

Rubi 4.16.1.4 Integration Test Results

on the problems in the test-suite directory "0 Independent test suites"

Test results for the 175 problems in "Apostol Problems.m"

Test results for the 35 problems in "Bondarenko Problems.m"

Problem 7: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[1+x]}{x \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 291 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -8 \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - \frac{2 \text{Log}[1+x]}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} - \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \text{Log}[1+x] + \\ & 2 \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \text{Log}\left[1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 2 \sqrt{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \text{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \\ & \sqrt{2} \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] - \sqrt{2} \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] - \\ & \sqrt{2} \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\text{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{\text{Log}[1+x]}{x \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}, x\right]$$

Problem 8: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \text{Log}[1+x]}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 308 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} + 16\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \\
 & 4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}[1+x] + \\
 & 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \\
 & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] - \\
 & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\operatorname{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{x}, x\right]$$

Problem 21: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos[x] + \cos[3x])^5} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 108 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{523}{256} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] + \frac{1483 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin[x]}{512 \sqrt{2}}\right]}{512 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sin[x]}{32 (1-2 \sin[x]^2)^4} - \frac{17 \sin[x]}{192 (1-2 \sin[x]^2)^3} + \\
 & \frac{203 \sin[x]}{768 (1-2 \sin[x]^2)^2} - \frac{437 \sin[x]}{512 (1-2 \sin[x]^2)} - \frac{43}{256} \sec[x] \tan[x] - \frac{1}{128} \sec[x]^3 \tan[x]
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 786 leaves, 45 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{523}{256} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] - \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}[2 + \sqrt{2} + \cos[x] + \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sin[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x]]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} - \\
& \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}[2 - \sqrt{2} + \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \cos[x] + \sin[x] - \sqrt{2} \sin[x]]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}[2 - \sqrt{2} + \cos[x] - \sqrt{2} \cos[x] - \sin[x] + \sqrt{2} \sin[x]]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}[2 + \sqrt{2} + \cos[x] + \sqrt{2} \cos[x] + \sin[x] + \sqrt{2} \sin[x]]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{128 \left(1 - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^4} + \\
& \frac{1}{64 \left(1 - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^3} - \frac{47}{256 \left(1 - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^2} + \frac{45}{256 \left(1 - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)} + \frac{1}{128 \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^4} - \\
& \frac{1}{64 \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^3} + \frac{47}{256 \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^2} - \frac{45}{256 \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)} - \frac{7 - 17 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{4 \left(1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^4} + \\
& \frac{119 \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{48 \left(1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} - \frac{11 \left(1 + 3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{12 \left(1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} - \frac{1 - 43 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{32 \left(1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} - \\
& \frac{65 \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{384 \left(1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} + \frac{451 \left(1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{512 \left(1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} - \\
& \frac{89 + 15 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{64 \left(1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} + \frac{7 + 17 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{4 \left(1 + 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^4} + \frac{11 \left(1 - 3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{12 \left(1 + 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} - \\
& \frac{119 \left(1 - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{48 \left(1 + 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} + \frac{65 \left(1 - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{384 \left(1 + 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} + \\
& \frac{1 + 43 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{32 \left(1 + 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} + \frac{89 - 15 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{64 \left(1 + 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} - \frac{451 \left(1 - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{512 \left(1 + 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 24: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Tanh}[x]}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 110 leaves, ? steps):

$$2 e^{-x} \sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{i - (1 - 2i) e^x}{2 \sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}}\right]}{\sqrt{1+i}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{i + (1 + 2i) e^x}{2 \sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}}\right]}{\sqrt{1-i}}$$

Result (type 3, 147 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{2(1+e^x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} - \frac{(1-i)^{3/2} \sqrt{e^x} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right]}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} -$$

$$\frac{(1+i)^{3/2} \sqrt{e^x} \sqrt{1+e^x} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right]}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

Problem 26: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 185 leaves, ? steps):

$$-2x - \operatorname{ArcSin}[x] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}} x\right] +$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}} x\right] -$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + x \operatorname{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}]$$

Result (type 3, 349 leaves, 31 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2x - \text{ArcSin}[x] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \\
& 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \\
& 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \\
& \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] - 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] - \\
& \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + x \text{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}]
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 14 problems in "Bronstein Problems.m"

Problem 12: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 2x \text{Log}[x] + \text{Log}[x]^2 + (1+x) \sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}{x^3 + 2x^2 \text{Log}[x] + x \text{Log}[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, ? steps):

$$\text{Log}[x] - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}$$

Result (type 8, 65 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(x + \text{Log}[x])^{3/2}}, x\right] - \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{\text{Log}[x] (x + \text{Log}[x])^{3/2}}, x\right] - \\
& \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{\text{Log}[x]^2 \sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}, x\right] + \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}{x \text{Log}[x]^2}, x\right] + \text{Log}[x]
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 50 problems in "Charlwood Problems.m"

Problem 3: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int -\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 69 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt{1+x}) \sqrt{-x + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1+x}}}{4\sqrt{2}} - \left(\frac{3}{8} + x\right) \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}]$$

Result (type 8, 60 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-x \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] + \frac{\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-x + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}, x\right]}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

Problem 4: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Log}[1 + x \sqrt{1+x^2}] \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 97 leaves, ? steps):

$$-2x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}} \left(x + \sqrt{1+x^2}\right)\right] - \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}} \left(x + \sqrt{1+x^2}\right)\right] + x \text{Log}[1 + x \sqrt{1+x^2}]$$

