Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b ArcSinh[cx])^n$

1.
$$\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx$$

1.
$$\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$$

1:
$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^n}{d + e \times} dx$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{d+ex} = \text{Subst}\left[\frac{\text{Cosh}[x]}{\text{cd+e Sinh}[x]}, x, \text{ArcSinh}[cx]\right] \partial_x \text{ArcSinh}[cx]$$

Note: $\frac{(a+bx)^n \operatorname{Cosh}[x]}{\operatorname{cd+e} \operatorname{Sinh}[x]}$ is not integrable unless $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$.

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{ArcSinh}[c\,x])^n}{d+e\,x}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\operatorname{Subst}\Big[\int \frac{(a+b\,x)^n\operatorname{Cosh}[x]}{c\,d+e\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}\,dx,\,x,\operatorname{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\Big]$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_./(d_.+e_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
   Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Cosh[x]/(c*d+e*Sinh[x]),x],x,ArcSinh[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

```
\label{limit} \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( a_{-} + b_{-} * \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c_{-} * x_{-}] \right) ^n - . / \left( d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-} \right) , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( a + b * x \right) ^n * \operatorname{Sinh}[x] / \left( c * d + e * \operatorname{Cosh}[x] \right) , x_{-} \right] , x_{-} \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c * x_{-}] \right] / ; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a, b, c, d, e \right\} , x_{-} \right] & \& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \end{split}
```

2:
$$\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge m \neq -1$$

- Reference: G&R 2.831, CRC 453, A&S 4.4.65
- Reference: G&R 2.832, CRC 454, A&S 4.4.67
- **Derivation: Integration by parts**
- Basis: If $m \neq -1$, then $(d + e x)^m = \partial_x \frac{(d+e x)^{m+1}}{e (m+1)}$
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \neq -1$, then

$$\int (d + e \, x)^{\,m} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \, \right)^{\,n} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{ \left(d + e \, x \right)^{\,m+1} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \, \right)^{\,n}}{e \, \left(m + 1 \right)} \, - \, \frac{b \, c \, n}{e \, \left(m + 1 \right)} \, \int \frac{ \left(d + e \, x \right)^{\,m+1} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \, \right)^{\,n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/(e*(m+1)) -
    b*c*n/(e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && NeQ[m,-1]

Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(e*(m+1)) -
    b*c*n/(e*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n-1)/(Sqrt[-1+c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2. $\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$

1: $\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge n < -1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land n < -1$, then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\int \text{ExpandIntegrand}[\,(d+e\,x)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^n,\,x]\,dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && LtQ[n,-1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

2: $\int (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: $F[x] = \frac{1}{c} F\left[\frac{\sinh[ArcSinh[c x]]}{c}\right] Cosh[ArcSinh[c x]] \partial_x ArcSinh[c x]$

Note: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $(a + b x)^n Cosh[x]$ $(cd + e Sinh[x])^m$ is integrable in closed-form.

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\to\,\frac{1}{c^{m+1}}\,\text{Subst}\Big[\int (a+b\,x)^n\,\text{Cosh}[x]\,\left(c\,d+e\,\text{Sinh}[x]\right)^m\,dx,\,x,\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\Big]$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^n*Cosh[x]*(c*d+e*Sinh[x])^m,x],x,ArcSinh[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

- 2. $\int P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx$
 - 1: $\int P_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]) dx$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $u = \int P_x dx$, then

$$\int_{P_x} \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right) \, dx \, \rightarrow \, u \, \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right) - b \, c \int_{}^{} \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

$$\int_{P_x} \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c \, x] \right) \, dx \, \rightarrow \, u \, \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c \, x] \right) - \frac{b \, c \, \sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}}{\sqrt{-1 + c \, x} \, \sqrt{1 + c \, x}} \, \int_{}^{} \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px,x],x]},
    Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]

Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px,x],x]},
    Dist[a+b*ArcCosh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[-1+c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

X: $\left[P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}\right]$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, let $u = \int P_x dx$, then

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} P_x \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^n dx \rightarrow u \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^n - b \, c \, n \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{u \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

$$\int\! P_x \; \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCosh}[c \, x] \,\right)^n \, dx \; \rightarrow \; u \; \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCosh}[c \, x] \,\right)^n - \frac{b \, c \, n \, \sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}}{\sqrt{-1 + c \, x}} \int \frac{u \; \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCosh}[c \, x] \,\right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[Px,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] *)

(* Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[Px,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,u,x] -
        b*c*n*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[-1+c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] *)
```

2: $\left[P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } n \neq 1\right]$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \neq 1$, then

$$\int P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \ x])^{n} dx \ \rightarrow \ \int ExpandIntegrand[P_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \ x])^{n}, \ x] dx$$

```
Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]

Int[Px_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
```

3. $\int P_{x} (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$

1:
$$\int P_{x} (d + e x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $u = [P_x (d + e x)^m dx$, then

$$\int_{\mathbb{P}_{x}} \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{m} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right) \, d\mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \mathbf{u} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right) \, - b \, \mathbf{c} \int_{\mathbb{T}_{x}}^{\mathbf{u}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{P}_{x}}^{\mathbf{p}_{x}} \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{m} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCosh}[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right) \, d\mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \mathbf{u} \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcCosh}[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right) \, - \frac{b \, \mathbf{c} \, \sqrt{1 - \mathbf{c}^{2} \, \mathbf{x}^{2}}}{\sqrt{-1 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}} \, \sqrt{1 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}}} \, \int_{\mathbb{T}_{x}}^{\mathbf{u}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[Px*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]
Int[Px_*(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
```

Int[Px_*(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
 With[{u=IntHide[Px*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
 Dist[a+b*ArcCosh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[-1+c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x]

2: $\int (f+gx)^p (d+ex)^m (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx$ when $(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m+p+1 < 0$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Note: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m + p + 1 < 0$, then $\int (f + g x)^p (d + e x)^m dx$ is a rational function.

 $FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f,g\},x] \&\& IGtQ[n,0] \&\& IGtQ[p,0] \&\& ILtQ[m,0] \&\& LtQ[m+p+1,0]$

Rule: If $(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land m + p + 1 < 0$, let $u = (f + gx)^p (d + ex)^m dx$, then

$$\int \left(f + g \, x \right)^p \, \left(d + e \, x \right)^m \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, u \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^n - b \, c \, n \, \int \frac{u \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \, x^2}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^p_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^p*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && LtQ[m+p+1,0]

Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^p_.*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^p*(d+e*x)^m,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n-1)/(Sqrt[1+c*x]*Sqrt[-1+c*x]),x],x]] /;
```

3:
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)^p (a+bArcSinh[cx])^n}{(d+ex)^2} dx \text{ when } (n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land eg-2dh == 0$$

- Note: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land eg 2 dh == 0$, then $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$ is a rational function.
- Rule: If $(n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land eg 2dh == 0$, let $u = \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g}\, \texttt{x} + \texttt{h}\, \texttt{x}^2\right)^p \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b}\, \texttt{ArcSinh}[\texttt{c}\, \texttt{x}]\right)^n}{\left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e}\, \texttt{x}\right)^2} \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x} \, \rightarrow \, \texttt{u} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b}\, \texttt{ArcSinh}[\texttt{c}\, \texttt{x}]\right)^n - \texttt{bc}\, \texttt{n} \int \frac{\texttt{u} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b}\, \texttt{ArcSinh}[\texttt{c}\, \texttt{x}]\right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1 + \texttt{c}^2 \, \texttt{x}^2}} \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_+h_.*x_^2)^p_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_/(d_+e_.*x_)^2,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x+h*x^2)^p/(d+e*x)^2,x]},
Dist[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,u,x] - b*c*n*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h},x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && EqQ[e*g-2*d*h,0]
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (f_-, +g_-, *x_+h_-, *x_-^2) \, ^p_-, * \, (a_-, +b_-, *ArcCosh[c_-, *x_-]) \, ^n_- / \, (d_+e_-, *x_-) \, ^2, x_- \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{With} \big[ \, \{u = \text{IntHide}[ \, (f + g *x_+h_*x_-^2) \, ^p/ \, (d + e *x_-) \, ^2, x_- \, \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{Dist} \big[ \, (a + b *ArcCosh[c *x_-]) \, ^n, u, x_-] \, - \, b *c *n *Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u * \, (a + b *ArcCosh[c *x_-]) \, ^n, u, x_-] \, / \, (n - 1) \, / \, (\text{Sqrt}[1 + c *x_-] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + c *x_-]) \, / \, x_-] \, \big] \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x_-] \, \& \& \, \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \, \& \& \, \text{EqQ}[e *g - 2 *d *h, 0] \\ \end{split}
```

4:
$$\left[P_{\mathbf{x}} \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}\right)^{m} \left(a + b \, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, \mathbf{x}]\right)^{n} d\mathbf{x} \right]$$
 when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \setminus m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int_{\mathbb{P}_{x}} (d + e \, x)^{m} \, (a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x])^{n} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[P_{x} \, (d + e \, x)^{m} \, (a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x])^{n}, \, x] \, dx$$

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
 Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && IntegerQ[m]

- 4. $\int (f+gx)^m (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$
 - 1. $\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \mathbf{x})^m \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[\mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}])^n d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d > 0$

 $\textbf{1:} \quad \int \left(\textbf{f} + \textbf{g} \, \textbf{x} \right)^{\textbf{m}} \, \left(\textbf{d} + \textbf{e} \, \textbf{x}^2 \right)^{\textbf{p}} \, \left(\textbf{a} + \textbf{b} \, \textbf{ArcSinh}[\textbf{c} \, \textbf{x}] \right) \, d\textbf{x} \, \, \text{when } \textbf{e} = \textbf{c}^2 \, \textbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, \, \textbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \, \textbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \, \in \mathbb{Z}^- \, \bigwedge \, \, \textbf{d} > 0 \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \textbf{m} > 0$

- Derivation: Integration by parts
- Note: If $m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge 0 < m < -2p 1$, then $\int (f + gx)^m (d + ex^2)^p dx$ is an algebraic function.
- Rule: If $e = c^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge d > 0 \bigwedge m > 0$, let $u = \int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p dx$, then $\int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx \longrightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) bc \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[m,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && (LtQ[m,-2*p-1] || GtQ[m,3])
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[(g_.x_1,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.x_2,y_1)^m_.*(g_.
```

Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
 With[{u=IntHide[(f+g*x)^m*(d1+e1*x)^p*(d2+e2*x)^p,x]},
 Dist[a+b*ArcCosh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/(Sqrt[1+c*x]*Sqrt[-1+c*x]),u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g},x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d1,0] && LtQ[d2,0] &&
 (LtQ[m,-2*p-1] || GtQ[m,3])

$$2: \int \left(\texttt{f} + \texttt{g} \, \texttt{x} \right)^{\texttt{m}} \, \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \texttt{x}^2 \right)^{\texttt{p}} \, \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \texttt{ArcSinh}[\texttt{c} \, \texttt{x}] \right)^{\texttt{n}} \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x} \, \, \, \text{when e} = \texttt{c}^2 \, \texttt{d} \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{p} + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{m} > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d > 0 \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge m > 0$$
, then
$$\int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \longrightarrow \int (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(f + g x)^m, x] dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,(f+g*x)^m,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[m,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0] &&
   (EqQ[n,1] && GtQ[p,-1] || GtQ[p,0] || EqQ[m,1] || EqQ[m,2] && LtQ[p,-2])
```

3.
$$\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathrm{ArcSinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0$$

$$1: \, \int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \sqrt{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathrm{ArcSinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} < 0$$

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n+1}}{b c \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m < 0$, then

