Rules for integrands of the form
$$(d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p$$

$$\textbf{0.} \quad \int \left(\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e} \ \mathtt{x}^2 \right)^{\mathtt{q}} \ \left(\mathtt{b} \ \mathtt{x}^2 + \mathtt{c} \ \mathtt{x}^4 \right)^{\mathtt{p}} \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x} \ \text{ when } \mathtt{p} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

1.
$$\left[(d + e x^2) (b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \right]$$

1:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{(b x^2 + c x^4)^{3/4}} dx$$

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 2a with a = 0, m = 0 and n (2p + 1) + 1 = 0 composed with trinomial recurrence 5 with a = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.0.1.1:

$$\int \frac{d + e x^{2}}{\left(b x^{2} + c x^{4}\right)^{3/4}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2 (c d - b e) \left(b x^{2} + c x^{4}\right)^{1/4}}{b c x} + \frac{e}{c} \int \frac{\left(b x^{2} + c x^{4}\right)^{1/4}}{x^{2}} dx$$

- Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \left[\left. \left(\text{d}_{+\text{e}_{-}} * \text{x}_{-}^{2} \right) \middle/ \left(\text{b}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}^{2} + \text{c}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}^{4} \right) \wedge \left(3/4 \right) , \text{x_Symbol} \right] := \\ & -2 * \left(\text{c*d-b*e} \right) * \left(\text{b*x}^{2} + \text{c*x}^{4} \right) \wedge \left(1/4 \right) / \left(\text{b*c*x} \right) \; + \; \text{e/c*Int} \left[\left. \left(\text{b*x}^{2} + \text{c*x}^{4} \right) \wedge \left(1/4 \right) / \text{x}^{2} , \text{x} \right] \; / ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \left[\left. \left\{ \text{b,c,d,e} \right\} , \text{x} \right] \end{aligned}$$

2:
$$\int (d + e x^2) (b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \wedge be (2p+1) - cd (4p+3) == 0$

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 3a with a = 0 with b = (np+1) - cd(n(2p+1)+1) = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.0.1.2: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \bigwedge be (2p+1) - cd (4p+3) = 0$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\;\to\;\frac{e\,\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{p+1}}{c\,\left(4\,p+3\right)\,x}$$

3:
$$\int (d + e x^2) (b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \bigwedge be (2p+1) - cd (4p+3) \neq 0$

- Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 3a with a = 0
- Rule 1.2.2.3.0.1.3: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \neq -\frac{3}{4} \bigwedge be (2p+1) cd (4p+3) \neq 0$, then

$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2 \right) \, \left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{e \, \left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1}}{c \, \left(4 \, p + 3 \right) \, x} \, - \, \frac{b \, e \, \left(2 \, p + 1 \right) \, - c \, d \, \left(4 \, p + 3 \right)}{c \, \left(4 \, p + 3 \right)} \, \int \left(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p \, dx$$

2:
$$\left[\left(d + e x^2 \right)^q \left(b x^2 + c x^4 \right)^p dx \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \right]$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} \frac{(b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{x^{2} (b + c x^{2})^{p}} = 0$$

Basis:
$$\frac{(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4)^{\,\text{FracPart}[p]}}{x^{2 \, \text{FracPart}[p]} \, (b + c \, x^2)^{\, \text{FracPart}[p]}} = \frac{(b \, x^2 + c \, x^4)^{\, \text{FracPart}[p]}}{x^{2 \, \text{FracPart}[p]} \, (b + c \, x^2)^{\, \text{FracPart}[p]}}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.0.2: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\left(b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\,[p]}}{x^{2\,\operatorname{FracPart}\,[p]}\,\left(b+c\,x^2\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\,[p]}}\,\int\!x^{2\,p}\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(b+c\,x^2\right)^p\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   (b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/(x^(2*FracPart[p])*(b+c*x^2)^FracPart[p])*Int[x^(2*p)*(d+e*x^2)^q*(b+c*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

1. $\left[(d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c == 0 \right]$

X: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $b^2 - 4$ a c == 0, then a + b z + c $z^2 == \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{b}{2} + c z \right)^2$

Rule 1.2.2.2.1.x: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\;\to\;\frac{1}{c^p}\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(\frac{b}{2}+c\,x^2\right)^{2\,p}\,dx$$

Program code:

2. $\left[\left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^q\left(a+b\,\mathbf{x}^2+c\,\mathbf{x}^4\right)^p\,d\mathbf{x}\right]$ when $b^2-4\,a\,c=0$ \bigwedge $p\notin\mathbb{Z}$

1: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land 2 c d - b e = 0$ Necessary??

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $b^2 - 4ac = 0 \land 2cd - be = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(a+bx^2+cx^4)^p}{(d+ex^2)^{2p}} = 0$

Note: If $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land 2 c d - b e = 0$, then $a + b z + c z^2 = \frac{c}{e^2} (d + e z)^2$

Rule 1.2.2.3.1.2.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land 2 c d - b e = 0$, then

