Rules for integrands of the form $u (e + f x)^m (a + b Trig[c + d x])^p$

1.
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Trig}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

1:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \sin[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m\mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

- **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**
- Basis: $\frac{z^n}{a+bz} = \frac{z^{n-1}}{b} \frac{az^{n-1}}{b(a+bz)}$
- Rule: If $(m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \sin[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{b} \int (e+fx)^m \sin[c+dx]^{n-1} dx - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \sin[c+dx]^{n-1}}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

Program code:

$$Int \big[(e_.+f_.*x_-)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_-]^n_./(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_-]), x_Symbol \big] := \\ 1/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^(n-1),x] - a/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^(n-1)/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f\},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0] \\ \end{aligned}$$

2.
$$\int \frac{(e + f x)^m \cos[c + d x]^n}{a + b \sin[c + d x]} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

1.
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

1:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge a^2 - b^2 == 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then $\frac{\cos[z]}{a + b \sin[z]} = \frac{\dot{a}}{b} + \frac{2}{\dot{a} b + a e^{\dot{a}z}} = -\frac{\dot{a}}{b} + \frac{2 e^{\dot{a}z}}{a - \dot{a} b e^{\dot{a}z}}$

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then $\frac{\sin[z]}{a + b \cos[z]} = -\frac{\dot{a}}{b} + \frac{2\dot{a}}{b + a e^{\dot{a}z}} = \frac{\dot{a}}{b} - \frac{2\dot{a} e^{\dot{a}z}}{a + b e^{\dot{a}z}}$

Note: Although the first expansion is simpler, the second is used so the antiderivative will be expressed in terms of e^{i (c+d x)} rather than e^{-i (c+d x)}.

Rule: If
$$m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{i(e+fx)^{m+1}}{bf(m+1)} + 2 \int \frac{(e+fx)^m e^{i(c+dx)}}{a-ib e^{i(c+dx)}} dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\, (\text{e}_{-} + \text{f}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{-} * \text{Sin} [\text{c}_{-} + \text{d}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}] \, / \, (\text{a}_{-} + \text{b}_{-} * \text{Cos} [\text{c}_{-} + \text{d}_{-} * \text{x}_{-}]) \, , \text{x_Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & \text{I*} \, (\text{e}_{+} + \text{f*}_{\times}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{+} \, (\text{m+1}) \, / \, (\text{b*f*}_{+} + \text{m+1}) \, / \, (\text{a}_{+} + \text{b*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-}) \, / \, (\text{a}_{+} + \text{b*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-}) \, / \, (\text{a}_{+} + \text{b*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-}) \, / \, (\text{a}_{+} + \text{b*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-}) \, / \, (\text{a}_{+} + \text{b*f*}_{-} + \text{m*f*}_{-} + \text{m$$

2:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge a^2 - b^2 > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\cos[z]}{a+b\sin[z]} = \frac{\dot{i}}{b} + \frac{1}{\dot{i}b+(a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})e^{\dot{i}z}} + \frac{1}{\dot{i}b+(a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})e^{\dot{i}z}} = -\frac{\dot{i}}{b} + \frac{e^{\dot{i}z}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-\dot{i}be^{\dot{i}z}} + \frac{e^{\dot{i}z}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-\dot{i}be^{\dot{i}z}}$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\sin[z]}{a+b\cos[z]} = -\frac{\dot{n}}{b} + \frac{\dot{n}}{b+(a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})e^{\dot{n}z}} + \frac{\dot{n}}{b+(a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})e^{\dot{n}z}} = \frac{\dot{n}}{b} - \frac{\dot{n}e^{\dot{n}z}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+be^{\dot{n}z}} - \frac{\dot{n}e^{\dot{n}z}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+be^{\dot{n}z}}$$

Note: Although the first expansion is simpler, the second is used so the antiderivative will be expressed in terms of $e^{i(c+dx)}$ rather than $e^{-i(c+dx)}$.

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a^2 - b^2 > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{i (e+fx)^{m+1}}{b f (m+1)} + \int \frac{(e+fx)^m e^{i (c+dx)}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-i b e^{i (c+dx)}} dx + \int \frac{(e+fx)^m e^{i (c+dx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-i b e^{i (c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \big[\, (e_{-} + f_{-} * x_{-}) \, ^{} m_{-} * \operatorname{Cos} [\, c_{-} + d_{-} * x_{-}] \, / \, (a_{-} + b_{-} * \operatorname{Sin} [\, c_{-} + d_{-} * x_{-}] \,) \, , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \big] \, := \\ & - \operatorname{Ix} \, (e + f * x) \, ^{} \, (m + 1) \, / \, (b * f * \, (m + 1)) \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \big[\, (e + f * x) \, ^{} \, m * E^{\, \prime} \, (\operatorname{Ix} \, (c + d * x)) \, / \, (a - \operatorname{Rt} [\, a^{\, \prime} 2 - b^{\, \prime} 2 \, , 2] \, - \operatorname{Ix} b * E^{\, \prime} \, (\operatorname{Ix} \, (c + d * x)) \,) \, , x_{-} \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \big[\, (e + f * x) \, ^{} \, m * E^{\, \prime} \, (\operatorname{Ix} \, (c + d * x)) \, / \, (a + \operatorname{Rt} [\, a^{\, \prime} 2 - b^{\, \prime} 2 \, , 2] \, - \operatorname{Ix} b * E^{\, \prime} \, (\operatorname{Ix} \, (c + d * x)) \,) \, , x_{-} \, \big] \, \, / \, ; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \big[\{ a, b, c, d, e, f \} \, , x_{-} \, \} \, \, \& \, \operatorname{IGtQ} \big[m, 0 \big] \, \, \& \, \operatorname{PosQ} \big[a^{\, \prime} 2 - b^{\, \prime} 2 \big] \, \end{split}$$

Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]/(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
 I*(e+f*x)^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1)) I*Int[(e+f*x)^m*E^(I*(c+d*x))/(a-Rt[a^2-b^2,2]+b*E^(I*(c+d*x))),x] I*Int[(e+f*x)^m*E^(I*(c+d*x))/(a+Rt[a^2-b^2,2]+b*E^(I*(c+d*x))),x] /;
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && PosQ[a^2-b^2]

3:
$$\int \frac{(e + f x)^m \cos[c + d x]}{a + b \sin[c + d x]} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge a^2 - b^2 \ngeq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\cos[z]}{a+b\sin[z]} = -\frac{i}{b} + \frac{i e^{iz}}{i a-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} + b e^{iz}} + \frac{i e^{iz}}{i a+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2} + b e^{iz}}$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\sin[z]}{a+b\cos[z]} = \frac{\dot{a}}{b} + \frac{e^{\dot{a}z}}{\dot{a}a-\sqrt{-a^2+b^2+\dot{a}b}e^{\dot{a}z}} + \frac{e^{\dot{a}z}}{\dot{a}a+\sqrt{-a^2+b^2+\dot{a}b}e^{\dot{a}z}}$$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a^2 - b^2 \ngeq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{i(e+fx)^{m+1}}{bf(m+1)} + i \int \frac{(e+fx)^m e^{i(c+dx)}}{\int a+b e^{i(c+dx)}} dx + i \int \frac{(e+fx)^m e^{i(c+dx)}}{\int a+b e^{i(c+dx)}} dx$$

