# Rules for integrands of the form $(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p$

1. 
$$\int (f x)^m (e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$

$$\mathbf{x}$$
:  $\int (\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^m (\mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^2)^q (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^4)^p d\mathbf{x}$  when  $m \in q$ 

- Derivation: Algebraic simplification
- Basis: If  $m \in q$ , then  $(e x^2)^q = \frac{e^q}{e^{2q}} (f x)^{2q}$
- Rule 1.2.2.4.1.1: If  $m \in q$ , then

$$\int (\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^m \left( e \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \left( a + b \mathbf{x}^2 + c \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p d\mathbf{x} \rightarrow \frac{e^q}{\mathbf{f}^{2q}} \int (\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^{m+2q} \left( a + b \mathbf{x}^2 + c \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p d\mathbf{x}$$

```
(* Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
e^q/f^(2*q)*Int[(f*x)^(m+2*q)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,e,f,m,p},x] && IntegerQ[q] *)

(* Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
e^q/f^(2*q)*Int[(f*x)^(m+2*q)*(a+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,e,f,m,p},x] && IntegerQ[q] *)
```

2. 
$$\int (\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^m \left( \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$
1: 
$$\int \mathbf{x}^m \left( \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**Derivation: Integration by substitution** 

Basis: If 
$$\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then  $\mathbf{x}^m \left( e \ \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q = \frac{1}{e^{\frac{n-1}{2}}} \ \mathbf{x} \left( e \ \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^{q + \frac{m-1}{2}}$ 

Basis: 
$$\mathbf{x} \mathbf{F} \left[ \mathbf{x}^2 \right] = \frac{1}{2} \text{ Subst} \left[ \mathbf{F} \left[ \mathbf{x} \right], \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}^2 \right] \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{x}^2$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.1.2.1: If  $q \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^{m} (e x^{2})^{q} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2 e^{\frac{m-1}{2}}} Subst \left[ \int (e x)^{q + \frac{m-1}{2}} (a + b x + c x^{2})^{p} dx, x, x^{2} \right]$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/(2*e^((m-1)/2))*Subst[Int[(e*x)^(q+(m-1)/2)*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p,x],x,x^2] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,e,p,q},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2]

Int[x_^m_.*(e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/(2*e^((m-1)/2))*Subst[Int[(e*x)^(q+(m-1)/2)*(a+c*x^2)^p,x],x,x^2] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,e,p,q},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2]
```

2: 
$$\int (f x)^m (e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $q \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis:  $\partial_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{(\mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2)^{\,\mathrm{q}}}{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^{\,2\,\mathrm{q}}} = 0$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.1.2.2: If  $q \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} (e x^{2})^{q} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{e^{IntPart[q]} (e x^{2})^{FracPart[q]}}{f^{2} IntPart[q]} \int (f x)^{m+2q} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   e^IntPart[q]*(e*x^2)^FracPart[q]/(f^(2*IntPart[q])*(f*x)^(2*FracPart[q]))*Int[(f*x)^(m+2*q)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,e,f,m,p,q},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]]
```

2: 
$$\int x (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$

**Derivation: Integration by substitution** 

Basis: 
$$x F[x^2] = \frac{1}{2} Subst[F[x], x, x^2] \partial_x x^2$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.2:

$$\int x \left(d + e x^2\right)^q \left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} Subst \left[\int (d + e x)^q \left(a + b x + c x^2\right)^p dx, x, x^2\right]$$

```
Int[x_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/2*Subst[Int[(d+e*x)^q*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p,x],x,x^2] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x]
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[x_* (d_{e_* x_2})^q_* (a_{e_* x_2})^p_*, x_symbol] := \\ & 1/2 * \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d_{e_* x})^q * (a_{e_* x_2})^p, x], x, x^2] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \end{split}$$

**Derivation: Algebraic simplification** 

- Basis: If  $b^2 4 a c = 0$ , then  $a + b z + c z^2 = \frac{1}{c} (\frac{b}{2} + c z)^2$ 
  - Rule 1.2.2.4.3.1: If  $b^2 4 a c = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (f x)^m \left(d + e x^2\right)^q \left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{c^p} \int (f x)^m \left(d + e x^2\right)^q \left(\frac{b}{2} + c x^2\right)^{2p} dx$$

```
(* Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=

1/c^p*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q*(b/2+c*x^2)^(2*p),x] /;

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p,q},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[p] *)
```

2. 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

$$\textbf{1:} \quad \int \mathbf{x}^m \, \left( \mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left( \mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathtt{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, \mathtt{d} \mathbf{x} \quad \text{when } \mathtt{b}^2 - \mathtt{4} \, \mathtt{a} \, \mathtt{c} = 0 \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \mathtt{p} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \frac{\mathtt{m} + 1}{2} \, \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

**Derivation: Integration by substitution** 

Basis: If 
$$\frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then  $\mathbf{x}^m \mathbf{F} \left[ \mathbf{x}^2 \right] = \frac{1}{2} \text{ Subst} \left[ \mathbf{x}^{\frac{m-1}{2}} \mathbf{F} \left[ \mathbf{x} \right], \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}^2 \right] \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{x}^2$ 

Note: If this substitution rule is applied when  $m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , expressions of the form  $\text{Log}[x^2]$  rather than Log[x] may appear in the antiderivative.

Rule 1.2.2.4.3.2.1: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a  $c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land \frac{m+1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left( d + e \, \mathbf{x}^{2} \right)^{q} \left( a + b \, \mathbf{x}^{2} + c \, \mathbf{x}^{4} \right)^{p} d\mathbf{x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int \mathbf{x}^{\frac{m-1}{2}} \left( d + e \, \mathbf{x} \right)^{q} \left( a + b \, \mathbf{x} + c \, \mathbf{x}^{2} \right)^{p} d\mathbf{x}, \, \mathbf{x}, \, \mathbf{x}^{2} \right]$$

