^3 - a}} \right) \sqrt{3}}{9 b^{1/3} \sqrt{a}}$$

$$-\frac{2^{2^{1/3}} (a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3})}{-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 - \sqrt{3})}, 2 \text{I} - \text{I} \sqrt{3}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} + a^{1/3} b^{1/3} x + b^{2/3} x^2}{(-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 - \sqrt{3}))^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) 3^{3/4}}{9 a^{1/3} b^{1/3} \sqrt{b x^3 - a} \sqrt{-\frac{a^{1/3} (a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x)}{(-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 - \sqrt{3}))^2}}}$$

Result(type 8, 30 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(2^{2/3} a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 8: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c) (d^3 x^3 - c^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 116 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\ln((-dx + c)(dx + c)^2) 2^{2/3}}{8cd} - \frac{3 \ln(d(-dx + c) + 2^{2/3} d (d^3 x^3 - c^3)^{1/3}) 2^{2/3}}{8cd} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 - \frac{2^{1/3}(-dx + c)}{(d^3 x^3 - c^3)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3} 2^{2/3}}{4cd}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c) (d^3 x^3 - c^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 9: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c) (d^3 x^3 + 2c^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 162 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\ln(dx + c)}{2cd} - \frac{\ln(-dx + (d^3 x^3 + 2c^3)^{1/3})}{4cd} + \frac{3 \ln(d(dx + 2c) - d(d^3 x^3 + 2c^3)^{1/3})}{4cd} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{2dx}{(d^3 x^3 + 2c^3)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{6cd}$$

$$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{2(dx + 2c)}{(d^3 x^3 + 2c^3)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{2cd}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(d^3x^3+2c^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 10: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (dx+c)^4 (bx^3+a)^{1/3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 317 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3ac^2d^2(bx^3+a)^{1/3}}{2b} + \frac{ad^4x^2(bx^3+a)^{1/3}}{18b} + \frac{(bx^3+a)^{1/3}(5d^4x^5+24cd^3x^4+45c^2d^2x^3+40c^3dx^2+15c^4x)}{30} \\ & + \frac{ac^4x\left(1+\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{2/3}\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right], \left[\frac{4}{3}\right], -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{2(bx^3+a)^{2/3}} + \frac{acd^3x^4\left(1+\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{2/3}\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}\right], \left[\frac{7}{3}\right], -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{5(bx^3+a)^{2/3}} \\ & - \frac{2ac^3d\ln(b^{1/3}x-(bx^3+a)^{1/3})}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{a^2d^4\ln(b^{1/3}x-(bx^3+a)^{1/3})}{18b^{5/3}} - \frac{4ac^3d\arctan\left(\frac{\left(1+\frac{2b^{1/3}x}{(bx^3+a)^{1/3}}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9b^{2/3}} \\ & + \frac{a^2d^4\arctan\left(\frac{\left(1+\frac{2b^{1/3}x}{(bx^3+a)^{1/3}}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{27b^{5/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 159 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(15d^4x^5b+72cd^3x^4b+135c^2d^2x^3b+5ad^4x^2+120bc^3dx^2+36acd^3x+45bc^4x+135c^2d^2a)(bx^3+a)^{1/3}}{90b} \\ & + \frac{\left(\int -\frac{a(10ad^4x-120bc^3dx+36acd^3-45bc^4)}{90b((bx^3+a)^2)^{1/3}} dx\right)((bx^3+a)^2)^{1/3}}{(bx^3+a)^2/3} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 11: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(dx+c)^4}{(bx^3+a)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 251 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3c^2d^2(bx^3+a)^{2/3}}{b} + \frac{4cd^3x(bx^3+a)^{2/3}}{3b} + \frac{2c^3dx^2\left(1+\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{1/3}\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right], \left[\frac{5}{3}\right], -\frac{bx^3}{a}\right)}{(bx^3+a)^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{d^4 x^5 \left(1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{1/3} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}\right], \left[\frac{8}{3}\right], -\frac{b x^3}{a}\right)}{5 (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}} - \frac{c^4 \ln(-b^{1/3} x + (b x^3 + a)^{1/3})}{2 b^{1/3}} + \frac{2 a c d^3 \ln(-b^{1/3} x + (b x^3 + a)^{1/3})}{3 b^{4/3}} \\
& + \frac{c^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 b^{1/3} x}{(b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3 b^{1/3}} \sqrt{3} - \frac{4 a c d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 b^{1/3} x}{(b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{9 b^{4/3}} \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 82 leaves):

$$\frac{d^2 (3 d^2 x^2 + 16 c d x + 36 c^2) (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{12 b} + \int -\frac{3 a d^4 x - 24 b c^3 d x + 8 a c d^3 - 6 b c^4}{6 b (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 12: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d x + c)^3 (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 1346 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 c^4 d^2 (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{2 (-a d^3 + b c^3) (d^3 x^3 + c^3)^2} - \frac{3 c^3 d^3 x (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{2 (-a d^3 + b c^3) (d^3 x^3 + c^3)^2} + \frac{4 b c^4 d^2 (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{3 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^2 (d^3 x^3 + c^3)} - \frac{c d^2 (-3 a d^3 + b c^3) (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{3 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^2 (d^3 x^3 + c^3)} \\
& + \frac{d^3 (-7 a d^3 + 3 b c^3) x (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{18 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^2 (d^3 x^3 + c^3)} - \frac{d^3 (-5 a d^3 + 9 b c^3) x (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{18 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^2 (d^3 x^3 + c^3)} - \frac{7 d^3 (a d^3 + 3 b c^3) x (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}}{18 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^2 (d^3 x^3 + c^3)} \\
& - \frac{3 d x^2 \left(1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{1/3} \text{AppellFI}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 3, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{b x^3}{a}, -\frac{d^3 x^3}{c^3}\right)}{2 c^4 (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}} + \frac{6 d^4 x^5 \left(1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{1/3} \text{AppellFI}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 3, \frac{8}{3}, -\frac{b x^3}{a}, -\frac{d^3 x^3}{c^3}\right)}{5 c^7 (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}} \\
& + \frac{2 b^2 c^4 \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{9 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} + \frac{a^2 d^6 \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{27 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} - \frac{b c (-3 a d^3 + b c^3) \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{18 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} + \frac{7 a d^3 (-a d^3 + 3 b c^3) \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{54 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} \\
& + \frac{(5 a^2 d^6 - 12 a b c^3 d^3 + 9 b^2 c^6) \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{54 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} - \frac{a^2 d^6 \ln\left(\frac{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c} - (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}\right)}{9 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} \\
& - \frac{7 a d^3 (-a d^3 + 3 b c^3) \ln\left(\frac{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c} - (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}\right)}{18 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} - \frac{(5 a^2 d^6 - 12 a b c^3 d^3 + 9 b^2 c^6) \ln\left(\frac{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c} - (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}\right)}{18 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} \\
& - \frac{2 b^2 c^4 \ln((a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} + d (b x^3 + a)^{1/3})}{3 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} + \frac{b c (-3 a d^3 + b c^3) \ln((a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} + d (b x^3 + a)^{1/3})}{6 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{2 a^2 d^6 \arctan \left( \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3} \right) \sqrt{3}}{27 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} + \frac{7 a d^3 (-a d^3 + 3 b c^3) \arctan \left( \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3} \right) \sqrt{3}}{27 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} \\
& + \frac{(5 a^2 d^6 - 12 a b c^3 d^3 + 9 b^2 c^6) \arctan \left( \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3} \right) \sqrt{3}}{27 c^2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} - \frac{4 b^2 c^4 \arctan \left( \frac{\left(1 - \frac{2 d (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3} \right) \sqrt{3}}{9 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}} \\
& + \frac{b c (-3 a d^3 + b c^3) \arctan \left( \frac{\left(1 - \frac{2 d (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3} \right) \sqrt{3}}{9 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{7/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^3 (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}} dx$$

Problem 13: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{dx + c}{(b x^3 + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 96 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{c x \left(1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right], \left[\frac{4}{3}\right], -\frac{b x^3}{a}\right)}{(b x^3 + a)^{2/3}} - \frac{d \ln(b^{1/3} x - (b x^3 + a)^{1/3})}{2 b^{2/3}} - \frac{d \arctan \left( \frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 b^{1/3} x}{(b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3} \right) \sqrt{3}}{3 b^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \frac{dx + c}{(b x^3 + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

Problem 14: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 669 leaves, 18 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c^2 d^2 (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}{(-a d^3 + b c^3) (d^3 x^3 + c^3)} + \frac{d^4 x^2 (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}{(-a d^3 + b c^3) (d^3 x^3 + c^3)} + \frac{x \left(1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{AppellFI}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{b x^3}{a}, -\frac{d^3 x^3}{c^3}\right)}{c^2 (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{d^3 x^4 \left(1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{AppellFI}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{b x^3}{a}, -\frac{d^3 x^3}{c^3}\right)}{2 c^5 (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}} - \frac{b c^2 d \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{3 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} - \frac{a d^4 \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{9 c (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} - \frac{d (-a d^3 + 3 b c^3) \ln(d^3 x^3 + c^3)}{9 c (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} \\
& + \frac{a d^4 \ln\left(\frac{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c} - (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}\right)}{3 c (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} + \frac{d (-a d^3 + 3 b c^3) \ln\left(\frac{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c} - (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}\right)}{3 c (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} \\
& + \frac{b c^2 d \ln\left(( -a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} + d (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}\right)}{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} + \frac{2 a d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{9 c (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} \\
& + \frac{2 d (-a d^3 + 3 b c^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{2 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3} x}{c (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{9 c (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}} - \frac{2 b c^2 d \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 - \frac{2 d (b x^3 + a)^{1/3}}{(-a d^3 + b c^3)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3 (-a d^3 + b c^3)^{5/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (b x^3 + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

Problem 15: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{2^{2/3} + 2x}{(2^{2/3} - x) \sqrt{x^3 - 1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 28 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2 2^{2/3} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(1 - 2^{1/3} x) \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}$$

Result (type 4, 261 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{4 \left( -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1}} \\
& - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (-2^{2/3} + 1)} \left( 6 2^{2/3} \left( -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-2^{2/3} + 1}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 16: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{2^{2/3} a^{1/3} - 2 b^{1/3} x}{(2^{2/3} a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 43 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 2^{2/3} \arctan \left( \frac{a^{1/6} (a^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \right) \sqrt{3}}{3 a^{1/6} b^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 41 leaves):

$$\int \frac{2^{2/3} a^{1/3} - 2 b^{1/3} x}{(2^{2/3} a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} dx$$

Problem 17: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{2^{2/3} a^{1/3} + 2 b^{1/3} x}{(2^{2/3} a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 46 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2 2^{2/3} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{a^{1/6} (a^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{b x^3 - a}} \right) \sqrt{3}}{3 a^{1/6} b^{1/3}}$$

Result(type 8, 44 leaves):

$$\int \frac{2^{2/3} a^{1/3} + 2 b^{1/3} x}{(2^{2/3} a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 18: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{fx + e}{(2^{2/3} + x) \sqrt{x^3 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 126 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{2(e - 2^{2/3} f) \arctan\left(\frac{(1 + 2^{1/3} x) \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{2(2^{1/3} e + f) (1 + x) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1 + x - \sqrt{3}}{1 + x + \sqrt{3}}, I\sqrt{3} + 2I\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x + 1}{(1 + x + \sqrt{3})^2}} 3^{3/4}}{9\sqrt{x^3 + 1} \sqrt{\frac{1 + x}{(1 + x + \sqrt{3})^2}}}$$

Result(type 4, 263 leaves):

$$\frac{2f\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 + 1} (2^{2/3} - 1)} \left( 2(e - 2^{2/3} f) \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right)$$

Problem 20: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{fx + e}{(dx + c) \sqrt{4d^3 x^3 + c^3}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 216 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 (-c f + d e) \arctan \left( \frac{(2 d x + c) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{4 d^3 x^3 + c^3}} \right) \sqrt{3}}{9 c^{3/2} d^2} \\
& + \frac{2^{1/3} (c f + 2 d e) (c + 2^{2/3} d x) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{2^{2/3} d x + c (1 - \sqrt{3})}{2^{2/3} d x + c (1 + \sqrt{3})}, 1 \sqrt{3} + 2 i \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 - 2^{2/3} c d x + 2 2^{1/3} d^2 x^2}{(2^{2/3} d x + c (1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}} 3^{3/4}}{9 c d^2 \sqrt{4 d^3 x^3 + c^3} \sqrt{\frac{c (c + 2^{2/3} d x)}{(2^{2/3} d x + c (1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 899 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{d \sqrt{4 d^3 x^3 + c^3}} \left( 2 f \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{2^{1/3} c}{2 d}}{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c + \frac{2^{1/3} c}{2 d}}} \\
& \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{i \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}}, \frac{2^{1/3} c}{2 d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} \right) \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} + \frac{2^{1/3}c}{2d} \right)} + \frac{1}{d^2 \sqrt{4d^3x^3 + c^3}} \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} + \frac{c}{d} \right) \left( 2^{(-c)f} \right. \\
& \left. + de \right) \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\left( \frac{x - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}{\left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} \right)} \right.} \\
& \left. \sqrt{\left( \frac{x + \frac{2^{1/3}c}{2d}}{\left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} + \frac{2^{1/3}c}{2d} \right)} \right.} \right. \\
& \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d}}{\left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} \right)}}, \right.} \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} - \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} \right) \right) \right) \\
& \left. \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}2^{1/3}}{4} \right) c}{d} + \frac{c}{d} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 21: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(2^{2/3} + x) \sqrt{x^3 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 114 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{2^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{(1+2^{1/3}x)\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9} + \frac{2(1+x) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1+x-\sqrt{3}}{1+x+\sqrt{3}}, 1\sqrt{3}+2I\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(1+x+\sqrt{3})^2}} 3^{3/4}}{9\sqrt{x^3+1} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+x+\sqrt{3})^2}}}$$

Result (type 4, 257 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\ & - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1} (2^{2/3} - 1)} \left( 2^{2/3} \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 23: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x}{(2^{2/3}a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x) \sqrt{-bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 206 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{2^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{a^{1/6}(a^{1/3} - 2^{1/3}b^{1/3}x)\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{-bx^3 + a}}\right)\sqrt{3}}{9a^{1/6}b^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{2 (a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 - \sqrt{3})}{-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3})}, 1/\sqrt{3} + 2i\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} + a^{1/3} b^{1/3} x + b^{2/3} x^2}{(-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}} z^{3/4}}{9 b^{2/3} \sqrt{-b x^3 + a} \sqrt{\frac{a^{1/3} (a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x)}{(-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}}}$$

Result (type 8, 30 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x}{(2^{2/3} a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{-b x^3 + a}} dx$$

Problem 24: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x}{(2 a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 37 leaves, 2 steps):

$$- \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x)^2}{3 a^{1/6} \sqrt{b x^3 - a}}\right)}{3 a^{1/6} b^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 37 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x}{(2 a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 25: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x}{(2 a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{-b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 37 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x)^2}{3 a^{1/6} \sqrt{-b x^3 - a}}\right)}{3 a^{1/6} b^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 38 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x}{(2 a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{-b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 26: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{fx + e}{(dx + c)\sqrt{-8d^3x^3 + c^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 192 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2(-cf + de) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{(-2dx + c)^2}{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-8d^3x^3 + c^3}} \right)}{9c^{3/2}d^2} \\ & -\frac{(cf + 2de)(-2dx + c) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{-2dx + c(1 - \sqrt{3})}{-2dx + c(1 + \sqrt{3})}, I\sqrt{3} + 2I \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{4d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2}{(-2dx + c(1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}} 3^{3/4}}{9cd^2\sqrt{-8d^3x^3 + c^3} \sqrt{\frac{c(-2dx + c)}{(-2dx + c(1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 660 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{d\sqrt{-8d^3x^3 + c^3}} \left( 2f \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{\frac{x - \left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{c}{2d}}{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \right. \\ & \left. \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{c}{2d}} \right) \\ & \sqrt{\frac{x - \left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c - \frac{c}{2d}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{1}{d^2 \sqrt{-8d^3x^3 + c^3} \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} + \frac{c}{d} \right)} \left( 2(-cf + de) \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} \right) \right) \\
& \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}{\frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{c}{2d}}{\frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} - \frac{c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}{\frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}{\frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}}}, \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} + \frac{c}{d} \right) \left. \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 27: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(2-x)\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 104 leaves, 4 steps) :

$$\frac{4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{(1+x)^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{9} - \frac{2(1+x) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1+x-\sqrt{3}}{1+x+\sqrt{3}}, I\sqrt{3} + 2I \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(1+x+\sqrt{3})^2}} 3^{3/4}}{9\sqrt{x^3+1} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+x+\sqrt{3})^2}}}$$

Result (type 4, 239 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{4 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{6}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 28: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(dx+c)\sqrt{-8d^3x^3+c^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 173 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{(-2dx+c)^2}{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-8d^3x^3+c^3}} \right) - (-2dx+c) \text{EllipticF} \left( \frac{-2dx+c(1-\sqrt{3})}{-2dx+c(1+\sqrt{3})}, I\sqrt{3}+2I \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{4d^2x^2+2cdx+c^2}{(-2dx+c(1+\sqrt{3}))^2}} 3^{3/4}}{9d^2\sqrt{c}} \\
& \quad - \frac{9d^2\sqrt{-8d^3x^3+c^3}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(-2dx+c)}{(-2dx+c(1+\sqrt{3}))^2}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 652 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{d\sqrt{-8d^3x^3+c^3}} \left( 2 \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d} \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}} \text{EllipticF} \Bigg| \\
& \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}} \Bigg| \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{c}{2d}}} \Bigg| \\
& - \frac{1}{d^2 \sqrt{-8d^3x^3 + c^3}} \left( \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} + \frac{c}{d} \right) \begin{pmatrix} 2c \left( \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} \right. \\
\left. - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} \right) \end{pmatrix} \\
& - \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) c}{2d}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{c}{2d}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}} \text{EllipticPi} \Bigg| \\
& \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}} \Bigg| \frac{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d}}{\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} + \frac{c}{d}}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} \\
\frac{(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2})c}{2d} + \frac{c}{d} \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 29: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+x+\sqrt{3}}{(1+x-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 32 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(1+x) \sqrt{-3+2 \sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{-3+2 \sqrt{3}}}$$

