



# A Hands-on PSOA RuleML Tutorial

## Relationship & Framepoint Facts and Rules

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Updated from: 2nd Workshop on Rules: Logic and Applications ([RulesLogApps 2019](#))



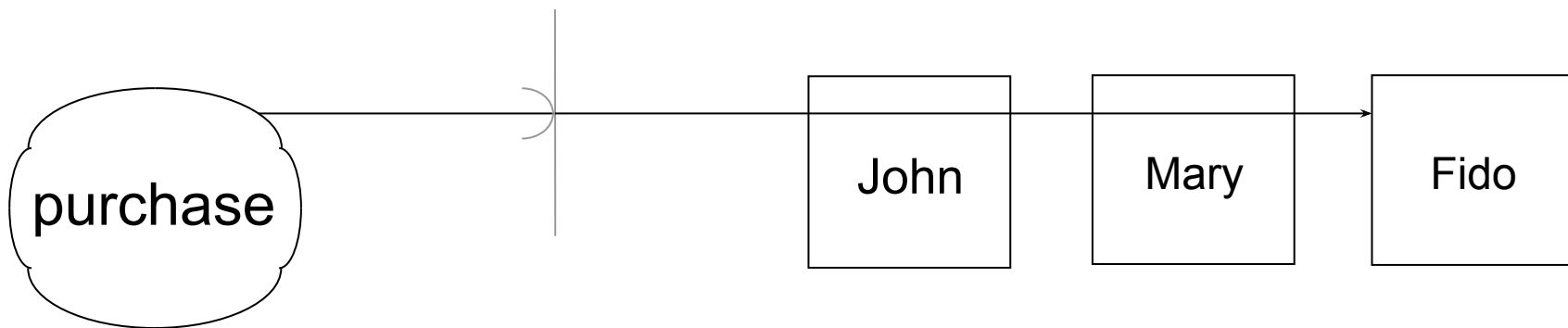
## PSOA RuleML

- An **object-relational** Web rule language for defining and querying **relational**-style *table rows* and **object**/node-describing *key-value pairs*
- Integrates spectrum of atomic formulas (atoms), from Prolog-like **relationships** to F-logic-like **frames**, as well as blended ones, in a systematics of **positional-slotted object-applicative** (psoa) atoms
- Use cases of Knowledge Bases (KBs):
  - [Port Clearance Rules](#), [Medical Devices Rules](#),  
[Air Traffic Control KB](#), ...

## Relationships: From English & RCL to Visualization (Grailog)

*English: “A purchase involving John, Mary, and Fido”*

*RCL: “a purchase of John, Mary, thru Fido”*





## Relationships: Oidless, Single-Tupled, Dependent Atoms

`purchase(John Mary Fido)`

PSOA RuleML

`purchase(john,mary,fido)`

Prolog

PSOA RuleML:

- Predicate arguments are separated by whitespace, not by commas
- `John`, ... are individual constants (variables denoted by '?' prefix)
  - constants include `Top` (the root of the predicate hierarchy), numbers, strings, and Internationalized Resource Identifiers (IRIs)



## Relationships: Oidless, Single-Tupled, Dependent Atoms

`purchase(John Mary Fido)`

PSOA RuleML

- the order of the arguments is significant
- we can have n-ary relationships (here: n=3)
- the argument tuple of a relationship is predicate-dependent (predicate-scope-sensitive)



## (Fact) Queries

Ground queries (no variables):

```
purchase(John Mary Fido)      % Yes
```

Non-ground queries (at least one variable, bound to “\_”-prefixed explicit local constants):