$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, dx \, \, \to \, \, \, \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{2 \, p}} \, \int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q + 2 \, p} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p/(d+e*x^2)^(2*p)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q+2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && EqQ[2*c*d-b*e,0]
```

2: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $b^2 - 4$ a c == 0, then $\partial_x \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{(\frac{b}{2}+c x^2)^{2p}} == 0$

Note: If $b^2 - 4$ a c == 0, then a + b z + c $z^2 == \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{b}{2} + c z \right)^2$

Rule 1.2.2.3.1.2.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{\operatorname{c}^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]}\,\left(\frac{b}{2}+c\,x^2\right)^{2\,\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}\,\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(\frac{b}{2}+c\,x^2\right)^{2\,p}\,dx$$

Program code:

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
 (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/(c^IntPart[p]*(b/2+c*x^2)^(2*FracPart[p]))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q*(b/2+c*x^2)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]

2. $\left[(d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 == 0 \right]$

1: $\left[\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left(a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \right]$ when $b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 = 0 \, \wedge \, p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$, then $a + b z + c z^2 = (d + e z) \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c z}{e}\right)$

Rule 1.2.2.3.2.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\;\to\;\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p+q}\,\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^2}{e}\right)^p\,dx$$

Program code:

 $Int[(d_{+e_{*x}^{2}})^{q_{*x}}(a_{+b_{*x}^{2}+c_{*x}^{4}})^{p_{*x}}] := Int[(d_{+e_{*x}^{2}})^{q_{*x}^{2}+c_{*x}^{2}})^{p_{*x}^{2}}] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,q\},x] && NeQ[b^{2}-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^{2}-b*d*e+a*e^{2},0] && IntegerQ[p] \\ \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[\,(d_{+e_{-}}*x_{-}^2)\,^q_{-}*\,(a_{+c_{-}}*x_{-}^4)\,^p_{-},x_{\text{Symbol}}] := \\ & \text{Int}[\,(d_{+e_{+}}x^2)\,^c\,(p_{+}q)*\,(a_{+c_{-}}*x^2)\,^p_{-},x] \quad /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,c,d,e,q\},x] \quad \&\& \quad \text{EqQ}[c_{+}d^2+a_{+e_{-}}^2,0] \quad \&\& \quad \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{split}$$

2: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 == 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

- Basis: If $c d^2 b d e + a e^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{(d+e x^2)^p \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c x^2}{e}\right)^p} = 0$
- Basis: If $c d^2 b d e + a e^2 = 0$, then $\frac{(a+bx^2+cx^4)^p}{(d+ex^2)^p \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{cx^2}{e}\right)^p} = \frac{(a+bx^2+cx^4)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}{(d+ex^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{cx^2}{e}\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}$
- Rule 1.2.2.3.2.2: If $b^2 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 b d e + a e^2 = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{FracPart[p]}}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{FracPart[p]}\,\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^2}{e}\right)^{FracPart[p]}}\,\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p+q}\,\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^2}{e}\right)^p\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+c*x^2/e)^FracPart[p])*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+c*x^2/e)^FracPart[p])*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

- 3. $\left[\left(d + e x^2 \right)^q \left(a + b x^2 + c x^4 \right)^p dx \text{ when } b^2 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right]$
 - 1: $\int \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4\right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } b^2 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, c \, d^2 b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, q + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Rule 1.2.2.3.3.1: If $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \ \texttt{x}^2 \right)^q \ \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \ \texttt{x}^2 + \texttt{c} \ \texttt{x}^4 \right)^p \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x} \ \rightarrow \ \int \texttt{ExpandIntegrand} \left[\ \left(\texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \ \texttt{x}^2 \right)^q \ \left(\texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \ \texttt{x}^2 + \texttt{c} \ \texttt{x}^4 \right)^p, \ \texttt{x} \right] \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x}$$

Program code:

$$Int[(d_{+e_{-}}*x_{^2})^q_{-}*(a_{+c_{-}}*x_{^4})^p_{-},x_{Symbol}] := \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d_{+e}*x_{^2})^q*(a_{+c}*x_{^4})^p,x],x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,c,d,e\},x] && NeQ[c_{*d}^2+a_{*e}^2,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,-2] \\ \end{cases}$$

2.
$$\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q < -1$

$$1: \int \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left(a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \ \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \ q + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge \ 4 \, p + 2 \, q + 1 < 0$$

- Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 3b
- Basis: $\int (d + e x^2)^q dx = \frac{x (d + e x^2)^{q+1}}{d} \frac{e (2 q + 3)}{d} \int x^2 (d + e x^2)^q dx$

Note: Interestingly this rule eleminates the constant term of $(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p$ rather than the highest degree term.

$$a^{p}\int (d+ex^{2})^{q}dx + \int x^{2}(d+ex^{2})^{q}$$
 PolynomialQuotient $[(a+bx^{2}+cx^{4})^{p}-a^{p},x^{2},x]dx \rightarrow 0$

$$\frac{a^{p} \times \left(d + e \times^{2}\right)^{q+1}}{d} + \frac{1}{d} \int x^{2} \left(d + e \times^{2}\right)^{q} \left(d \text{ PolynomialQuotient}\left[\left(a + b \times^{2} + c \times^{4}\right)^{p} - a^{p}, \times^{2}, \times\right] - e a^{p} \left(2 + q + 3\right)\right) dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^p*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/d +
    1/d*Int[x^2*(d+e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p-a^p,x^2,x]-e*a^p*(2*q+3)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[q+1/2,0] && LtQ[4*p+2*q+1,0]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^p*x*(d+e*x^2)^q(q+1)/d +
    1/d*Int[x^2*(d+e*x^2)^q*(d*PolynomialQuotient[(a+c*x^4)^p-a^p,x^2,x]-e*a^p*(2*q+3)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[q+1/2,0] && LtQ[4*p+2*q+1,0]
```

2:
$$\int \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4\right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \ \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \ q < -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 2a

Rule 1.2.2.3.3.2.2: If
$$b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \land \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \ \land \ q < -1,$$
 let $Q[x] \to PolynomialQuotient[(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p, d + e x^2, x]$ and
$$R \to PolynomialRemainder[(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p, d + e x^2, x], then$$

$$\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p \, dx \to$$

$$R \int (d + e x^2)^q \, dx + \int Q[x] \, (d + e x^2)^{q+1} \, dx \to$$

$$- \frac{R \, x \, (d + e \, x^2)^{q+1}}{2 \, d \, (q+1)} + \frac{1}{2 \, d \, (q+1)} \int (d + e \, x^2)^{q+1} \, (2 \, d \, (q+1) \, Q[x] + R \, (2 \, q+3)) \, dx$$

3: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \nleq -1$

Reference: G&R 2.110.5, G&R 2.104, G&R 2.160.3, CRC 88a

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 3a

Note: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \nleq -1$, then $4p + 2q + 1 \neq 0$.

Rule 1.2.2.3.3.3: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ \land $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ \land $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \nleq -1$, then

$$\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$c^{p}\int x^{4p}\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{q}\,dx+\int \left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{q}\,\left(\left(a+b\,x^{2}+c\,x^{4}\right)^{p}-c^{p}\,x^{4p}\right)\,dx\;\rightarrow$$

$$\frac{c^{p} x^{4 p-1} \left(d+e x^{2}\right)^{q+1}}{e \left(4 p+2 q+1\right)}+\frac{1}{e \left(4 p+2 q+1\right)} \int \left(d+e x^{2}\right)^{q} \left(e \left(4 p+2 q+1\right) \left(a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}\right)^{p}-d c^{p} \left(4 p-1\right) x^{4 p-2}-e c^{p} \left(4 p+2 q+1\right) x^{4 p}\right) dx$$

Program code:

4.
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e x^2\right)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ c d^2 - a e^2 = 0 \ \bigwedge \ \frac{2d}{e} - \frac{b}{c} > 0$$

Basis: If
$$c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$
 and $q \to \sqrt{\frac{2d}{e} - \frac{b}{c}}$, then $\frac{d + e z^2}{a + b z^2 + c z^4} = \frac{e^2}{2 c (d + e q z + e z^2)} + \frac{e^2}{2 c (d - e q z + e z^2)}$

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \frac{e}{2 c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{d}{e} + q x + x^2} dx + \frac{e}{2 c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{d}{e} - q x + x^2} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[2*d/e-b/c,2]},
    e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e+q*x+x^2,x],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e-q*x+x^2,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && (GtQ[2*d/e-b/c,0] || Not[LtQ[2*d/e-b/c,0]] && EqQ[d-e*Rt[a/c,2]]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[2*d/e,2]},
    e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e+q*x+x^2,x],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[1/Simp[d/e-q*x+x^2,x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[d*e]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0 \ \land b^2 - 4 a c > 0$$

- Basis: Let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 4 \ a \ c}$, then $\frac{d + e \ z}{a + b \ z + c \ z^2} = \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 \ c \ d b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} \frac{q}{2} + c \ z} + \left(\frac{e}{2} \frac{2 \ c \ d b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c \ z}$
- Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.1.2: If $b^2 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 a e^2 = 0 \land b^2 4 a c > 0$, let $q \rightarrow \sqrt{b^2 4 a c}$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 c d - b e}{2 q}\right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{q}{2} + c x^2} dx + \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{2 c d - b e}{2 q}\right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c x^2} dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\left(\text{d}_{+\text{e}_{-}} * \text{x}_{-}^{2} \right) / \left(\text{a}_{-} * \text{b}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}^{2} + \text{c}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}^{4} \right) , \text{x_symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{With} \big[\left\{ \text{q=Rt} \left[\text{b}^{2} - 4 * \text{a*c}, 2 \right] \right\}, \\ & \left(\text{e}/2 + \left(2 * \text{c*d-b*e} \right) / \left(2 * \text{q} \right) \right) * \text{Int} \big[1 / \left(\text{b}/2 - \text{q}/2 + \text{c*x}^{2} \right) , \text{x} \big] \right. + \\ & \left(\text{e}/2 - \left(2 * \text{c*d-b*e} \right) / \left(2 * \text{q} \right) \right) * \text{Int} \big[1 / \left(\text{b}/2 + \text{q}/2 + \text{c*x}^{2} \right) , \text{x} \big] \big] \right. / ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[\left\{ \text{a,b,c,d,e} \right\}, \text{x} \big] \right. \& \& \text{NeQ} \big[\text{b}^{2} - 4 * \text{a*c,0} \big] \& \& \text{EqQ} \big[\text{c*d}^{2} - \text{a*e}^{2}, 0 \big] \& \& \text{GtQ} \big[\text{b}^{2} - 4 * \text{a*c,0} \big] \end{aligned}$$

3:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0 \ \land b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

- Basis: If $c d^2 a e^2 = 0$ and $q \to \sqrt{-\frac{2d}{e} \frac{b}{c}}$, then $\frac{d + e z^2}{a + b z^2 + c z^4} = \frac{e (q 2 z)}{2 c q (\frac{d}{e} + q z z^2)} + \frac{e (q + 2 z)}{2 c q (\frac{d}{e} q z z^2)}$
- Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.3: If $b^2 4$ a $c \neq 0$ \wedge $c d^2 a e^2 = 0$ \wedge $b^2 4$ a $c \neq 0$, let $q \rightarrow \sqrt{-\frac{2d}{e} \frac{b}{c}}$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \frac{e}{2 c q} \int \frac{q - 2 x}{\frac{d}{e} + q x - x^2} dx + \frac{e}{2 c q} \int \frac{q + 2 x}{\frac{d}{e} - q x - x^2} dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \left( \text{d}_{+\text{e}_{-}*\text{x}_{-}^{2}} \right) / \left( \text{a}_{+\text{b}_{-}*\text{x}_{-}^{2}+\text{c}_{-}*\text{x}_{-}^{4}} \right), \text{x\_Symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{With} \big[ \left\{ \text{q=Rt} \big[ -2*\text{d}/\text{e-b/c}, 2 \big] \right\}, \\ & \text{e} / \left( 2*\text{c*q} \right) * \text{Int} \big[ \left( \text{q-2*x} \right) / \text{Simp} \big[ \text{d}/\text{e+q*x-x^2}, \text{x} \big], \text{x} \big] + \text{e} / \left( 2*\text{c*q} \right) * \text{Int} \big[ \left( \text{q+2*x} \right) / \text{Simp} \big[ \text{d}/\text{e-q*x-x^2}, \text{x} \big], \text{x} \big] \big] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \left\{ \text{a,b,c,d,e} \right\}, \text{x} \big] \& \& \text{NeQ} \big[ \text{b^2-4*a*c,0} \big] \& \& \text{EqQ} \big[ \text{c*d^2-a*e^2,0} \big] \& \& \text{Not} \big[ \text{GtQ} \big[ \text{b^2-4*a*c,0} \big] \big] \end{aligned}
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\left(\text{d}_{+\text{e}_{-}} * \text{x}_{-}^{2} \right) / \left(\text{a}_{+\text{c}_{-}} * \text{x}_{-}^{4} \right) , \text{x_symbol} \big] := \\ & \text{With} \big[\left\{ \text{q=Rt} \big[-2 * \text{d/e}, 2 \big] \right\} , \\ & \text{e/} \big(2 * \text{c*q} \big) * \text{Int} \big[\left(\text{q-2*x} \right) / \text{Simp} \big[\text{d/e+q*x-x^2,x} \big], \text{x} \big] + \text{e/} \big(2 * \text{c*q} \big) * \text{Int} \big[\left(\text{q+2*x} \right) / \text{Simp} \big[\text{d/e-q*x-x^2,x} \big], \text{x} \big] \big] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[\left\{ \text{a,c,d,e} \right\} , \text{x} \big] & \text{\&\& EqQ} \big[\text{c*d^2-a*e^2,0} \big] & \text{\&\& NegQ} \big[\text{d*e} \big] \end{aligned}$$

2.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ b^2 - 4 a c > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

- Basis: Let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 4 \ a \ c}$, then $\frac{d + e \ z}{a + b \ z + c \ z^2} = \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 \ c \ d b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} \frac{q}{2} + c \ z} + \left(\frac{e}{2} \frac{2 \ c \ d b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c \ z}$
- Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.2.1: If $b^2 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 a e^2 \neq 0 \land b^2 4 a c > 0$, let $q \rightarrow \sqrt{b^2 4 a c}$, then

$$\int \frac{d+ex^2}{a+bx^2+cx^4} dx \rightarrow \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2cd-be}{2q}\right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{q}{2}+cx^2} dx + \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{2cd-be}{2q}\right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2}+cx^2} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
  (e/2+(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[1/(b/2-q/2+c*x^2),x] + (e/2-(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[1/(b/2+q/2+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[b^2-4*a*c]
Tht[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(2+c.*x_^2)/(2+c.*x_^4),x_Symbol] --
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
  (e/2+c*d/(2*q))*Int[1/(-q+c*x^2),x] + (e/2-c*d/(2*q))*Int[1/(q+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[-a*c]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + c x^4} dx \text{ when } c d^2 + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ -a c \neq 0$$

- Basis: Let $q \to \sqrt{a c}$, then $\frac{d+e z}{a+c z^2} = \frac{d q+a e}{2 a c} \frac{q+c z}{a+c z^2} + \frac{d q-a e}{2 a c} \frac{q-c z}{a+c z^2}$
- Note: Resulting integrands are of the form $\frac{d+e x^2}{a+c x^4}$ where c d² a e² == 0.
- Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.2.2.1: If $cd^2 + ae^2 \neq 0 \land cd^2 ae^2 \neq 0 \land -ac \neq 0$, let $q \rightarrow \sqrt{ac}$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{a + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{d \, q + a \, e}{2 \, a \, c} \int \frac{q + c \, x^2}{a + c \, x^4} \, dx + \frac{d \, q - a \, e}{2 \, a \, c} \int \frac{q - c \, x^2}{a + c \, x^4} \, dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{d}_{+\text{e}_{-}} * \text{x}_{2}) \big/ \, (\text{a}_{+\text{c}_{-}} * \text{x}_{4}) \, , \text{x\_Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & \text{With} \big[ \, (\text{q}_{-\text{Rt}} [\text{a*c}, 2] \, \} \, , \\ & (\text{d*q+a*e}) \, / \, (2*\text{a*c}) \, * \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{q+c*x}_{2}) \, / \, (\text{a+c*x}_{4}) \, , \text{x} \big] \, + \, \, (\text{d*q-a*e}) \, / \, (2*\text{a*c}) \, * \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{q-c*x}_{2}) \, / \, (\text{a+c*x}_{4}) \, , \text{x} \big] \, \big] \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{ \text{a,c,d,e} \} \, , \text{x} \big] \, \& \, \text{NeQ} \big[ \text{c*d}_{2+\text{a*e}}^2, 0 \big] \, \& \, \text{NeQ} \big[ \text{c*d}_{2-\text{a*e}}^2, 0 \big] \, \& \, \text{NegQ} \big[ -\text{a*c} \big] \end{split}
```

2:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$$

- Basis: If $q \to \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}$ and $r \to \sqrt{2q \frac{b}{c}}$, then $\frac{d + e z^2}{a + b z^2 + c z^4} = \frac{dr (d e q) z}{2cqr(q r z + z^2)} + \frac{dr + (d e q) z}{2cqr(q + r z + z^2)}$
- Note: If $(a | b | c) \in \mathbb{R} \wedge b^2 4 a c < 0$, then $\frac{a}{c} > 0$ and $2\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}} \frac{b}{c} > 0$.
- Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.1.2.2.2: If $b^2 4$ a $c \neq 0 \land cd^2 bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land b^2 4$ a $c \neq 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}$ and $r \to \sqrt{2q \frac{b}{c}}$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{2 \, c \, q \, r} \int \frac{d \, r - (d - e \, q) \, \, x}{q - r \, x + x^2} \, dx \, + \, \frac{1}{2 \, c \, q \, r} \int \frac{d \, r + (d - e \, q) \, \, x}{q + r \, x + x^2} \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right)^q}{a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.1.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q}{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow \,\,\int \text{ExpandIntegrand} \big[\frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q}{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}\,,\,\,x\big]\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[q]
```