```
 Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] := \\ 1/2*Subst[Int[x^((m-1)/2)*(d+e*x)^q*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p,x],x,x^2] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,p,q\},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && IGtQ[(m+1)/2,0] \\ \end{cases}
```

2: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

- Basis: If  $b^2 4$  a c == 0, then  $\partial_x \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{(\frac{b}{2}+c x^2)^{2p}} == 0$
- Basis: If  $b^2 4$  a c = 0, then  $\frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{\left(\frac{b}{2}+c x^2\right)^{2p}} = \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^{pracPart[p]}}{c^{IntPart[p]} \left(\frac{b}{2}+c x^2\right)^{2pracPart[p]}}$
- Rule 1.2.2.4.3.2.2: If  $b^2 4$  a  $c = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{\left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}}{c^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} \left(\frac{b}{2} + c x^2\right)^{2\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}} \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q \left(\frac{b}{2} + c x^2\right)^{2p} dx$$

Program code:

4: 
$$\left[\mathbf{x}^{m} \left(d+e \mathbf{x}^{2}\right)^{q} \left(a+b \mathbf{x}^{2}+c \mathbf{x}^{4}\right)^{p} d\mathbf{x}\right]$$
 when  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Integration by substitution** 

- Basis: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\mathbf{x}^m \mathbf{F} \left[ \mathbf{x}^2 \right] = \frac{1}{2} \text{ Subst} \left[ \mathbf{x}^{\frac{m-1}{2}} \mathbf{F} \left[ \mathbf{x} \right], \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}^2 \right] \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{x}^2$
- Rule 1.2.2.4.4.: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^{m} \left(d+e x^{2}\right)^{q} \left(a+b x^{2}+c x^{4}\right)^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^{\frac{m-1}{2}} \left(d+e x\right)^{q} \left(a+b x+c x^{2}\right)^{p} dx, x, x^{2}\right]$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/2*Subst[Int[x^((m-1)/2)*(d+e*x)^q*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p,x],x,x^2] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2]
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[x_^m_.*(d_{+e_.*x_^2})^q_.*(a_{+c_.*x_^4})^p_.,x_{\text{Symbol}}] := \\ & 1/2*\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^((m-1)/2)*(d+e*x)^q*(a+c*x^2)^p,x],x,x^2] \ /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,c,d,e,p,q\},x] \&\& \ & \text{IntegerQ}[(m+1)/2] \end{split}$$

5. 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 == 0$ 

1: 
$$\int \left( \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d} \mathbf{x} \ \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 = \mathbf{0} \ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{p} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**Derivation: Algebraic simplification** 

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$$
, then  $a + b z + c z^2 = (d + e z) \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c z}{e}\right)$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.5.1: If  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} \left(d + e x^{2}\right)^{q} \left(a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}\right)^{p} dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^{m} \left(d + e x^{2}\right)^{q+p} \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c x^{2}}{e}\right)^{p} dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[\,(f_{-}*x_{-})^{n}_{-}*(d_{-}+e_{-}*x_{-}^{2})^{q}_{-}*(a_{-}+c_{-}*x_{-}^{4})^{p}_{-},x_{-}^{symbol}] := \\ & \text{Int}[\,(f*x)^{m}*(d+e*x^{2})^{(q+p)}*(a/d+c/e*x^{2})^{p},x] \ /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,c,d,e,f,q,m,q\},x] \&\& & \text{EqQ}[c*d^{2}+a*e^{2},0] \&\& & \text{IntegerQ}[p] \end{split}$$

2: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 == 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ 

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$$
, then  $\partial_x \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{(d+e x^2)^p \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c x^2}{e}\right)^p} = 0$ 

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$$
, then 
$$\frac{(a+bx^2+cx^4)^p}{(d+ex^2)^p \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{cx^2}{e}\right)^p} = \frac{(a+bx^2+cx^4)^{FracPart[p]}}{(d+ex^2)^{FracPart[p]} \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{cx^2}{e}\right)^{FracPart[p]}}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.5.2: If 
$$b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$$
, then

$$\int \left(f\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{q}\,\left(a+b\,x^{2}+c\,x^{4}\right)^{p}\,dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \frac{\left(a+b\,x^{2}+c\,x^{4}\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\left[p\right]}}{\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\left[p\right]}\,\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^{2}}{e}\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\left[p\right]}}\,\int \left(f\,x\right)^{m}\,\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{q+p}\left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^{2}}{e}\right)^{p}\,dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+(c*x^2)/e)^FracPart[p])*
   Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(q+p)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

 $Int[(f_{**x})^m_{*}(d_{+e_{**x}^2})^q_{*}(a_{+c_{**x}^4})^p_{,x_{symbol}} := \\ (a+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+(c*x^2)/e)^FracPart[p])*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(q+p)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p_{,x}] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,c,d,e,f,m,p,q\},x] && EqQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] \\ \end{cases}$ 

6. 
$$\left[ (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right]$$

1. 
$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^{2} \right)^{q} \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^{2} + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^{4} \right)^{p} \, \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^{2} - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \, \bigwedge \, p \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge \, \left( \frac{m}{2} \, \middle| \, \mathbf{q} \right) \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} < -1$$

$$1: \quad \left[ \mathbf{x}^m \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \right. \\ \left. \bigwedge \ \, \mathbf{p} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \ \, \left( \frac{\mathtt{m}}{2} \, \, \middle| \, \mathbf{q} \right) \in \mathbb{Z} \right. \\ \left. \bigwedge \ \, \mathbf{q} < -1 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} > \mathbf{0} \right. \\ \left. \left( \mathbf{m} + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \, \middle| \, \mathbf{q} \right) \right] = \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{m} = \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{m}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 2b

Note: If 
$$p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \left(\frac{m}{2} \mid q\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge q < 0$$
, then  $\frac{(-d)^{m/2}}{e^{2p+m/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{2p} (-d)^k e^{2p-k} P_{2p}[x^2, k]$  is the coefficient of the  $(d + e x^2)^q$  term of the partial fraction expansion of  $x^m P_{2p}[x^2] (d + e x^2)^q$ .

Note: If 
$$p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \left(\frac{m}{2} \mid q\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge q < -1 \bigwedge m > 0$$
, then  $2e^{2p+m/2}(q+1)x^m(a+bx^2+cx^4)^p - (-d)^{m/2-1}(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^p(d+e(2q+3)x^2)$  will be divisible by  $a+bx^2$ .

Note: In the resulting integrand the degree of the polynomial in  $x^2$  is at most q - 1.

Rule 1.2.2.4.6.1.1: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a  $c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \left(\frac{m}{2} \mid q\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge q < -1 \bigwedge m > 0$ , then 
$$\left[ x^m \left( d + e x^2 \right)^q \left( a + b x^2 + c x^4 \right)^p dx \right] \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{\left(-d\right)^{m/2}}{e^{2\,p+m/2}}\,\left(c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\right)^p\,\int\!\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,dx + \frac{1}{e^{2\,p+m/2}}\,\int\!\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(e^{2\,p+m/2}\,x^m\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p - \left(-d\right)^{m/2}\,\left(c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\right)^p\right)\,dx \ \to 0$$

$$\frac{\left(-d\right)^{m/2-1}\,\left(c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\right)^p\,x\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{q+1}}{2\,e^{2\,p+m/2}\,\left(q+1\right)}\,+$$

$$\frac{1}{2\,e^{2\,p+m/2}\,\left(q+1\right)}\,\int\!\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{q+1}\,\left(\frac{1}{d+e\,x^2}\left(2\,e^{2\,p+m/2}\,\left(q+1\right)\,x^m\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p-\left(-d\right)^{m/2-1}\,\left(c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\right)^p\,\left(d+e\,\left(2\,q+3\right)\,x^2\right)\right)\right)\,dx$$

$$2: \quad \left[ \mathbf{x}^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, \mathbf{d} \mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \right. \\ \left. \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{p} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \, \left( \frac{\mathbf{m}}{2} \, \, \middle| \, \mathbf{q} \right) \, \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} < -1 \, \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} < \mathbf{0} \right] \right]$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 2b

Note: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \setminus (m \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus q < 0$ , then  $\frac{(-d)^{m/2}}{e^{2p+m/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{2p} (-d)^k e^{2p-k} P_{2p}[x^2, k]$  is the coefficient of the  $(d + e x^2)^q$  term of the partial fraction expansion of  $x^m P_{2p}[x^2] (d + e x^2)^q$ .

Note: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land (m \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z} \land q < -1 \land m < 0$ , then  $2 (-d)^{-m/2+1} e^{2p} (q+1) (a+bx^2+cx^4)^p - e^{-m/2} (cd^2-bde+ae^2)^p x^{-m} (d+e(2q+3)x^2)$  will be divisible by  $a+bx^2$ .

Note: In the resulting integrand the degree of the polynomial in  $\mathbf{x}^2$  is at most  $\mathbf{q}$  - 1 .

Rule 1.2.2.4.6.1.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \left(\frac{m}{2} \mid q\right) \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge q < -1 \bigwedge m < 0$ , then  $\int x^m \left(d + e x^2\right)^q \left(a + b x^2 + c x^4\right)^p dx \rightarrow$ 

$$\frac{\left(-d\right)^{m/2}}{e^{2\,p+m/2}}\,\left(c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\right)^p\,\int \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,dx\,+\\ \\ \frac{\left(-d\right)^{m/2}}{e^{2\,p}}\,\int x^m\,\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(\left(-d\right)^{-m/2}\,e^{2\,p}\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p-e^{-m/2}\,\left(c\,d^2-b\,d\,e+a\,e^2\right)^p\,x^{-m}\right)\,dx\,\to\,0$$

$$\frac{\left(-d\right)^{m/2-1} \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)^p \, x \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q+1}}{2 \, e^{2 \, p + m/2} \, \left(q + 1\right)} \, + \\ \\ \frac{\left(-d\right)^{m/2-1}}{2 \, e^{2 \, p} \, \left(q + 1\right)} \, \int \! x^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q+1} \left(\frac{1}{d + e \, x^2} \left(2 \, \left(-d\right)^{-m/2+1} \, e^{2 \, p} \, \left(q + 1\right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p - e^{-m/2} \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2\right)^p \, x^{-m} \, \left(d + e \, \left(2 \, q + 3\right) \, x^2\right)\right)\right) \, dx}$$

2: 
$$\left[ (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \right]$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Rule 1.2.2.4.6.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,-2]

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m,q},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,-2]
```

3: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q < -1 \land m > 0$ 

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 2a

Rule 1.2.2.4.6.3: If  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q < -1 \land m > 0$ , let  $Q[x] \rightarrow PolynomialQuotient[(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p, d + e x^2, x]$  and  $R \rightarrow PolynomialRemainder[(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p, d + e x^2, x]$ , then  $\int (fx)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \rightarrow 0$ 

$$R \int (f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q} dx + \int (f x)^{m-1} (f x) Q[x] (d + e x^{2})^{q+1} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{R (f x)^{m+1} (d + e x^{2})^{q+1}}{2 d f (q+1)} + \frac{f}{2 d (q+1)} \int (f x)^{m-1} (d + e x^{2})^{q+1} (2 d (q+1) x Q[x] + R (m+2q+3) x) dx$$

Program code:

4: 
$$\int \left( \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d} \mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{p} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, \, \mathbf{m} < -1$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 3b

Rule 1.2.2.4.6.4: If  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land m < -1$ , let  $Q[x] \rightarrow PolynomialQuotient[(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p, fx, x]$  and  $R \rightarrow PolynomialQuotient[(a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p, fx, x]$ , then

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{Qx=PolynomialQuotient[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,f*x,x], R=PolynomialRemainder[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,f*x,x]},
R*(f*x)^(m+1)*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/(d*f*(m+1)) +
1/(d*f^2*(m+1))*Int[(f*x)^(m+2)*(d+e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m+1)*Qx/x-e*R*(m+2*q+3),x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && LtQ[m,-1]

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
With[{Qx=PolynomialQuotient[(a+c*x^4)^p,f*x,x], R=PolynomialRemainder[(a+c*x^4)^p,f*x,x]},
R*(f*x)^(m+1)*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/(d*f*(m+1)) +
1/(d*f^2*(m+1))*Int[(f*x)^(m+2)*(d+e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m+1)*Qx/x-e*R*(m+2*q+3),x],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,q},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

$$5: \quad \int \left( \texttt{f} \, \, \texttt{x} \right)^m \, \left( \texttt{d} + \texttt{e} \, \, \texttt{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left( \texttt{a} + \texttt{b} \, \, \texttt{x}^2 + \texttt{c} \, \, \texttt{x}^4 \right)^p \, \texttt{d} \texttt{x} \ \, \text{when } \texttt{b}^2 - \texttt{4} \, \texttt{a} \, \texttt{c} \neq \texttt{0} \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{p} \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \, \bigwedge \, \, \texttt{m} + \texttt{4} \, \texttt{p} + \texttt{2} \, \texttt{q} + \texttt{1} \neq \texttt{0}$$

