

英语词汇

#English

NCE

L18 Electric currents in modern art

1. current - 当前；流通；趋势
 - *The **current** situation is challenging.* (当前情况很具挑战性。)
 - *The **current** flows from positive to negative.* (电流从正极流向负极。)
2. sculpture - 雕塑
 - *She admired the beautiful **sculpture** in the museum.* (她欣赏了博物馆里美丽的雕塑。)
 - *He studied **sculpture** in Italy for a year.* (他在意大利学习雕塑一年。)
3. mistaken - 错误的；误会
 - *I think you're **mistaken**; the meeting is tomorrow.* (我认为你弄错了；会议是明天。)
 - *It was an easy **mistake** to make.* (这是一个容易犯的错误。)
4. gallery - 画廊；美术馆
 - *The **gallery** was filled with impressive paintings.* (画廊里挂满了令人印象深刻的画作。)
 - *She's a well-known artist with works in major **galleries** around the world.* (她是一位知名艺术家，作品在世界各地美术馆展出。)
5. exhibit - 展览品；展览
 - *The museum's new **exhibit** features ancient artifacts.* (博物馆的新展品是古代文物。)
 - *They plan to **exhibit** the paintings next month.* (他们计划下个月展出这些画作。)
6. oddly - 奇怪地；奇特地
 - *He looked at her **oddly**, wondering what she meant.* (他奇怪地看着她，想知道她是什么意思。)
 - *It's **oddly** quiet here today.* (今天这里非常安静，有点奇怪。)
7. attach - 附加；连接
 - *Please **attach** your resume to the application form.* (请将您的简历附在申请表上。)
 - *She **attached** the photo to her email.* (她把照片附在了邮件上。)
8. spere - 拼写错误，应为 "sphere" - 球体；范围
 - *The Earth is a **sphere**.* (地球是一个球体。)
 - *The discussion covered a wide **sphere** of topics.* (讨论涉及了广泛的范围。)
9. magnetize - 磁化；吸引
 - *Iron is easily **magnetized**.* (铁容易被磁化。)
 - *Her charisma **magnetized** everyone in the room.* (她的魅力吸引了房间里的每个人。)
10. repel - 排斥；击退
 - *Like charges **repel** each other.* (同性电荷相互排斥。)
 - *The strong odor **repelled** me from entering the room.* (强烈的气味让我不愿进入房间。)
11. flicker - 闪烁；摇曳

- *The candle **flickered** in the wind.* (蜡烛在风中摇曳。)
 - *The TV screen **flickered** for a moment before going dark.* (电视屏幕闪烁了一下，然后变黑了。)
12. **emit** - 发射；散发
- *The chimney **emitted** thick smoke.* (烟囱冒出了浓烟。)
 - *The flowers **emitted** a sweet fragrance.* (花散发出甜美的香气。)
13. **flash** - 闪光；闪现
- *A **flash** of lightning lit up the sky.* (一道闪电照亮了天空。)
 - *She gave him a quick **flash** of her smile.* (她向他微微一笑。)
14. **prehistoric** - 史前的；远古的
- *Dinosaurs are **prehistoric** creatures.* (恐龙是史前生物。)
 - *The cave paintings are evidence of **prehistoric** human activity.* (洞穴壁画是史前人类活动的证据。)
15. **electronic** - 电子的
- *This device is an **electronic** thermometer.* (这个设备是电子体温计。)
 - *The company specializes in **electronic** goods.* (该公司专门从事电子产品。)
16. **peculiar** - 奇怪的；特殊的
- *He has a **peculiar** way of speaking.* (他说话的方式很奇特。)
 - *There was something **peculiar** about the old house.* (那座老房子有些奇怪。)
17. **shock** - 震惊；休克
- *The news of his death was a great **shock** to everyone.* (他去世的消息让每个人都震惊不已。)
 - *She went into **shock** after the accident.* (她在事故后休克了。)
18. **emotionally** - 情感上；情绪上
- *She reacted **emotionally** to the news.* (她对这个消息有情感上的反应。)
 - *He is not good at expressing himself **emotionally**.* (他不擅长情感表达。)

用法补充：

- "current":
 - *The **current** of the river was too strong to swim against.* (河流的水流太强，无法逆流而上。)
 - *What are the **current** trends in fashion?* (时尚界当前的趋势是什么？)
- "sculpture":
 - *She created a beautiful **sculpture** out of clay.* (她用黏土做了一个漂亮的雕塑。)
 - *The museum has a collection of ancient Greek **sculptures**.* (博物馆收藏了古希腊的雕塑作品。)
- "mistaken":
 - *I was **mistaken** about his intentions.* (我误解了他的意图。)
 - *She realized her **mistake** and apologized.* (她意识到了自己的错误并道歉了。)
- "gallery":
 - *We walked through the **gallery** admiring the paintings.* (我们走过画廊，欣赏着画作。)
 - *The **gallery** hosted an exhibition of contemporary art.* (画廊举办了一场当代艺术展。)
- "exhibit":

- *The museum will **exhibit** rare artifacts next month.* (博物馆将于下个月展出珍贵的文物。)
- *She decided to **exhibit** her photographs at the local fair.* (她决定在当地的集市上展出她的照片。)
- "oddly":
 - *He behaved **oddly** when we asked about his plans.* (当我们问起他的计划时，他的举止很奇怪。)
 - *The room was **oddly** quiet.* (房间里非常安静，有点奇怪。)
- "attach":
 - *Please **attach** the file to your email.* (请把文件附加到你的邮件上。)
 - *I will **attach** a note to remind him.* (我会附上一张便条提醒他。)
- "sphere":
 - *The politician operates in a different **sphere** of influence.* (这位政治家在不同的影响范围内运作。)
 - *Science and religion often occupy separate **spheres**.* (科学和宗教通常处于不同的领域。)
- "magnetize":
 - *The magician **magnetized** the audience with his performance.* (魔术师以表演吸引了观众。)
 - *The metal was **magnetized** and attracted nearby objects.* (这块金属被磁化了，并吸引了附近的物体。)
- "repel":
 - *The strong smell **repelled** me from entering the room.* (强烈的气味使我不愿进入房间。)
 - *Certain plants can **repel** insects.* (某些植物可以驱赶昆虫。)
- "flicker":
 - *The candle **flickered** in the dark.* (蜡烛在黑暗中闪烁。)
 - *The light **flickered** for a moment before going out.* (灯在熄灭前闪烁了一下。)
- "emit":
 - *The sun **emits** light and heat.* (太阳发出光和热。)
 - *The factory **emits** harmful pollutants into the air.* (工厂向空气中排放有害污染物。)
- "flash":
 - *A sudden **flash** of inspiration hit her.* (突然有灵感闪现在她脑海中。)
 - *She gave him a quick **flash** of her smile.* (她向他微微一笑。)
- "prehistoric":
 - *The discovery of **prehistoric** tools shed light on early human civilization.* (史前工具的发现揭示了早期人类文明。)
 - *The area is known for its **prehistoric** cave paintings.* (该地区以史前洞穴壁画而闻名。)
- "electronic":
 - *He works in the **electronic** industry.* (他在电子行业工作。)
 - *We use **electronic** devices in our daily lives.* (我们在日常生活中使用电子设备。)
- "peculiar":
 - *His **peculiar** behavior attracted attention.* (他奇怪的行为引起了注意。)
 - *The dog has a **peculiar** bark.* (这条狗的吠声很奇怪。)
- "shock":

