

## 1. Linear Search

```
void linearSearch(int a[],int key,int n)
{
    int flag=0;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(a[i]==key)
        {
            flag=1;
            cout<<"Key element "<<key<<" is found at "<<i+1<<" index position";
        }
    }
    if(flag!=1)
        cout<<"Element is not found in the array";
}
```

## 2. Binary search

```
int binarySearch(int a[],int key,int n)
{
    int low=0;
    int high=n-1;
    int mid;

    while(low<=high)
    {
        mid=(low+high)/2;
        if(a[mid]==key)
            return mid;

        else if(a[mid]<key)
            low=mid+1;
        else
            high=mid-1;
    }

    return -1;
}
```

## 3. Fractional Knapsack:

```
class item
{
    public:
    int weight,profit;
};
```

```

bool pwRatioComp(item a, item b)
{
    double r1=(double)a.profit/(double)a.weight;
    double r2=(double)b.profit/(double)b.weight;
    return r1>r2;
}

void fractionalKnapsack(item a[],int w,int n)
{
    int currentW=0;
    double maxProfit=0.0;

    sort(a,a+n,pwRatioComp);

    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        //full object
        if(currentW+a[i].weight<=w)
        {
            currentW=currentW+a[i].weight;
            maxProfit=maxProfit+a[i].profit;
            cout<<"Item having weight "<<a[i].weight<<" is in the knapsack";
        }

        //fractional item
        else
        {
            int remain=w-currentW;
            maxProfit=maxProfit+((double)remain/(double)a[i].weight)*a[i].profit;
            cout<<"Item having "<<((double)remain/(double)a[i].weight)<<" fractional
of item of weight "<<a[i].weight<<" in the knapsack";
            break;
        }
    }
    cout<<"The maximum profit is:"<<maxProfit;
}

```

#### 4. Job scheduling

```

class job
{
    public:
    char jobID;
    int ded;
    int profit;
}

```

```

};

bool profitComp(job a, job b)
{
    return(a.profit>b.profit);
}

void jobScheduling(job a[],int n)
{
    int result[n];
    bool slot[n];
    int profit=0;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        slot[i]=false;

    sort(a,a+n,profitComp);

    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(int j=min(n,a[i].ded)-1;j>=0;j--)
        {
            if(slot[j]==false)
            {
                result[j]=i;
                slot[j]=true;
                profit=profit+a[i].profit;
                break;
            }
        }
    }

    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(slot[i])
            cout<<a[result[i]].id<<" ";
    }
    cout<<"Max profit is:"<<profit;
}

```

## 5. Dynamic Coin Change

```

int coin;
int w;

int minComp(int a,int b)

```

```

{
    if(a>b)
        return b;
    else
        return a;
}

void coinChange(int coin,int w)
{
    int a[coin+1][w+1];
    for(int i=0;i<=coin;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<=w;j++)
        {
            if(i==0||j==0)
                a[i][j]=0;
            else if(i==1)
                a[i][j]=j;
            else if(i>j)
                a[i][j]=a[i-1][j];
            else
                a[i][j]=minComp(a[i-1][j],1+a[i][j-i]);
            cout<<a[i][j];
        }
        cout<<endl;
    }
}

```

## 5. TSP

```

int tsp(int graph[][10],int s,int n)
{
    vector<int>vertex;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(i!=s)
            vertex.push_back(i);
    }

    int minpath=INT_MAX;

    do
    {
        int currentW=0;

```

```

        int k=s;
        for(int i=0;i<vertex.size();i++)
        {
            currentW=currentW+graph[k][vertex[i]];
            k=vertex[i];
        }
        currentW=currentW+graph[k][s];
        minpath=min(currentW,minpath);

    }while(next_permutation(vertex.begin(),vertex.close()));

    return minpath;
}

```

## 6. Coin change greedy

```

int minCoins(int c[],int value,int n)
{
    int max=999;
    int res=max;

    if(value==0)
        return 0;

    else
    {
        for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
        {
            if(value>0 && c[i]<value)
            {
                int temp=minCoins(c,value-c[i],n)
                if(res>temp)
                    res=temp+1;
            }
        }
    }
    return res;
}

```

## 7. N queen

```

int board[10][10];
int possSol=0;

void print(n)

```

```

{
    for(int i=0;i<=n-1;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<=n-1;j++)
        {
            cout<<board[i][j]<<" ";
            cout<<endl;
        }
        cout<<endl;
    }
    cout<<endl;
}

```

//row-> queen no col->possible safe position n-> no of queens

bool isSafe(int col,int row,int n)

```

{
    for(int i=0;i<row;i++)
    {
        if(board[i][col])
            return false;
    }

    //left diahonal check
    for(int i=row,j=col;i>=0&& j>=0;i--,j--)
    {
        if(board[i][j])
            return false;
    }

    //right diagonal
    for(int i=row,j=col;i>=0&& j<n;j++,i--)
    {
        if(borad[i][j])
            return false;
    }

    return true;
}

```

//to find positions where which queen can be placed

bool solve(int row,int n)

```

{
    if(row==n)

```

```

    {
        possSol++;
        cout<<"Solution no:"<<possSol;
        print(n);
        return true;
    }

    //res is for backtracking, occur if a position queen is placed but the child node can't be
    where queen is placed
    bool res=false;
    for(int i=0;i<=n-1;i++)
    {
        if(isSafe(i,row,n))
        {
            board[row][i]=1;
            res=solve(row+1,n)||res
            //if res is false backtrack and make the new board [][] values as false
            board[row][i]=0;
        }
    }
    return false;
}

int main()
{
    res=solve(0,n)
    if(res==1)
        cout<<-1;
    else
        endl;
    cout<< toat sol<<possSol;
}