Reference: G&R 2.104

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 3a

Rule 1.2.2.4.6.5: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge q \notin \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge m + 4p + 2q + 1 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^{m} \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^{2} \right)^{q} \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^{2} + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^{4} \right)^{p} d\mathbf{x} \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\mathtt{c}^{\mathtt{p}}}{\mathtt{f}^{\mathtt{4}\,\mathtt{p}}}\int (\mathtt{f}\,\mathtt{x})^{\mathtt{m}+\mathtt{4}\,\mathtt{p}}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{\mathtt{2}}\right)^{\mathtt{q}}\,\mathtt{d}\mathtt{x}+\int (\mathtt{f}\,\mathtt{x})^{\mathtt{m}}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{\mathtt{2}}\right)^{\mathtt{q}}\,\left(\left(\mathtt{a}+\mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{x}^{\mathtt{2}}+\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}^{\mathtt{4}}\right)^{\mathtt{p}}-\,\mathtt{x}^{\mathtt{4}\,\mathtt{p}}\right)\,\mathtt{d}\mathtt{x}\,\rightarrow$$

$$\frac{c^{p} (fx)^{m+4p-1} (d+ex^{2})^{q+1}}{e f^{4p-1} (m+4p+2q+1)} + \frac{1}{e (m+4p+2q+1)} \int (fx)^{m} (d+ex^{2})^{q} (e (m+4p+2q+1) ((a+bx^{2}+cx^{4})^{p}-c^{p}x^{4p}) - dc^{p} (m+4p-1) x^{4p-2}) dx}{e (m+4p+2q+1)} \int (fx)^{m} (d+ex^{2})^{q} (e (m+4p+2q+1) ((a+bx^{2}+cx^{4})^{p}-c^{p}x^{4p}) - dc^{p} (m+4p-1) x^{4p-2}) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    c^p*(f*x)^(m+4*p-1)*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/(e*f^(4*p-1)*(m+4*p+2*q+1)) +
    1/(e*(m+4*p+2*q+1))*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q*
    ExpandToSum[e*(m+4*p+2*q+1)*((a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p-c^p*x^(4*p))-d*c^p*(m+4*p-1)*x^(4*p-2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && NeQ[m+4*p+2*q+1,0]
```

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    c^p*(f*x)^(m+4*p-1)*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)/(e*f^(4*p-1)*(m+4*p+2*q+1)) +
    1/(e*(m+4*p+2*q+1))*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q*
        ExpandToSum[e*(m+4*p+2*q+1)*((a+c*x^4)^p-c^p*x^(4*p))-d*c^p*(m+4*p-1)*x^(4*p-2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m,q},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && NeQ[m+4*p+2*q+1,0]
```

7: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land m \in \mathbb{F}$ 

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If 
$$k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then  $(f x)^m F[x] = \frac{k}{f} \text{Subst}\left[x^{k (m+1)-1} F\left[\frac{x^k}{f}\right], x, (f x)^{1/k}\right] \partial_x (f x)^{1/k}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.7: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge$   $m \in \mathbb{F}$ , let k = Denominator[m], then

$$\int (f x)^{m} \left(d + e x^{2}\right)^{q} \left(a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}\right)^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{k}{f} Subst \left[\int x^{k} (m+1)^{-1} \left(d + \frac{e x^{2} k}{f^{2}}\right)^{q} \left(a + \frac{b x^{2} k}{f^{2}} + \frac{c x^{4} k}{f^{4}}\right)^{p} dx, x, (f x)^{1/k}\right]$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{k=Denominator[m]},
    k/f*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)*(d+e*x^(2*k)/f^2)^q*(a+b*x^(2*k)/f^k+c*x^(4*k)/f^4)^p,x],x,(f*x)^(1/k)]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    With[{k=Denominator[m]},
    k/f*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)*(d+e*x^(2*k)/f)^q*(a+c*x^(4*k)/f)^p,x],x,(f*x)^(1/k)]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,p,q},x] && FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

8. 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$ 

**Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 1a** 

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int}[\,(\texttt{f}_{.*x}_{-})^*\texttt{m}_{.*}\,(\texttt{d}_{-+e}_{.*x}_{-}^*2) *\,(\texttt{a}_{-+b}_{.*x}_{-}^*2 + \texttt{c}_{.*x}_{-}^*4)^*\texttt{p}_{.,x}_{\text{Symbol}}] := \\ & (\texttt{f}_{*x})^*(\texttt{m}_{+}) *\,(\texttt{a}_{+b}_{*x}^*2 + \texttt{c}_{*x}^*4)^*\texttt{p}_{*}\,(\texttt{d}_{*}(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) + \texttt{e}_{*}(\texttt{m}_{+}^*1) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) + \\ & 2*\texttt{p}/\,(\texttt{f}_{-2}^*(\texttt{m}_{+}^*1) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*2) *\,(\texttt{a}_{+}^*b + \texttt{x}_{-}^*2 + \texttt{c}_{*x}^*4)^*\,(\texttt{p}_{-}^*1) * \\ & 2*\texttt{p}/\,(\texttt{f}_{-2}^*(\texttt{m}_{+}^*1) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*2 + \texttt{c}_{*x}^*4)^*\,(\texttt{p}_{-}^*1) * \\ & 2*\texttt{p}/\,(\texttt{f}_{-2}^*(\texttt{m}_{+}^*1) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*2 + \texttt{c}_{*x}^*4)^*\,(\texttt{p}_{-}^*1) * \\ & 2*\texttt{p}/\,(\texttt{f}_{-2}^*(\texttt{m}_{+}^*1) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3)) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4 + \texttt{p}_{+}^*3) *\,(\texttt{m}_{+}^*4
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int}[\,(f_{-}*x_{-})^{\,k}_{-}*(d_{+e_{-}}*x_{-}^{\,2})*\,(a_{+c_{-}}*x_{-}^{\,4})^{\,p}_{-},x_{-}^{\,symbol}] := \\ & (f*x)^{\,k}_{-}(m+1)*\,(a+c*x_{-}^{\,4})^{\,p}_{-}*(d*(m+4*p+3)+e*(m+1)*x_{-}^{\,2})/\,(f*(m+1)*(m+4*p+3)) + \\ & 4*p/\,(f^{\,2}*(m+1)*(m+4*p+3))*\text{Int}[\,(f*x)^{\,k}_{-}(m+2)*(a+c*x_{-}^{\,4})^{\,k}_{-}(p-1)*(a*e*(m+1)-c*d*(m+4*p+3)*x_{-}^{\,2}),x] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,c,d,e,f\},x] \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p,0] \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m,-1] \&\& \ m+4*p+3\neq 0 \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \mid | \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]) \end{aligned}
```

2: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p > 0 \land m + 4 p + 1 \neq 0 \land m + 4 p + 3 \neq 0$ 

**Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 1b** 

Rule 1.2.2.4.8.1.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p > 0 \land m + 4p + 1 \neq 0 \land m + 4p + 3 \neq 0$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2}) (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(f x)^{m+1} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} (2 b e p + c d (m + 4 p + 3) + c e (4 p + m + 1) x^{2})}{c f (m + 4 p + 1) (m + 4 p + 3)} +$$

$$\frac{2 p}{c (m + 4 p + 1) (m + 4 p + 3)} \int (f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p-1} .$$

$$(2 a c d (m + 4 p + 3) - a b e (m + 1) + (2 a c e (m + 4 p + 1) + b c d (m + 4 p + 3) - b^{2} e (m + 2 p + 1)) x^{2}) dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    (f*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p*(b*e*2*p+c*d*(m+4*p+3)+c*e*(4*p+m+1)*x^2)/
        (c*f*(4*p+m+1)*(m+4*p+3)) + Int[(f*x)^m*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p-1)*
        Simp[2*a*c*d*(m+4*p+3)-a*b*e*(m+1)+(2*a*c*e*(4*p+m+1)+b*c*d*(m+4*p+3)-b^2*e*(m+2*p+1))*x^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && GtQ[p,0] && NeQ[4*p+m+1,0] && NeQ[m+4*p+3,0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
        Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
        (f*x)^(m+1)*(a+c*x^4)^p*(c*d*(m+4*p+3)+c*e*(4*p+m+1)*x^2)/(c*f*(4*p+m+1)*(m+4*p+3)) +
        4*a*p/((4*p+m+1)*(m+4*p+3))*Int[(f*x)^m*(a+c*x^4)^(p-1)*Simp[d*(m+4*p+3)+e*(4*p+m+1)*x^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m},x] && GtQ[p,0] && NeQ[4*p+m+1,0] && NeQ[m+4*p+3,0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])
```

2.  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p < -1$ 1:  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land m > 1$ 

**Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 2a** 

Rule 1.2.2.4.8.2.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land m > 1$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2}) (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{f (f x)^{m-1} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p+1} (b d - 2 a e - (b e - 2 c d) x^{2})}{2 (p+1) (b^{2} - 4 a c)} - \frac{f^{2}}{2 (p+1) (b^{2} - 4 a c)} \int (f x)^{m-2} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p+1} ((m-1) (b d - 2 a e) - (4 p + m + 5) (b e - 2 c d) x^{2}) dx$$

Program code:

2: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p < -1$ 

Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 2b

Rule 1.2.2.4.8.2.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p < -1$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2}) (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{\left(\text{f x}\right)^{\text{m+1}} \left(\text{a} + \text{b x}^2 + \text{c x}^4\right)^{\text{p+1}} \left(\text{d }\left(\text{b}^2 - 2\,\text{a c}\right) - \text{a b e} + \left(\text{b d} - 2\,\text{a e}\right)\,\text{c x}^2\right)}{2\,\text{a f }\left(\text{p} + 1\right) \, \left(\text{b}^2 - 4\,\text{a c}\right)} + \\ \frac{1}{2\,\text{a }\left(\text{p} + 1\right) \, \left(\text{b}^2 - 4\,\text{a c}\right)} \, \int \left(\text{f x}\right)^{\text{m}} \, \left(\text{a + b x}^2 + \text{c x}^4\right)^{\text{p+1}} \cdot \\ \left(\text{d }\left(\text{b}^2 \, \left(\text{m} + 2\,\text{p} + 3\right) - 2\,\text{a c }\left(\text{m} + 4\,\left(\text{p} + 1\right) + 1\right)\right) - \text{a b e }\left(\text{m} + 1\right) + \text{c }\left(\text{m} + 2\,\left(2\,\text{p} + 3\right) + 1\right) \, \left(\text{b d} - 2\,\text{a e}\right)\,x^2\right) \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(f*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)*(d*(b^2-2*a*c)-a*b*e+(b*d-2*a*e)*c*x^2)/(2*a*f*(p+1)*(b^2-4*a*c)) +
    1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b^2-4*a*c))*Int[(f*x)^m*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)*
    Simp[d*(b^2*(m+2*(p+1)+1)-2*a*c*(m+4*(p+1)+1))-a*b*e*(m+1)+c*(m+2*(2*p+3)+1)*(b*d-2*a*e)*x^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[p,-1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[\,(f_{-}*x_{-})^{m}_{-}*\,(d_{-}+e_{-}*x_{-}^{2})*\,(a_{-}+c_{-}*x_{-}^{4})^{p}_{-},x_{-} \text{Symbol}] := \\ & - (f*x)^{m}_{-}*\,(m+1)*\,(a+c*x^{4})^{p}_{-}*\,(d+e*x^{2})^{m}_{-}*\,(d+a*f*\,(p+1)) + \\ & 1/(4*a*\,(p+1))*\,\text{Int}[\,(f*x)^{m}_{-}*\,(a+c*x^{4})^{p}_{-}*\,(p+1)*\,\text{Simp}[\,d*\,(m+4*\,(p+1)+1)+e*\,(m+2*\,(2*p+3)+1)*x^{2}_{-},x_{-}],x_{-}] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\,\{a,c,d,e,f,m\},x] \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\,p,-1] \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\,2*p] \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\,p] \mid | \ \text{IntegerQ}[\,m]) \\ \end{split}$$

3: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$
 when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land m > 1 \land m + 4 p + 3 \neq 0$ 

**Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 3a** 

Rule 1.2.2.4.8.3: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \ne 0$   $\Lambda$  m > 1  $\Lambda$  m + 4 p + 3  $\ne 0$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2}) (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{e f (f x)^{m-1} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p+1}}{c (m + 4 p + 3)} -$$

$$\frac{f^{2}}{c (m + 4 p + 3)} \int (f x)^{m-2} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} (a e (m - 1) + (b e (m + 2 p + 1) - c d (m + 4 p + 3)) x^{2}) dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    e*f*(f*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(m+4*p+3)) -
    f^2/(c*(m+4*p+3))*Int[(f*x)^(m-2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m-1)+(b*e*(m+2*p+1)-c*d*(m+4*p+3))*x^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && GtQ[m,1] && NeQ[m+4*p+3,0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])
```

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    e*f*(f*x)^(m-1)*(a+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(c*(m+4*p+3)) -
    f^2/(c*(m+4*p+3))*Int[(f*x)^(m-2)*(a+c*x^4)^p*(a*e*(m-1)-c*d*(m+4*p+3)*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,p},x] && GtQ[m,1] && NeQ[m+4*p+3,0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])
```

4:  $\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land m < -1$ 

**Derivation: Trinomial recurrence 3b** 

Rule 1.2.2.4.4.8.4: If  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land m < -1$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2}) (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx \rightarrow \frac{d (f x)^{m+1} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p+1}}{a f (m+1)} + \frac{1}{a f^{2} (m+1)} \int (f x)^{m+2} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} (a e (m+1) - b d (m+2p+3) - c d (m+4p+5) x^{2}) dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    d*(f*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(a*f*(m+1)) +
    1/(a*f^2*(m+1))*Int[(f*x)^(m+2)*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m+1)-b*d*(m+2*p+3)-c*d*(m+4*p+5)*x^2,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,p},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    d*(f*x)^(m+1)*(a+c*x^4)^(p+1)/(a*f*(m+1)) +
    1/(a*f^2*(m+1))*Int[(f*x)^(m+2)*(a+c*x^4)^p*(a*e*(m+1)-c*d*(m+4*p+5)*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,p},x] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])
```

5. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^{m} (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^{2})}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^{2} + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^{4}} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^{2} - 4 \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \neq 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^m (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^2)}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^4} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \quad \wedge \quad \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{e}^2 = 0 \quad \wedge \quad \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{e}} > 0 \quad \wedge \quad \frac{\mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{e}} \quad (2 \, \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{d} - \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{e}) > 0$$

Basis: If 
$$c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$
, let  $r = \sqrt{\frac{c}{e} (2 c d - b e)}$ , then  $\frac{d + e x^2}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} = \frac{e}{2 \left(\frac{c d}{e} + r x + c x^2\right)} + \frac{e}{2 \left(\frac{c d}{e} - r x + c x^2\right)}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.8.5.1: If 
$$b^2 - 4 \ a \ c \ne 0$$
  $\bigwedge c \ d^2 - a \ e^2 = 0$   $\bigwedge \frac{d}{e} > 0$   $\bigwedge \frac{c}{e} (2 \ c \ d - b \ e) > 0$ , let  $r = \sqrt{\frac{c}{e} (2 \ c \ d - b \ e)}$ , then 
$$\int \frac{(f \ x)^m}{a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4} \ dx \rightarrow \frac{e}{2} \int \frac{(f \ x)^m}{\frac{c \ d}{e} - r \ x + c \ x^2} \ dx + \frac{e}{2} \int \frac{(f \ x)^m}{\frac{c \ d}{e} + r \ x + c \ x^2} \ dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4), x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[c/e*(2*c*d-b*e),2]},
e/2*Int[(f*x)^m/(c*d/e-r*x+c*x^2),x] +
e/2*Int[(f*x)^m/(c*d/e+r*x+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && GtQ[d/e,0] && PosQ[c/e*(2*c*d-b*e)]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: Let 
$$q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \ a \ c}$$
, then  $\frac{d + e \ z}{a + b \ z + c \ z^2} = \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 \ c \ d - b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{q}{2} + c \ z} + \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{2 \ c \ d - b \ e}{2 \ q}\right) \frac{1}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c \ z}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.8.5.2: If 
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a  $c \neq 0$ , let  $q \rightarrow \sqrt{b^2 - 4}$  a  $c$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (d + e x^2)}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{2 c d - b e}{2 q}\right) \int \frac{(f x)^m}{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{q}{2} + c x^2} dx + \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{2 c d - b e}{2 q}\right) \int \frac{(f x)^m}{\frac{b}{2} + \frac{q}{2} + c x^2} dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    (e/2+(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2-q/2+c*x^2),x] + (e/2-(2*c*d-b*e)/(2*q))*Int[(f*x)^m/(b/2+q/2+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[-a*c,2]},
    -(e/2+c*d/(2*q))*Int[(f*x)^m/(q-c*x^2),x] + (e/2-c*d/(2*q))*Int[(f*x)^m/(q+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m},x]
```

9. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \in \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.1.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land q \in \mathbb{Z} \land m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IntegerQ[q] && IntegerQ[m]

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand \left[ \frac{(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4}, x \right] dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_./(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[q] && IntegerQ[m]

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_./(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q/(a+c*x^4),x],x] /;
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^m (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^2)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^4} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{q} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{m} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.1.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\land q \in \mathbb{Z}$   $\land m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^m ExpandIntegrand \left[ \frac{(d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4}, x \right] dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_./(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m, (d+e*x^2)^q/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[q] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_./(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m, (d+e*x^2)^q/(a+c*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IntegerQ[q] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} > 0$$
1. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} > 1$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} > 3$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{d+e z}{a+b z+c z^2} = \frac{c d-b e+c e z}{c^2 z^2} - \frac{a (c d-b e) + (b c d-b^2 e+a c e) z}{c^2 z^2 (a+b z+c z^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.1.1.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q > 0 \land m > 3$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f \, x)^m \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{f^4}{c^2} \int (f \, x)^{m-4} \, \left(c \, d - b \, e + c \, e \, x^2\right) \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-1} \, dx - \frac{f^4}{c^2} \int \frac{(f \, x)^{m-4} \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q-1} \, \left(a \, \left(c \, d - b \, e\right) + \left(b \, c \, d - b^2 \, e + a \, c \, e\right) \, x^2\right)}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( \text{f}_{.*x}_{-} \right)^{\text{m}}_{.*} \left( \text{d}_{.+e}_{.*x}_{-}^{2} \right)^{\text{q}}_{-} \left( \text{a}_{-}^{\text{b}}_{.*x}_{-}^{2+c}_{.*x}_{-}^{4} \right), \text{x\_symbol} \right] := \\ & \text{f}^{4}/\text{c}^{2} \cdot \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( \text{f*x} \right)^{\text{m}}_{-4} \right) \cdot \left( \text{c*d-b*e+c*e*x*}_{-2}^{2} \right) \cdot \left( \text{d+e*x*}_{-2}^{2} \right)^{\text{m}}_{-1} - \\ & \text{f}^{4}/\text{c}^{2} \cdot \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( \text{f*x} \right)^{\text{m}}_{-4} \right) \cdot \left( \text{d+e*x*}_{-2}^{2} \right)^{\text{m}}_{-4} \cdot \left( \text{c*d-b*e} \right) + \left( \text{b*c*d-b*e+a*c*e} \right) \cdot \left( \text{x*a}_{-2}^{2} \right)^{\text{m}}_{-2} \right) / \\ & \text{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ \text{a,b,c,d,e,f}_{-3}^{2} \right\} \right] \quad \&\& \quad \operatorname{NeQ} \left[ \text{b*2-4*a*c,0} \right] \quad \&\& \quad \operatorname{Not} \left[ \operatorname{IntegerQ} \left[ \text{q} \right] \right] \quad \&\& \quad \operatorname{GtQ} \left[ \text{m,3} \right] \end{split}
```

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    f^4/c*Int[(f*x)^(m-4)*(d+e*x^2)^q,x] -
    a*f^4/c*Int[(f*x)^(m-4)*(d+e*x^2)^q/(a+c*x^4),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,q},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && GtQ[m,3]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q > 0 \land 1 < m \leq 3$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{d+ez}{a+bz+cz^2} = \frac{e}{cz} - \frac{ae-(cd-be)z}{cz(a+bz+cz^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.1.1.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q > 0 \land 1 < m \le 3$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \rightarrow \frac{e f^{2}}{c} \int (f x)^{m-2} (d + e x^{2})^{q-1} dx - \frac{f^{2}}{c} \int \frac{(f x)^{m-2} (d + e x^{2})^{q-1} (a e - (c d - b e) x^{2})}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f_{-} * x_{-} \right)^{m} . * \left( d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-}^{2} \right)^{q} / \left( a_{-} + b_{-} * x_{-}^{2} + c_{-} * x_{-}^{4} \right) , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & = * f^{2} / c * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} / \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) * \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) , x_{-}^{2} - c_{-} + c_{-}^{2} / c_{-}^{2} \right] \\ & = f^{2} / c * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} / \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) * \operatorname{Symbol} \right] \\ & = f^{2} / c * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} / \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) * \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) * \operatorname{Symbol} \right] \\ & = f^{2} / c * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} / \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) * \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) * \operatorname{Symbol} \right] \\ & = f^{2} / c * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} / \left( g_{-}^{2} \right) * \left( g_
```