Result (type 3, 332 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2x - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \\
& 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(-1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + \\
& \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \\
& \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] - \\
& \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + x \operatorname{Log}\left[1+x\sqrt{1+x^2}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 5: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x]^2}{\sqrt{1+\cos[x]^2+\cos[x]^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 45 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos[x](1+\cos[x]^2)\sin[x]}{1+\cos[x]^2\sqrt{1+\cos[x]^2+\cos[x]^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 289 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{\sqrt{3+3\text{Tan}[x]^2+\text{Tan}[x]^4}}\right] \text{Cos}[x]^2 \sqrt{3+3\text{Tan}[x]^2+\text{Tan}[x]^4}}{2\sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^4(3+3\text{Tan}[x]^2+\text{Tan}[x]^4)}} - \\
& \left((1+\sqrt{3}) \text{Cos}[x]^2 \text{EllipticF}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{3^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{3})\right] (\sqrt{3}+\text{Tan}[x]^2) \right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{3+3\text{Tan}[x]^2+\text{Tan}[x]^4}{(\sqrt{3}+\text{Tan}[x]^2)^2}} \right) / \left(4 \times 3^{1/4} \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^4(3+3\text{Tan}[x]^2+\text{Tan}[x]^4)} \right) + \\
& \left((2+\sqrt{3}) \text{Cos}[x]^2 \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{6}(3-2\sqrt{3}), 2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{3^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{3})\right] \right. \\
& \left. (\sqrt{3}+\text{Tan}[x]^2) \sqrt{\frac{3+3\text{Tan}[x]^2+\text{Tan}[x]^4}{(\sqrt{3}+\text{Tan}[x]^2)^2}} \right) / \left(4 \times 3^{1/4} \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^4(3+3\text{Tan}[x]^2+\text{Tan}[x]^4)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 12: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}\left[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 141 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + x \text{ArcTan}\left[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] - \frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[x \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] - \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}\left[1-x^2+x^4\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 269 leaves, 40 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \\
& \frac{1}{12}(3i - \sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \\
& \frac{1}{12}(3i + \sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + x \text{ArcTan}\left[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] - \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}\left[1-x^2+x^4\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 13: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{x \text{ArcTan}\left[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 152 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \\
& \sqrt{1-x^2} \text{ArcTan}\left[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTan}\left[x \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] + \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}\left[1-x^2+x^4\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 286 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} - \\
& \frac{1}{12}(3i - \sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} + \\
& \frac{1}{12}(3i + \sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] - \sqrt{1-x^2} \text{ArcTan}\left[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right] + \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}\left[1-x^2+x^4\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 42: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sec[x]}{\sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 28 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[x] \cot[x] \sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]^4}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 59 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin[x]}{\sqrt{2 \sin[x]^2 - \sin[x]^4}}\right] \sqrt{1 - \cos[x]^4} \sec[x]^2}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]^4}}$$

Problem 45: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 337 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-2 + 2\sqrt{2}} \left(-\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}\right)}{2 \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}}}\right] - \right. \\ & \quad \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{2}} \left(-\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}\right)}{2 \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}}}\right] - \\ & \quad \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-2 + 2\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}}\right] + \\ & \quad \left. \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}}\right] \right) \\ & \quad \cot[x] \sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\sqrt{-\sqrt{-1 + \sec[x]} + \sqrt{1 + \sec[x]}}, x\right]$$

Test results for the 284 problems in "Hearn Problems.m"

Problem 169: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{1-e^{x^2}x+2x^2} (x+2x^3)}{(1-e^{x^2}x)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{e^{1-e^{x^2}x}}{-1+e^{x^2}x}$$

Result (type 8, 69 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{1-e^{x^2}x+2x^2}x}{(-1+e^{x^2}x)^2}, x\right] + 2 \text{ CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{1-e^{x^2}x+2x^2}x^3}{(-1+e^{x^2}x)^2}, x\right]$$

Problem 278: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-8-8x-x^2-3x^3+7x^4+4x^5+2x^6}{(-1+2x^2)^2 \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 94 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{(1+2x) \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}{2(-1+2x^2)} - \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x(2+x)(7-x+27x^2+33x^3)}{(2+37x^2+31x^3) \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 354 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{9}{4} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\
& \frac{13}{4} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(\sqrt{2}-2x)^2 \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] + \\
& \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\
& \frac{13}{4} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(\sqrt{2}+2x)^2 \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\
& \frac{13}{8} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1-\sqrt{2}x) \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{8} (15+\sqrt{2}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1-\sqrt{2}x) \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\
& \frac{13}{8} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{2}x) \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{8} (15-\sqrt{2}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{2}x) \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\
& \frac{17}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{x}{(-1+2x^2)^2 \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 279: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1+2y) \sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{y(1+y)(2+y) \sqrt{1-y-y^2}} dy$$