Result (type 4, 244 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2 \left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\ & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\left(4 \left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}},\right.\right. \\ & \left.\left.-\frac{\left(-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 30: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1-x+\sqrt{3}}{(1-x-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-x^3+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 36 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(1-x) \sqrt{-3+2 \sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{-x^3+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{-3+2 \sqrt{3}}}$$

Result (type 4, 242 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \operatorname{I} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{I}\left(x+\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{-\operatorname{I}\left(x+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{I}\left(x+\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \sqrt{\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^3+1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}+\sqrt{3}\right)}\left(4 \operatorname{I} \sqrt{\operatorname{I}\left(x+\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}} \sqrt{-\frac{1+x}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{-\operatorname{I}\left(x+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\sqrt{3}\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\sqrt{\operatorname{I}\left(x+\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}\right), \frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}+\sqrt{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 31: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+x-\sqrt{3}}{(1+x+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{x^3+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 32 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2 \arctan \left(\frac{(1+x) \sqrt{3+2 \sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{3+2 \sqrt{3}}}$$

Result (type 4, 244 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\left(4\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3}}{2}}},\right.\right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1\sqrt{3}}{2}}{3} \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix}} \right)$$

Problem 32: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}{(b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}))\sqrt{bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 2 steps):

$$- \frac{2 \arctan \left( \frac{a^{1/6}(a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}x)\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + a}} \right)}{a^{1/6}b^{1/3}\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result (type 8, 46 leaves):

$$\int \frac{b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}{(b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}))\sqrt{bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Problem 33: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}))\sqrt{-bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 51 leaves, 2 steps):

$$- \frac{2 \arctan \left( \frac{a^{1/6}(a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x)\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{-bx^3 + a}} \right)}{a^{1/6}b^{1/3}\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result (type 8, 49 leaves):

$$\int \frac{-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}))\sqrt{-bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Problem 34: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}))\sqrt{bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 52 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{a^{1/6} (a^{1/3} - b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{b x^3 - a}} \right)}{a^{1/6} b^{1/3} \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result(type 8, 50 leaves):

$$\int \frac{-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 - \sqrt{3})}{(-b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 35: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 - \sqrt{3})}{(b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{-b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 52 leaves, 2 steps):

$$- \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{a^{1/6} (a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} x) \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{-b x^3 - a}} \right)}{a^{1/6} b^{1/3} \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result(type 8, 49 leaves):

$$\int \frac{b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 - \sqrt{3})}{(b^{1/3} x + a^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{-b x^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 36: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1 - \left( \frac{b}{a} \right)^{1/3} x - \sqrt{3}}{\left( 1 - \left( \frac{b}{a} \right)^{1/3} x + \sqrt{3} \right) \sqrt{-b x^3 + a}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 57 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctan} \left( \frac{\left( 1 - \left( \frac{b}{a} \right)^{1/3} x \right) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{-b x^3 + a}} \right)}{\left( \frac{b}{a} \right)^{1/3} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result(type 8, 47 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} x - \sqrt{3}}{\left(1 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} x + \sqrt{3}\right) \sqrt{-bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Problem 37: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1 + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} x - \sqrt{3}}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} x + \sqrt{3}\right) \sqrt{-bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 58 leaves, 2 steps):

$$- \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\left(1 + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} x\right) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{-bx^3 - a}} \right)}{\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result (type 8, 47 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1 + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} x - \sqrt{3}}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{1/3} x + \sqrt{3}\right) \sqrt{-bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 38: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1+x-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{x^3+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 119 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{(1+x) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1+x-\sqrt{3}}{1+x+\sqrt{3}}, I\sqrt{3} + 2I \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(1+x+\sqrt{3})^2}} 3^{3/4}}{3 \sqrt{x^3+1} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+x+\sqrt{3})^2}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{(1+x) \sqrt{-3+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{-3+2\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result (type 4, 244 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}} \left( 2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}}, \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{\left( -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right) \sqrt{3}}{3}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 39: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{fx + e}{(b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 243 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{a^{1/6} (a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}x) \sqrt{-3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + a}} \right) (b^{1/3}e - a^{1/3}f(1 - \sqrt{3}))}{b^{2/3} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{-9 + 6\sqrt{3}}} \\
& - \frac{1}{3a^{1/3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{bx^3 + a} \sqrt{\frac{a^{1/3}(a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}x)}{(b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}}} \left( (a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}x) \text{EllipticF} \left( \frac{b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}{b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3})}, i\sqrt{3} + 2i \right) (b^{1/3}e \right. \\
& \left. - a^{1/3}f(1 + \sqrt{3})) \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - a^{1/3}b^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2}{(b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}))^2}} 3^{1/4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 36 leaves):

$$\int \frac{fx + e}{(b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{bx^3 + a}} dx$$

Problem 40: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{fx + e}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 255 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3a^{1/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{bx^3 - a}} \sqrt{-\frac{a^{1/3}(a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x)}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}))^2}} \left( (a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3})}{-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}, 2I - I\sqrt{3}\right) (b^{1/3}e + a^{1/3}f(1 + \sqrt{3})) \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{3}) \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} + a^{1/3}b^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}))^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) 3^{1/4} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a^{1/6}(a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x)\sqrt{-3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{bx^3 - a}}\right) (b^{1/3}e + a^{1/3}f(1 - \sqrt{3}))}{b^{2/3}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-9 + 6\sqrt{3}}}$$

Result(type 8, 39 leaves):

$$\int \frac{fx + e}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 41: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 208 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a^{1/6}(a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x)\sqrt{-3 + 2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{bx^3 - a}}\right) \sqrt{2} 3^{1/4}}{3a^{1/6}b^{2/3}} \\ + \frac{(a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 + \sqrt{3})}{-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})}, 2I - I\sqrt{3}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} + a^{1/3}b^{1/3}x + b^{2/3}x^2}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}))^2}} 3^{1/4}}{3b^{2/3}\sqrt{bx^3 - a}} \sqrt{-\frac{a^{1/3}(a^{1/3} - b^{1/3}x)}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}))^2}}$$

Result(type 8, 35 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x}{(-b^{1/3}x + a^{1/3}(1 - \sqrt{3})) \sqrt{bx^3 - a}} dx$$

Problem 49: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (fx + e)^n}{bx^3 + a} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 245 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(fx + e)^{1+n}}{bf(1+n)} + \frac{a^{1/3} (fx + e)^{1+n} \text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+n], [n+2], \frac{b^{1/3} (fx + e)}{b^{1/3} e - a^{1/3} f}\right)}{3b(b^{1/3} e - a^{1/3} f)(1+n)} \\ & + \frac{a^{1/3} (fx + e)^{1+n} \text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+n], [n+2], \frac{(-1)^2/3 b^{1/3} (fx + e)}{(-1)^2/3 b^{1/3} e - a^{1/3} f}\right)}{3b((-1)^2/3 b^{1/3} e - a^{1/3} f)(1+n)} \\ & - \frac{a^{1/3} (fx + e)^{1+n} \text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+n], [n+2], \frac{(-1)^1/3 b^{1/3} (fx + e)}{(-1)^1/3 b^{1/3} e + a^{1/3} f}\right)}{3b((-1)^1/3 b^{1/3} e + a^{1/3} f)(1+n)} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^3 (fx + e)^n}{bx^3 + a} dx$$

Problem 50: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x (fx + e)^n}{bx^3 + a} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 230 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(fx + e)^{1+n} \text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+n], [n+2], \frac{b^{1/3} (fx + e)}{b^{1/3} e - a^{1/3} f}\right)}{3a^{1/3}b^{1/3}(b^{1/3}e - a^{1/3}f)(1+n)} - \frac{(-1)^{1/3} (fx + e)^{1+n} \text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+n], [n+2], \frac{(-1)^2/3 b^{1/3} (fx + e)}{(-1)^2/3 b^{1/3} e - a^{1/3} f}\right)}{3a^{1/3}b^{1/3}((-1)^2/3 b^{1/3} e - a^{1/3} f)(1+n)} \\ & - \frac{(-1)^{2/3} (fx + e)^{1+n} \text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+n], [n+2], \frac{(-1)^1/3 b^{1/3} (fx + e)}{(-1)^1/3 b^{1/3} e + a^{1/3} f}\right)}{3a^{1/3}b^{1/3}((-1)^1/3 b^{1/3} e + a^{1/3} f)(1+n)} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x (fx + e)^n}{bx^3 + a} dx$$

Problem 51: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(e^3 x^3 + d^3)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

Optimal(type 6, 123 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{(e^3 x^3 + d^3)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(p, -p, -p, 1 + p, -\frac{2 (e x + d)}{d (-3 + I \sqrt{3})}, \frac{2 (e x + d)}{d (3 + I \sqrt{3})}\right)}{e p \left(1 + \frac{2 (e x + d)}{d (-3 + I \sqrt{3})}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{2 (e x + d)}{d (3 + I \sqrt{3})}\right)^p}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(e^3 x^3 + d^3)^p}{e x + d} dx$$

Problem 52: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-x^2 + 2x + 2}{(x^2 + 2) \sqrt{x^3 - 1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-x}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1}}\right)$$

Result(type 4, 1655 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2 \left( -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1}} \\ & - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (1 - I \sqrt{2})} \left( 3 \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right)} \right. \\ & \left. \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right)} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{1 - I \sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (1 - I \sqrt{2})} \left( I \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{1 - I\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \sqrt{3} \\
& + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (1 - I\sqrt{2})} \left( 3I\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{1 - I\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (1 - I\sqrt{2})} \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{1 - I\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \sqrt{3} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (I\sqrt{2} + 1)} \left( 3 \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{I\sqrt{2} + 1}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (I\sqrt{2} + 1)} \left( I \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}} \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \right) \sqrt{3} \\
& - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (1 + \sqrt{2})} \left( 3i\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} - \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \right) \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 - 1} (1 + \sqrt{2})} \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} - \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)} + \frac{1}{2 \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \right)}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}}, \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3}}} \right) \sqrt{3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 53: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-x^2 - 2x + 2}{(dx + x^2 + d + 2) \sqrt{-x^3 - 1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{(1+x) \sqrt{1+d}}{\sqrt{-x^3 - 1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+d}}$$

Result (type 4, 1887 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I\left(x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{-I\left(x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I\left(x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & + \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{d^2-4 d-8} \sqrt{-x^3-1} \left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{d}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-4 d-8}}{2}\right)} \left( I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}+\frac{1}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. \sqrt{-I \sqrt{3} x+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I\left(x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{d}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-4 d-8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) d^2 \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{-x^3-1} \left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{d}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-4 d-8}}{2}\right)} \left( I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}+\frac{1}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{-I \sqrt{3} x+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I\left(x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{d}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-4 d-8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) d \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{d^2-4 d-8} \sqrt{-x^3-1} \left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{d}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-4 d-8}}{2}\right)} \left( 4 I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}+\frac{1}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. \sqrt{-I \sqrt{3} x+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I\left(x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{d}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-4 d-8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) d \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{-x^3-1} \left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{d}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-4 d-8}}{2}\right)} \left( 2 I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x-\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}+\frac{1}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{-I \sqrt{3} x+\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}} \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \left( x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8} \sqrt{-x^3 - 1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2} \right)} \left( 8 I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{-I \sqrt{3} x + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \left( x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8} \sqrt{-x^3 - 1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2} \right)} \left( I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{-I \sqrt{3} x + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \left( x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) d^2 \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{-x^3 - 1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2} \right)} \left( I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{-I \sqrt{3} x + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \right. \\
& \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \left( x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) d \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8} \sqrt{-x^3 - 1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2} \right)} \left( 4 I \sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \sqrt{3} x - \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I \sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{-I\sqrt{3}x + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \left( x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I\sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) d \\
& + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{-x^3 - 1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2} \right)} \left( 2I\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I\sqrt{3}x - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{-I\sqrt{3}x + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \right. \\
& \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \left( x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I\sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8} \sqrt{-x^3 - 1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2} \right)} \left( 8I\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I\sqrt{3}x - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{-I\sqrt{3}x + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{I \left( x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{3}}}{3}, \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{d}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - 4d - 8}}{2}}, \sqrt{\frac{I\sqrt{3}}{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{I\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 59: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (dx + c)^{1+n}}{b x^4 + a} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 293 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(dx + c)^{n+2} \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( [1, n+2], [3+n], \frac{b^{1/4} (dx + c)}{b^{1/4} c - (-a)^{1/4} d} \right)}{4b^{3/4} (b^{1/4} c - (-a)^{1/4} d) (n+2)} - \frac{(dx + c)^{n+2} \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( [1, n+2], [3+n], \frac{b^{1/4} (dx + c)}{b^{1/4} c + (-a)^{1/4} d} \right)}{4b^{3/4} (b^{1/4} c + (-a)^{1/4} d) (n+2)} \\
& - \frac{(dx + c)^{n+2} \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( [1, n+2], [3+n], \frac{b^{1/4} (dx + c)}{b^{1/4} c - d\sqrt{-\sqrt{-a}}} \right)}{4b^{3/4} (n+2) \left( b^{1/4} c - d\sqrt{-\sqrt{-a}} \right)} - \frac{(dx + c)^{n+2} \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( [1, n+2], [3+n], \frac{b^{1/4} (dx + c)}{b^{1/4} c + d\sqrt{-\sqrt{-a}}} \right)}{4b^{3/4} (n+2) \left( b^{1/4} c + d\sqrt{-\sqrt{-a}} \right)}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^3 (dx + c)^{1+n}}{bx^4 + a} dx$$

Problem 70: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\left(c\sqrt{bx^2+a}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 151 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\left(c\sqrt{bx^2+a}\right)^{3/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{b\left(c\sqrt{bx^2+a}\right)^{3/2}}{2ax} + \frac{b^2x\left(c\sqrt{bx^2+a}\right)^{3/2}}{2a(bx^2+a)} \\ & - \frac{b^{3/2}\sqrt{\cos\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2}\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sin\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)\left(c\sqrt{bx^2+a}\right)^{3/2}}{2\cos\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2}\right)a^{3/2}\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{3/4}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\left(c\sqrt{bx^2+a}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Problem 72: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 137 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(-ad+bc)(ad+3bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{e}}\right)\sqrt{e}}{8b^{3/2}d^{5/2}} - \frac{(-ad+5bc)(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{8bd^2} + \frac{(dx^2+c)^2\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{4d^2} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 340 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{16\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}d^2b\sqrt{bd}}\left(\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)\left(-4\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac\right)x^2db\sqrt{bd}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \ln \left( \frac{2 b d x^2 + 2 \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} \sqrt{b d} + a d + b c}{2 \sqrt{b d}} \right) a^2 d^2 + 2 \ln \left( \frac{2 b d x^2 + 2 \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} \sqrt{b d} + a d + b c}{2 \sqrt{b d}} \right) a c d b \\
& - 3 b^2 \ln \left( \frac{2 b d x^2 + 2 \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} \sqrt{b d} + a d + b c}{2 \sqrt{b d}} \right) c^2 - 2 \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} a d \sqrt{b d} \\
& + 6 \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} c b \sqrt{b d} \Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 73: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 107 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{(-a d + b c) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{e}} \right) \sqrt{e}}{2 c^{3/2} \sqrt{a}} + \frac{(-a d + b c) \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{2 c \left( a - \frac{c(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)}$$

Result (type 3, 325 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} c^2 a x^2 \sqrt{ac}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left( 2 b d \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} x^4 \sqrt{ac} \right. \right. \\
& + a^2 \ln \left( \frac{a d x^2 + b c x^2 + 2 \sqrt{a c} \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} + 2 a c}{x^2} \right) d c x^2 \\
& - \ln \left( \frac{a d x^2 + b c x^2 + 2 \sqrt{a c} \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} + 2 a c}{x^2} \right) b c^2 a x^2 + 2 \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} d a x^2 \sqrt{ac} \\
& \left. \left. + 2 \sqrt{b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c} b c x^2 \sqrt{ac} - 2 (b d x^4 + a d x^2 + b c x^2 + a c)^{3/2} \sqrt{ac} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 74: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x \left( \frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 117 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\left(\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}(dx^2+c)}{2d} - \frac{3(-ad+bc)e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{e}}\right)\sqrt{b}}{2d^{5/2}} + \frac{3(-ad+bc)e\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{2d^2}$$