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
 Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q/(a+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[q]

2.
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e x^{2}\right)^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^{2} - b d e + a e^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ q \notin \mathbb{Z}$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e x^{2}\right)^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^{2} - b d e + a e^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ q \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ q < -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{a+bz+cz^2} = \frac{e^2}{cd^2-bde+ae^2} + \frac{(d+ez)(cd-be-cez)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(a+bz+cz^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.2.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q < -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{e^2}{c \, d^2 - b \, de + a \, e^2} \int \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, dx \, + \, \frac{1}{c \, d^2 - b \, de + a \, e^2} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q+1} \, \left(c \, d - b \, e - c \, e \, x^2\right)}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^q}{a+b\,\mathbf{x}^2+c\,\mathbf{x}^4}\,d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq0\,\,\bigwedge\,c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq0\,\,\bigwedge\,q\notin\mathbb{Z}\,\,\bigwedge\,q\not<-1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If
$$r = \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$$
, then $\frac{1}{a+b z+c z^2} = \frac{2 c}{r (b-r+2 c z)} - \frac{2 c}{r (b+r+2 c z)}$

Rule 1.2.2.3.4.2.2: If $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q \not\leftarrow -1$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{2 \, c}{r} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{b - r + 2 \, c \, x^2} \, dx \, - \, \frac{2 \, c}{r} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{b + r + 2 \, c \, x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    2*c/r*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q/(b-r+2*c*x^2),x] - 2*c/r*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q/(b+r+2*c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    -c/(2*r)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q/(r-c*x^2),x] - c/(2*r)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q/(r+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,q},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]]
```

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 1b with m = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ \land $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ \land p > 0, then

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    x*(2*b*e*p+c*d*(4*p+3)+c*e*(4*p+1)*x^2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p/(c*(4*p+1)*(4*p+3)) +
    2*p/(c*(4*p+1)*(4*p+3))*Int[Simp[2*a*c*d*(4*p+3)-a*b*e+(2*a*c*e*(4*p+1)+b*c*d*(4*p+3)-b^2*e*(2*p+1))*x^2,x]*
    (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p-1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && GtQ[p,0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
 x*(d*(4*p+3)+e*(4*p+1)*x^2)*(a+c*x^4)^p/((4*p+1)*(4*p+3)) +
 2*p/((4*p+1)*(4*p+3))*Int[Simp[2*a*d*(4*p+3)+(2*a*e*(4*p+1))*x^2,x]*(a+c*x^4)^(p-1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && GtQ[p,0] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*p]

2:
$$\int (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p < -1$

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 2b with m = 0

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p < -1$, then

$$\int \left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{x \, \left(a \, b \, e - d \, \left(b^2 - 2 \, a \, c\right) - c \, \left(b \, d - 2 \, a \, e\right) \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1}}{2 \, a \, \left(p + 1\right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} \, + \\ \frac{1}{2 \, a \, \left(p + 1\right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c\right)} \, \int \left(\left(2 \, p + 3\right) \, d \, b^2 - a \, b \, e - 2 \, a \, c \, d \, \left(4 \, p + 5\right) + \left(4 \, p + 7\right) \, \left(d \, b - 2 \, a \, e\right) \, c \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1} \, dx$$

3.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \ c < 0$$

Basis: If
$$b^2 - 4ac > 0 \land c < 0$$
, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$, then $\sqrt{a + bx^2 + cx^4} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-c}} \sqrt{b + q + 2cx^2} \sqrt{-b + q - 2cx^2}$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land c < 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, 2 \, \sqrt{-c} \, \int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{b + q + 2 \, c \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{-b + q - 2 \, c \, x^2} \, dx$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^{2}}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c > 0 \ \land c \not < 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^{2}}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \frac{c}{a} > 0 \ \land \frac{b}{a} < 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^{2}}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \frac{c}{a} > 0 \ \land \frac{b}{a} < 0 \ \land e + d \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} = 0$$

Reference: G&R 3.165.10

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.1.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0$ $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0$ $\bigwedge \frac{b}{a} < 0$, let $q \to \left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$, if $e + d q^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, - \, \frac{d \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)} \, + \, 2 \, d \, \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a + 2 \, a \, q^2 \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{d \times \sqrt{a + b \times^2 + c \times^4}}{a \left(1 + q^2 \times^2\right)} + \frac{d \left(1 + q^2 \times^2\right) \sqrt{\frac{a + b \times^2 + c \times^4}{a \left(1 + q^2 \times^2\right)^2}}}{q \sqrt{a + b \times^2 + c \times^4}} \text{ EllipticE}[2 \text{ ArcTan}[q \times], \frac{1}{2} - \frac{b q^2}{4 c}]$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.1.2: If
$$b^2 - 4 a c > 0$$
 $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0$ $\bigwedge \frac{b}{a} < 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}$, if $e + d q \neq 0$, then
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \to \frac{e + d q}{q} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx - \frac{e}{q} \int \frac{1 - q x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
  (e+d*q)/q*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] - e/q*Int[(1-q*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[e+d*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && GtQ[c/a,0] && LtQ[b/a,0]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c > 0 \, \wedge \, a < 0 \, \wedge \, c > 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c > 0 \, \wedge \, a < 0 \, \wedge \, c > 0 \, \wedge \, 2 \, c \, d - e \, \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \, a \, c} \, \right) = 0$$

Reference: G&R 3.153.2+

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.2.1: If $b^2 - 4ac > 0 \land a < 0 \land c > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$, if 2cd - e(b - q) = 0, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{e \, x \, \left(b + q + 2 \, c \, x^2\right)}{2 \, c \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, - \, \frac{e \, q}{2 \, c} \, \int \frac{2 \, a + \, (b - q) \, \, x^2}{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{3/2}} \, dx$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{e \, x \, \left(b + q + 2 \, c \, x^2\right)}{2 \, c \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} - \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}{q}}}{2 \, c \, \sqrt{\frac{a}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}{q}}}{2 \, c \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{q}}}{2 \, q}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{q}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{q}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{q}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{q}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{q}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b + q) \, x^2}}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \\ = \frac{e \, q \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}}} \, \sqrt{\frac{2 \, a + (b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, q}}} \,$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    e*x*(b+q+2*c*x^2)/(2*c*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]) -
    e*q*Sqrt[(2*a+(b-q)*x^2)/(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)]*Sqrt[(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)/q]/(2*c*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*Sqrt[a/(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)])*
    EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)/(2*q)]],(b+q)/(2*q)] /;
EqQ[2*c*d-e*(b-q),0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    e*x*(q+c*x^2)/(c*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]) -
Sqrt[2]*e*q*Sqrt[-a+q*x^2]*Sqrt[(a+q*x^2)/q]/(Sqrt[-a]*c*Sqrt[a+c*x^4])*
    EllipticE[ArcSin[x/Sqrt[(a+q*x^2)/(2*q)]],1/2] /;
EqQ[c*d+e*q,0] && IntegerQ[q]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 a < 0 c > 0 2 c d - e (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}) \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.2.2: If $b^2 - 4ac > 0 \land a < 0 \land c > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$, if $2cd - e(b - q) \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{2 \, c \, d - e \, (b - q)}{2 \, c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \, \frac{e}{2 \, c} \int \frac{b - q + 2 \, c \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
  (2*c*d-e*(b-q))/(2*c)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[(b-q+2*c*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[2*c*d-e*(b-q),0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]
```

