



## Circle Assignment

Name: Rupa Sai Sreshta Vallabhaneni

## **Problem Statement**

From the point A(0,3) on the circle  $x^2 + 4x + (y+3)^2 = 0$ . A chord AB is drawn and extended to a point M.Such that AM=2AB. Find the equation of locus of M.

## Construction

Symbol	Value	Description
A	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	Point on given circle
M	$\binom{h}{k}$	Point outside circle
В	$\left(\frac{\frac{h}{2}}{\frac{k+3}{2}}\right)$	Mid point of A and M
$\mathbf{r_1}$	2	Radius of given circle
C	$\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	Center of given circle

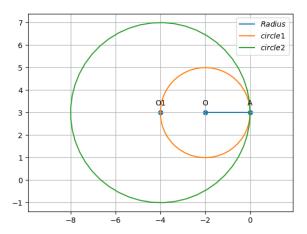


Figure of construction

You can download the python code for generating above circle from the below link

Githublink: https://github.com/RupaSaiSreshta/FWC

## Solution

Given 
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

AM=2AB

From this condition B is the midpoint of A and M.

The given circle equation is

$$\mathbf{x}^{\top} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix},$$

f = 9.

Center of the circle

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

Radius of the circle

$$\mathbf{r_1} = 2 \tag{3}$$

Let us assume

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} h \\ k \end{pmatrix}$$

As B is the midpoint of A and M

Then

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{h}{2} \\ \frac{k+3}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Consider

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{h}{2} \\ \frac{k+3}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Now substitute  $\mathbf{x}$  ,  $\mathbf{V}$  ,  $\mathbf{u}$  ,  $\mathbf{f}$  in Equation 1

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{h}{2} & \frac{k+3}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{h}{2} \\ \frac{k+3}{2} \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{h}{2} \\ \frac{k+3}{2} \end{pmatrix} + 9 = 0$$

$$(4)$$

By solving

We get

$$\begin{pmatrix} h & k \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h \\ k \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h \\ k \end{pmatrix} + 9 = 0$$

Now write this equation in terms of x and y

Then

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (x \quad y) + 2 (4 \quad -3) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + 9 = 0$$

The locus equation of M is

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + 8x - 6y + 9 = 0$$
 (5)