## Wi-Fi Hacking Tool: Airgeddon

### Wi-Fi Hacking automation tool

#### Airgeddon — Study Notes

#### What it is

Airgeddon is a multi-use **bash script** for Linux that wraps many wireless-audit tools into an interactive, menu-driven toolkit for Wi-Fi security testing.

## Main capabilities (high level)

- Network discovery / scanning lists nearby SSIDs, BSSIDs, channels, encryption types and signal details
- **WPA/WPA2 handshake capture** supports methods to capture 4-way handshakes for offline password cracking.
- **PMKID capture** can obtain PMKID hashes from access points (an alternate offline-crack vector).
- Evil-Twin / Rogue AP (captive portal) attacks can spawn fake access points to mimic targets (used for credential-harvesting simulations).
- **WPS attacks** integrates tools/plugins for WPS PIN attacks (e.g., Reaver/Bully workflows).
- **Deauthentication / DoS testing** triggers deauth or stress tests (used to force reconnects for handshake capture or to test resilience.
- MITM / sniffing support can combine rogue APs with captive portals and sniffing tools to inspect traffic in lab scenarios.

## **Typical components / dependencies (conceptual)**

- Under-the-hood tools: aircrack-ng suite, hashcat/john (for cracking), reaver/bully (WPS), mdk4 (denial/jamming), dns/HTTP servers for captive portals, and other common pentest utilities.
- **Hardware notes (conceptual):** needs a Linux system and a wireless adapter that supports monitor and (optionally) master/AP modes some attacks work better with chipsets that support virtual interfaces.

## **High-level workflow (non-actionable / for study)**

Discover targets → choose an attack vector (handshake, PMKID, WPS, evil-twin) → use Airgeddon's menu to launch the appropriate toolset → collect data for offline analysis (e.g., cracking hashes) or simulate MITM in a controlled lab. (This is the conceptual flow — see tool docs for safe, legal lab setup).

#### Strengths / why we are using it

- All-in-one wrapper: removes need to remember many discrete commands.
- Menu driven: beginner-friendly interface that still exposes advanced options.
- Actively maintained: project and wiki contain features and updates.

Here attack on one wireless wi-fi router as below:

# > Step 1:

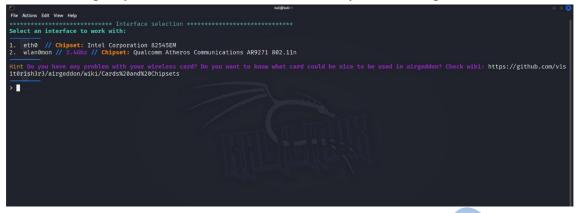
Type Command: sudo airgeddon



It will open the tool

## **>** Step 2:

It wil give you choice of eth and wlan choose your wifi adapter that is wlan0



## **>** Step 3:

After that we need put our wlan in monitor mode for performing an attack for that select option  $2^{nd}$ 

Now our wlan0 is in monitor mode.

## **>** Step 4:

After that we need to select Evil twin attack menu its 7<sup>th</sup> option lets select it.

After selecting the attack Evil Twin lets see options we get .....

We are going to use 9<sup>th</sup> option that will need monitor mode to be on so we already on it in step number 3 lets select it and see

## > Step 5:

After the tool scans the network and give us option to select the target, select target and press enter. And for stop scanning the network you need to press Ctrl+C

```
Threface witan@mon selected. Mode: Monitor. Supported bands: 2.4Ghz
Selected BSSID: 6C:4F:89:87:FA:17 (personal)
Selected channel: 11
Selected channel: 12
Selected ESSID: httel_Sangeeta
Handshake file selected: None

Select an option from menu:

0. Return to Evil Twin attacks menu

1. Deauth / disassoc amok mdk4 attack
2. Deauth aireplay attack
3. Auth Dos attack

Hint Do you have any problem with your wireless card? Do you want to know what card could be nice to be used in airgeddon? Check wiki: https://github.com/v1s
110r1sh3r3/airgeddon/wiki/Cards%20and%20Chipsets

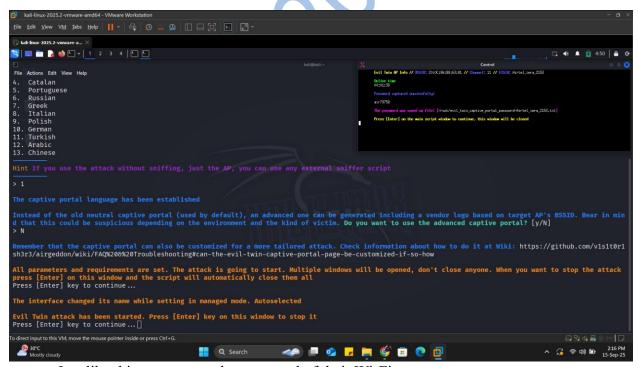
> 2

If you want to integrate "DoS pursuit mode" on an Evil Twin attack, another additional wifi interface in monitor mode will be needed to be able to perform it

Do you want to enable "DoS pursuit mode"? This will re-launch the attack if target AP change its channel countering "channel hopping" [y/N]
```

Here we select 2<sup>nd</sup> Deauth airplay attack.

After that it will launch the terminal and try for taking handshake if he gets handshake then it will duplicate the targeted systems SSID and create same WIFI network as our targeted wireless network and then it will go on listening if our victim opens it and put their password, we got there password just like this showing in below image.



Just like this.....we got the password of their Wi-Fi.