Result (type 3, 431 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4d^2\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}(bx^2+a)} \left( \left( 3\ln\left(\frac{2bdx^2+2\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}{2\sqrt{bd}}\sqrt{bd}+ad+bc\right)x^2ab d^2 \right. \right. \\ & - 3\ln\left(\frac{2b dx^2+2\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}{2\sqrt{bd}}\sqrt{bd}+ad+bc\right)x^2b^2cd+2\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac x^2db\sqrt{bd} \\ & + 3\ln\left(\frac{2b dx^2+2\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}{2\sqrt{bd}}\sqrt{bd}+ad+bc\right)acd b - 3b^2\ln\left(\frac{2b dx^2+2\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}{2\sqrt{bd}}\sqrt{bd}+ad+bc\right)c^2 \\ & \left. \left. + 2\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac cb\sqrt{bd} - 4d\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}a\sqrt{bd} + 4\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}bc\sqrt{bd} \right) (dx^2+c) \left( \frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 75: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 230 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3(-5ad+bc)(-ad+bc)e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}\sqrt{a}} - \frac{d(-ad+bc)e\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{c^3} - \frac{a(-ad+bc)^2e^3\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{4c^3\left(ae-\frac{ce(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^2} \\ & + \frac{(-9ad+5bc)(-ad+bc)e^2\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{8c^3\left(ae-\frac{ce(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1041 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{16\sqrt{ac}ax^4c^4\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}(bx^2+a)} \left( \left( 18\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac x^8ab d^3 - 6\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b}dx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac x^8b^2cd^2 \right. \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + 15 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + b cx^2 + 2\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^6 a^3 c d^3 \\
& - 18 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + b cx^2 + 2\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^6 a^2 b c^2 d^2 \\
& + 3 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + b cx^2 + 2\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^6 a b^2 c^3 d + 18\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} x^6 a^2 d^3 \\
& + 26\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} x^6 a b c d^2 - 12\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} x^6 b^2 c^2 d \\
& + 15 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + b cx^2 + 2\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^4 a^3 c^2 d^2 \\
& - 18 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + b cx^2 + 2\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^4 a^2 b c^3 d \\
& + 3 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + b cx^2 + 2\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^4 a b^2 c^4 - 18\sqrt{ac} (b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac)^{3/2} x^4 a d^2 + 6\sqrt{ac} (b dx^4 \\
& + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac)^{3/2} x^4 b c d + 18\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} x^4 a^2 c d^2 + 8\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} x^4 a b c^2 d \\
& - 6\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac} x^4 b^2 c^3 - 16d^2 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(bx^2 + a)} a^2 c x^4 \sqrt{ac} + 16d \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(bx^2 + a)} b c^2 x^4 a \sqrt{ac} \\
& - 14\sqrt{ac} (b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac)^{3/2} x^2 a c d + 6\sqrt{ac} (b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac)^{3/2} x^2 b c^2 + 4\sqrt{ac} (b dx^4 + adx^2 + b cx^2 + ac)^{3/2} a c^2 \Big) \\
& (dx^2 + c) \left( \frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 76: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left( \frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 336 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(-ad+bc)^3 e^2 \left( \frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)^{5/2}}{6a^2 \left( a e - \frac{c e (bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)^3} + \frac{(-ad+bc) (-35a^2 d^2 + 10 b d a c + c^2 b^2) e^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{e}} \right)}{16 a^{3/2} c^{9/2}} \\
& + \frac{d^2 (-ad+bc) e \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{c^4} + \frac{(-ad+bc)^2 (11ad+bc) e^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{24 c^4 \left( a e - \frac{c e (bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)^2} \\
& - \frac{(-ad+bc) (-79a^2 d^2 + 50 b d a c + 5 c^2 b^2) e^2 \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{48 a c^4 \left( a e - \frac{c e (bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1497 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{96 \sqrt{ac} x^6 a^2 c^5 \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} (bx^2+a)} \left( \left( 105 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2+bcx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac}}{x^2} + 2ac \right) x^6 a^4 c^2 d^3 \right. \right. \\
& + 3 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2+bcx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac}}{x^2} + 2ac \right) x^6 a b^3 c^5 - 174 \sqrt{ac} (b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac)^{3/2} x^6 a^2 d^3 \\
& - 6 \sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac} x^6 b^3 c^4 + 6 \sqrt{ac} (b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac)^{3/2} x^4 b^2 c^3 \\
& \left. \left. + 105 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2+bcx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac}}{x^2} + 2ac \right) x^8 a^4 c d^4 + 174 \sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac} x^8 a^3 d^4 \right. \right. \\
& - 16 \sqrt{ac} (b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac)^{3/2} a^2 c^3 + 3 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2+bcx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac}}{x^2} + 2ac \right) x^8 a b^3 c^4 d \\
& - 12 \sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac} x^8 b^3 c^3 d - 135 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2+bcx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac}}{x^2} + 2ac \right) x^6 a^3 b c^3 d^2 \\
& + 27 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2+bcx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac}}{x^2} + 2ac \right) x^6 a^2 b^2 c^4 d + 6 \sqrt{ac} (b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac)^{3/2} x^6 b^2 c^2 d \\
& + 174 \sqrt{ac} \sqrt{b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac} x^6 a^3 c d^3 - 96 d^3 \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} a^3 c x^6 \sqrt{ac} - 114 \sqrt{ac} (b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac)^{3/2} x^4 a^2 c d^2 \\
& + 44 \sqrt{ac} (b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac)^{3/2} x^2 a^2 c^2 d - 12 \sqrt{ac} (b dx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+ac)^{3/2} x^2 a b c^3
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -6\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} x^{10} b^3 c^2 d^2 - 135 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + bc x^2 + 2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^8 a^3 b c^2 d^3 \\
& + 27 \ln \left( \frac{adx^2 + bc x^2 + 2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) x^8 a^2 b^2 c^3 d^2 + 174 \sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} x^{10} a^2 b d^4 \\
& + 60\sqrt{ac}(b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac)^{3/2} x^4 a b c^2 d - 72\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} x^{10} a b^2 c d^3 \\
& + 216\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} x^8 a^2 b c d^3 - 138\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} x^8 a b^2 c^2 d^2 + 72\sqrt{ac}(b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 \\
& + ac)^{3/2} x^6 a b c d^2 + 42\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} x^6 a^2 b c^2 d^2 - 66\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} x^6 a b^2 c^3 d \\
& + 96 d^2 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(bx^2 + a)} b c^2 a^2 x^6 \sqrt{ac} \left( dx^2 + c \left( \frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 77: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^2 \left( \frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 350 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(-7ad + 8bc)ex\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c}}}{3d^2} - \frac{ex(bx^2 + a)\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c}}}{d} + \frac{4bex(dx^2 + c)\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c}}}{3d^2} \\
& + \frac{(-7ad + 8bc)e\sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}\text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}}, \sqrt{1 - \frac{bc}{ad}}\right)\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c}}}{3d^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{c(bx^2 + a)}{a(dx^2 + c)}}} \\
& - \frac{(-3ad + 4bc)e\sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}}, \sqrt{1 - \frac{bc}{ad}}\right)\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c}}}{3d^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{c(bx^2 + a)}{a(dx^2 + c)}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 733 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3(bx^2+a)^2 d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bcx^2 + ac}} \left( \left( \frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} (dx^2+c) \left( \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} x^5 b^2 d^2 \right. \right. \\
& - 3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bcx^2 + ac} x^3 ab d^2 + 3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bcx^2 + ac} x^3 b^2 cd + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} x^3 ab d^2 \\
& + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} x^3 b^2 cd + 3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^2+a}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \text{EllipticF} \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}} \right) \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} a^2 d^2 \\
& - 11 \sqrt{\frac{bx^2+a}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \text{EllipticF} \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}} \right) \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} ab cd + 8 \sqrt{\frac{bx^2+a}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \text{EllipticF} \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}, \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}} \right) \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} b^2 c^2 + 7 \sqrt{\frac{bx^2+a}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \text{EllipticE} \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}} \right) \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} ab cd \\
& - 8 \sqrt{\frac{bx^2+a}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \text{EllipticE} \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}} \right) \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} b^2 c^2 - 3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bcx^2 + ac} x a^2 d^2 \\
& \left. \left. + 3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bcx^2 + ac} x ab cd + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} x ab cd \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 80: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 84 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{e}} \right) \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{e}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e}} \right) \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e}}$$

Result (type 3, 178 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{2 \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} \sqrt{bd} \sqrt{ac}} \left( (bx^2+a) \left( c \ln \left( \frac{adx^2+bcx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} + 2ac}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{bd} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \ln \left( \frac{2b dx^2 + 2\sqrt{b dx^4 + adx^2 + bc x^2 + ac} \sqrt{bd} + ad + bc}{2\sqrt{bd}} \right) d \sqrt{ac} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 82: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 122 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{3(-ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e}}\right) \sqrt{d}}{2b^{5/2} e^{3/2}} - \frac{3(-ad+bc)}{2b^2 e \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}} + \frac{dx^2+c}{2b e \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}$$

Result (type 3, 431 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{4b^2 \sqrt{bd} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} (dx^2+c) \left(\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} \left( \left( 3 \ln\left(\frac{2b dx^2 + 2\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac} \sqrt{bd} + ad+bc}{2\sqrt{bd}}\right) x^2 ab d^2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - 3 \ln\left(\frac{2b dx^2 + 2\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac} \sqrt{bd} + ad+bc}{2\sqrt{bd}}\right) x^2 b^2 cd - 2\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac} x^2 db \sqrt{bd} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + 3 \ln\left(\frac{2b dx^2 + 2\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac} \sqrt{bd} + ad+bc}{2\sqrt{bd}}\right) a^2 d^2 - 3 \ln\left(\frac{2b dx^2 + 2\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac} \sqrt{bd} + ad+bc}{2\sqrt{bd}}\right) ac db \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - 2\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac} ad \sqrt{bd} - 4d \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} a \sqrt{bd} + 4\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)} bc \sqrt{bd} \right) (bx^2+a) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 83: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 229 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{3(-ad+bc)(-ad+5bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{8a^{7/2} e^{3/2} \sqrt{c}} + \frac{b(-ad+bc)}{a^3 e \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}} - \frac{(-ad+bc)^2 \sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}}}{4a^2 \left(ae - \frac{ce(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^2}$$

$$-\frac{(-3ad + 7bc)(-ad + bc)\sqrt{\frac{e(bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c}}}{8a^3 \left( a e^2 - \frac{c e^2 (bx^2 + a)}{dx^2 + c} \right)}$$

Result (type 3, 1041 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{16\sqrt{ac}cx^4a^4\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}(dx^2+c)\left(\frac{e(bx^2+a)}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} \left( \left( -6\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^8ab^2d^2 \right. \right. \\
& + 18\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^8b^3cd + 3\ln\left(\frac{adx^2+b cx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}+2ac}{x^2}\right)x^6a^3bcd^2 \\
& - 18\ln\left(\frac{adx^2+b cx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}+2ac}{x^2}\right)x^6a^2b^2c^2d \\
& + 15\ln\left(\frac{adx^2+b cx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}+2ac}{x^2}\right)x^6ab^3c^3 - 12\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^6a^2bd^2 \\
& + 26\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^6ab^2cd + 18\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^6b^3c^2 \\
& + 3\ln\left(\frac{adx^2+b cx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}+2ac}{x^2}\right)x^4a^4cd^2 \\
& - 18\ln\left(\frac{adx^2+b cx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}+2ac}{x^2}\right)x^4a^3b^2c^2d \\
& + 15\ln\left(\frac{adx^2+b cx^2+2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}+2ac}{x^2}\right)x^4a^2b^2c^3 + 6\sqrt{ac}(bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac)^{3/2}x^4abd \\
& - 18\sqrt{ac}(bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac)^{3/2}x^4b^2c - 6\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^4a^3d^2 + 8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^4a^2bcd \\
& + 18\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac}x^4ab^2c^2 + 16d\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}ba^2x^4c\sqrt{ac} - 16b^2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(bx^2+a)}c^2ax^4\sqrt{ac} \\
& + 6\sqrt{ac}(bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac)^{3/2}x^2a^2d - 14\sqrt{ac}(bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac)^{3/2}x^2abc + 4\sqrt{ac}(bdx^4+adx^2+b cx^2+ac)^{3/2}a^2c \\
& \left. \left. (bx^2+a) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 87: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 154 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3b(-4ac+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8d^2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{d^2} + \frac{(-4ac+5b)(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8d^2} \\ & + \frac{a(dx^2+c)^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{4d^2} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 592 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{16d^2\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}} \left( \left( 4\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}x^4ad^2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - 12\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}+bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)x^2abcd^2 \right) \right. \\ & \left. + 3\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}+bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)x^2b^2d^2 + 10\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}x^2bd \right. \\ & \left. - 12\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}+bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)ab^2c^2d - 4\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}ac^2 \right. \\ & \left. + 3\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}+bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)b^2cd + 16bc\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}\sqrt{ad^2} \right. \\ & \left. + 10\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}bc \right) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 88: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x \left( a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 78 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{(dx^2 + c) \left( a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2}}{2d} + \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{a}}{2d} - \frac{3b \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2d}$$

Result (type 3, 335 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{4d\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}} \left( \left( -3\ln \left( \frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}+bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) x^2ab d^2 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -2a\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}x^2d\sqrt{ad^2} - 3b\ln \left( \frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}+bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) acd \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -2a\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}c\sqrt{ad^2} + 4b\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}\sqrt{ad^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} \right)$$

Problem 89: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left( a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 118 leaves, 6 steps) :

$$\frac{(dx^2 + c) \left( \frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2}}{2cx^2} + \frac{3bd \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{\sqrt{ac + b}} \right) \sqrt{ac + b}}{2c^{5/2}} - \frac{3bd \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2c^2}$$

Result (type 3, 819 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{4\sqrt{c^2a+bc}x^2c^3\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} \left( -2\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}x^6ad^3 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -3\ln \left( \frac{2x^2acd+b dx^2+2c^2a+2\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}+2bc}{x^2} \right) x^4abc^2d^2 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -6\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}x^4acd^2 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -3\ln \left( \frac{2x^2acd+b dx^2+2c^2a+2\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}+2bc}{x^2} \right) x^4b^2cd^2 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2\sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} x^4 b d^2 \\
& -3 \ln \left( \frac{2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + 2 c^2 a + 2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} + 2 b c}{x^2} \right) x^2 a b c^3 d \\
& -4 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} x^2 a c^2 d \\
& -3 \ln \left( \frac{2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + 2 c^2 a + 2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} + 2 b c}{x^2} \right) x^2 b^2 c^2 d \\
& +4 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} x^2 b c d + 2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} (x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c)^{3/2} x^2 d \\
& -2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} x^2 b c d + 2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} (x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c)^{3/2} c \Big) \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 90: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left( a + \frac{b}{d x^2 + c} \right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 266 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(d x^2 + c)^3 \left( \frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c} \right)^{5/2}}{6 c^2 (a c + b) x^6} + \frac{b (24 a^2 c^2 + 60 a b c + 35 b^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{\sqrt{a c + b}} \right)}{16 c^{9/2} (a c + b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b d^3 \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{c^4} \\
& - \frac{(24 a^2 c^2 + 108 a b c + 79 b^2) d^2 (d x^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{48 c^4 (a c + b) x^2} + \frac{(12 a c + 11 b) d (d x^2 + c)^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{24 c^4 x^4}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type ?, 2604 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 91: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{d x^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 371 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(-a c + 7 b) x \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{3 d} + \frac{4 a x (d x^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{3 d} - \frac{x (a d x^2 + a c + b) \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{d} \\
& - \frac{(-a c + 7 b) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{d x^2}{c}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d x^2}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d x^2}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{b}{a c + b}}\right) \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{3 d^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c (a d x^2 + a c + b)}{(a c + b) (d x^2 + c)}}} \\
& + \frac{(-a c + 3 b) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{d x^2}{c}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d x^2}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d x^2}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{b}{a c + b}}\right) \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{3 d^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c (a d x^2 + a c + b)}{(a c + b) (d x^2 + c)}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 822 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{3 d \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \left( \left( -\sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^5 a^2 d^2 \right. \right. \\
& - 2 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^3 a^2 c d + \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{a c + b}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}}, \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{a c}}\right) a^2 c^2 - \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^3 a b d + 3 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^3 a b d \right. \\
& + 5 \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{a c + b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}}, \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{a c}}\right) a b c \\
& - 7 \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{a c + b}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}}, \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{a c}}\right) a b c \\
& - \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x a^2 c^2 - 3 \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{a c + b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}}, \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{a c}}\right) b^2 - \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x a b c + 3 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x a b c \right. \\
& + 3 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x b^2 \left. \right) \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 92: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left( a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 526 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{cx^5} + \frac{(a^2 c^2 + 16 a b c + 16 b^2) d^3 x \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{5 c^4 (a c + b)} - \frac{(a c + 6 b) (d x^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{5 c^2 x^5} \\ & + \frac{(a c + 8 b) d (d x^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{5 c^3 x^3} - \frac{(a^2 c^2 + 16 a b c + 16 b^2) d^2 (d x^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{5 c^4 (a c + b) x} \\ & - \frac{(a^2 c^2 + 16 a b c + 16 b^2) d^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{b}{a c + b}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{5 c^7 (a c + b) \sqrt{\frac{c (adx^2 + ac + b)}{(a c + b) (dx^2 + c)}}} \\ & + \frac{a (a c + 8 b) d^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{b}{a c + b}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{5 c^5 (a c + b) \sqrt{\frac{c (adx^2 + ac + b)}{(a c + b) (dx^2 + c)}}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 1665 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \left( \left( 5 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^6 b^3 d^3 + 11 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^6 b^3 d^3 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + 3 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} a^2 b c^5 + 3 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} a b^2 c^4 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{a c + b}} \text{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}}, \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{a c}}\right) x^5 a^3 c^3 d^3 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + 11 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^8 a^2 b c d^4 + 19 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^6 a^2 b c^2 d^3 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + 30 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^6 a b^2 c d^3 + 5 \sqrt{(d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{a d}{a c + b}} x^4 a^2 b c^3 d^2 \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + 13 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^4 a b^2 c^2 d^2 - 3 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^2 a b^2 c^3 d \\
& + 5 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^8 a^2 b c d^4 + 5 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^6 a^2 b c^2 d^3 \\
& + 10 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^6 a b^2 c d^3 + \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} a^3 c^6 \\
& + \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} b^3 c^3 + 7 \sqrt{\frac{dx^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{ac + b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac + b}{ac}}\right) \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{ac + b}{ac}} \right) x^5 a^2 b c^2 d^3 - 16 \sqrt{\frac{dx^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{ac + b}} \text{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac + b}{ac}}\right) x^5 a^2 b c^2 d^3 \\
& + 8 \sqrt{\frac{dx^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{ac + b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac + b}{ac}}\right) x^5 a b^2 c d^3 \\
& - 16 \sqrt{\frac{dx^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{ac + b}} \text{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac + b}{ac}}\right) x^5 a b^2 c d^3 \\
& + \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^6 a^3 c^3 d^3 + \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^2 a^3 c^5 d \\
& + 8 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^4 b^3 c d^2 - 2 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^2 b^3 c^2 d \\
& + 5 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^8 a b^2 d^4 + \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^8 a^3 c^2 d^4 \\
& + 11 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c)(adx^2 + ac + b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} x^8 a b^2 d^4 \left. \right) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}} \left/ \left( 5 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac + b}} (ac + b) x^5 c^4 (adx^2 + ac + b) \right) \right.
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 93: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 132 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{b(4ac+3b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{8a^5/2d^2} - \frac{(4ac+3b)(dx^2+c) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8a^2d^2} + \frac{(dx^2+c)^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{4ad^2}$$

