Rules for integrands of the form P[x] $(fx)^m (d + ex^2)^q (a + bx^2 + cx^4)^p$

1.
$$\int \frac{x^{m} (A + B x^{2} + C x^{4})}{(d + e x^{2}) \sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$
1:
$$\int \frac{x^{m} (A + B x^{2} + C x^{4})}{(d + e x^{2}) \sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \wedge \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$$

Rule: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \land \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{x^m \left(A + B \, x^2 + C \, x^4 \right)}{\left(d + e \, x^2 \right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ \frac{C \, x^{m-1} \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}{c \, e \, (m+1)} - \frac{1}{c \, e \, (m+1)} \int \frac{x^{m-2}}{\left(d + e \, x^2 \right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, .$$

$$\left(a \, C \, d \, (m-1) \, - \, (A \, c \, e \, (m+1) \, - \, C \, (a \, e \, (m-1) \, + \, b \, d \, m) \,) \, x^2 \, - \, (B \, c \, e \, (m+1) \, - \, C \, (b \, e \, m + \, c \, d \, (m+1)) \,) \, x^4 \right) \, dx$$

2:
$$\int \frac{x^{m} (A + B x^{2} + C x^{4})}{(d + e x^{2}) \sqrt{a + b x^{2} + c x^{4}}} dx \text{ when } b^{2} - 4 a c \neq 0 \land \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^{-}$$

FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && PolyQ[Px,x^2,2] && ILtQ[m/2,0]

Rule: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \land \frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

Rules for integrands of the form $P[x] (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p$

1:
$$\int x P[x^2] (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:
$$x F[x^2] = \frac{1}{2} Subst[F[x], x, x^2] \partial_x x^2$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.1:

$$\int \!\! x \, P \big[x^2 \big] \, \left(\mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e} \, x^2 \right)^q \, \left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, x^2 + \mathsf{c} \, x^4 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d} x \, \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{2} \, \mathsf{Subst} \Big[\int \!\! P \big[x \big] \, \left(\mathsf{d} + \mathsf{e} \, x \right)^q \, \left(\mathsf{a} + \mathsf{b} \, x + \mathsf{c} \, x^2 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d} x \, , \, \, x, \, \, x^2 \Big]$$

```
Int[x_*Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
    1/2*Subst[Int[ReplaceAll[Px,x→Sqrt[x]]*(d+e*x)^q*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p,x],x,x^2] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && PolyQ[Px,x^2]
```

2: $\int P_r[x] (d + ex^2)^q (a + bx^2 + cx^4)^p dx$ when PolynomialRemainder[$P_r[x]$, x, x] == 0

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Rule 1.2.2.7.2: If PolynomialRemainder $[P_r[x], x, x] = 0$, then

$$\int\!\!P_{r}\left[x\right]\,\left(\mathsf{d}+\mathsf{e}\,x^{2}\right)^{q}\,\left(\mathsf{a}+\mathsf{b}\,x^{2}+\mathsf{c}\,x^{4}\right)^{p}\,\mathrm{d}x\;\to\;\int\!x\;\mathsf{PolynomialQuotient}\left[P_{r}\left[x\right],\,x,\,x\right]\,\left(\mathsf{d}+\mathsf{e}\,x^{2}\right)^{q}\,\left(\mathsf{a}+\mathsf{b}\,x^{2}+\mathsf{c}\,x^{4}\right)^{p}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[Pr_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[x*PolynomialQuotient[Pr,x,x]*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && PolyQ[Pr,x] && EqQ[PolynomialRemainder[Pr,x,x],0] && Not[MatchQ[Pr,x^m_.*u_. /; IntegerQ[m]]]
```

3: $\left[P_r[x] \left(d + ex^2 \right)^q \left(a + bx^2 + cx^4 \right)^p dx \right]$ when $\neg P_r[x^2]$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: $P_r[x] = \sum_{k=0}^{r/2} P_r[x, 2k] x^{2k} + x \sum_{k=0}^{(r-1)/2} P_r[x, 2k+1] x^{2k}$

Note: This rule transforms $P_r[x]$ into a sum of the form $Q_s[x^2] + x R_t[x^2]$.

Rule 1.2.2.7.3: If $\neg P_r[x^2]$, then

