Rules for integrands of the form $Sin[a + bx + cx^2]^n$

1. $\int \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx$

1:
$$\int \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx$$
 when $b^2 - 4 a c == 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If
$$b^2 - 4$$
 a c == 0, then $a + b x + c x^2 = \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{4c}$

Rule: If $b^2 - 4$ a c = 0, then

$$\int Sin \left[a + b x + c x^{2} \right] dx \rightarrow \int Sin \left[\frac{\left(b + 2 c x \right)^{2}}{4 c} \right] dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   Int[Sin[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbo1] :=
   Int[Cos[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

2:
$$\int \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac\neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:
$$a + b x + c x^2 = \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{4c} - \frac{b^2-4ac}{4c}$$

Basis: Sin[z-w] = Cos[w] Sin[z] - Sin[w] Cos[z]

Rule: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq 0$, then

$$\int \! \sin\!\left[a + b\,x + c\,x^2\right] \,\mathrm{d}x \,\,\rightarrow \,\, \cos\!\left[\frac{b^2 - 4\,a\,c}{4\,c}\right] \int \! \sin\!\left[\frac{\left(b + 2\,c\,x\right)^2}{4\,c}\right] \,\mathrm{d}x - \,\sin\!\left[\frac{b^2 - 4\,a\,c}{4\,c}\right] \int \!\! \cos\!\left[\frac{\left(b + 2\,c\,x\right)^2}{4\,c}\right] \,\mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   Cos[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Sin[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] -
   Sin[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Cos[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]

Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   Cos[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Cos[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] +
   Sin[(b^2-4*a*c)/(4*c)]*Int[Sin[(b+2*c*x)^2/(4*c)],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

2:
$$\left[\sin\left[a+bx+cx^2\right]^n dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n > 1\right]$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z} \land n > 1$, then

$$\int Sin \left[a + b x + c x^2 \right]^n dx \ \rightarrow \ \int TrigReduce \left[Sin \left[a + b x + c x^2 \right]^n \right] dx$$

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && IGtQ[n,1]
```

```
Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && IGtQ[n,1]
```

X: $\int \sin[a+bx+cx^2]^n dx$

Rule:

$$\int Sin \left[a + b x + c x^2 \right]^n dx \ \rightarrow \ \int Sin \left[a + b x + c x^2 \right]^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]

Int[Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x]
```

 $N \colon \int \text{Sin}[v]^n \, dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \ v = a + b \, x + c \, x^2$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land v = a + b \times + c \times^2$, then

$$\int Sin[v]^n dx \rightarrow \int Sin[a+bx+cx^2]^n dx$$

```
Int[Sin[v_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[Sin[ExpandToSum[v,x]]^n,x] /;
IGtQ[n,0] && QuadraticQ[v,x] && Not[QuadraticMatchQ[v,x]]

Int[Cos[v_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[Cos[ExpandToSum[v,x]]^n,x] /;
IGtQ[n,0] && QuadraticQ[v,x] && Not[QuadraticMatchQ[v,x]]
```

Rules for integrands of the form $(d + e x)^m Sin[a + b x + c x^2]^n$

1.
$$\int (d + e x)^m \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx$$

1.
$$\int (d + e x)^m \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx$$
 when $2 c d - b e = 0$

1:
$$\int (d + e x) \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx$$
 when $2 c d - b e == 0$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts with $m \rightarrow 1$

Rule: If 2cd-be=0, then

$$\int (d+ex) \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \rightarrow -\frac{e \cos[a+bx+cx^2]}{2c}$$

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   -e*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[2*c*d-b*e,0]
```

```
Int[(d_+e_.*x_)*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  e*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[2*c*d-b*e,0]
```

2: $\int (d + ex)^m \sin[a + bx + cx^2] dx$ when $2cd - be == 0 \land m > 1$

Derivation: Inverted integration by parts

Rule: If $2cd-be=0 \land m>1$, then

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \rightarrow -\frac{e(d+ex)^{m-1}\cos[a+bx+cx^2]}{2c} + \frac{e^2(m-1)}{2c} \int (d+ex)^{m-2}\cos[a+bx+cx^2] dx$$

Program code:

3:
$$\int (d + e x)^m \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx$$
 when $2 c d - b e == 0 \land m < -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:
$$(d + e x)^m = \partial_x \frac{(d + e x)^{m+1}}{e (m+1)}$$

Basis: If
$$2 c d - b e = 0$$
, then $\partial_x Sin[a + bx + cx^2] = \frac{2c}{e} (d + ex) Cos[a + bx + cx^2]$

Rule: If $2 c d - b e = 0 \land m < -1$, then

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \rightarrow \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \sin[a+bx+cx^2]}{e(m+1)} - \frac{2c}{e^2(m+1)} \int (d+ex)^{m+2} \cos[a+bx+cx^2] dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   (d+e*x)^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(e*(m+1)) -
   2*c/(e^2*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[2*c*d-b*e,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

$$\begin{split} & \text{Int}[\,(d_{-} + e_{-} * x_{-}) \wedge m_{-} * \text{Cos}[a_{-} + b_{-} * x_{-} + c_{-} * x_{-}^{2}] \,, x_{-} \text{Symbol}] \; := \\ & \quad (d + e * x) \wedge (m + 1) * \text{Cos}[a + b * x + c * x^{2}] \,/ \, (e * (m + 1)) \; + \\ & \quad 2 * c / \, (e^{2} * (m + 1)) * \text{Int}[\,(d + e * x) \wedge (m + 2) * \text{Sin}[a + b * x + c * x^{2}] \,, x] \;\; /; \\ & \quad \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\} \,, x] \;\; \& \;\; \text{EqQ}[2 * c * d - b * e, 0] \;\; \& \;\; \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \end{split}$$

- 2. $\int (d + ex)^m \sin[a + bx + cx^2] dx$ when $2 c d be \neq 0$ 1: $\int (d + ex) \sin[a + bx + cx^2] dx$ when $2 c d - be \neq 0$
- Rule: If $2cd-be \neq 0$, then

$$\int (d+ex) \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \rightarrow -\frac{e \cos[a+bx+cx^2]}{2c} + \frac{2cd-be}{2c} \int \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    -e*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) +
    (2*c*d-b*e)/(2*c)*Int[Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[2*c*d-b*e,0]

Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    e*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) +
    (2*c*d-b*e)/(2*c)*Int[Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[2*c*d-b*e,0]
```