Result (type 3, 353 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{16\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} a^2 d^2 \sqrt{ad^2}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left( 4a\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} x^2 d \sqrt{ad^2} \right. \right. \\ & + 4b \ln \left( \frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} \sqrt{ad^2} + bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) acd - 4a\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} c \sqrt{ad^2} \\ & \left. \left. + 3 \ln \left( \frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} \sqrt{ad^2} + bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) b^2 d - 6\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} b \sqrt{ad^2} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 94: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 80 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right) \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}$$

Result (type 3, 312 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} (ac+b) \sqrt{ad^2}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left( \right. \right. \\ & - \ln \left( \frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} \sqrt{ad^2} + bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) acd \\ & + \sqrt{c^2a+bc} \ln \left( \frac{2x^2acd+b dx^2+2c^2a+2\sqrt{c^2a+bc} \sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} + 2bc}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{ad^2} \\ & \left. \left. - \ln \left( \frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} \sqrt{ad^2} + bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) bd \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 95: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 92 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{b d \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{a dx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{\sqrt{ac + b}} \right)}{2 (ac + b)^{3/2} \sqrt{c}} - \frac{(dx^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{a dx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2 (ac + b) x^2}$$

Result (type 3, 451 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{4 \sqrt{(dx^2 + c) (ad^2 + 2x^2 acd + bdx^2 + c^2 a + bc)} (ac + b)^2 c x^2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{ad^2 + 2x^2 acd + bdx^2 + c^2 a + bc}{dx^2 + c}} (dx^2 + c) \right. \\ & -2 ad^2 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} x^4 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \\ & + \ln \left( \frac{2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + 2 c^2 a + 2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2x^2 acd + bdx^2 + c^2 a + bc} + 2 b c}{x^2} \right) x^2 a b c^2 d \\ & -4 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} a c d x^2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \\ & + \ln \left( \frac{2 x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + 2 c^2 a + 2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2x^2 acd + bdx^2 + c^2 a + bc} + 2 b c}{x^2} \right) x^2 b^2 c d \\ & \left. -2 \sqrt{x^4 a d^2 + 2x^2 a c d + b d x^2 + c^2 a + b c} b d x^2 \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} + 2 (x^4 a d^2 + 2x^2 acd + bdx^2 + c^2 a + b c)^{3/2} \sqrt{c^2 a + b c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 96: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 157 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b (4 a c + b) d^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{a dx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{\sqrt{ac + b}} \right)}{8 c^3/2 (ac + b)^{5/2}} + \frac{(4 a c + b) d (dx^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{a dx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{8 c (ac + b)^2 x^2} - \frac{(dx^2 + c)^2 \sqrt{\frac{a dx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{4 c (ac + b) x^4} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 3, 921 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{16\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(ad^2+ac+b)}(ac+b)^3c^2(c^2a+bc)^3/2x^4} \left( \sqrt{\frac{ad^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \right. \\
& - 12a^2d^3\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} x^6c(c^2a+bc)^3/2 \\
& + 4\ln\left(\frac{2x^2acd+b dx^2+2c^2a+2\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}}{x^2}+2bc\right)x^4a^3bc^5d^2 \\
& - 2a^3d^3\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} x^6b(c^2a+bc)^3/2 \\
& + 9\ln\left(\frac{2x^2acd+b dx^2+2c^2a+2\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}}{x^2}+2bc\right)x^4a^2b^2c^4d^2 \\
& - 20\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} a^2c^2d^2(c^2a+bc)^3/2x^4 \\
& + 6\ln\left(\frac{2x^2acd+b dx^2+2c^2a+2\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}}{x^2}+2bc\right)x^4ab^3c^3d^2 \\
& - 12a^2d^2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} bc(c^2a+bc)^3/2x^4 \\
& + \ln\left(\frac{2x^2acd+b dx^2+2c^2a+2\sqrt{c^2a+bc}\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc}}{x^2}+2bc\right)x^4b^4c^2d^2 \\
& - 2\sqrt{x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc} b^2d^2(c^2a+bc)^3/2x^4 + 12d(x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc)^3/2ac(c^2a+bc)^3/2x^2 \\
& + 2d(x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc)^3/2b(c^2a+bc)^3/2x^2 - 4(c^2a+bc)^3/2(x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc)^3/2ac^2 - 4(c^2a+bc)^3/2(x^4ad^2+2x^2acd+b dx^2+c^2a+bc)^3/2bc
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 100: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^7}}}{\sqrt{x^5+1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 2, 17 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2x\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^7}}\sqrt{x^5+1}}{5}$$

Result(type 2, 36 leaves):

$$-\frac{2(1+x)(x^4-x^3+x^2-x+1)x\sqrt{\frac{a}{x^7}}}{5\sqrt{x^5+1}}$$

Problem 105: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 15 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{(ax)^{3/2}}{a^{3/2}}\right) \sqrt{a}}{3}$$

Result(type 4, 320 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \left( 4\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{x^3+1} a (1\sqrt{3}+1) \sqrt{\frac{(3+1\sqrt{3})x}{(1\sqrt{3}+1)(1+x)}} (1 \right. \\ & \left. + x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{1\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{(1\sqrt{3}-1)(1+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{1\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{(1\sqrt{3}+1)(1+x)}} \left( \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(3+1\sqrt{3})x}{(1\sqrt{3}+1)(1+x)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(-3+1\sqrt{3})(1\sqrt{3}+1)}{(1\sqrt{3}-1)(3+1\sqrt{3})}}\right) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(3+1\sqrt{3})x}{(1\sqrt{3}+1)(1+x)}}, \frac{1\sqrt{3}+1}{3+1\sqrt{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{(-3+1\sqrt{3})(1\sqrt{3}+1)}{(1\sqrt{3}-1)(3+1\sqrt{3})}}\right)\right) \right) \Big/ \left( \sqrt{(x^3+1)ax} (3 \right. \\ & \left. + 1\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{-ax(1+x)(1\sqrt{3}+2x-1)(1\sqrt{3}-2x+1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 109: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{bx+c})^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 137 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(a+c)x^2}{2(a-c)^2} + \frac{2bx^3}{3(a-c)^2} - \frac{2(bx+a)^{3/2}(bx+c)^{3/2}}{3b^2(a-c)^2} - \frac{(a+c)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{bx+c}}\right)}{4b^2} + \frac{(a+c)(bx+a)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+c}}{2b^2(a-c)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{(a+c)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{bx+c}}{4b^2(a-c)}$$

Result (type 3, 430 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x^2 a}{2 (a-c)^2} + \frac{x^2 c}{2 (a-c)^2} + \frac{2 b x^3}{3 (a-c)^2} - \frac{1}{24 (a-c)^2 b^2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c}} \left( \sqrt{b x + a} \sqrt{b x + c} \left( 16 \operatorname{csgn}(b) x^2 b^2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \right. \right. \\ & + 4 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) x a b + 4 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) x b c - 6 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) a^2 \\ & + 4 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) a c - 6 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) c^2 \\ & \left. \left. + 3 \ln \left( \frac{(2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) + 2 b x + a + c) \operatorname{csgn}(b)}{2} \right) a^3 \right. \right. \\ & - 3 \ln \left( \frac{(2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) + 2 b x + a + c) \operatorname{csgn}(b)}{2} \right) a^2 c \\ & - 3 \ln \left( \frac{(2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) + 2 b x + a + c) \operatorname{csgn}(b)}{2} \right) a c^2 \\ & \left. \left. + 3 \ln \left( \frac{(2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + a b x + b c x + a c} \operatorname{csgn}(b) + 2 b x + a + c) \operatorname{csgn}(b)}{2} \right) c^3 \right) \operatorname{csgn}(b) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 112: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{1+x})^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 17 leaves, 4 steps):

$$2x + \arcsin(x) + x\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}$$

Result (type 3, 57 leaves):

$$2x - \sqrt{1+x} (1-x)^3 / 2 + \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x} + \frac{\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)} \arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{1+x}}$$

Problem 115: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{cx+a})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 161 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{ax^2}{(b-c)^2} + \frac{(b+c)x^3}{3(b-c)^2} - \frac{2(bx+a)^3/2(cx+a)^3/2}{3b(b-c)^2c} - \frac{a^3(b+c)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+a}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{a(b+c)(bx+a)^3/2\sqrt{cx+a}}{2b^2(b-c)^2c} \\ & + \frac{a^2(b+c)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{cx+a}}{4b^2(b-c)c^2} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 516 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x^3b}{3(b-c)^2} + \frac{x^3c}{3(b-c)^2} + \frac{ax^2}{(b-c)^2} \\ & - \frac{1}{24(b-c)^2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}b^2c^2\sqrt{bc}} \left( \sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{cx+a} \left( 16x^2b^2c^2\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \right. \right. \\ & + 3\ln\left(\frac{2bcx+2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}\sqrt{bc}+ab+ac}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)a^3b^3 - 3\ln\left(\frac{2bcx+2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}\sqrt{bc}+ab+ac}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)a^3b^2c \\ & - 3\ln\left(\frac{2bcx+2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}\sqrt{bc}+ab+ac}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)a^3bc^2 + 3\ln\left(\frac{2bcx+2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}\sqrt{bc}+ab+ac}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)a^3c^3 \\ & + 4\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}xab^2c + 4\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}xab^2c^2 - 6\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}a^2b^2 \\ & \left. \left. + 4\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}a^2bc - 6\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}a^2c^2 \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 116: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{cx+a})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 115 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{(b+c)x}{(b-c)^2} + \frac{4a\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{cx+a}}\right)}{(b-c)^2} + \frac{2a\ln(x)}{(b-c)^2} - \frac{2a(b+c)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+a}}\right)}{(b-c)^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{cx+a}}{(b-c)^2}$$

Result (type 3, 265 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{bx}{(b-c)^2} + \frac{cx}{(b-c)^2} + \frac{2a\ln(x)}{(b-c)^2} \\ & - \frac{1}{(b-c)^2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}\sqrt{bc}} \left( \sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{cx+a} \left( \ln\left(\frac{2bcx+2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}\sqrt{bc}+ab+ac}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right) \operatorname{csgn}(a)ab \right. \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \ln \left( \frac{2 b c x + 2 \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \sqrt{b c} + a b + a c}{2 \sqrt{b c}} \right) \operatorname{csgn}(a) a c + 2 \sqrt{b c} \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) \\
& - 2 \sqrt{b c} \ln \left( \frac{a (2 \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + b x + c x + 2 a)}{x} \right) a \operatorname{csgn}(a)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 117: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (\sqrt{b x + a} + \sqrt{c x + a})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 110 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{a}{(b - c)^2 x^2} + \frac{-b - c}{(b - c)^2 x} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b x + a}}{\sqrt{c x + a}} \right)}{2 a} + \frac{(c x + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{b x + a}}{a (b - c)^2 x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b x + a} \sqrt{c x + a}}{2 a (b - c) x}$$

Result (type 3, 312 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{b}{(b - c)^2 x} - \frac{c}{(b - c)^2 x} - \frac{a}{(b - c)^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{4 (b - c)^2 a \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} x^2} \left( \sqrt{b x + a} \sqrt{c x + a} \right. \\
& - \ln \left( \frac{a (2 \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + b x + c x + 2 a)}{x} \right) x^2 b^2 + 2 \ln \left( \frac{a (2 \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + b x + c x + 2 a)}{x} \right) x^2 b c \\
& - \ln \left( \frac{a (2 \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + b x + c x + 2 a)}{x} \right) x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) x b \\
& \left. + 2 \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) x c + 4 \operatorname{csgn}(a) a \sqrt{b c x^2 + a b x + a c x + a^2} \right) \operatorname{csgn}(a)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 118: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (\sqrt{b x + a} + \sqrt{c x + a})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 150 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2 a}{3 (b - c)^2 x^3} + \frac{-b - c}{2 (b - c)^2 x^2} + \frac{2 (b x + a)^{3/2} (c x + a)^{3/2}}{3 a^2 (b - c)^2 x^3} + \frac{(b + c) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b x + a}}{\sqrt{c x + a}} \right)}{4 a^2} - \frac{(b + c) (c x + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{b x + a}}{2 a^2 (b - c)^2 x^2} \\
& - \frac{(b + c) \sqrt{b x + a} \sqrt{c x + a}}{4 a^2 (b - c) x}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 456 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{b}{2x^2(b-c)^2} - \frac{c}{2x^2(b-c)^2} - \frac{2a}{3(b-c)^2x^3} - \frac{1}{24(b-c)^2a^2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2}x^3} \left( \sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{cx+a} \right. \\
& - 3 \ln \left( \frac{a(2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + bx + cx + 2a)}{x} \right) x^3 b^3 + 3 \ln \left( \frac{a(2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + bx + cx + 2a)}{x} \right) x^3 b^2 c \\
& + 3 \ln \left( \frac{a(2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + bx + cx + 2a)}{x} \right) x^3 b c^2 - 3 \ln \left( \frac{a(2\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) + bx + cx + 2a)}{x} \right) x^3 c^3 \\
& + 6\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) x^2 b^2 - 4\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) x^2 b c + 6\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} \operatorname{csgn}(a) x^2 c^2 \\
& \left. - 4 \operatorname{csgn}(a) a \sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} x b - 4 \operatorname{csgn}(a) a \sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} x c - 16\sqrt{bcx^2+abx+acx+a^2} a^2 \operatorname{csgn}(a) \right) \operatorname{csgn}(a) \left. \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 121: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (-\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{1+x}) (\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{1+x}) \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 20 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-2x - \arcsin(x) - x\sqrt{-x^2+1}$$

Result (type 3, 58 leaves):

$$-2x + \sqrt{1+x} (1-x)^{3/2} - \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x} - \frac{\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)} \arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{1+x}}$$

Problem 122: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{-1+x} + \sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{-1+x} + \sqrt{1+x}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(x)}{2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{2}$$

Result (type 3, 61 leaves):

$$\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{-1+x} (1+x)^{3/2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-1+x} \sqrt{1+x}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{(-1+x)(1+x)} \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2-1})}{2\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{-1+x}}$$

Problem 123: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 113 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{1+n}}{2e(1+n)} + \frac{af^2 \text{hypergeom}\left([2, 1+n], [n+2], \frac{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}{d}\right) \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{1+n}}{2d^2 e (1+n)}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n dx$$

Problem 124: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 191 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{5ad^3/2f^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2e} + \frac{af^2 \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{3/2}}{3e} + \frac{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{7/2}}{7e} \\ & + \frac{2adf^2 \sqrt{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{e} - \frac{ad^2f^2 \sqrt{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{2e \left( f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} + ex \right)} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

Problem 125: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 123 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{a f^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2 e \sqrt{d}}+\frac{\left(d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}\right)^{3/2}}{3 e}-\frac{a f^2 \sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{2 e\left(f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}+e x\right)}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}} \, dx$$

Problem 126: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 125 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{a f^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2 d^{3/2} e}+\frac{\sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{e}-\frac{a f^2 \sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{2 d e\left(f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}+e x\right)}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e x+f \sqrt{a+\frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}} \, dx$$

Problem 127: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{a x+b \sqrt{c+\frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 2, 59 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\left( \frac{ax + b \sqrt{c + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}}{3a} \right)^{3/2} - \frac{b^2 c}{a \sqrt{ax + b \sqrt{c + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}}}}{}$$

Result(type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{ax + b \sqrt{c + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}} \, dx$$

Problem 128: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 2, 35 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{2x^3}{3(1 + \sqrt{-x^2 + 1})^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}}}$$

Result(type 3, 59 leaves):

$$\frac{\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{32 I \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} x^3 \cos\left(\frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{2}\right)}{3} - \frac{8 I \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{4}{3} x^4 + \frac{2}{3} x^2 + \frac{2}{3}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}} \right)}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

Problem 129: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 2, 56 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{2 b^2 c x^3}{3 \left( a + b \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2} \right)^{3/2}} + \frac{2 a x}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}}}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} \, dx$$

Problem 130: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 158 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{1+n}}{2e(1+n)} + \frac{f^2(-b^2f^2 + 4ae^2) \text{hypergeom}\left([2, 1+n], [n+2], -\frac{2e\left(d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}\right)}{-bf^2 + 2de}\right) \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{1+n}}{2e(-bf^2 + 2de)^2(1+n)}$$