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
 (c*d+e*q)/c*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] - e/c*Int[(q-c*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[c*d+e*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && LtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0]

3:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \bigwedge \frac{b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{a} > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.3: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, if $\frac{b + q}{a} > 0$, then

$$\int \! \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \, \to \, d \int \! \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx + e \int \! \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    d*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + e*Int[x^2/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
    PosQ[(b+q)/a] || PosQ[(b-q)/a]] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    d*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + e*Int[x^2/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[-a*c,0]
```

Reference: G&R 3.153.5+

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.4.1.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, if $\frac{b+q}{a} \neq 0 \bigwedge 2 c d - e (b+q) == 0$ then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, - \, \frac{a \, e \, \sqrt{-\frac{b + q}{2 \, a}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{(b + q) \, x^2}{2 \, a}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{(b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a}}}{c \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \\ = \, \text{EllipticE} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{b + q}{2 \, a}} \, \, x \right], \, \frac{b - q}{b + q} \right]$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
-a*e*Rt[-(b+q)/(2*a),2]*Sqrt[1+(b+q)*x^2/(2*a)]*Sqrt[1+(b-q)*x^2/(2*a)]/(c*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
EllipticE[Arcsin[Rt[-(b+q)/(2*a),2]*x],(b-q)/(b+q)] /;
NegQ[(b+q)/a] && EqQ[2*c*d-e*(b+q),0] && Not[SimplerSqrtQ[-(b-q)/(2*a),-(b+q)/(2*a)]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.4.1.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, if $\frac{b+q}{a} \neq 0$ \(\sum 2 c d - e \((b+q) \neq 0 \) then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^{2}}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \rightarrow \frac{2 c d - e (b + q)}{2 c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx + \frac{e}{2 c} \int \frac{b + q + 2 c x^{2}}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
  (2*c*d-e*(b+q))/(2*c)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[(b+q+2*c*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NegQ[(b+q)/a] && NeQ[2*c*d-e*(b+q),0] && Not[SimplerSqrtQ[-(b-q)/(2*a),-(b+q)/(2*a)]]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

Reference: G&R 3.153.5-

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.4.2.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, if $\frac{b-q}{a} \neq 0$ \left\ 2 c d - e (b - q) == 0 then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, - \, \frac{a \, e \, \sqrt{-\frac{b - q}{2 \, a}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{(b - q) \, x^2}{2 \, a}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{(b + q) \, x^2}{2 \, a}}}{c \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \\ = \, \text{EllipticE} \left[\text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{b - q}{2 \, a}} \, \, x \right], \, \frac{b + q}{b - q} \right]$$

Program code:

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.1.2.4.2.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, if $\frac{b-q}{a} \neq 0$ \(\lambda \) 2 c d - e (b - q) \(\neq 0 \) then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{2 \, c \, d - e \, (b - q)}{2 \, c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \, \frac{e}{2 \, c} \int \frac{b - q + 2 \, c \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
  (2*c*d-e*(b-q))/(2*c)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + e/(2*c)*Int[(b-q+2*c*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NegQ[(b-q)/a] && NeQ[2*c*d-e*(b-q),0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

Reference: G&R 3.165.10

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.1.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0$, let $q = \left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$, if e + d $q^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \rightarrow -\frac{d \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)} + 2 \, d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a + 2 \, a \, q^2 \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{d \, x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)} + \frac{d \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{\frac{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}{a \, \left(1 + q^2 \, x^2\right)^2}}}{q \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \text{EllipticE} \left[2 \, \text{ArcTan}[q \, x] \, , \, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{b \, q^2}{4 \, c}\right]$$

2:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0 \bigwedge e + d \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \neq 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.1.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}$, if e + d $q \neq 0$, then $\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \to \frac{e + d \, q}{q} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx - \frac{e}{q} \int \frac{1 - q \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    (e+d*q)/q*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] - e/q*Int[(1-q*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[e+d*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && PosQ[c/a]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    (e+d*q)/q*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] - e/q*Int[(1-q*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
NeQ[e+d*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \bigwedge c d^2 + a e^2 = 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \bigwedge c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \bigwedge a > 0$$

Basis: If
$$c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \land a > 0$$
, then $\frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} = \frac{d \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e x^2}{d}}}$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.1.1.1: If $\frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \wedge c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \wedge a > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{\sqrt{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e x^2}{d}}} dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} > 0 \wedge c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \wedge a > 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a+cx^4}} = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.1.1.2: If
$$\frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \wedge c d^2 + a e^2 = 0 \wedge a \neq 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{c x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a + c x^4}} \int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{c x^4}{a}}} dx$$

2:
$$\int \frac{d + e^2}{\sqrt{a + c^2}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} > 0 \wedge c d^2 + a e^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$d + e x^2 = \frac{d q - e}{q} + \frac{e (1 + q x^2)}{q}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.1.2: If $\frac{c}{a} \neq 0$ $\bigwedge c d^2 + a e^2 \neq 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}}$, then

$$\int \frac{d+e\,x^2}{\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{d\,q-e}{q}\,\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,dx\,+\,\frac{e}{q}\,\int \frac{1+q\,x^2}{\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{d + e x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 c x^2}{b - q}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 c x^2}{b + q}}}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} = 0$

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.3.2.2.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} \neq 0$, let $q \rightarrow \sqrt{b^2 - 4}$ a $c \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, x^2}{b - q}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, x^2}{b + q}}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \int \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, x^2}{b - q}}} \, dx$$

4:
$$\int (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.5.4: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ \land $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\int ExpandIntegrand\big[\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p,\,x\big]\,dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
```

$$Int[(d_{+e_{-}*x_{-}^2})*(a_{+c_{-}*x_{-}^4})^p_{,x_{-}}symbol] := \\ Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d_{+e_{+}x_{-}^2})*(a_{+c_{+}x_{-}^4})^p_{,x_{-}}],x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,c,d,e\},x] && NeQ[c_{+}a_{+}e_{-}^2,0] \\ \end{cases}$$

6.
$$\left[\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \left(a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p d\mathbf{x} \right]$$
 when $b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \land \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

