VI updates for ASIS

1 Sufficient augmentation

Under the model,

$$\theta \sim \text{Uniform}(\mathbb{R})$$
 $\mu | \theta \sim \mathcal{N}(\theta, V)$
 $Y | \mu \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, 1)$

we have that μ is a sufficient statistic for θ . We seek the posterior distributions for the latent variables μ and θ . Cheating slightly, we can compute by hand the posterior variances of μ and θ ; in particular, we find that they're given by 1 + V and V/(V + 1), respectively. Therefore, we make the mean field approximations

$$q_{\hat{\theta}}(\theta) = \mathcal{N}(\theta; \hat{\theta}, V + 1)$$

$$q_{\hat{\mu}}(\mu) = \mathcal{N}(\mu; \hat{\mu}, V/(V + 1))$$

With this mean field approximation, we compute the evidence lower bound:

$$\begin{split} \text{elbo} &= E_q[\log p(Y|\mu)] + E_q[\log p(u|\theta)] + E_q[\log p(\theta)] - E_q[q(\theta)] - E_q[q(\mu)] \\ &= \frac{-1}{2} E_q(Y-\mu)^2 + \frac{-1}{2V} E_q(\mu-\theta)^2 + \frac{1}{2(V+1)} E_q(\theta-\hat{\theta})^2 + \frac{V+1}{2V} E(\mu-\hat{\mu})^2 + K \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \Big(E_q \mu^2 - 2Y E_q \mu \Big) + \frac{-1}{2V} \Big(E_q \mu^2 - 2E_q[\mu\theta] + E_q \theta^2 \Big) + K \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \hat{\mu}^2 + Y \hat{\mu} - \frac{1}{2V} \hat{\mu}^2 + \frac{1}{V} \hat{\mu} \hat{\theta} - \frac{1}{2V} \hat{\theta}^2 + K \end{split}$$

To do coordinate ascent, we compute the two partial derivatives:

$$\begin{split} \frac{d(\text{elbo})}{d\hat{\theta}} &= \frac{1}{V}\hat{\mu} - \frac{1}{V}\hat{\theta} \\ \frac{d(\text{elbo})}{d\hat{\mu}} &= -\hat{\mu} + Y - \frac{1}{V}\hat{\mu} + \frac{1}{V}\hat{\theta} \end{split}$$

Setting these partials derivatives equal to zero, and solving for $\hat{\theta}$ and $\hat{\mu}$, our CAVI updates are given by

$$\hat{\mu}^{(t+1)} = \frac{VY + \hat{\theta}^{(t)}}{1 + V}$$

$$\hat{\theta}^{(t+1)} = \hat{\mu}^{(t+1)}$$

2 Auxillary augmentation

Under this model,

$$\theta \sim \text{Uniform}(\mathbb{R})$$

$$\eta \sim \mathcal{N}(0, V)$$

$$Y | \theta, \eta \sim \mathcal{N}(\theta + \eta, 1)$$

and in this case, η is an auxillary statistic for θ , since its distribution does not depend on θ . We seek the posterior distributions for the latent variables η and θ , and again we compute by hand the posterior variances of η and θ ; they are given by V/(V+1) and 1, respectively. Therefore, we make the mean field approximations

$$\begin{split} q_{\hat{\theta}}(\theta) &= \mathcal{N}(\theta; \hat{\theta}, 1) \\ q_{\hat{\mu}}(\eta) &= \mathcal{N}(\eta; \hat{\eta}, V/(V+1)) \end{split}$$

We compute the evidence lower bound:

$$\begin{split} \text{elbo} &= E_q[\log p(Y|\eta,\theta)] + E_q[\log p(\eta)] + E_q[\log p(\theta)] - E_q[q(\theta)] - E_q[q(\eta)] \\ &= \frac{-1}{2} E_q(Y - \theta - \eta)^2 + \frac{-1}{2V} E_q \eta^2 - \frac{1}{2} E_q(\theta - \hat{\theta})^2 - \frac{1 + V}{2V} E(\eta - \hat{\eta})^2 + K \\ &= Y E(\theta + \eta) - \frac{1}{2} E(\theta + \eta)^2 - \frac{1}{2V} E_q \eta^2 + K \\ &= Y \hat{\theta} + Y \hat{\eta} - \frac{1}{2} \hat{\theta}^2 - \frac{1}{2} \hat{\eta}^2 + \hat{\eta} \hat{\theta} - \frac{1}{2V} \hat{\eta}^2 + K \end{split}$$

Taking partial derivatives,

$$\begin{split} \frac{d(\text{elbo})}{d\hat{\theta}} &= Y - \hat{\theta} + \hat{\eta} \\ \frac{d(\text{elbo})}{d\hat{\eta}} &= Y - \hat{\eta} + \hat{\theta} - \frac{1}{V}\hat{\eta} \end{split}$$

setting equal to zero and solving, the CAVI updates are given by

$$\hat{\theta}^{(t+1)} = Y + \hat{\eta}^{(t)}$$

$$\hat{\eta}^{(t+1)} = \frac{(Y + \hat{\theta}^{(t+1)})V}{1 + V}$$