Optimal (type 3, 142 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(1-3y) \sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(1-5y) \sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(4+3y) \sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(6+5y) \sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right] + \frac{9}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(11+7y) \sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{3(7+5y) \sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 115 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{y \sqrt{1-y-y^2}}, y\right] + \\
& \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(1+y) \sqrt{1-y-y^2}}, y\right] - \frac{3}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(2+y) \sqrt{1-y-y^2}}, y\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 281: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left(\sqrt{9 - 4\sqrt{2}} x - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} \right) dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 4030 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{9 - 4\sqrt{2}} x^2 - \sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} + \right. \\ & \frac{1}{3} (1+x) \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} + \left(4i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} \right) / \\ & \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) - 2i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + \right. \\ & \left. 6i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} x \right) - \left(8 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{3}{-13 + 3\sqrt{33} + 4(-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3}}} \right. \\ & \left. \sqrt{\left(\left(i (-19899 + 3445\sqrt{33} + (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} (-2574 + 466\sqrt{33}) + \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} (-19899 + 3445\sqrt{33}) + (59697 - 10335\sqrt{33}) x \right) \right) / \right. \\ & \left((-39 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 9\sqrt{33} + 4i(3i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3}) \right. \\ & \left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-4 - 4i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) x \right) \right) \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} \\ & \text{EllipticE} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\left(\sqrt{26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33})} \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) x \right) \right] \right] / \\ & \left(\sqrt{\left(\left(39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4(3 - i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) / \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left(39 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4(3 + i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) \right) \right. \\ & \left. \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. (-4 - 4i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) x \right) \right] \right), \\ & \left(4(21 + 7i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33}) + (3 - i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) / \\ & \left(4(21 - 7i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33}) + \right. \\ & \left. \left. (3 + i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) \right] / \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} - (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 3 (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} x \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left((i(1+x)) \right) / \left(\left(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) \right. \\
& \quad \left. (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + (-4 - 4i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) x \right) \left. \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. (-4 - 4i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) x \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) x \right) \left. \right) + \\
& \left(2^{1/3} (13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33}) + 4 \times 2^{2/3} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 20 (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) + 8i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \\
& \sqrt{\frac{52 - 12\sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{4/3} + 4 (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3}}{-13 + 3\sqrt{33} + 4 (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3}}} \\
& \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{1+x} (-8i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) + (-43i - 13\sqrt{3} + 9\sqrt{11} + 5i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad (2i + 4\sqrt{3} - 2i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + \\
& \quad (8i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) + (13i - 13\sqrt{3} + 9\sqrt{11} - 3i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + \\
& \quad \left. 4(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} x \right) \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4}} \\
& \text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\left(52 - 12\sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{4/3} + 4 (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right)} \right] \right. \\
& \quad \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) \right. \\
& \quad \left. (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) x \right) \left. \right) / \left(2^{1/6} \sqrt{3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right. \\
& \quad \left. \sqrt{\left(39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4(3 - i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) \sqrt{1+x}} \right] , \\
& \left(4(21i - 7\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{11} - 3i\sqrt{33}) + (3i + \sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{11} + 3i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) / \\
& \left. \left(-56\sqrt{3} + 24\sqrt{11} + 2(\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{11}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) \right] / \left(3 \times 2^{2/3} \times 3^{3/4} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \sqrt{\left(39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4\left(3 - i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right)} \\
& \sqrt{1+x} \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} \left(-i + \sqrt{3} \right) - 2i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2^{1/3} \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} x \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 4i \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right) x \right)} \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(8 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right) - \left(5 - 3i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(-41 + 15i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} + 7\sqrt{33} \right) + \left(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + 4i \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) x \right) / \\
& \quad \left(\left(-39 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 9\sqrt{33} + 4i \left(3i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) (1+x) \right) \right) + \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} + 2 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) - 4i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} \left(-i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} \left(-i + \sqrt{3} \right) + 4i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(-39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 9\sqrt{33} - 4i \left(-3i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(-4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) \right) \sqrt{1+x}} \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + 2 \left(1 + 14i\sqrt{3} - 6i\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(-7 - i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \left(-52 + 12\sqrt{33} + 2^{1/3} \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{4/3} - 4 \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) x \right) / \\
& \quad \left(\left(-39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 9\sqrt{33} - 4i \left(-3i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) (1+x) \right) \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + 2 \left(1 - 14i\sqrt{3} + 6i\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(-7 + i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 \left(-52 + 12\sqrt{33} + 2^{1/3} \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{4/3} - 4 \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) x \right) / \left(\left(-39 - 13i\sqrt{3} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 9i\sqrt{11} + 9\sqrt{33} + 4i \left(3i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) (1+x) \right) \right) \sqrt{1+4x+2x^2+x^4}} \\
& \text{EllipticPi} \left[\left(2^{1/3} \left(4 \times 2^{1/3} \left(-3i + \sqrt{3} \right) + \left(3i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) / \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} \left(-i + \sqrt{3} \right) - 8i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) \right),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{ArcSin} \left[\left(\sqrt{13 - 3\sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{4/3} + 4 \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + \left(-39 + 9\sqrt{33} \right) x} \right) \right] / \\
& \left(2^{1/6} \sqrt{3} \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \sqrt{\left(\left(-39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 9\sqrt{33} - 4i \left(-3i + \sqrt{3} \right) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) / \left(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \left(-4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) \sqrt{1+x} \right) \right], \\
& \left(4 \left(21 - 7i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33} \right) + \left(3 + i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) / \\
& \left(4 \left(21 + 7i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33} \right) + \right. \\
& \left. \left(3 - i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) \Bigg] / \\
& \left(2^{1/6} \sqrt{3} \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) + 2i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} \left(-i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} - \right. \right. \\
& 6i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} x \Bigg) \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} \left(-i + \sqrt{3} \right) - 2i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \\
& \left. 2^{1/3} \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} x \right) \\
& \left. \sqrt{13 - 3\sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{4/3} + 4 \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + \left(-39 + 9\sqrt{33} \right) x} \right) \Bigg]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 47 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{9 - 4\sqrt{2}} x^2 - \sqrt{2} \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4}, x \right]$$

