```
?: \left[ u P[x]^p Q[x]^q dx \text{ when } p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land PolyGCD[P[x], Q[x], x] \neq 1 \right]
```

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

```
\begin{aligned} \text{Rule: If } p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge \ q \in \mathbb{Z}^-, \text{let gcd} &= \text{PolyGCD} \left[ P\left[ x \right] \text{, } Q\left[ x \right] \text{, } x \right], \text{if gcd} \neq \textbf{1}, \text{then} \\ & \int \!\! u \, P[x]^p \, Q[x]^q \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \int \!\! u \, \text{gcd}^{p+q} \, \text{PolynomialQuotient} \left[ P[x] \text{, gcd, } x \right]^p \, \text{PolynomialQuotient} \left[ Q[x] \text{, gcd, } x \right]^q \, \mathrm{d}x \end{aligned}
```

```
Int[u_.*P_^p_*Q_^q_,x_Symbol] :=
   Module[{gcd=PolyGCD[P,Q,x]},
   Int[u*gcd^(p+q)*PolynomialQuotient[P,gcd,x]^p*PolynomialQuotient[Q,gcd,x]^q,x] /;
   NeQ[gcd,1]] /;
IGtQ[p,0] && ILtQ[q,0] && PolyQ[P,x] && PolyQ[Q,x]

Int[u_.*P_*Q_^q_,x_Symbol] :=
   Module[{gcd=PolyGCD[P,Q,x]},
   Int[u*gcd^(q+1)*PolynomialQuotient[P,gcd,x]*PolynomialQuotient[Q,gcd,x]^q,x] /;
   NeQ[gcd,1]] /;
ILtQ[q,0] && PolyQ[P,x] && PolyQ[Q,x]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $P[x]^p$

$$0: \int u P[x]^p dx \text{ when } p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge P[x] = x^m Q[x]$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$P[x] = x^m Q[x]$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{P[x]^p}{x^m P[x]^p} = 0$

Rule: If $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land P[x] = x^m Q[x]$, then

$$\int u P[x]^p dx \rightarrow \frac{P[x]^{FracPart[p]}}{x^{m FracPart[p]} Q[x]^{FracPart[p]}} \int u x^{m p} Q[x]^p dx$$

```
Int[u_.*P_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{m=MinimumMonomialExponent[P,x]},
P^FracPart[p]/(x^(m*FracPart[p])*Distrib[1/x^m,P]^FracPart[p])*Int[u*x^(m*p)*Distrib[1/x^m,P]^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[p,x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && SumQ[P] && EveryQ[Function[BinomialQ[#,x]],P] && Not[PolyQ[P,x,2]]
```

```
1. \int P[x]^p dx when P[x] == P1[x] P2[x] ...

1: \int P[x^2]^p dx when p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land P[x] == P1[x] P2[x] ...
```

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Note: This rule assumes host CAS distributes integer powers over products.

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land P[x] = P1[x] P2[x] \cdots$, then $\int P[x^2]^p dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[P1[x^2]^p P2[x^2]^p \cdots, x] dx$

```
Int[P_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=Factor[ReplaceAll[P,x→Sqrt[x]]]},
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[ReplaceAll[u,x→x^2]^p,x],x] /;
Not[SumQ[NonfreeFactors[u,x]]]] /;
PolyQ[P,x^2] && ILtQ[p,0]
```

2: $\int P[x]^p dx$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land P[x] = P1[x] P2[x] \cdots$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Note: This rule assumes host CAS distributes integer powers over products.

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land P[x] = P1[x] P2[x] \dots$, then

$$\int\! P\left[x\right]^{p} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \int\! P1\left[x\right]^{p} \, P2\left[x\right]^{p} \cdots \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[P_^p_,x_Symbo1] :=
With[{u=Factor[P]},
Int[ExpandIntegrand[u^p,x],x] /;
Not[SumQ[NonfreeFactors[u,x]]]] /;
PolyQ[P,x] && ILtQ[p,0]
```

2: $\int P[x]^p dx$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z} \land P[x] == P1[x] P2[x] \cdots$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Note: This rule assumes host CAS distributes integer powers over products.