X:
$$\int \frac{(d + e x^2)^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.6.x: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^2}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \ \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{e^2 \times \sqrt{a + b \times x^2 + c \times^4}}{3 c} + \frac{2 (3 c d - b e)}{3 c} \int \frac{d + e \times^2}{\sqrt{a + b \times^2 + c \times^4}} dx - \frac{3 c d^2 - 2 b d e + a e^2}{3 c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \times^2 + c \times^4}} dx$$

```
(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2/$qrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*$qrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(3*c) +
    2*(3*c*d-b*e)/(3*c)*Int[(d+e*x^2)/$qrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
    (3*c*d^2-2*b*d*e+a*e^2)/(3*c)*Int[1/$qrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] *)

(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2/$qrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*$qrt[a+c*x^4]/(3*c) +
    2*d*Int[(d+e*x^2)/$qrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
    (3*c*d^2+a*e^2)/(3*c)*Int[1/$qrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] *)
```

X:
$$\int \frac{(d + e x^2)^q}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ q - 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.6.x: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0 \land q - 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \rightarrow \frac{e^2 \, x \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} + \frac{2 \, (q - 1) \, \left(3 \, c \, d - b \, e\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-1}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx - \frac{(2 \, q - 3) \, \left(3 \, c \, d^2 - 2 \, b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, (2 \, q - 1)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-2}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx + \frac{2 \, d \, (q - 2) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)}{c \, \left(2 \, q - 1\right)} \int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-3}}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(c*(2*q-1)) +
    2*(q-1)*(3*c*d-b*e)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-1)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
    (2*q-3)*(3*c*d^2-2*b*d*e+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] +
    2*d*(q-2)*(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-3)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IGtQ[q,2] *)
```

```
(* Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/$qrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)*$qrt[a+c*x^4]/(c*(2*q-1)) +
    6*d*(q-1)/(2*q-1)*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-1)/$qrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
    (2*q-3)*(3*c*d^2+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-2)/$qrt[a+c*x^4],x] +
    2*d*(q-2)*(c*d^2+a*e^2)/(c*(2*q-1))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q-3)/$qrt[a+c*x^4],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && IGtQ[q,2] *)
```

1:
$$\int \left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \, \wedge \, \, \mathbf{c} \, d^2 - \mathbf{b} \, d \, \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \, \wedge \, \, \mathbf{q} - 1 \, \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \, \wedge \, \, \mathbf{p} < -1 \, d \, \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{e}^2 + \mathbf{e}^2 + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{e}^2 + \mathbf{e}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and trinomial recurrence 2b

Rule 1.2.2.3.6.1: If
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a $c \neq 0$ \wedge c $d^2 - b$ d $e + a$ $e^2 \neq 0$ \wedge $q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ \wedge $p < -1$, let $Q_{q-2}[x^2] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(d + e x^2)^q, a + b x^2 + c x^4, x]$ and $f + g x^2 \rightarrow \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(d + e x^2)^q, a + b x^2 + c x^4, x]$, then

2: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land p \nmid -1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and

Note: This rule reduces the degree of the polynomial factor $(d + e x^2)^q$ in the resulting integrand.

Rule: 1.2.2.3.6.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land p \not\leftarrow -1$, then

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    e^q*x^(2*q-3)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(4*p+2*q+1)) +
    1/(c*(4*p+2*q+1))*Int[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p*
        ExpandToSum[c*(4*p+2*q+1)*(d+e*x^2)^q-a*(2*q-3)*e^q*x^(2*q-4)-b*(2*p+2*q-1)*e^q*x^(2*q-2)-c*(4*p+2*q+1)*e^q*x^(2*q),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[q,1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    e^q*x^(2*q-3)*(a+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(4*p+2*q+1)) +
    1/(c*(4*p+2*q+1))*Int[(a+c*x^4)^p*
        ExpandToSum[c*(4*p+2*q+1)*(d+e*x^2)^q-a*(2*q-3)*e^q*x^(2*q-4)-c*(4*p+2*q+1)*e^q*x^(2*q),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IGtQ[q,1]
```

7.
$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq0\,\,\bigwedge\,\,c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq0\,\,\bigwedge\,\,p+\frac{1}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}\,\,\bigwedge\,\,q\in\mathbb{Z}^-$$

1.
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p}{d + e x^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \quad \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \quad \wedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p}{d + e x^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis:
$$\frac{a+b x^2+c x^4}{d+e x^2} = -\frac{c d-b e-c e x^2}{e^2} + \frac{c d^2-b d e+a e^2}{e^2 (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.1: If
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a $c \neq 0$ $\bigwedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ $\bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{1}{e^2} \int \left(c \, d - b \, e - c \, e \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p-1} \, dx + \frac{c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2}{e^2} \int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p-1}}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx$$

```
\begin{split} & \text{Int} \left[ \text{ (a_+c_.*x_^4) ^p_/ (d_+e_.*x_^2) ,x_Symbol} \right] := \\ & -1/e^2* \text{Int} \left[ \text{ (c*d-c*e*x^2) * (a+c*x^4) ^ (p-1) ,x} \right] + \\ & \text{ (c*d^2+a*e^2) /e^2* Int} \left[ \text{ (a+c*x^4) ^ (p-1) / (d+e*x^2) ,x} \right] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ \text{a,c,d,e} \right\}, \text{x} \right] & \text{\& NeQ} \left[ \text{c*d^2+a*e^2,0} \right] & \text{\& IGtQ} \left[ \text{p+1/2,0} \right] \end{split}
```

2.
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p}{d + e x^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ p - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

1.
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2) \sqrt{a+bx^2+cx^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac \neq 0 \ \land cd^2-bde+ae^2 \neq 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4}} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - a \, e^2 = 0$$

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{d+e x^2} = \frac{1}{2 d} + \frac{d-e x^2}{2 d (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.1: If $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land cd^2 - ae^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \;\to\; \frac{1}{2\,d}\,\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \,+\, \frac{1}{2\,d}\,\int \frac{d-e\,x^2}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
1/(2*d)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + 1/(2*d)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,c\,d^2-a\,e^2\neq0}$$

$$1. \int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c>0\,\,\wedge\,\,c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\neq0\,\,\wedge\,\,c\,d^2-a\,e^2\neq0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c>0\,\,\wedge\,\,c<0$$

Basis: If
$$b^2 - 4ac > 0 \land c < 0$$
, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$, then $\sqrt{a + bx^2 + cx^4} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-c}} \sqrt{b + q + 2cx^2} \sqrt{-b + q - 2cx^2}$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2.1.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \land c < 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, 2 \, \sqrt{-c} \, \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{b + q + 2 \, c \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{-b + q - 2 \, c \, x^2} \, dx$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    2*Sqrt[-c]*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[b+q+2*c*x^2]*Sqrt[-b+q-2*c*x^2]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[c,0]

Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    Sqrt[-c]*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[q+c*x^2]*Sqrt[q-c*x^2]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[a,0] && LtQ[c,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land c \nleq 0$$

- Basis: $\frac{1}{d+e x^2} = \frac{2 c}{2 c d-e (b-q)} \frac{e (b-q+2 c x^2)}{(2 c d-e (b-q)) (d+e x^2)}$
- Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2.1.2: If $b^2 4ac > 0 \land c \nleq 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 4ac}$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{2 \, c}{2 \, c \, d - e \, \left(b - q\right)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, - \, \frac{e}{2 \, c \, d - e \, \left(b - q\right)} \int \frac{b - q + 2 \, c \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    2*c/(2*c*d-e*(b-q))*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] - e/(2*c*d-e*(b-q))*Int[(b-q+2*c*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[LtQ[c,0]]

Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    c/(c*d+e*q)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + e/(c*d+e*q)*Int[(q-c*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && GtQ[-a*c,0] && Not[LtQ[c,0]]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4}} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4}} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, \mathbf{e}^2 + \mathbf{e}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2.2.1: If
$$b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$$
 $\int c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ $\int c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$ $\int \frac{c}{a} > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}$, then
$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \to \frac{c d + a e q}{c d^2 - a e^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx - \frac{a e (e + d q)}{c d^2 - a e^2} \int \frac{1 + q x^2}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, c \, d^2 - a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \frac{c}{a} \not > 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \not > 0$$
1.
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \not > 0 \, \bigwedge \, a > 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1.2.2.2.1.1: If $\frac{c}{a} \neq 0$ $\bigwedge a > 0$, let $q \to \left(-\frac{c}{a}\right)^{1/4}$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{1}{d\,\sqrt{a}\,q}\,\text{EllipticPi}\!\left[-\frac{e}{d\,q^2}\,,\,\operatorname{ArcSin}\!\left[q\,x\right]\,,\,-1\right]$$

Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
 With[{q=Rt[-c/a,4]},
 1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q)*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2),ArcSin[q*x],-1]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a,0]

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } \frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \wedge a \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+c x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a+c x^4}} == 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.1.2.2.2.1.2: If $\frac{c}{a} \neq 0 \bigwedge a \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{c\,x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{a+c\,x^4}}\,\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{1+\frac{c\,x^4}{a}}}\,dx$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
   Sqrt[1+c*x^4/a]/Sqrt[a+c*x^4]*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[1+c*x^4/a]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NegQ[c/a] && Not[GtQ[a,0]]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \text{ when } b^2-4\,a\,c\neq0\,\bigwedge\,\frac{c}{a}\geqslant0$$

- Basis: Let $q \to \sqrt{b^2 4 \text{ a c}}$, then $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \text{ c } x^2}{b q}}}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}} = 0$
- Rule 1.2.2.3.7.1.2.2.2.2: If $b^2 4 a c \neq 0 \bigwedge_{a} b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4}} \, d\mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, \mathbf{x}^2}{b - q}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, \mathbf{x}^2}{b + q}}}{\sqrt{a + b \, \mathbf{x}^2 + c \, \mathbf{x}^4}} \, \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, \mathbf{x}^2\right) \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, \mathbf{x}^2}{b - q}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \, c \, \mathbf{x}^2}{b + q}}} \, d\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[1/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b-q)]*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b+q)]/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*
    Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b-q)]*Sqrt[1+2*c*x^2/(b+q)]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NegQ[c/a]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{d+e x^2} = \frac{c d-be-c e x^2}{c d^2-b d e+a e^2} + \frac{e^2 (a+b x^2+c x^4)}{(c d^2-b d e+a e^2) (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ \bigwedge $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ \bigwedge $p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{1}{c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2} \int \left(c \, d - b \, e - c \, e \, x^2\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, dx \, + \, \frac{e^2}{c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2} \int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p+1}}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\, (a_+ + c_- * x_- ^4) \, ^p / \, (d_+ + e_- * x_- ^2) \, , x_- \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1 / \, (c * d^2 + a * e^2) * \text{Int} \big[\, (c * d - c * e * x^2) * (a + c * x^4) \, ^p , x \big] \; + \\ & e^2 / \, (c * d^2 + a * e^2) * \text{Int} \big[\, (a + c * x^4) \, ^p + 1) \, / \, (d + e * x^2) \, , x \big] \; /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[\{a, c, d, e\} \, , x \big] \; \&\& \; \text{NeQ} \big[c * d^2 + a * e^2 \, , 0 \big] \; \&\& \; \text{ILtQ} \big[p + 1/2 \, , 0 \big] \end{split}$$

2.
$$\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$ $\int c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ $\int p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge q + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$

1:
$$\int \frac{(d + e x^2)^q}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ q + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land q + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx\;\to\;$$

$$-\frac{e^2 x (d + e x^2)^{q+1} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{2 d (q+1) (c d^2 - b d e + a e^2)} +$$

 $\frac{1}{2\,d\,\left(q+1\right)\,\left(c\,d^{2}-b\,d\,e+a\,e^{2}\right)}\,\int\!\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^{2}+c\,x^{4}}}\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{q+1}\,\left(a\,e^{2}\,\left(2\,q+3\right)+2\,d\,\left(c\,d-b\,e\right)\,\left(q+1\right)-2\,e\,\left(c\,d\,\left(q+1\right)-b\,e\,\left(q+2\right)\right)\,x^{2}+c\,e^{2}\,\left(2\,q+5\right)\,x^{4}\right)\,dx$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    -e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)) +
    1/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*
        Simp[a*e^2*(2*q+3)+2*d*(c*d-b*e)*(q+1)-2*e*(c*d*(q+1)-b*e*(q+2))*x^2+c*e^2*(2*q+5)*x^4,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && ILtQ[q,-1]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4],x_Symbol] :=
    -e^2*x*(d+e*x^2)^q_(q+1)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2+a*e^2)) +
    1/(2*d*(q+1)*(c*d^2+a*e^2))*Int[(d+e*x^2)^q_(q+1)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4]*
        Simp[a*e^2*(2*q+3)+2*c*d^2*(q+1)-2*e*c*d*(q+1)*x^2+c*e^2*(2*q+5)*x^4,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && ILtQ[q,-1]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\left(d + e x^2\right)^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$
1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\left(d + e x^2\right)^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 = 0 \ \land \ \frac{e}{d} > 0$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} \frac{(d+e x^{2}) \sqrt{\frac{e^{2} (a+b x^{2}+c x^{4})}{c (d+e x^{2})^{2}}}}{\sqrt{a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}}} = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.2.1: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$ $\bigwedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ $\bigwedge c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$ $\bigwedge \frac{e}{d} > 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{e}{d}}$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2 + \mathtt{c} \, \mathtt{x}^4}}{\left(\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e} \, \mathtt{x}^2\right)^2} \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\mathtt{c} \, \left(\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e} \, \mathtt{x}^2\right) \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathtt{e}^2 \, \left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2 + \mathtt{c} \, \mathtt{x}^4\right)}{\mathtt{c} \, \left(\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e} \, \mathtt{x}^2\right)^2}}}{\mathtt{2} \, \mathtt{d} \, \mathtt{e}^2 \, \mathtt{q} \, \sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2 + \mathtt{c} \, \mathtt{x}^4}} \, \, \mathtt{EllipticE} \big[\mathtt{2} \, \mathtt{ArcTan}[\mathtt{q} \, \mathtt{x}] \, , \, \, \frac{\mathtt{2} \, \mathtt{c} \, \mathtt{d} - \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{e}}{\mathtt{4} \, \mathtt{c} \, \mathtt{d}} \big]$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\left(d + e x^2\right)^2} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion, integration by parts and algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{(d+e x^2)^2} = \frac{d-e x^2}{2 d (d+e x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{2 d (d+e x^2)}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{x}{d+ex^2} = \frac{d-ex^2}{(d+ex^2)^2}$$

Basis:
$$\frac{a-c x^4}{d+e x^2} = \frac{c (d-e x^2)}{e^2} - \frac{c d^2-a e^2}{e^2 (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.2.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^2} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{\left(d - e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^2} \, dx + \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx$$

$$\to \, \frac{x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{2 \, d \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)} - \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{x^2 \, \left(b + 2 \, c \, x^2\right)}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx + \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx$$

$$\to \, \frac{x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{2 \, d \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)} + \frac{1}{2 \, d} \int \frac{a - c \, x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

$$\to \, \frac{x \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{2 \, d \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)} + \frac{c}{2 \, d \, e^2} \int \frac{d - e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx - \frac{c \, d^2 - a \, e^2}{2 \, d \, e^2} \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_4]/(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(2*d*(d+e*x^2)) +
    c/(2*d*e^2)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
    (c*d^2-a*e^2)/(2*d*e^2)*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]

