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MERN STACK TRAINING WEEK 3&4

1. Recursion and stack

TASK 1.1:

Implement a function to calculate the factorial of a number using recursion.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<title> Task 1.1</title>

<body>

<script>

function fact(a){

if(a==0 || a==1){

return 1;

}

return a*fact(a-1);

}

console.log(fact(4));

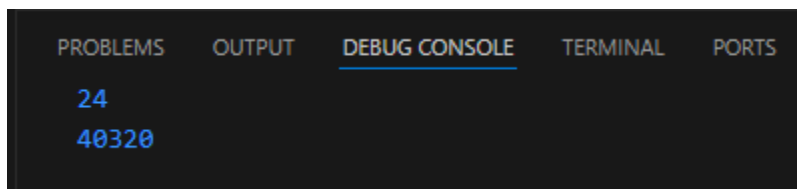
console.log(fact(8));

</script>

</body>

</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 1.2:

Write a recursive function to find the nth Fibonacci number.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<title> Task 1.2</title>

<body>

<script>

function fibonacci(n){

if(n==0 || n==1){

return n;

}

return fibonacci(n-1)+fibonacci(n-2);

}

console.log(fibonacci(4));

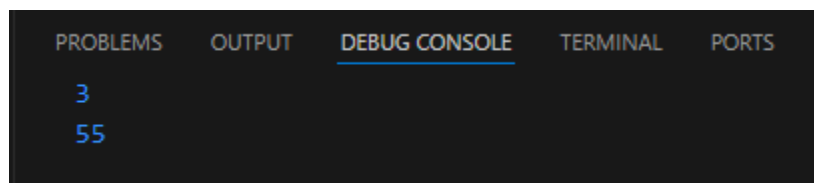
console.log(fibonacci(10));

</script>

</body>

</html>
```

OUTPUT:



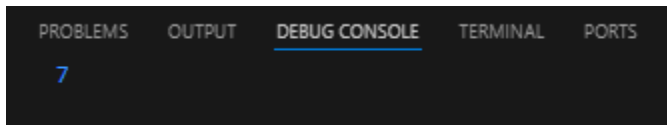
TASK 1.3:

Create a function to determine the total number of ways one can climb a staircase with 1, 2, or 3 steps at a time using recursion.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 1.3</title>
  <body>
    <script>
      function countWays(n){
        if (n ==0)
          return 1;
        if (n < 0) return 0;
        return countWays(n - 1) + countWays(n - 2) + countWays(n - 3);
      }
      const n = 4;
      console.log(countWays(n));
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 1.4:

Write a recursive function to flatten a nested array structure.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>1.4</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <script>
      function flattenArray(arr) {
        let result = [];
        arr.forEach(element => {
```

```

    if (Array.isArray(element)) {

        result = result.concat(flattenArray(element));

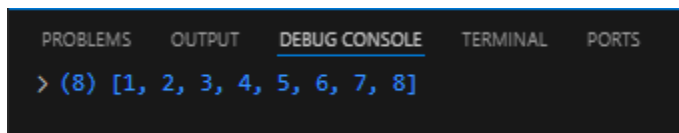
    } else {
        result.push(element);
    }
});
return result;
}
let nestedArray = [1, [2, [3, 4], 5], [6, 7], 8];

console.log(flattenArray(nestedArray));

</script>
</body>
</html>

```

OUTPUT:



TASK 1.5:

Implement the recursive Tower of Hanoi solution.

CODE:

```

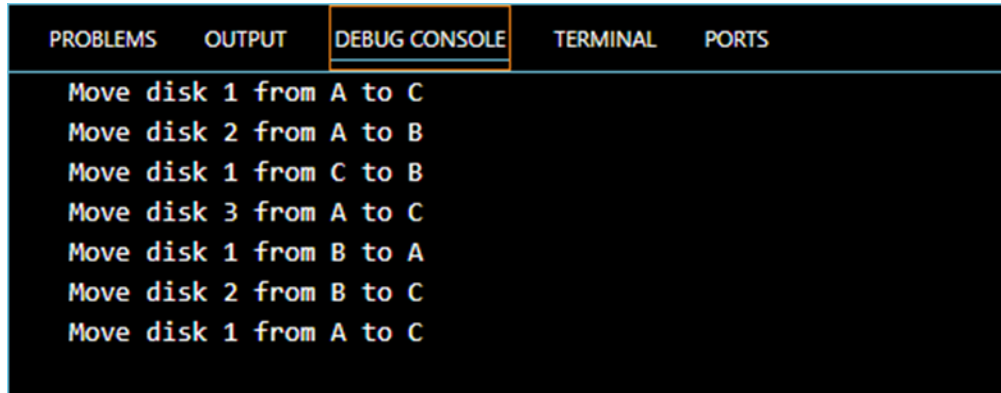
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>1.5</title>

  </head>
  <body>
    <script>
function towerOfHanoi(n, source, auxiliary, target) {
  if (n === 1) {
    console.log(`Move disk 1 from ${source} to ${target}`);
    return;
  }
  towerOfHanoi(n - 1, source, target, auxiliary);
  console.log(`Move disk ${n} from ${source} to ${target}`);
  towerOfHanoi(n - 1, auxiliary, source, target);
}