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z} \land P[x] = P1[x] P2[x] ...$, then

$$\int\! P\left[x\right]^{p} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \int\! P1\left[x\right]^{p} \, P2\left[x\right]^{p} \cdots \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[P_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=Factor[P]},
Int[u^p,x] /;
Not[SumQ[NonfreeFactors[u,x]]]] /;
PolyQ[P,x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

x:
$$\int P_n[x]^p dx$$
 when $P_n[x] = Q_{n1}[x]^q R_{n2}[x]^r \cdots \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$P_n[x] = Q_{n1}[x]^q R_{n2}[x]^r ...$$
, then $\partial_X \frac{P_n[x]^p}{Q_{n1}[x]^{pq} R_{n2}[x]^{pr} ...} = 0$

Rule: If
$$P_n[x] = Q_{n1}[x]^q R_{n2}[x]^r \cdots \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$$
, then

$$\int\! P_n [x]^p \, \text{d}x \, \to \, \frac{P_n [x]^p}{Q_{n1} [x]^{p\,q} \, R_{n2} [x]^{p\,r} \cdots} \int\! Q_{n1} [x]^{p\,q} \, R_{n2} [x]^{p\,r} \cdots \, \text{d}x$$

```
(* Int[Pn_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{u=Factor[Pn]},
Pn^p/DistributeDegree[u,p]*Int[DistributeDegree[u,p],x] /;
Not[SumQ[u]]] /;
PolyQ[Pn,x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] *)
```

2. $\int P[x]^p dx$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1:
$$\int (a + b x + c x^2 + d x^3)^p dx$$
 when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land c^2 - 3bd == 0$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$c^2 - 3bd = 0$$
, then $\left(a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3\right)^p = \frac{1}{3^p} \, \text{Subst} \left[\left(\frac{3 \, a \, c - b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2 \, x^3}{b} \right)^p \right], x, \frac{c}{3 \, d} + x \left(\frac{c}{3 \, d} + x \right)$

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge c^2 - 3bd = 0$, then

$$\int \left(a + b x + c x^2 + d x^3 \right)^p dx \ \to \ \frac{1}{3^p} \ Subst \left[\int \left(\frac{3 a c - b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2 x^3}{b} \right)^p dx, \ x, \ \frac{c}{3 d} + x \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2+d_.*x_^3)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    1/3^p*Subst[Int[Simp[(3*a*c-b^2)/c+c^2*x^3/b,x]^p,x],x,c/(3*d)+x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && EqQ[c^2-3*b*d,0]
```

2: $\int P[x]^p dx$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int P[x]^{p} dx \rightarrow \int ExpandToSum[P[x]^{p}, x] dx$$

```
Int[P_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandToSum[P^p,x],x] /;
PolyQ[P,x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

3: $\int P[x]^p dx$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z} \land P[x] = (a + bx + cx^2) (d + ex + fx^2) \cdots$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If
$$p \in \mathbb{Z} \land P[x] = (a + b x + c x^2) (d + e x + f x^2) \dots$$
, then

$$\int P[x]^p dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand[P[x]^p, x] dx$$

```
Int[P_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[P^p,x],x] /;
PolyQ[P,x] && IntegerQ[p] && QuadraticProductQ[Factor[P],x]
```

4.
$$\int (a + b x + c x^2 + d x^3)^p dx$$

1.
$$\int (a + b x + d x^3)^p dx$$

1.
$$\int (a + b x + d x^3)^p dx$$
 when $4b^3 + 27a^2 d == 0$

1:
$$\left(a + b x + d x^3 \right)^p dx$$
 when $4 b^3 + 27 a^2 d == 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If
$$a b^3 + 27 a^2 d = 0$$
, then $a + b x + d x^3 = \frac{1}{3^3 a^2} (3 a - b x) (3 a + 2 b x)^2$

Rule: If $4b^3 + 27a^2 d = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(a + b \, x + d \, x^3 \right)^p \, d x \, \, \longrightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{3^{3 \, p} \, a^{2 \, p}} \, \int \left(3 \, a - b \, x \right)^{-p} \, \left(3 \, a + 2 \, b \, x \right)^{-2 \, p} \, d x$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int (a + b x + d x^3)^p dx$$
 when $4b^3 + 27a^2 d = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$4b^3 + 27a^2 d = 0$$
, then $\partial_X \frac{(a+bx+dx^3)^p}{(3a-bx)^p(3a+2bx)^{2p}} = 0$

