

## Rules for integrands of the form $\text{Trig}[d + e x]^m (a + b \text{Sec}[d + e x]^n + c \text{Sec}[d + e x]^{2n})^p$

$$1. \int (a + b \text{Sec}[d + e x]^n + c \text{Sec}[d + e x]^{2n})^p dx$$

$$1. \int (a + b \text{Sec}[d + e x]^n + c \text{Sec}[d + e x]^{2n})^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4ac = 0$$

$$\textcolor{red}{1}: \int (a + b \text{Sec}[d + e x]^n + c \text{Sec}[d + e x]^{2n})^p dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4ac = 0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$$

▪ **Derivation: Algebraic simplification**

▪ **Basis:** If  $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ , then  $a + b z + c z^2 = \frac{(b+2cz)^2}{4c}$

▪ **Rule:** If  $b^2 - 4ac = 0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (a + b \text{Sec}[d + e x]^n + c \text{Sec}[d + e x]^{2n})^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{4^p c^p} \int (b + 2c \text{Sec}[d + e x]^n)^{2p} dx$$

▪ **Program code:**

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^n_.+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^n2_.)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/(4^p*c^p)*Int[(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^n_.+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^n2_.)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/(4^p*c^p)*Int[(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

**2:**  $\int (a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $b^2-4 a c==0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

■ **Basis:** If  $b^2-4 a c==0$ , then  $\partial_x \frac{(a+b F[x]+c F[x]^2)^p}{(b+2 c F[x])^{2 p}}==0$

■ **Rule:** If  $b^2-4 a c==0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx \rightarrow \frac{(a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n})^p}{(b+2 c \sec [d+e x]^n)^{2 p}} \int (b+2 c \sec [d+e x]^n)^{2 p} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_] ^n_.+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_] ^n2_.) ^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*Sec[d+e*x]^n+c*Sec[d+e*x]^(2*n))^p/(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p)*Int[u*(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_] ^n_.+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_] ^n2_.) ^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*Csc[d+e*x]^n+c*Csc[d+e*x]^(2*n))^p/(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p)*Int[u*(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

2.  $\int (a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $b^2-4 a c \neq 0$

1:  $\int \frac{1}{a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n}} dx$  when  $b^2-4 a c \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

■ Basis: If  $q = \sqrt{b^2-4 a c}$ , then  $\frac{1}{a+b z+c z^2} = \frac{2 c}{q (b-q+2 c z)} - \frac{2 c}{q (b+q+2 c z)}$

■ Rule: If  $b^2-4 a c \neq 0$ , let  $q = \sqrt{b^2-4 a c}$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n}} dx \rightarrow \frac{2 c}{q} \int \frac{1}{b-q+2 c \sec [d+e x]^n} dx - \frac{2 c}{q} \int \frac{1}{b+q+2 c \sec [d+e x]^n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^n_.+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^n2_.),x_Symbol] :=
Module[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
2*c/q*Int[1/(b-q+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n),x] -
2*c/q*Int[1/(b+q+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

```
Int[1/(a_.+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^n_.+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^n2_.),x_Symbol] :=
Module[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
2*c/q*Int[1/(b-q+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n),x] -
2*c/q*Int[1/(b+q+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

2.  $\int \sin [d+e x]^m (a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$

1:  $\int \sin [d+e x]^m (a+b \sec [d+e x]^n+c \sec [d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

■ Basis: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\sin [d+e x]^m F[\sec [d+e x]] = -\frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\left(1-x^2\right)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right], x, \cos [d+e x]\right] \partial_x \cos [d+e x]$

■ Rule: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \sin[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (c+b x^n+a x^{2 n})^p}{x^{2 n p}} dx, x, \cos[d+e x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[sin[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{f=FreeFactors[Cos[d+e*x],x]},
-f/e*Subst[Int[(1-f^2*x^2)^(m-1)/2*(b+a*(f*x)^n)^p/(f*x)^(n*p),x],x,Cos[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && IntegersQ[n,p]
```

```
Int[cos[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{f=FreeFactors[Sin[d+e*x],x]},
f/e*Subst[Int[(1-f^2*x^2)^(m-1)/2*(b+a*(f*x)^n)^p/(f*x)^(n*p),x],x,Sin[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && IntegersQ[n,p]
```

