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## Daily Coding Problem #152

### Problem

This problem was asked by Triplebyte.

You are given  $n$  numbers as well as  $n$  probabilities that sum up to 1. Write a function to generate one of the numbers with its corresponding probability.

For example, given the numbers  $[1, 2, 3, 4]$  and probabilities  $[0.1, 0.5, 0.2, 0.2]$ , your function should return 1 10% of the time, 2 50% of the time, and 3 and 4 20% of the time.

You can generate random numbers between 0 and 1 uniformly.

### Solution

One way to solve this problem would be to imagine all the probabilities as distinct, disjoint intervals. For example, given the probabilities  $[0.1, 0.5, 0.2, 0.2]$ , you would get the intervals  $[0, 0.1)$ ,  $[0.1, 0.6)$ ,  $[0.6, 0.8)$ ,  $[0.8, 1]$ . Then we generate a uniform random between 0 and 1 and select whichever value corresponding to the interval we fall in. That would look like this:

```

from random import random

def distribute(nums, probs):
    r = random()

    s = 0
    for num, prob in zip(nums, probs):
        s += prob
        if s >= r:
            return num

```

This would take  $O(n)$  time and constant space. However, we can speed this up by preprocessing our list of probabilities into an array, and then binary searching over the array to find our value.

```

from random import random
from bisect import bisect_left

def preprocess(probs):
    lst = []

    current_val = 0
    for p in probs:
        current_val += p
        lst.append(current_val)

    return lst

def distribute(nums, arr):
    r = random()
    i = bisect_left(arr, r)
    return nums[i]

```

The preprocessing takes  $O(n)$  time and space, but after that, queries take only  $O(\log n)$  time.

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