- *The news of her resignation came as a **shock** to everyone.* (她辞职的消息对每个人都是一个震惊。)
- *She was in a state of **shock** after the accident.* (事故发生后，她处于震惊状态。)
- "emotionally":
 - *He reacted **emotionally** to the criticism.* (他对批评有情绪化的反应。)
 - *She was **emotionally** affected by the movie.* (她被电影所感动。)

L19 A very dear cat

1. dear - 亲爱的；昂贵的
 - *My **dear** friend helped me when I was in trouble.* (我亲爱的朋友在我困难时帮助了我。)
 - *That antique vase is very **dear** to me.* (那个古董花瓶对我来说非常珍贵。)
2. kidnapper - 绑架犯
 - *The police are searching for the **kidnapper** of the missing child.* (警方正在寻找失踪儿童的绑架犯。)
 - *The **kidnapper** demanded a ransom for the safe return of the hostage.* (绑架者要求赎金以安全释放人质。)
3. considerable - 相当大的；值得考虑的
 - *She made a **considerable** effort to finish the project on time.* (她付出了相当大的努力，以便按时完成项目。)
 - *There was **considerable** interest in the new product.* (对新产品有相当大的兴趣。)
4. wealthy - 富裕的；富有的
 - *He comes from a **wealthy** family.* (他出身于一个富裕的家庭。)
 - *The **wealthy** businessman donated a large sum of money to charity.* (这位富有的商人向慈善事业捐赠了一大笔钱。)
5. orderly - 有序的；整洁的
 - *The books on the shelf were neatly **orderly**.* (书架上的书摆放整齐。)
 - *She kept her desk **orderly** at all times.* (她始终保持她的办公桌整洁有序。)
6. disappearance - 消失；失踪
 - *The **disappearance** of the old building saddened the community.* (老建筑的消失让社区感到悲伤。)
 - *The sudden **disappearance** of the hiker sparked a search operation.* (徒步旅行者突然失踪引发了一场搜救行动。)
7. anonymous - 匿名的；无名的
 - *The letter was sent by an **anonymous** sender.* (这封信是由一个匿名发件人寄来的。)
 - *The donor wished to remain **anonymous**.* (捐赠者希望保持匿名。)
8. ransom - 赎金；勒索
 - *The kidnappers demanded a large **ransom** for the safe return of the hostages.* (绑匪要求一大笔赎金以安全释放人质。)
 - *The pirate demanded **ransom** for the captured sailors.* (海盗要求赎金以换取被俘水手的自由。)
9. cardboard - 硬纸板
 - *He used **cardboard** to make a model of the house.* (他用硬纸板制作了一个房屋模型。)

- *The packaging was made of sturdy **cardboard**.* (包装盒是用坚固的硬纸板制成的。)

10. withdraw - 撤回；取钱

- *She decided to **withdraw** her application for personal reasons.* (她因个人原因决定撤回申请。)
- *He went to the bank to **withdraw** some cash.* (他去银行取了些现金。)

11. punctually - 准时地；守时地

- *He always arrives at work **punctually**.* (他总是准时到达工作岗位。)
- *The train departed **punctually** at 8 o'clock.* (火车准时于8点出发。)

12. astound - 使震惊；使惊讶

- *Her performance **astounded** the audience.* (她的表演让观众震惊。)
- *The news **astounded** everyone.* (这个消息让每个人都感到震惊。)

用法补充：

- "dear":
 - *She's my **dear** friend from college.* (她是我大学时代的亲密朋友。)
 - *The necklace was very **dear** to her heart.* (这条项链对她来说非常珍贵。)
- "kidnapper":
 - *The **kidnapper** demanded a ransom for the safe return of the child.* (绑架者要求赎金以安全释放孩子。)
 - *The **kidnapper** was arrested and charged with multiple crimes.* (绑架者被捕并被指控犯有多项罪行。)
- "considerable":
 - *It took her a **considerable** amount of time to finish the project.* (她花了相当长的时间完成这个项目。)
 - *There was **considerable** evidence to support their claim.* (有相当多的证据支持他们的主张。)
- "wealthy":
 - *He inherited his wealth from his **wealthy** parents.* (他从富有的父母那里继承了财富。)
 - *The **wealthy** businessman donated a large sum to charity.* (这位富有的商人向慈善事业捐赠了一大笔钱。)
- "orderly":
 - *She keeps her desk very **orderly**.* (她的办公桌一直保持得很整洁有序。)
 - *The soldiers marched in an **orderly** fashion.* (士兵们整齐地行进。)
- "disappearance":
 - *The sudden **disappearance** of the treasure baffled historians.* (宝藏的突然消失使历史学家困惑不已。)
 - *The police investigated the **disappearance** of the missing girl.* (警方调查了失踪女孩的失踪案。)
- "anonymous":
 - *An **anonymous** donor contributed a large sum to the charity.* (一位匿名捐赠者向慈善机构捐赠了一大笔钱。)
 - *The letter was signed by an **anonymous** sender.* (这封信由一个匿名发件人签名。)
- "ransom":

- The **ransom** was paid, and the hostages were released. (赎金已付，人质已获释。)
- Negotiations for the **ransom** of the kidnapped child were tense. (绑架孩子的赎金谈判非常紧张。)
- "cardboard":
 - The package was made of sturdy **cardboard**. (包装盒是用坚固的硬纸板制成的。)
 - She used **cardboard** to make a costume for the school play. (她用硬纸板为学校剧目做了一个服装。)
- "withdraw":
 - He decided to **withdraw** his application. (他决定撤回申请。)
 - She went to the ATM to **withdraw** some cash. (她去自动取款机取了些现金。)
- "punctually":
 - The train arrived **punctually** at 9 o'clock. (火车准时于9点到达。)
 - Please submit your assignment **punctually**. (请准时提交你的作业。)
- "astound":
 - The magician's tricks **astounded** the audience. (魔术师的魔术技巧让观众惊讶不已。)
 - Her performance **astounded** everyone in the room. (她的表演让房间里的每个人都感到惊讶。)

L21 Daniel Mendoza

1. boxing - 拳击

- **Boxing** is a popular sport worldwide. (拳击是一项全球流行的运动。)
- He has been training in **boxing** for years. (他已经练习拳击多年了。)

2. boxer - 拳击手

- Mike Tyson is a famous **boxer**. (迈克·泰森是一位著名的拳击手。)
- She aspires to become a professional **boxer**. (她立志成为一名职业拳击手。)

3. bare - 赤裸的；光秃的

- The room was **bare** with only a bed and a chair. (房间里只有一张床和一把椅子，很是光秃。)
- He walked **bare-footed** on the beach. (他赤脚在海滩上走着。)

4. prizefighter - 职业拳击手

- In the 1920s, Jack Dempsey was a renowned **prizefighter**. (在20世纪20年代，杰克·德蒙赛是一位著名的职业拳击手。)
- The **prizefighters** trained rigorously for the upcoming match. (这些职业拳击手为即将到来的比赛进行了严格的训练。)

5. crude - 粗糙的；未加工的

- The **crude** oil needs to be refined before use. (这种原油需要在使用前经过精炼。)
- His **crude** language offended many people. (他粗鲁的言辞冒犯了许多人。)

6. marquis - 侯爵

- The **marquis** was known for his lavish parties. (这位侯爵以他奢华的派对而闻名。)
- The **marquis** inherited the title from his father. (这位侯爵继承了他父亲的爵位。)

7. technically - 技术上；从技术上讲

- **Technically**, the project is feasible. (从技术上讲，这个项目是可行的。)