Rule: If $4b^3 + 27a^2 d = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b x + d x^{3})^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{(a + b x + d x^{3})^{p}}{(3 a - b x)^{p} (3 a + 2 b x)^{2p}} \int (3 a - b x)^{p} (3 a + 2 b x)^{2p} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*x_+d_.*x_^3)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*x+d*x^3)^p/((3*a-b*x)^p*(3*a+2*b*x)^(2*p))*Int[(3*a-b*x)^p*(3*a+2*b*x)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,p},x] && EqQ[4*b^3+27*a^2*d,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If
$$r o \left(-9 \text{ a d}^2 + \sqrt{3} \text{ d } \sqrt{4 \, b^3 \, d + 27 \, a^2 \, d^2} \right)^{1/3}$$
, then $a + b \, x + d \, x^3 = \frac{2 \, b^3 \, d}{3 \, r^3} - \frac{r^3}{18 \, d^2} + b \, x + d \, x^3$

Basis: $\frac{2 \, b^3 \, d}{3 \, r^3} - \frac{r^3}{18 \, d^2} + b \, x + d \, x^3 = \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{18^{1/3} \, b \, d}{3 \, r} - \frac{r}{18^{1/3}} + d \, x \right) \left(\frac{b \, d}{3} + \frac{12^{1/3} \, b^2 \, d^2}{3 \, r^2} + \frac{r^2}{3 \times 12^{1/3}} - d \, \left(\frac{2^{1/3} \, b \, d}{3^{1/3} \, r} - \frac{r}{18^{1/3}} \right) \, x + d^2 \, x^2 \right)$

Rule: If $4 \, b^3 + 27 \, a^2 \, d \neq \emptyset \, \land \, p \in \mathbb{Z}$, let $r \to \left(-9 \, a \, d^2 + \sqrt{3} \, d \, \sqrt{4 \, b^3 \, d + 27 \, a^2 \, d^2} \right)^{1/3}$, then

$$\int \left(a+b\,x+d\,x^3\right)^p\,dx\,\,\longrightarrow\,\,$$

$$\frac{1}{d^{2\,p}}\int\!\left(\frac{18^{1/3}\,b\,d}{3\,r}-\frac{r}{18^{1/3}}+d\,x\right)^p\left(\frac{b\,d}{3}+\frac{12^{1/3}\,b^2\,d^2}{3\,r^2}+\frac{r^2}{3\times12^{1/3}}-d\left(\frac{2^{1/3}\,b\,d}{3^{1/3}\,r}-\frac{r}{18^{1/3}}\right)x+d^2\,x^2\right)^p\,dx$$

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*x_+d_.*x_^3)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[-9*a*d^2+Sqrt[3]*d*Sqrt[4*b^3*d+27*a^2*d^2],3]},
    1/d^(2*p)*Int[Simp[18^(1/3)*b*d/(3*r)-r/18^(1/3)+d*x,x]^p*
    Simp[b*d/3+12^(1/3)*b^2*d^2/(3*r^2)+r^2/(3*12^(1/3))-d*(2^(1/3)*b*d/(3^(1/3)*r)-r/18^(1/3))*x+d^2*x^2,x]^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d},x] && NeQ[4*b^3+27*a^2*d,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

2:
$$\int (a + b x + d x^3)^p dx$$
 when $4b^3 + 27a^2 d \neq 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$r \to \left(-9 \, a \, d^2 + \sqrt{3} \, d \, \sqrt{4 \, b^3 \, d + 27 \, a^2 \, d^2} \,\right)^{1/3}$$
, then
$$\partial_x \, \left(\, \left(\, a \, + \, b \, \, x \, + \, d \, \, x^3 \, \right)^{\, p} \, \left/ \, \left(\, \left(\, \frac{18^{1/3} \, b \, d}{3 \, r} \, - \, \frac{r}{18^{1/3}} \, + \, d \, \, x \, \right)^{\, p} \, \left(\, \frac{b \, d}{3} \, + \, \frac{12^{1/3} \, b^2 \, d^2}{3 \, r^2} \, + \, \frac{r^2}{3 \times 12^{1/3}} \, - \, d \, \left(\, \frac{2^{1/3} \, b \, d}{3^{1/3} \, r} \, - \, \frac{r}{18^{1/3}} \, \right) \, \, x \, + \, d^2 \, \, x^2 \, \right)^{\, p} \, \right) \ = \, 0$$

Rule: If $4b^3 + 27a^2 d \neq 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, let $r \rightarrow \left(-9ad^2 + \sqrt{3}d\sqrt{4b^3d + 27a^2d^2}\right)^{1/3}$, then