Problem 284: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{3 + 3x - 4x^2 - 4x^3 - 7x^6 + 4x^7 + 10x^8 + 7x^{13}}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 71 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{2} \right) \text{Log} \left[1 + x + \sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{2}x^2 - x^7 \right] - \left(-1 + \sqrt{2} \right) \text{Log} \left[-1 + \left(-1 + \sqrt{2} \right) x + \sqrt{2}x^2 + x^7 \right] \right)$$

Result (type 8, 248 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{1}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \\
& 4 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \\
& 2 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x^2}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \\
& 12 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x^7}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \\
& 10 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x^8}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \text{Log} \left[1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 7 problems in "Hebisch Problems.m"

Problem 2: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 - x^2)}{2x + x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 10 leaves, ? steps):

$$\text{ExpIntegralEi} \left[\frac{x}{2 + x^2} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 76 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{i \sqrt{2-x}}, x \right] + \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{x}, x \right] - \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{i \sqrt{2+x}}, x \right]$$

Problem 3: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 + 2x + 3x^2 - x^3 + 2x^4)}{2x + x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 28 leaves, ? steps):

$$e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 + x^2) + \text{ExpIntegralEi} \left[\frac{x}{2 + x^2} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 131 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}, x\right] + \\
& \left(1 + i\sqrt{2}\right) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{i\sqrt{2}-x}, x\right] + \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{x}, x\right] + \\
& 2 \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} x, x\right] - \left(1 - i\sqrt{2}\right) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{i\sqrt{2}+x}, x\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 5: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{1}{-1+x^2}} (1 - 3x - x^2 + x^3)}{1 - x - x^2 + x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, ? steps):

$$e^{\frac{1}{-1+x^2}} (1+x)$$

Result (type 8, 75 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{\frac{1}{-1+x^2}}, x\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{1}{-1+x^2}}}{1-x}, x\right] - \\
& \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{1}{-1+x^2}}}{(-1+x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{1}{-1+x^2}}}{1+x}, x\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 7: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{x+\frac{1}{\log[x]}} (-1 + (1+x) \log[x]^2)}{\log[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, ? steps):

$$e^{x+\frac{1}{\log[x]}} x$$

Result (type 8, 40 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{x+\frac{1}{\log[x]}}, x\right] + \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{x+\frac{1}{\log[x]}} x, x\right] - \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{x+\frac{1}{\log[x]}}}{\log[x]^2}, x\right]$$

Test results for the 9 problems in "Jeffrey Problems.m"

Problem 2: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 + \cos[x] + 2 \sin[x]}{3 + \cos[x]^2 + 2 \sin[x] - 2 \cos[x] \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 \cos [x] - \sin [x]}{2 + \sin [x]}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 38 leaves, 43 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 \cos [x] - \sin [x]}{2 + \sin [x]}\right] + \text{Cot}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \frac{\sin [x]}{1 - \cos [x]}$$

Problem 3: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{2 + \cos [x] + 5 \sin [x]}{4 \cos [x] - 2 \sin [x] + \cos [x] \sin [x] - 2 \sin [x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\text{Log}[1 - 3 \cos [x] + \sin [x]] + \text{Log}[3 + \cos [x] + \sin [x]]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves, 25 steps):

$$-\text{Log}\left[1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \text{Log}\left[1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[2 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right]$$

Problem 4: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{3 + 7 \cos [x] + 2 \sin [x]}{1 + 4 \cos [x] + 3 \cos [x]^2 - 5 \sin [x] - \cos [x] \sin [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\text{Log}[1 + \cos [x] - 2 \sin [x]] + \text{Log}[3 + \cos [x] + \sin [x]]$$

Result (type 3, 31 leaves, 32 steps):

$$-\text{Log}\left[1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[2 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right]$$

Problem 5: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-1 + 4 \cos [x] + 5 \cos [x]^2}{-1 - 4 \cos [x] - 3 \cos [x]^2 + 4 \cos [x]^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 43 leaves, ? steps):

$$x - 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sin [x]}{3 + \cos [x]}\right] - 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3 \sin [x] + 7 \cos [x] \sin [x]}{1 + 2 \cos [x] + 5 \cos [x]^2}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 79 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{1 + 4 \cos [x] + 3 \cos [x]^2 - 4 \cos [x]^3}, x\right] + \\ &4 \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\cos [x]}{-1 - 4 \cos [x] - 3 \cos [x]^2 + 4 \cos [x]^3}, x\right] + \\ &5 \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\cos [x]^2}{-1 - 4 \cos [x] - 3 \cos [x]^2 + 4 \cos [x]^3}, x\right] \end{aligned}$$

Problem 6: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-5 + 2 \cos [x] + 7 \cos [x]^2}{-1 + 2 \cos [x] - 9 \cos [x]^2 + 4 \cos [x]^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, ? steps):

$$x - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{2 \cos [x] \sin [x]}{1 - \cos [x] + 2 \cos [x]^2} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 81 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -5 \operatorname{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{1}{-1 + 2 \cos [x] - 9 \cos [x]^2 + 4 \cos [x]^3}, x \right] + \\ & 2 \operatorname{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{\cos [x]}{-1 + 2 \cos [x] - 9 \cos [x]^2 + 4 \cos [x]^3}, x \right] + \\ & 7 \operatorname{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{\cos [x]^2}{-1 + 2 \cos [x] - 9 \cos [x]^2 + 4 \cos [x]^3}, x \right] \end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 113 problems in "Moses Problems.m"