- *She is not a lawyer **technically**, but she knows a lot about law.* (从技术上讲，她不是一名律师，但她对法律了解很多。)

8. science - 科学

- ***Science** has made tremendous progress in recent years.* (科学近年来取得了巨大的进步。)
- *She studied **science** at university.* (她在大学学习科学。)

9. popularity - 受欢迎；流行

- *The band's **popularity** soared after they released their new album.* (乐队发布新专辑后，他们的人气飙升。)
- *Social media platforms often measure **popularity** by likes and shares.* (社交媒体平台通常通过点赞和分享来衡量流行度。)

10. adore - 崇拜；敬爱

- *She **adores** her little sister.* (她非常敬爱她的小妹妹。)
- *Many people **adore** celebrities and follow their every move.* (许多人崇拜名人，并追随他们的一举一动。)

11. alike - 相同的；相似的

- *The twins look **alike**.* (这对双胞胎长得很像。)
- *The houses in this neighborhood all look **alike**.* (这个社区的房子看起来都很相似。)

12. fame - 名望；声誉

- *His **fame** spread far and wide.* (他的名望远近闻名。)
- ***Fame** often comes with its own challenges.* (名望往往伴随着自己的挑战。)

13. eminent - 卓越的；杰出的

- *She is an **eminent** scientist.* (她是一位杰出的科学家。)
- *The conference was attended by many **eminent** scholars.* (许多杰出的学者出席了这次会议。)

14. bitterly - 苦涩地；痛苦地

- *He felt **bitterly** disappointed when he didn't get the job.* (当他没有得到那份工作时，他感到非常失望。)
- *They argued **bitterly** over who should pay the bill.* (他们就谁该付账单争吵不休。)

15. bet - 打赌

- *I won the **bet** and collected my winnings.* (我赢了赌注，领取了我的奖金。)
- *He made a **bet** with his friend on the outcome of the match.* (他和朋友打赌比赛的结果。)

16. academy - 学院；院校

- *She enrolled in an art **academy** to improve her painting skills.* (她报名参加了一所艺术学院以提高她的绘画技巧。)
- *The **academy** awarded scholarships to outstanding students.* (这个学院向优秀学生颁发奖学金。)

17. extravagant - 奢侈的；过度的

- *Their wedding was **extravagant**, with hundreds of guests and a lavish reception.* (他们的婚礼奢华异常，拥有数百名嘉宾和盛大的接待。)
- *She has an **extravagant** taste in clothing, always buying designer brands.* (她对服装有着奢侈的品味，总是购买设计师品牌。)

18. poverty - 贫困；贫穷

- *Many people around the world live in **poverty**.* (世界各地有许多人生活在贫困中。)

- *They were born into **poverty** but worked hard to improve their situation.* (他们出生在贫困中，但努力工作改善了自己的处境。)

RI Why do friendships end?

1. refer to - 参考；涉及

- *Please **refer to** the manual for instructions.* (请参考说明书以获得指导。)
- *His speech **referred to** recent political events.* (他的演讲涉及了最近的政治事件。)

2. mystery - 神秘；谜团

- *The disappearance of the plane remains a **mystery**.* (飞机失踪仍然是一个谜团。)
- *Detectives are investigating the **mystery** of the missing jewelry.* (侦探正在调查失踪珠宝的谜团。)

3. disillusion - 使幻想破灭

- *The harsh realities of life **disillusioned** him.* (生活的残酷现实使他幻想破灭。)
- *She was **disillusioned** by the dishonesty of her friends.* (她对朋友们的不诚实感到幻想破灭。)

4. slip away - 悄悄离去

- *Time **slipped away** as they reminisced about their childhood.* (当他们回忆起童年时光时，时间悄悄流逝。)
- *The opportunity **slipped away** before he could seize it.* (机会在他能够抓住之前悄悄溜走了。)

5. insight - 洞察力；深刻见解

- *His book provides valuable **insights** into human behavior.* (他的书为人类行为提供了宝贵的见解。)
- *She has a deep **insight** into the workings of the human mind.* (她对人类思维的运作有着深刻的洞察力。)

6. relocate - 搬迁；迁移

- *The company decided to **relocate** its headquarters to another city.* (公司决定将总部搬迁到另一个城市。)
- *They **relocated** to the countryside for a quieter life.* (他们搬到乡下过安静的生活。)

7. cannot help but - 不得不

- *She **cannot help but** laugh at his jokes.* (她忍不住笑他的笑话。)
- *He **cannot help but** admire her courage.* (他不得不佩服她的勇气。)

8. affect - 影响；影响力

- *His words deeply **affected** me.* (他的话对我产生了深远的影响。)
- *The decision will **affect** everyone in the company.* (这个决定将影响公司的每个人。)

9. likewise - 同样地；同理

- *She enjoys reading; **likewise**, her sister loves books.* (她喜欢阅读；同样地，她的妹妹也喜欢书籍。)
- *He offered to help, and I did **likewise**.* (他提出帮助，我也是如此。)

10. apart - 分开的；除...之外

- *They live **apart** from each other.* (他们住得相隔很远。)
- ***Apart** from his academic achievements, he's also a talented musician.* (除了他的学业成就外，他还是一位有才华的音乐家。)

11. extend - 延伸；扩展

- *She decided to **extend** her vacation by another week.* (她决定将假期延长一周。)
- *The company plans to **extend** its product line next year.* (公司计划明年扩展其产品线。)

12. **extended** - 延长的；扩展的

- *The movie has an **extended** version with additional scenes.* (这部电影有一个延长版，包括额外的场景。)
- *She took an **extended** break from work to travel around the world.* (她休了一个长假，环游世界。)

13. **breakup** - 分手；破裂

- *Their **breakup** was mutual and amicable.* (他们的分手是彼此的协商和友好的。)
- *The band's **breakup** shocked their fans.* (乐队的解散震惊了他们的粉丝。)

14. **mutual** - 相互的；共同的

- *They have a **mutual** respect for each other.* (他们彼此互相尊重。)
- *The decision was reached through **mutual** agreement.* (这个决定是通过双方的协商达成的。)

15. **closure** - 封闭；结束

- *She needed **closure** after the end of their relationship.* (在他们关系结束后，她需要一个了结。)
- *The company announced the **closure** of several stores due to financial difficulties.* (由于财务困难，公司宣布关闭了几家门店。)

16. **tend** - 倾向于；照料

- *She **tends** to be shy around strangers.* (她倾向于在陌生人面前害羞。)
- *He **tends** the garden every morning.* (他每天早上照料花园。)

17. **involve** - 涉及；包括

- *The project will **involve** extensive research.* (这个项目将涉及大量的研究。)
- *She was **involved** in a car accident last night.* (她昨晚卷入了一场车祸。)

18

. **date** - 日期；约会

- *What's the **date** today?* (今天是几号?)
- *They went on a **date** to the movies.* (他们去看电影约会了。)

19. **take on** - 承担；接受

- *He's not afraid to **take on** new challenges.* (他不怕接受新的挑战。)
- *The company decided to **take on** more staff to meet demand.* (公司决定接受更多的员工以满足需求。)

20. **venture** - 冒险；投资

- *Starting a business is always a risky **venture**.* (创业总是一次冒险。)
- *She decided to **venture** into the world of freelance writing.* (她决定涉足自由写作的世界。)

21. **consume** - 消耗；消费

- *The fire **consumed** the entire building.* (火灾吞噬了整栋建筑。)
- *He **consumes** a lot of energy when he's stressed.* (他在紧张时消耗大量能量。)