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*x_+d_.*x_^3)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[-9*a*d^2+Sqrt[3]*d*Sqrt[4*b^3*d+27*a^2*d^2],3]},
    (a+b*x+d*x^3)^p/
        (Simp[18^(1/3)*b*d/(3*r)-r/18^(1/3)+d*x,x]^p*
            Simp[b*d/3+12^(1/3)*b^2*d^2/(3*r^2)+r^2/(3*12^(1/3))-d*(2^(1/3)*b*d/(3^(1/3)*r)-r/18^(1/3))*x+d^2*x^2,x]^p)*
            Int[Simp[18^(1/3)*b*d/(3*r)-r/18^(1/3)+d*x,x]^p*
                  Simp[b*d/3+12^(1/3)*b^2*d^2/(3*r^2)+r^2/(3*12^(1/3))-d*(2^(1/3)*b*d/(3^(1/3)*r)-r/18^(1/3))*x+d^2*x^2,x]^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,d,p},x] && NeQ[4*b^3+27*a^2*d,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

2:
$$\int (a + b x + c x^2 + d x^3)^p dx$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule:

$$\int \left(a + b x + c x^2 + d x^3\right)^p dx \rightarrow Subst \left[\int \left(\frac{2 c^3 - 9 b c d + 27 a d^2}{27 d^2} - \frac{\left(c^2 - 3 b d\right) x}{3 d} + d x^3\right)^p dx, x, x + \frac{c}{3 d} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[P3_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{a=Coeff[P3,x,0],b=Coeff[P3,x,1],c=Coeff[P3,x,2],d=Coeff[P3,x,3]},
Subst[Int[Simp[(2*c^3-9*b*c*d+27*a*d^2)/(27*d^2)-(c^2-3*b*d)*x/(3*d)+d*x^3,x]^p,x],x,x+c/(3*d)] /;
NeQ[c,0]] /;
FreeQ[p,x] && PolyQ[P3,x,3]
```

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If
$$a \neq 0 \land c == \frac{b^2}{a} \land d == \frac{b^3}{a^2} \land e == \frac{b^4}{a^3}$$
, then $a + b \times x + c \times^2 + d \times^3 + e \times^4 == \frac{a^5 - b^5 \times^5}{a^3 \cdot (a - b \times x)}$
Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land a \neq 0 \land c == \frac{b^2}{a} \land d == \frac{b^3}{a^2} \land e == \frac{b^4}{a^3}$, then
$$\int (a + b \times x + c \times^2 + d \times^3 + e \times^4)^p \, dx \to \frac{1}{a^{3p}} \int \text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[\frac{(a - b \times x)^{-p}}{(a^5 - b^5 \times^5)^{-p}}, \times \right] \, dx$$

```
Int[P4_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{a=Coeff[P4,x,0],b=Coeff[P4,x,1],c=Coeff[P4,x,2],d=Coeff[P4,x,3],e=Coeff[P4,x,4]},
    1/a^(3*p)*Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a-b*x)^(-p)/(a^5-b^5*x^5)^(-p),x],x] /;
NeQ[a,0] && EqQ[c,b^2/a] && EqQ[d,b^3/a^2] && EqQ[e,b^4/a^3]] /;
FreeQ[p,x] && PolyQ[P4,x,4] && ILtQ[p,0]
```

2: $\int (a + b x + c x^2 + d x^3 + e x^4)^p dx$ when $b^3 - 4 a b c + 8 a^2 d == 0 \land 2 p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$b^3 - 4 \ a \ b \ c + 8 \ a^2 \ d = 0$$
, then $\left(a + b \ x + c \ x^2 + d \ x^3 + e \ x^4\right)^p = -16 \ a^2$ Subst $\left[\frac{1}{(b-4 \ a \ x)^2} \left(\frac{1}{(b-4 \ a \ x)^4} a \ \left(-3 \ b^4 + 16 \ a \ b^2 \ c - 64 \ a^2 \ b \ d + 256 \ a^3 \ e - 32 \ a^2 \ \left(3 \ b^2 - 8 \ a \ c\right) \ x^2 + 256 \ a^4 \ x^4\right)\right)^p$, x , $\frac{b}{4 \ a} + \frac{1}{x} \right] \ \partial_x \left(\frac{b}{4 \ a} + \frac{1}{x}\right)$

Note: The substitution transforms a dense quartic polynomial into a symmetric quartic trinomial over the 4th power of a linear.

Rule: If $b^3 - 4abc + 8a^2d = 0 \land 2p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(a + b \, x + c \, x^2 + d \, x^3 + e \, x^4\right)^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ -16 \, a^2 \, \text{Subst} \left[\int \frac{1}{(b - 4 \, a \, x)^2} \left(\frac{a \, \left(-3 \, b^4 + 16 \, a \, b^2 \, c - 64 \, a^2 \, b \, d + 256 \, a^3 \, e - 32 \, a^2 \, \left(3 \, b^2 - 8 \, a \, c \right) \, x^2 + 256 \, a^4 \, x^4\right)}{(b - 4 \, a \, x)^4} \right)^p \, dx, \, x, \, \frac{b}{4 \, a} + \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

