



Exploiting E-C-A Rules for Defining and Processing Context-Aware Messages

International RuleML Symposium on Rule Interchange and Applications Orlando, Florida 2007-10-26

Thomas Beer, Jörg Rasinger, Wolfram Höpken, Matthias Fuchs, Hannes Werthner





- Approach
- Example Push Messages
- E-C-A Rules within CAIPS
- CAIPS Rule Engine
- Rule Wizard
- Conclusion & Future Work



Changing customer needs

- customer (tourists) expects ubiquitous access to relevant information during all trip phases
- information has to be accessible anytime and anywhere

Problems arising

- information overload
- information retrieval effort







- CAIPS actively provides information to the customer (via SMS, E-MAIL, MMS etc.)
- Tailored messages: provide right (personalized) information, within the right situation (context)
 - User's Context:
 - user master-data: e.g. gender
 - environment: e.g. weather
 - travel-profile: e.g. business traveler
 - time



- Tourists are provided with detailed information about sights they are approaching
- Tourists are actively informed about suitable indoor events because of bad weather forecast
- Tourists are actively informed about alternative music events when their concert is postponed or cancelled



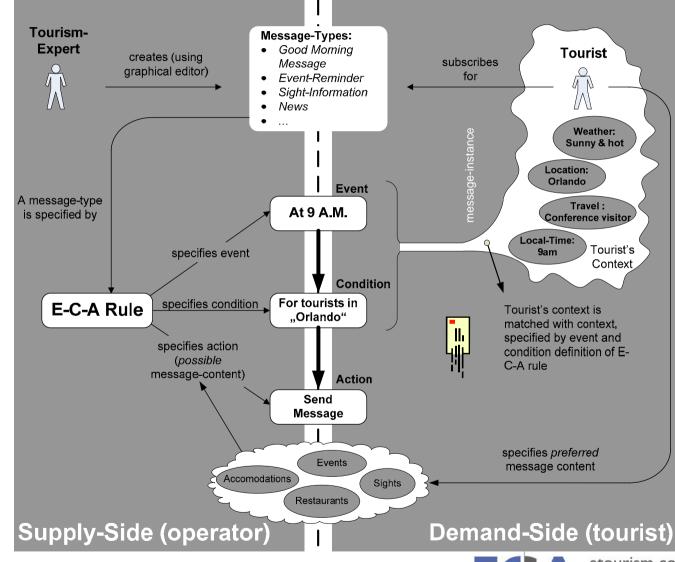
Two stakeholders within CAIPS:

- Application Operator (message supplier)
- Customer (tourist)

Key requirements when designing CAIPS:

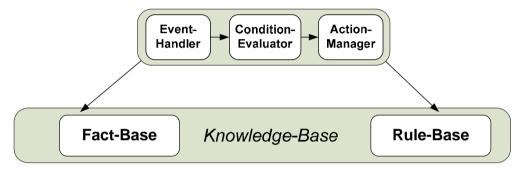
- Req. 1: Extendibility
- Req. 2: Ease-of-Use

Rules within CAIPS



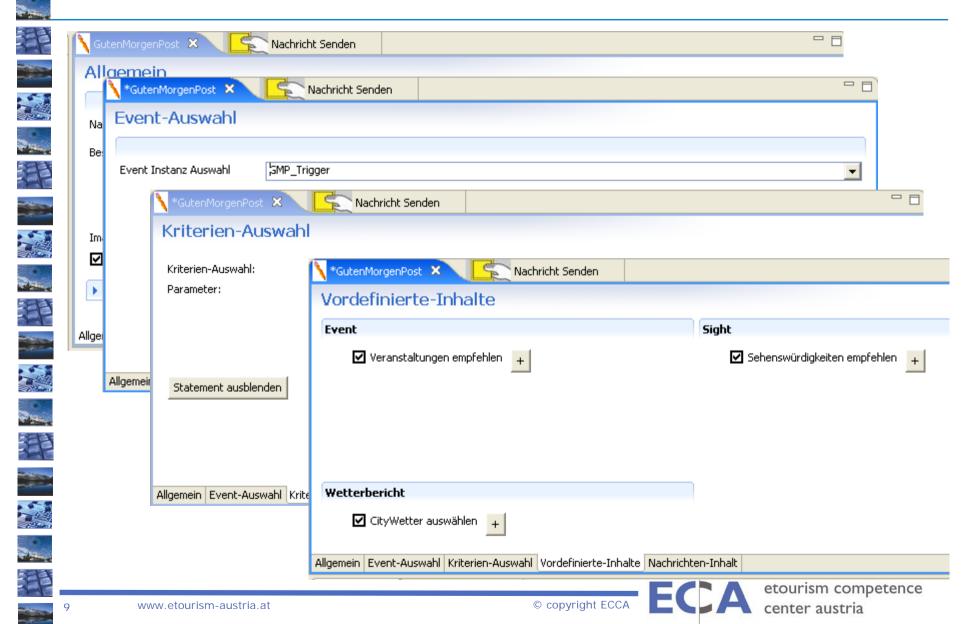
CAIPS Rule-Engine

- Based on:
 - Event-Notification Services
 - Standard query languages



- CAIPS quantity analysis:
 - Rules: 5-10 Rules
 - "Facts": ca. 40 User, ca. 4000 tourism-products, hourly weather-forecast for 9 cities
 - Events:
 - Time based events: 6
 - Location based events (coming up): ca. 200





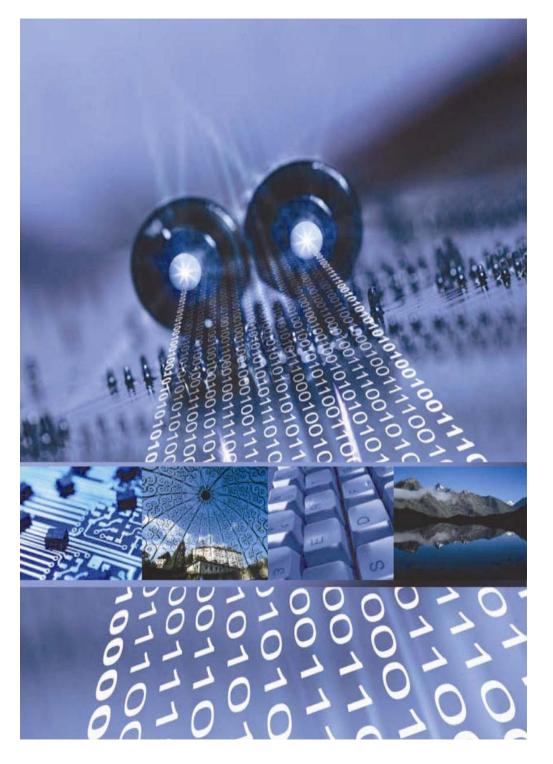
Conclusion & Future Work

- Tourists are provided with tailored messages related to their context
- The messages (i.e. the message types) are created in a poor declarative way by the application-operator
- E-C-A rules are utilized to define message types (designtime) and send message instances (run-time)
- CAIPS Rule-Engine is based on event-notification services and standard query-languages
- Message content is created using recommender systems

- Further planned CAIPS implementations:
 - UEFA European Championship 2008
 - Dolomiti Superski



申





Thank you!

Exploiting E-C-A Rules for Defining and Processing Context- Aware Messages

International RuleML Symposium on Rule Interchange and Applications

Thomas Beer thomas.beer@etourism-austria.at

Orlando, Florida 2007-10-26