$$\begin{split} \int (f+g\,x)^m\,\sqrt{d+e\,x^2} &\quad (a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x])^n\,dx \,\rightarrow \\ &\quad \frac{(f+g\,x)^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^{n+1}}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)} \,- \\ &\quad \frac{1}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)} \int \!\left(d\,g\,m+2\,e\,f\,x+e\,g\,\left(m+2\right)\,x^2\right)\,\left(f+g\,x\right)^{m-1}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^{n+1}\,dx \end{split}$$

```
Int[(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_*Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
    1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(d*g*m+2*e*f*x+e*g*(m+2)*x^2)*(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && ILtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*Sqrt[d1_+e1_.*x_]*Sqrt[d2_+e2_.*x_]*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(d1*d2+e1*e2*x^2)*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[-d1*d2]*(n+1)) -
    1/(b*c*Sqrt[-d1*d2]*(n+1))*Int[(d1*d2*g*m+2*e1*e2*f*x+e1*e2*g*(m+2)*x^2)*(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g},x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && ILtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d1,0] && LtQ[d2,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2:
$$\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \text{ArcSinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge d > 0 \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $\int (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^{p-1/2}, x] dx$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int}[(f_+g_-*x_-)^m_-*(d1_+e1_-*x_-)^p_-*(d2_+e2_-*x_-)^p_-*(a_-*b_-*ArcCosh[c_-*x_-])^n_-,x_Symbol] := \\ & \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[\text{Sqrt}[d1+e1*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d2+e2*x]*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,(f+g*x)^m*(d1+e1*x)^(p-1/2)*(d2+e2*x)^(p-1/2),x],x] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g\},x] & \text{\& EqQ}[e1-c*d1,0] & \text{\& EqQ}[e2+c*d2,0] & \text{\& IntegerQ}[m] & \text{\& IGtQ}[p+1/2,0] & \text{& GtQ}[d1,0] & \text{& LtQ}[d2,0] & \text{& IntegerQ}[m] & \text{& Cosh}[c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a,b),c](a
```

3:
$$\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{ArcSinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} < 0$$

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^n}{\sqrt{d+e \times^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^{n+1}}{b \cdot c \sqrt{d} + (n+1)}$

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge d > 0 \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge m < 0$$
, then
$$\left[(f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \right]$$

$$\frac{(f+gx)^{m} (d+ex^{2})^{p+\frac{1}{2}} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^{n+1}}{bc \sqrt{d} (n+1)}.$$