Test results for the 376 problems in "Stewart Problems.m"

Test results for the 705 problems in "Timofeev Problems.m"

Problem 222: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x} x (1+x)^{2/3}}{-(1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/3} + (1-x)^{2/3} \sqrt{1+x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 292 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{12} (1-3x) (1-x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1-x} x \sqrt{1+x} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x) (3+x) + \\ & \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{1/3} (1+x)^{2/3} (1+3x) + \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{5/6} (2+3x) - \\ & \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/6} (10+3x) + \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{(1+x)^{1/6}}{(1-x)^{1/6}} \right] - \frac{4 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/3} - 2(1+x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} (1-x)^{1/3}} \right]}{3 \sqrt{3}} - \\ & \frac{5}{6} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/3} - (1+x)^{1/3}}{(1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{1/6}} \right] + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3} (1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{1/6}}{(1-x)^{1/3} + (1+x)^{1/3}} \right]}{6 \sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 522 leaves, 46 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{7}{12} (1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/6} + \frac{1}{6} (1-x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{5/3} (1+x)^{1/3} + \\
& \frac{1}{3} (1-x)^{1/3} (1+x)^{2/3} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{4/3} (1+x)^{2/3} + \frac{5}{12} (1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{5/6} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{7/6} (1+x)^{5/6} - \\
& \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{7/6} + \frac{1}{4} x \sqrt{1-x^2} + \frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{4} - \frac{2}{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right] + \\
& \frac{2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1-x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} - \frac{2(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right] - \frac{1}{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} + \frac{2(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right] - \\
& \frac{2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1+x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{9} \text{Log}[1-x] + \frac{1}{9} \text{Log}[1+x] + \frac{1}{3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3}}{(1+x)^{1/3}}\right] - \\
& \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3}}{(1+x)^{1/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right]}{12\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3}}{(1+x)^{1/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right]}{12\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1+x)^{1/3}}{(1-x)^{1/3}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 226: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, ? steps):

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-1+x)}{((-1+x)^2 (1+x))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-1+x}{((-1+x)^2 (1+x))^{1/3}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 188 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1+x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/6}(3-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3^{1/6} (1-x-x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{(3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[-\frac{8}{3} (-1+x)\right]}{2 \times 3^{2/3} (1-x-x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{3^{1/3} (3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{3^{1/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}{(3-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 (1-x-x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 228: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 150 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}{x} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2(-1+x)}{((-1+x)^2(1+x))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-1+x)}{((-1+x)^2(1+x))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{6} - \\
& \frac{2}{3} \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-1+x}{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{-1+x}{\left((-1+x)^2(1+x)\right)^{1/3}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 404 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3}}{x} - \frac{3 \times 3^{1/6} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(3-3x)^{1/3}}{3^{5/6}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{(3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{3^{1/6} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(3-3x)^{1/3}}{3^{5/6}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{(3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} + \frac{\left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}[x]}{2 \times 3^{1/3} (3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{3^{2/3} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[\frac{4(1+x)}{3}\right]}{2 (3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \times 3^{2/3} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(3-3x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 (3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{3^{2/3} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2/3} (3-3x)^{1/3} - \frac{2^{2/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/3}}\right]}{2 (3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 232: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 75 leaves, ? steps):

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-3+x)}{(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-3+x}{(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 188 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(9-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1+x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/6}(9-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3^{1/6} (9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{(9-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[-\frac{32}{3}(-3+x)\right]}{2 \times 3^{2/3} (9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{3^{1/3} (9-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{3^{1/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}{(9-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 (9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 288: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 45 leaves, ? steps):

$$-x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2} - \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 59 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{3}{2 \left(1 + 2 \left(x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right)\right)} + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right] - \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + 2 \left(x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right)\right]$$

Problem 401: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}{\left(-1 + \sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 84 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\operatorname{Tan}[x]}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+\operatorname{Tan}[x]}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right] + \frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 133 leaves, 19 steps):

$$-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x]] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]} + \operatorname{Tan}[x]\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]} + \operatorname{Tan}[x]\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{\operatorname{Tan}[x]}}$$

Problem 416: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[2x] - \sqrt{\operatorname{Sin}[2x]}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 108 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Sin}[x] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sec}[x] \sqrt{\operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\operatorname{Cos}[x] - \operatorname{Sin}[x]\right] \operatorname{Cos}[x] \sqrt{\operatorname{Sin}[2x]}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\operatorname{Sin}[x]\right] \operatorname{Cos}[x] \sqrt{\operatorname{Sin}[2x]}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}} - \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[2x]}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 234 leaves, 27 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2 \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[\tan[x]] \cot[x] \left(\operatorname{Sec}[x]^2\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\cos[x] \sin[x]} \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]} -}{\sqrt{\tan[x]}} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\tan[x]}\right] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}{\sqrt{\tan[x]}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\tan[x]}\right] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}{\sqrt{\tan[x]}} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\tan[x]} + \tan[x]\right] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\tan[x]}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\tan[x]} + \tan[x]\right] \operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\tan[x]}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 447: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[x]^2 \left(-\cos[2x] + 2 \tan[x]^2\right)}{\left(\tan[x] \tan[2x]\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 100 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{\sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}\right] - \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \tan[x]}{\sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{\tan[x]}{2 \left(\tan[x] \tan[2x]\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \tan[x]^3}{3 \left(\tan[x] \tan[2x]\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \tan[x]}{4 \sqrt{\tan[x] \tan[2x]}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 208 leaves, 22 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \tan[x]}{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan[x]^2}{1 - \tan[x]^2}}} + \frac{\cot[x] \left(1 - \tan[x]^2\right)}{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan[x]^2}{1 - \tan[x]^2}}} + \frac{\tan[x] \left(1 - \tan[x]^2\right)}{3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan[x]^2}{1 - \tan[x]^2}}} - \\
& \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-1 + \tan[x]^2}\right] \tan[x]}{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan[x]^2}{1 - \tan[x]^2}} \sqrt{-1 + \tan[x]^2}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-1 + \tan[x]^2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \tan[x]}{\sqrt{\frac{\tan[x]^2}{1 - \tan[x]^2}} \sqrt{-1 + \tan[x]^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 455: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin[x]^6 \tan[x]}{\cos[2x]^{3/4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 102 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{\cos[2x]}}{\sqrt{2}\cos[2x]^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{\cos[2x]}}{\sqrt{2}\cos[2x]^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{7}{4}\cos[2x]^{1/4} - \frac{1}{5}\cos[2x]^{5/4} + \frac{1}{36}\cos[2x]^{9/4}$$