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f_{-} * x_{-} \right)^{m} * \left( d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-}^{2} \right)^{q} / \left( a_{-} + c_{-} * x_{-}^{4} \right) , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & = e * f^{2} / c * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{m} * \left( m - 2 \right) * \left( d + e * x_{-}^{2} \right)^{m} \right] - \\ & = f^{2} / c * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{m} * \left( m - 2 \right) * \left( d + e * x_{-}^{2} \right)^{m} \right] + \operatorname{Simp} \left[ a * e - c * d * x_{-}^{2} \right] / \left( a + c * x_{-}^{4} \right) \right] / ; \\ & = \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right] - \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x \right\}
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q > 0 \land m < 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{d+ez}{a+bz+cz^2} = \frac{d}{a} - \frac{z(bd-ae+cdz)}{a(a+bz+cz^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.1.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q > 0$   $\land m < 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{a} \int (f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q-1} dx - \frac{1}{a f^{2}} \int \frac{(f x)^{m+2} (d + e x^{2})^{q-1} (b d - a e + c d x^{2})}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (f_-.*x_-)^m_+ \, (d_-.+e_-.*x_-^2)^q_- / \, (a_+b_-.*x_-^2+c_-.*x_-^4) \, , x_- \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & d/a*\operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (f*x)^m_+ \, (d+e*x^2)^n_- \, (q-1)_+ x_-^2 \right] - \\ & 1/(a*f^2) * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (f*x)^n_- \, (d+e*x^2)^n_- \, (q-1)_+ \operatorname{Simp} \left[ b*d_-a*e_+ c*d_*x_-^2, x_-^2 \right] / \, (a+b*x_-^2+c_*x_-^4)_+ x_-^2 \right] \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \{a,b,c,d,e,f\}_x \right] & \operatorname{\& NeQ} \left[ b^2 - 4*a*c_0 \right] & \operatorname{\& Not} \left[ \operatorname{IntegerQ} \left[ q \right] \right] & \operatorname{\& GtQ} \left[ q,0 \right] & \operatorname{\& LtQ} \left[ m,0 \right] \\ \end{aligned}
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ (f_{-} * x_{-})^m_{-} * (d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-}^2)^q_{-} / (a_{-} + c_{-} * x_{-}^4) \, , x_{-} \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & d/a * \text{Int} \big[ (f * x)^m * (d + e * x^2)^q (q - 1) \, , x \big] \, + \\ & 1/(a * f^2) * \text{Int} \big[ (f * x)^q (m + 2) * (d + e * x^2)^q (q - 1) * \text{Simp} \big[ a * e - c * d * x^2, x \big] / (a + c * x^4) \, , x \big] \, /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{a, c, d, e, f\} \, , x \big] \, \& \& \; \text{Not} \big[ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \big] \, \& \& \; \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \, \& \; \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \end{split}
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{\left( \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} < -1$$

$$1. \int \frac{\left( \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} < -1 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} > 1$$

$$1: \int \frac{\left( \mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x} \right)^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{q} < -1 \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{m} > 3$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+bz+cz^2} = \frac{d^2}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)z^2} - \frac{(d+ez)(ad+(bd-ae)z)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)z^2(a+bz+cz^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.2.1.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q < -1 \land m > 3$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f \, x)^m \, (d + e \, x^2)^q}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{d^2 \, f^4}{c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2} \int (f \, x)^{m-4} \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, dx \, - \, \frac{f^4}{c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2} \int \frac{(f \, x)^{m-4} \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^{q+1} \, \left(a \, d + (b \, d - a \, e) \, \, x^2\right)}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} \, dx$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    d^2*f^4/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)*Int[(f*x)^(m-4)*(d+e*x^2)^q,x] -
    f^4/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2)*Int[(f*x)^(m-4)*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)*Simp[a*d+(b*d-a*e)*x^2,x]/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && LtQ[q,-1] && GtQ[m,3]
```

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_.+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    d^2*f^4/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(f*x)^(m-4)*(d+e*x^2)^q,x] -
    a*f^4/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(f*x)^(m-4)*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)*(d-e*x^2)/(a+c*x^4),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && LtQ[q,-1] && GtQ[m,3]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q < -1 \land 1 < m \leq 3$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+bz+cz^2} = -\frac{de}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)z} + \frac{(d+ez)(ae+cdz)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)z(a+bz+cz^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.2.1.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q < -1 \land 1 < m \le 3$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{d e f^{2}}{c d^{2} - b d e + a e^{2}} \int (f x)^{m-2} (d + e x^{2})^{q} dx + \frac{f^{2}}{c d^{2} - b d e + a e^{2}} \int \frac{(f x)^{m-2} (d + e x^{2})^{q+1} (a e + c d x^{2})}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (f_{-}*x_{-})^{m}_{-}*(d_{-}+e_{-}*x_{-}^{2})^{q}_{-} / (a_{-}+b_{-}*x_{-}^{2}+c_{-}*x_{-}^{4}) \, , x_{-} \text{Symbol} \big] := \\ & -d*e*f^{2}_{-}/(c*d^{2}-b*d*e+a*e^{2}) \, * \text{Int}_{-}(f*x)^{m}_{-}/(c*d^{2}-b*d*e+a*e^{2}) \, * \text{Int}_{-}(f*x)^{m}_{-}/(c*d^{2}-b*d*e
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{f}_{-} \cdot *\text{x}_{-}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{-} \cdot * \, (\text{d}_{-} \cdot +\text{e}_{-} \cdot *\text{x}_{-}^{2}) \, ^{\text{q}}_{-} / \, (\text{a}_{+} \cdot \text{c}_{-} \cdot *\text{x}_{-}^{4}) \, , \text{x\_Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & - \text{d} \cdot \text{e} \cdot \text{f}^{2} / \, (\text{c} \cdot \text{d}^{2} + \text{a} \cdot \text{e}^{2}) \, ^{\text{Int}} \big[ \, (\text{f} \cdot \text{x}) \, ^{\text{(m-2)}} \cdot (\text{d} + \text{e} \cdot \text{x}^{2}) \, ^{\text{q}}_{-} \text{x} \big] \, + \\ & \text{f}^{2} / \, (\text{c} \cdot \text{d}^{2} + \text{a} \cdot \text{e}^{2}) \, ^{\text{Int}} \big[ \, (\text{f} \cdot \text{x}) \, ^{\text{(m-2)}} \cdot (\text{d} + \text{e} \cdot \text{x}^{2}) \, ^{\text{(q+1)}} \, \text{simp} \big[ \text{a} \cdot \text{e} + \text{c} \cdot \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^{2}_{-} \text{x} \big] \, / \, (\text{a} + \text{c} \cdot \text{x}^{4}) \, , \text{x} \big] \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{ \text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f} \} \, , \text{x} \big] \, \& \& \, \text{Not} \big[ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \big] \, \& \& \, \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1] \, \& \& \, \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1] \, \& \& \, \text{LeQ}[\text{m}, 3] \end{split}
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q < -1$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{1}{a+bz+cz^2} = \frac{e^2}{cd^2-bde+ae^2} + \frac{(d+ez)(cd-be-cez)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(a+bz+cz^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.2.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q < -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{2}\right)^{\mathtt{q}}}{\mathtt{a}+\mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{x}^{2}+\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}^{4}}\,\,\mathrm{d}\mathtt{x}\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\mathtt{e}^{2}}{\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{d}^{2}-\mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{d}\,\mathtt{e}+\mathtt{a}\,\mathtt{e}^{2}}\int \left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{2}\right)^{\mathtt{q}}\,\mathrm{d}\mathtt{x}\,+\,\frac{\mathtt{1}}{\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{d}^{2}-\mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{d}\,\mathtt{e}+\mathtt{a}\,\mathtt{e}^{2}}\,\,\int \frac{\left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{2}\right)^{\mathtt{q}+\mathtt{1}}\,\left(\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{d}-\mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{e}-\mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^{2}\right)}{\mathtt{d}\,\mathtt{x}}\,\mathrm{d}\mathtt{x}\,\mathrm{d}\mathtt{$$

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{f}_{-}*\text{x}_{-})^{\text{m}}_{-}* \, (\text{d}_{+}\text{e}_{-}*\text{x}_{-}^{2})^{\text{q}}_{-} / \, (\text{a}_{+}\text{b}_{-}*\text{x}_{-}^{2}+\text{c}_{-}*\text{x}_{-}^{4}) \, , \text{x\_Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & \text{e}^{2} / \, (\text{c}*\text{d}^{2}-\text{b}*\text{d}*\text{e}+\text{a}*\text{e}^{2}) \, * \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{f}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}* \, (\text{d}+\text{e}*\text{x}^{2})^{\text{q}}, \text{x} \big] \, + \\ & 1 / \, (\text{c}*\text{d}^{2}-\text{b}*\text{d}*\text{e}+\text{a}*\text{e}^{2}) \, * \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{f}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}* \, (\text{d}+\text{e}*\text{x}^{2})^{\text{q}} \, (\text{q}+1) \, * \text{Simp} \big[ \text{c}*\text{d}-\text{b}*\text{e}-\text{c}*\text{e}*\text{x}^{2}, \text{x} \big] \, / \, (\text{a}+\text{b}*\text{x}^{2}+\text{c}*\text{x}^{4}) \, , \text{x} \big] \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{\text{a},\text{b},\text{c},\text{d},\text{e},\text{f},\text{m}\},\text{x} \big] \, \&\& \, \text{NeQ} \big[ \text{b}^{2}-\text{4}*\text{a}*\text{c},0 \big] \, \&\& \, \text{Not} \big[ \text{IntegerQ} \big[ \text{q} \big] \big] \, \&\& \, \text{LtQ} \big[ \text{q},-1 \big] \end{split}
```