22. **passion** - 激情；热情

- *She pursued her acting career with great **passion**.* (她充满激情地追求着自己的表演事业。)
- *His **passion** for music is evident in every performance.* (他对音乐的热情在每一次表演中都能看出来。)

23. **invest** - 投资；投入

- *She **invested** her savings in the stock market.* (她把积蓄投资到了股市。)

- The company plans to **invest** in renewable energy sources. (公司计划投资于可再生能源。)

24. due to - 由于

- The event was canceled **due to** bad weather. (活动因天气恶劣而取消。)

- He missed the meeting **due to** traffic. (他因交通问题错过了会议。)

25. high - 高的；高度的

- The mountain peak is very **high**. (这座山峰非常高。)

- She has a **high** fever. (她发高烧了。)

26. overcome - 克服；战胜

- She **overcame** her fear of public speaking. (她克服了对公众演讲的恐惧。)

- They **overcame** many obstacles to achieve success. (他们克服了许多障碍取得了成功。)

27. betray - 背叛；出卖

- He felt **betrayed** by his closest friend. (他觉得自己被最亲密的朋友出卖了。)

- Her smile **betrayed** her true feelings. (她的微笑暴露了她真实的感情。)

28. end up with - 以...结束

- He **ended up with** a broken leg after the accident. (事故后他以一条断腿结束了。)

- Despite his efforts, he **ended up with** a low-paying job. (尽管他努力了，但他最终只得到了一份低薪的工作。)

29. (as) much as - 尽可能多

- He wanted to help **as much as** he could. (他想尽可能多地帮助。)

- She loves him **as much as** he loves her. (她爱他，就像他爱她一样多。)

30. survive - 幸存；生存

- They managed to **survive** the harsh winter. (他们设法在严寒的冬天里幸存下来。)

- She barely **survived** the accident. (她几乎在事故中丧生。)

31. unintentionally - 无意中；非故意地

- He **unintentionally** offended her with his comment. (他无意中冒犯了她的言论。)

- She **unintentionally** broke the vase while cleaning. (她在清理时无意中打破了花瓶。)

32. neglect - 忽视；忽略

- She felt neglected by her parents. (她感觉到父母忽视了她。)

- The garden was neglected and overgrown with weeds. (花园被忽略了，长满了杂草。)

33. expose - 暴露；揭露

- The scandal **exposed** the corruption within the government. (丑闻暴露了政府内部的腐败。)

- His lies were **exposed** when the truth came out. (当真相大白时，他的谎言被揭露了。)

34. wither - 枯萎；凋谢

- The flowers **withered** in the hot sun. (鲜花在烈日下凋谢了。)

- Her dreams began to **wither** as she faced one disappointment after another. (她面对一次又一次的失望，她的梦想开始凋零了。)

35. apply to - 适用于；申请

- These rules only **apply to** certain situations. (这些规则只适用于特定情况。)

- She decided to **apply to** several universities. (她决定申请几所大学。)

36. cease - 停止；结束

- The rain **ceased** suddenly. (雨突然停了。)

- They were ordered to **cease** all hostilities immediately. (他们被命令立即停止一切敌对行动。)

37. fledgling - 初学者；新手

- He is still a **fledgling** in the

world of finance. (他在金融界仍然是一名新手。)

- *The company offers training programs for **fledgling** employees.* (公司为初学员工提供培训计划。)

38. when it comes to - 当谈到；在...方面

- *She's an expert **when it comes to** cooking.* (当谈到烹饪时，她是个专家。)

- *He's very knowledgeable **when it comes to** technology.* (当谈到技术时，他非常有见识。)

39. flourish - 繁荣；茂盛

- *The city **flourished** during the Renaissance.* (文艺复兴时期，这座城市繁荣起来。)

- *Her business began to **flourish** after she implemented new marketing strategies.* (她实施了新的营销策略后，她的生意开始蓬勃发展。)

40. revive - 复活；恢复

- *The patient **revived** after receiving CPR.* (患者接受心肺复苏后苏醒过来。)

- *The economy began to **revive** after the recession.* (经济在经历了衰退后开始复苏。)

41. on one's own - 独自；靠自己

- *She decided to travel around Europe **on her own**.* (她决定独自环游欧洲。)

- *He built his business empire **on his own**.* (他靠自己建立了自己的商业帝国。)

42. moreover - 而且；此外

- *She's intelligent; **moreover**, she's hardworking.* (她聪明而且勤奋。)

- *The company lost money last year, and, **moreover**, it faced legal troubles.* (公司去年亏损了，而且还面临着法律问题。)

43. bounce - 弹跳；反弹

- *The ball **bounced** off the wall.* (球从墙上弹了下来。)

- *She watched the kids **bounce** on the trampoline.* (她看着孩子们在蹦床上跳跃。)

44. bounce back - 恢复；反弹

- *He **bounced back** quickly after the illness.* (他很快就从疾病中恢复过来了。)

- *The team **bounced back** from their defeat with a win in the next game.* (球队在接下来的比赛中以一场胜利重新振作起来。)

45. injure - 伤害；受伤

- *He **injured** his ankle while playing soccer.* (他在踢足球时扭伤了脚踝。)

- *Several people were **injured** in the car accident.* (在车祸中有几个人受伤了。)

46. repeatedly - 反复地；重复地

- *He **repeatedly** asked for her forgiveness.* (他一再请求她的原谅。)

- *She **repeatedly** warned him about the dangers of smoking.* (她一再警告他吸烟的危险。)

47. trample - 践踏；蹂躏

- *The crowd **trampled** the flowers in the park.* (人群蹂躏了公园里的鲜花。)

- *Their rights were **trampled** on by the government.* (政府践踏了他们的权利。)

48. nevertheless - 然而；尽管如此

- *She was tired; **nevertheless**, she continued working.* (她很累，尽管如此，她还是继续工作。)

- *The weather was bad; **nevertheless**, they went ahead with the picnic.* (天气不好，尽管如此，他们还是进行了野餐。)

49. at the outset - 在开始；在起初

- *He was optimistic **at the outset** of the project.* (在项目开始时，他很乐观。)

- ***At the outset**, they faced many challenges.* (在开始时，他们面临着许多挑战。)

RC What should we do for our friends?

1. now that - 既然；由于

- *Now **that** you're here, let's get started.* (既然你来了, 我们就开始吧。)

- *He can't go out **now that** he's sick.* (既然他生病了, 他不能出去了。)

2. **firmly** - 坚定地; 牢固地

- *She stood **firmly** by her decision.* (她坚定地坚持她的决定。)

- *He shook hands **firmly** with his new boss.* (他和他的新老板握手时很有力。)

3. **recklessly** - 鲁莽地; 不顾一切地

- *He drove **recklessly** and caused an accident.* (他鲁莽驾驶, 导致了一场事故。)

- *She spent her money **recklessly** and soon regretted it.* (她挥霍了钱, 很快就后悔了。)

4. **unthinkable** - 不可思议的; 难以想象的

- *The idea of leaving him was **unthinkable**.* (离开他的想法是不可思议的。)

- *It's **unthinkable** to imagine life without electricity.* (很难想象没有电的生活。)

5. **pedestrian** - 步行者; 平凡的

- *The city installed **pedestrian** crossings to improve safety.* (城市设置了人行横道以提高安全性。)

- *His latest novel was criticized as **pedestrian** and lacking in creativity.* (他的最新小说

被批评为平庸, 缺乏创造力。)

6. **trial** - 试验; 审判

- *The drug is still in **trial** phase.* (这种药物仍处于试验阶段。)

- *The suspect is awaiting **trial** for robbery.* (嫌疑犯正在等待抢劫审判。)

7. **testify** - 作证; 证明

- *He agreed to **testify** against his former business partner.* (他同意作证指控前商业伙伴。)

- *The witness **testified** that she saw the defendant at the scene of the crime.* (证人证明她看见被告出现在犯罪现场。)

8. **witness** - 目击者; 见证

- *Several **witnesses** saw the accident.* (几名目击者看到了事故。)

- *She signed the document in the presence of a **witness**.* (她在证人的见证下签署了文件。)

9. **outcome** - 结果; 成果

- *The **outcome** of the election was uncertain.* (选举结果不确定。)

- *The negotiations had a positive **outcome**.* (谈判取得了积极的成果。)

10. **scenario** - 情景; 情况

- *They discussed various **scenarios** for dealing with the crisis.* (他们讨论了处理危机的各种情景。)

- *What's the worst-case **scenario**?* (最坏的情况是什么?)