Result (type 3, 154 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[1-\sqrt{2}\cos[2x]^{1/4}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[1+\sqrt{2}\cos[2x]^{1/4}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{7}{4}\cos[2x]^{1/4} - \frac{1}{5}\cos[2x]^{5/4} + \frac{1}{36}\cos[2x]^{9/4} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1-\sqrt{2}\cos[2x]^{1/4}+\sqrt{\cos[2x]}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{2}\cos[2x]^{1/4}+\sqrt{\cos[2x]}\right]}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

Problem 567: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{x/2} x^2 \cos[x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 187 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{132}{125}e^{x/2}\cos[x] + \frac{18}{25}e^{x/2}x\cos[x] + \frac{48}{185}e^{x/2}x^2\cos[x] + \frac{2}{37}e^{x/2}x^2\cos[x]^3 - \frac{428}{50653}e^{x/2}\cos[3x] + \frac{70}{1369}e^{x/2}x\cos[3x] - \frac{24}{125}e^{x/2}\sin[x] - \frac{24}{25}e^{x/2}x\sin[x] + \frac{96}{185}e^{x/2}x^2\sin[x] + \frac{12}{37}e^{x/2}x^2\cos[x]^2\sin[x] - \frac{792}{50653}e^{x/2}\sin[3x] - \frac{24}{1369}e^{x/2}x\sin[3x]$$

Result (type 3, 253 leaves, 31 steps):

$$-\frac{6687696}{6331625}e^{x/2}\cos[x] + \frac{24792}{34225}e^{x/2}x\cos[x] + \frac{48}{185}e^{x/2}x^2\cos[x] + \frac{16}{50653}e^{x/2}\cos[x]^3 - \frac{8}{1369}e^{x/2}x\cos[x]^3 + \frac{2}{37}e^{x/2}x^2\cos[x]^3 - \frac{432}{50653}e^{x/2}\cos[3x] + \frac{72}{1369}e^{x/2}x\cos[3x] - \frac{1218672}{6331625}e^{x/2}\sin[x] - \frac{32556}{34225}e^{x/2}x\sin[x] + \frac{96}{185}e^{x/2}x^2\sin[x] + \frac{96}{50653}e^{x/2}\cos[x]^2\sin[x] - \frac{48}{1369}e^{x/2}x\cos[x]^2\sin[x] + \frac{12}{37}e^{x/2}x^2\cos[x]^2\sin[x] - \frac{816}{50653}e^{x/2}\sin[3x] - \frac{12}{1369}e^{x/2}x\sin[3x]$$

Problem 695: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 55 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}a\sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}}}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+x}}} + (a+x)\text{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 125 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\sqrt{2} a \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+x}} \sqrt{-\frac{a-x}{a+x}} \sqrt{\frac{a+x}{a}} \sqrt{1+\frac{x}{a}} + \\
& x \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{-\frac{a-x}{a+x}}\right] + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{a+x}{a}} \sqrt{1+\frac{x}{a}} \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{-\frac{a-x}{a+x}}\right]}{a+x}
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 116 problems in "Welz Problems.m"

Problem 9: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x^2} \left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 220 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2-4x}{5 \left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2}\right)} + \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2 - (1-\sqrt{5})x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-x-\sqrt{5}x}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 365 leaves, 18 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2(1-2x)\sqrt{x}}{5(1+x-x^2)} - \frac{2(1-2x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} + \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(-11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{x}\right] + \\
& \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(-1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{x}\right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 10: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-1+x^2})^2}{(1+x-x^2)^2 \sqrt{-1+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 220 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2-4x}{5(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2})} + \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-x-\sqrt{5}x}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 541 leaves, 25 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2(1-2x)\sqrt{x}}{5(1+x-x^2)} - \frac{(1-2x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} - \frac{(3-x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} + \\
& \frac{(2+x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} + \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(-11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 39: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 110 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{1/3}(2-x)}{\sqrt{3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[2-x]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[2-x-2^{2/3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 176 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} (-2+x)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (-2+x)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3} (-1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3} (2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}} +$$

$$\frac{3 (-2+x)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{(-2+x)^{2/3}}{2^{1/3}} - 2^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3} (2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}} - \frac{(-2+x)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}[x]}{2 \times 2^{1/3} (2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 40: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 81 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3} (-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1-x] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-x + (-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 131 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} (4+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(-1+x)^{2/3}}{(4+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 (4(-1+x) + (-1+x)^3)^{1/3}} -$$

$$\frac{(3(4+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-(4+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3} + (-1+x)^{2/3}\right])}{(4(4(-1+x) + (-1+x)^3)^{1/3})}$$