```
Int[Pr_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{r=Expon[Pr,x],k},
Int[Sum[Coeff[Pr,x,2*k]*x^(2*k),{k,0,r/2}]*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] +
Int[x*Sum[Coeff[Pr,x,2*k+1]*x^(2*k),{k,0,(r-1)/2}]*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && PolyQ[Pr,x] && Not[PolyQ[Pr,x^2]]
```

4. $\int P[x^2] (d + ex^2)^q (a + bx^2 + cx^4)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 = 0$

1: $\int P[x^2] (d + ex^2)^q (a + bx^2 + cx^4)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 == 0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If $c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$, then $a + b z + c z^2 = (d + e z) \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c z}{e}\right)$

Rule 1.2.2.7.4.1: If b^2-4 a c $\neq 0 \land c$ d² -b d e + a e² == $0 \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int P\left[x^2\right] \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q \left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \ \longrightarrow \ \int P\left[x^2\right] \left(d+e\,x^2\right)^{p+q} \left(\frac{a}{d}+\frac{c\,x^2}{e}\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[Px*(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[p] &&
   (PolyQ[Px,x^2] || MatchQ[Px,(f_+g_.*x^2)^r_./;FreeQ[{f,g,r},x]])
```

2:
$$\int P[x^2] (d + ex^2)^q (a + bx^2 + cx^4)^p dx$$
 when $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 == 0 \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 = 0$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{(a+b x^2+c x^4)^p}{(d+e x^2)^p (\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c x^2}{e})^p} = 0$

$$Basis: If \ c \ d^2 - b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 == \textbf{0}, then \ \frac{\left(a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4\right)^p}{\left(d + e \ x^2\right)^p \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c \ x^2}{e}\right)^p} \ == \ \frac{\left(a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4\right)^{\mathsf{FracPart}[p]}}{\left(d + e \ x^2\right)^{\mathsf{FracPart}[p]}}$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.4.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \land c$ $d^2 - b$ d e + a $e^2 = \emptyset \land p \notin \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int P\left[x^2\right] \, \left(d + e\, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b\, x^2 + c\, x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \longrightarrow \, \, \frac{\left(a + b\, x^2 + c\, x^4\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}}{\left(d + e\, x^2\right)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}} \, \int P\left[x^2\right] \, \left(d + e\, x^2\right)^{p+q} \, \left(\frac{a}{d} + \frac{c\, x^2}{e}\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+c*x^2/e)^FracPart[p])*
    Int[Px*(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] &&
    (PolyQ[Px,x^2] || MatchQ[Px,(f_+e_.*x^2)^r_./;FreeQ[{f,g,r},x]])

Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    (a+c*x^4)^FracPart[p]/((d+e*x^2)^FracPart[p]*(a/d+c*x^2/e)^FracPart[p])*
    Int[Px*(d+e*x^2)^(p+q)*(a/d+c/e*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x] && EqQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]] &&
    (PolyQ[Px,x^2] || MatchQ[Px,(f_+e_.*x^2)^r_./;FreeQ[{f,g,r},x]])
```

5: $\int P\left[x^2\right] \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p dx$ when $b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.7.5: If b^2-4 a c $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d^2-b d e + a $e^2\neq \emptyset \land q \in \mathbb{Z} \land p \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int\! P\left[\,x^{2}\,\right] \, \left(\,d\,+\,e\,\,x^{2}\,\right)^{\,q} \, \left(\,a\,+\,b\,\,x^{2}\,+\,c\,\,x^{4}\,\right)^{\,p} \, \mathrm{d}\,x \,\, \rightarrow \,\, \int\! ExpandIntegrand\left[\,P\left[\,x^{2}\,\right] \, \left(\,d\,+\,e\,\,x^{2}\,\right)^{\,q} \, \left(\,a\,+\,b\,\,x^{2}\,+\,c\,\,x^{4}\,\right)^{\,p}, \,\, x\,\right] \, \mathrm{d}\,x$$

Program code:

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,q},x] && PolyQ[Px,x^2] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,q},x] && PolyQ[Px,x^2] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

$$\textbf{6.} \quad \left\lceil P\left[\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\,\right] \ \left(\,\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{e}\,\,\mathbf{x}^{2}\,\right)^{\,\mathbf{q}} \ \left(\,\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}\,\,\mathbf{x}^{2} + \mathbf{c}\,\,\mathbf{x}^{4}\,\right)^{\,\mathbf{p}} \, \, \mathrm{d}\,\mathbf{x} \ \text{ when } b^{2} - 4\,a\,c \neq 0 \ \land \ c\,d^{2} - b\,d\,e + a\,e^{2} \neq 0 \ \land \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ q \in \mathbb{Z} \right\rceil$$

1.
$$\int \frac{P[x^2] (d + ex^2)^q}{\sqrt{a + bx^2 + cx^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \ \land \ cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

1:
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(A + B \, x^2 + C \, x^4\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(A+B\,x^2+C\,x^4\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,d\!\!\mid x \ \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{C\,x\,\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{q}\,\sqrt{\,a+b\,x^{2}+c\,x^{4}\,}}{c\,\left(2\,q+3\right)}\,+\\ \frac{1}{c\,\left(2\,q+3\right)}\,\int\!\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^{2}+c\,x^{4}}}\left(d+e\,x^{2}\right)^{q-1}\,\left(A\,c\,d\,\left(2\,q+3\right)\,-a\,C\,d+\,\left(c\,\left(B\,d+A\,e\right)\,\left(2\,q+3\right)\,-C\,\left(2\,b\,d+a\,e+2\,a\,e\,q\right)\right)\,x^{2}+\,\left(B\,c\,e\,\left(2\,q+3\right)\,-2\,C\,\left(b\,e-c\,d\,q+b\,e\,q\right)\right)\,x^{4}\right)\,\mathrm{d}x}$$

 $FreeQ[\{a,c,d,e\},x] \& PolyQ[P4x,x^2] \& EqQ[Expon[P4x,x],4] \& NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] \& IGtQ[q,0]$

2:
$$\int \frac{\left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(A + B \, x^2 + C \, x^4\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, q + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land q + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^-$, then

$$\int \frac{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)^q\,\left(A+B\,x^2+C\,x^4\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \to$$

$$-\frac{\left(\text{C d}^{2}-\text{B d e}+\text{A e}^{2}\right) \text{ x } \left(\text{d}+\text{e x}^{2}\right)^{q+1} \sqrt{\text{a}+\text{b } \text{x}^{2}+\text{c } \text{x}^{4}}}{2 \text{ d } \left(\text{q}+\text{1}\right) \left(\text{c d}^{2}-\text{b d e}+\text{a e}^{2}\right)} + \frac{1}{2 \text{ d } \left(\text{q}+\text{1}\right) \left(\text{c d}^{2}-\text{b d e}+\text{a e}^{2}\right)} \int \frac{\left(\text{d}+\text{e x}^{2}\right)^{q+1}}{\sqrt{\text{a}+\text{b x}^{2}+\text{c x}^{4}}} \cdot \left(\text{a d } \left(\text{C d}-\text{B e}\right)+\text{A } \left(\text{a e}^{2} \left(2 \text{ q}+3\right)+2 \text{ d } \left(\text{c d}-\text{b e}\right) \left(\text{q}+1\right)\right)-2 \left(\left(\text{B d}-\text{A e}\right) \left(\text{b e } \left(\text{q}+2\right)-\text{c d } \left(\text{q}+1\right)\right)-\text{C d } \left(\text{b d}+\text{a e } \left(\text{q}+1\right)\right)\right) \text{ } x^{2}+\text{c } \left(\text{C d}^{2}-\text{B d e}+\text{A e}^{2}\right) \left(2 \text{ q}+5\right) \text{ } x^{4}\right) \text{ d} x$$

3.
$$\int \frac{P[x^2]}{(d+ex^2) \sqrt{a+bx^2+cx^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac \neq 0 \wedge cd^2-bde+ae^2 \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$

1:
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 == 0 \ \land \ B d + A e == 0$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If
$$c d^2 - a e^2 = 0 \land B d + A e = 0$$
, then $\frac{A+B x^2}{\left(d+e x^2\right) \sqrt{a+b x^2+c x^4}} = A \, Subst\left[\frac{1}{d-\left(b d-2 \, a \, e\right) \, x^2}, \, x, \, \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \, x^2+c \, x^4}}\right] \partial_x \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \, x^2+c \, x^4}}$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.1.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0 \land B d + A e == 0$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, A \, Subst \Big[\int \frac{1}{d - \left(b \, d - 2 \, a \, e\right) \, x^2} \, dx \, , \, \, x, \, \, \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \Big]$$

Program code:

2:
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 == 0 \ \land \ B d + A e \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.1.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \land c d^2 - a e^2 = \emptyset \land B d + A e \neq \emptyset$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \ \to \ \frac{B d + A e}{2 d e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx - \frac{B d - A e}{2 d e} \int \frac{d - e x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(A_+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
  (B*d+A*e)/(2*d*e)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
   (B*d-A*e)/(2*d*e)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && NeQ[B*d+A*e,0]

Int[(A_+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
   (B*d+A*e)/(2*d*e)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
   (B*d-A*e)/(2*d*e)*Int[(d-e*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && EqQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && NeQ[B*d+A*e,0]
```