Int[Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]/(d_+e_.*x_^2)^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(2*d*(d+e*x^2)) +
    c/(2*d*e^2)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
    (c*d^2-a*e^2)/(2*d*e^2)*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0]
```

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Note: Need to replace with a recurrence!

Rule 1.2.2.3.7.2.3: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ $\bigwedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$ $\bigwedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^- \bigwedge p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\int \frac{ExpandIntegrand\big[\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^{p+\frac{1}{2}},\,\,x\big]}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Module[{aa,bb,cc},
    Int[ReplaceAll[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[aa+bb*x^2+cc*x^4],(d+e*x^2)^q*(aa+bb*x^2+cc*x^4)^(p+1/2),x],{aa→a,bb→b,cc→c}],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && ILtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Module[{aa,cc},
    Int[ReplaceAll[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[aa+cc*x^4],(d+e*x^2)^q*(aa+cc*x^4)^(p+1/2),x],{aa→a,cc→c}],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && ILtQ[q,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2]
```

- 8. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$
 - 1. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } c d b e = 0$
 - 1: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } c d b e = 0 \land a > 0 \land d > 0$

Rule 1.2.2.3.8.1.1: If $cd-be=0 \land a>0 \land d>0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+e\,x^2}\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx\,\rightarrow\,\frac{1}{2\,\sqrt{a}\,\sqrt{d}\,\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}}\,\text{EllipticF}\big[2\,\text{ArcSin}\big[\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}\,x\big]\,,\,\frac{b\,d}{4\,a\,e}\big]$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Rt[-e/d,2])*EllipticF[2*ArcSin[Rt[-e/d,2]*x],b*d/(4*a*e)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[c*d-b*e,0] && GtQ[a,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e = 0 \land \neg (a > 0 \land d > 0)$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^{2}}{d}}}{\sqrt{d+e x^{2}} \sqrt{a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}}} = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.8.1.2: If $cd-be=0 \land \neg (a>0 \land d>0)$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d + e \, x^2}{d}} \, \sqrt{\frac{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}{a}}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d} \, x^2}} \, \sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{a} \, x^2 + \frac{c}{a} \, x^4}} \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} = 0$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} = 0$$

Note: The resulting integrand can be reduced to an integrand of the form $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{e+d}\,\mathbf{x}}\,\sqrt{\text{c+b}\,\mathbf{x+a}\,\mathbf{x}^2}}$ using the substitution $\mathbf{x}\to\frac{1}{\mathbf{x}^2}$.

Rule 1.2.2.3.8.2: If $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{x^3 \, \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}} \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \int \frac{1}{x^3 \, \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}} \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}} \, dx$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4]/(Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
    Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]

Int[1/(Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+a/x^4]/(Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[a+c*x^4])*
    Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+a/x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0]
```

9.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e = 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e = 0 \ \land \ a > 0 \ \land \ d > 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.9.1.1: If $cd - be = 0 \land a > 0 \land d > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{x}^2 + \mathtt{c} \, \mathtt{x}^4}}{\sqrt{\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e} \, \mathtt{x}^2}} \, \mathtt{d} \mathtt{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{\mathtt{a}}}{2 \, \sqrt{\mathtt{d}} \, \sqrt{-\frac{\mathtt{e}}{\mathtt{d}}}} \, \mathtt{EllipticE} \big[\, 2 \, \mathtt{ArcSin} \big[\sqrt{-\frac{\mathtt{e}}{\mathtt{d}}} \, \, \mathtt{x} \, \big] \, , \, \, \frac{\mathtt{b} \, \mathtt{d}}{4 \, \mathtt{a} \, \mathtt{e}} \big]$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   Sqrt[a]/(2*Sqrt[d]*Rt[-e/d,2])*EllipticE[2*ArcSin[Rt[-e/d,2]*x],b*d/(4*a*e)] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[c*d-b*e,0] && GtQ[a,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } c d - b e = 0 \land \neg (a > 0 \land d > 0)$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2}{\mathbf{d}}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4}{\mathbf{a}}}} = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.3.9.1.2: If $cd - be = 0 \land \neg (a > 0 \land d > 0)$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, \sqrt{\frac{d + e \, x^2}{d}}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{\frac{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}{a}}} \, \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{a} \, x^2 + \frac{c}{a} \, x^4}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{d} \, x^2}} \, dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\mathbf{x} \sqrt{\mathbf{e} + \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{x}^2}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{x}^2}} = 0$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{a+b x^2+c x^4}}{x^2 \sqrt{c+\frac{b}{x^2}+\frac{a}{x^4}}} = 0$$

Note: The resulting integrand can be reduced to an integrand of the form $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{e+d x}} \sqrt{\text{c+b x+a x}^2}}$ using the substitution $x \to \frac{1}{x^2}$.

Rule 1.2.2.3.9.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0$ \land $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{x \, \sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}} \int \frac{x \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}}{\sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \, dx$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(x*Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4])*
    Int[(x*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4])/Sqrt[e+d/x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0]

Int[Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]/Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(x*Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[c+a/x^4])*
    Int[(x*Sqrt[c+a/x^4])/Sqrt[e+d/x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0]
```

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.3.10: If $b^2 - 4$ a $c \neq 0 \land ((p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z} \lor p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \lor q \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\;x^2\right)^q\;\left(a+b\;x^2+c\;x^4\right)^p\;dx\;\to\;\int ExpandIntegrand \left[\left(d+e\;x^2\right)^q\;\left(a+b\;x^2+c\;x^4\right)^p\text{, }x\right]\;dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && (IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] || IGtQ[p,0] || IGtQ[q,0])

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x] && (IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] || IGtQ[p,0])
```

- 11: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } c d^2 + a e^2 \neq 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^-$
 - Derivation: Algebraic expansion
 - Basis: If $q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $\left(d + e x^2\right)^q = \left(\frac{d}{d^2 e^2 x^4} \frac{e x^2}{d^2 e^2 x^4}\right)^{-q}$
 - Note: Resulting integrands are of the form x^m (a + b x^4) $(c + d x^4)^q$ which are integrable in terms of the Appell hypergeometric function.
 - Rule 1.2.2.3.11: If $cd^2 + ae^2 \neq 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(a+c\,x^4\right)^p\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\int \left(a+c\,x^4\right)^p\,ExpandIntegrand \left[\left(\frac{d}{d^2-e^2\,x^4}-\frac{e\,x^2}{d^2-e^2\,x^4}\right)^{-q},\,\,x\right]\,dx$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a+c*x^4)^p,(d/(d^2-e^2*x^4)-e*x^2/(d^2-e^2*x^4))^(-q),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && ILtQ[q,0]
```

- U: $\int (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$
 - **Rule 1.2.2.3.U:**

$$\int \left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^{\,\mathbf{q}}\,\left(a+b\,\mathbf{x}^2+c\,\mathbf{x}^4\right)^{\,\mathbf{p}}\,d\mathbf{x} \ \longrightarrow \ \int \left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^2\right)^{\,\mathbf{q}}\,\left(a+b\,\mathbf{x}^2+c\,\mathbf{x}^4\right)^{\,\mathbf{p}}\,d\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x]

Int[(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x]
```