Problem 41: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 66 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2x}{\sqrt{3} (x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[-x + (x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 117 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} x^{1/3} (-q+x^2)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2x^{2/3}}{(-q+x^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 (-qx+x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{3 x^{1/3} (-q+x^2)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[x^{2/3} - (-q+x^2)^{1/3}\right]}{4 (-qx+x^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 42: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left((-1+x) (q-2x+x^2)\right)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 79 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3} \left((-1+x) (q-2x+x^2)\right)^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1-x] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-x + \left((-1+x) (q-2x+x^2)\right)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 145 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-1+q+(-1+x)^2\right)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2(-1+x)^{2/3}}{(-1+q+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \left(- (1-q) (-1+x) + (-1+x)^3\right)^{1/3}} - \frac{\left(3 \left(-1+q+(-1+x)^2\right)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[- \left(-1+q+(-1+x)^2\right)^{1/3} + (-1+x)^{2/3}\right]\right)}{\left(4 \left(- (1-q) (-1+x) + (-1+x)^3\right)^{1/3}\right)}$$

Problem 43: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left((-1+x) (q-2qx+x^2)\right)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 118 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2q^{1/3}(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3} \left((-1+x) (q-2qx+x^2)\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{2q^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-x]}{4q^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2q^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[-q^{1/3}(-1+x) + \left((-1+x) (q-2qx+x^2)\right)^{1/3}\right]}{4q^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 677 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3 \left(-q + 3 q x + (-1 - 2 q) x^2 + x^3 \right)^{1/3}} \\
& \left(-1 - 2 q - \frac{1 - 5 q + 4 q^2 + \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1 + q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3}}{\left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1 + q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3}} + 3 x \right)^{1/3} \\
& \left(-1 + 5 q - 4 q^2 + \frac{(1 - 4 q)^2 (1 - q)^2}{\left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3}} + \right. \\
& \quad \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} + \\
& \quad \left(3 \left(1 - 5 q + 4 q^2 + \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} (-1 - 2 q) + x \right) \right) / \\
& \quad \left. \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3} + 9 \left(\frac{1}{3} (-1 - 2 q) + x \right)^2 \right)^{1/3} \\
& \text{Unintegrable} \left[3 / \left(x \left(-1 - 2 q - \left(1 - 5 q + 4 q^2 + \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1 + q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} \right) \right) / \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1 + q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3} + 3 x \right)^{1/3} \\
& \quad \left(-1 + 5 q - 4 q^2 + \frac{(1 - 4 q)^2 (1 - q)^2}{\left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3}} + \right. \\
& \quad \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} + 9 \left(\frac{1}{3} (-1 - 2 q) + x \right)^2 + \\
& \quad \left. \left(\left(1 - 5 q + 4 q^2 + \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} \right) (-1 - 2 q + 3 x) \right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(1 + 6 q - 15 q^2 + 8 q^3 + 3 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1 - q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3} \right)^{1/3} \right], x]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 44: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{2 - (1 + k) x}{((1 - x) x (1 - k x))^{1/3} (1 - (1 + k) x)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 111 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2k^{1/3}x}{((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{k^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2k^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1 - (1+k)x]}{2k^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}[-k^{1/3}x + ((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}]}{2k^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 139 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{3(1-x)^{1/3}x(1-kx)^{1/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x, kx\right]}{2((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}} + \left((1-x)^{1/3}x^{1/3}(1-kx)^{1/3} \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1-x)^{1/3}x^{1/3}(1+(-1-k)x)(1-kx)^{1/3}}, x\right] \right) / ((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}$$

Problem 45: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1-kx}{(1+(-2+k)x)((1-x)x(1-kx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 176 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-kx)}{((1-k)^{1/3}((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1 - (2-k)x]}{2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-kx]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}[-1+kx + 2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 78 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{(1-x)^{2/3}x^{2/3}(1-kx)^{2/3} \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-kx)^{1/3}}{(1-x)^{2/3}x^{2/3}(1+(-2+k)x)}, x\right]}{((1-x)x(1-kx))^{2/3}}$$

Problem 52: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-a - \sqrt{1+a^2} + x}{(-a + \sqrt{1+a^2} + x)\sqrt{(-a+x)(1+x^2)}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 66 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + \sqrt{1+a^2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a + \sqrt{1+a^2}} (-a+x)}{\sqrt{(-a+x)(1+x^2)}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 204 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{2i \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{i+a}} \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-ix}}{\sqrt{2}}\right], \frac{2}{1-ia}\right]}{\sqrt{-(a-x)(1+x^2)}} +$$

$$\left(4 \sqrt{1+a^2} \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{i+a}} \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{2}{1-i(a-\sqrt{1+a^2})}, \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-ix}}{\sqrt{2}}\right], \frac{2}{1-ia}\right] \right) /$$

$$\left(\left(1-i(a-\sqrt{1+a^2}) \right) \sqrt{-(a-x)(1+x^2)} \right)$$

Problem 82: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-2+a+x}{(-a+x) \sqrt{(2-a)ax + (-1-2a+a^2)x^2 + x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 1 leaves, ? steps):