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
    e^2/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q,x] +
    c/(c*d^2+a*e^2)*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^(q+1)*(d-e*x^2)/(a+c*x^4),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && LtQ[q,-1]
```

3: 
$$\int \frac{\left(\mathbf{f} \; \mathbf{x}\right)^{m} \; \left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \; \mathbf{x}^{2}\right)^{q}}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \; \mathbf{x}^{2} + \mathbf{c} \; \mathbf{x}^{4}} \; d\mathbf{x} \; \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^{2} - 4 \; \mathbf{a} \; \mathbf{c} \neq \mathbf{0} \; \bigwedge \; \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \; \bigwedge \; \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Basis: If  $q = \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$ , then  $\frac{1}{a+bz+cz^2} = \frac{2c}{q(b-q+2cz)} - \frac{2c}{q(b+q+2cz)}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.3: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge q \notin \mathbb{Z}$   $\bigwedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x^2)^q ExpandIntegrand \left[ \frac{(f x)^m}{a + b x^2 + c x^4}, x \right] dx$$

Program code:

$$Int [ (f_.*x_-)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4), x_Symbol ] := \\ Int [ExpandIntegrand[ (d+e*x^2)^q, (f*x)^m/(a+b*x^2+c*x^4), x], x] /; \\ FreeQ[ \{a,b,c,d,e,f,q\},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && IntegerQ[m] \\ \end{aligned}$$

$$Int [ (f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol ] := \\ Int [ExpandIntegrand[ (d_+e_*x^2)^q,(f_*x)^m/(a_+c_*x^4),x_],x_] /; \\ FreeQ[ \{a,c,d,e,f,q\},x_] && Not[IntegerQ[q]_] && IntegerQ[m]_ \\ \end{cases}$$

4: 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^m (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^2)^q}{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^4} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \ \land \ \mathbf{q} \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ \mathbf{m} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: If 
$$q = \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$$
, then  $\frac{1}{a+bz+cz^2} = \frac{2c}{q(b-q+2cz)} - \frac{2c}{q(b+q+2cz)}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.9.2.4: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land q \notin \mathbb{Z} \land m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q}{a + b x^2 + c x^4} dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q \text{ ExpandIntegrand} \left[ \frac{1}{a + b x^2 + c x^4}, x \right] dx$$

$$Int [ (f_{.*x_{-}})^m_{.*} (d_{+e_{.*x_{-}}})^q_/ (a_{+b_{.*x_{-}}}^2 + c_{.*x_{-}}^4) , x_{symbol} ] := \\ Int [ ExpandIntegrand[ (f*x)^m* (d+e*x^2)^q, 1/ (a+b*x^2+c*x^4) , x] , x] /; \\ FreeQ[ \{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,q\},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] \\ \end{aligned}$$

Int[(f\_.\*x\_)^m\_.\*(d\_+e\_.\*x\_^2)^q\_/(a\_+c\_.\*x\_^4),x\_Symbol] :=
 Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f\*x)^m\*(d+e\*x^2)^q,1/(a+c\*x^4),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m,q},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]

10: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (d + e x^{2})^{q}}{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0$$

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: If 
$$r = \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$$
, then  $\frac{1}{a+b z+c z^2} = \frac{2 c}{r (b-r+2 c z)} - \frac{2 c}{r (b+r+2 c z)}$ 

Rule 1.2.2.4.10: If  $b^2 - 4$  a c  $\neq 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{\left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathbf{x}\right)^{\,m}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\right)^{\,q}}{\mathtt{a}+\mathtt{b}\,\mathbf{x}^{2}+\mathtt{c}\,\mathbf{x}^{4}}\,\mathtt{d}\mathbf{x}\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{2\,\mathtt{c}}{\mathtt{r}}\,\int \frac{\left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathbf{x}\right)^{\,m}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\right)^{\,q}}{\mathtt{b}-\mathtt{r}+2\,\mathtt{c}\,\mathbf{x}^{2}}\,\mathtt{d}\mathbf{x}\,-\,\frac{2\,\mathtt{c}}{\mathtt{r}}\,\int \frac{\left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathbf{x}\right)^{\,m}\,\left(\mathtt{d}+\mathtt{e}\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\right)^{\,q}}{\mathtt{b}+\mathtt{r}+2\,\mathtt{c}\,\mathbf{x}^{2}}\,\mathtt{d}\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
    2*c/r*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q/(b-r+2*c*x^2),x] - 2*c/r*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q/(b+r+2*c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_/(a_+c_.*x_^4),x_Symbol] :=
With[{r=Rt[-a*c,2]},
   -c/(2*r)*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q/(r-c*x^2),x] - c/(2*r)*Int[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q/(r+c*x^2),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m,q},x]
```

11. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^{m} (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^{2} + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^{4})^{p}}{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^{2}} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^{2} - 4 \mathbf{a} \mathbf{c} \neq 0$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{(\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^{m} (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{x}^{2} + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^{4})^{p}}{\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^{2}} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^{2} - 4 \text{ ac} \neq 0 \ \land \ p > 0 \ \land \ m < 0$$

1: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{d + e x^{2}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p > 0 \land m < -2$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{a+b z+c z^2}{d+e z} = \frac{a d+(b d-a e) z}{d^2} + \frac{(c d^2-b d e+a e^2) z^2}{d^2 (d+e z)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.1.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p > 0 \land m < -2$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{d + e x^{2}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{d^{2}} \int (f x)^{m} (a d + (b d - a e) x^{2}) (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p-1} dx + \frac{c d^{2} - b d e + a e^{2}}{d^{2} f^{4}} \int \frac{(f x)^{m+4} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p-1}}{d + e x^{2}} dx$$

**Program code:** 

$$\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( \text{f}_{.*x}_{\,} \right)^{\text{m}}_{\,} \left( \text{a}_{.*b}_{.*x}_{\,}^{2+\text{c}}_{.*x}_{\,}^{4} \right)^{\text{p}}_{\,.} / \left( \text{d}_{.*e}_{.*x}_{\,}^{2} \right), \text{x\_Symbol} \right] := \\ & 1/\text{d}^{2} \times \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( \text{f*x} \right)^{\text{m*}} \left( \text{a*d}_{\,}^{4} \right) \times \text{d*d}_{\,}^{4} \right) \times \left( \text{a+b*x}^{2} + \text{c*x}^{4} \right)^{\text{p}}_{\,}^{-1} \right), \text{x} \right] + \\ & \left( \text{c*d}^{2} - \text{b*d*e+a*e}^{2} \right) / \left( \text{d}^{2} \times \text{f}^{4} \right) \times \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( \text{f*x} \right)^{\text{m}}_{\,}^{4} \right) \times \left( \text{a+b*x}^{2} + \text{c*x}^{4} \right)^{\text{m}}_{\,}^{4} \right) / \left( \text{d+e*x}^{2} \right), \text{x} \right] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ \text{a,b,c,d,e,f} \right\}, \text{x} \right] \& \& \operatorname{NeQ} \left[ \text{b}^{2} - \text{4*a*c,0} \right] \& \& \operatorname{GtQ} \left[ \text{p,0} \right] \& \& \operatorname{LtQ} \left[ \text{m,-2} \right] \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f_{-} * x_{-} \right)^{m} * \left( a_{-} + c_{-} * x_{-}^{4} \right)^{p} . / \left( d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-}^{2} \right) , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & a/d^{2} * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{m} * \left( d - e * x^{2} \right) * \left( a + c * x^{4} \right)^{n} \left( p - 1 \right) , x_{-}^{2} \right] + \\ & \left( c * d^{2} + a * e^{2} \right) / \left( d^{2} * f^{4} \right) * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} \left( m + 4 \right) * \left( a + c * x^{4} \right)^{n} \left( p - 1 \right) / \left( d + e * x^{2} \right) , x_{-}^{2} \right] \right] \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a, c, d, e, f \right\}, x_{-}^{2} \right] & \operatorname{\&\&} \operatorname{GtQ} \left[ p, 0 \right] & \operatorname{\&\&} \operatorname{LtQ} \left[ m, -2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