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Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]/(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    -I*(e+f*x)^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1)) +
    I*Int[(e+f*x)^m*E^(I*(c+d*x))/(I*a-Rt[-a^2+b^2,2]+b*E^(I*(c+d*x))),x] +
    I*Int[(e+f*x)^m*E^(I*(c+d*x))/(I*a+Rt[-a^2+b^2,2]+b*E^(I*(c+d*x))),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && NegQ[a^2-b^2]
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 \begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e_{-} + f_{-} * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * \operatorname{Sin} [c_{-} + d_{-} * x_{-}] \, / \, (a_{-} + b_{-} * \operatorname{Cos} [c_{-} + d_{-} * x_{-}]) \, , x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol} \right] := \\ & \operatorname{I*} \left( e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} + \operatorname{Imt} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a - \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, , x_{-} \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, , x_{-} \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, , x_{-} \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, , x_{-} \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, , x_{-} \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, , x_{-} \right] \, \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Rt} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, / \, (\operatorname{I*} a + \operatorname{Im} \left[ - a^{2} + b^{2}, 2 \right] + \operatorname{I*} b * E^{-} \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \, \right] \, + \\ & \operatorname{Int} \left[ \, (e + f * x_{-}) \, ^{m}_{-} * \left( \operatorname{I*} \left( c + d * x_{-} \right) \right) \,
```

2.
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } n-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
1:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } n-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge a^2-b^2=0$$

Basis: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\frac{\cos[z]^2}{a+b\sin[z]} = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{\sin[z]}{b}$

Rule: If $n - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int (e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^{n-2} dx - \frac{1}{b} \int (e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^{n-2} \sin[c+dx] dx$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Cos}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } n-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge a^2-b^2 \neq 0 \ \bigwedge \ m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\cos[z]^2}{a+b\sin[z]} = \frac{a}{b^2} - \frac{\sin[z]}{b} - \frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2 (a+b\sin[z])}$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\sin[z]^2}{a+b\cos[z]} = \frac{a}{b^2} - \frac{\cos[z]}{b} - \frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2(a+b\cos[z])}$$

Rule: If $n-1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e + f x)^m \cos[c + d x]^n}{a + b \sin[c + d x]} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{a}{b^2} \int (e + f x)^m \cos[c + d x]^{n-2} dx - \frac{1}{b} \int (e + f x)^m \cos[c + d x]^{n-2} \sin[c + d x] dx - \frac{a^2 - b^2}{b^2} \int \frac{(e + f x)^m \cos[c + d x]^{n-2}}{a + b \sin[c + d x]} dx$$

Program code:

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Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_/(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    a/b^2*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^(n-2),x] -
    1/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^(n-2)*Sin[c+d*x],x] -
    (a^2-b^2)/b^2*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^(n-2)/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[n,1] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0]
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_/(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    a/b^2*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]^(n-2),x] -
    1/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]^(n-2)*Cos[c+d*x],x] -
    (a^2-b^2)/b^2*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]^(n-2)/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[n,1] && NeQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IGtQ[m,0]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\operatorname{Tan}[z]^{p}}{a+b\operatorname{Sin}[z]} = \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[z]\operatorname{Tan}[z]^{p-1}}{b} - \frac{a\operatorname{Sec}[z]\operatorname{Tan}[z]^{p-1}}{b(a+b\operatorname{Sin}[z])}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \to \frac{1}{b} \int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx] \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]^{n-1} dx - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx] \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]^{n-1}}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx$$

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Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Tan[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sec[c+d*x]*Tan[c+d*x]^(n-1),x] - a/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sec[c+d*x]*Tan[c+d*x]^(n-1)/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Csc[c+d*x]*Cot[c+d*x]^(n-1),x] - a/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Csc[c+d*x]*Cot[c+d*x]^(n-1)/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

4:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cot[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\text{Cot}[z]^n}{a+b \sin[z]} = \frac{\text{Cot}[z]^n}{a} - \frac{b \cos[z] \cot[z]^{n-1}}{a (a+b \sin[z])}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cot[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int (e+fx)^m \cot[c+dx]^n dx - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx] \cot[c+dx]^{n-1}}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

Program code:

$$Int \big[(e_. + f_. * x_-) ^m_. * Cot[c_. + d_. * x_-] ^n_. / (a_+ b_. * Sin[c_. + d_. * x_-]) , x_Symbol \big] := \\ 1/a * Int[(e + f * x) ^m * Cot[c + d * x] ^n, x] - b/a * Int[(e + f * x) ^m * Cos[c + d * x] * Cot[c + d * x] ^n, x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f\},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]$$

$$Int \big[(e_.+f_.*x_-)^m_.*Tan[c_.+d_.*x_-]^n_./(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_-]), x_Symbol \big] := \\ 1/a*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Tan[c+d*x]^n,x] - b/a*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]*Tan[c+d*x]^(n-1)/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d,e,f\},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0] \\ \end{aligned}$$

5.
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx$$
1:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If
$$a^2 - b^2 = 0$$
, then $\frac{1}{a+b \sin[z]} = \frac{\sec[z]^2}{a} - \frac{\sec[z] \tan[z]}{b}$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \to \frac{1}{a} \int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^{n+2} dx - \frac{1}{b} \int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^{n+1} \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx] dx$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\, (\text{e}_{-}\cdot + \text{f}_{-}\cdot * \text{x}_{-}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{-}\cdot \text{Csc} \, [\text{c}_{-}\cdot + \text{d}_{-}\cdot * \text{x}_{-}] \, ^{\text{n}}_{-} / \, (\text{a}_{-}\cdot \text{b}_{-}\cdot \text{Cos} \, [\text{c}_{-}\cdot + \text{d}_{-}\cdot * \text{x}_{-}]) \, , \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1/\text{a} \times \text{Int} \, [\, (\text{e} + \text{f} \times \text{x}) \, ^{\text{m}} \times \text{Csc} \, [\text{c} + \text{d} \times \text{x}] \, ^{\text{n}} \, (\text{n} + 2) \, , \text{x} \big] \quad - \\ & 1/\text{b} \times \text{Int} \, [\, (\text{e} + \text{f} \times \text{x}) \, ^{\text{m}} \times \text{Csc} \, [\text{c} + \text{d} \times \text{x}] \, ^{\text{n}} \, (\text{n} + 1) \, \times \text{Cot} \, [\text{c} + \text{d} \times \text{x}] \, , \text{x} \big] \quad /; \\ & \text{FreeQ} \big[\{ \text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n} \}, \text{x} \big] \quad \&\& \quad \text{IGtQ} \big[\text{m}, 0 \big] \quad \&\& \quad \text{EqQ} \big[\text{a}^2 - \text{b}^2 2, 0 \big] \end{split}$$

2:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\sec[z]^2}{a+b\sin[z]} = -\frac{b^2}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\sin[z])} + \frac{\sec[z]^2(a-b\sin[z])}{a^2-b^2}$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\text{Csc}[z]^2}{a+b \cos[z]} = -\frac{b^2}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cos[z])} + \frac{\text{Csc}[z]^2(a-b \cos[z])}{a^2-b^2}$$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a^2 - b^2 \neq 0 \land n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow -\frac{b^2}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^{n-2}}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx + \frac{1}{a^2-b^2} \int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^n (a-b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]) dx$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int} \left[\text{ (e_.+f_.*x_.) ^m_.*Csc[c_.+d_.*x_.] ^n_./ (a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_.]) , x_. Symbol} \right] := & -b^2/(a^2-b^2) * \operatorname{Int} \left[\text{ (e+f*x) ^m*Csc[c+d*x] ^n* (a-2) / (a+b*Cos[c+d*x]) , x} \right] + & 1/(a^2-b^2) * \operatorname{Int} \left[\text{ (e+f*x) ^m*Csc[c+d*x] ^n* (a-b*Cos[c+d*x]) , x} \right] /; \\ & \operatorname{FreeQ} \left[\left\{ a,b,c,d,e,f \right\},x \right] & \& & \operatorname{IGtQ}[m,0] & \& & \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2-b^2,0] & \& & \operatorname{IGtQ}[n,0] \\ \end{split}$$

6:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m\mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\frac{\operatorname{Csc}[z]^n}{a+b\operatorname{Sin}[z]} = \frac{\operatorname{Csc}[z]^n}{a} - \frac{b\operatorname{Csc}[z]^{n-1}}{a(a+b\operatorname{Sin}[z])}$$

Rule: If
$$(m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \, \to \, \frac{1}{a} \int (e+fx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]^n dx - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]^{n-1}}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/a*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Csc[c+d*x]^n,x] - b/a*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Csc[c+d*x]^(n-1)/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int} \big[\, (\text{e}_{-} \cdot + \text{f}_{-} \cdot \times \text{x}_{-}) \, ^{\text{m}}_{-} \cdot \text{Sec} \, [\text{c}_{-} \cdot + \text{d}_{-} \cdot \times \text{x}_{-}] \, ^{\text{n}}_{-} \cdot \Big/ \, (\text{a}_{-} \cdot \text{b}_{-} \cdot \text{Cos} \, [\text{c}_{-} \cdot + \text{d}_{-} \cdot \times \text{x}_{-}]) \, , \text{x_Symbol} \big] := \\ & 1/\text{a} \cdot \text{Int} \, [\, (\text{e} \cdot + \text{f} \cdot \times \text{x}) \, ^{\text{m}} \cdot \text{Sec} \, [\text{c} \cdot + \text{d} \cdot \times \text{x}_{-}] \,) \, , \text{x} \, \Big] \, & \text{b} \cdot \text{a} \cdot \text{Int} \, [\, (\text{e} \cdot + \text{f} \cdot \times \text{x}) \, ^{\text{m}} \cdot \text{Sec} \, [\text{c} \cdot + \text{d} \cdot \times \text{x}_{-}] \,) \, / \, (\text{a} \cdot + \text{b} \cdot \text{Cos} \, [\text{c} \cdot + \text{d} \cdot \times \text{x}_{-}] \,) \, , \text{x} \, \Big] \, & \text{freeQ} \, [\, (\text{e} \cdot + \text{f} \cdot \times \text{x}) \, ^{\text{m}} \cdot \text{Sec} \, [\text{c} \cdot + \text{d} \cdot \times \text{x}_{-}] \,) \, & \text{sec} \, \text{IGtQ} \, [\text{m}, \text{0}] \, & \text{sec} \, \text{IGtQ} \, [\text{m}, \text{0}] \, \Big] \, & \text{sec} \, \text{IGtQ} \, [\text{m}, \text{0}] \, \\ & \text{sec} \, \text{IGtQ} \, [\text{m}, \text{0}] \, & \text{sec} \, \text{IGtQ} \, [\text{m}, \text{0}$$

U:
$$\int \frac{(e + f x)^m \operatorname{Trig}[c + d x]^n}{a + b \sin[c + d x]} dx$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Trig}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \to \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Trig}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*F_[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(e+f*x)^m*F[c+d*x]^n/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && TrigQ[F]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*F_[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(e+f*x)^m*F[c+d*x]^n/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && TrigQ[F]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \operatorname{Trig}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m\mid n\mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$
1:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \sin[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m\mid n\mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis:
$$\frac{z^n}{a+bz} = \frac{z^{n-1}}{b} - \frac{az^{n-1}}{b(a+bz)}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \sin[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{b} \int (e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \sin[c+dx]^{n-1} dx - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \sin[c+dx]^{n-1}}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

2:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \tan[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\operatorname{Tan}[z]^{p}}{\operatorname{a+b}\operatorname{Sin}[z]} = \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[z]\operatorname{Tan}[z]^{p-1}}{\operatorname{b}} - \frac{\operatorname{a}\operatorname{Sec}[z]\operatorname{Tan}[z]^{p-1}}{\operatorname{b}(\operatorname{a+b}\operatorname{Sin}[z])}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(e+f\,x\right)^{m} \left(\cos\left[c+d\,x\right]^{p} \left(\tan\left[c+d\,x\right]^{n}\right)}{a+b \sin\left[c+d\,x\right]} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{b} \int \left(e+f\,x\right)^{m} \left(\cos\left[c+d\,x\right]^{p-1} \left(a+d\,x\right]^{p-1} \, dx - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{\left(e+f\,x\right)^{m} \left(\cos\left[c+d\,x\right]^{p-1} \left(a+d\,x\right]^{p-1} \, dx}{a+b \sin\left[c+d\,x\right]} \, dx}{a+b \sin\left[c+d\,x\right]} \, dx$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^p_.*Tan[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
1/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^(p-1)*Tan[c+d*x]^(n-1),x] -
a/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^(p-1)*Tan[c+d*x]^(n-1)/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^p_.*Cot[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    1/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]^(p-1)*Cot[c+d*x]^(n-1),x] -
    a/b*Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]^(p-1)*Cot[c+d*x]^(n-1)/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Cos}[c+dx]^p \operatorname{Cot}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\operatorname{Cot}[z]^n}{a+b\sin[z]} = \frac{\operatorname{Cot}[z]^n}{a} - \frac{b\operatorname{Cot}[z]^{n-1}\operatorname{Cos}[z]}{a(a+b\sin[z])}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \cot[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int (e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \cot[c+dx]^n dx - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^{p+1} \cot[c+dx]^{n-1}}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

4:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Cos}[c+dx]^p \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Basis:
$$\frac{\operatorname{Csc}[z]^n}{\operatorname{a+b}\operatorname{Sin}[z]} = \frac{\operatorname{Csc}[z]^n}{\operatorname{a}} - \frac{\operatorname{b}\operatorname{Csc}[z]^{n-1}}{\operatorname{a}(\operatorname{a+b}\operatorname{Sin}[z])}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \csc[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int (e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \csc[c+dx]^n dx - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \csc[c+dx]^{n-1}}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

Program code:

U:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \cos[c+dx]^p \operatorname{Trig}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{\left(\texttt{e}+\texttt{f}\,\texttt{x}\right)^\texttt{m}\,\texttt{Cos}\,\texttt{[c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]^\texttt{p}\,\texttt{Trig}\,\texttt{[c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]^\texttt{n}}{\texttt{a}+\texttt{b}\,\texttt{Sin}\,\texttt{[c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]}\,\texttt{d}\texttt{x} \,\to\, \int \frac{\left(\texttt{e}+\texttt{f}\,\texttt{x}\right)^\texttt{m}\,\texttt{Cos}\,\texttt{[c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]^\texttt{p}\,\texttt{Trig}\,\texttt{[c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]^\texttt{n}}{\texttt{a}+\texttt{b}\,\texttt{Sin}\,\texttt{[c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]}\,\texttt{d}\texttt{x}$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^p_.*F_[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]^p*F[c+d*x]^n/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && TrigQ[F]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^p_.*F_[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_./(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
    Unintegrable[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]^p*F[c+d*x]^n/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && TrigQ[F]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Trig}[c+dx]^n}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[z]} = \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[z]}{b+a \operatorname{Cos}[z]}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(\texttt{e}+\texttt{f}\,\texttt{x}\right)^\texttt{m}\,\texttt{Trig}[\texttt{c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]^\texttt{n}}{\texttt{a}+\texttt{b}\,\texttt{Sec}\,[\texttt{c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]}\,\,\texttt{d}\texttt{x}\,\,\to\,\,\int \frac{\left(\texttt{e}+\texttt{f}\,\texttt{x}\right)^\texttt{m}\,\texttt{Cos}[\texttt{c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]\,\,\texttt{Trig}[\texttt{c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]^\texttt{n}}{\texttt{b}+\texttt{a}\,\texttt{Cos}[\texttt{c}+\texttt{d}\,\texttt{x}]}\,\,\texttt{d}\texttt{x}$$

Program code:

4:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^m \operatorname{Trig1}[c+dx]^n \operatorname{Trig2}[c+dx]^p}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]} dx \text{ when } (m\mid n\mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Basis:
$$\frac{1}{a+b \operatorname{Sec}[z]} = \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[z]}{b+a \operatorname{Cos}[z]}$$

Rule: If $(m \mid n \mid p) \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \frac{(e+f\,x)^m\, Trig1[c+d\,x]^n\, Trig2[c+d\,x]^p}{a+b\, Sec[c+d\,x]}\, dx \,\,\rightarrow\,\, \int \frac{(e+f\,x)^m\, Cos[c+d\,x]\,\, Trig1[c+d\,x]^n\, Trig2[c+d\,x]^p}{b+a\, Cos[c+d\,x]}\, dx$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*F_[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_.*G_[c_.+d_.*x_]^p_./(a_+b_.*Sec[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(e+f*x)^m*Cos[c+d*x]*F[c+d*x]^n*G[c+d*x]^p/(b+a*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && TrigQ[F] && IntegersQ[m,n,p]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*F_[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_.*G_[c_.+d_.*x_]^p_./(a_+b_.*Csc[c_.+d_.*x_]),x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(e+f*x)^m*Sin[c+d*x]*F[c+d*x]^n*G[c+d*x]^p/(b+a*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
   FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && TrigQ[F] && IntegersQ[m,n,p]
```