**2:**  $\int \sin[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

- Basis:  $\sin[z]^2 = \frac{\tan[z]^2}{1+\tan[z]^2}$
- Basis:  $\sec[z]^2 = 1 + \tan[z]^2$
- Basis: If  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\sin[d+e x]^m F[\sec[d+e x]^2] = \frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{x^m F[1+x^2]}{(1+x^2)^{m/2+1}}, x, \tan[d+e x]\right] \partial_x \tan[d+e x]$
- Rule: If  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \sin[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{x^m (a+b (1+x^2)^{n/2}+c (1+x^2)^n)^p}{(1+x^2)^{m/2+1}} dx, x, \tan[d+e x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[sin[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{f=FreeFactors[Tan[d+e*x],x]},
f^(m+1)/e*Subst[Int[x^m*ExpandToSum[a+b*(1+f^2*x^2)^(n/2)+c*(1+f^2*x^2)^n,x]^p/(1+f^2*x^2)^(m/2+1),x],x,Tan[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

```

Int[cos[d_+e_.*x_]^m_*(a_+b_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{f=FreeFactors[Cot[d+e*x],x]},
-f^(m+1)/e*Subst[Int[x^m*ExpandToSum[a+b*(1+f^2*x^2)^(n/2)+c*(1+f^2*x^2)^n,x]^p/(1+f^2*x^2)^(m/2+1),x],x,Cot[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]

```

$$3. \int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2n})^p dx$$

$$1. \int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2n})^p dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac=0$$

$$\textcolor{red}{1}: \int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2n})^p dx \text{ when } b^2-4ac=0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**Derivation: Algebraic simplification**

- **Basis:** If  $b^2-4ac=0$ , then  $a+bz+cz^2 = \frac{(b+2cz)^2}{4c}$
- **Rule:** If  $b^2-4ac=0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2n})^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{4^p c^p} \int \sec[d+e x]^m (b+2c \sec[d+e x]^n)^{2p} dx$$

**Program code:**

```

Int[sec[d_+e_.*x_]^m_*(a_+b_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
1/(4^p*c^p)*Int[Sec[d+e*x]^m*(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[p]

```

```

Int[csc[d_+e_.*x_]^m_*(a_+b_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
1/(4^p*c^p)*Int[Csc[d+e*x]^m*(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[p]

```

**2:**  $\int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $b^2-4 a c == 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction**

■ **Basis:** If  $b^2-4 a c == 0$ , then  $\partial_x \frac{(a+b F[x]+c F[x]^2)^p}{(b+2 c F[x])^{2 p}} == 0$

– **Rule:** If  $b^2-4 a c == 0 \wedge p \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx \rightarrow \frac{(a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p}{(b+2 c \sec[d+e x]^n)^{2 p}} \int \sec[d+e x]^m (b+2 c \sec[d+e x]^n)^{2 p} dx$$

**Program code:**

```
Int[sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_.+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^n_.+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^(2*n_.)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
(a+b*Sec[d+e*x]^n+c*Sec[d+e*x]^(2*n))^p/(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p)*Int[Sec[d+e*x]^m*(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

```
Int[csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_.+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^n_.+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^(2*n_.)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
(a+b*Csc[d+e*x]^n+c*Csc[d+e*x]^(2*n))^p/(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p)*Int[Csc[d+e*x]^m*(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]^n)^(2*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

2.  $\int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $b^2-4 a c \neq 0$

**1:**  $\int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $(m | n | p) \in \mathbb{Z}$

– **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**

**Rule:** If  $(m | n | p) \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx \rightarrow \int \text{ExpandTrig}[\sec[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p, x] dx$$

**Proeram code:**

```
Int[sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_.+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^n_.+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^(2*n_.)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Int[ExpandTrig[sec[d+e*x]^m*(a+b*sec[d+e*x]^n+c*sec[d+e*x]^(2*n))^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegersQ[m,n,p]
```

```

Int[csc[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)) ^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrig[csc[d+e*x]^m*(a+b*csc[d+e*x]^n+c*csc[d+e*x]^(2*n))^p,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegersQ[m,n,p]

```

4.  $\int \text{Tan}[d+e x]^m (a+b \text{Sec}[d+e x]^n+c \text{Sec}[d+e x]^{2n})^p dx$

