



Quarter 4 Weeks 7-8



Writing a Research Report



Our dear Heavenly Father,

We are grateful for your steadfast love
to each one of us.

We also pray for a wonderful life,
good health, and bountiful blessings.

Please guide us in everything we do and speak.

Enlighten our minds so that
we could understand our daily lessons.

Help us to be obedient and polite to our teachers,
parents, religious and community officials.

Make us an instrument of your peace and love,
with these we will become Christ like.

We also pray for the forgiveness of our sins.

We asked these things through
Christ our Lord. Amen.

MELC

Compose a
research report
on a relevant
social issue.

Introduction

This lesson will help you get familiarized with the existing social issues. This intends to assist you in understanding them which may lead you to decide which is most appropriate to write about. There are provided activities that will help you to better understand how you may come up with a research report on a relevant social issue.



What is a Research Report?

A research paper/report is a systematic write up on the findings of the study including methodologies, discussion, conclusions etc. following a definite style. The research report writers in making the report good qualitative should remember the saying 'Try to express, not to impress'.

What is a Research Report?

More elaborately and precisely, a report or systematic write up on the findings of a research study including an abstract/executive summary/summary, introduction (Background with literature review, justification, objectives etc.) methodology/materials and methods (including statistical design, if any), results and discussion, conclusions and recommendations, references etc. following a definite style or format may be called a Research Report.

The Introduction

A. **Brief Background**: Provide an overview of the scope of the research.

B. **Objectives of the Study**: Articulate what you intend to find out or achieve in the study. Some researchers use research questions that they intend to address in the report. Others articulate the objectives of the study. Either way, research questions or objectives are tools to guide readers in knowing the direction of the research.

The Introduction

C. **Significance of the Study**: Discuss the Relevance of the study to your intended audience. Cite the specific benefits that they can get from the findings of the research.

D. **Literature Review**: Discuss the previous studies done in the chosen topic. Relate how your research relates to these previous researches.



The Body



It contains the substantial amount of information that needs to be clearly and accurately presented and analyzed. The data that will be presented in this section are meant to address the research questions or objectives. In presenting the gathered information you can use pie charts, graphs, or tables. Note that you must introduce each illustration appropriately followed by an adequate discussion of the data presented.

The Conclusion

The conclusion is important in bringing home the highlights of the research paper. A well-written conclusion allows readers to take on a new perspective about the thesis. Moreover, it provides readers with recommendations that can be explored concerning the topic.

Meanwhile, there are a number of sources where you can obtain information for your paper. While you may not worry about borrowing the works from these sources, it may be difficult to acknowledge them in your reference list. You will need a critical attention of the following considerations as regard to referencing/citation for your research.

The succeeding examples will guide you in the preparation of your reference entries for different sources.

A. Print Source

A print source is exactly as its name suggests - a material that has been printed and can be produced in a hard copy. Examples of print sources are books, magazines, scholarly journals, magazines, and newspapers.



1. Book

1. Book

Author(s)

Publication year

Book Title

Washington, DC: American

Place of Publication

Calfee, R., & Valencia, R. (1991). *APA guide to preparing manuscripts for journal publication*.
Psychological Association.

Name of Publishing Company

Notice that a comma (,) is used after the surname, a period (.) after the first name's initial and the ampersand (&) symbol for an entry with more than an author. After the book's title, a period is used again followed by the place of publication that ends with a colon (:). The final stop (period) is right after the name of the publishing company.



2. Article In A Magazine

Henry, W. (1990, April 9). Making the grade in today's schools. *Time*, 135, 28-31. —

Notice that when a complete publication date is provided, the year is written first which is separated from the month and the specific date by a comma. The magazine's name/title is italicized (*Time*) and its volume number (135).

3. Article In A Newspaper

Schultz, S. (2005, December 28). Calls made to strengthen state energy policies. *The Country Today*, pp. 1A, 2A.

Unlike other periodicals, p. or pp. precede page numbers for a newspaper reference. Single pages take p., example, p.B2; multiple pages take pp., example, pp.B2, B4 or pp. C1, C3-C4.

B. Electronic Resource (Web Publication)

An electronic resource is defined as a resource which requires computer access or any electronic product that delivers a collection of data, be it text referring to full text bases, electronic journals, image collections, other multimedia products and numerical, graphical or time based, as a commercially available title.



1. Online Periodical

Bernstein, M. (2002). 10 tips on writing the living Web. *A List Apart: For People Who Make Websites*, 149. Retrieved from <http://www.alistapart.com/articles/writeliving>

Parker-Pope, T. (2008, May 6). Psychiatry handbook linked to drug industry. *The New York Times*. Retrieved from <http://well.blogs.nytimes.com>

The above entries follow the same guidelines for printed articles. Notice only that the phrase “Retrieved from” is written before the website from which you have retrieved the periodical. Also, a period is NOT used to signal the final stop for each entry.

Activity 1

Directions: Below is a list of social issues in the Philippines. Choose five (5) issues that are most relevant to you and write a sentence discussing your observation about them.

Poverty	Crime	Infectious Disease	Inequality	Overpopulation
Divorce	Abortion	Climate change	Educational System	Deforestation
Bullying	Waste Disposal	Drug Abuse	Corruption	

Retrieved from: <https://www.slideshare.net/jwils165/social-issues-and-possible-solutions>

Social Issue	Observation related to the issue

ASSESSMENT

Directions: Read the following statements carefully. Write 'TRUE' if the statement is correct; otherwise, write 'FALSE'.

____1. Research writing follows a systematic process.

____2. Clear and accurate information/ data are presented and analyzed in the body of a research report.

____3. Glossary is the list of references used in making the research.

____4. In making a reference entry, the year of publication comes after the name/s of the author/s.

____5. The title should be specific enough to describe the contents of the paper.

Any
questions/clarifications?



YOU DID IT!
Congratulations

Robbie Tagged Me @ GG

Well
done!



It's time to
say goodbye..

Thank
you!