11. **appropriate** - 适当的; 合适的

- *His behavior was not **appropriate** for the occasion.* (他的行为不适合这个场合。)

- *She wore **appropriate** clothing for the interview.* (她穿着适合面试的衣服。)

12. **respondent** - 回答者; 受访者

- *The survey had over 500 **respondents**.* (这项调查有500多名受访者。)

- *The **respondents** provided valuable feedback.* (受访者提供了宝贵的反馈。)

13. **typical** - 典型的; 特有的

- *It's **typical** of him to arrive late.* (他迟到是很典型的。)

- *This is a **typical** example of bureaucratic inefficiency.* (这是官僚主义低效的典型例子。)

14. **obligation** - 义务; 责任

- *He felt an **obligation** to help his family.* (他感到有义务帮助家人。)

- She fulfilled her **obligations** as a citizen. (她履行了作为公民的义务。)

15. bend - 弯曲；弯腰

- The tree **bent** in the strong wind. (树在强风中弯曲了。)

- She **bent** down to pick up the coins. (她弯下身捡起硬币。)

16. legality - 合法性；合法

- The lawyer questioned the **legality** of the arrest. (律师质疑逮捕的合法性。)

- The **legality** of the contract was called into question. (合同的合法性受到了质疑。)

17. fairly - 公平地；相当地

- She was treated **fairly** by her employer. (她受到雇主的公平对待。)

- The price is **fairly** reasonable. (价格相当合理。)

18. concerned - 关心的；担忧的

- She's **concerned** about her son's health. (她对儿子的健康很担心。)

- The mayor is **concerned** about rising crime rates. (市长对犯罪率上升很担心。)

19. all concerned - 所有相关人员

- The meeting will discuss the issue with **all concerned parties**. (会议将与所有相关方讨论这个问题。)

- The decision will affect **all concerned**. (这个决定将影响所有相关人员。)

20. regardless of - 不管；不顾

- He continued to work **regardless of** his illness. (不管生病与否，他都继续工作。)

- She pursued her dreams **regardless of** what others said. (不管别人怎么说，她都追求自己的梦想。)

21. assess - 评估；估计

- It's important to **assess** the situation before making a decision. (在做出决定之前评估情况是很重要的。)

- She **assessed** the value of the antique vase. (她评估了古董花瓶的价值。)

22. stand up for - 维护；支持

- She always **stands up for** what she believes in. (她总是维护自己的信仰。)

- He's not afraid to **stand up for** his friends. (他不怕为朋友挺身而出。)

23. count on - 依靠；指望

- You can **count on** me to help you. (你可以指望我帮你。)

- He **counted on** her to keep his secret. (他指望她保守他的秘密。)

24. stand by - 支持；袖手旁观

- She **stood by** him during his difficult times. (她在他困难的时候支持着他。)

- They **stood by** and watched as the argument escalated. (他们袖手旁观，看着争论升级。)

25. in times of - 在...时期

- She always remained loyal **in times of** trouble. (在困难时期

，她总是忠诚的。)

- He was there for her **in times of** need. (在需要的时候，他总是在她身边。)

26. fairness - 公平；公正

- The decision was made with **fairness and impartiality**. (这个决定是公平公正的。)

- She appreciated the **fairness** of the process. (她赞赏这个过程的公平性。)

27. true to - 忠于；忠实于

- He remained **true to** his principles. (他忠于自己的原则。)

- She stayed **true to** her word. (她言出必行。)

28. come out - 出现；发表；公布

- The stars **come out** at night. (星星在夜晚出现。)

- The truth will eventually **come out**. (真相最终会大白的。)

29. sketch - 概述；素描

- *She quickly **sketched** out the plan.* (她迅速勾勒出了计划。)

- *He provided a rough **sketch** of his ideas.* (他对自己的想法进行了粗略的概述。)

30. course - 过程；课程；航向

- *The **course** of history was changed by the war.* (历史的进程被这场战争改变了。)

- *He's studying a **course** in computer programming.* (他正在学习计算机编程课程。)

31. feel like (sth./doing sth.) - 想要；感觉像

- *I don't **feel like** going out tonight.* (我今晚不想出去。)

- *Do you **feel like** pizza for dinner?* (你晚饭想吃披萨吗?)

32. sufficiently - 充分地；足够地

- *She didn't train **sufficiently** for the marathon.* (她没有充分地为马拉松比赛进行训练。)

- *The evidence was **sufficiently** convincing.* (证据足够有说服力。)

33. rate - 评价；速度；比率

- *She **rated** the movie five stars.* (她给这部电影评了五星。)

- *The **rate** of inflation has increased.* (通货膨胀率增加了。)

34. controlling - 控制的；控制力强的

- *He's very **controlling** in his relationships.* (他在感情关系中非常控制欲强。)

- *The **controlling** factor in the experiment was temperature.* (实验中的控制因素是温度。)

35. mind one's own business - 管好自己的事

- *Why don't you just **mind your own business**?* (你干嘛不好好管好自己的事?)

- *He should learn to **mind his own business**.* (他应该学会好好管好自己的事。)

36. genuinely - 真诚地；真正地

- *She was **genuinely** happy for her friend's success.* (她为朋友的成功感到真诚的快乐。)

- *He **genuinely** believed in the goodness of people.* (他真诚地相信人性的善良。)

37. accustomed - 习惯的；惯常的

- *She's **accustomed** to working long hours.* (她习惯了长时间工作。)

- *He soon became **accustomed** to the noise.* (他很快就习惯了噪音。)

38. be accustomed to - 习惯于

- *She's **accustomed to** the cold weather.* (她习惯了寒冷的天气。)

- *He's **accustomed to** driving on the left side of the road.* (他习惯了在左边开车。)

39. intervene - 干涉；介入

- *The teacher had to **intervene** to stop the fight.* (老师不得不干涉以停止争斗。)

- *The government decided to **intervene** in the crisis.* (政府决定介入这场危机。)

40. intervene in - 干涉；介入

- *The United Nations may have to **intervene in** the conflict.* (联合国可能不得不介入这场冲突。)

- *She didn't want anyone to **intervene in** her personal life.* (她不想任何人干涉她的个人生活。)

41. normal - 正常的；普通的

- *It's **normal** for babies to cry.* (婴儿哭是正常的。)

- *Her temperature is **normal**.* (她的体温是正常的。)

42. behavior - 行为；举止

- *His **behavior** at the party was unacceptable.* (他在派对上的行为是不可接受的。)

- *The child's **behavior** improved after counseling.* (这个孩子在接受咨询后行为有所改善。)