Result (type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n dx$$

Problem 132: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 205 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2(aef^2 - bdf^2 + d^2e) \ln\left(d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}\right)}{(-bf^2 + 2de)^2} - \frac{f^2(-b^2f^2 + 4ae^2) \ln\left(bf^2 + 2e \left(ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{x(bf^2 + e^2x)}{f^2}}\right)\right)}{2e(-bf^2 + 2de)^2} - \frac{f^2(-b^2f^2 + 4ae^2)}{2e(-bf^2 + 2de) \left(bf^2 + 2e \left(ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{x(bf^2 + e^2x)}{f^2}}\right)\right)}$$

Result (type ?, 4917 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 133: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 303 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5f^2 (-b^2 f^2 + 4 a e^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{\sqrt{-b f^2 + 2 de}} \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{e}}{(-b f^2 + 2 de)^{7/2}} - \frac{4 (a e f^2 - b d f^2 + d^2 e)}{3 (-b f^2 + 2 de)^2 \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{4 f^2 (-b^2 f^2 + 4 a e^2)}{(-b f^2 + 2 de)^3 \sqrt{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}} - \frac{2 e f^2 (-b^2 f^2 + 4 a e^2) \sqrt{d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}}}}{(-b f^2 + 2 de)^3 \left( b f^2 + 2 e \left( ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{x (b f^2 + e^2 x)}{f^2}} \right) \right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + bx + \frac{e^2 x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Problem 134: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (x^2 + a) (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 100 leaves, 3 steps):

$$- \frac{a^3 (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^{-3+n}}{8 (3 - n)} - \frac{3 a^2 (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^{-1+n}}{8 (1 - n)} + \frac{3 a (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^{1+n}}{8 (1 + n)} + \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^{3+n}}{8 (3 + n)}$$

Result (type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int (x^2 + a) (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n dx$$

Problem 135: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n}{x^2 + a} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 57 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( \left[ 1, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{n}{2} \right], \left[ \frac{3}{2} + \frac{n}{2} \right], - \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^2}{a} \right) (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^{1+n}}{a (1 + n)}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n}{x^2 + a} dx$$

Problem 136: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n}{(x^2 + a)^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 57 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{8 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[3, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{n}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{2} + \frac{n}{2}\right], -\frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^2}{a}\right) (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^{3+n}}{a^3 (3+n)}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n}{(x^2 + a)^2} dx$$

Problem 137: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n}{(x^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 57 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{-4 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[2, \frac{n}{2} + 1\right], \left[2 + \frac{n}{2}\right], -\frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^2}{a}\right) (x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^{n+2}}{a^2 (n+2)}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(x - \sqrt{x^2 + a})^n}{(x^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 138: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 99 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{(-af^2 + d^2) \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{-1+n}}{2e(1-n)} + \frac{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}} \right)^{1+n}}{2e(1+n)}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n dx$$

Problem 139: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n}{\sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 39 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{f \left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n}{en}$$

Result(type 8, 56 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\left( d + ex + f \sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}} \right)^n}{\sqrt{a + \frac{2dex}{f^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{f^2}}} dx$$

Problem 140: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx+a) \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{fx^2+e}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 164 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a^2 f + e b^2} \sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{\sqrt{a^2 d + b^2 c} \sqrt{fx^2 + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 d + b^2 c} \sqrt{a^2 f + e b^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{x \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-c}}, -\frac{b^2 c}{a^2 d}, \sqrt{\frac{c f}{d e}} \right) \sqrt{-c} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}}}{a \sqrt{d} \sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{fx^2 + e}}$$

Result(type 4, 352 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2a \sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{a^4 df + a^2 b^2 cf + a^2 b^2 de + ecb^4}{b^4}} b (dfx^4 + cfx^2 + ex^2 d + ec)} \left( \left( 2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^2 + c}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{fx^2 + e}{e}} \sqrt{\frac{a^4 df + a^2 b^2 cf + a^2 b^2 de + ecb^4}{b^4}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} x, -\frac{b^2 c}{a^2 d}, \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{f}{e}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}}} \right) b \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{2 a^2 dfx^2 + b^2 cfx^2 + b^2 dex^2 + cfa^2 + a^2 de + 2 b^2 ec}{2 b^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^4 df + a^2 b^2 cf + a^2 b^2 de + ecb^4}{b^4}} \sqrt{dfx^4 + cfx^2 + ex^2 d + ec}} \right) \sqrt{dfx^4 + cfx^2 + ex^2 d + ec} \sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} a \right) \sqrt{fx^2 + e} \sqrt{dx^2 + c} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 141: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e - 2f(-1+n)x^n}{e^2 + 4dfx^2 + 4efx^n + 4f^2x^{2n}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 28 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2x\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}{e + 2fx^n} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}$$

Result (type 3, 77 leaves):

$$-\frac{\ln \left( x^n + \frac{2dfx + e\sqrt{-df}}{2\sqrt{-df}f} \right)}{4\sqrt{-df}} + \frac{\ln \left( x^n + \frac{-2dfx + e\sqrt{-df}}{2\sqrt{-df}f} \right)}{4\sqrt{-df}}$$

Problem 143: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x(-2fx^3 + 2e)}{4f^2x^6 + 4dfx^4 + 4efx^3 + e^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 30 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}{2fx^3 + e} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}$$

Result (type 7, 73 leaves):

$$-\frac{\sum_{R=RootOf(4f^2-Z^6+4dfZ^4+4efZ^3+e^2)} \frac{(-R^4f - Re) \ln(x - R)}{6fR^5 + 4dR^3 + 3eR^2}}{2f}$$

Problem 144: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^m (e(1+m) + 2f(-2+m)x^3)}{e^2 + 4efx^3 + 4f^2x^6 + 4dfx^2 + 2m} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 32 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2x^{1+m}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}{2fx^3+e}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}$$

Result (type 3, 77 leaves):

$$-\frac{\ln\left(x^m + \frac{(2fx^3+e)\sqrt{-df}}{2dfx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-df}} + \frac{\ln\left(x^m - \frac{(2fx^3+e)\sqrt{-df}}{2dfx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-df}}$$

Problem 145: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^m (e(1+m) + 2f(-2+m)x^3)}{e^2 + 4efx^3 + 4f^2x^6 - 4dfx^2 + 2m} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 32 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x^{1+m}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}{2fx^3+e}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}$$

Result (type 3, 73 leaves):

$$\frac{\ln\left(x^m + \frac{(2fx^3+e)\sqrt{df}}{2dfx}\right)}{4\sqrt{df}} - \frac{\ln\left(x^m - \frac{(2fx^3+e)\sqrt{df}}{2dfx}\right)}{4\sqrt{df}}$$

Problem 146: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b + cx^2 + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 80 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{c \ln(x)}{c^2 a - d^2} - \frac{c \ln(d + c \sqrt{b x^2 + a})}{c^2 a - d^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b x^2 + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{(c^2 a - d^2) \sqrt{a}}$$

Result(type ?, 2174 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 147: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a c + b c x^3 + d \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 63 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{x^3}{3 b c} - \frac{2 (c^2 a - d^2) \ln(d + c \sqrt{b x^3 + a})}{3 b^2 c^3} - \frac{2 d \sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{3 c^2 b^2}$$

Result(type 7, 942 leaves):

$$-\frac{2 d \sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{3 c^2 b^2} + \frac{1}{3 d b^4} \left( \operatorname{I} \sqrt{2} \left( \sum_{\alpha = \operatorname{RootOf}(b c^2 z^3 + c^2 a - d^2)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \left( (-a b^2)^{1/3} \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left( \frac{\operatorname{I} b \left( 2 x + \frac{-\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} + (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b} \right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right)^3 \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left( \frac{b \left( x - \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b} \right)}{-3 (-a b^2)^{1/3} + \operatorname{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right)^3 \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left( \frac{-\frac{\operatorname{I}}{2} b \left( 2 x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3} + \operatorname{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b} \right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right)^3 \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(-a b^2)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{a} b - \operatorname{I} (-a b^2)^{2/3} \sqrt{3} + 2 \operatorname{a}^2 b^2 - (-a b^2)^{1/3} \operatorname{a} b - (-a b^2)^{2/3}$$

$$\operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\operatorname{I} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{\operatorname{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}}}{3}, \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{c^2 (2 \text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} \text{a}^2 b - 1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{2/3} \text{a} + \text{I} \sqrt{3} a b - 3 (-a b^2)^{2/3} \text{a} - 3 a b)}{2 b d^2}, \sqrt{\frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left(-\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right)}} \Bigg) \Bigg) \\
& a \Bigg) - \frac{1}{3 b^4 c^2} \left( \text{Id} \sqrt{2} \left( \sum_{\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b c^2 - Z^3 + c^2 a - d^2)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \left( (-a b^2)^{1/3} \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x + \frac{-\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} + (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{b \left(x - \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{-3 (-a b^2)^{1/3} + \text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3} + \text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. (-a b^2)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \text{a} b - \text{I} (-a b^2)^{2/3} \sqrt{3} + 2 \text{a}^2 b^2 - (-a b^2)^{1/3} \text{a} b - (-a b^2)^{2/3}\right) \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\text{I} \left(x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}}}{3}, \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) \\
& -\frac{c^2 (2 \text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} \text{a}^2 b - 1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{2/3} \text{a} + \text{I} \sqrt{3} a b - 3 (-a b^2)^{2/3} \text{a} - 3 a b)}{2 b d^2}, \sqrt{\frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left(-\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right)}} \Bigg) \Bigg) \\
& -\frac{a \ln(x^3 b c^2 + c^2 a - d^2)}{3 b c^2} + \frac{x^3}{3 b c} + \frac{d^2 \ln(x^3 b c^2 + c^2 a - d^2)}{3 b^2 c^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 148: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a c + b c x^3 + d \sqrt{b x^3 + a})} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 138 leaves, 8 steps):

$$-\frac{b d (3 c^2 a - d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3 a^{3/2} (c^2 a - d^2)^2} - \frac{b c^3 \ln(x)}{(c^2 a - d^2)^2} + \frac{2 b c^3 \ln(d + c \sqrt{b x^3 + a})}{3 (c^2 a - d^2)^2} + \frac{-a c + d \sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{3 a (c^2 a - d^2) x^3}$$

Result (type 7, 862 leaves):

$$-\frac{c}{3 (c^2 a - d^2) x^3} - \frac{2 b c^3 \ln(x)}{(c^2 a - d^2)^2} + \frac{c b \ln(x) d^2}{a (c^2 a - d^2)^2} + \frac{a c^5 b \ln(x^3 b c^2 + c^2 a - d^2)}{3 (c^2 a - d^2)^2 d^2} + \frac{b c \ln(x)}{a (c^2 a - d^2)} - \frac{b c^3 \ln(x^3 b c^2 + c^2 a - d^2)}{3 (c^2 a - d^2) d^2} + \frac{d \sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{3 a (c^2 a - d^2) x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{d b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3 a^{3/2} (c^2 a - d^2)} - \frac{2 b c^4 \sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{3 (c^2 a - d^2)^2 d} - \frac{1}{3 b (c^2 a - d^2)^2 d} \left( \operatorname{Ic}^4 \sqrt{2} \left( \sum_{\alpha = \operatorname{RootOf}(b c^2 - z^3 + c^2 a - d^2)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \right) \right)$$

$$3 \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x + \frac{-1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} + (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{b \left(x - \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{-3 (-a b^2)^{1/3} + 1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3} + 1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \quad (1)$$

$$(-a b^2)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ic}^2 \left( \frac{b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right) + 2 \operatorname{Ic}^2 \left( \frac{b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right) + (-a b^2)^{1/3} \operatorname{Ic}^2 \left( \frac{b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right)$$

$$\operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\operatorname{Ic}^2 \left( \frac{b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right) - \frac{1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}}}{3}, \frac{b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}} \right),$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{c^2 (21\sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} a^2 b - 1\sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{2/3} a + 1\sqrt{3} a b - 3 (-a b^2)^{2/3} a - 3 a b)}{2 b d^2}, \sqrt{\frac{1\sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left( -\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{1\sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right)}} \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) \\
& + \frac{2 b \sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{3 a^2 d} + \frac{4 d b \sqrt{b x^3 + a} c^2}{3 a (c^2 a - d^2)^2} - \frac{2 b \sqrt{b x^3 + a} d^3}{3 a^2 (c^2 a - d^2)^2} - \frac{4 d b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) c^2}{3 \sqrt{a} (c^2 a - d^2)^2} + \frac{2 b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b x^3 + a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) d^3}{3 a^{3/2} (c^2 a - d^2)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 149: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a c + b x^3 + d \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 6, 251 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x}{b c} - \frac{(c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} \ln((c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} + b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x)}{3 b^{4/3} c^{5/3}} + \frac{(c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} \ln((c^2 a - d^2)^{2/3} - b^{1/3} c^{2/3} (c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} x + b^{2/3} c^{4/3} x^2)}{6 b^{4/3} c^{5/3}} \\ + \frac{(c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 - \frac{2 b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x}{(c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3 b^{4/3} c^{5/3}} - \frac{d x^4 \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{b x^3}{a}, -\frac{b c^2 x^3}{c^2 a - d^2}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}}}{4 (c^2 a - d^2) \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 7, 1543 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{3 b^2 c^2 \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \left( 2 \operatorname{Id} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} / \right. \\ \left. \sqrt{3} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{\operatorname{Id} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{\operatorname{Id} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\frac{-1 \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{I \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{\frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{3}}},}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{I \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{\frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{3}}}} \right) + \frac{1}{3 d b^4} \left( I \sqrt{2} \left( \sum_{\alpha = \text{RootOf}(Z^3 b c^2 + c^2 a - d^2)} \frac{1}{\alpha^2 \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \right) \left( (-a b^2)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left( 2 x + \frac{-I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} + (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b} \right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{b \left( x - \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b} \right)}{-3 (-a b^2)^{1/3} + I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} b \left( 2 x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3} + I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b} \right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \right) \right) \quad (I)
\end{aligned}$$

