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Kernel: SageMath 10.1
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Experiment No: 3

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Aim:

Solve the following system of equations

1.
$$x - 2y + 3z = 2$$
; $2x - 3z = 3$; $x + y + z = 0$

2.
$$2x - y + z = 4$$
; $3x - y + z = 6$; $4x - y + 2z = 7$; $-x + y - z = 9$

$$3. 3x + y + z = 2; x - 3y + 2z = 1; 7x - y + 4z = 5$$

Q1

In [2]:
$$x, y, z = var('x, y, z')$$

 $solve([x-2*y + 3*z == 2, 2*x - 3*z == 3, x+y+z==0], x, y, z)$

Out[2]:
$$[[x == (21/19), y == (-16/19), z == (-5/19)]]$$

Out[3]:
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Out[4]:
$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Out[5]: True

Out[6]:
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 12 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 19 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Q2

In [11]: solve([
$$2*x-y+z == 4$$
, $3*x-y+z == 6$, $4*x-y+2*z == 7$, $-x+y-z==9$], x, y, z)

Out[11]: []

Out[15]:
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

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show('C=',C)
Out[16]:
                In [17]: | rank(A)==rank(C)
Out[17]: False
In [18]: | show(C.echelon_form())
Out[18]: / 1 0 0 2
             0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 5
             0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 5
            0 0 0 11
          Q3
In [20]: x, y, z = var('x, y, z')
            solve([3*x+y+z == 2, x-3*y+2*z == 1,7*x-y+4*z == 5], x, y, z)
Out[20]: [[x == -1/2*r4 + 7/10, y == 1/2*r4 - 1/10, z == r4]]
In [21]: A=matrix([[3, 1, 1], [1, -3, 2], [7, -1, 4]])
B=vector([2, 1, 5])
show('A= ', A, 'B= ', B.column())
          Out[21]:
In [22]: | C=A.augment(B)
           show('C=',C)
               \left(\begin{array}{ccccc} 3 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 7 & -1 & 4 & 5 \end{array}\right)
Out[22]:
In [23]: rank(A)==rank(C)
Out[23]: True
In [25]: | show(C.echelon_form())
Out[25]: /1 7 -3 0
            \left( egin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 10 & -5 & -1 \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)
          Conclusion:
 In [0]:
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