0

Result (type 4, 529 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(2 (1-a) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{(2-a)a - (1+2a-a^2)x + x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-1+2a-a^2} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{(2-a)a - (1+2a-a^2)x + x^2}}\right] \right) / \\
& \left(a \sqrt{-1+2a-a^2} \sqrt{(2-a)ax - (1+2a-a^2)x^2 + x^3} \right) + \\
& \left(((2-a)a)^{3/4} \sqrt{x} \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(2-a)a - (1+2a-a^2)x + x^2}{(2-a)a \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{x}}{((2-a)a)^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{4} \left(2 + \frac{1+2a-a^2}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}} \right) \right] \right) / \left(a \sqrt{(2-a)ax - (1+2a-a^2)x^2 + x^3} \right) + \\
& \left((2-a) \left(1 - \sqrt{(2-a)a} \right) \sqrt{x} \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(2-a)a - (1+2a-a^2)x + x^2}{(2-a)a \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}} \right)^2}} \right. \\
& \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{(\sqrt{2-a} + \sqrt{a})^2}{4 \sqrt{(2-a)a}}, 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{x}}{((2-a)a)^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{4} \left(2 + \frac{1+2a-a^2}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}} \right) \right] \right) / \\
& \left(((2-a)a)^{3/4} \sqrt{(2-a)ax - (1+2a-a^2)x^2 + x^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 83: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-a + (-1+2a)x}{(-a+x) \sqrt{a^2x - (-1+2a+a^2)x^2 + (-1+2a)x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 46 leaves, ? steps):

$$\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{-a^2 + 2ax + x^2 - 2 \left(x + \sqrt{(1-x)x(a^2 + x - 2ax)} \right)}{(a-x)^2}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 180 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(2 (1 - 2a) \sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1 + \frac{(1-2a)x}{a^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x}], -\frac{1-2a}{a^2}] \right) / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\sqrt{a^2 x + (1-2a-a^2)x^2 - (1-2a)x^3} \right) \right) + \\
& \left(4 (1-a) \sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1 + \frac{(1-2a)x}{a^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{a}, \operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x}], -\frac{1-2a}{a^2}\right] \right) / \\
& \quad \left(\sqrt{a^2 x + (1-2a-a^2)x^2 - (1-2a)x^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 100: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 135 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 383 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2^{2/3} (1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[(1-x)(1+x)^2\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+x^3]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3} (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 101: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{1/3} (1+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 135 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 383 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[(1-x)(1+x)^2\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+x^3]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3} (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 102: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1-x}{(1+x+x^2)(1+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 119 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1+x)^2}{(1+x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 357 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1+x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[(1-x)^2(1+x)\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-x^3]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1+x)^2}{(1+x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1+x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} x - (1+x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1+x-2^{2/3} (1+x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 115: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{(1-x)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 383 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2^{2/3}(1-x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2^{2/3}(1-x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \\
& \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2^{2/3}x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[(1-x)(1+x)^2\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1+x^3\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

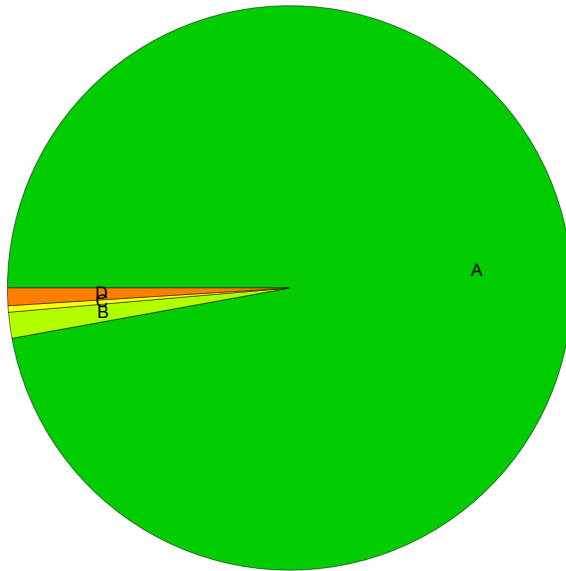
Result (type 5, 648 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2^{1/3}(1-x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{(1 - (-1)^{1/3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3 \sqrt{3}} + \\
& \frac{(1 + (-1)^{2/3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3 \sqrt{3}} - \frac{(1 - (-1)^{1/3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2^{1/3}((-1)^{1/3} + x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \\
& \frac{(1 + (-1)^{2/3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{(-1)^{2/3} 2^{1/3}(1 + (-1)^{1/3}x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{6} (1 - (-1)^{1/3}) x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{6} (1 + (-1)^{2/3}) x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-(1-x)(1+x)^2\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{(1 + (-1)^{2/3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-(-1)^{2/3}((-1)^{2/3} + x)^2(1 + (-1)^{1/3}x)\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \\
& \frac{(1 - (-1)^{1/3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[(-1)^{2/3}((-1)^{1/3} + x)(1 + (-1)^{2/3}x)^2\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{6} (1 - (-1)^{1/3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] - \frac{1}{6} (1 + (-1)^{2/3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \\
& \frac{(1 - (-1)^{1/3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - (-1)^{2/3}x - (-2)^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - x - 2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \\
& \frac{(1 + (-1)^{2/3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + (-1)^{1/3}x + (-1)^{1/3} 2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 8 problems in "Wester Problems.m"

Summary of Integration Test Results

1892 integration problems



- A - 1838 optimal antiderivatives
- B - 28 valid but suboptimal antiderivatives
- C - 7 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives
- D - 19 unable to integrate problems
- E - 0 integration timeouts
- F - 0 invalid antiderivatives