2: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{d + e x^{2}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p > 0 \land m < 0$$

Reference: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{a+bz+cz^2}{d+ez} = \frac{ae+cdz}{de} - \frac{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)z}{de(d+ez)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.1.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p > 0 \land m < 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p}{d + e x^2} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{d e} \int (f x)^m (a e + c d x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p-1} dx - \frac{c d^2 - b d e + a e^2}{d e f^2} \int \frac{(f x)^{m+2} (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p-1}}{d + e x^2} dx$$

2. 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{d + e x^{2}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land m > 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{d + e x^{2}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land m > 2$$

Reference: Algebraic expansion

Basis: 
$$\frac{z^2}{d+ez} = -\frac{a d + (b d-a e) z}{c d^2 - b d e+a e^2} + \frac{d^2 (a+b z+c z^2)}{(c d^2 - b d e+a e^2) (d+e z)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.2.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land m > 2$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^m (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p}{d + e x^2} dx \rightarrow \\ - \frac{f^4}{c d^2 - b d e + a e^2} \int (f x)^{m-4} (a d + (b d - a e) x^2) (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx + \frac{d^2 f^4}{c d^2 - b d e + a e^2} \int \frac{(f x)^{m-4} (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p+1}}{d + e x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \left[ \text{ (f_.*x_.)^m_.* (a_.+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_/ (d_.+e_.*x_^2), x_Symbol} \right] := \\ & -f^4/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2) * \text{Int} \left[ \text{ (f*x)^ (m-4) * (a*d+ (b*d-a*e) *x^2) * (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p, x} \right] + \\ & d^2*f^4/(c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2) * \text{Int} \left[ \text{ (f*x)^ (m-4) * (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^ (p+1) / (d+e*x^2), x} \right] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d,e,f\},x] & & \text{NeQ}[b^2-4*a*c,0] & & \text{LtQ}[p,-1] & & \text{GtQ}[m,2] \\ \end{split}$$

Int[(f\_.\*x\_)^m\_.\*(a\_+c\_.\*x\_^4)^p\_/(d\_.+e\_.\*x\_^2),x\_Symbol] :=
 -a\*f^4/(c\*d^2+a\*e^2)\*Int[(f\*x)^(m-4)\*(d-e\*x^2)\*(a+c\*x^4)^p,x] +
 d^2\*f^4/(c\*d^2+a\*e^2)\*Int[(f\*x)^(m-4)\*(a+c\*x^4)^(p+1)/(d+e\*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f},x] && LtQ[p,-1] && GtQ[m,2]

2: 
$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{d + e x^{2}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land m > 0$$

**Reference: Algebraic expansion** 

Basis: 
$$\frac{z}{d+ez} = \frac{a + c dz}{c d^2 - b d e + a e^2} - \frac{d e (a + b z + c z^2)}{(c d^2 - b d e + a e^2) (d + e z)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.2.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \land p < -1 \land m > 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(f x)^{m} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p}}{d + e x^{2}} dx \rightarrow \frac{f^{2}}{c d^{2} - b d e + a e^{2}} \int (f x)^{m-2} (a e + c d x^{2}) (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p} dx - \frac{d e f^{2}}{c d^{2} - b d e + a e^{2}} \int \frac{(f x)^{m-2} (a + b x^{2} + c x^{4})^{p+1}}{d + e x^{2}} dx$$

$$\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f_{-} * x_{-} \right)^{n} _{-} * \left( a_{-} + b_{-} * x_{-}^{2} + c_{-} * x_{-}^{4} \right)^{p} _{-} / \left( d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-}^{2} \right) , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & f^{2} / \left( c * d^{2} - b * d * e + a * e^{2} \right) * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} / \left( a * e + c * d * x^{2} \right) * \left( a * b * x^{2} + c * x^{4} \right)^{p} , x \right] - \\ & d * e * f^{2} / \left( c * d^{2} - b * d * e + a * e^{2} \right) * \operatorname{Int} \left[ \left( f * x \right)^{n} / \left( a + b * x^{2} + c * x^{4} \right)^{n} / \left( a + b * x^{2} \right) \right] / \left( d * e * x^{2} \right) , x \right] / ; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[ \left\{ a, b, c, d, e, f \right\} , x \right] & \operatorname{\&e} \operatorname{NeQ} \left[ b^{2} - 4 * a * c, 0 \right] & \operatorname{\&e} \operatorname{LtQ} \left[ p, -1 \right] & \operatorname{\&e} \operatorname{GtQ} \left[ m, 0 \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ \, (\text{f}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{-} * \, (\text{a}_{-} \text{c}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}^{4}) \, ^{\text{p}}_{-} / \, (\text{d}_{-} * \text{e}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}^{2}) \, , \text{x\_Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & \text{f}^{2}_{-} / \, (\text{c} * \text{d}^{2} + \text{a} * \text{e}^{2}) \, * \text{Int} \, [ \, (\text{f} * \text{x}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{-}^{2}) \, * \, (\text{a} * \text{e} * \text{c} * \text{d} * \text{x}^{2}) \, * \, (\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^{2}) \, ^{\text{p}}_{-}^{\text{x}} \big] \, - \\ & \text{d} * \text{e} * \text{f}^{2}_{-}^{2} / \, (\text{c} * \text{d}^{2} + \text{a} * \text{e}^{2}) \, * \text{Int} \, [ \, (\text{f} * \text{x}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{-}^{2}) \, * \, (\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^{2}) \, ^{\text{p}}_{-}^{2} / \, (\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x}^{2}) \, , \text{x} \big] \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[ \{ \text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f} \}_{-}^{\text{x}} \big] \, \& \& \, \text{LtQ} \big[ \text{p}, -1 \big] \, \& \& \, \text{GtQ} \big[ \text{m}, 0 \big] \end{split}$$

3. 
$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^m}{\left(d+e\ \mathbf{x}^2\right)\ \sqrt{a+b\ \mathbf{x}^2+c\ \mathbf{x}^4}}\ d\mathbf{x}\ \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2-4\ a\ c\neq 0\ \bigwedge\ \frac{\frac{m}{2}}{\epsilon}\in\mathbb{Z}$$

1. 
$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^m}{\left(\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2\right) \, \sqrt{\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \, \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4}} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4 \, \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.3.1.1.1: If  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$   $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0$   $\bigwedge c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$ , then  $\int \frac{x^2}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{2 d e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx - \frac{d}{2 d e} \int \frac{d - e x^2}{(d + e x^2) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx$ 

```
Int[x_^2/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    d/(2*d*e)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
    d/(2*d*e)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

```
Int[x_^2/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    d/(2*d*e)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
    d/(2*d*e)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ \frac{c}{a} > 0 \ \bigwedge \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$$

Basis: 
$$\frac{x^2}{d + e x^2} = \frac{1}{e - d q} - \frac{d (1 + q x^2)}{(e - d q) (d + e x^2)}$$