**1:**  $\int \text{Tan}[d+e x]^m (a+b \text{Sec}[d+e x]^n+c \text{Sec}[d+e x]^{2n})^p dx$  when  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$

**Derivation: Integration by substitution**

- **Basis:**  $\text{Tan}[z]^2 = \frac{1-\text{Cos}[z]^2}{\text{Cos}[z]^2}$
- **Basis:** If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\text{Tan}[d+e x]^m F[\text{Sec}[d+e x]] = -\frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} F\left[\frac{1}{x}\right]}{x^m}, x, \text{Cos}[d+e x]\right] \partial_x \text{Cos}[d+e x]$
- **Rule:** If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \text{Tan}[d+e x]^m (a+b \text{Sec}[d+e x]^n+c \text{Sec}[d+e x]^{2n})^p dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{m-1}{2}} (c+b x^n+a x^{2n})^p}{x^{m+2np}} dx, x, \text{Cos}[d+e x]\right]$$

**Program code:**

```

Int[tan[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)) ^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{f=FreeFactors[Cos[d+e*x],x]},
    -1/(e*f^(m+n*p-1))*Subst[Int[(1-f^2*x^2)^(m-1)/2*(c+b*(f*x)^n+c*(f*x)^(2*n))^p/x^(m+2*n*p),x],x,Cos[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

```

```

Int[cot[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^(2n_)) ^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{f=FreeFactors[Sin[d+e*x],x]},
    1/(e*f^(m+n*p-1))*Subst[Int[(1-f^2*x^2)^(m-1)/2*(c+b*(f*x)^n+c*(f*x)^(2*n))^p/x^(m+2*n*p),x],x,Sin[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

```

**2:**  $\int \tan[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx$  when  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

**Derivation: Integration by substitution**

- **Basis:**  $\sec[z]^2 = 1 + \tan[z]^2$
- **Basis:**  $\tan[d+e x]^m F[\sec[d+e x]^2] = \frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{x^m F[1+x^2]}{1+x^2}, x, \tan[d+e x]\right] \partial_x \tan[d+e x]$
- **Rule:** If  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \bigwedge \frac{n}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \tan[d+e x]^m (a+b \sec[d+e x]^n+c \sec[d+e x]^{2 n})^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{e} \text{Subst}\left[\int \frac{x^m (a+b (1+x^2)^{n/2}+c (1+x^2)^n)^p}{1+x^2} dx, x, \tan[d+e x]\right]$$

**Program code:**

```
Int[tan[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^(2 n_)) ^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{f=FreeFactors[Tan[d+e*x],x]},
f^(m+1)/e*Subst[Int[x^m*ExpandToSum[a+b*(1+f^2*x^2)^(n/2)+c*(1+f^2*x^2)^n,x]^p/(1+f^2*x^2),x],x,Tan[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

```
Int[cot[d_+e_.*x_]^m_.*(a_+b_.*csc[d_+e_.*x_]^n_+c_.*sec[d_+e_.*x_]^(2 n_)) ^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{f=FreeFactors[Cot[d+e*x],x]},
-f^(m+1)/e*Subst[Int[x^m*ExpandToSum[a+b*(1+f^2*x^2)^(n/2)+c*(1+f^2*x^2)^n,x]^p/(1+f^2*x^2),x],x,Cot[d+e*x]/f]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```



$$5. \int (A + B \sec[d + e x]) (a + b \sec[d + e x] + c \sec[d + e x]^2)^n dx$$

$$1. \int (A + B \sec[d + e x]) (a + b \sec[d + e x] + c \sec[d + e x]^2)^n dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c = 0$$

$$\textcolor{red}{1}: \int (A + B \sec[d + e x]) (a + b \sec[d + e x] + c \sec[d + e x]^2)^n dx \text{ when } b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $b^2 - 4 a c = 0$ , then  $a + b z + c z^2 = \frac{(b+2 c z)^2}{4 c}$

Rule: If  $b^2 - 4 a c = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (A + B \sec[d + e x]) (a + b \sec[d + e x] + c \sec[d + e x]^2)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{4^n c^n} \int (A + B \sec[d + e x]) (b + 2 c \sec[d + e x])^{2n} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(A+B_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_])*(a+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/(4^n*c^n)*Int[(A+B*Sec[d+e*x])*(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x])^(2*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
Int[(A+B_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_])*(a+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/(4^n*c^n)*Int[(A+B*Csc[d+e*x])*(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x])^(2*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