Rules for integrands involving trig functions

- 0. $\left[\sin[a+bx]^p \operatorname{Trig}[c+dx]^q dx\right]$
 - 1: $\left[\sin[a+bx]^p\sin[c+dx]^qdx\right]$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$\sin[v]^p \sin[w]^q = \frac{1}{2^{p+q}} (i e^{-i v} - i e^{i v})^p (i e^{-i w} - i e^{i w})^q$$

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int Sin[a+bx]^{p} Sin[c+dx]^{q} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2^{p+q}} \int \left(i e^{-i(c+dx)} - i e^{i(c+dx)}\right)^{q} ExpandIntegrand \left[\left(i e^{-i(a+bx)} - i e^{i(a+bx)}\right)^{p}, x\right] dx$$

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_]^p_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/2^(p+q)*Int[ExpandIntegrand[(E^(-I*(c+d*x))+E^(I*(c+d*x)))^q,(E^(-I*(a+b*x))+E^(I*(a+b*x)))^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,q},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && Not[IntegerQ[q]]
```

2: $\left[\sin[a+bx]^{p}\cos[c+dx]^{q}dx\right]$ when $p \in \mathbb{Z}^{+} \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $Sin[v]^p Cos[w]^q = \frac{1}{2^{p+q}} \left(i e^{-i v} - i e^{i v}\right)^p \left(e^{-i w} + e^{i w}\right)^q$

Rule: If $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int Sin[a+b\,x]^p \, Cos[c+d\,x]^q \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{1}{2^{p+q}} \, \int \left(e^{-i\,\,(c+d\,x)} + e^{i\,\,(c+d\,x)}\right)^q \, ExpandIntegrand \left[\left(i\,e^{-i\,\,(a+b\,x)} - i\,e^{i\,\,(a+b\,x)}\right)^p, \, x\right] \, dx$$

Program code:

3: $\left[\sin[a+bx] \tan[c+dx] dx \text{ when } b^2-d^2 \neq 0\right]$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

- Basis: $Sin[v] Tan[w] = \frac{e^{-iv}}{2} \frac{e^{iv}}{2} \frac{e^{-iv}}{1 + e^{2iw}} + \frac{e^{iv}}{1 + e^{2iw}}$
- Basis: Cos[v] $Cot[w] = \frac{\dot{n} e^{-\dot{n} v}}{2} + \frac{\dot{n} e^{\dot{n} v}}{2} \frac{\dot{n} e^{-\dot{n} v}}{1 e^{2\dot{n} w}} \frac{\dot{n} e^{\dot{n} v}}{1 e^{2\dot{n} w}}$

Rule: If $b^2 - d^2 \neq 0$, then

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]*Tan[c_.+d_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   Int[E^(-I*(a+b*x))/2 - E^(I*(a+b*x))/2 - E^(-I*(a+b*x))/(1+E^(2*I*(c+d*x))) + E^(I*(a+b*x))/(1+E^(2*I*(c+d*x))),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NeQ[b^2-d^2,0]
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[a_.+b_.*x_] * \text{Cot}[c_.+d_.*x_] , x_\text{Symbol}] := \\ & \text{Int}[\text{I}*\text{E}^{(-I*(a+b*x))/2} + \text{I}*\text{E}^{(I*(a+b*x))/2} - \text{I}*\text{E}^{(-I*(a+b*x))/(1-E^{(2*I*(c+d*x)))}} - \text{I}*\text{E}^{(I*(a+b*x))/(1-E^{(2*I*(c+d*x)))}}, x] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d\},x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2-d^22,0] \end{split}$$

4: $\int \sin[a+bx] \cot[c+dx] dx \text{ when } b^2-d^2\neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

- Basis: $Sin[v] Cot[w] = -\frac{e^{-iv}}{2} + \frac{e^{iv}}{2} + \frac{e^{-iv}}{1 e^{2iw}} \frac{e^{iv}}{1 e^{2iw}}$
- Basis: Cos[v] Tan[w] == $-\frac{i \cdot e^{-i \cdot v}}{2} \frac{i \cdot e^{i \cdot v}}{2} + \frac{i \cdot e^{-i \cdot v}}{1 + e^{2i \cdot w}} + \frac{i \cdot e^{i \cdot v}}{1 + e^{2i \cdot w}}$
 - Rule: If $b^2 d^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int Sin[a+bx] \ Cot[c+dx] \ dx \ \to \ \int \left(-\frac{e^{-i(a+bx)}}{2} + \frac{e^{i(a+bx)}}{2} + \frac{e^{-i(a+bx)}}{1-e^{2i(c+dx)}} - \frac{e^{i(a+bx)}}{1-e^{2i(c+dx)}} \right) \ dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]*Cot[c_.+d_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
   Int[-E^(-I*(a+b*x))/2 + E^(I*(a+b*x))/2 + E^(-I*(a+b*x))/(1-E^(2*I*(c+d*x))) - E^(I*(a+b*x))/(1-E^(2*I*(c+d*x))),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && NeQ[b^2-d^2,0]
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[a\_.+b\_.*x\_]*\text{Tan}[c\_.+d\_.*x\_],x\_\text{Symbol}] := \\ & \text{Int}[-\text{I}*\text{E}^{(-\text{I}*(a+b*x))/2} - \text{I}*\text{E}^{((\text{I}*(a+b*x))/2} + \text{I}*\text{E}^{((-\text{I}*(a+b*x))/(1+E^{(2*\text{I}*(c+d*x))})} + \text{I}*\text{E}^{((\text{I}*(a+b*x))/(1+E^{(2*\text{I}*(c+d*x))}),x]} /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d\},x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2-d^22,0] \end{split}
```

1: $\int \sin\left[\frac{a}{c+dx}\right]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: $F\left[\frac{a}{c+dx}\right] = -\frac{1}{d} \text{ Subst}\left[\frac{F\left[a \times I\right]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{c+dx}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{c+dx}$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int Sin \left[\frac{a}{c+d\,x}\right]^n dx \, \rightarrow \, -\frac{1}{d} \, Subst \left[\int \frac{Sin \left[a\,x\right]^n}{x^2} \, dx, \, x, \, \frac{1}{c+d\,x}\right]$$

Program code:

2.
$$\int \sin\left[\frac{a+bx}{c+dx}\right]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

1:
$$\int \sin \left[\frac{a + bx}{c + dx} \right]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land bc - ad \neq 0$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$F\left[\frac{a+b \times}{c+d \times}\right] = -\frac{1}{d} \text{ Subst}\left[\frac{F\left[\frac{b}{d} - \frac{(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \times}{d}\right]}{x^2}, x, \frac{1}{c+d \times}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{c+d \times}$$

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land bc - ad \neq 0$, then

$$\int \sin\left[\frac{a+bx}{c+dx}\right]^{n} dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\sin\left[\frac{b}{d} - \frac{(b\,c-a\,d)\,x}{d}\right]^{n}}{x^{2}} dx, \, x, \, \frac{1}{c+d\,x}\right]$$

$$Int \left[Sin \left[e_{*}(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-}) / (c_{+}d_{*}x_{-}) \right]^{n}_{,x} Symbol \right] := \\ -1/d * Subst \left[Int \left[Sin \left[b * e/d - e * (b * c - a * d) * x / d \right]^{n} / x^{2}, x \right], x, 1/(c + d * x) \right] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d\},x] & & IGtQ[n,0] & NeQ[b * c - a * d,0]$$

 $Int \left[Cos \left[e_{*}(a_{+}b_{*}x_{-}) / (c_{+}d_{*}x_{-}) \right]^{n_{*}} x_{symbol} \right] := \\ -1/d \cdot Subst \left[Int \left[Cos \left[b \cdot e / d - e \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x / d \right]^{n} / x^{2}, x \right] x_{symbol} \right] /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,b,c,d\},x] & & IGtQ[n,0] & NeQ[b \cdot c - a \cdot d,0]$