2.
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c} \in \mathbb{R} \ \lor \ c \, A^2 - b \, A \, B + a \, B^2 == 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \ \land \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c \, A^2 - b \, A \, B + a \, B^2 == 0$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis: If
$$c A^2 - b A B + a B^2 = 0$$
, then $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{A + B x^2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{A} + \frac{c x^2}{B}}}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} = 0$

FreeQ[$\{a,c,d,e,A,B\},x$] && NeQ[$c*d^2+a*e^2,0$] && EqQ[$c*A^2+a*B^2,0$]

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.2.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c A^2 - b A B + a B^2 == 0$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \, \to \, \frac{\sqrt{A + B x^2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{A} + \frac{c x^2}{B}}}{\sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \int \frac{\sqrt{A + B x^2}}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{\frac{a}{A} + \frac{c x^2}{B}}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(A_+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[A+B*x^2]*Sqrt[a/A+c*x^2/B]/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]*Int[Sqrt[A+B*x^2]/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a/A+c*x^2/B]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && EqQ[c*A^2-b*A*B+a*B^2,0]

Int[(A_+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    Sqrt[A+B*x^2]*Sqrt[a/A+c*x^2/B]/Sqrt[a+c*x^4]*Int[Sqrt[A+B*x^2]/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a/A+c*x^2/B]),x] /;
```

2:
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c > 0 \ \land \ c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c \, A^2 - b \, A \, B + a \, B^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ \sqrt{b^2 - 4 \, a \, c} \in \mathbb{R}$$

Note: If $q \to \sqrt{b^2 - 4}$ a c and c $d^2 - b$ d e + a $e^2 \ne 0$, then 2 a e - d $(b + q) \ne 0$.

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.2.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $> 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c A^2 - b A B + a B^2 \neq 0$, let $q \rightarrow \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$, if $q \in \mathbb{R}$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \, \frac{2 \, a \, B - A \, \left(b + q\right)}{2 \, a \, e - d \, \left(b + q\right)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, - \, \frac{B \, d - A \, e}{2 \, a \, e - d \, \left(b + q\right)} \int \frac{2 \, a + \left(b + q\right) \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

```
Int[(A_+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]},
  (2*a*B-A*(b+q))/(2*a*e-d*(b+q))*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] -
   (B*d-A*e)/(2*a*e-d*(b+q))*Int[(2*a+(b+q)*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
RationalQ[q]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && GtQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*A^2-b*A*B+a*B^2,0]
```

