```
If[TrueQ[$LoadShowSteps],

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[DeactivateTrig[u,x],x] /;
SimplifyFlag && FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u,x],

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[DeactivateTrig[u,x],x] /;
FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u,x]]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $(a Sin[e + fx])^m (b Trg[e + fx])^n$

1.
$$\int (a \sin[e + fx])^m (b \cos[e + fx])^n dx$$

Reference: G&R 2.510.3, CRC 334a, A&S 4.3.128b with m + n + 2 = 0

Reference: G&R 2.510.6, CRC 334b, A&S 4.3.128a with m + n + 2 = 0

Rule: If $m + n + 2 = 0 \land m \neq -1$, then

$$\int \left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^m \, \left(b \, \text{Cos} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^n \, \text{d} \, x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{\left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^{m+1} \, \left(b \, \text{Cos} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^{n+1}}{a \, b \, f \, (m+1)}$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  (a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*b*f*(m+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[m+n+2,0] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2:
$$\int \left(a \, \text{Sin} \left[e + f \, x\right]\right)^m \, \text{Cos} \left[e + f \, x\right]^n \, d\! x \text{ when } \frac{n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$\frac{n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
, then
$$(a \, \text{Sin} \, [\, e + f \, x \,] \,)^m \, \text{Cos} \, [\, e + f \, x \,]^n = \frac{1}{a \, f} \, \text{Subst} \, \Big[\, x^m \, \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} , \, x , \, a \, \text{Sin} \, [\, e + f \, x \,] \, \Big] \, \partial_x \, \left(a \, \text{Sin} \, [\, e + f \, x \,] \, \right)$$

Rule: If $\frac{n-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(a\, \text{Sin}\big[\,e + f\,x\big]\,\right)^m \, \text{Cos}\,\big[\,e + f\,x\big]^n \, d\!\!\!\! \perp \, \to \, \frac{1}{a\,f} \, \text{Subst}\big[\,\int \!\!\!\! x^m \, \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} d\!\!\!\! \perp x\,, \, x\,, \, a\, \text{Sin}\big[\,e + f\,x\big]\,\big]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/(a*f)*Subst[Int[x^m*(1-x^2/a^2)^((n-1)/2),x],x,a*Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,e,f,m},x] && IntegerQ[(n-1)/2] && Not[IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && LtQ[0,m,n]]

Int[(a_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
    -1/(a*f)*Subst[Int[x^m*(1-x^2/a^2)^((n-1)/2),x],x,a*Cos[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,e,f,m},x] && IntegerQ[(n-1)/2] && Not[IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && GtQ[m,0] && LeQ[m,n]]
```

3.
$$\int \left(a\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^m \, \left(b\,\text{Cos}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^n \, \text{d}x \text{ when } m>1$$

$$1: \, \int \left(a\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^m \, \left(b\,\text{Cos}\big[\,e+f\,x\,\big]\,\right)^n \, \text{d}x \text{ when } m>1 \, \land \, n<-1$$

Reference: G&R 2.510.1

Reference: G&R 2.510.4

Rule: If $m > 1 \land n < -1$, then

$$\int \left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^m \, \left(b \, \text{Cos} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d}x \, \longrightarrow \\ - \frac{a \, \left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^{m-1} \, \left(b \, \text{Cos} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^{n+1}}{b \, f \, (n+1)} + \frac{a^2 \, (m-1)}{b^2 \, (n+1)} \, \int \left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^{m-2} \, \left(b \, \text{Cos} \big[e + f \, x \big] \right)^{n+2} \, \text{d}x}$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -a*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(b*f*(n+1)) +
    a^2*(m-1)/(b^2*(n+1))*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(n+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && GtQ[m,1] && LtQ[n,-1] && (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || EqQ[m+n,0])