**2:**  $\int (A+B \sec [d+e x]) (a+b \sec [d+e x]+c \sec [d+e x]^2)^n dx$  when  $b^2-4 a c == 0 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$

**Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction**

■ **Basis:** If  $b^2-4 a c == 0$ , then  $\partial_x \frac{(a+b F[x]+c F[x]^2)^n}{(b+2 c F[x])^{2 n}} == 0$

– **Rule:** If  $b^2-4 a c == 0 \wedge n \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (A+B \sec [d+e x]) (a+b \sec [d+e x]+c \sec [d+e x]^2)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(a+b \sec [d+e x]+c \sec [d+e x]^2)^n}{(b+2 c \sec [d+e x])^{2 n}} \int (A+B \sec [d+e x]) (b+2 c \sec [d+e x])^{2 n} dx$$

**Program code:**

```
Int[(A+B_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_])*(a+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*Sec[d+e*x]+c*Sec[d+e*x]^2)^n/(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x])^(2*n)*Int[(A+B*Sec[d+e*x])*(b+2*c*Sec[d+e*x])^(2*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

```
Int[(A+B_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_])*(a+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*Csc[d+e*x]+c*Csc[d+e*x]^2)^n/(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x])^(2*n)*Int[(A+B*Csc[d+e*x])*(b+2*c*Csc[d+e*x])^(2*n),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && EqQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && Not[IntegerQ[n]]
```

2.  $\int (A + B \sec[d + e x]) (a + b \sec[d + e x] + c \sec[d + e x]^2)^n dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$

1:  $\int \frac{A + B \sec[d + e x]}{a + b \sec[d + e x] + c \sec[d + e x]^2} dx$  when  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

■ Basis: If  $q = \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$ , then  $\frac{A+Bz}{a+bz+cz^2} = \left(B + \frac{bB-2Ac}{q}\right) \frac{1}{b+q+2cz} + \left(B - \frac{bB-2Ac}{q}\right) \frac{1}{b-q+2cz}$

■ Rule: If  $b^2 - 4 a c \neq 0$ , let  $q = \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}$ , then

$$\int \frac{A + B \sec[d + e x]}{a + b \sec[d + e x] + c \sec[d + e x]^2} dx \rightarrow \left(B + \frac{bB - 2Ac}{q}\right) \int \frac{1}{b + q + 2c \sec[d + e x]} dx + \left(B - \frac{bB - 2Ac}{q}\right) \int \frac{1}{b - q + 2c \sec[d + e x]} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(A+B_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_])/(a_.+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
Module[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
(B+(b*B-2*A*c)/q)*Int[1/(b+q+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]),x] +
(B-(b*B-2*A*c)/q)*Int[1/(b-q+2*c*Sec[d+e*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

```
Int[(A+B_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_])/(a_.+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^2),x_Symbol] :=
Module[{q=Rt[b^2-4*a*c,2]},
(B+(b*B-2*A*c)/q)*Int[1/(b+q+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]),x] +
(B-(b*B-2*A*c)/q)*Int[1/(b-q+2*c*Csc[d+e*x]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0]
```

**2:**  $\int (A+B \sec [d+e x]) (a+b \sec [d+e x]+c \sec [d+e x]^2)^n dx$  when  $b^2-4 a c \neq 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule: If  $b^2-4 a c \neq 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\int (A+B \sec [d+e x]) (a+b \sec [d+e x]+c \sec [d+e x]^2)^n dx \rightarrow \int \text{ExpandTrig}[(A+B \sec [d+e x]) (a+b \sec [d+e x]+c \sec [d+e x]^2)^n, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(A+B_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_])*(a_.+b_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*sec[d_.+e_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrig[(A+B*sec[d+e*x])*(a+b*sec[d+e*x]+c*sec[d+e*x]^2)^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
Int[(A+B_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_])*(a_.+b_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]+c_.*csc[d_.+e_.*x_]^2)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandTrig[(A+B*csc[d+e*x])*(a+b*csc[d+e*x]+c*csc[d+e*x]^2)^n,x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,A,B},x] && NeQ[b^2-4*a*c,0] && IntegerQ[n]
```