```

### 8. Cab Activity sol when time is given in HH:MM

```

int a[1000];
int MAX=1440;
void minCabs(int n)
{
    int h1,h2,m1,m2,t1,t2,ans;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>h1>>m1>>h2>>m2;
        t1=h1*60+m1;
        t2=h2*60+m2;
    }
}

```

```

        for(int i=t1;i<=t2;i++)
        {
            a[i]++;
        }
    }

    int r=0;
    for(int i=0;i<MAX;i++)
    {
        r=max(r,a[i]);
    }

    cout<<"min cabs:<<r;

}

```

### 9. Cab activity sol when S=[] and F=[] are given

```

int count=0, minFT=F[0],k=0;

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    if(minFT>S[i])
        count++;
    if(minFT<=S[i])
    {
        k++;
        minFT=F[k];
    }
}

cout<<"min cabs<<count;

```

### 10. Activity selection

```

class activity
{
    public:
    int start,finish;
};

bool sortFt(activity a, activity b)
{
    return (a.finish<b.finish);
}

```



```

void scheduleActivity(activity a[],int n)
{
    sort(a,a+n,sortFt);
    cout<<"Included activities are:"<<
    int i=0;
    cout<<("a["<<i<<"].start"<<","<<a[i].finish<<");
    for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
    {
        if(a[j].start>=a[i].finish)
        {
            cout<<("a["<<j<<"].start"<<","<<a[j].finish<<");
            i=j;
        }
    }
}

```

## 11. min max problem

```

class pair
{
    public:
    int min,max;
};

pair minMax(int a[],int low,int high) /// minmax(a,0,n-1)
{
    pair mm,mml,mmr;
    int mid;

    if(low==high) //only one element
    {
        mm.max=a[low];
        mm.min=a[low];
        return mm;
    }

    if (high-low==1) //2 elements
    {
        if(a[low]>a[high])
        {
            mm.min=a[high];
            mm.max=a[low];
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    else
    {
        mm.max=a[high];
        mm.min=a[low];
    }
    return mm;
}

else //more than 2
{
    mid=(low+high)/2;
    mml=minMax(a,low,mid-1);
    mmr=minMax(a,mid+1,high);

    if(mml.max>mmr.max)
        mm.max=mml.max;
    else
        mm.max=mmr.max;

    if(mml.min>mmr.min)
        mm.min=mmr.min;
    else
        mm.min=mml.min;

    return mm;
}
}

```

## 12. Naive Bayes Algo

```
void search(string text,string pattern)
```

```

{
    int n=text.size();
    int m=pattern.size();

    for(int i=0;i<n-m;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<m;j++)
        {
            if(text[i+j]!=pattern[j])
                break;

            if(j==m)
                cout<<"Pattern matched at <<i<< "index position";
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

```

### 13. KMP

```

void lps_cal(string pat,int lps[])
{
    lps[0]=0;
    int i=1;
    int len=0;
    while(i<pat.length())
    {
        if(pat[i]==len[i])
        {
            len++;
            lps[i]=len;
            i++;
        }

        else
        {
            if(len==0)
            {
                lps[i]=0;
                i++;
            }
            else
            {
                len=lps[len-1];
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

void KMP(string pattern,string text)
{
    int n=text.size();
    int m=pattern.size();

    int lps[m];
    lps_cal(pattern,lps);
    int i=0,j=0;
    while(i<n)
    {

```

```

        if(pattern[j]==text[i])
        {
            i++;
            j++;
        }
        if (j==m)
        {
            cout<<"pattern matched at index"<<i-j;
            j=lps[j-1];
        }

        else if(i<n&& pattern[j]!=text[i])
        {
            if(j!=0)
                j=lps[j-1];
            else
                i=i+1;
        }
    }
}

```

#### 14. Huffman Code

//right->1 left ->0

class node

```

{
    public:
        int freq;
        char data;
        const node *l,*r;

        node(char d, int f=-1)
        {
            data=d;
            freq=f;
            l=NULL;
            r=NULL;
        }

        node (const node *p, const node *q)
        {
            data=0;
            freq=p->freq+q->freq;
            l=p;
            r=q;
        }
    }

```

```

    }

    bool operator<(const node &a)const{
        return freq>a.freq;
    }

    void traverse(string code="")const
    {
        if(l!=NULL)
        {
            l->traverse(code+'0');
            r->traverse(code+'1');
        }

        else
        {
            cout<< "Data:"<<data<<" "<<"Frequency:"<<freq<<"
"<<"Code:"<<code<<endl;
        }

    }

};

void huffmanCode(string s)
{
    priority_queue <node>pq;
    int frequency[1000];
    for(int i=0;i<256;i++)
        frequency[i]=0;

    for(int i=0;i<s.size();i++)
        frequency[int(s[i])]++;

    for(int i=0;i<256;i++)
    {
        if(frequency[i])
        {
            pq.push(node(i,frequency[i]));
        }
    }

    while(pq.size(>1)
    {

```

```
        node *t=new node(pq.top());  
        pq.pop();  
        node *q=new node(pq.top());  
        pq.pop();  
        pq.push(node(t,q));  
    }  
    cout<<"huffman encoding";  
    pq.top().traverse();  
}
```

## 15. Quick Sort