2: $\int Sin[u]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge u = \frac{a+b \cdot x}{c+d \cdot x}$

IGtQ[n,0] && QuotientOfLinearsQ[u,x]

Int[Cos[(lst[[1]]+lst[[2]]*x)/(lst[[3]]+lst[[4]]*x)]^n,x]] /;

- **Derivation: Algebraic normalization**
- Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge u = \frac{a+bx}{c+dx}$, then

$$\int \sin[u]^n dx \rightarrow \int \sin\left[\frac{a+bx}{c+dx}\right]^n dx$$

```
Int[Sin[u_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=QuotientOfLinearsParts[u,x]},
  Int[Sin[(lst[[1]]+lst[[2]]*x)/(lst[[3]]+lst[[4]]*x)]^n,x]] /;
IGtQ[n,0] && QuotientOfLinearsQ[u,x]

Int[Cos[u_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=QuotientOfLinearsParts[u,x]},
```

3. $\int u \sin[v]^p \operatorname{Trig}[w]^q dx$

1. $\int u \sin[v]^p \sin[w]^q dx$

1: $\int u \sin[v]^p \sin[w]^q dx$ when w = v

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Rule: If w = v, then

$$\int\!\!u\,\text{Sin}[v]^p\,\text{Sin}[w]^q\,\text{d}x\ \to\ \int\!\!u\,\text{Sin}[v]^{p+q}\,\text{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*Sin[v_]^p_.*Sin[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[u*Sin[v]^(p+q),x] /;
EqQ[w,v]

Int[u_.*Cos[v_]^p_.*Cos[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[u*Cos[v]^(p+q),x] /;
EqQ[w,v]
```

2: $\left[\sin[v]^p\sin[w]^qdx\right]$ when $(p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int Sin[v]^p Sin[w]^q dx \rightarrow \int TrigReduce[Sin[v]^p Sin[w]^q] dx$$

(PolynomialQ[v,x] && PolynomialQ[w,x] || BinomialQ[{v,w},x] && IndependentQ[Cancel[v/w],x]) && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0]

```
Int[Sin[v_]^p_.*Sin[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[Sin[v]^p*Sin[w]^q,x],x] /;
(PolynomialQ[v,x] && PolynomialQ[w,x] || BinomialQ[{v,w},x] && IndependentQ[Cancel[v/w],x]) && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0]

Int[Cos[v_]^p_.*Cos[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[Cos[v]^p*Cos[w]^q,x],x] /;
```

3: $\int \mathbf{x}^{m} \sin[\mathbf{v}]^{p} \sin[\mathbf{w}]^{q} d\mathbf{x} when (m \mid p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(m \mid p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \!\! x^m \, \text{Sin}[v]^p \, \text{Sin}[w]^q \, dx \,\, \rightarrow \,\, \int \!\! x^m \, \text{TrigReduce}[\text{Sin}[v]^p \, \text{Sin}[w]^q] \,\, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[v_]^p_.*Sin[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^m,Sin[v]^p*Sin[w]^q,x],x] /;
IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && (PolynomialQ[v,x] && PolynomialQ[w,x] || BinomialQ[{v,w},x] && IndependentQ[Cancel[v/w],x])

Int[x_^m_.*Cos[v_]^p_.*Cos[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^m,Cos[v]^p*Cos[w]^q,x],x] /;
IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && (PolynomialQ[v,x] && PolynomialQ[w,x] || BinomialQ[{v,w},x] && IndependentQ[Cancel[v/w],x])
```

2. $\int u \sin[v]^p \cos[w]^q dx$

1: $\int u \sin[v]^p \cos[w]^p dx \text{ when } w = v \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $Sin[z] Cos[z] = \frac{1}{2} Sin[2z]$

Rule: If $w = v \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int\!\!u\,\text{Sin}[v]^p\,\text{Cos}[w]^p\,\text{d}x\;\to\;\frac{1}{2^p}\int\!\!u\,\text{Sin}[2\,v]^p\,\text{d}x$$

```
Int[u_.*Sin[v_]^p_.*Cos[w_]^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/2^p*Int[u*Sin[2*v]^p,x] /;
EqQ[w,v] && IntegerQ[p]
```

2: $\int Sin[v]^p Cos[w]^q dx$ when $(p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int Sin[v]^p Cos[w]^q dx \rightarrow \int TrigReduce[Sin[v]^p Cos[w]^q] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sin[v_]^p_.*Cos[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[Sin[v]^p*Cos[w]^q,x],x] /;
IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && (PolynomialQ[v,x] && PolynomialQ[w,x] || BinomialQ[{v,w},x] && IndependentQ[Cancel[v/w],x])
```

3: $\int x^{m} \sin[v]^{p} \cos[w]^{q} dx \text{ when } (m \mid p \mid q) \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(m | p | q) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \! x^m \, Sin[v]^p \, Cos[w]^q \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \int \! x^m \, TrigReduce[Sin[v]^p \, Cos[w]^q] \, dx$$

```
Int[x_^m_.*Sin[v_]^p_.*Cos[w_]^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^m,Sin[v]^p*Cos[w]^q,x],x] /;
IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[p,0] && IGtQ[q,0] && (PolynomialQ[v,x] && PolynomialQ[w,x] || BinomialQ[{v,w},x] && IndependentQ[Cancel[v/w],x])
```

```
3. \int u \sin[v]^p \tan[w]^q dx
```

1:
$$\int \sin[v] \tan[w]^n dx \text{ when } n > 0 \ \land \ x \notin v - w \ \land \ w \neq v$$

Basis:
$$Sin[v] Tan[w] = -Cos[v] + Cos[v-w] Sec[w]$$

Basis:
$$Cos[v] Cot[w] = -Sin[v] + Cos[v - w] Csc[w]$$

Rule: If $n > 0 \land x \notin v - w \land w \neq v$, then

$$\int Sin[v] Tan[w]^n dx \rightarrow - \int Cos[v] Tan[w]^{n-1} dx + Cos[v-w] \int Sec[w] Tan[w]^{n-1} dx$$

```
Int[Sin[v_]*Tan[w_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  -Int[Cos[v]*Tan[w]^(n-1),x] + Cos[v-w]*Int[Sec[w]*Tan[w]^(n-1),x] /;
GtQ[n,0] && FreeQ[v-w,x] && NeQ[w,v]
```

```
Int[Cos[v_]*Cot[w_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   -Int[Sin[v]*Cot[w]^(n-1),x] + Cos[v-w]*Int[Csc[w]*Cot[w]^(n-1),x] /;
GtQ[n,0] && FreeQ[v-w,x] && NeQ[w,v]
```

4. $\int u \sin[v]^p \cot[w]^q dx$

1: $\int \sin[v] \cot[w]^n dx$ when $n > 0 \land x \notin v - w \land w \neq v$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: Sin[v] Cot[w] = Cos[v] + Sin[v - w] Csc[w]

Basis: Cos[v] Tan[w] = Sin[v] - Sin[v - w] Sec[w]

Rule: If $n > 0 \land x \notin v - w \land w \neq v$, then

$$\int Sin[v] \ Cot[w]^n \ dx \ \rightarrow \ \int Cos[v] \ Cot[w]^{n-1} \ dx + Sin[v-w] \ \int Csc[w] \ Cot[w]^{n-1} \ dx$$

```
Int[Sin[v_]*Cot[w_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[Cos[v]*Cot[w]^(n-1),x] + Sin[v-w]*Int[Csc[w]*Cot[w]^(n-1),x] /;
GtQ[n,0] && FreeQ[v-w,x] && NeQ[w,v]
```

```
Int[Cos[v_]*Tan[w_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[Sin[v]*Tan[w]^(n-1),x] - Sin[v-w]*Int[Sec[w]*Tan[w]^(n-1),x] /;
GtQ[n,0] && FreeQ[v-w,x] && NeQ[w,v]
```