```
Int[(A_+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Sqrt[-a*c]},
  (a*B-A*q)/(a*e-d*q)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] -
  (B*d-A*e)/(a*e-d*q)*Int[(a+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
RationalQ[q]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,A,B},x] && GtQ[-a*c,0] && EqQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*A^2+a*B^2,0]
```

3.
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$$

1.
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge \frac{c}{a} > \emptyset$$

$$\mathbf{X:} \quad \int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge \frac{c}{a} > \emptyset \wedge c A^2 - a B^2 = \emptyset$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.3.1.x: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d² - b d e + a e² $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d² - a e² $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d² - a e³ $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d² - a B² $= \emptyset$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{B}{A}}$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, \rightarrow \\ - \frac{\left(B \, d - A \, e\right) \, ArcTan\left[\frac{\sqrt{-b + \frac{cd}{e} + \frac{ae}{d}} \, x}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}}\right]}{2 \, de \, \sqrt{-b + \frac{cd}{e} + \frac{ae}{d}}} \, + \, \frac{B \, q \, \left(c \, d^2 - a \, e^2\right) \, \left(A + B \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{\frac{A^2 \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)}{a \, \left(A + B \, x^2\right)^2}}}{4 \, c \, de \, \left(B \, d - A \, e\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \\ = EllipticPi \left[-\frac{\left(B \, d - A \, e\right)^2}{4 \, de \, A \, B}, \, 2 \, ArcTan\left[q \, x\right], \, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{b \, A}{4 \, a \, B}\right]$$

Program code:

EllipticPi[-(B*d-A*e)^2/(4*d*e*A*B),2*ArcTan[q*x],1/2]] /;

FreeQ[$\{a,c,d,e,A,B\},x\}$ && NeQ[$c*d^2+a*e^2,0$] && NeQ[$c*d^2-a*e^2,0$] && PoSQ[c/a] && EqQ[$c*A^2-a*B^2,0$] *)

1:
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0 \land c A^2 - a B^2 = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.3.1.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \wedge c$ d² - b d e + a e² $\neq \emptyset \wedge c$ d² - a e² $\neq \emptyset \wedge c$ d² - a e³ + b 0 + c d² - a d³ + c d³ + c d⁴ + c d⁵ + c d⁵

$$\int \frac{A+B\,x^2}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,dx \rightarrow \\ -\frac{\left(B\,d-A\,e\right)\,\text{ArcTan}\Big[\frac{\sqrt{-b+\frac{cd}{e}+\frac{ae}{d}}\,x}{\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\Big]}{2\,d\,e\,\sqrt{-b+\frac{cd}{e}+\frac{ae}{d}}} + \frac{\left(B\,d+A\,e\right)\,\left(A+B\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{\frac{A^2\,\left(a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4\right)}{a\,\left(A+B\,x^2\right)^2}}}{4\,d\,e\,A\,q\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}} \,\text{EllipticPi}\Big[-\frac{\left(B\,d-A\,e\right)^2}{4\,d\,e\,A\,B}\,,\,\,2\,\text{ArcTan}[q\,x]\,,\,\,\frac{1}{2}-\frac{b\,A}{4\,a\,B}\Big]$$

2:
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0 \land c A^2 - a B^2 \neq 0$$

Basis:
$$\frac{A+B x^2}{d+e x^2} = \frac{B-A q}{e-d q} - \frac{(B d-A e) (1+q x^2)}{(e-d q) (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.3.1.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d² - b d e + a e² $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d² - a e² $\neq \emptyset \land c$ d² - a B² $\neq \emptyset$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}$, then

```
Int[(A_.+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    (A*(c*d+a*e*q)-a*B*(e+d*q))/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] +
    a*(B*d-A*e)*(e+d*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && PosQ[c/a] && NeQ[c*A^2-a*B^2,0]

Int[(A_.+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    With[{q=Rt[c/a,2]},
    (A*(c*d+a*e*q)-a*B*(e+d*q))/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] +
    a*(B*d-A*e)*(e+d*q)/(c*d^2-a*e^2)*Int[(1+q*x^2)/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*A^2-a*B^2,0]
```

2:
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge \frac{c}{a} \neq \emptyset$$

Basis:
$$\frac{A+B x^2}{d+e x^2} = \frac{B}{e} + \frac{e A-d B}{e (d+e x^2)}$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.1.3.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq \emptyset \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \land c d^2 - a e^2 \neq \emptyset \land \frac{c}{a} \not \geqslant \emptyset$, then

FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && NegQ[c/a]

$$\int \frac{A + B \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, \frac{B}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, + \, \frac{e \, A - d \, B}{e} \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \,$$