$$\text{Rule 1.2.2.4.11.3.1.1.2: If } b^2 - 4 \, \text{ac} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \text{cd}^2 - b \, \text{de} + \text{ae}^2 \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \frac{\text{c}}{\text{a}} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, \text{cd}^2 - \text{ae}^2 \neq 0, \text{let } q \to \sqrt{\frac{\text{c}}{\text{a}}} \, , \text{then}$$
 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(\text{d} + \text{ex}^2\right) \, \sqrt{\text{a} + \text{bx}^2 + \text{cx}^4}} \, \text{d} x \, \to \, -\frac{\text{a} \, \left(\text{e} + \text{d} \, q\right)}{\text{c} \, \text{d}^2 - \text{ae}^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{a} + \text{bx}^2 + \text{cx}^4}} \, \text{d} x + \frac{\text{ad} \, \left(\text{e} + \text{d} \, q\right)}{\text{c} \, \text{d}^2 - \text{ae}^2} \int \frac{1 + q \, x^2}{\left(\text{d} + \text{ex}^2\right) \, \sqrt{\text{a} + \text{bx}^2 + \text{cx}^4}} \, \text{d} x$$

```
Int[x_^2/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    -a*(e+d*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] +
    a*d*(e+d*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && PoSQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]

Int[x_^2/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    -a*(e+d*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] +
    a*d*(e+d*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

2. 
$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \frac{c}{a} > 0$$
1: 
$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \frac{c}{a} > 0 \, \bigwedge \, c \, d^2 - a \, e^2 = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.3.1.2.1: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0$   $\bigwedge c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, - \, \frac{1}{e^2} \int \frac{d - e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \, \frac{d^2}{e^2} \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^4/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    -1/e^2*Int[(d-e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + d^2/e^2*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]

Int[x_^4/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    -1/e^2*Int[(d-e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + d^2/e^2*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

2: 
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2+cx^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0 \bigwedge cd^2-ae^2 \neq 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.3.1.2.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0$   $\bigwedge \frac{c}{a} > 0$   $\bigwedge c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$ , let  $q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}$ , then

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ - \frac{2 \, c \, d - a \, e \, q}{c \, e \, \left(e - d \, q\right)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx - \frac{1}{e \, q} \int \frac{1 - q \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx + \frac{d^2}{e \, \left(e - d \, q\right)} \int \frac{1 + q \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^4/((d_{e_**x_^2})*Sqrt[a_+b_**x_^2+c_**x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
  -1/(e*g)*Int[(1-g*x^2)/Sgrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] +
  d^2/(e*(e-d*q))*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x]/;
 EqQ[2*c*d-a*e*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e\},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
Int[x_^4/((d_{e_**x_^2})*Sqrt[a_{c_**x_^4}]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
  -1/(e*g)*Int[(1-g*x^2)/Sgrt[a+c*x^4],x] +
  d^2/(e*(e-d*q))*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x]/;
 EqQ[2*c*d-a*e*q,0]] /;
FreeQ[\{a,c,d,e\},x] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
Int[x_^4/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
  -(2*c*d-a*e*q)/(c*e*(e-d*q))*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x]
  1/(e*q)*Int[(1-q*x^2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] +
  d^2/(e*(e-d*q))*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e\},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

Int[x\_^4/((d\_+e\_.\*x\_^2)\*Sqrt[a\_+c\_.\*x\_^4]),x\_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
 -(2\*c\*d-a\*e\*q)/(c\*e\*(e-d\*q))\*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c\*x^4],x] 1/(e\*q)\*Int[(1-q\*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c\*x^4],x] +
 d^2/(e\*(e-d\*q))\*Int[(1+q\*x^2)/((d+e\*x^2)\*Sqrt[a+c\*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c\*d^2-a\*e^2,0]

3: 
$$\int \frac{x^{m}}{(d + e x^{2}) \sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{m}{2} - 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.3.1.3: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{m}{2} - 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m}}{\left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,\mathbf{x}^{2}+c\,\mathbf{x}^{4}}}\,d\mathbf{x}\,\,\rightarrow\,$$

$$\frac{x^{m-5}\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}{c\,e\,(m-3)} - \frac{1}{c\,e\,(m-3)} \int \left(x^{m-6}\,\left(a\,d\,(m-5) + (a\,e\,(m-5) + b\,d\,(m-4))\,x^2 + (b\,e\,(m-4) + c\,d\,(m-3))\,x^4\right)\right) \bigg/ \, \left(\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}\right) \, dx$$

**Program code:** 

2: 
$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m}}{\left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,\mathbf{x}^{2}+c\,\mathbf{x}^{4}}}\,\,\mathrm{d}\mathbf{x}\,\,\,\mathrm{when}\,\,b^{2}-4\,a\,c\neq0\,\,\bigwedge\,\,\frac{m}{2}\in\mathbb{Z}^{-}$$

Rule 1.2.2.4.11.3.2: If  $b^2 - 4$  a  $c \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^{m}}{\left(d+e\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,\mathbf{x}^{2}+c\,\mathbf{x}^{4}}}\,d\mathbf{x}\,\,\rightarrow\,$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{a \, d \, (m+1)} \, - \, \frac{1}{a \, d \, (m+1)} \, \int \frac{x^{m+2} \, \left(a \, e \, (m+1) + b \, d \, (m+2) + (b \, e \, (m+2) + c \, d \, (m+3) \, \right) \, x^2 + c \, e \, (m+3) \, x^4 \right)}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^(m+1)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]/(a*d*(m+1)) -
    1/(a*d*(m+1))*Int[x^(m+2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
        Simp[a*e*(m+1)+b*d*(m+2)+(b*e*(m+2)+c*d*(m+3))*x^2+c*e*(m+3)*x^4,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && ILtQ[m/2,0]

Int[x_^m_/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
        x^(m+1)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]/(a*d*(m+1)) -
        1/(a*d*(m+1))*Int[x^(m+2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4])*Simp[a*e*(m+1)+c*d*(m+3)*x^2+c*e*(m+3)*x^4,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && ILtQ[m/2,0]
```

12: 
$$\int \frac{\mathbf{x}^m}{\sqrt{d+e\,\mathbf{x}^2}} \, \sqrt{\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{b}\,\mathbf{x}^2+\mathbf{c}\,\mathbf{x}^4} \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{b}^2 - 4\,\mathbf{a}\,\mathbf{c} \neq 0 \, \bigwedge \, \frac{\mathbf{m}}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction** 

Basis: 
$$\partial_x \frac{x \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} = 0$$

Basis: 
$$\partial_{x} \frac{x^{2} \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^{2}} + \frac{a}{x^{4}}}}{\sqrt{a + b + x^{2} + c + x^{4}}} = 0$$

Note: Since m - 3 is odd, the resulting integrand can be reduced to an integrand of the form  $\frac{1}{x^{m/2}\sqrt{e+d\ x}\sqrt{c+b\ x+a\ x^2}}$  using the substitution  $x \to \frac{1}{x^2}$ .

Rule 1.2.2.4.12: If  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \bigwedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{x^3 \, \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}} \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}}{\sqrt{d + e \, x^2} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \int \frac{x^{m-3}}{\sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x^2}} \, \sqrt{c + \frac{b}{x^2} + \frac{a}{x^4}}} \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_/(Sqrt[d_+e_.*x_^2]*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    x^3*Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4]/(Sqrt[d+e*x^2]*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4])*
    Int[x^(m-3)/(Sqrt[e+d/x^2]*Sqrt[c+b/x^2+a/x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[m/2]
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[ x_{m_{-}} / (\text{Sqrt}[d_{+e_{-}} * x_{^2}] * \text{Sqrt}[a_{+c_{-}} * x_{^4}]) \,, x_{\text{Symbol}} \big] := \\ & x^3 * \text{Sqrt}[e + d/x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + a/x^4] \, / \, (\text{Sqrt}[d + e * x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[a + c * x^4]) \, * \\ & \text{Int}[x^{(m-3)} / \, (\text{Sqrt}[e + d/x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + a/x^4]) \,, x] \, / \, ; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \, \& \& \, \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \end{split}
```

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and trinomial recurrence 2b

2: 
$$\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \left( d + e \, \mathbf{x}^{2} \right)^{q} \left( a + b \, \mathbf{x}^{2} + c \, \mathbf{x}^{4} \right)^{p} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ p < -1 \ \bigwedge \ q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \bigwedge \ \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^{-}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and trinomial recurrence 2b

Rule 1.2.2.4.13.2: If 
$$b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$$
  $\bigwedge p < -1$   $\bigwedge q - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ ,

let  $\mathbb{Q}[x] \to \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m (d + e x^2)^q, a + b x^2 + c x^4, x] \text{ and}$ 
 $f + g x^2 \to \text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m (d + e x^2)^q, a + b x^2 + c x^4, x], \text{ then}$ 

$$\int x^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx \to \int \mathbb{Q}[x] (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p+1} dx \to \int \mathbb{Q}[x] (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p+1} dx \to \frac{x (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p+1} (a b g - f (b^2 - 2 a c) - c (b f - 2 a g) x^2)}{2 a (p+1) (b^2 - 4 a c)} + \frac{1}{2 a (p+1) (b^2 - 4 a c)} \int x^m (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{p+1} .$$

(2 a (p+1) (b^2 - 4 a c)  $x^{-m} \mathbb{Q}[x] + (b^2 f (2 p + 3) - 2 a c f (4 p + 5) - a b g) x^{-m} + c (4 p + 7) (b f - 2 a g) x^{2-m}) dx$ 

14:  $\int (\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^m \left( d + e \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \left( a + b \mathbf{x}^2 + c \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \text{ } \bigwedge \text{ } (p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \text{ } \bigvee \text{ } q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \text{ } \bigvee \text{ } (m \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z})$ 

**Derivation: Algebraic expansion** 

Rule 1.2.2.4.14: If  $b^2 - 4$  ac  $\neq 0$   $\land$   $(p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \lor q \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \lor (m \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z})$ , then

$$\int (f x)^{m} \left(d + e x^{2}\right)^{q} \left(a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}\right)^{p} dx \rightarrow \int ExpandIntegrand \left[(f x)^{m} \left(d + e x^{2}\right)^{q} \left(a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}\right)^{p}, x\right] dx$$

**Program code:** 

15: 
$$\int (\mathbf{f} \mathbf{x})^{m} (\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \mathbf{x}^{2})^{q} (\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{x}^{4})^{p} d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{p} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \mathbf{q} \in \mathbb{Z}^{-}$$

- **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**
- Basis: If  $q \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $(d + e x^2)^q = \left(\frac{d}{d^2 e^2 x^4} \frac{e x^2}{d^2 e^2 x^4}\right)^{-q}$
- Note: Resulting integrands are of the form  $x^m (a + b x^2)^p (c + d x^2)^q$  which are integrable.
- Rule 1.2.2.4.15: If  $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ , then

$$\int (\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m \, \left( \mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2 \right)^q \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, d\mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{(\mathbf{f} \, \mathbf{x})^m}{\mathbf{x}^m} \, \int \mathbf{x}^m \, \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{c} \, \mathbf{x}^4 \right)^p \, \text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[ \left( \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{e}^2 \, \mathbf{x}^4} - \frac{\mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{x}^2}{\mathbf{d}^2 - \mathbf{e}^2 \, \mathbf{x}^4} \right)^{-q}, \, \, \mathbf{x} \right] \, d\mathbf{x}$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   (f*x)^m/x^m*Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(a+c*x^4)^p,(d/(d^2-e^2*x^4)-e*x^2/(d^2-e^2*x^4))^(-q),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] && ILtQ[q,0]
```

U: 
$$\int (f x)^m (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$

- Rule 1.2.2.4.U:

$$\int \left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}} \, \left(\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^2\right)^{\mathtt{q}} \, \left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{x}^2 + \mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}^4\right)^{\mathtt{p}} \, \mathtt{d}\mathtt{x} \,\, \longrightarrow \,\, \int \left(\mathtt{f}\,\mathtt{x}\right)^{\mathtt{m}} \, \left(\mathtt{d} + \mathtt{e}\,\mathtt{x}^2\right)^{\mathtt{q}} \, \left(\mathtt{a} + \mathtt{b}\,\mathtt{x}^2 + \mathtt{c}\,\mathtt{x}^4\right)^{\mathtt{p}} \, \mathtt{d}\mathtt{x}$$

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p,q},x]

Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,f,m,p,q},x]
```