```

```
const numberOfDisks = 3;
towerOfHanoi(numberOfDisks, 'A', 'B', 'C');
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



2. JSON and variable length arguments/spread syntax

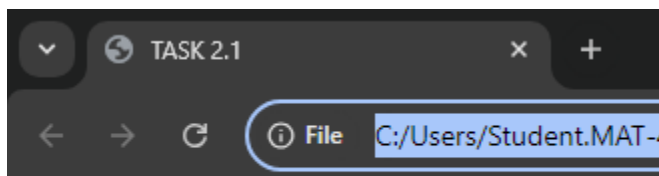
TASK 2.1:

Write a function that takes an arbitrary number of arguments and returns their sum.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 2.1</title>
  <body>
    <script>
      function add(num1, num2){
        return num1 + num2;
      }
      let a = 4, b = 8
      let res = document.writeln(add(a, b))
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



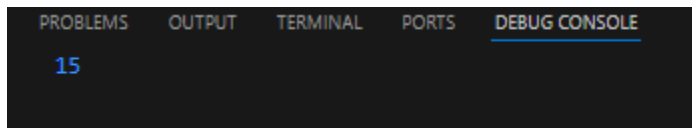
TASK 2.2:

Modify a function to accept an array of numbers and return their sum using the spread syntax.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 2.2</title>
  <body>
    <script>
      function sumNumbers(...numbers) {
        return numbers.reduce((total, num) => total + num, 0);
      }
      const nums = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
      console.log(sumNumbers(...nums));
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 2.3:

Create a deep clone of an object using JSON methods.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 2.3</title>
  <body>
    <script>
      function deepClone(obj){
        return JSON.parse(JSON.stringify(obj));
      }
      const originalObj={
        name:'Rupa',
        age:18
      };
      const clonedObject=deepClone(originalObj);
      console.log(clonedObject);
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  TERMINAL  PORTS  DEBUG CONSOLE
> {name: 'Rupa', age: 18}
```

TASK 2.4:

Write a function that returns a new object, merging two provided objects using the spread syntax.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>TASK 2.4</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <script>
      function mergeObjects(obj1, obj2) {
        return { ...obj1, ...obj2 };
      }
      const object1 = { a: 1, b: 2 };
      const object2 = { b: 3, c: 4 };
      const mergedObject = mergeObjects(object1, object2);
      console.log(mergedObject);
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
> {a: 1, b: 2, c: 3, d: 4}
```

TASK 2.5:

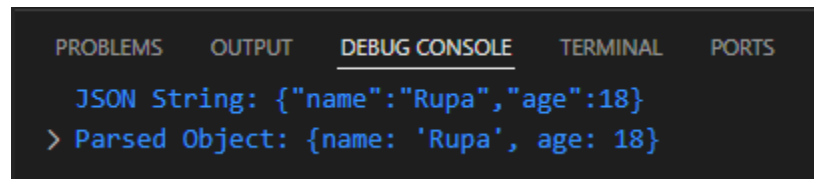
Serialize a JavaScript object into a JSON string and then parse it back into an object.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 2.5</title>
  <body>
    <script>
```

```
const obj={
  name:"Rupa",
  age:18
};
const jsonString=JSON.stringify(obj);
console.log("JSON String:",jsonString);
const parsedObject=JSON.parse(jsonString);
console.log("Parsed Object:",parsedObject);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS

JSON String: {"name":"Rupa","age":18}
> Parsed Object: {name: 'Rupa', age: 18}
```

3. Closure

TASK 3.1:

Create a function that returns another function, capturing a local variable.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 3.1</title>

  <body>

    <script>

      function createCounter() {

        let count = 0;

        return function() {

          count++;

          return count;

        }

      }

    </script>

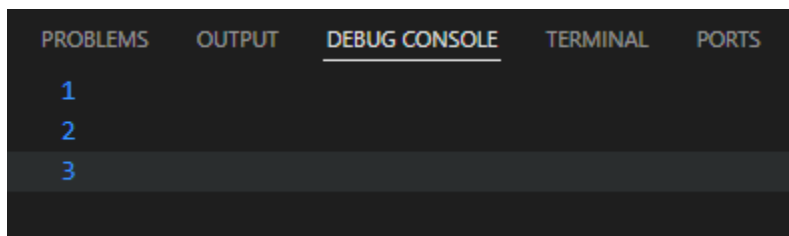
  </body>

</html>
```



```
};  
}  
  
const counter = createCounter();  
  
console.log(counter());  
  
console.log(counter());  
  
console.log(counter());  
  
    </script>  
  
    </body>  
  
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 3.2:

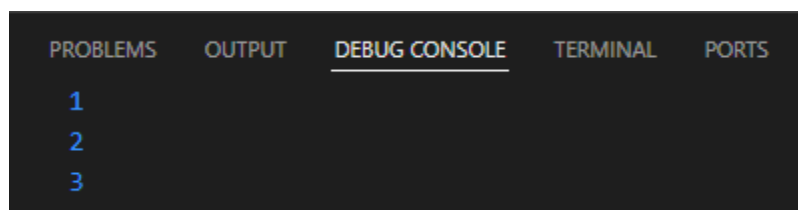
Implement a basic counter function using closure, allowing incrementing and displaying the current count.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
  
<html>  
  
    <title>TASK 3.2</title>  
  
    <body>  
  
        <script>  
  
            function createCounter() {  
  
                let count = 0;  
  
                return {
```

```
    increment: function() {  
        count++;  
    },  
    getCount: function() {  
        return count;  
    }  
};  
}  
  
const counter = createCounter();  
counter.increment();  
console.log(counter.getCount());  
counter.increment();  
console.log(counter.getCount());  
counter.increment();  
console.log(counter.getCount());  
  
</script>  
  
</body>  
  
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 3.3:

Write a function to create multiple counters, each with its own separate count.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 3.3</title>

  <body>

    <script>

      function createCounter() {

let count = 0;

return {

  increment: function() {

    count++;

  },

  getCount: function() {

    return count;

  }

};

}

const counter1 = createCounter();

const counter2 = createCounter();

counter1.increment();

counter1.increment();

console.log(counter1.getCount());

counter2.increment();

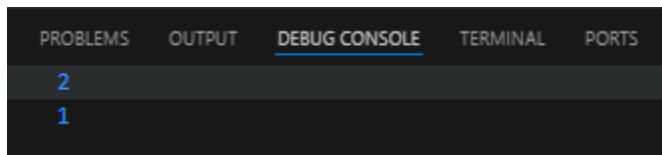
console.log(counter2.getCount());

    </script>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK3.4:

Use closures to create private variables within a function.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<title>TASK 3.4</title>

<body>

<script>

    function createPrivateCounter() {

let count = 0;

return {

    increment: function() {

        count++;

    },

    decrement: function() {

        count--;

    },

    getCount: function() {

        return count;

    }

}
```

```

    };
}

const privateCounter = createPrivateCounter();

privateCounter.increment();

privateCounter.increment();

console.log(privateCounter.getCount());

privateCounter.decrement();

console.log(privateCounter.getCount());

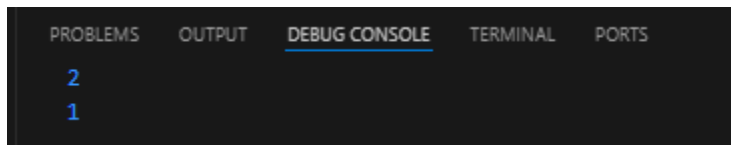
</script>

</body>

</html>

```

OUTPUT:



TASK 3.5:

Build a function factory that generates functions based on some input using closures.

CODE:

```

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 3.5</title>

  <body>

    <script>

      function multiplier(factor) {

        return function(number) {

```

```
        return number * factor;

    };

}

const double = multiplier(2);

const triple = multiplier(3);

console.log(double(5));

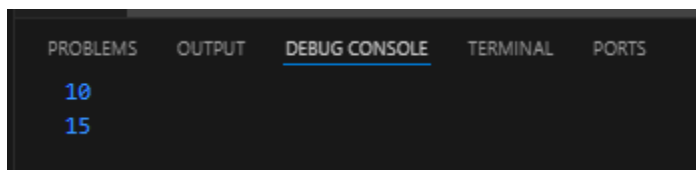
console.log(triple(5));

</script>

</body>

</html>
```

OUTPUT:



4. Promise, Promises chaining

TASK 4.1:

Create a new promise that resolves after a set number of seconds and returns a greeting.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 4.1</title>

  <body>

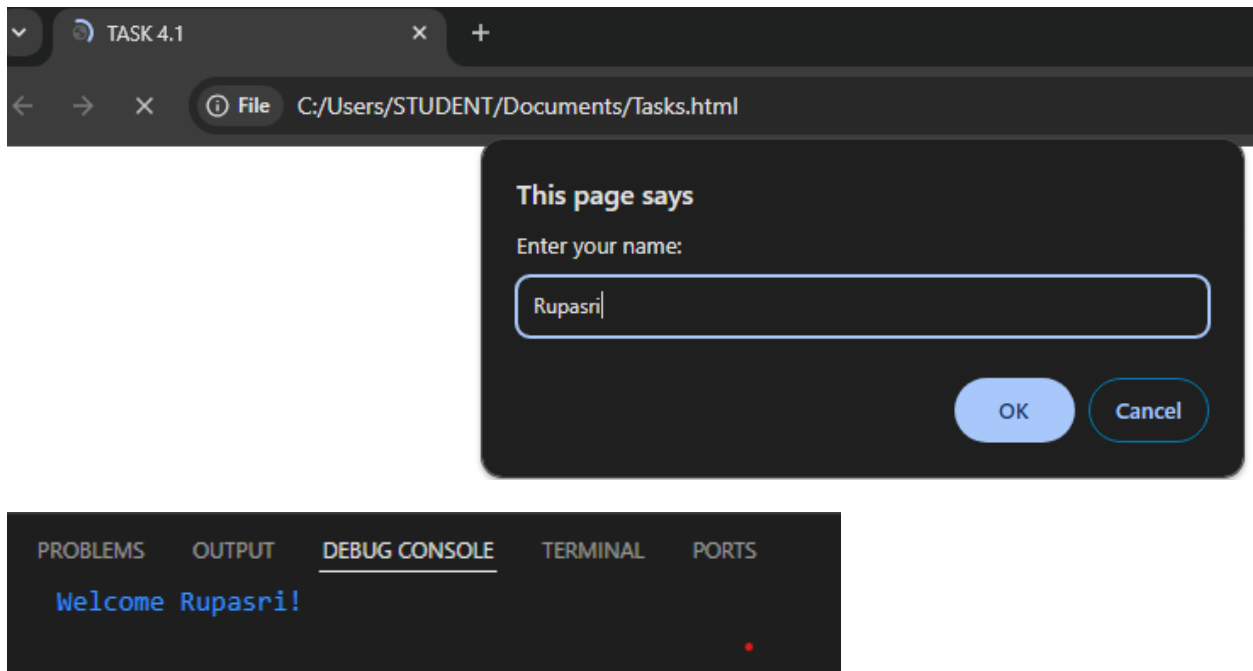
    <script>

      let name=prompt("Enter your name:","user");

      function myPromise(){
```

```
return new Promise((resolve)=>{  
  setTimeout(()=>{  
    resolve();  
    console.log("Welcome " + name+"!");  
  },2000); })  
}  
  
myPromise();  
  
</script>  
  
</body>  
  
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 4.2:

Fetch data from an API using promises, and then chain another promise to process this data.

CODE:

```
<html>

  <head>

<title>Task 4.2</title>

</head>

<body>

<script>

function fetchData(url) {

return fetch(url)

.then(response => response.json())

.then(data => {

console.log('Fetched data:', data);

return data;

})

.then(data => {

const count = data.length;

console.log('Number of items:', count);

})

.catch(error => {

console.log('Error:', error);

});

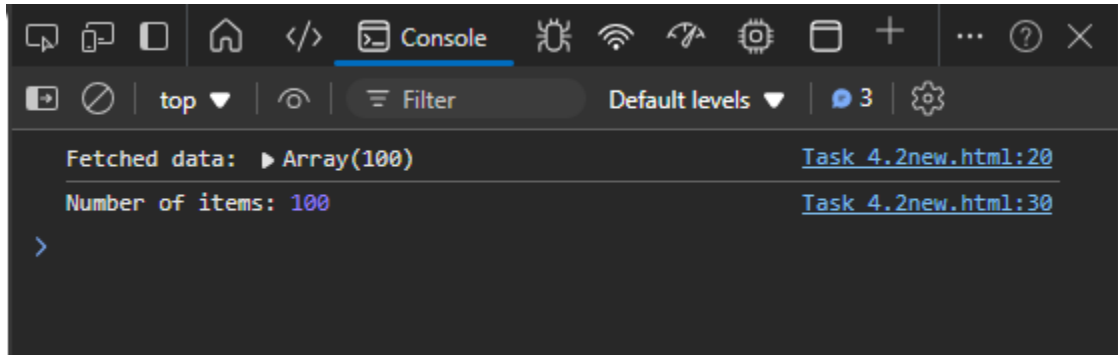
}

const apiUrl = 'https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts';

fetchData(apiUrl);

</script>
</body>
</html>
```


OUTPUT:



TASK 4.3:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<title>TASK 4.3</title>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<script>
```

```
var data=new Promise((resolve,reject)=>{
  setTimeout(()=>{
    var name=parseInt(prompt("Enter Number:"));
    if(name%2==0)
      resolve("The number is Even");
    else
      reject("The number is Odd");
  },2000);
})
```

```
console.log(data);
```

```
</script>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
v Promise {[[PromiseState]]: 'pending', [[PromiseResult]]: undefined}
  |   [[PromiseResult]] = 'The number is Even'
  |   [[PromiseState]] = 'fulfilled'
  |   > [[Prototype]] = Promise
```

TASK 4.4:

Use Promise.all to fetch multiple resources in parallel from an API.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 4.4</title>
  <body>
    <script>
      const urls = [

        'https://httpbin.org/get',

        'https://httpbin.org/get',

        'https://httpbin.org/get',

        'https://httpbin.org/get'

      ];

      Promise.all(urls.map((url)=>fetch(url).then((response)=>response.json()))))

        .then((jsons)=>{

          jsons.forEach((json)=>console.log(json));

        })

        .catch((error)=>console.error('An error occurred:',error));

    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
> {args: {...}, headers: {...}, origin: '103.130.90.187', url: 'https://httpbin.org/get'}
> {args: {...}, headers: {...}, origin: '103.130.90.187', url: 'https://httpbin.org/get'}
> {args: {...}, headers: {...}, origin: '103.130.90.187', url: 'https://httpbin.org/get'}
> {args: {...}, headers: {...}, origin: '103.130.90.187', url: 'https://httpbin.org/get'}
```

TASK 4.5:

Chain multiple promises to perform a series of asynchronous actions in sequence.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 4.5</title>
  <body>
    <script>
function step1() {

  return new Promise((resolve) => {

    console.log("Step 1: Fetching user data...");

    setTimeout(() => resolve({ userId: 1, name: "Rupa" }), 1000);

  });
}

function step2(user) {

  return new Promise((resolve) => {

    console.log("Step 2: Fetching user posts...");

    setTimeout(() => resolve([ { id: 1, title: "Post 1" }, { id: 2, title: "Post 2" } ]), 1000);

  });
}

function step3(posts) {

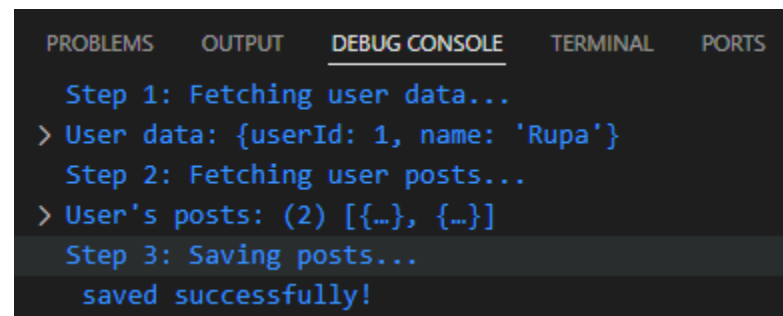
  return new Promise((resolve) => {

    console.log("Step 3: Saving posts...");

    setTimeout(() => resolve(" saved successfully!"), 1000);
```

```
});  
}  
step1()  
  
  .then(user => {  
  
    console.log("User data:", user);  
  
    return step2(user);  
  
  })  
  
  .then(posts => {  
  
    console.log("User's posts:", posts);  
  
    return step3(posts);  
  
  })  
  
  .then(message => {  
  
    console.log(message);  
  
  })  
  
  .catch(error => {  
  
    console.error("Error:", error);  
  
  });  
  </script>  
</body>  
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a web application interface with a dark background. At the top, there are five tabs: PROBLEMS, OUTPUT, DEBUG CONSOLE, TERMINAL, and PORTS. Below the tabs, the following text is displayed in a monospace font:

```
Step 1: Fetching user data...  
> User data: {userId: 1, name: 'Rupa'}  
Step 2: Fetching user posts...  
> User's posts: (2) [{...}, {...}]  
Step 3: Saving posts...  
saved successfully!
```

5. ASYNC/AWAIT

TASK 5.1:

Rewrite a promise-based function using async/await.

CODE:

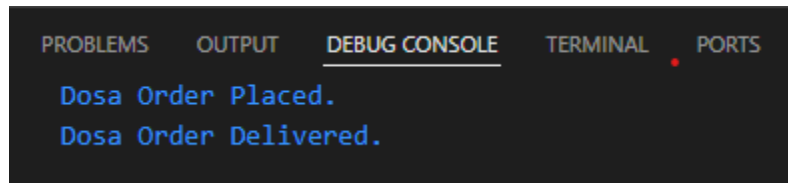
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 5.1</title>
  <body>
    <script>
      function PlaceFood(order){
        return new Promise((resolve)=>{
          setTimeout(()=>{
            console.log(`${order} Order Placed.`);
            resolve(order);
          },1000); }) }

      function DeleiverFood(order){
        return new Promise((resolve)=>{
          setTimeout(()=>{
            console.log(`${order} Order Delivered.`);
            resolve(`${order} Order Delivered.`);
          },1000); }) }

      async function orders(food){
        const orderss=await PlaceFood(food);
        const deliver=await DeleiverFood(orderss);
        document.write(status); }

      orders("Dosa");
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 5.2:

Create an async function that fetches data from an API and processes it.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 5.2</title>
  <body>
    <script>
      function PlaceFood(order){
        return new Promise((resolve)=>{
          setTimeout(()=>{
            console.log(`${order} Order Placed.`);
            resolve(order);
          },1000);
        })
      }

      function PrepareFood(order){
        return new Promise((resolve)=>{
          setTimeout(()=>{
            console.log(`${order} Order Prepared.`);
            resolve(order);
          },1000);
        })
      }

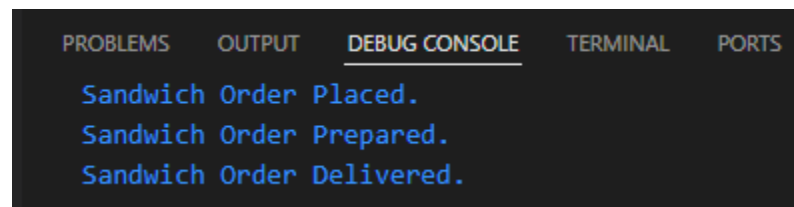
      function DeleiverFood(order){
        return new Promise((resolve)=>{
```

```
        setTimeout(()=>{
            console.log(`${order} Order Delivered.`);
            resolve(`${order} Order Delivered.`);
        },1000);
    })
}

async function orders(food){
    const orderss=await PlaceFood(food);
    const Prepare=await PrepareFood(orderss);
    const deliver=await DeleiverFood(Prepare);
    document.write(status);
}

orders("Sandwich");
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 5.3:

Implement error handling in an async function using try/catch.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 5.3</title>

  <body>
```

```
<script>

async function fetchData() {

  throw new Error('URL is missing!');

}

async function main() {

  try {

    const data = await fetchData();

    console.log('Data fetched:', data);

  } catch (error) {

    console.error('Error occurred:', error.message);

  }

}

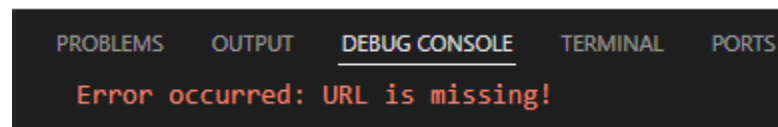
main();

</script>

</body>

</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 5.4:

Use `async/await` in combination with `Promise.all`.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 5.4</title>
  <body>
    <script>
function one(){

  return new Promise((resolve,reject)=>{
```



```

        resolve("Hello!"); });
};

function two(){
    return new Promise((resolve, reject)=>{
        resolve("Welcome"); });
};

function three(){
    return new Promise((resolve, reject)=>{
        return setTimeout(()=>{
            resolve("Everyone!");
        }, 2000); });
};

async function promiseExecution(){
    let promise = await Promise.all([one(),two(),three()]);
    console.log(promise);
};

promiseExecution();

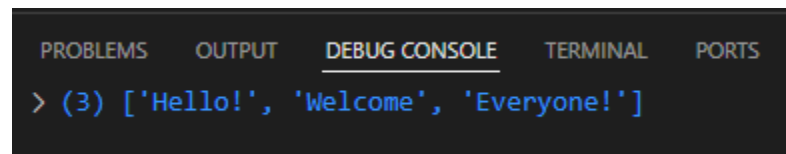
```

```

</script>
</body>
</html>

```

OUTPUT:



```

> (3) ['Hello!', 'Welcome', 'Everyone!']

```

TASK 5.5:

Create an async function that waits for multiple asynchronous operations to complete before proceeding.

CODE:

```

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

```

```
<title>TASK 5.5</title>

<body>

  <script>

function asyncOperation(name, delay) {

  return new Promise(resolve => {

    setTimeout(() => {

      console.log(`${name} completed`);

      resolve(name);

    }, delay);

  });

}

async function main() {
  try {
    const results = await Promise.all([

      asyncOperation('Operation 1', 1000),

      asyncOperation('Operation 2', 2000)

    ]);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error('Error occurred:', error.message);
  }
}

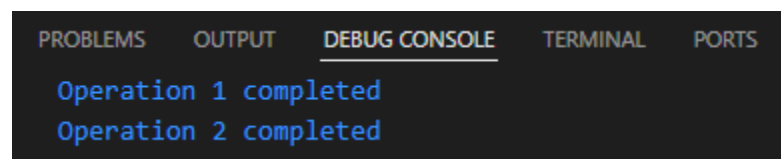
main();

  </script>

</body>

</html>
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a web application interface with a dark background. At the top, there are five tabs: 'PROBLEMS', 'OUTPUT', 'DEBUG CONSOLE', 'TERMINAL', and 'PORTS'. The 'DEBUG CONSOLE' tab is currently selected and highlighted with a light blue underline. Below the tabs, the output of the program is displayed in two lines of blue text: 'Operation 1 completed' and 'Operation 2 completed'.

6. MODULES INTRODUCTION, EXPORT AND IMPORT

TASK 6.1:

Create a module that exports a function, a class, and a variable.

CODE:

```
function greet(name) {
  return `Welcome, ${name}!`;
}
class Car {
  constructor(make, model) {
    this.make = make;
    this.model = model;
  }
  getDetails() {
    return `${this.make} ${this.model}`;
  }
}
const carPrice = "Rs.16.99 Lakh";

export { greet, Car, carPrice };

import { greet, Car, carPrice } from './myModule.js';

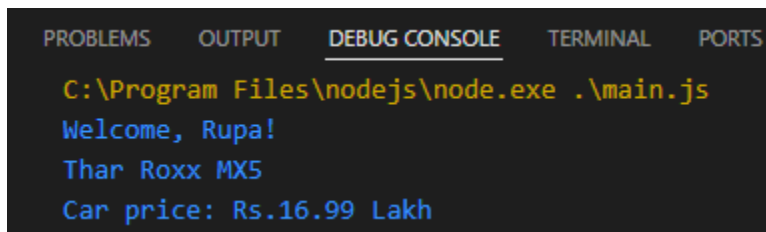
console.log(greet('Rupa'));

const myCar = new Car('Thar', 'Roxx MX5');

console.log(myCar.getDetails());

console.log(`Car price: ${carPrice}`);
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS

C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\main.js
Welcome, Rupa!
Thar Roxx MX5
Car price: Rs.16.99 Lakh
```

TASK 6.2:

Import the module in another JavaScript file and use the exported entities.

CODE:

```
function greet(name) {
  return `Welcome, ${name}!`;
}
```

```

}

class Car {

  constructor(make, model) {

    this.make = make;

    this.model = model;

  }

  getDetails() {

    return `${this.make} ${this.model}`;

  }

}

const carPrice = "Rs.16.99 Lakh";

export { greet, Car, carPrice };

import { greet, Car, carPrice } from './myModule.js';

console.log(greet('Rupa'));

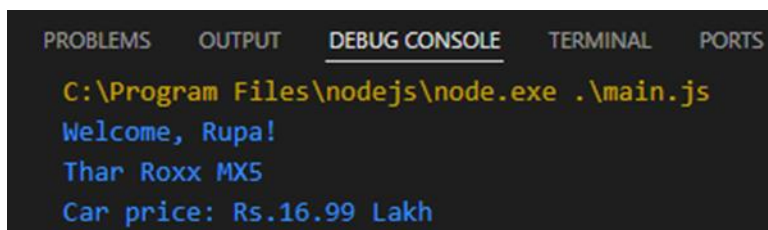
const myCar = new Car('Thar', 'Roxx MX5');

console.log(myCar.getDetails());

console.log(`Car price: ${carPrice}`);

```

OUTPUT:



```

PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS

C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\main.js
Welcome, Rupa!
Thar Roxx MX5
Car price: Rs.16.99 Lakh

```

TASK 6.3:

Use named exports to export multiple functions from a module.

CODE:

```

export function add(a, b) {
  return a + b;

}

export function subtract(a, b) {

```

```

    return a - b;

}
export function multiply(a, b) {
    return a * b;
}
export function divide(a, b) {
    if (b === 0) {
        return 'Error: Division by zero';

    }
    return a / b;
}

```

TASK 6.4:

Use named imports to import specific functions from a module.

CODE:

```

import { add, subtract, multiply, divide } from './myModule.js';

console.log(add(20, 20));

console.log(subtract(40,20));

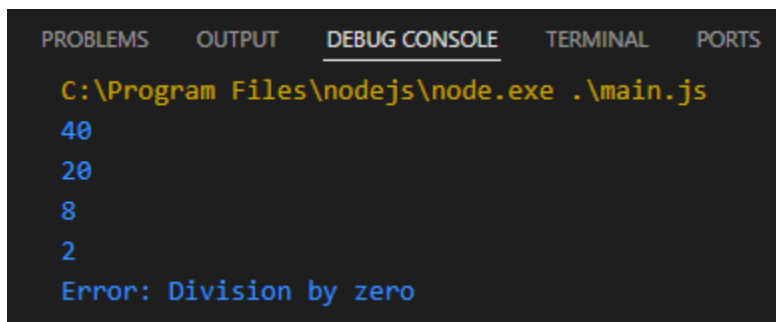
console.log(multiply(2,4));

console.log(divide(10,5));

console.log(divide(20, 0));

```

OUTPUT(3 and 4):



```

PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS

C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\main.js
40
20
8
2
Error: Division by zero

```

TASK 6.5:

Use default export and import for a primary function of a module.

CODE:

```

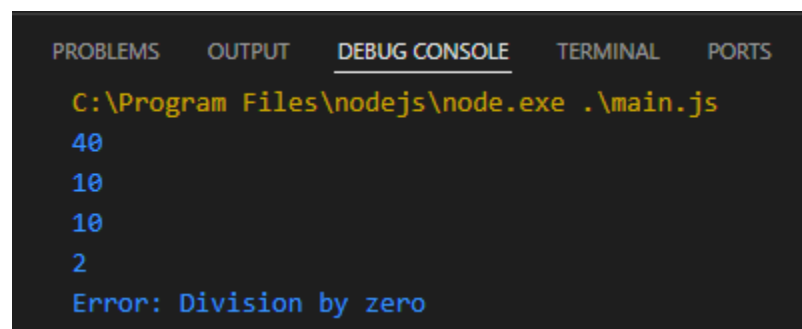
export default function calculate(a, b, operation) {

```

```
switch (operation) {  
  case 'add':  
    return a + b;  
  case 'subtract':  
    return a - b;  
  case 'multiply':  
    return a * b;  
  case 'divide':  
    if (b === 0) {  
      return 'Error: Division by zero';  
    }  
    return a / b;  
  default:  
    return 'Invalid operation';  
}  
}
```

```
import calculate from './myModule.js';  
console.log(calculate(10, 5, 'add'));  
console.log(calculate(10, 5, 'subtract'));  
console.log(calculate(10, 5, 'multiply'));  
console.log(calculate(10, 5, 'divide'));  
console.log(calculate(10, 0, 'divide'));  
console.log(calculate(10, 5, 'unknown'));
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a terminal window with a dark background. At the top, there are tabs labeled 'PROBLEMS', 'OUTPUT', 'DEBUG CONSOLE' (which is selected), 'TERMINAL', and 'PORTS'. Below the tabs, the command prompt shows the execution of a Node.js script: 'C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\main.js'. The output of the script is displayed in the terminal, showing the results of the calculations: '40', '10', '10', '2', and an error message 'Error: Division by zero'.

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS  
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\main.js  
40  
10  
10  
2  
Error: Division by zero
```

7. BROWSER: DOM BASICS

TASK 7.1:

Select an HTML element by its ID and change its content using JavaScript.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 7.1</title>

  <body>

    <h1>Factorial</h1>

    <form>

      <label>Enter Number:</label>

      <input type="number" id="num" name="numm"><br>

      <input type="button" id="cal" value="Output" onclick="fact()">

      <p id="numm"></p>

    </form>

  </body>

  <script>

function fact(){

  var num1=parseInt(document.getElementById("num").value);

  var res=factorial(num1);

  document.getElementById("numm").innerHTML=res;

}

function factorial(num){

  if(num==0) return 1;

  else

    return factorial(num-1)*num;

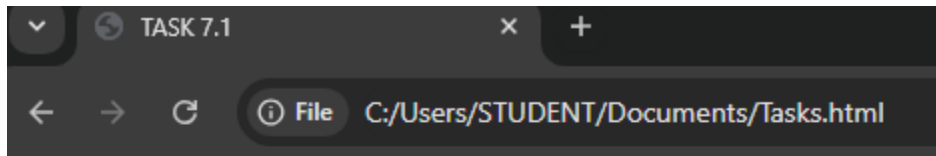
}
```

```
</script>

</body>

</html>
```

OUTPUT:



Factorial

Enter Number:

720

TASK 7.2:

Attach an event listener to a button, making it perform an action when clicked.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 7.2</title>

  <body>

    <form>

      <label>Enter Name:</label>

      <input type="text" id="nam" name="namm"><br>

      <input type="button" id="cal" value="Display" onclick="display()">

      <p id="numm"></p>

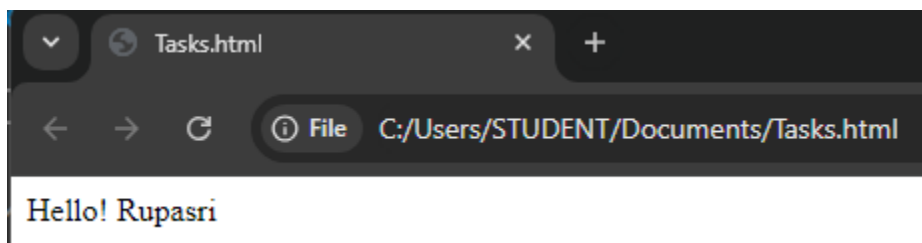
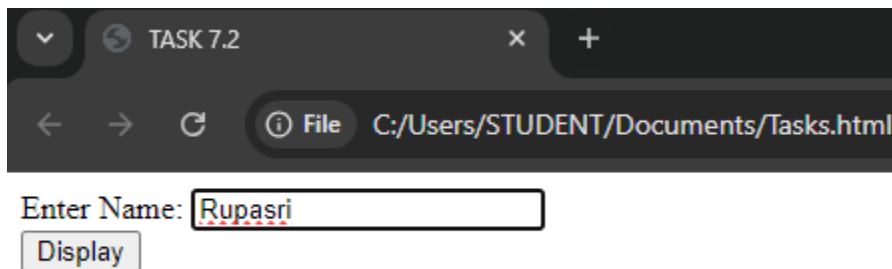
    </form>

  </body>
```



```
<script>
function display(){
    var name=document.getElementById("nam").value;
    document.getElementById("numm").innerHTML=document.write(`Hello! ${name}`);
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



TASK 7.3:

Create a new HTML element and append it to the DOM.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <title>TASK 7.3</title>
  <body>
    <p>Adding new HTML Element</p>
```

```
<div id="d">

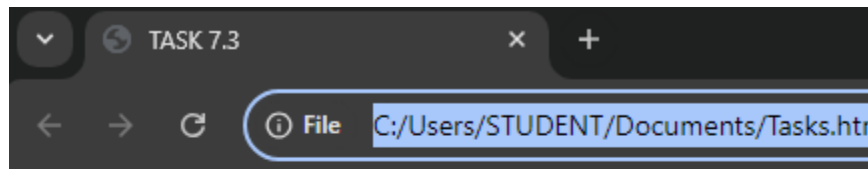
  <p id="p1">Hiii!!</p>

  <p id="p2">I'm Rupasri</p>

</div>

<script>
const a=document.createElement("p");
const node=document.createTextNode("From EEE");
a.appendChild(node);
const ele=document.getElementById("d");
ele.appendChild(a);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



Adding new HTML Element

Hiii!!

I'm Rupasri

From EEE

TASK 7.4:

Implement a function to toggle the visibility of an element.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>
```

```
<title>TASK 7.4</title>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<p id="m">Welcome<br></p>
```

```
<button onclick="toggleElement()">
```

```
    Click to Toggle
```

```
</button>
```

```
<script>
```

```
function toggleElement(){
```

```
    const a=document.getElementById('m');
```

```
    const vi=window.getComputedStyle(a).visibility;
```

```
    if (vi==='hidden')
```

```
        a.style.visibility='visible';
```

```
    else
```

```
        a.style.visibility='hidden';
```

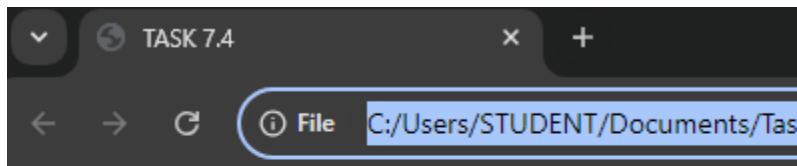
```
    }
```

```
</script>
```

```
</body>
```

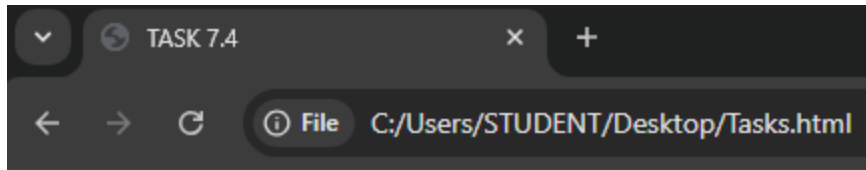
```
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



Welcome

Click to Toggle



Click to Toggle

TASK 7.5:

Use the DOM API to retrieve and modify the attributes of an element.

CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

  <title>TASK 7.5</title>

  <body>

    <style>

      .attributee{

        color: blue;

      };

    </style>

    <h1 id="Id">This is Rupasri!!</h1>

    <button onclick="addAttribute()">Click to Change Colour</button>

    <script>

function addAttribute(){

    document.getElementById("Id").setAttribute("class","attributee");

  }

</script>

</body>

</html>
```

OUTPUT:

