

# PHYS 1511 Discussion Section: Week 2

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# Review Lecture

- Solving Symbolically
- Speed vs Velocity & Distance vs Displacement
- $\Delta x = x_f - x_o$  notation & Kinematic Charts
- Gravity & gravitational acceleration

## Relevant Equations

$$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} \quad (\text{Average Velocity}) \quad (1)$$

The Kinematic Equations:

$$v_f = v_o + at \quad (2)$$

$$\Delta x = x_f - x_o = v_o t + \frac{1}{2}at^2 \quad (3)$$

$$v_f^2 = v_o^2 + 2a\Delta x \quad (4)$$

# Question #1

## Circular Logic

A couple walks around a circular lake of radius 1.5km. They start at the east side of the lake and head north to begin with. They eventually take a break when they are  $235^\circ$  from due east. (assume the origin is at the center of the lake) What is the distance traveled by the couple?

**BONUS:** What is the magnitude of the couple's displacement measured from due east?

## Question #2

### Float like a butterfly

According to inews.com the Tesla Model S Car has one of the greatest accelerations. It managed 0 to 60mph (95.56 kph) in about 2.28 seconds.

- Calculate the average acceleration the car must've experienced to achieve this (in  $\text{m/s}^2$ )
- Find the distance travelled by the Model S during this time (in meters)



## Question #3

### Knights of the Round

Sir Gawain and Sir Lancelot are jousting towards one another. Each rider starts from rest a distance 88m apart, then ride directly towards one another. Gawain has an acceleration of  $a_G = 0.3 \frac{m}{s^2}$  while Lancelot has  $a_L = 0.2 \frac{m}{s^2}$ . Relative to Gawain, where do the knights collide?

## Question #4

### Astronaut Symbols

An astronaut wants to measure the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the mystery planet they're on. They toss a rock up into the air and measure the time it takes to fall back into their hand. Solve for the gravity of the planet **symbolically** if you know the following (assume no air resistance):

$t_{\text{toss}}$  - The time it takes for the rock to return to the astronaut's hand once thrown

$V_o$  - The initial speed of the rock

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$V_o$  - The initial speed of the rock

If  $t_{\text{toss}} = 20.0 \text{ s}$  and  $V_o = 15 \text{ m/s}$  what is the gravitational acceleration on the planet?



## Question #5: Challenge Problem

### Sets of equations

While standing on a bridge that's " $h$ " meters high you push a stone (from rest) off the bridge towards the water below. When the first stone has travelled  $\Delta x$  distance you throw another rock down with some initial velocity  $V_o$ . Solve for the initial velocity of the second rock **symbolically** if both rocks are to hit the water at the same instant? (Write your answers in terms of gravitational constant  $g$ ,  $h$  and  $\Delta x$ )