Experiment 2: Histogram Equalisation

Aim: To perform histogram equalisation

Code:

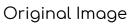
```
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
class histogram Equalization:
def init (self, wd, ht, im):
   self.w = wd
   self.h = ht
   self.img = im
   self.new img = Image.new("RGB", (wd, ht), "white")
   self.pixels = self.new img.load()
   self.new img = Image.new("RGB", (wd, ht), "white")
   self.pixels = self.new img.load()
 def plotly(self, lst, n):
   x = [i \text{ for } i \text{ in range}(256)]
  plt.plot(x,lst)
   plt.xlabel('Grey-Level')
  plt.ylabel('No. of Pixels')
   if n == 1:
     plt.title("Original Image")
   else:
     plt.title("Equalised Image")
   plt.show()
 def generate(self, sk):
   for wd in range(self.w):
     for ht in range(self.h):
       pix = self.img.getpixel((wd,ht))
```

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r = pix[0]
       self.pixels[wd,ht] = (round(sk[r]),round(sk[r]),round(sk[r]))
   self.new img.show()
 def equalise(self):
   gLevel = [0]*256
  pdf = [0]*256
  cf = [0]*256
   sk = [0]*256
  new gLevel = [0]*256
   for wd in range(self.w):
     for ht in range(self.h):
      pix = self.img.getpixel((wd,ht))
      r = pix[0]
      g = pix[1]
      b = pix[2]
      x = (r+b+g)/3
       \# x = r
       gLevel[round(x)] = gLevel[round(x)] + 1
   self.plotly(gLevel,1)
  nk = self.w*self.h
   for i in range(len(gLevel)):
    pdf[i] = gLevel[i]/nk
     if i >= 1:
       cf[i] = pdf[i]+cf[i-1]
     else:
       cf[i] = pdf[0]
     sk[i] = 255*cf[i]
     new gLevel[round(sk[i])] += gLevel[i]
   print(new gLevel)
   self.plotly(new gLevel,2)
   self.generate(sk)
def main():
img = Image.open("img2.jpg")
pixel = img.getpixel((50,50))
```

```
print(pixel)
w,h = img.size
histe = histogram_Equalization(w,h,img)
histe.equalise()
if __name__ == '__main__':
main()
```

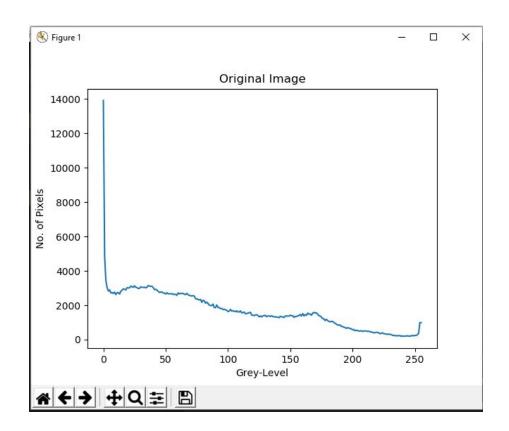
Output:

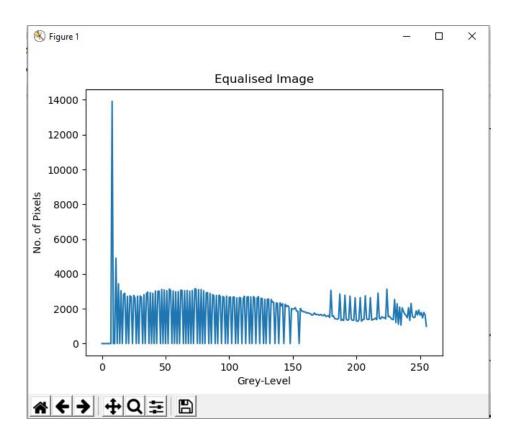


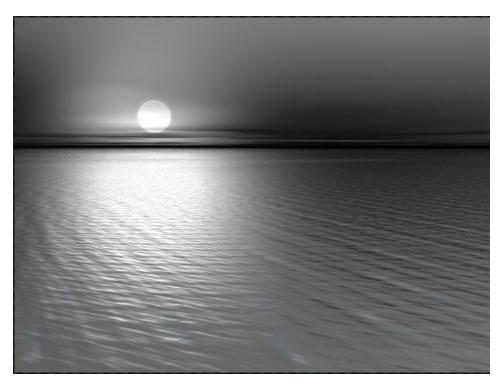




Equalised Image







Original Image



Equalised Image