RI Going Global

1. go global - 全球化；走向全球

- *The company plans to **go global** next year.* (公司计划明年走向全球。)
- *The internet has helped many businesses **go global**.* (互联网帮助了许多企业走向全球。)

2. population - 人口

- *The **population** of the city has been steadily increasing.* (这座城市的人口一直在稳步增长。)
- *The world's **population** is expected to reach 9 billion by 2050.* (据预测，到2050年，全球人口将达到90亿。)

3. populate - 居住于；居住

于

- *The area was once **populated** by indigenous tribes.* (这个地区曾经是土著部落的居住地。)
- *Many species **populate** the rainforest.* (许多物种居住在雨林中。)

4. at an alarming rate - 以惊人的速度

- *Deforestation is happening **at an alarming rate**.* (森林砍伐正以惊人的速度进行。)
- *The number of endangered species is declining **at an alarming rate**.* (濒危物种的数量正以惊人的速度下降。)

5. alarmingly - 令人震惊地；惊人地

- *The crime rate has risen **alarmingly** in recent years.* (近年来，犯罪率已经惊人地上升了。)
- ***Alarmingly**, many children in the country are malnourished.* (令人震惊的是，这个国家许多儿童营养不良。)

6. alarm - 警报；惊慌

- *The fire **alarm** went off in the middle of the night.* (消防警报在午夜响了起来。)
- *She felt a sense of **alarm** when she saw the dark clouds approaching.* (当她看到乌云接近时，她感到一阵惊慌。)

7. alarmist - 危言耸听者

- *He's always been an **alarmist** about climate change.* (他一直以来对气候变化都很危言耸听。)
- *The article was criticized for being **alarmist** and sensationalist.* (这篇文章因危言耸听和煽动性而受到批评。)

8. a human chain - 人链

- *Protesters formed a **human chain** around the building.* (抗议者在建筑物周围形成了人链。)
- *They rescued the drowning man by forming a **human chain**.* (他们通过形成人链来救起那个溺水的人。)

9. chain - 链条；一系列

- *The bike was secured with a strong **chain**.* (自行车用一根牢固的链条锁住了。)
- *The store has a **chain** of outlets across the country.* (这家商店在全国各地都有连锁店。)

10. figure - 数字；人物

- *The final **figure** was higher than expected.* (最终数字高于预期。)
- *He's a prominent **figure** in the fashion industry.* (他是时装界的一位杰出人物。)

11. double - 翻倍；两倍

- *The number of visitors **doubled** compared to last year.* (与去年相比，游客数量翻了一番。)
- *Her salary **doubled** after she got promoted.* (她升职后的工资加倍了。)

12. significantly - 显著地；重要地

- *The company's profits have increased **significantly**.* (公司的利润显著增加了。)
- *She's **significantly** taller than her sister.* (她比她妹妹高得多。)

13. to a large extent - 在很大程度上

- *The success of the project is due **to a large extent** to her leadership.* (这个项目的成功在很大程度上要归

功于她的领导。)

- *Their decision was influenced **to a large extent** by financial considerations.* (他们的决定在很大程度上受到了财务考虑的影响。)

14. in use - 在使用中

- *The old machinery is no longer **in use**.* (旧机器已经不再使用了。)

- *The new software is now **in use** throughout the company.* (新软件现在在整个公司使用。)

15. regular speakers - 正常说话者; 常规发言者

- *The conference attracted many **regular speakers**.* (这次会议吸引了许多常规发言者。)

- *She's one of the **regular speakers** at the annual event.* (她是年度活动中的一位常规发言者。)

16. regular - 正常的; 定期的

- *He's a **regular** customer at the café.* (他是这家咖啡馆的常客。)

- *The buses run on a **regular** schedule.* (公共汽车按时刻表运行。)

17. extinction - 灭绝; 绝种

- *The **extinction** of dinosaurs occurred millions of years ago.* (恐龙的灭绝发生在几百万年前。)

- *Many species are facing the threat of **extinction**.* (许多物种正面临灭绝的威胁。)

18. extinct - 灭绝的; 绝种的

- *The dodo bird is now **extinct**.* (渡渡鸟现在已经灭绝了。)

- *These customs are almost **extinct** in modern society.* (这些习俗在现代社会几乎绝迹了。)

19. human race - 人类; 人族

- *The **human race** has made significant technological advancements.* (人类在技术上取得了重大进步。)

- *The **human race** faces many challenges in the 21st century.* (人类在21世纪面临着许多挑战。)

20. race - 种族; 比赛

- *There are many different **races** living in this city.* (这个城市居住着许多不同的种族。)

- *The horse **race** was very exciting.* (赛马比赛非常激动人心。)

21. racial - 种族的; 种族间的

- ******

Racial discrimination is illegal. (种族歧视是违法的。)

- **There's been a lot of tension between the racial groups.** (种族间关系一直很紧张。)

22. racially - 种族上; 种族间

- **The law prohibits discrimination racially.** (法律禁止种族歧视。)

- **The neighborhood is diverse racially**.** (这个社区在种族上很多样化。)

CF All you need to know about English

1. globalization - 全球化

- ***Globalization** has led to increased interconnectedness between countries.* (全球化导致了各国之间联系的增加。)
- *English has become a global language due to **globalization**.* (由于全球化, 英语已经成为一种全球性语言。)

2. diverse - 多样的; 不同的

- *The city is known for its **diverse** cultural heritage.* (这个城市以其多样的文化遗产闻名。)
- *There's a **diverse** range of opinions on the issue.* (对这个问题有各种各样的意见。)

3. tongue - 语言; 舌头

- *English is her native **tongue**.* (英语是她的母语。)
- *She speaks several **tongues** fluently.* (她能流利地说几种语言。)

4. native - 本地的；土著的

- *He's a **native** of New York.* (他是纽约本地人。)
- *The tribe has **native** rights to the land.* (这个部落对这片土地拥有本地权利。)

5. compare - 比较

- *She likes to **compare** prices before making a purchase.* (她喜欢在购买前比较价格。)
- *Let's **compare** the two options.* (我们来比较一下这两个选项。)

6. compare to - 把...比作；与...相比

- *He often **compares** himself to famous athletes.* (他经常把自己比作著名的运动员。)
- *The new model **compares to** the old one in terms of performance.* (就性能而言，新型号与旧型号相比如何？)

7. compare with - 与...比较

- ***Compare** this camera **with** the one you have.* (把这台相机和你有的那台比一下。)
- *The report **compares** our results **with** those of previous studies.* (这份报告将我们的结果与以前的研究结果进行了比较。)

8. major - 主要的；重大的

- *He made a **major** contribution to the project.* (他对这个项目作出了重大贡献。)
- *The company underwent **major** restructuring.* (公司进行了重大的重组。)

9. official - 官方的；正式的

- *The government issued an **official** statement.* (政府发布了一份官方声明。)
- *This is the **official** website of the organization.* (这是该组织的官方网站。)

10. fluent - 流利的；流畅的

- *She's **fluent** in three languages.* (她能流利地说三种语言。)
- *He's a **fluent** speaker.* (他是一位流利的演讲者。)

11. take control of - 控制；掌控

- *She decided to **take control of** her finances.* (她决定掌控自己的财务。)
- *The rebels sought to **take control of** the capital.* (叛乱分子试图控制首都。)

12. exchange - 交换；交流

- *They **exchanged** gifts at the party.* (他们在聚会上互相交换礼物。)
- *The students participated in a cultural **exchange** program.* (学生们参加了文化交流项目。)

13. range - 范围；系列

- *The store offers a wide **range** of products.* (这家商店提供多种多样的产品。)
- *The **range** of temperatures varies throughout the year.* (一年中温度的变化范围各不相同。)

14. here to stay - 长驻；稳定存在

- *Social media is **here to stay**.* (社交媒体已经长驻。)
- *The new policy seems like it's **here to stay**.* (这项新政策似乎是来稳定存在的。)

RI The Old Man and the Sea

1. wound - 伤口；伤害

- *He suffered a serious **wound** to his leg.* (他的腿受了严重的伤。)
- *The soldier received medical treatment for his **wounds**.* (这个士兵因伤受到了医疗治疗。)

2. wounded - 受伤的；受伤者

- The **wounded** soldier was evacuated from the battlefield. (受伤的士兵被从战场撤离。)
- He visited the **wounded** in the hospital. (他去医院看望了受伤者。)

3. likely - 可能的；有希望的

- It's **likely** to rain this afternoon. (今天下午可能会下雨。)
- She's the most **likely** candidate for the job. (她是这个工作最有可能的候选人。)

4. target - 目标；靶子

- The company set a sales **target** for the quarter. (公司为本季度设定了销售目标。)
- He hit the **target** with his first shot. (他第一枪就命中了目标。)

5. approach - 方法；接近

- _She has a

unique **approach** to problem-solving. (她有独特的解决问题的方法。)

- _As the deadline approached, they worked faster. (随着截止日期的临近，他们工作得更快了。)

6. approachable - 可接近的；易于相处的

- The manager is very **approachable** and always willing to listen. (经理非常平易近人，总是愿意倾听。)
- Despite her fame, she's surprisingly **approachable**. (尽管她很出名，但她很容易接近。)

7. survive - 幸存；生存

- Only a few plants **survived** the harsh winter. (只有少数植物在严冷的冬天中幸存了下来。)
- He struggled to **survive** in the wilderness. (他在荒野中挣扎着生存下来。)

8. attack - 攻击；袭击

- The army launched an **attack** on the enemy stronghold. (军队向敌人的据点发动了攻击。)
- He suffered a heart **attack**. (他患了心脏病发作。)

9. fight off the bloodthirsty shark - 击退嗜血的鲨鱼

- He managed to **fight off** the bloodthirsty shark. (他设法击退了那条嗜血的鲨鱼。)
- She had to **fight off** her attacker. (她不得不击退她的袭击者。)

10. fight sb./sth. off - 击退；抵挡

- He had to **fight off** the wild animals. (他不得不抵挡野兽。)
- She tried to **fight off** the feelings of despair. (她试图摆脱绝望的感觉。)

11. bloodthirsty - 嗜血的；凶残的

- The dictator was known for his **bloodthirsty** regime. (这位独裁者以其嗜血的统治而闻名。)
- The movie depicted a **bloodthirsty** vampire. (这部电影描绘了一位嗜血的吸血鬼。)

12. close in - 靠近

- The police were **closing in** on the suspect. (警方正在追捕嫌疑人。)
- As the deadline approached, the pressure began to **close in**. (随着截止日期的临近，压力开始加大。)

13. flesh - 肉；肌肉

- He cut the **flesh** of the fruit. (他切开了水果的果肉。)
- The wound exposed the white **flesh** underneath. (伤口露出了下面的白色肌肉。)

14. rip - 撕裂；扯破

- The dog **ripped** the paper to shreds. (狗把纸撕成了碎片。)
- She accidentally **ripped** her dress on a nail. (她不小心被钉子划破了裙子。)

15. be ripped off - 被欺骗；被敲竹杠

- He felt like he was **ripped off** by the car salesman. (他觉得自己被汽车销售员欺骗了。)
- She realized she had been **ripped off** when she saw the quality of the product. (她看到产品的质量后意识到自己被骗了。)

16. spear - 矛；鱼叉

- *He hunted fish with a **spear**.* (他用鱼叉捕鱼。)

- *The warrior held his **spear** ready for battle.* (战士拿着他的长矛准备战斗。)

17. bloody - 血腥的；流血的

- *The movie had a **bloody** scene.* (这部电影有一个血腥的场景。)

- *He suffered a **bloody** injury.* (他受了一处流血的伤。)

18. blood - 血；血液

- *She donated **blood** at the blood drive.* (她在献血活动中捐献了血液。)

- *The doctor took a sample of her **blood** for testing.* (医生采集了她的一份血样进行检测。)

19. bleed - 流血；渗出

- *The wound started to **bleed**.* (伤口开始流血。)

- *The color from the marker began to **bleed** onto the paper.* (马克笔的颜色开始渗出到纸上。)

20. hatred - 憎恨；仇恨

- *His **hatred** for his enemies consumed him.* (他对敌人的仇恨把他吞噬了。)

- *There was a deep **hatred** between the two families.* (这两个家族之间有着深刻的仇恨。)

21. wrap - 包裹；裹住

- *She **wrapped** the gift in colorful paper.* (她用彩纸把礼物包了起来。)

- *The scarf **wrapped** around her neck kept her warm.* (围巾缠在她的脖子上使她保持温暖。)

22. be wrapped up in sb./sth. - 被...吸引住

- *He was completely **wrapped up in** his work.* (他完全被工作吸引住了。)

- *She was **wrapped up in** her new hobby.* (她全神贯注于她的新爱好。)

23. wrapper -

包装纸；包装者

- *He discarded the **wrapper** from the candy bar.* (他把糖果的包装纸扔掉了。)

- *The chocolate bar was still in its **wrapper**.* (巧克力棒还在包装纸里。)

24. speedboat - 快艇；摩托艇

- *They raced across the lake in a **speedboat**.* (他们在湖面上乘坐快艇飞驰。)

- *He owns a luxury **speedboat**.* (他拥有一艘豪华快艇。)

25. beat - 拍打；打败

- *The drummer **beat** the drum rhythmically.* (鼓手有规律地敲击鼓。)

- *She **beat** her opponent in straight sets.* (她连续两盘战胜了对手。)

26. beat around/about the bush - 拐弯抹角；绕圈子

- *Stop **beating around the bush** and tell me what you want.* (别拐弯抹角了，告诉我你想要什么。)

- *Instead of **beating about the bush**, he got straight to the point.* (他没有绕圈子，而是直截了当地说了。)

27. defeat - 战胜；击败

- *The army **defeated** the enemy in battle.* (军队在战斗中击败了敌人。)

- *She felt a sense of **defeat** after failing the exam.* (考试不及格后，她感到了一种失败感。)

28. defeat the purpose of - 违背目的；无益于

- *Eating junk food would **defeat the purpose of** your diet.* (吃垃圾食品会违背你节食的目的。)

- *Their arguments only **defeat the purpose of** finding a solution.* (他们的争论只会破坏寻找解决方案的目的。)

29. defeatism - 失败主义

- ***Defeatism** will get us nowhere.* (失败主义会使我们一事无成。)

- *Her **defeatism** prevented her from even trying.* (她的失败主义甚至阻止了她尝试。)

30. defeatist - 失败主义者

- *He's such a **defeatist**; he always expects the worst.* (他是个失败主义者; 他总是预料最糟糕的情况。)
- *Her **defeatist** attitude held her back from pursuing her dreams.* (她的失败主义态度阻碍了她追求梦想。)

31. armed - 武装的; 有武器的

- *The soldiers were **armed** with rifles.* (士兵们手持步枪。)
- *The robbers were **armed** and dangerous.* (强盗们持有武器, 十分危险。)