$$\frac{1}{b\,c\,\sqrt{d}\,\left(n+1\right)}\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{m-1}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^{n+1}\,\text{ExpandIntegrand}\Big[\left(d\,g\,m+e\,f\,\left(2\,p+1\right)\,x+e\,g\,\left(m+2\,p+1\right)\,x^2\right)\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p-\frac{1}{2}},\,x\Big]\,dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
    1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),(d*g*m+e*f*(2*p+1)*x+e*g*(m+2*p+1)*x^2)*(d+e*x^2)^(p-1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && ILtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[p-1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0]
```

4.
$$\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathrm{Arcsinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \, \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0$$

$$1. \, \int \frac{\left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathrm{Arcsinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n}{\sqrt{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0$$

$$1: \, \int \frac{\left(\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathrm{Arcsinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n}{\sqrt{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{n} < -1$$

Basis: If
$$e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$$
, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^n}{\sqrt{d+e \times^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^{n+1}}{b \cdot c \cdot \sqrt{d}}$

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d > 0 \wedge m > 0 \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(\mathtt{f} + \mathtt{g}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}}\,\left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{ArcSinh}[\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}]\,\right)^{\mathtt{n}}}{\sqrt{\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{2}}}\,\mathtt{d}\mathtt{x} \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{\left(\mathtt{f} + \mathtt{g}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}}\,\left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{ArcSinh}[\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}]\,\right)^{\mathtt{n} + 1}}{\mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{c}\,\sqrt{\mathtt{d}}\,\,\left(\mathtt{n} + \mathtt{1}\right)} - \frac{\mathtt{g}\,\mathtt{m}}{\mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{c}\,\sqrt{\mathtt{d}}\,\,\left(\mathtt{n} + \mathtt{1}\right)} \int \left(\mathtt{f} + \mathtt{g}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m} - 1}\,\,\left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{ArcSinh}[\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}]\,\right)^{\mathtt{n} + 1}\,\mathtt{d}\mathtt{x}$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1)) -
    g*m/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n+1))*Int[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d,0] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_/(Sqrt[d1_+e1_.*x_]*Sqrt[d2_+e2_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    (f+g*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n+1)/(b*c*Sqrt[-d1*d2]*(n+1)) -
    g*m/(b*c*Sqrt[-d1*d2]*(n+1))*Int[(f+g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^(n+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g},x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IGtQ[m,0] && GtQ[d1,0] && LtQ[d2,0] && LtQ[n,-1]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{(f+g\,x)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^n}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}}\,dx \text{ when } e=c^2\,d\,\bigwedge\,m\in\mathbb{Z}\,\bigwedge\,d>0\,\bigwedge\,\left(m>0\,\bigvee\,n\in\mathbb{Z}^+\right)$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

- Basis: If $e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$, then $\frac{F[x]}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} = \frac{1}{c\sqrt{d}}$ Subst $\left[F\left[\frac{\sinh[x]}{c}\right], x$, ArcSinh[cx] ∂_x ArcSinh[cx]
- $Basis: If \ d_1 > 0 \ \land \ d_2 < 0, then \ \frac{\mathbb{F}[\mathtt{x}]}{\sqrt{d_1 + c \ d_1 \ \mathtt{x}}} \ \sqrt{d_2 c \ d_2 \ \mathtt{x}} \ = \ \frac{1}{c \ \sqrt{-d_1 \ d_2}} \ Subst\Big[\mathbb{F}\Big[\frac{\mathtt{Cosh}[\mathtt{x}]}{c}\Big] \ , \ \mathtt{x}, \ \mathtt{ArcCosh}[\mathtt{c} \ \mathtt{x}] \ \Big] \ \partial_\mathtt{x} \mathtt{ArcCosh}[\mathtt{c} \ \mathtt{x}]$
- Note: Mathematica 8 is unable to validate antiderivatives of ArcCosh rule when c is symbolic.
- Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge d > 0 \wedge (m > 0 \vee n \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$, then

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^m (a+b\operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{c^{m+1}\sqrt{d}} \operatorname{Subst} \left[\int (a+bx)^n (cf+g\operatorname{Sinh}[x])^m dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx] \right]$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int (\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \text{ArcSinh}[\mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{e} = \mathbf{c}^2 \, \mathbf{d} \, \bigwedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge \, \mathbf{d} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$e = c^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge d > 0 \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then

$$\int \left(f + g \, x \right)^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \, \right)^n \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \frac{\left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, x] \, \right)^n}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2}} \, \text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[\, (f + g \, x)^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^{p+1/2}, \, x \, \right] \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d+e*x^2],(f+g*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(p+1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

 $Int[(f_+g_-*x_-)^m_-*(d1_+e1_-*x_-)^p_*(d2_+e2_-*x_-)^p_*(a_-*b_-*ArcCosh[c_-*x_-])^n_-,x_Symbol] := \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n/(Sqrt[d1+e1*x]*Sqrt[d2+e2*x]),(f+g*x)^m*(d1+e1*x)^(p+1/2)*(d2+e2*x)^(p+1/2),x],x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g\},x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && GtQ[d1,0] && LtQ[d2,0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0] && IntegerQ[m] &&$

2:
$$\int \left(f + g \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } e = c^2 \, d \, \bigwedge \, m \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, d \, \not > 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e^x^2)^p}{(1+c^2x^2)^p} = 0$
- Rule: If $e = c^2 d \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d \geqslant 0$, then

$$\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{p}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^{n}\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{d^{\text{IntPart}[p]}\,\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}{\left(1+c^{2}\,x^{2}\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}\int \left(f+g\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(1+c^{2}\,x^{2}\right)^{p}\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^{n}\,dx$$

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    d^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1+c^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[(f+g*x)^m*(1+c^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d,0]]
```

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (-d)^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1+c*x)^FracPart[p]*(-1+c*x)^FracPart[p])*
    Int[(f+g*x)^m*(1+c*x)^p*(-1+c*x)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

```
Int[(f_+g_.*x_)^m_.*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (-d1*d2)^IntPart[p]*(d1+e1*x)^FracPart[p]*(d2+e2*x)^FracPart[p]/(1-c^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*
    Int[(f+g*x)^m*(1+c*x)^p*(-1+c*x)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g,n},x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d1,0] && LtQ[d2,d2,d2,d2,d3]
```

- 5. $\left[\text{Log}[h (f+gx)^m] (d+ex^2)^p (a+b \text{Arcsinh}[cx])^n dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \right]$
 - 1. $\int Log[h (f+gx)^m] (d+ex^2)^p (a+bArcSinh[cx])^n dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d > 0$

1:
$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[h (f+gx)^m] (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