$$(-a b^2)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \alpha b - I (-a b^2)^{2/3} \sqrt{3} + 2 \alpha^2 b^2 - (-a b^2)^{1/3} \alpha b - (-a b^2)^{2/3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{I \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{\frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{3}}},}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{I \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{\frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{3}}}} \right) \\
& - \frac{c^2 (2 I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} \alpha^2 b - I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{2/3} \alpha + I \sqrt{3} a b - 3 (-a b^2)^{2/3} \alpha - 3 a b)}{2 b d^2} \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left( -\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right)}} \Bigg) \Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( -\frac{1}{3 b^4 c^2} \left( \text{Id} \sqrt{2} \left( \sum_{\alpha = \text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^3 b c^2 + c^2 a - d^2)} \frac{1}{\alpha^2 \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left( (-a b^2)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \text{a} b - \text{I} (-a b^2)^{2/3} \sqrt{3} + 2 \text{a}^2 b^2 - (-a b^2)^{1/3} \text{a} b - (-a b^2)^{2/3} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left( \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\text{I} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}}{3}, \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. -\frac{c^2 (2 \text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} \text{a}^2 b - \text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{2/3} \text{a} + \text{I} \sqrt{3} a b - 3 (-a b^2)^{2/3} \text{a} - 3 a b)}{2 b d^2}, \sqrt{\frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left( -\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{\text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right)}} \right) \right) \right) \\
& \left. - \frac{a \ln \left( x + \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3} \right)}{3 c b^2 \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{2/3}} + \frac{a \ln \left( x^2 - x \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3} + \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{2/3} \right)}{6 c b^2 \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{2/3}} - \frac{a \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{2 x}{\left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3}} - 1 \right)}{3} \right)}{3 c b^2 \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{2/3}} + \frac{x}{b c} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$+\frac{d^2 \ln \left(x+\left(\frac{c^2 a-d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3}\right)}{3 b^2 c^3 \left(\frac{c^2 a-d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}}-\frac{d^2 \ln \left(x^2-x\left(\frac{c^2 a-d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3}+\left(\frac{c^2 a-d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}\right)}{6 b^2 c^3 \left(\frac{c^2 a-d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}}+\frac{d^2 \sqrt{3} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{2 x}{\left(\frac{c^2 a-d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3}}-1\right)}{3}\right)}{3 b^2 c^3 \left(\frac{c^2 a-d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 150: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{x}{a c+b c x^3+d \sqrt{b x^3+a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 243 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\ln \left(\left(c^2 a-d^2\right)^{1/3}+b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x\right)}{3 b^{2/3} c^{1/3} \left(c^2 a-d^2\right)^{1/3}}+\frac{\ln \left(\left(c^2 a-d^2\right)^{2/3}-b^{1/3} c^{2/3} \left(c^2 a-d^2\right)^{1/3} x+b^{2/3} c^{4/3} x^2\right)}{6 b^{2/3} c^{1/3} \left(c^2 a-d^2\right)^{1/3}}-\frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\left(1-\frac{2 b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x}{\left(c^2 a-d^2\right)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3 b^{2/3} c^{1/3} \left(c^2 a-d^2\right)^{1/3}} \\ & -\frac{d x^2 AppellF1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3},-\frac{b x^3}{a},-\frac{b c^2 x^3}{c^2 a-d^2}\right) \sqrt{1+\frac{b x^3}{a}}}{2 \left(c^2 a-d^2\right) \sqrt{b x^3+a}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 618 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{3 d b^3} \left( \text{I} \sqrt{2} \left( \sum_{\alpha=\text{RootOf}(\text{Z}^3 b c^2+c^2 a-d^2)} \frac{1}{\alpha \sqrt{b x^3+a}} \right) \left( \left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x+\frac{-\text{I} \sqrt{3} \left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}+\left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{\left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{b \left(x-\frac{\left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{-3 \left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}+\text{I} \sqrt{3} \left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x+\frac{\left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}+\text{I} \sqrt{3} \left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{\left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3}}} \right) \right) \left( \text{I} \right. \\ & \left. \left( \left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \alpha b-\text{I} \left(-a b^2\right)^{2/3} \sqrt{3}+2 \alpha^2 b^2-\left(-a b^2\right)^{1/3} \alpha b-\left(-a b^2\right)^{2/3}\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{I \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{\frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{3}}}, \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{c^2 (2 I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} a^2 b - I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{2/3} a + I \sqrt{3} a b - 3 (-a b^2)^{2/3} a - 3 a b)}{2 b d^2}, \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left( -\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right)}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
& - \frac{\ln \left( x + \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3} \right)}{3 b c \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3}} + \frac{\ln \left( x^2 - x \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3} + \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{2/3} \right)}{6 b c \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \left( \frac{2 x}{\left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3}} - 1 \right)}{3} \right)}{3 b c \left( \frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2} \right)^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 151: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left( a c + b c x^3 + d \sqrt{b x^3 + a} \right)} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 261 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{c}{(c^2 a - d^2) x} + \frac{b^{1/3} c^{5/3} \ln((c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} + b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x)}{3 (c^2 a - d^2)^{4/3}} - \frac{b^{1/3} c^{5/3} \ln((c^2 a - d^2)^{2/3} - b^{1/3} c^{2/3} (c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} x + b^{2/3} c^{4/3} x^2)}{6 (c^2 a - d^2)^{4/3}} \\
& + \frac{b^{1/3} c^{5/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 - \frac{2 b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x}{(c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3 (c^2 a - d^2)^{4/3}} + \frac{d AppellF1\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{b x^3}{a}, -\frac{b c^2 x^3}{c^2 a - d^2}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{b x^3}{a}}}{(c^2 a - d^2) x \sqrt{b x^3 + a}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type ?, 3559 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 152: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a c + b c x^3 + d \sqrt{b x^3 + a})} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 262 leaves, 10 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{c}{2(c^2 a - d^2) x^2} - \frac{b^{2/3} c^{7/3} \ln((c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} + b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x)}{3(c^2 a - d^2)^{5/3}} + \frac{b^{2/3} c^{7/3} \ln((c^2 a - d^2)^{2/3} - b^{1/3} c^{2/3} (c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3} x + b^{2/3} c^{4/3} x^2)}{6(c^2 a - d^2)^{5/3}} \\
& + \frac{b^{2/3} c^{7/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 - \frac{2b^{1/3} c^{2/3} x}{(c^2 a - d^2)^{1/3}}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{3(c^2 a - d^2)^{5/3}} + \frac{d \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^3}{a}, -\frac{b c^2 x^3}{c^2 a - d^2}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}}}{2(c^2 a - d^2) x^2 \sqrt{bx^3 + a}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 1788 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3}\right)}{3 d^2 \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{c \ln\left(x^2 - x \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3} + \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}\right)}{6 d^2 \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{c \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{2x}{\left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3}} - 1\right)}{3}\right)}{3 d^2 \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{c}{2(c^2 a - d^2) x^2} \\
& - \frac{a c^3 \ln\left(x + \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3}\right)}{3 d^2 (c^2 a - d^2) \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{a c^3 \ln\left(x^2 - x \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3} + \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}\right)}{6 d^2 (c^2 a - d^2) \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{a c^3 \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{2x}{\left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{1/3}} - 1\right)}{3}\right)}{3 d^2 (c^2 a - d^2) \left(\frac{c^2 a - d^2}{b c^2}\right)^{2/3}} \\
& + \frac{d \sqrt{bx^3 + a}}{2 a (c^2 a - d^2) x^2} + \frac{1}{2 a (c^2 a - d^2) \sqrt{bx^3 + a}} \left( \text{Id} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3 \sqrt{\frac{\text{I}\left(x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}}{-\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}}} \\
& \sqrt{\frac{-\text{I}\left(x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\text{I}\left(x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{1 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}}}{3}, \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. \left( \sqrt{\frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left( -\frac{3(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right)}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3 a d \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \left( 2 \text{I} \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt[3]{\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \text{EllipticF} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}}}{3}, \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left( -\frac{3(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right)}} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3 d (c^2 a - d^2) \sqrt{b x^3 + a}} \left( 2 \text{I} c^2 \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt[3]{\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} + \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \text{EllipticF} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} - \frac{1\sqrt{3}(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b} \right) \sqrt{3} b}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}}}{3}, \right. \right. \right. 
\end{aligned}$$

$$-a b^2 \Big)^{1/2}$$

$$3 \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x + \frac{-I\sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} + (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \quad \sqrt{\frac{b \left(x - \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{-3 (-a b^2)^{1/3} + I\sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \quad \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{1}{2} b \left(2 x + \frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3} + I\sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b}\right)}{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}} \quad (1)$$

$$(-a b^2)^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \_a b - 1 \left( (-a b^2)^2 \sqrt{3} + 2 \_a^2 b^2 - (-a b^2)^{1/3} \_a b - (-a b^2)^{2/3} \right)$$

$$\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{I \left(x+\frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}-\frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right) \sqrt{3} b}{\frac{(-a b^2)^{1/3}}{3}}},}{\frac{c^2 \left(2 I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3} a^2 b-I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{2/3} a+I \sqrt{3} a b-3 (-a b^2)^{2/3} a-3 a b\right)}{2 b a^2},\sqrt{\frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{b \left(-\frac{3 (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}+\frac{I \sqrt{3} (-a b^2)^{1/3}}{2 b}\right)}}}\right)$$

Problem 154: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{1/4} + x^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 49 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-12x^{1/12} + 6x^{1/6} - 4x^{1/4} + 3x^{1/3} - \frac{12x^{5/12}}{5} - \frac{12x^{7/12}}{7} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2} + 12 \ln(1 + x^{1/12}) + 2\sqrt{x}$$

Result(type 3, 172 leaves):

$$3x^{1/3} + 2\sqrt{x} - 4x^{1/4} - 2 \ln(x^{1/4} - 1) - \ln(x^{2/3} + x^{1/3} + 1) - \frac{12x^{7/12}}{7} + 6x^{1/6} - 12x^{1/12} - \frac{12x^{5/12}}{5} + 2 \ln(x^{1/3} - 1) + \ln(-1 + \sqrt{x}) - \ln(1 + \sqrt{x}) - 2 \ln(x^{1/6} + 1) + 2 \ln(x^{1/6} - 1) + \ln(x^{1/3} - x^{1/6} + 1) + 4 \ln(1 + x^{1/12}) - 4 \ln(x^{1/12} - 1) - 2 \ln(x^{1/6} - x^{1/12} + 1) + 2 \ln(x^{1/6} + x^{1/12} + 1) + 2 \ln(x^{1/4} + 1) - \ln(x^{1/3} + x^{1/6} + 1) + \ln(-1 + x) + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2}$$

Problem 156: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^m dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 42 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{b \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1+m} \text{hypergeom}\left( [2, 1+m], [2+m], 1 + \frac{b}{ax} \right)}{a^2 (1+m)}$$

Result(type 8, 11 leaves):

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^m dx$$

Problem 157: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^m}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 110 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1+m}}{2c(ac - bd) \left( d + \frac{c}{x} \right)^2} - \frac{b(2ac - bd(1+m)) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1+m} \text{hypergeom}\left( [2, 1+m], [2+m], \frac{c \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)}{ac - bd} \right)}{2c(ac - bd)^3 (1+m)}$$

Result(type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

Problem 159: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 330 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2(dx + c)^{3/2}(ax^2 + b)}{5ax\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} + \frac{2c(ax^2 + b)\sqrt{dx + c}}{5ax\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} \\ & + \frac{2(c^2a - 3d^2b)\text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{x\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{b}}}\sqrt{2}}{2}, \sqrt{-\frac{2d\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}}{ac - d\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}}}{5(-a)^{3/2}dx\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{a(dx + c)}{ac - d\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}}}} \\ & - \frac{2c(c^2a + d^2b)\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{x\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{b}}}\sqrt{2}}{2}, \sqrt{-\frac{2d\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}}{ac - d\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}}}\right)\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}}\sqrt{\frac{a(dx + c)}{ac - d\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}}}}{5(-a)^{3/2}dx\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{dx + c}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 1144 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{5\sqrt{dx + c}d^2a^2x\sqrt{ax^2 + b}} \left( 2 \left( \sqrt{-ab} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx + c)a}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(-ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab}d + ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx + c)a}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}}, \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}{\sqrt{-ab}d + ac}}\right) a c^3 d + \sqrt{-ab} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx + c)a}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(-ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab}d + ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx + c)a}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}}, \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}{\sqrt{-ab}d + ac}}\right) b c d^3 - 3 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx + c)a}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(-ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab}d + ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx + c)a}{\sqrt{-ab}d - ac}}, \right. \right. \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. \left( \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \right) a b c^2 d^2 - 3 b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(-ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}}, \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \right) d^4 - \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(-ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \right) a^2 c^4 \right. \\
& + 2 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(-ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \right) a b c^2 d^2 \\
& + 3 b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(-ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \sqrt{\frac{(ax + \sqrt{-ab})d}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)a}{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}}, \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-ab} d - ac}{\sqrt{-ab} d + ac}} \right) d^4 + x^4 a^2 d^4 + 3 x^3 a^2 c d^3 \\
& \left. \left. + 2 x^2 a^2 c^2 d^2 + x^2 a b d^4 + 3 x a b c d^3 + 2 a b c^2 d^2 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 174: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 125 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{b d \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}}{\sqrt{a - b \sqrt{c}}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{c} (a - b \sqrt{c})^{3/2}} + \frac{b d \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}}{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{c}}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{c} (a + b \sqrt{c})^{3/2}} - \frac{(a - b \sqrt{dx + c}) \sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}}{(-b^2 c + a^2) x}$$

Result (type 3, 264 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2 d \sqrt{b^2 c} \sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}}{c (-4 \sqrt{b^2 c} - 4 a) (-b \sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{b^2 c})} + \frac{2 d \sqrt{b^2 c} \operatorname{arctan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 c} - a}} \right)}{c (-4 \sqrt{b^2 c} - 4 a) \sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 c} - a}} - \frac{2 d \sqrt{b^2 c} \sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}}{c (4 \sqrt{b^2 c} - 4 a) (b \sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{b^2 c})} \\
& - \frac{2 d \sqrt{b^2 c} \operatorname{arctan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sqrt{dx + c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 c} - a}} \right)}{c (4 \sqrt{b^2 c} - 4 a) \sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 c} - a}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 175: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^p \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 58 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^{1+p}}{b^2 d (1+p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^{2+p}}{b^2 d (2+p)}$$

Result(type 8, 15 leaves):

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^p \, dx$$

Problem 176: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^p}{x} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 127 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+p], [2+p], \frac{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{1+p}}{(1+p)(a-b\sqrt{c})} - \frac{\text{hypergeom}\left([1, 1+p], [2+p], \frac{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{1+p}}{(1+p)(a+b\sqrt{c})}$$

Result(type 8, 19 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^p}{x} \, dx$$

Problem 191: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{1-x}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 49 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\ln(1 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1-x}) (5 - \sqrt{5})}{5} + \frac{\ln(1 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{1-x}) (5 + \sqrt{5})}{5}$$

Result(type 3, 100 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\ln(x^2 + x - 1)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)}{5} + \frac{\ln(-x + \sqrt{1-x})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{1-x}+1)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)}{5} - \frac{\ln(-x - \sqrt{1-x})}{2} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{1-x}-1)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)}{5} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 195: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3 - 1}{(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 36 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{2x^3/2}{3} - \arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} - 1)\sqrt{2} - \arctan(1 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x})\sqrt{2}$$

Result(type 3, 96 leaves):

$$\frac{2x^3/2}{3} - \arctan(1 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x})\sqrt{2} - \arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} - 1)\sqrt{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 1}{x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 1}\right)}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\ln\left(\frac{x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 1}{x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 1}\right)}{4}$$

Problem 201: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x}}}{x} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 6 leaves, 3 steps):

$$2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{x})$$

Result(type 3, 31 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x}} (1+x) \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + x + \sqrt{x^2+x}\right)}{\sqrt{(1+x)x}}$$

Problem 202: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{x}{1+x}}}{x} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 13 leaves, 2 steps):

$$2 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{x}{1+x}}\right)$$

Result(type 3, 32 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{x}{1+x}} (1+x) \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + x + \sqrt{x^2+x}\right)}{\sqrt{(1+x)x}}$$

Problem 203: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx+a}{dx+c}}}{bx+a} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 31 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{\frac{bx+a}{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{d}}$$

Result(type 3, 79 leaves):

$$\frac{\ln \left( \frac{2 b dx + 2 \sqrt{(bx+a)(dx+c)} \sqrt{bd} + ad + bc}{2 \sqrt{bd}} \right) (dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{bx+a}{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{(bx+a)(dx+c)} \sqrt{bd}}$$

Problem 206: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x + \sqrt{-x^2 - 2x + 3})^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 248 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{12 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{(3-x-x\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2-2x+3})\sqrt{7}}{7x} \right) \sqrt{7}}{343} \\ & - \frac{4 \left( 9 - 5\sqrt{3} + \frac{(21+5\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-x^2-2x+3})}{x} \right)}{21 \left( 2 - \sqrt{3} - \frac{2(1+\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-x^2-2x+3})}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-x^2-2x+3})^2}{x^2} \right)^2} \\ & + \frac{2 \left( 18 - 43\sqrt{3} - \frac{(18+49\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-x^2-2x+3})}{x} \right)}{147 \left( 2 - \sqrt{3} - \frac{2(1+\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-x^2-2x+3})}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-x^2-2x+3})^2}{x^2} \right)} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type ?, 5999 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 209: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x + \sqrt{-x^2 - 4x - 3})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 73 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\left(1 - \frac{3\sqrt{-1-x}}{\sqrt{3+x}}\right)\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{\sqrt{3+x}}}{1 - \frac{3(1+x)}{3+x} - \frac{2\sqrt{-1-x}}{\sqrt{3+x}}}$$

Result (type ?, 2406 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 211: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-x^4 + 4x^3 - 8x^2 + 8x)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 93 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{(5 + (-1+x)^2)(-1+x)}{72(3 - 2(-1+x)^2 - (-1+x)^4)^{3/2}} - \frac{7 \text{EllipticE}\left(-1+x, \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{432} + \frac{11 \text{EllipticF}\left(-1+x, \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{432} + \frac{(26 + 7(-1+x)^2)(-1+x)}{432\sqrt{3 - 2(-1+x)^2 - (-1+x)^4}}$$

Result (type 4, 1038 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-\sqrt{-x^4 + 4x^3 - 8x^2 + 8x}}{768x^2} - \frac{-x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 8}{96\sqrt{x(-x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 8)}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{36} + \frac{1}{288}x^2 - \frac{1}{96}x\right)\sqrt{-x^4 + 4x^3 - 8x^2 + 8x}}{(x^3 - 4x^2 + 8x - 8)^2} + \frac{2x\left(\frac{53}{3456} + \frac{5}{1728}x^2 - \frac{19}{4608}x\right)}{\sqrt{-x(x^3 - 4x^2 + 8x - 8)}} \\ & + \frac{1}{216(-1 - I\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-x(-2+x)(x - I\sqrt{3} - 1)(x - 1 + I\sqrt{3})}} \left( 5(I\sqrt{3} - 1)\sqrt{\frac{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})x}{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(-2 + x)}} \right. \\ & \left. + x \right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x - I\sqrt{3} - 1}{(I\sqrt{3} + 1)(-2 + x)}} \sqrt{\frac{x - 1 + I\sqrt{3}}{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(-2 + x)}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})x}{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(-2 + x)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3} - 1)}{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3} + 1)}}\right) \\ & + \frac{1}{108(-1 - I\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-x(-2+x)(x - I\sqrt{3} - 1)(x - 1 + I\sqrt{3})}} \left( 7(I\sqrt{3} - 1)\sqrt{\frac{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})x}{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(-2 + x)}} \right. \\ & \left. + x \right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x - I\sqrt{3} - 1}{(I\sqrt{3} + 1)(-2 + x)}} \sqrt{\frac{x - 1 + I\sqrt{3}}{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(-2 + x)}} \left( 2 \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})x}{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(-2 + x)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3} - 1)}{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3} + 1)}}\right) \right. \\ & \left. - 2 \text{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})x}{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(-2 + x)}}, \frac{1 - I\sqrt{3}}{-1 - I\sqrt{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1 - I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3} - 1)}{(-1 - I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3} + 1)}}\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{432 \sqrt{-x (-2+x) (x-I\sqrt{3}-1) (x-1+I\sqrt{3})}} \left( 7 \left( x (x-I\sqrt{3}-1) (x-1+I\sqrt{3}) + 2 (I\sqrt{3}-1) \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}} (-2 \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x-I\sqrt{3}-1}{(I\sqrt{3}+1) (-2+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{x-1+I\sqrt{3}}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}} \left( \frac{(6-2I\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}+1)}}\right)}{2 (-1-I\sqrt{3})} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + \frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}+1)}}\right)}{2} \right) \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{4 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}}, \frac{I\sqrt{3}-1}{I\sqrt{3}+1}, \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}+1)}}\right)}{-1-I\sqrt{3}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 212: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{((2-x)x(x^2-2x+4))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 61 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(-1+x, \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{24} + \frac{\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(-1+x, \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}\right) \sqrt{3}}{12} + \frac{(5+(-1+x)^2) (-1+x)}{24 \sqrt{3-2 (-1+x)^2-(-1+x)^4}}$$