Int[(a_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a*(a*Cos[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(b*f*(n+1)) +
    a^2*(m-1)/(b^2*(n+1))*Int[(a*Cos[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && GtQ[m,1] && LtQ[n,-1] && (IntegersQ[2*m,2*n] || EqQ[m+n,0])
```

2:
$$\int (a \, Sin[e+fx])^m \, (b \, Cos[e+fx])^n \, dx \text{ when } m>1 \, \land \, m+n\neq 0$$

Reference: G&R 2.510.2, CRC 323b, A&S 4.3.127b

Reference: G&R 2.510.5, CRC 323a, A&S 4.3.127a

Rule: If $m > 1 \land m + n \neq 0$, then

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -a*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(n+1)*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)/(b*f*(m+n)) +
    a^2*(m-1)/(m+n)*Int[(b*Cos[e+f*x])^n*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,n},x] && GtQ[m,1] && NeQ[m+n,0] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
Int[(a_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a*(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)*(a*Cos[e+f*x])^(m-1)/(b*f*(m+n)) +
    a^2*(m-1)/(m+n)*Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^n*(a*Cos[e+f*x])^(m-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,n},x] && GtQ[m,1] && NeQ[m+n,0] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

4:
$$\int (a Sin[e+fx])^m (b Cos[e+fx])^n dx$$
 when $m < -1$

Reference: G&R 2.510.3, CRC 334a, A&S 4.3.128b

Reference: G&R 2.510.6, CRC 334b, A&S 4.3.128a

Rule: If m < -1, then

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    (b*Cos[e+f*x])^(n+1)*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(a*b*f*(m+1)) +
    (m+n+2)/(a^2*(m+1))*Int[(b*Cos[e+f*x])^n*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,n},x] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
Int[(a_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(n+1)*(a*Cos[e+f*x])^(m+1)/(a*b*f*(m+1)) +
    (m+n+2)/(a^2*(m+1))*Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^n*(a*Cos[e+f*x])^(m+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,n},x] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

5:
$$\int \sqrt{a \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{b \cos[e+fx]} dx$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{a \sin[e+fx]} \sqrt{b \cos[e+fx]}}{\sqrt{\sin[2e+2fx]}} = 0$$

Rule:

$$\int \sqrt{a\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \,\, \sqrt{b\, \text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \,\, \text{d}x \,\, \rightarrow \,\, \frac{\sqrt{a\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]} \,\, \sqrt{b\, \text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]}}{\sqrt{\text{Sin}\big[2\,e+2\,f\,x\big]}} \,\, \int \! \sqrt{\text{Sin}\big[2\,e+2\,f\,x\big]} \,\, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[Sqrt[a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_]],x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[a*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[e+f*x]]/Sqrt[Sin[2*e+2*f*x]]*Int[Sqrt[Sin[2*e+2*f*x]],x] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x]
```

6:
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \sin[e+fx]}} \sqrt{b \cos[e+fx]} dx$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{\sin[2e+2fx]}}{\sqrt{a\sin[e+fx]}\sqrt{b\cos[e+fx]}} = 0$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \sin[e+fx]}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos[e+fx]}} dx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\sin[2e+2fx]}}{\sqrt{a \sin[e+fx]}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin[2e+2fx]}} dx$$

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_]]*Sqrt[b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_]]),x_Symbol] :=
   Sqrt[Sin[2*e+2*f*x]]/(Sqrt[a*Sin[e+f*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[e+f*x]])*Int[1/Sqrt[Sin[2*e+2*f*x]],x] /;
   FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x]
```

x:
$$\int (a \sin[e + fx])^m (b \cos[e + fx])^n dx$$
 when $m + n = 0$

Basis: If
$$m + n = 0$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{(a \sin[e+fx])^m (b \cos[e+fx])^n}{(a \tan[e+fx])^m} = 0$

Rule: If m + n = 0, then

$$\int \big(a\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\, \big(b\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n\, dx\, \,\to\, \, \frac{\big(a\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\, \big(b\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^n}{\big(a\, Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m}\, \int \big(a\, Tan\big[e+f\,x\big]\big)^m\, dx$$