- Basis: If $e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0$, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^n}{\sqrt{d+e \times^2}} = \partial_x \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^{n+1}}{b \cdot c \sqrt{d} (n+1)}$
- Note: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $\frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \times])^{n+1}}{f+g \times}$ is integrable in closed-form.
- Rule: If $e = c^2 d \wedge d > 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\text{Log[h (f+gx)^m] (a+bArcSinh[cx])^n}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\text{Log[h (f+gx)^m] (a+bArcSinh[cx])^{n+1}}}{bc\sqrt{d} (n+1)} - \frac{gm}{bc\sqrt{d} (n+1)} \int \frac{(a+bArcSinh[cx])^{n+1}}{f+gx} dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\left[\text{Log[h (f+gx)}^m \right] \left(d+ex^2 \right)^p (a+b \text{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx \text{ when } e = c^2 d \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d \geqslant 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: If $e = c^2 d$, then $\partial_x \frac{(d+e^x^2)^p}{(1+c^2x^2)^p} = 0$
- Rule: If $e = c^2 d \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge d \geqslant 0$, then

$$\int Log[h (f+gx)^m] \left(d+ex^2\right)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx \ \rightarrow \ \frac{d^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} \left(d+ex^2\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{\left(1+c^2\,x^2\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}} \int Log[h (f+gx)^m] \left(1+c^2\,x^2\right)^p (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c\,x])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Log[h_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_.]*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    d^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1+c^2*x^2)^FracPart[p]*Int[Log[h*(f+g*x)^m]*(1+c^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d,0]]

Int[Log[h_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_.]*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (-d)^IntPart[p]*(d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1+c*x)^FracPart[p]*(-1+c*x)^FracPart[p])*
    Int[Log[h*(f+g*x)^m]*(1+c*x)^p*(-1+c*x)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[c^2*d+e,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]

Int[Log[h_.*(f_.+g_.*x_)^m_.]*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (-d1*d2)^IntPart[p]*(d1+e1*x)^FracPart[p]*(d2+e2*x)^FracPart[p]/((1+c*x)^FracPart[p]*(-1+c*x)^FracPart[p])*
    Int[Log[h*(f+g*x)^m]*(1+c*x)^p*(-1+c*x)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g,h,m,n},x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2] && Not[GtQ[d1,0] && LtQ[d2,0]]
```

6. $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^m (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx])^n dx$

1:
$$\int (d+ex)^{m} (f+gx)^{m} (a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]) dx \text{ when } m+\frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^{-}$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If
$$m + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$
, let $u = \int (d + e x)^m (f + g x)^m dx$, then
$$\int (d + e x)^m (f + g x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx \rightarrow u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) - b c \int \frac{u}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 x^2}} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && ILtQ[m+1/2,0]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)^m_*(f_+g_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=IntHide[(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x]},
Dist[a+b*ArcCosh[c*x],u,x] - b*c*Int[Dist[1/(Sqrt[1+c*x]*Sqrt[-1+c*x]),u,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && ILtQ[m+1/2,0]
```

2: $\int (d + e x)^{m} (f + g x)^{m} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^m\,\left(f+g\,x\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\to\,\,\int (a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x])^n\,\text{ExpandIntegrand}[\,(d+e\,x)^m\,\left(f+g\,x\right)^m,\,x]\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x__)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x__)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x__])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && IntegerQ[m]

Int[(d_+e_.*x__)^m_.*(f_+g_.*x__)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x__])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,(d+e*x)^m*(f+g*x)^m,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,n},x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

7: $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x]) dx$ when $\int u dx$ is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: Let $v = \int u \, dx$, if v is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int u \; (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x]) \; dx \; \rightarrow \; v \; (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x]) \; - b \, c \int \frac{v}{\sqrt{1 + c^2 \, x^2}} \; dx$$

$$\int u \; (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c \, x]) \; dx \; \rightarrow \; v \; (a + b \operatorname{ArcCosh}[c \, x]) \; - \frac{b \, c \, \sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}}{\sqrt{-1 + c \, x}} \; \int \frac{v}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 \, x^2}} \; dx$$

Program code:

FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]

```
Int[u_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
    Dist[a+b*ArcSinh[c*x],v,x] - b*c*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/Sqrt[1+c^2*x^2],x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]

Int[u_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{v=IntHide[u,x]},
    Dist[a+b*ArcCosh[c*x],v,x] - b*c*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[-1+c*x]*Sqrt[1+c*x])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2],x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[v,x]] /;
```

8. $\int P_{x} u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^{n} dx$

1: $\int P_x (d + e x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $e = c^2 d \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int P_{x} \left(d + e \, x^{2}\right)^{p} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x]\right)^{n} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int ExpandIntegrand \left[P_{x} \left(d + e \, x^{2}\right)^{p} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x]\right)^{n}, \, x\right] \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

```
Int[Px_*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d1+e1*x)^p*(d2+e2*x)^p*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x]},
Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,n},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

$$2: \quad \int P_{x} \left(f + g \left(d + e \, x^{2} \right)^{p} \right)^{m} \, \left(a + b \, ArcSinh[c \, x] \right)^{n} \, dx \text{ when } e = c^{2} \, d \, \bigwedge \, p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge \, \left(m \mid n \right) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $e = c^2 d \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge (m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int\!\!P_x\left(f+g\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\to\,\,\int\!\!ExpandIntegrand\!\left[P_x\left(f+g\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^p\right)^m\,\left(a+b\,\text{ArcSinh}[c\,x]\right)^n,\,x\right]dx$$

```
Int[Px_.*(f_+g_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(f+g*(d+e*x^2)^p)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x]},
Int[u,x] /;
SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && IntegersQ[m,n]
```

```
Int[Px_.*(f_+g_.*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[Px*(f+g*(d1+e1*x)^p*(d2+e2*x)^p)^m*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2,f,g},x] && PolynomialQ[Px,x] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IGtQ[p+1/2,0] && IntegersQ[m,n]
```

- 9. $\left[RF_x u (a + b ArcSinh[c x])^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right]$
 - 1. $\int RF_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
 - 1: $\int RF_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[cx]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int RF_{x} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x]^{n} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x]^{n} \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[RF_{x}, \, x] \, dx$$

```
Int[RFx_*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[ArcSinh[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[c,x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[RFx_*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[ArcCosh[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[c,x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2: $\int RF_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$ when $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

 $\int RF_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n} \, dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[RF_{x} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c \, x])^{n}, \, x] \, dx$

Program code:

```
Int[RFx_*(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[RFx*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[RFx_*(a_+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[RFx*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
```

2. $\left\lceil \text{RF}_{\mathbf{x}} \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^p \, \left(a + b \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, \mathbf{x}] \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, e = c^2 \, d \, \bigwedge \, p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \right)$

FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0]

1: $\int \! RF_{\mathbf{x}} \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^{\mathbf{p}} \, \text{ArcSinh}[c \, \mathbf{x}]^{\,n} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, e = c^2 \, d \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{p} - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge e = c^2 d \bigwedge p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\int RF_x \left(d + e x^2\right)^p ArcSinh[c x]^n dx \rightarrow \int \left(d + e x^2\right)^p ArcSinh[c x]^n ExpandIntegrand[RF_x, x] dx$

```
Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*ArcSinh[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p*ArcSinh[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

```
Int[RFx_*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_*ArcCosh[c_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{u=ExpandIntegrand[(d1+e1*x)^p*(d2+e2*x)^p*ArcCosh[c*x]^n,RFx,x]},
    Int[u,x] /;
    SumQ[u]] /;
FreeQ[{c,d1,e1,d2,e2},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge e = c^2 d \bigwedge p \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\int RF_x \left(d + e x^2\right)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int \left(d + e x^2\right)^p \operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[RF_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n, x] dx$
- Program code:

```
Int[RFx_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^p,RFx*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e,c^2*d] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]

Int[RFx_*(d1_+e1_.*x_)^p_*(d2_+e2_.*x_)^p_*(a_+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d1+e1*x)^p*(d2+e2*x)^p,RFx*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d1,e1,d2,e2},x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && EqQ[e1-c*d1,0] && EqQ[e2+c*d2,0] && IntegerQ[p-1/2]
```

X:
$$\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$$

Rule:

$$\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx \rightarrow \int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c x])^n dx$$

```
Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcSinh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]

Int[u_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCosh[c_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[u*(a+b*ArcCosh[c*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```