```
Int[P4_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{a=Coeff[P4,x,0],b=Coeff[P4,x,1],c=Coeff[P4,x,2],d=Coeff[P4,x,3],e=Coeff[P4,x,4]},
    -16*a^2*Subst[
    Int[1/(b-4*a*x)^2*(a*(-3*b^4+16*a*b^2*c-64*a^2*b*d+256*a^3*e-32*a^2*(3*b^2-8*a*c)*x^2+256*a^4*x^4)/(b-4*a*x)^4)^p,x],
    x,b/(4*a)+1/x] /;
NeQ[a,0] && NeQ[b,0] && EqQ[b^3-4*a*b*c+8*a^2*d,0]] /;
FreeQ[p,x] && PolyQ[P4,x,4] && IntegerQ[2*p] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```

6:
$$\int (a + b x^2 + c x^3 + d x^4 + e x^6)^p dx$$
 when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land b^2 - 3 a d == 0 \land b^3 - 27 a^2 e == 0$

Algebraic expansion

Basis: If
$$b^2 - 3$$
 a $d = 0 \land b^3 - 27$ a² $e = 0$, then $a + b x^2 + c x^3 + d x^4 + e x^6 = \frac{1}{27 \, a^2} \left(3 \, a + 3 \, a^{2/3} \, c^{1/3} \, x + b \, x^2\right) \left(3 \, a - 3 \, (-1)^{1/3} \, a^{2/3} \, c^{1/3} \, x + b \, x^2\right) \left(3 \, a + 3 \, (-1)^{2/3} \, a^{2/3} \, c^{1/3} \, x + b \, x^2\right)$

Note: If $\frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then $c \, x^m + \left(a + b \, x^2\right)^m = \prod_{k=1}^m \left(a + (-1)^k \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) \, c^{\frac{1}{n}} \, x + b \, x^2\right)$

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \land b^2 - 3$ a $d = 0 \land b^3 - 27$ a² $e = 0$, then
$$\int \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^3 + d \, x^4 + e \, x^6\right)^p \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{1}{3^3 \, p \, a^{2p}} \, \left[\text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[\left(3 \, a + 3 \, a^{2/3} \, c^{1/3} \, x + b \, x^2\right)^p \, \left(3 \, a - 3 \, (-1)^{1/3} \, a^{2/3} \, c^{1/3} \, x + b \, x^2\right)^p \, \left(3 \, a + 3 \, (-1)^{2/3} \, a^{2/3} \, c^{1/3} \, x + b \, x^2\right)^p, \, x \right] \, dx$$

```
Int[Q6_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{a=Coeff[Q6,x,0],b=Coeff[Q6,x,2],c=Coeff[Q6,x,3],d=Coeff[Q6,x,4],e=Coeff[Q6,x,6]},

1/(3^(3*p)*a^(2*p))*Int[ExpandIntegrand[
    (3*a+3*Rt[a,3]^2*Rt[c,3]*x+b*x^2)^p*
    (3*a-3*(-1)^(1/3)*Rt[a,3]^2*Rt[c,3]*x+b*x^2)^p*
    (3*a+3*(-1)^(2/3)*Rt[a,3]^2*Rt[c,3]*x+b*x^2)^p,x],x] /;

EqQ[b^2-3*a*d,0] && EqQ[b^3-27*a^2*e,0]] /;

ILtQ[p,0] && PolyQ[Q6,x,6] && EqQ[Coeff[Q6,x,1],0] && EqQ[Coeff[Q6,x,5],0] && RationalFunctionQ[u,x]
```