Result (type 4, 962 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{-x^3+4x^2-8x+8}{32 \sqrt{x (-x^3+4x^2-8x+8)}} + \frac{2x \left( \frac{1}{24} + \frac{x^2}{192} \right)}{\sqrt{-x (x^3-4x^2+8x-8)}} + \frac{1}{6 (-1-I\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{-x (-2+x) (x-I\sqrt{3}-1) (x-1+I\sqrt{3})}} \left( (I\sqrt{3} \right. \\
& \left. -1) \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}} (-2+x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x-I\sqrt{3}-1}{(I\sqrt{3}+1) (-2+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{x-1+I\sqrt{3}}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}}, \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}+1)}}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{6 (-1-I\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{-x (-2+x) (x-I\sqrt{3}-1) (x-1+I\sqrt{3})}} \left( (I\sqrt{3} \right. \\
& \left. -1) \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}} (-2+x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x-I\sqrt{3}-1}{(I\sqrt{3}+1) (-2+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{x-1+I\sqrt{3}}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}} \left( 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) x}{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (-2+x)}}, \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) (I\sqrt{3}+1)}}\right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}+1)}} \right) - 2 \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3})x}{(1-I\sqrt{3})(-2+x)}}, \frac{1-I\sqrt{3}}{-1-I\sqrt{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}+1)}} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{24\sqrt{-x(-2+x)(x-I\sqrt{3}-1)(x-1+I\sqrt{3})}} \left( x(x-I\sqrt{3}-1)(x-1+I\sqrt{3}) + 2(I\sqrt{3}-1) \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3})x}{(1-I\sqrt{3})(-2+x)}} (-2 \right. \\
& \left. + x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x-I\sqrt{3}-1}{(I\sqrt{3}+1)(-2+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{x-1+I\sqrt{3}}{(1-I\sqrt{3})(-2+x)}} \left( \frac{(6-2I\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3})x}{(1-I\sqrt{3})(-2+x)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}+1)}} \right)}{2(-1-I\sqrt{3})} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + \frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3})x}{(1-I\sqrt{3})(-2+x)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}+1)}} \right)}{2} \right) \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{4 \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{(-1-I\sqrt{3})x}{(1-I\sqrt{3})(-2+x)}}, \frac{I\sqrt{3}-1}{I\sqrt{3}+1}, \sqrt{\frac{(1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}-1)}{(-1-I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3}+1)}} \right)}{-1-I\sqrt{3}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 213: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{d^2 x^4 + 4 c d x^3 + 4 x^2 c^2 + 4 a c} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 668 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right) \sqrt{d^2 x^4+4 c d x^3+4 x^2 c^2+4 a c}}{3}-\frac{2 c^2\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right) \sqrt{d^2 x^4+4 c d x^3+4 x^2 c^2+4 a c}}{3\left(\sqrt{c}+\frac{d^2\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right)^2}{\sqrt{4 a d^2+c^3}}\right) \sqrt{4 a d^2+c^3}} \\
& +\frac{1}{3 \cos \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{d x+c}{c^{1 / 4} \left(4 a d^2+c^3\right)^{1 / 4}}\right)\right) d^3 \sqrt{d^2 x^4+4 c d x^3+4 x^2 c^2+4 a c}}\left(2 c^{9 / 4} \left(4 a d^2+c^3\right)^3 / \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$4 \sqrt{\cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx+c}{c^{1/4} (4 ad^2+c^3)^{1/4}}\right)\right)^2} \text{EllipticE}\left(\sin\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx+c}{c^{1/4} (4 ad^2+c^3)^{1/4}}\right)\right), \frac{\sqrt{2+\frac{2 c^{3/2}}{\sqrt{4 ad^2+c^3}}}}{2}\right) \left(\sqrt{c}\right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)^2}{\sqrt{4 ad^2+c^3}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2 (d^2 x^4 + 4 c d x^3 + 4 x^2 c^2 + 4 a c)}{(4 ad^2+c^3) \left(\sqrt{c} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)^2}{\sqrt{4 ad^2+c^3}}\right)^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3 \cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx+c}{c^{1/4} (4 ad^2+c^3)^{1/4}}\right)\right) d^3 \sqrt{d^2 x^4 + 4 c d x^3 + 4 x^2 c^2 + 4 a c}} \left( c^{3/4} (4 ad^2+c^3)^{1/4} \right.$$

$$4 \sqrt{\cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx+c}{c^{1/4} (4 ad^2+c^3)^{1/4}}\right)\right)^2} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sin\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx+c}{c^{1/4} (4 ad^2+c^3)^{1/4}}\right)\right), \frac{\sqrt{2+\frac{2 c^{3/2}}{\sqrt{4 ad^2+c^3}}}}{2}\right) \left(\sqrt{c} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)^2}{\sqrt{4 ad^2+c^3}}\right) \left( c^3 \right.$$

$$\left. + 4 ad^2 - c^{3/2} \sqrt{4 ad^2+c^3} \right) \sqrt{\frac{d^2 (d^2 x^4 + 4 c d x^3 + 4 x^2 c^2 + 4 a c)}{(4 ad^2+c^3) \left(\sqrt{c} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)^2}{\sqrt{4 ad^2+c^3}}\right)^2}}$$

Result(type ?, 4889 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 214: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{8 e^3 x^4 + 8 d e^2 x^3 - d^3 x + 8 a e^2} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 715 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\left(\frac{d}{4e} + x\right) \sqrt{8e^3x^4 + 8de^2x^3 - d^3x + 8ae^2}}{3} - \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{d}{4e} + x\right) \sqrt{8e^3x^4 + 8de^2x^3 - d^3x + 8ae^2}}{\left(1 + \frac{16e^2 \left(\frac{d}{4e} + x\right)^2}{\sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}}\right) \sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}} \\
& + \frac{1}{16 \cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{4ex + d}{(256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/4}}\right)\right)} e^2 \sqrt{8e^3x^4 + 8de^2x^3 - d^3x + 8ae^2} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d^2 (256ae^3 + 5d^4)^3 / \\ \sqrt{2 + \frac{6d^2}{\sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}}} \end{array} \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{\cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{4ex + d}{(256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/4}}\right)\right)^2}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\sin\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{4ex + d}{(256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/4}}\right)\right), \frac{\sqrt{2 + \frac{6d^2}{\sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}}}}{2}\right) \\
& + \frac{16e^2 \left(\frac{d}{4e} + x\right)^2}{\sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{e(8e^3x^4 + 8de^2x^3 - d^3x + 8ae^2)}{(256ae^3 + 5d^4) \left(1 + \frac{16e^2 \left(\frac{d}{4e} + x\right)^2}{\sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}}\right)^2} \sqrt{2} \\ (256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/2} \end{array} \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{96 \cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{4ex + d}{(256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/4}}\right)\right)} e^2 \sqrt{8e^3x^4 + 8de^2x^3 - d^3x + 8ae^2} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/2} \\ \sqrt{2 + \frac{6d^2}{\sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}}} \end{array} \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{4 \sqrt{\cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{4ex + d}{(256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/4}}\right)\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sin\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{4ex + d}{(256ae^3 + 5d^4)^{1/4}}\right)\right), \frac{\sqrt{2 + \frac{6d^2}{\sqrt{256ae^3 + 5d^4}}}}{2}\right) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 \end{array} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{16 e^2 \left( \frac{d}{4 e} + x \right)^2}{\sqrt{256 a e^3 + 5 d^4}} \left( 5 d^4 + 256 a e^3 - 3 d^2 \sqrt{256 a e^3 + 5 d^4} \right) \sqrt{\frac{e (8 e^3 x^4 + 8 d e^2 x^3 - d^3 x + 8 a e^2)}{(256 a e^3 + 5 d^4) \left( 1 + \frac{16 e^2 \left( \frac{d}{4 e} + x \right)^2}{\sqrt{256 a e^3 + 5 d^4}} \right)^2}} \sqrt{2} \right)$$

Result(type ?, 7886 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 215: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{-x^4 + 4x^3 - 8x^2 + a + 8x} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 455 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 (-1 + x) \left( 1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 - \sqrt{4 + a}} \right) (1 - \sqrt{4 + a})}{3 \sqrt{3 + a - 2 (-1 + x)^2 - (-1 + x)^4}} + \frac{(-1 + x) \sqrt{3 + a - 2 (-1 + x)^2 - (-1 + x)^4}}{3} \\
& + \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{3 + a - 2 (-1 + x)^2 - (-1 + x)^4}} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 - \sqrt{4 + a}}}{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}}}} \left( 2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{-1 + x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}}}}, \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt{4 + a}}{1 - \sqrt{4 + a}}} \right) \right. \\
& + a) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{-1 + x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}}}}, \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt{4 + a}}{1 - \sqrt{4 + a}}} \right) \left. \left( 1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 - \sqrt{4 + a}} \right) \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{3 + a - 2 (-1 + x)^2 - (-1 + x)^4}} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 - \sqrt{4 + a}}}{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{(-1 + x)^2}{1 + \sqrt{4 + a}}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( 1 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}} \sqrt{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1+\sqrt{4+a}}} \right) (-1+x), \sqrt{-\frac{2\sqrt{4+a}}{1-\sqrt{4+a}}} \left( 1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1-\sqrt{4+a}} \right) (1-\sqrt{4+a}) \sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}} \right)$$

Result(type ?, 2518 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 216: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x \sqrt{-x^4 + 4x^3 - 8x^2 + a + 8x} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 516 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(4+a) \arctan \left( \frac{1+(-1+x)^2}{\sqrt{3+a-2(-1+x)^2-(-1+x)^4}} \right)}{4} - \frac{2(-1+x) \left( 1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1-\sqrt{4+a}} \right) (1-\sqrt{4+a})}{3\sqrt{3+a-2(-1+x)^2-(-1+x)^4}} \\ & + \frac{(1+(-1+x)^2) \sqrt{3+a-2(-1+x)^2-(-1+x)^4}}{4} + \frac{(-1+x) \sqrt{3+a-2(-1+x)^2-(-1+x)^4}}{3} \\ & + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3+a-2(-1+x)^2-(-1+x)^4}} \sqrt{\frac{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1-\sqrt{4+a}}}{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}} \left( 2 \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}} \sqrt{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{2\sqrt{4+a}}{1-\sqrt{4+a}}} \right) (1 \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{(-1+x)^2}{1-\sqrt{4+a}}) \sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}} \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3+a-2(-1+x)^2-(-1+x)^4}} \sqrt{\frac{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1-\sqrt{4+a}}}{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}} \left( 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1+\sqrt{4+a}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1+\sqrt{4+a}}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( 1 \right. \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}} \sqrt{1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1+\sqrt{4+a}}} \right) (-1+x), \sqrt{-\frac{2\sqrt{4+a}}{1-\sqrt{4+a}}} \left( 1+\frac{(-1+x)^2}{1-\sqrt{4+a}} \right) (1-\sqrt{4+a}) \sqrt{1+\sqrt{4+a}} \right)$$

Result(type ?, 2550 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 217: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{8x^4 - x^3 + 8x + 8}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 155 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{696 \cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{(4+x) 29^{3/4} \sqrt{3}}{87 x}\right)\right) \sqrt{8x^4 - x^3 + 8x + 8}} \left( x^2 \sqrt{\cos\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{(4+x) 29^{3/4} \sqrt{3}}{87 x}\right)\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sin\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{87 x} ((4+x) 29^{3/4} \sqrt{3})\right)\right), \frac{\sqrt{1682 + 58 \sqrt{29}}}{58}\right) \left( 87 + \frac{(4+x)^2 \sqrt{29}}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{261 - 6 \left(1 + \frac{4}{x}\right)^2 + \left(1 + \frac{4}{x}\right)^4}{\left(87 + \frac{(4+x)^2 \sqrt{29}}{x^2}\right)^2} 29^{3/4} \sqrt{3}} \right)$$

Result(type 4, 964 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( (\operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 1) - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 4)) \right. \\ & \quad \left. \sqrt{\frac{(\operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 4) - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 2)) (x - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 1))}{(\operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 4) - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 1)) (x - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 2))}} (x \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 2)) \right. \\ & \quad \left. 2 \sqrt{\frac{(\operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 2) - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 1)) (x - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 3))}{(\operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 3) - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 1)) (x - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 2))}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. \sqrt{\frac{(\operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 2) - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 1)) (x - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 4))}{(\operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 4) - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 1)) (x - \operatorname{RootOf}(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, \text{index} = 2))}} \sqrt{2} \right. \\ & \quad \left. \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\right. \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{(RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 4) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 2)) (x - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 1))}{(RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 4) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 1)) (x - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 2))}},$$

$$((RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 2) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 3)) (RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 1) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 4))) \mid ((RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 1) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 3)) (RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 2) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 4)))^{1/2}) \Bigg) \Bigg/ (2 (RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 4) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 2)) (RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 2) - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 1)))$$

$$((x - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 1)) (x - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 2)) (x - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 3)) (x - RootOf(8 \_Z^4 - \_Z^3 + 8 \_Z + 8, index = 4)))^{1/2})$$

Problem 218: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^4 + 15x^3 - 44x^2 - 6x + 9}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 156 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{7356 \cos \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{(6-x) \, 613^3/4}{613 x}\right)\right) \sqrt{3 x^4+15 x^3-44 x^2-6 x+9}} \left( x^2 \sqrt{\cos \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{(6-x) \, 613^3/4}{613 x}\right)\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sin \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{1}{613 x} ((6-x) \, 613^3/4)\right)\right), \frac{\sqrt{751538+111566 \sqrt{613}}}{1226}\right) \left( \frac{(6-x)^2}{x^2} + \sqrt{613} \right) \sqrt{\frac{613-182 \left(1-\frac{6}{x}\right)^2+\left(-1+\frac{6}{x}\right)^4}{\left(\frac{(6-x)^2}{x^2}+\sqrt{613}\right)^2} \, 613^3/4} \right)$$

Result (type 4, 1181 leaves):

$$\left( 2 \left( -RootOf(3\_Z^4 + 15\_Z^3 - 44\_Z^2 - 6\_Z + 9, index = 4) + RootOf(3\_Z^4 + 15\_Z^3 - 44\_Z^2 - 6\_Z + 9, index = 1) \right) \right)$$

$$\left( \left( x - \text{RootOf}(3 \ Z^4 + 15 \ Z^3 - 44 \ Z^2 - 6 \ Z + 9, \text{index} = 1) \right) \left( -\text{RootOf}(3 \ Z^4 + 15 \ Z^3 - 44 \ Z^2 - 6 \ Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) + \text{RootOf}(3 \ Z^4 + 15 \ Z^3 - 44 \ Z^2 - 6 \ Z + 9, \text{index} = 3) \right) + \text{RootOf}(3 \ Z^4 + 15 \ Z^3 - 44 \ Z^2 - 6 \ Z + 9, \text{index} = 2) \right) \left( x - \text{RootOf}(3 \ Z^4 + 15 \ Z^3 - 44 \ Z^2 - 6 \ Z + 9, \text{index} = 5) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1) \cdot (x - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2)))^{1/2} \cdot (x - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2)) \\
& + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2)) \\
& ^2 \cdot ((x - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 3)) \cdot (\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2) - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1))) \\
& = 1)) \cdot ((-\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 3) + \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1)) \cdot (x - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2))) \\
& - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2))) \\
& ^{1/2} \cdot ((-\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) \cdot (\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2) - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1))) \\
& = 1)) \cdot ((-\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) + \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1)) \cdot (x - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2))) \\
& - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2))) \\
& ^{1/2} \cdot \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{EllipticF} \left( \left( (x - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1)) \cdot (-\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) \right. \right. \\
& + \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2))) \cdot ((-\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) + \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 \\
& - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1)) \cdot (x - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2)))^{1/2}, \\
& \left. \left. \left( (\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2) - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 3)) \cdot (-\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) \right. \right. \right. \\
& - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) + \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2)))^{1/2} \right) \right) \left/ \left( 3 \cdot (\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 4) - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2)) \cdot (\text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 2) - \text{RootOf}(3 \cdot Z^4 + 15 \cdot Z^3 - 44 \cdot Z^2 - 6 \cdot Z + 9, \text{index} = 1)) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left( (x - \text{RootOf}(3\_Z^4 + 15\_Z^3 - 44\_Z^2 - 6\_Z + 9, \text{index} = 1)) (x - \text{RootOf}(3\_Z^4 + 15\_Z^3 - 44\_Z^2 - 6\_Z + 9, \text{index} = 2)) (x - \text{RootOf}(3\_Z^4 + 15\_Z^3 - 44\_Z^2 - 6\_Z + 9, \text{index} = 3)) \right)^{1/2}$$

Problem 223: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-3x^2 + 3 + (-5 - 4x)\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 2, 27 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\frac{3}{5(4+5x)} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{4+5x}$$

Result (type 2, 80 leaves):

$$\frac{3}{5(4+5x)} + \frac{5 \left( -\left(x + \frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + \frac{8x}{5} + \frac{41}{25} \right)^{3/2}}{9 \left(x + \frac{4}{5}\right)} + \frac{5x \sqrt{-\left(x + \frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + \frac{8x}{5} + \frac{41}{25}}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{-(-1+x)^2 - 2x + 2}}{18} - \frac{\sqrt{-(1+x)^2 + 2x + 2}}{2}$$

Problem 228: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-3x}\sqrt{2+3x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{3}$$

Result (type 3, 33 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{(2-3x)(2+3x)} \arcsin\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{2-3x}\sqrt{2+3x}}$$

Problem 229: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3-x}\sqrt{5+x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{x}{4}\right)$$

Result (type 3, 30 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{(3-x)(5+x)} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{x}{4}\right)}{\sqrt{3-x} \sqrt{5+x}}$$

Problem 231: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(ax+1)^3/2}{x(-ax+1)^3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 43 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\arcsin(ax) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-ax+1} \sqrt{ax+1}\right) + \frac{4\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{-ax+1}}$$