```
(* Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^n/(a*Tan[e+f*x])^m*Int[(a*Tan[e+f*x])^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[m+n,0] *)
```

7: $\int \left(a\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m \, \left(b\, Cos\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, dx \text{ when } m+n=0 \, \, \wedge \, \, 0 < m < 1$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Basis: If } -1 < m < 1, \text{let } k \to \text{Denominator} \, [\, m \,] \,, \text{then} \\ \frac{(a \, \text{Sin} \, [\, e+f \, x \,] \,)^{\, m}}{(\, b \, \text{Cos} \, [\, e+f \, x \,] \,)^{\, m}} \, = \, \frac{k \, a \, b}{f} \, \, \text{Subst} \, \Big[\, \frac{x^{k \, (m+1) \, -1}}{a^2 + b^2 \, x^{2 \, k}} \,, \, \, \, x \,, \, \, \frac{(a \, \text{Sin} \, [\, e+f \, x \,] \,)^{\, 1/k}}{(\, b \, \text{Cos} \, [\, e+f \, x \,] \,)^{\, 1/k}} \, \Big] \, \, \widehat{\mathcal{O}}_{x} \, \, \frac{(a \, \text{Sin} \, [\, e+f \, x \,] \,)^{\, 1/k}}{(\, b \, \text{Cos} \, [\, e+f \, x \,] \,)^{\, 1/k}} \end{array}$$

Note: This rule is analogous to the rule for integrands of the form $(a Tan[e+fx])^m$ when -1 < m < 1.

Rule: If $m + n = \emptyset \land \emptyset < m < 1$, let $k \rightarrow Denominator[m]$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(a \operatorname{Sin}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{m}}{\left(b \operatorname{Cos}\left[e+f x\right]\right)^{m}} \, \mathrm{d}x \ \to \ \frac{k \, a \, b}{f} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{x^{k \, (m+1) \, -1}}{a^{2} + b^{2} \, x^{2 \, k}} \, \mathrm{d}x, \, x, \, \frac{\left(a \operatorname{Sin}\left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^{1 / k}}{\left(b \operatorname{Cos}\left[e+f \, x\right]\right)^{1 / k}}\right]$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{k=Denominator[m]},
    k*a*b/f*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)/(a^2+b^2*x^(2*k)),x],x,(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(1/k)/(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(1/k)]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[m+n,0] && GtQ[m,0] && LtQ[m,1]

Int[(a_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{k=Denominator[m]},
    -k*a*b/f*Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)/(a^2+b^2*x^(2*k)),x],x,(a*Cos[e+f*x])^(1/k)/(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(1/k)]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && EqQ[m+n,0] && GtQ[m,0] && LtQ[m,1]
```

8:
$$\left[\left(a\sin\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{m}\left(b\cos\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{n}dx\right]$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} \frac{(b \cos[e+f x])^{n-1}}{(\cos[e+f x]^{2})^{\frac{n-1}{2}}} = 0$$

Basis:
$$Cos[e + fx] F[aSin[e + fx]] = \frac{1}{af} Subst[F[x], x, aSin[e + fx]] \partial_x (aSin[e + fx])$$

Note: If $\frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \land 3 \text{ m} \in \mathbb{Z} \land -1 < \text{m} < 1$, integration of $x^m \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$ results in a complicated antiderivative involving elliptic integrals and the imaginary unit.

Rule:

$$\int \left(a \sin\left[e+fx\right]\right)^m \left(b \cos\left[e+fx\right]\right)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{b^{2 \operatorname{IntPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]+1} \left(b \cos\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{2 \operatorname{FracPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]}}{\left(\cos\left[e+fx\right]^2\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]}} \int \cos\left[e+fx\right] \left(a \sin\left[e+fx\right]\right)^m \left(1-\sin\left[e+fx\right]^2\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{b^{2 \operatorname{IntPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]+1} \left(b \cos\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{2 \operatorname{FracPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]}}{a f \left(\cos\left[e+fx\right]^2\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int x^m \left(1-\frac{x^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} dx, \, x, \, a \sin\left[e+fx\right]\right)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{b^{2 \operatorname{IntPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]+1} \left(b \cos\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{2 \operatorname{FracPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \left(a \sin\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{\frac{m+1}{2}}}{a f \left(m+1\right) \left(\cos\left[e+fx\right]^2\right)^{\operatorname{FracPart}\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1+m}{2}, \, \frac{1-n}{2}, \, \frac{3+m}{2}, \, \sin\left[e+fx\right]^2\right]$$

```
(* Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*cos[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
b^(2*IntPart[(n-1)/2]+1)*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(2*FracPart[(n-1)/2])/(a*f*(Cos[e+f*x]^2)^FracPart[(n-1)/2])*
Subst[Int[x^m*(1-x^2/a^2)^((n-1)/2),x],x,a*Sin[e+f*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && (RationalQ[n] || Not[RationalQ[m]] && (EqQ[b,1] || NeQ[a,1])) *)
```

```
2.  \int \left(a \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^m \left(b \sec \left[e + f x\right]\right)^n dx \text{ when } m \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ n \notin \mathbb{Z} 
 1: \int \left(a \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^m \left(b \sec \left[e + f x\right]\right)^n dx \text{ when } m - n + 2 = 0 \ \land \ m \neq -1 
 Rule: If \ m - n + 2 == 0 \ \land \ m \neq -1, then 
 \int \left(a \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^m \left(b \sec \left[e + f x\right]\right)^n dx \ \rightarrow \ \frac{b \left(a \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^{m+1} \left(b \sec \left[e + f x\right]\right)^{n-1}}{a f \ (m+1)}
```