```
5. \int u \sin[v]^p \sec[w]^q dx
```

1: $\int \sin[v] \sec[w]^n dx \text{ when } n > 0 \ \bigwedge x \notin v - w \ \bigwedge w \neq v$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$Sin[v] Sec[w] = Cos[v-w] Tan[w] + Sin[v-w]$$

Basis:
$$Cos[v] * Csc[w] = Cos[v-w] * Cot[w] - Sin[v-w]$$

Rule: If $n > 0 \land x \notin v - w \land w \neq v$, then

$$\int Sin[v] Sec[w]^n dx \rightarrow Cos[v-w] \int Tan[w] Sec[w]^{n-1} dx + Sin[v-w] \int Sec[w]^{n-1} dx$$

```
Int[Sin[v_]*Sec[w_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Cos[v-w]*Int[Tan[w]*Sec[w]^(n-1),x] + Sin[v-w]*Int[Sec[w]^(n-1),x] /;
GtQ[n,0] && FreeQ[v-w,x] && NeQ[w,v]
```

```
Int[Cos[v_]*Csc[w_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Cos[v-w]*Int[Cot[w]*Csc[w]^(n-1),x] - Sin[v-w]*Int[Csc[w]^(n-1),x] /;
GtQ[n,0] && FreeQ[v-w,x] && NeQ[w,v]
```

6. $\left[u \sin[v]^p \csc[w]^q dx\right]$

1: $\int \sin[v] \csc[w]^n dx$ when $n > 0 \land x \notin v - w \land w \neq v$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: Sin[v] Csc[w] = Sin[v-w] Cot[w] + Cos[v-w]

Basis: Cos[v] Sec[w] = -Sin[v-w] Tan[w] + Cos[v-w]

Rule: If $n > 0 \land x \notin v - w \land w \neq v$, then

$$\int Sin[v] Csc[w]^n dx \rightarrow Sin[v-w] \int Cot[w] Csc[w]^{n-1} dx + Cos[v-w] \int Csc[w]^{n-1} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sin[v_]*Csc[w_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Sin[v-w]*Int[Cot[w]*Csc[w]^(n-1),x] + Cos[v-w]*Int[Csc[w]^(n-1),x] /;
GtQ[n,0] && FreeQ[v-w,x] && NeQ[w,v]
```

$$\begin{split} & \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[v_{-}] * \operatorname{Sec}[w_{-}] ^{n_{-}}, x_{-} \operatorname{Symbol}] := \\ & -\operatorname{Sin}[v_{-}w] * \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Tan}[w] * \operatorname{Sec}[w] ^{n_{-}}, x] + \operatorname{Cos}[v_{-}w] * \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sec}[w] ^{n_{-}}, x] /; \\ & \operatorname{GtQ}[n_{-}0] & & \operatorname{FreeQ}[v_{-}w_{-}x] & & \operatorname{NeQ}[w_{-}v_{-}] \end{aligned}$$

4:
$$\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \sin[c + d x] \cos[c + d x])^n dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $Sin[z] Cos[z] = \frac{1}{2} Sin[2z]$

Rule:

$$\int (e+fx)^m (a+b\sin[c+dx] \cos[c+dx])^n dx \rightarrow \int (e+fx)^m \left(a+\frac{1}{2}b\sin[2c+2dx]\right)^n dx$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*Sin[2*c+2*d*x]/2)^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x]
```

5: $\int \mathbf{x}^m \left(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \sin[\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{x}]^2 \right)^n \, d\mathbf{x} \text{ when } \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} \neq \mathbf{0} \ \bigwedge \ (\mathbf{m} \mid \mathbf{n}) \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{m} > \mathbf{0} \ \bigwedge \ \mathbf{n} < \mathbf{0}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $\sin[z]^2 = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos[2z])$

Note: This rule should be replaced with rules that directly reduce the integrand rather than transforming it using trig power expansion!

Rule: If $a + b \neq 0 \land (m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z} \land m > 0 \land n < 0$, then

$$\int x^{m} (a + b \sin[c + dx]^{2})^{n} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2^{n}} \int x^{m} (2a + b - b \cos[2c + 2dx])^{n} dx$$

Program code:

6:
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^m}{a+b\cos[d+ex]^2+c\sin[d+ex]^2} dx \text{ when } m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a+b \neq 0 \land a+c \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: $a + b \cos[z]^2 + c \sin[z]^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2a + b + c + (b - c) \cos[2z])$

Rule: If $m \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land a + b \neq 0 \land a + c \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^m}{a+b\cos[d+ex]^2+c\sin[d+ex]^2} dx \to 2 \int \frac{(f+gx)^m}{2a+b+c+(b-c)\cos[2d+2ex]} dx$$

7:
$$\int \frac{(e+fx) (A+B\sin[c+dx])}{(a+b\sin[c+dx])^2} dx \text{ when } aA-bB=0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If a A - b B = 0, then $\frac{(A+B\sin[c+dx])}{(a+b\sin[c+dx])^2} = -\partial_x \frac{B\cos[c+dx]}{ad(a+b\sin[c+dx])}$

Rule: If a A - b B = 0, then

$$\int \frac{(e+fx) (A+B \sin[c+dx])}{(a+b \sin[c+dx])^2} dx \rightarrow -\frac{B (e+fx) \cos[c+dx]}{a d (a+b \sin[c+dx])} + \frac{B f}{a d} \int \frac{\cos[c+dx]}{a+b \sin[c+dx]} dx$$

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)*(A_+B_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_])/(a_+b_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    -B*(e+f*x)*Cos[c+d*x]/(a*d*(a+b*Sin[c+d*x])) +
    B*f/(a*d)*Int[Cos[c+d*x]/(a+b*Sin[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,A,B},x] && EqQ[a*A-b*B,0]

Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)*(A_+B_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])/(a_+b_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    B*(e+f*x)*Sin[c+d*x]/(a*d*(a+b*Cos[c+d*x])) -
    B*f/(a*d)*Int[Sin[c+d*x]/(a+b*Cos[c+d*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,A,B},x] && EqQ[a*A-b*B,0]
```

8.
$$\int \frac{(bx)^m \sin[ax]^n}{(c\sin[ax] + dx\cos[ax])^2} dx \text{ when } ac + d = 0 \ \land m = 2 - n$$

1:
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c \sin[ax] + dx \cos[ax])^2} dx \text{ when } ac + d == 0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If a c + d == 0, then
$$\frac{x \sin[ax]}{(c \sin[ax] + d x \cos[ax])^2} == \partial_x \frac{1}{a d (c \sin[ax] + d x \cos[ax])}$$

Basis: If
$$a c + d = 0$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{x}{\sin[ax]} = \frac{(c \sin[ax] + d x \cos[ax])}{c \sin[ax]^2}$

Rule: If ac+d=0, then

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c \sin[ax] + dx \cos[ax])^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{x}{a d \sin[ax] (c \sin[ax] + dx \cos[ax])} + \frac{1}{d^2} \int \frac{1}{\sin[ax]^2} dx$$

```
Int[x_^2/(c_.*Sin[a_.*x_]+d_.*x_*Cos[a_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    x/(a*d*Sin[a*x]*(c*Sin[a*x]+d*x*Cos[a*x])) + 1/d^2*Int[1/Sin[a*x]^2,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d},x] && EqQ[a*c+d,0]

Int[x_^2/(c_.*Cos[a_.*x_]+d_.*x_*Sin[a_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    -x/(a*d*Cos[a*x]*(c*Cos[a*x]+d*x*Sin[a*x])) + 1/d^2*Int[1/Cos[a*x]^2,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d},x] && EqQ[a*c-d,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{\sin[ax]^2}{(c\sin[ax] + dx\cos[ax])^2} dx \text{ when } ac + d = 0$$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If a c + d == 0, then
$$\frac{b \times \sin[ax]}{(c \sin[ax] + d \times \cos[ax])^2} == \partial_x \frac{b}{a d (c \sin[ax] + d \times \cos[ax])}$$

Basis: If a c + d == 0
$$\wedge$$
 m == 2 - n, then $\partial_x ((bx)^{m-1} Sin[ax]^{n-1}) == -\frac{b(n-1)}{c} (bx)^{m-2} Sin[ax]^{n-2} (cSin[ax] + dxCos[ax])$

Rule: If $ac+d=0 \land m=2-n$, then

$$\int \frac{\sin[ax]^2}{\left(c\sin[ax] + dx\cos[ax]\right)^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d^2x} + \frac{\sin[ax]}{adx\left(dx\cos[ax] + c\sin[ax]\right)}$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.*x_]^2/(c_.*Sin[a_.*x_]+d_.*x_*Cos[a_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    1/(d^2*x) + Sin[a*x]/(a*d*x*(d*x*Cos[a*x]+c*Sin[a*x])) /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d},x] && EqQ[a*c+d,0]
```

```
 Int \Big[ Cos[a_.*x_]^2 / (c_.*Cos[a_.*x_] + d_.*x_*Sin[a_.*x_])^2, x_Symbol \Big] := \\ 1/(d^2*x) - Cos[a*x] / (a*d*x*(d*x*Sin[a*x] + c*Cos[a*x])) /; \\ FreeQ[\{a,c,d\},x] && EqQ[a*c-d,0]
```

3: $\int \frac{(b x)^m \sin[a x]^n}{(c \sin[a x] + d x \cos[a x])^2} dx \text{ when } ac + d == 0 \ \land m == 2 - n$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If ac+d=0, then $\frac{bx\sin[ax]}{(c\sin[ax]+dx\cos[ax])^2}=\partial_x\frac{b}{ad(c\sin[ax]+dx\cos[ax])}$

Basis: If $ac+d=0 \land m=2-n$, then $\partial_x ((bx)^{m-1} Sin[ax]^{n-1}) = -\frac{b(n-1)}{c} (bx)^{m-2} Sin[ax]^{n-2} (cSin[ax]+dxCos[ax])$

Rule: If $ac+d=0 \land m=2-n$, then

$$\int \frac{(b x)^m \sin[a x]^n}{(c \sin[a x] + d x \cos[a x])^2} dx \to \frac{b (b x)^{m-1} \sin[a x]^{n-1}}{a d (c \sin[a x] + d x \cos[a x])} - \frac{b^2 (n-1)}{d^2} \int (b x)^{m-2} \sin[a x]^{n-2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(b_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.*x_]^n_/(c_.*Sin[a_.*x_]+d_.*x_*Cos[a_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    b*(b*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a*x]^(n-1)/(a*d*(c*Sin[a*x]+d*x*Cos[a*x])) -
    b^2*(n-1)/d^2*Int[(b*x)^(m-2)*Sin[a*x]^(n-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && EqQ[a*c+d,0] && EqQ[m,2-n]
```

Int[(b_.*x_)^m_*Cos[a_.*x_]^n_/(c_.*Cos[a_.*x_]+d_.*x_*Sin[a_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
 -b*(b*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a*x]^(n-1)/(a*d*(c*Cos[a*x]+d*x*Sin[a*x])) b^2*(n-1)/d^2*Int[(b*x)^(m-2)*Cos[a*x]^(n-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && EqQ[a*c-d,0] && EqQ[m,2-n]

Rule: If $ac+d=0 \land m=n+2$, then

$$\int \frac{(b x)^m \operatorname{Csc}[a x]^n}{(c \operatorname{Sin}[a x] + d x \operatorname{Cos}[a x])^2} dx \to \frac{b (b x)^{m-1} \operatorname{Csc}[a x]^{n+1}}{a d (c \operatorname{Sin}[a x] + d x \operatorname{Cos}[a x])} + \frac{b^2 (n+1)}{d^2} \int (b x)^{m-2} \operatorname{Csc}[a x]^{n+2} dx$$

```
Int[(b_.*x_)^m_.*Csc[a_.*x_]^n_./(c_.*Sin[a_.*x_]+d_.*x_*Cos[a_.*x_])^2,x_Symbol] :=
    b*(b*x)^(m-1)*Csc[a*x]^(n+1)/(a*d*(c*Sin[a*x]+d*x*Cos[a*x])) +
    b^2*(n+1)/d^2*Int[(b*x)^(m-2)*Csc[a*x]^(n+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && EqQ[a*c+d,0] && EqQ[m,n+2]
```

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Int} \left[ \text{ (b.*x.) ^m.*Sec [a.*x.] ^n../ (c..*Cos [a.*x.] + d.*x.*sin [a.*x.]) ^2,x.symbol} \right] := \\ & -b* (b*x) ^ (m-1) * \text{Sec [a*x] ^ (n+1) / (a*d* (c*Cos [a*x] + d*x*sin [a*x])) } + \\ & b^2* (n+1) / d^2* \text{Int} \left[ \text{ (b*x) ^ (m-2) * Sec [a*x] ^ (n+2) ,x} \right] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d,m,n\},x] & \& \text{ EqQ[a*c-d,0]} & \& \text{ EqQ[m,n+2]} \end{aligned}
```

- - 1: $\int (g + h x)^p (a + b \sin[e + f x])^m (c + d \sin[e + f x])^n dx \text{ when } bc + ad == 0 \land a^2 b^2 == 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z} \land n m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $bc+ad=0 \land a^2-b^2=0$, then $(a+b\sin[z])(c+d\sin[z])=ac\cos[z]^2$

Rule: If $bc + ad = 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land m \in \mathbb{Z} \land n - m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (g+h\,x)^p\,\left(a+b\,\text{Sin}[e+f\,x]\right)^m\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}[e+f\,x]\right)^n\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,a^m\,c^m\,\int (g+h\,x)^p\,\text{Cos}[e+f\,x]^{2\,m}\,\left(c+d\,\text{Sin}[e+f\,x]\right)^{n-m}\,dx$$

```
Int[(g_.+h_.*x_)^p_.*(a_+b_.*Sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_+d_.*Sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^m*c^m*Int[(g+h*x)^p*Cos[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-m),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n-m,0]
```

```
Int[(g_.+h_.*x_)^p_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(c_+d_.*Cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    a^m*c^m*Int[(g+h*x)^p*Sin[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Cos[e+f*x])^(n-m),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n-m,0]
```

 $2: \quad \int \left(g+h\,\mathbf{x}\right)^p \, \left(a+b\,\mathrm{Sin}[\,e+f\,\mathbf{x}]\,\right)^m \, \left(c+d\,\mathrm{Sin}[\,e+f\,\mathbf{x}]\,\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}\mathbf{x} \ \, \text{when } b\,c+a\,d == 0 \ \bigwedge \ a^2-b^2 == 0 \ \bigwedge \ p \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ 2\,m \in \mathbb{Z} \ \bigwedge \ n-m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If $bc + ad = 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then $\partial_x \frac{(a+b\sin[e+fx])^m (c+d\sin[e+fx])^m}{\cos[e+fx]^{2m}} = 0$

Rule: If $bc + ad = 0 \land a^2 - b^2 = 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z} \land 2m \in \mathbb{Z} \land n - m \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (g+h\,x)^p \, (a+b\,\mathrm{Sin}[e+f\,x])^m \, (c+d\,\mathrm{Sin}[e+f\,x])^n \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \\ \left(a^{\mathrm{IntPart}[m]} \, c^{\mathrm{IntPart}[m]} \, (a+b\,\mathrm{Sin}[e+f\,x])^{\mathrm{FracPart}[m]} \, (c+d\,\mathrm{Sin}[e+f\,x])^{\mathrm{FracPart}[m]} \right) / \, \mathrm{Cos}[e+f\,x]^{2\,\mathrm{FracPart}[m]} \\ \int (g+h\,x)^p \, \mathrm{Cos}[e+f\,x]^{2\,m} \, (c+d\,\mathrm{Sin}[e+f\,x])^{n-m} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(g_.+h_.*x_)^p_.*(a_+b_.*Sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*Sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a^IntPart[m]*c^IntPart[m]*(a+b*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]/Cos[e+f*x]^(2*FracPart[m])*
    Int[(g+h*x)^p*Cos[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Sin[e+f*x])^(n-m),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*m] && IGeQ[n-m,0]
```

```
Int[(g_.+h_.*x_)^p_.*(a_+b_.*Cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(c_+d_.*Cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a^IntPart[m]*c^IntPart[m]*(a+b*Cos[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]*(c+d*Cos[e+f*x])^FracPart[m]/Sin[e+f*x]^(2*FracPart[m])*
    Int[(g+h*x)^p*Sin[e+f*x]^(2*m)*(c+d*Cos[e+f*x])^(n-m),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && EqQ[a^2-b^2,0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[2*m] && IGeQ[n-m,0]
```

10: $\int Sec[v]^m (a + b Tan[v])^n dx$ when $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge m + n = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

- Basis: $\frac{a+b \operatorname{Tan}[z]}{\operatorname{Sec}[z]} = a \operatorname{Cos}[z] + b \operatorname{Sin}[z]$
- Rule: If $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge m + n == 0$, then

$$\int Sec[v]^m (a + b Tan[v])^n dx \rightarrow \int (a Cos[v] + b Sin[v])^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sec[v_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*Tan[v_])^n_., x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(a*Cos[v]+b*Sin[v])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && EqQ[m+n,0]

Int[Csc[v_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*Cot[v_])^n_., x_Symbol] :=
   Int[(b*Cos[v]+a*Sin[v])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && EqQ[m+n,0]
```

11: $\int u \sin[a+bx]^m \sin[c+dx]^n dx \text{ when } (m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $(m \mid n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int u \sin[a+bx]^m \sin[c+dx]^n dx \rightarrow \int u \operatorname{TrigReduce}[\sin[a+bx]^m \sin[c+dx]^n] dx$$

```
Int[u_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_]^m_.*Sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[u,Sin[a+b*x]^m*Sin[c+d*x]^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]

Int[u_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_]^m_.*Cos[c_.+d_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[u,Cos[a+b*x]^m*Cos[c+d*x]^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

12: $\int Sec[a+bx] Sec[c+dx] dx$ when $b^2-d^2=0 \land bc-ad \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If $b^2 - d^2 = 0 \land bc - ad \neq 0$, then $Sec[a + bx] Sec[c + dx] = -Csc\left[\frac{bc - ad}{d}\right] Tan[a + bx] + Csc\left[\frac{bc - ad}{b}\right] Tan[c + dx]$

Rule: If $b^2 - d^2 = 0 \land bc - ad \neq 0$, then

$$\int Sec[a+b\,x]\,\,Sec[c+d\,x]\,\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,-Csc\Big[\frac{b\,c-a\,d}{d}\Big]\,\int Tan[a+b\,x]\,\,dx + Csc\Big[\frac{b\,c-a\,d}{b}\Big]\,\int Tan[c+d\,x]\,\,dx$$

Program code:

Int[Sec[a_.+b_.*x_]*Sec[c_+d_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
 -Csc[(b*c-a*d)/d]*Int[Tan[a+b*x],x] + Csc[(b*c-a*d)/b]*Int[Tan[c+d*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[b^2-d^2,0] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]

13: $\left[\operatorname{Tan}[a+bx]\operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]\operatorname{d}x\right]$ when $b^2-d^2=0 \wedge bc-ad\neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If $b^2 - d^2 = 0$, then $Tan[a + bx] Tan[c + dx] = -\frac{b}{d} + \frac{b}{d} Cos[\frac{bc-ad}{d}] Sec[a + bx] Sec[c + dx]$

Rule: If $b^2 - d^2 = 0 \wedge bc - ad \neq 0$, then

 $\int Tan[a+bx] Tan[c+dx] dx \rightarrow -\frac{bx}{d} + \frac{b}{d} Cos\left[\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right] \int Sec[a+bx] Sec[c+dx] dx$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[\text{Tan}[a_.+b_.*x_] * \text{Tan}[c_+d_.*x_], x_Symbol] := \\ & -b*x/d + b/d*\text{Cos}[(b*c-a*d)/d]*\text{Int}[\text{Sec}[a+b*x]*\text{Sec}[c+d*x], x] /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,c,d\},x] & & \text{EqQ}[b^2-d^2,0] & & \text{NeQ}[b*c-a*d,0] \end{split}$$

Int[Cot[a_.+b_.*x_]*Cot[c_+d_.*x_],x_Symbol] :=
 -b*x/d + Cos[(b*c-a*d)/d]*Int[Csc[a+b*x]*Csc[c+d*x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[b^2-d^2,0] && NeQ[b*c-a*d,0]

14: $\int u (a \cos[v] + b \sin[v])^n dx$ when $a^2 + b^2 = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

- Basis: If $a^2 + b^2 = 0$, then a $Cos[z] + b Sin[z] = a e^{-\frac{az}{b}}$
- Rule: If $a^2 + b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \! u \, \left(a \, \text{Cos} \left[v \right] + b \, \text{Sin} \left[v \right] \right)^n \, \text{d} \mathbf{x} \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \int \! u \, \left(a \, e^{-\frac{a \, v}{b}} \right)^n \, \text{d} \mathbf{x}$$

Program code:

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[u_{-}*(a_{-}*\text{Cos}[v_{-}]+b_{-}*\text{Sin}[v_{-}])^n_{-},x_{-}\text{Symbol}] := \\ & \text{Int}[u*(a*E^{(-a/b*v))^n,x}] \ /; \\ & \text{FreeQ}[\{a,b,n\},x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2+b^2,0] \end{split}$$

15. $\int u \sin[d(a+b\log[cx^n])^2] dx$

1:
$$\int Sin[d(a+bLog[cx^n])^2] dx$$

- **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**
- Basis: $Sin[z] = \frac{\dot{1}}{2} e^{-\dot{1}z} \frac{\dot{1}}{2} e^{\dot{1}z}$

FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]

Rule:

$$\int \! \text{Sin} \! \left[\text{d} \left(\text{a} + \text{b} \, \text{Log} \left[\text{c} \, \mathbf{x}^{\text{n}} \right] \right)^{2} \right] \, \text{d} \mathbf{x} \, \rightarrow \, \frac{\dot{\mathbf{n}}}{2} \int \! e^{-\dot{\mathbf{n}} \, \text{d} \, \left(\text{a} + \text{b} \, \text{Log} \left[\text{c} \, \mathbf{x}^{\text{n}} \right] \right)^{2}} \, \text{d} \mathbf{x} - \frac{\dot{\mathbf{n}}}{2} \int \! e^{\dot{\mathbf{n}} \, \text{d} \, \left(\text{a} + \text{b} \, \text{Log} \left[\text{c} \, \mathbf{x}^{\text{n}} \right] \right)^{2}} \, \text{d} \mathbf{x}$$

 $1/2*Int[E^{(-1*d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x]} + 1/2*Int[E^{(1*d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x]}$ /;

```
Int[Sin[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])^2],x_Symbol] :=
    I/2*Int[E^(-I*d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x] - I/2*Int[E^(I*d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]
Int[Cos[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])^2],x_Symbol] :=
```

2:
$$\int (e x)^m \sin[d (a + b \log[c x^n])^2] dx$$

- **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**
- Basis: $Sin[z] = \frac{i}{2} e^{-iz} \frac{i}{2} e^{iz}$
- Rule:

$$\int (e\,x)^{\,m}\,\text{Sin}\!\left[d\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,x^{n}\right]\right)^{\,2}\right]\,\mathrm{d}x\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\frac{\dot{n}}{2}\,\int (e\,x)^{\,m}\,\,e^{-\dot{n}\,d\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,x^{n}\right]\right)^{\,2}}\,\mathrm{d}x\,-\,\frac{\dot{n}}{2}\,\int \left(e\,x\right)^{\,m}\,e^{\dot{n}\,d\,\left(a+b\,\text{Log}\left[c\,x^{n}\right]\right)^{\,2}}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(e_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[d_.*(a_.+b_.*Log[c_.*x_^n_.])^2],x_Symbol] :=
    I/2*Int[(e*x)^m*E^(-I*d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x] - I/2*Int[(e*x)^m*E^(I*d*(a+b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]
```