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Daily Coding Problem

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Daily Coding Problem #117

Problem

This problem was asked by Facebook.

Given a binary tree, return the level of the tree with minimum sum.

Solution

A binary tree is a data structure in which each node has at most two children (left and right), and a level is how many parents a node has until it reaches the root.

To better explain this question, let's see this example:

(Level 0 = 1) 1

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```
/\
2  3  (Level 1 = 2 + 3)
/\
4  5  (Level 2 = 4 + 5)
```

One possible way to solve this problem is iterate level by level on the tree's nodes, so we can get theirs respective sum. Like this code:

```
from Queue import Queue
from collections import defaultdict
class Node:
    def __init__(self, value, left=None, right=None):
        self.value = value
        self.left = left
        self.right = right
def minimum_level_sum(root):
    queue = Queue()
    queue.put((root, 0))
    level_to_sum = defaultdict(int) # Maps level to its sum
    while not queue.empty():
        node, level = queue.get()
        level_to_sum[level] += node.val
        if node.right:
            queue.put((node.right, level + 1))
```

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```
if node.left:
    queue.put((node.left, level + 1))

return min(level_to_sum, key=level_to_sum.get)
```

The complexity of this function is O(N), and works both with positive or negative values. It works by doing a breadth first search and keeping track of the sum in each level.

You can try yourself with these examples:

```
1
                      (level 1 is the minimum)
     -2 -3
        / \
       4 -5
root = Node(
   value=1,
   left=Node(-2),
   right=Node(-3, Node(4), Node(-5))
print(minimum_level_sum(root))
         1
   5
                6
```

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