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  b*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(m+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && EqQ[m-n+2,0] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2.
$$\int \left(a \sin\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{m} \left(b \sec\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{n} dx \text{ when } n>1$$
1:
$$\int \left(a \sin\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{m} \left(b \sec\left[e+fx\right]\right)^{n} dx \text{ when } n>1 \land m>1$$

Rule: If $n > 1 \land m > 1$, then

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    a*b*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(n-1)) -
    a^2*b^2*(m-1)/(n-1)*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && GtQ[n,1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

2:
$$\int (a \sin[e+fx])^m (b \sec[e+fx])^n dx$$
 when $n > 1$

Rule: If n > 1, then

$$\begin{split} \frac{n-1}{b^2 \; (m-n+2)} \; \int \left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^m \; \left(b \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^n \, \text{d}x \; \rightarrow \\ \frac{b \; \left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^{m+1} \; \left(b \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^{n-1}}{a \, f \; (n-1)} - \frac{b^2 \; (m-n+2)}{n-1} \; \int \left(a \, \text{Sin} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^m \; \left(b \, \text{Sec} \big[e+f \, x \big] \right)^{n-2} \, \text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*b*f*(m-n)) -
  (n+1)/(b^2*(m-n))*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && GtQ[n,1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

3.
$$\int (a \sin[e+fx])^m (b \sec[e+fx])^n dx$$
 when $n < -1$
1: $\int (a \sin[e+fx])^m (b \sec[e+fx])^n dx$ when $n < -1 \land m < -1$

Rule: If $n < -1 \land m < -1$, then

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*b*f*(m+1)) -
  (n+1)/(a^2*b^2*(m+1))*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+2)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n+2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f},x] && LtQ[n,-1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

2: $\int (a \sin[e+fx])^m (b \sec[e+fx])^n dx \text{ when } n < -1 \ \land \ m-n \neq 0$

Rule: If $n < -1 \land m - n \neq 0$, then

$$\frac{\int \left(a\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n\, dx\, \longrightarrow}{\left(a\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m+1}\, \left(b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1}} - \frac{n+1}{b^2\, \left(m-n\right)}\, \int \left(a\, Sin\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m\, \left(b\, Sec\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+2}\, dx}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n+1)/(a*b*f*(m-n)) -
  (n+1)/(b^2*(m-n))*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^m*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n+2),x]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m},x] && LtQ[n,-1] && NeQ[m-n,0] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

4: $\int (a \sin[e+fx])^m (b \sec[e+fx])^n dx \text{ when } m>1 \text{ } \wedge m-n\neq 0$

Rule: If $m > 1 \land m - n \neq 0$, then

$$\int \left(a\, Sin \big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m \, \left(b\, Sec \big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, d\! x \,\, \longrightarrow \\ -\frac{a\, b\, \left(a\, Sin \big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-1} \, \left(b\, Sec \big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n-1}}{f\, \left(m-n\right)} + \frac{a^2\, \left(m-1\right)}{m-n} \, \int \left(a\, Sin \big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{m-2} \, \left(b\, Sec \big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, d\! x$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    -a*b*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(f*(m-n)) +
    a^2*(m-1)/(m-n)*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-2)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,n},x] && GtQ[m,1] && NeQ[m-n,0] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

5:
$$\int (a \sin[e+fx])^m (b \sec[e+fx])^n dx \text{ when } m < -1$$

Rule: If m < -1, then

$$\begin{split} &\int \left(a\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{m}\,\left(b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{n}\,\text{d}x\,\,\longrightarrow\\ &\frac{b\,\left(a\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{m+1}\,\left(b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{n-1}}{a\,f\,\left(m+1\right)} + \frac{m-n+2}{a^2\,\left(m+1\right)}\,\int \left(a\,\text{Sin}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{m+2}\,\left(b\,\text{Sec}\big[\,e+f\,x\big]\,\right)^{n}\,\text{d}x \end{split}$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    b*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-1)/(a*f*(m+1)) +
    (m-n+2)/(a^2*(m+1))*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+2)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,n},x] && LtQ[m,-1] && IntegersQ[2*m,2*n]
```

6.
$$\int \left(a \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^m \left(b \sec \left[e + f x\right]\right)^n dx \text{ when } m \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ n \notin \mathbb{Z}$$
1:
$$\int \left(a \sin \left[e + f x\right]\right)^m \left(b \sec \left[e + f x\right]\right)^n dx \text{ when } m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \left(\left(b \operatorname{Cos} \left[e + f x \right] \right)^n \left(b \operatorname{Sec} \left[e + f x \right] \right)^n \right) == \emptyset$$

Rule: If $m - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ n - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$, then
$$\int \left(a \operatorname{Sin} \left[e + f x \right] \right)^m \left(b \operatorname{Sec} \left[e + f x \right] \right)^n dx \ \rightarrow \ \left(b \operatorname{Cos} \left[e + f x \right] \right)^n \left(b \operatorname{Sec} \left[e + f x \right] \right)^n dx$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   (b*Cos[e+f*x])^n*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^n*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(b*Cos[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && IntegerQ[m-1/2] && IntegerQ[n-1/2]
```

$$2: \ \int \big(a\, Sin\big[\, e\, +\, f\, x\,\big]\,\big)^{\,m}\, \, \big(b\, Sec\big[\, e\, +\, f\, x\,\big]\,\big)^{\,n}\, \, \mathrm{d}x \ \text{ when } m\notin \mathbb{Z} \ \wedge \ n\notin \mathbb{Z} \ \wedge \ n < 1$$

Basis:
$$\partial_{x} ((b \cos [e + fx])^{n+1} (b \sec [e + fx])^{n+1}) = 0$$

Rule: If $m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land n \notin \mathbb{Z} \land n < 1$, then

$$\int \left(a \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m \, \left(b \, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, \text{d}x \, \longrightarrow \, \frac{1}{b^2} \, \left(b \, \text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1} \, \left(b \, \text{Sec}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{n+1} \, \int \frac{\left(a \, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m}{\left(b \, \text{Cos}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n} \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
    1/b^2*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(n+1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n+1)*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(b*Cos[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[IntegerQ[n]] && LtQ[n,1]
```

$$\textbf{3:} \quad \int \big(a\, \text{Sin} \big[\, e + f\, x \, \big] \, \big)^{\,m} \, \, \big(b\, \text{Sec} \, \big[\, e + f\, x \, \big] \, \big)^{\,n} \, \, \text{d} \, x \ \, \text{when} \, \, m \notin \mathbb{Z} \, \, \, \wedge \, \, n \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Basis:
$$\partial_x \left((b Cos[e+fx])^{n-1} (b Sec[e+fx])^{n-1} \right) = 0$$

Rule: If $m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(a \operatorname{Sin} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^m \left(b \operatorname{Sec} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^n \, \mathrm{d}x \, \to \, b^2 \left(b \operatorname{Cos} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^{n-1} \left(b \operatorname{Sec} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^{n-1} \int \frac{\left(a \operatorname{Sin} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^m}{\left(b \operatorname{Cos} \big[e + f \, x\big]\right)^n} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_*(b_.*sec[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  b^2*(b*Cos[e+f*x])^(n-1)*(b*Sec[e+f*x])^(n-1)*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^m/(b*Cos[e+f*x])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

```
3: \int (a Sin[e+fx])^m (b Csc[e+fx])^n dx when m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land n \notin \mathbb{Z}
```

Basis:
$$\partial_x$$
 ((a Sin[e+fx])ⁿ (b Csc[e+fx])ⁿ) == 0

Rule: If $m \notin \mathbb{Z} \land n \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int \left(a\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^m \, \left(b\, \text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^n \, \text{d}x \,\, \rightarrow \,\, (a\,b)^{\,\text{IntPart}[n]} \, \left(a\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{\,\text{FracPart}[n]} \, \left(b\, \text{Csc}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{\,\text{FracPart}[n]} \, \int \left(a\, \text{Sin}\big[e+f\,x\big]\right)^{\,\text{m-n}} \, \text{d}x$$

```
Int[(a_.*sin[e_.+f_.*x_])^m_.*(b_.*csc[e_.+f_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   (a*b)^IntPart[n]*(a*Sin[e+f*x])^FracPart[n]*(b*Csc[e+f*x])^FracPart[n]*Int[(a*Sin[e+f*x])^(m-n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,e,f,m,n},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```