2: $\int (d + e x)^m \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx$ when $b = -2 c d \neq 0 \land m > 1$

Rule: If $be-2cd \neq 0 \land m > 1$, then

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{e(d+ex)^{m-1} \cos[a+bx+cx^2]}{2c} - \frac{be-2cd}{2c} \int (d+ex)^{m-1} \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx + \frac{e^2(m-1)}{2c} \int (d+ex)^{m-2} \cos[a+bx+cx^2] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    -e* (d+e*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) -
    (b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c)*Int[(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] +
    e^2* (m-1)/(2*c)*Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b*e-2*c*d,0] && GtQ[m,1]

Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
    e* (d+e*x)^(m-1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(2*c) -
    (b*e-2*c*d)/(2*c)*Int[(d+e*x)^(m-1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] -
    e^2* (m-1)/(2*c)*Int[(d+e*x)^(m-2)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] /;
```

3:
$$\int (d + e x)^m \sin[a + b x + c x^2] dx$$
 when $be - 2cd \neq 0 \land m < -1$

FreeQ[$\{a,b,c,d,e\},x$] && NeQ[b*e-2*c*d,0] && GtQ[m,1]

Rule: If $be-2cd \neq 0 \land m < -1$, then

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sin[a+bx+cx^2] dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \sin[a+bx+cx^2]}{e(m+1)} - \frac{be-2cd}{e^2(m+1)} \int (d+ex)^{m+1} \cos[a+bx+cx^2] dx - \frac{2c}{e^2(m+1)} \int (d+ex)^{m+2} \cos[a+bx+cx^2] dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   (d+e*x)^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(e*(m+1)) -
   (b*e-2*c*d)/(e^2*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] -
   2*c/(e^2*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b*e-2*c*d,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
   (d+e*x)^(m+1)*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]/(e*(m+1)) +
   (b*e-2*c*d)/(e^2*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] +
   2*c/(e^2*(m+1))*Int[(d+e*x)^(m+2)*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && NeQ[b*e-2*c*d,0] && LtQ[m,-1]
```

- 2: $\int (d + ex)^m \sin[a + bx + cx^2]^n dx$ when $n 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
 - Derivation: Algebraic expansion
 - Rule: If $n 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int (d+e\,x)^{\,m}\,\text{Sin}\big[a+b\,x+c\,x^2\big]^n\,dx\,\,\rightarrow\,\,\int (d+e\,x)^{\,m}\,\text{TrigReduce}\big[\text{Sin}\big[a+b\,x+c\,x^2\big]^n\big]\,dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(d+e*x)^m,Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,1]

Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(d+e*x)^m,Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && IGtQ[n,1]
```

- X: $\int (d + e x)^{m} \sin[a + b x + c x^{2}]^{n} dx$
 - Rule:

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sin[a+bx+cx^2]^n dx \rightarrow \int (d+ex)^m \sin[a+bx+cx^2]^n dx$$

```
Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*Sin[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(d+e*x)^m*Sin[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]

Int[(d_.+e_.*x_)^m_.*Cos[a_.+b_.*x_+c_.*x_^2]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[(d+e*x)^m*Cos[a+b*x+c*x^2]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x]
```

- $\textbf{N:} \quad \int \! u^m \, \text{Sin} [\mathbf{v}]^n \, d\mathbf{x} \ \, \text{when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \bigwedge \, u == d + e \, \mathbf{x} \, \bigwedge \, \mathbf{v} == a + b \, \mathbf{x} + c \, \mathbf{x}^2$
 - Derivation: Algebraic normalization
 - Rule: If $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \land u = d + e \times \land v = a + b \times + c \times^2$, then

$$\int \!\! u^m \, \text{Sin}[v]^n \, dx \, \longrightarrow \, \int (d+e\,x)^m \, \text{Sin}\big[a+b\,x+c\,x^2\big]^n \, dx$$

```
Int[u_^m_.*Sin[v_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*Sin[ExpandToSum[v,x]]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[m,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && LinearQ[u,x] && QuadraticQ[v,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[u,x] && QuadraticMatchQ[v,x]]

Int[u_^m_.*Cos[v_]^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*Cos[ExpandToSum[v,x]]^n,x] /;
FreeQ[m,x] && IGtQ[n,0] && LinearQ[u,x] && QuadraticQ[v,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[u,x] && QuadraticMatchQ[v,x]]
```