



Master algorithms together on [Binary Search](#)! Create a room, invite your friends, and race to finish the problems.



Daily Coding Problem

[Blog](#)

# Daily Coding Problem #116

## Problem

This problem was asked by Jane Street.

Generate a finite, but an arbitrarily large binary tree quickly in  $O(1)$ .

That is, `generate()` should return a tree whose size is unbounded but finite.

## Solution

### Eager tree generation

If we ignore the  $O(1)$  generation constraint, we can create an unbounded tree by using randomness.

That is, we can generate the `left` and `right` sub-trees recursively  $X\%$  of the time.

Since the question didn't have any constraint about the values the nodes can have, it's arbitrarily set to 0.

```
import random

class Node:
    def __init__(self, val, left=None, right=None):
        self.val = val
        self.left = left
        self.right = right

def generate():
    root = Node(0)

    if random.random() < 0.5:
        root.left = generate()
    if random.random() < 0.5:
        root.right = generate()

    return root
```

## Lazy tree generation

The trick here is that we can generate the tree **lazily**. Here we use Python's property keyword, which lets us define a property that of an object at look-up time.

When a left or right property is looked up, we check if that sub-tree has been evaluated. If not, we recursively create a new node half the time. If it has been, then we just return that node.

The object is O(1) to create since nothing happens when it's created.

```
class Node:
```

```
def __init__(self, val, left=None, right=None):
    self.val = val
    self._left = left
    self._right = right

    self._is_left_evaluated = False
    self._is_right_evaluated = False

    @property
    def left(self):
        if not self._is_left_evaluated:
            if random.random() < 0.5:
                self._left = Node(0)

        self._is_left_evaluated = True
        return self._left

    @property
    def right(self):
        if not self._is_right_evaluated:
            if random.random() < 0.5:
                self._right = Node(0)

        self._is_right_evaluated = True
        return self._right

    def generate():
        return Node(0)
```

---

© Daily Coding Problem 2019   [Privacy Policy](#)   [Terms of Service](#)   [Press](#)