Result (type 3, 129 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{(ax-1)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} \left( \left( -\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) \operatorname{csgn}(a) x a - \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(a) ax}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) x a + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) \operatorname{csgn}(a) - 4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{csgn}(a) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(a) ax}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) \right) \operatorname{csgn}(a) \sqrt{-ax+1} \sqrt{ax+1} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 233: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left( \frac{cx^2+a+b}{d} \right)^m dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 47 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{dx \left( \frac{a+b}{d} + \frac{cx^2}{d} \right)^{1+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[1, \frac{3}{2} + m\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{cx^2}{a+b}\right)}{a+b}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves):

$$\int \left( \frac{cx^2+a+b}{d} \right)^m dx$$

Problem 234: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 29 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\arcsin(x)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)}{2} + \frac{\ln(-2x^2+1)}{4}$$

Result(type 3, 174 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\ln(2x^2 - 1)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-4 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 - 4 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} + 2}}{8} - \frac{\arcsin(x)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(-\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{2} + 1\right)\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{-4 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 - 4 \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} + 2}}\right)}{2} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-4 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + 4 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} + 2}}{8} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{2} + 1\right)\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{-4 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + 4 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} + 2}}\right)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 236: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{-x^2+2}}{x-\sqrt{-x^2+2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 46 leaves, 12 steps):

$$-\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2+2}}\right)}{2} + \frac{\ln(1-x)}{4} + \frac{\ln(1+x)}{4} + \frac{x\sqrt{-x^2+2}}{4}$$

Result(type 3, 110 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{\ln(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{\ln(1+x)}{4} + \frac{x\sqrt{-x^2+2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-(-1+x)^2-2x+3}}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2x+4}{2\sqrt{-(-1+x)^2-2x+3}}\right)}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{-(1+x)^2+2x+3}}{4} \\ & + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x+4}{2\sqrt{-(1+x)^2+2x+3}}\right)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 237: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2} \sqrt{dx^2 + c}}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 54 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a x^2+b}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{d x^2+c}}\right) \sqrt{a x^2+b}}{x \sqrt{a} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}$$

Result(type 3, 116 leaves):

$$\frac{(a x^2+b) \ln \left(\frac{2 a d x^2+2 \sqrt{a d x^4+a c x^2+b d x^2+b c} \sqrt{a d}+a c+b d}{2 \sqrt{a d}}\right) \sqrt{d x^2+c}}{2 \sqrt{\frac{a x^2+b}{x^2}} x \sqrt{a d x^4+a c x^2+b d x^2+b c} \sqrt{a d}}$$

Problem 240: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2-\frac{b}{x^2}}}{2 x^2-b} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 14 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

Result(type 3, 61 leaves):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2 x^2-b}{x^2}} x \ln \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{-b} \sqrt{2 x^2-b}-b\right)}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{2 x^2-b} \sqrt{-b}}$$

Problem 241: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{c}{x^2}+\frac{b}{x}}}{e x+d} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 157 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2 a+\frac{b}{x}}{2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+\frac{c}{x^2}+\frac{b}{x}}}\right) \sqrt{a}}{e}-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+\frac{2 c}{x}}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+\frac{c}{x^2}+\frac{b}{x}}}\right) \sqrt{c}}{d} \\
& -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2 a d-b e+\frac{b d-2 e c}{x}}{2 \sqrt{a d^2-e(b d-e c)} \sqrt{a+\frac{c}{x^2}+\frac{b}{x}}}\right) \sqrt{a d^2-e(b d-e c)}}{d e}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 382 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{\sqrt{a x^2+b x+c} d e^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2-b d e+c e^2}{e^2}}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{a x^2+b x+c}{x^2}} x \left( \ln \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a x^2+b x+c} \sqrt{a}+2 a x+b}{2 \sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{a} d e \sqrt{\frac{a d^2-b d e+c e^2}{e^2}} \right. \right. \\
& -\sqrt{c} \ln \left( \frac{2 c+b x+2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a x^2+b x+c}}{x} \right) e^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2-b d e+c e^2}{e^2}} \\
& +d^2 \ln \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a x^2+b x+c} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2-b d e+c e^2}{e^2}} e-2 a d x+x b e-b d+2 e c}{e x+d} \right) a \\
& -\ln \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a x^2+b x+c} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2-b d e+c e^2}{e^2}} e-2 a d x+x b e-b d+2 e c}{e x+d} \right) b d e \\
& \left. \left. +\ln \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a x^2+b x+c} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2-b d e+c e^2}{e^2}} e-2 a d x+x b e-b d+2 e c}{e x+d} \right) c e^2 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 244: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2 a m+b(2 m-n) x^n)}{2(a+b x^n)^{3/2}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a+b x^n}}$$

Result(type 8, 35 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m} (2 a m + b (2 m - n) x^n)}{2 (a + b x^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 252: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 16 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1+x}$$

Result(type 3, 44 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+x}} (1+x) \left( 2\sqrt{x^2+x} - \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}+x+\sqrt{x^2+x}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{(1+x)x}}$$

Problem 253: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1-x^2+\sqrt{5}+x^2\sqrt{5}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 12 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\arctan\left(x\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)}{2}$$

Result(type 3, 31 leaves):

$$\frac{4 \arctan\left(\frac{4x}{2+2\sqrt{5}}\right)}{(\sqrt{5}-1)(2+2\sqrt{5})}$$

Problem 257: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2+x\sqrt{x^2-1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 49 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{3 \arcsin\left(x-\sqrt{x^2-1}\right) \sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{\left(3x+\sqrt{x^2-1}\right) \sqrt{1-x^2+x\sqrt{x^2-1}}}{4}$$

Result(type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2+x\sqrt{x^2-1}} \, dx$$

Problem 258: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-x+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 46 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{1+x}) \sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{(\sqrt{x}+3 \sqrt{1+x}) \sqrt{-x+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}}}{2}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-x+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} \, dx$$

Problem 259: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-x-2\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x+x^3+\sqrt{x^2+1}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 58 leaves, ? steps):

$$\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\left(x+\sqrt{x^2+1}\right)\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}\right)\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} - \operatorname{arctan}\left(\left(x+\sqrt{x^2+1}\right)\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}\right)\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}$$

Result (type 3, 437 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}} - \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} - \frac{x}{2} \\ & + \frac{3\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{1}{2(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x)} \\ & + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \sqrt{-2 + \sqrt{5}} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{-2 + \sqrt{5}}} \right)}{5} - \frac{2 \sqrt{5} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}} \operatorname{arctan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}} \right)}{5}$$

Problem 260: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{b d^4 x^4 + 4 b c d^3 x^3 + 6 b c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4 b c^3 d x + b c^4 + a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 195 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{c}{d} + x \right)^2 \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a + b d^4 \left( \frac{c}{d} + x \right)^4}} \right)}{2 d^2 \sqrt{b}} \\ & - \frac{1}{2 \cos \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{b^{1/4} (dx + c)}{a^{1/4}} \right) \right) a^{1/4} b^{1/4} d^2 \sqrt{a + b d^4 \left( \frac{c}{d} + x \right)^4}} \left( c \sqrt{\cos \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{b^{1/4} (dx + c)}{a^{1/4}} \right) \right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sin \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{b^{1/4} (dx + c)}{a^{1/4}} \right) \right), \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \left( \sqrt{a} + d^2 \left( \frac{c}{d} + x \right)^2 \sqrt{b} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + b d^4 \left( \frac{c}{d} + x \right)^4}{\left( \sqrt{a} + d^2 \left( \frac{c}{d} + x \right)^2 \sqrt{b} \right)^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 1527 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{ \left( \frac{\frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} - \frac{-\frac{I(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{I(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) } \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{\frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \Bigg)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \sqrt{\left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \\ \frac{d}{d} - \frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \end{array} \right) \left( x - \frac{-\frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)} \\
& \sqrt{\left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \\ \frac{d}{d} - \frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \end{array} \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)} \\
& \sqrt{\left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \\ \frac{d}{d} - \frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \end{array} \right) \left( x - \frac{-\frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)} \left( \frac{1}{d} \left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \\ \frac{d}{d} - \frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \end{array} \right) \right. \\
& \left. - c \right) \text{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{\left( \begin{array}{c} -\frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \\ \frac{d}{d} - \frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \end{array} \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)}, \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\left( \begin{array}{c} -\frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \\ \frac{d}{d} - \frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \end{array} \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)} \right), \\
& \left. \sqrt{\left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \\ \frac{d}{d} - \frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \end{array} \right) \left( \frac{\frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} - \frac{-\frac{I(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)} \right) + \left( \frac{\frac{(-ab^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{\frac{\left( \frac{-\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} - \frac{\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)}{\left( \frac{-\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)}}, \right. \\
& \left. \frac{-\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} - \frac{\frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d}, \sqrt{\frac{\left( \frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \right) \left( \frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \right)}{\left( \frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \right) \left( \frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c \right)}}, \right) \\
& \left( \left( \frac{-\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} - \frac{\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \left( \frac{\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{\frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \sqrt{b d^4 \left( x - \frac{\frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \left( x - \frac{\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \left( x - \frac{-\frac{(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right) \left( x - \frac{-\frac{\text{I}(-a b^3)^{1/4}}{b} - c}{d} \right)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 261: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{-cx^4 + a}{(cdx^4 + aex^2 + ad)\sqrt{cx^4 + bx^2 + a}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 44 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{x \sqrt{-a e + b d}}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c x^4 + b x^2 + a}} \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{-a e + b d}}$$

Result (type 7, 513 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{4 - \frac{2(-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2})x^2}{a}} \sqrt{4 + \frac{2(b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2})x^2}{a}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a}}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-4 + \frac{2b(b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2})}{ac}}{2}}}{2}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{4d} \left( a \left( \sum_{\alpha = \operatorname{RootOf}(cdz^4 + ae z^2 + ad)} \frac{1}{\alpha(2\alpha^2 cd + ae)} \right) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\alpha^2 cx^2 + b\alpha^2 + bx^2 + 2a}{2\sqrt{\frac{\alpha^2(-ae + bd)}{d}}\sqrt{cx^4 + bx^2 + a}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\alpha^2(-ae + bd)}{d}}} \right) \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{ad\sqrt{\frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a}}\sqrt{cx^4 + bx^2 + a}} \left( \sqrt{2}\alpha(\alpha^2 cd \right. \\
& \left. + ae)\sqrt{2 + \frac{bx^2}{a} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a}}\sqrt{2 + \frac{bx^2}{a} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a}}}{2}, \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2a}}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a}}}\right)\right)\right)\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 262: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{x^n}{1+x^n}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 32 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}\right], -x^n\right) \sqrt{x^n}}{n+2}$$

Result (type 8, 15 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{x^n}{1+x^n}} dx$$

Problem 263: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-ax^2 + bx \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}}}{x \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 38 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{b \arcsin \left( \frac{ax - b \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a}}$$

Result (type 8, 54 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-ax^2 + bx \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}}}{x \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}} dx$$

Problem 264: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x \left( -ax + b \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}} \right)}}{x \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 38 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{b \arcsin \left( \frac{ax - b \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a}}$$

Result (type 8, 53 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x \left( -ax + b \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}} \right)}}{x \sqrt{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}} dx$$

Problem 265: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{x-4} + x\sqrt{x-4} - 4\sqrt{-1+x} + x\sqrt{-1+x}}{(x^2 - 5x + 4)(1 + \sqrt{x-4} + \sqrt{-1+x})} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 3 steps):

$$2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x-4} + \sqrt{-1+x})$$

Result (type 3, 146 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\ln(-5+x)}{2} - \frac{\ln(1 + \sqrt{x-4})}{2} + \frac{\ln(-1 + \sqrt{x-4})}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-1+x} + 2)}{2} - \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-1+x} - 2)}{2} + \frac{7\sqrt{x-4}\sqrt{-1+x} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-17+5x}{4\sqrt{x^2-5x+4}}\right)}{4\sqrt{x^2-5x+4}} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{x-4}\sqrt{-1+x} \left( 2\ln\left(-\frac{5}{2} + x + \sqrt{x^2-5x+4}\right) - 5\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-17+5x}{4\sqrt{x^2-5x+4}}\right) \right)}{4\sqrt{x^2-5x+4}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 266: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{5308416c^4x^4 + 576000b^2c^2x^2 + 576000b^3cx - 44375b^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 173 leaves, 1 step):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{18432c^2} \left( \ln(20738073600000000b^8c^4 + 597005697024000000b^6c^6x^2 + 2583100705996800000b^5c^7x^3 + 951050714480640000b^4c^8x^4 \right. \\ & + 21641687369515008000b^3c^9x^5 + 32462531054272512000b^2c^{10}x^6 + 149587343098087735296c^{12}x^8 + 5308416(12230590464c^{10}x^6 \\ & + 1990656000b^2c^8x^4 + 1105920000b^3c^7x^3 + 38880000b^4c^6x^2 + 79200000b^5c^5x + 12203125b^6c^4) \\ & \left. \sqrt{5308416c^4x^4 + 576000b^2c^2x^2 + 576000b^3cx - 44375b^4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 1596 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 4) b}{48 c} \right) \\
& \left( \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 4) b}{48 c} - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right) \left( x - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \right)^{1/2} \\
& \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right) x \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 3) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \Bigg/ \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 3) b}{48 c} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

1/2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right) x \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 4) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \Bigg/ \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 4) b}{48 c} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^4 + 10 \underline{Z}^2 + 96 \underline{Z} - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \left( x - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \left( \frac{1}{48 c} \sqrt{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2)} \right) \\
& + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2
\end{aligned}$$

*b*

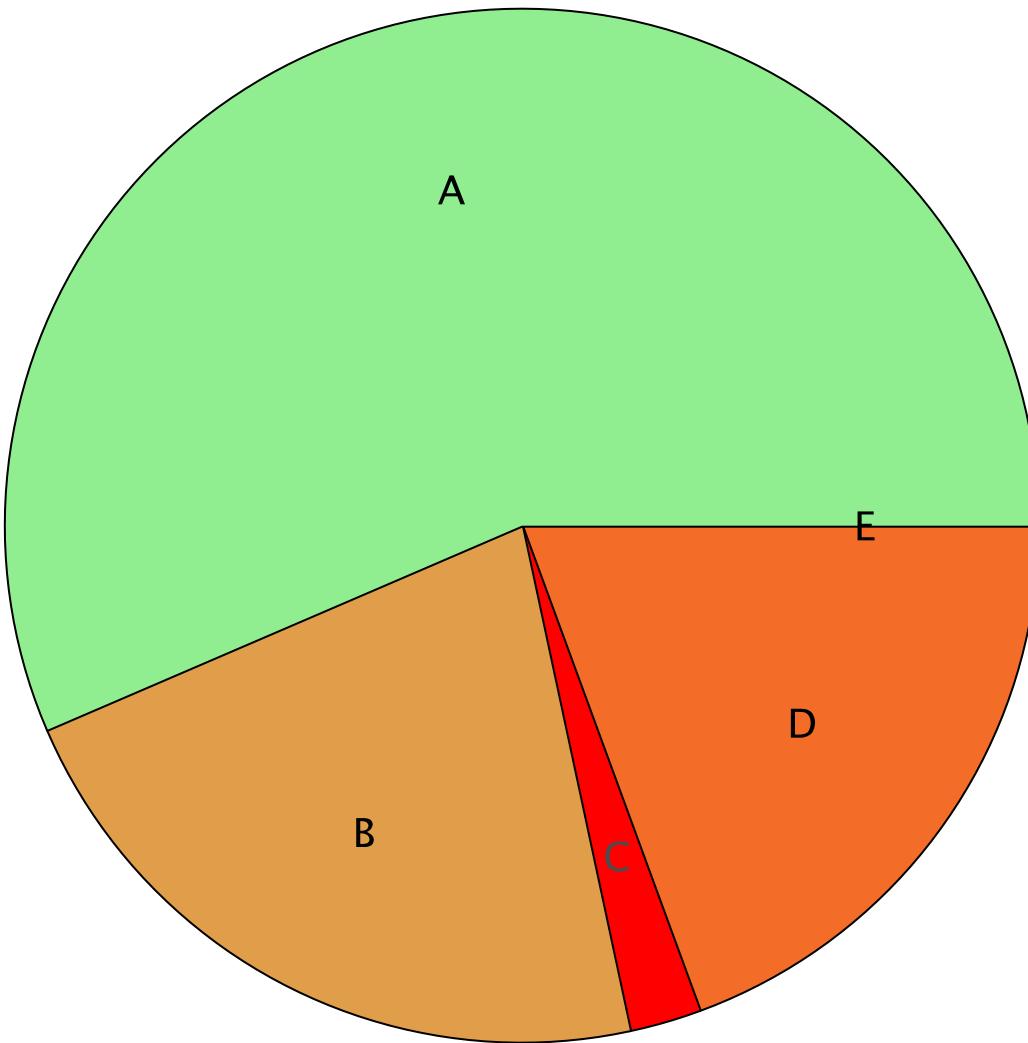
$$\begin{aligned}
& \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 4) b}{48 c} - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right) \left( x \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \Big/ \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 4) b}{48 c} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right) \left( x - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \right) \Big|^{1/2}, \\
& \left( \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 3) b}{48 c} \right) \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 3) b}{48 c} \right) \left( \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 3) b}{48 c} \right) \right) \Big|^{1/2}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \Big) \\
& \left( c^4 \left( x - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 1) b}{48 c} \right) \left( x - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 2) b}{48 c} \right) \left( x - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 3) b}{48 c} \right) \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{5 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^4 + 10 _Z^2 + 96 _Z - 71, \operatorname{index} = 4) b}{48 c} \right) \Big) \Big)^{1/2} \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

402 integration problems



A - 227 optimal antiderivatives

B - 88 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 9 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 78 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts