

**NAME : RUSHI DAULATKAR**

**ROLL NO : 53**

**EXPERIMENT NO : 04**

**AIM : TO FIND LINEAR COMBINATION, SPAN, AND BASIS OF A VECTOR SPACE .**

**QUESTION : 1.A.**

```
In [1]: M = Matrix([[1,3,1,3],[0,1,1,0],[-3,0,6,-1],[3,4,-2,1],[2,0,-4,-3]])
```

```
In [2]: M_echelon = M.echelon_form()
```

```
In [3]: basis = M_echelon.rows()
```

```
In [4]: rank = M.rank()
```

```
In [5]: print("Basis of the row space:", basis)
```

```
Out[5]: Basis of the row space: [(1, 0, -2, 0), (0, 1, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1), (0, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 0)]
```

```
In [6]: print("Dimension of the row space (Rank):", rank)
```

```
Out[6]: Dimension of the row space (Rank): 3
```

**QUESTION : 1.B.**

```
In [7]: M = Matrix([[2,4,6,8],[0,1,1,0],[3,0,-6,1],[4,-2,3,-1],[2,0,-4,3]])
```

```
In [8]: M_echelon = M.echelon_form()
```

```
In [9]: basis = M_echelon.rows()
```

```
In [10]: rank = M.rank()
```

```
In [11]: print("Basis of the row space:", basis)
```

```
Out[11]: Basis of the row space: [(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1), (0, 0, 0, 0)]
```

```
In [12]: print("Dimension of the row space (Rank):", rank)
```

```
Out[12]: Dimension of the row space (Rank): 4
```

**QUESTION : 2.A.**

```
In [13]: from sage.modules.free_module_element import vector
         from sage.matrix.constructor import Matrix
```

```
In [14]: v1 = vector([1, 2, 3])
         v2 = vector([4, 5, 6])
         v3 = vector([7, 8, 9])
         target_vector = vector([10, 11, 12])
```

```
In [15]: A = Matrix([v1, v2, v3]).transpose()
```

```
In [16]: A = A.augment(target_vector, subdivide=True)
```

```
In [17]:
```

```
In [17]: rref = A.rref()
```

```
In [19]: if all(entry == 0 for entry in rref[-1][: -1]):  
         print("The target vector is a linear combination of the given vectors.")  
         else:  
             print("The target vector is not a linear combination of the given vectors.")
```

Out[19]: The target vector is a linear combination of the given vectors.

**QUESTION : 2.B.**

```
In [20]: v1 = vector([2, 3, 1])  
         v2 = vector([7, 6, 3])  
         v3 = vector([4, 9, 3])  
         target_vector = vector([12, 13, 14])
```

```
In [21]: A = Matrix([v1, v2, v3]).transpose()
```

```
In [22]: A = A.augment(target_vector, subdivide=True)
```

```
In [23]: rref = A.rref()
```

```
In [25]: if all(entry == 0 for entry in rref[-1][: -1]):  
         print("The target vector is a linear combination of the given vectors.")  
         else:  
             print("The target vector is not a linear combination of the given vectors.")
```

Out[25]: The target vector is not a linear combination of the given vectors.

**Conclusion : Problems on linear combination, span and basis are successfully executed .**

```
In [0]:
```