```
Int[(A_.+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    B/e*Int[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],x] + (e*A-d*B)/e*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c/a]

Int[(A_.+B_.*x_^2)/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
    B/e*Int[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] + (e*A-d*B)/e*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x] /;
```

2.
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2 + C x^4}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0$$

$$1: \int \frac{A + B x^2 + C x^4}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \wedge c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.2.1: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \, x^2 + C \, x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \, d x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, - \frac{C}{e^2} \int \frac{d - e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \, d x \, + \, \frac{1}{e^2} \int \frac{C \, d^2 + A \, e^2 + B \, e^2 \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, d x$$

2.
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2 + C x^4}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - a e^2 \neq \emptyset$$

$$1: \int \frac{A + B x^2 + C x^4}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge c d^2 - a e^2 \neq \emptyset \wedge b^2 - 4 a c \neq \emptyset$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.2.2.1: If b^2-4 a c $\neq 0 \land c$ d ^2-b d e + a e $^2\neq 0 \land c$ d ^2-a e $^2\neq 0 \land c$ d ^2-a e $^2\neq 0 \land b^2-4$ a c $\neq 0$, let $q \to \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \, x^2 + C \, x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \, dx \, \, \rightarrow \, \, - \frac{C}{e \, q} \int \frac{1 - q \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \, + \, \frac{1}{c \, e} \int \frac{A \, c \, e + a \, C \, d \, q + \, (B \, c \, e - C \, (c \, d - a \, e \, q) \,) \, \, x^2}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx$$

2:
$$\int \frac{A + B x^2 + C x^4}{\left(d + e x^2\right) \sqrt{a + b x^2 + c x^4}} dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion (polynomial division)

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.2.2.2: If $b^2 - 4$ a c $\neq 0 \land c d^2 - b d e + a e^2 \neq 0 \land c d^2 - a e^2 \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \, x^2 + C \, x^4}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \rightarrow \, \, - \frac{1}{e^2} \int \frac{C \, d - B \, e - C \, e \, x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x \, + \, \frac{C \, d^2 - B \, d \, e + A \, e^2}{e^2} \int \frac{1}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Program code:

```
Int[P4x_/((d_+e_.*x_^2)*Sqrt[a_+c_.*x_^4]),x_Symbol] :=
With[{A=Coeff[P4x,x,0],B=Coeff[P4x,x,2],C=Coeff[P4x,x,4]},
    -1/e^2*Int[(C*d-B*e-C*e*x^2)/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],x] +
    (C*d^2-B*d*e+A*e^2)/e^2*Int[1/((d+e*x^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^4]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && PolyQ[P4x,x^2,2] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-a*e^2,0]
```

3:
$$\int \frac{P_q[x]}{\left(d + e \, x^2\right) \, \sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \neq 0 \, \wedge \, c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \neq 0 \, \wedge \, q > 4$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.1.3.3: If b^2-4 a c $\neq 0 \land c$ d² -b d e + a e² $\neq 0 \land q > 4$, then

$$\int \frac{P_q[x]}{\left(d+e\,x^2\right)\,\sqrt{a+b\,x^2+c\,x^4}}\,\mathrm{d}x \ \to$$

$$\frac{P_{q}\left[x\text{, }q\right]\ x^{q-5}\ \sqrt{a+b\ x^{2}+c\ x^{4}}}{c\ e\ (q-3)} + \frac{1}{c\ e\ (q-3)} \int \frac{c\ e\ (q-3)\ P_{q}\left[x\right] - P_{q}\left[x\text{, }q\right]\ x^{q-6}\ \left(d+e\ x^{2}\right)\ \left(a\ (q-5)\ + b\ (q-4)\ x^{2}+c\ (q-3)\ x^{4}\right)}{\left(d+e\ x^{2}\right)\ \sqrt{a+b\ x^{2}+c\ x^{4}}} \ dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and trinomial recurrence 2b

 $\begin{aligned} &\text{Rule 1.2.2.7.6.x: If } b^2-4 \text{ a c } \neq \emptyset \ \land \ c \ d^2-b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq \emptyset \ \land \ p < -1, let \\ &Q_{q-2}\left[\,x^2\,\right] \rightarrow &\text{PolynomialQuotient}\left[\,P_q\left[\,x^2\,\right]\,\text{, } \ a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4\,\text{, } \ x\,\right] \ \text{and } \text{A} + \text{B} \ x^2 \rightarrow &\text{PolynomialRemainder}\left[\,P_q\left[\,x^2\,\right]\,\text{, } \ a + b \ x^2 + c \ x^4\,\text{, } \ x\,\right], \\ &\text{then} \end{aligned}$

$$\int \frac{P_q[x^2] (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p}{d + e x^2} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{B}{e} \int \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p \, dx - \frac{B \, d - A \, e}{e} \int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx + \int \frac{Q_{q-2} \left[x^2 \right] \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1}}{d + e \, x^2} \, dx \\ - \frac{B \, x \, \left(b^2 - 2 \, a \, c + b \, c \, x^2 \right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1}}{2 \, a \, e \, \left(p + 1 \right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \right)} + \\ \left(\left(B \, d - A \, e \right) \, x \, \left(b^2 \, c \, d - 2 \, a \, c^2 \, d - b^3 \, e + 3 \, a \, b \, c \, e + c \, \left(b \, c \, d - b^2 \, e + 2 \, a \, c \, e \right) \, x^2 \right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1} \right) / \left(2 \, a \, e \, \left(p + 1 \right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \right) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \right) \right) + \\ \int \frac{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1}}{d + e \, x^2} \, \left(\frac{P_q \left[x^2 \right]}{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4} - \frac{d + e \, x^2}{\left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1}} \, \right. \\ \partial_x \left(- \frac{B \, x \, \left(b^2 - 2 \, a \, c + b \, c \, x^2 \right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1}}{2 \, a \, e \, \left(p + 1 \right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \right)} \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \right) \right) \right] \, dx \\ \left(\left(B \, d - A \, e \right) \, x \, \left(b^2 \, c \, d - 2 \, a \, c^2 \, d - b^3 \, e + 3 \, a \, b \, c \, e + c \, \left(b \, c \, d - b^2 \, e + 2 \, a \, c \, e \right) \, x^2 \right) \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^{p+1} \right) / \left(2 \, a \, e \, \left(p + 1 \right) \, \left(b^2 - 4 \, a \, c \right) \, \left(c \, d^2 - b \, d \, e + a \, e^2 \right) \right) \right) \, dx \right)$$

2:
$$\int P[x^2] (d + ex^2)^q (a + bx^2 + cx^4)^p dx$$
 when $b^2 - 4ac \neq 0 \land cd^2 - bde + ae^2 \neq 0 \land p + $\frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \land q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.2.2.7.6.2: If b^2-4 a c $\neq 0 \ \land \ c \ d^2-b \ d \ e + a \ e^2 \neq 0 \ \land \ p + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \ \land \ q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int P\left[x^2\right] \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \, \rightarrow \, \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4}} \, \text{ExpandIntegrand} \left[P\left[x^2\right] \, \left(d + e \, x^2\right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4\right)^{p_+ \frac{1}{2}}, \, x\right] \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[a+b*x^2+c*x^4],Px*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^(p+1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && PolyQ[Px,x^2] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && NeQ[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && IntegerQ[q]

Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
    Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[a+c*x^4],Px*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^(p+1/2),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e},x] && PolyQ[Px,x^2] && NeQ[c*d^2+a*e^2,0] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && IntegerQ[q]
```

U:
$$\int P[x] (d + e x^2)^q (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p dx$$

Rule 1.2.2.7.U:

$$\int \! P \left[x \right] \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x \, \, \to \, \, \int \! P \left[x \right] \, \left(d + e \, x^2 \right)^q \, \left(a + b \, x^2 + c \, x^4 \right)^p \, \mathrm{d}x$$

```
Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+b_.*x_^2+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[Px*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p,q},x] && PolyQ[Px,x]

Int[Px_*(d_+e_.*x_^2)^q_.*(a_+c_.*x_^4)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
   Unintegrable[Px*(d+e*x^2)^q*(a+c*x^4)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,c,d,e,p,q},x] && PolyQ[Px,x]
```