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Daily Coding Problem

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Daily Coding Problem #120

Problem

This problem was asked by Microsoft.

Implement the singleton pattern with a twist. First, instead of storing one instance, store two instances. And in every even call of `getInstance()`, return the first instance and in every odd call of `getInstance()`, return the second instance.

Solution

This question is more about programming and design patterns than computer science.

The singleton pattern allows you to limit the number of objects of a class to one instance. This is helpful in a large application either to conserve resources such as memory or to make correctness easier to reason about. For example, to represent configuration of a system, it would be helpful to have one centralized object.

In this particular question, we ask for a twist on the classic singleton by allowing two instances of a class. We do this by adding another static field as well as calls variable to keep track of the number of calls made to getInstance.

```
public class Service {  
    private static Service instanceOne = null;  
    private static Service instanceTwo = null;  
  
    private static int calls = 0;  
  
    private Service() {  
        // Disallow creation through the constructor  
    }  
  
    public static Service getInstance() {  
        if(instanceOne == null) {  
            instanceOne = new Service();  
            instanceTwo = new Service();  
        }  
  
        if (calls++ % 2 == 0) {  
            return instanceOne;  
        }  
        return instanceTwo;  
    }  
}
```

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