32. arm - 武器; 手臂

- *He injured his **arm** in the accident.* (他在事故中受伤了。)
- *The country has a strong military **arm**.* (这个国家拥有强大的军事力量。)

CF A False Start

1. attain - 达到; 获得

- *She finally **attained** her goal after years of hard work.* (经过多年的努力, 她终于实现了自己的目标。)
- *He hoped to **attain** a higher level of education.* (他希望获得更高的教育水平。)

2. hold firm to - 坚决支持; 坚持

- *She **held firm to** her beliefs despite criticism.* (尽管受到批评, 她仍然坚守自己的信仰。)
- *The team **held firm to** their lead until the end of the game.* (直到比赛结束, 这个队一直保持领先地位。)

3. firm - 坚定的; 公司

- *He has a **firm** belief in justice.* (他对正义有着坚定的信念。)
- *The law **firm** specializes in corporate law.* (这家律师事务所专门从事公司法律业务。)

4. take a firm line/stand - 采取坚决立场

- *The government decided to **take a firm line** against corruption.* (政府决定对腐败采取坚决立场。)
- *The company **took a firm stand** on environmental issues.* (这家公司在环境问题上采取了坚决立场。)

5. accomplish - 完成; 实现

- *She felt a sense of achievement after **accomplishing** her goals.* (实现目标后, 她感到一种成就感。)
- *It took years of hard work to **accomplish** their mission.* (实现他们的任务需要多年的辛勤工作。)

6. a false start - 假动作; 虚弄

- *The project had a **false start** due to miscommunication.* (由于沟通不畅, 这个项目出现了一个假动作。)
- *The team made a **false start** and had to restart the race.* (这个团队出现了虚弄, 必须重新开始比赛。)

7. a late developer - 晚开发者; 迟到的开发者

- *He was a **late developer** in terms of his career.* (就职业而言, 他是个晚开发者。)
- *She was a **late developer** when it came to her artistic talents.* (就她的艺术天赋而言, 她是个迟到的开发者。)

8. curious - 好奇的; 奇特的

- *Children are naturally **curious** about the world around them.* (孩子们自然

而然地对他们周围的世界感到好奇。)

- *There's a **curious** smell coming from the kitchen.* (厨房传来一种奇怪的气味。)

9. curiosity - 好奇心; 珍品

- *His **curiosity** led him to explore new places.* (他的好奇心促使他去探索新地方。)

- *The museum displayed many rare **curiosities**.* (博物馆展示了许多珍奇物品。)

10. expel - 驱逐; 开除

- *He was **expelled** from school for bad behavior.* (他因行为不端被学校开除。)

- *The government decided to **expel** foreign diplomats.* (政府决定驱逐外交官。)

11. expel sb. from sth./sb. = be expelled from sth./sb. - 把某人从某地驱逐出去; 被某地驱逐出去

- *He was **expelled from the party** for causing trouble.* (他因为惹麻烦被赶出了派对。)

- *She was **expelled from the country** for illegal activities.* (她因为非法活动被驱逐出境。)

12. expel sb. for doing sth. - 因为某人做某事而开除某人

- *They **expelled him** for cheating on the exam.* (他们因为他在考试中作弊而开除了他。)

- *She was **expelled** for stealing from the company.* (她因为从公司偷窃而被开除。)

13. the Nobel Prize in literature/economics/chemistry/physics/physiology or medicine - 诺贝尔文学奖/经济学奖/化学奖/物理学奖/生理学或医学奖

- *He won the **Nobel Prize in Literature** for his novel.* (他因他的小说获得了诺贝尔文学奖。)

- *She was awarded the **Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine** for her groundbreaking research.* (她因开创性的研究而获得了诺贝尔生理学或医学奖。)

14. Dutch - 荷兰的; 荷兰人

- *They speak **Dutch** in the Netherlands.* (他们在荷兰说荷兰语。)

- *He's of **Dutch** descent.* (他有荷兰血统。)

15. go dutch - 各付各的; 各自买单

- *Let's **go Dutch** tonight; I'll pay for my meal.* (我们今晚各付各的账吧; 我自己付我的餐费。)

- *It's common for friends to **go Dutch** when dining out together.* (朋友们一起外出吃饭时, 各付各的是很常见的。)

16. hard work - 辛勤工作; 努力

- *Success doesn't come without **hard work**.* (成功离不开辛勤工作。)

- *She attributed her success to **hard work** and determination.* (她把自己的成功归功于辛勤工作和决心。)

17. count - 计数; 重要性

- *They began to **count** the votes.* (他们开始计票。)

- *Every vote **counts** in an election.* (在选举中, 每一票都很重要。)

18. count for - 重要; 起作用

- *His opinion doesn't **count for** much in this matter.* (在这件事上, 他的意见不是很重要。)

- *Your efforts really **count for** something.* (你的努力确实起了作用。)

19. count down - 倒计时

- *They began to **count down** the seconds until midnight.* (他们开始倒计时, 直到午夜。)

- *The clock on the screen was **counting down** to zero.* (屏幕上的时钟正在倒计时, 直到零。)

20. count me in - 我加入; 我参加

- *If you're going hiking, **count me in**.* (如果你去远足, 我参加。)

- *When it comes to volunteering, **count me in**.* (谈到志愿工作, 我参加。)

21. count me out - 我退出; 我不参加

- *I don't enjoy skiing, so **count me out**.* (我不喜欢滑雪, 所以我不参加。)

- ***Count me out** of your plans; I have other commitments.* (我不参加你的计划; 我有其他安排。)

22. afford - 负担得起；提供

- *They couldn't **afford** to buy a new car.* (他们买不起新车。)

- *The hotel **afforded** a beautiful view of the mountains.* (这家酒店能欣赏到美丽的山景。)

23. dedicated - 专注的；致力于的

- *She's very **dedicated** to her job.* (她对工作非常投入。)

- *The book is **dedicated** to her parents.* (这本书是献给她的父母的。)

24. abacus - 算盘

- *She learned to use the **abacus** at a young age.* (她很小的时候就学会了使用算盘。)

- *The **abacus** is a traditional counting tool.* (算盘是一种传统的计算工具。)

25. permanently - 永久地；永远地

- *He was **permanently** disabled in the accident.* (他在事故中永久残疾了。)

- *The store **permanently** closed its doors last month.* (这

家商店上个月永久关闭了。)

26. paralyze - 使瘫痪；使麻痹

- *Fear **paralyzed** her when she saw the snake.* (当她看到蛇时，恐惧使她瘫痪了。)

- *The accident **paralyzed** his lower body.* (事故使他的下半身瘫痪了。)

27. paralysis - 瘫痪；麻痹

- *He suffered from **paralysis** after the stroke.* (他中风后患上了瘫痪。)

- ***Paralysis** of the economy was evident during the recession.* (经济瘫痪在经济衰退期间显而易见。)

28. setback - 挫折；倒退

- *The project suffered a major **setback** when funding was cut.* (当资金被削减时，该项目遭受了重大挫折。)

- *Despite the **setbacks**, they continued to work towards their goals.* (尽管遭遇挫折，他们仍然继续朝着目标努力。)

29. the rest is history - 其余的就是历史；接下来的就是众所周知的

- *He invented the first computer, and **the rest is history**.* (他发明了第一台计算机，接下来的就是众所周知的。)

- *She won the competition, and **the rest is history**.* (她赢得了比赛，接下来的就是众所周知的。)

RI Journalists on the Job