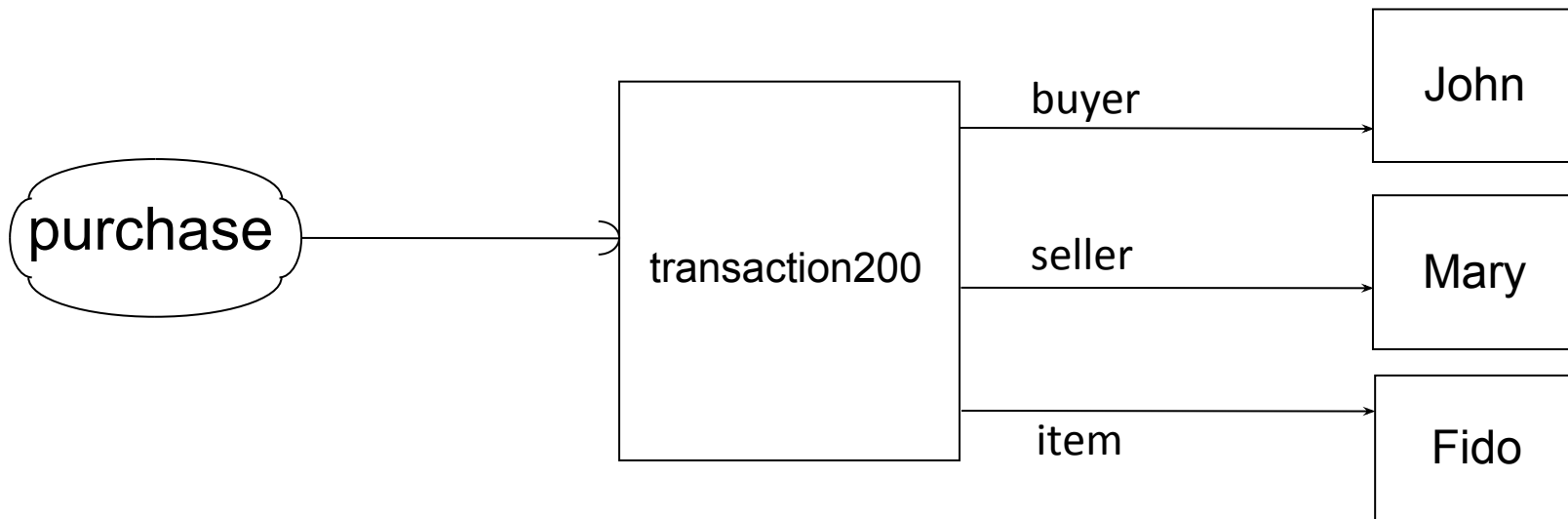
```
purchase(?b ?s ?i) % ?b=_John ?s=_Mary ?i=_Fido
```

```
purchase(?b ?s)      % No (there can be no bindings)
```

```
?p(John Mary Fido) % ?p=_purchase (predicate variable)
```

## Framepoints: From Engl.-like [RCL](#) to Visualization ([Grailog](#))

*“transaction200, a purchase with buyer John, seller Mary, plus item Fido”*





## Framepoints: Oidful, Slotted, Independent Atoms

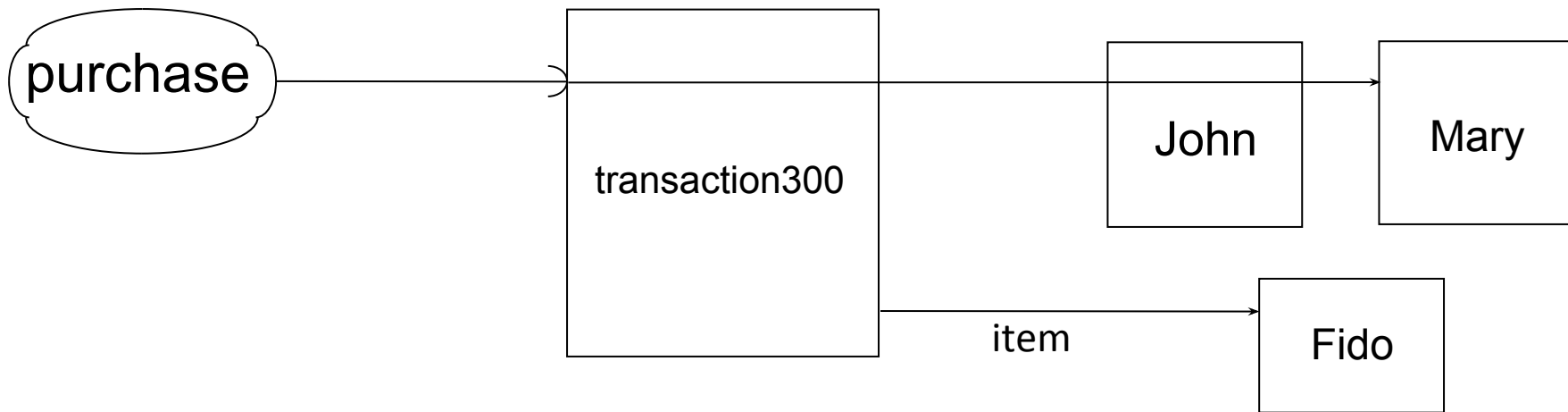
```
transaction200#purchase (buyer->John  
                           seller->Mary  
                           item->Fido)
```

- hash infix, "#", types the Object Identifier (OID) `transaction200` with its predicate (i.e., indicates membership)
- uses slot names ('explicit roles') `buyer`, `seller`, and `item`
- independent-arrow infix, "->", pairs a predicate-independent slot name with its filler
- ordering between slots is not important
- framepoint atoms build a Directed Labeled Graph with predicate-typed nodes



## Atoms Blending Relationships and Framepoints: From English-like Templates ([RCL](#)) to Visualization ([Grailog](#))

*“transaction300, a purchase of John thru Mary, with item Fido”*





## Tuple/Slot-combining PSOA Atoms in Systematics from Relationships to Framepoints

The atom

```
transaction300#purchase(John Mary item->Fido)
```

is oidful, tupled+slotted



## (Ground) Rule over Relationships

*"John is liable for Fido if John purchases Fido from Mary"*

```
liability(John Fido) :-  
    purchase(John Mary Fido)
```



## (Non-ground) Rule over Relationships

*"A buyer is liable for an item if the buyer purchases the item from a seller"*

```
forall ?b ?s ?i (  
    liability(?b ?i) :-  
        purchase(?b ?s ?i)  
)
```



## Hybrid Rule over Relationships and Framepoints

Relationship conclusion, framepoint condition non-ground rule:

```
forall ?b ?s ?i ?t (  
    liability(?b ?i) :-  
        ?t#purchase (buyer->?b  
                      seller->?s  
                      item->?i)    )
```



## Rule over Framepoints

```
Forall ?b ?s ?i ?t (  
    liabilityID(?t) #liability(bearer->?b  
                                item->?i) :-  
        ?t#purchase(buyer->?b  
                    seller->?s  
                    item->?i)  
)
```



## Deductive PSOA Queries

```
% KB 15
transaction200#purchase(
    buyer->John seller->Mary item->Fido)

Forall ?b ?s ?i ?t (
    liabilityID(?t)#liability(bearer->?b item->?i) :-
        ?t#purchase(buyer->?b seller->?s
            item->?i)
)
```

```
liability(bearer->?b item->?i)      % ?b=_John ?i=_Fido
```

```
?o#liability(bearer->?b item->?i)
```



```
% Extra binding: ?o=_liabilityID(_transaction200)
```

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[illegible]





## Live Demo

- Using PSOATransRun: the reference PSOA RuleML reasoner
- PSOATransRun translates object-relational KBs and queries from PSOA RuleML presentation syntax to relational languages
- Available online: <https://psoademo-chatty-cat.eu-gb.mybluemix.net>
  - 'ready-to-use' demo version translating to TPTP
- Available for download: [http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA\\_RuleML#Prolog\\_Instantiation](http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA_RuleML#Prolog_Instantiation)
  - runtime options allow to see, e.g., the TPTP or Prolog translation results!



## Some (Further) Advanced Features of PSOA RuleML and PSOATransRun

- Built-in mathematical predicates and functions, libraries
- Dependent slots and independent tuples
- Subclasses
- Static translation
- RDF import (N3/Turtle)
- Graph modeling



## Further Reading

PSOA RuleML Wiki page:

- [http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA RuleML#Presentation Preview](http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA_RuleML#Presentation_Preview)
- [http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA RuleML#Examples](http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA_RuleML#Examples)
- [http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA RuleML#References](http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA_RuleML#References)

Learn PSOA RuleML - a resource page on PSOA syntax, (query) semantics, and tools: <http://psoa.ruleml.org/learn>



## Join the Open-source Project

- Develop use cases

[wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA\\_RuleML#Use\\_Cases](http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOA_RuleML#Use_Cases)

- Contribute to PSOATransRun development

[wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOATransRun\\_Development\\_Agenda](http://wiki.ruleml.org/index.php/PSOATransRun_Development_Agenda)

