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CODE:
import numpy as np
import random
# Lévy flight step
def levy flight(Lambda):
  u = np.random.normal(0, 1, 1)
  v = np.random.normal(0, 1, 1)
  step = u / abs(v)**(1 / Lambda)
  return step[0]
# Traffic congestion function (Objective Function)
def traffic objective(signal timings):
  ** ** **
  Simulates traffic congestion based on signal timings.
  Lower values represent better performance (less congestion).
  Example: The function is simplified and can be replaced with real traffic data.
  # Example congestion model (you can replace this with a real simulation):
  total waiting time = 0
  for timing in signal timings:
     total waiting time += abs(50 - timing) + random.uniform(0, 5)
  return total waiting time
class CuckooSearch:
  def init (self, num nests, num iterations, discovery rate, bounds):
     self.num nests = num nests
     self.num iterations = num iterations
     self.discovery rate = discovery rate
     self.bounds = bounds
     self.dimensions = len(bounds) # Number of traffic signals
     self.nests = np.random.uniform(
       [b[0] for b in bounds], [b[1] for b in bounds], (num nests, self.dimensions)
     self.best nest = self.nests[0]
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self.best fitness = float("inf")

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def run(self):
     for iteration in range(self.num iterations):
       new nests = self.generate new solutions()
       self.evaluate nests(new nests)
       self.abandon worst nests()
       print(f"Iteration {iteration + 1}/{self.num iterations}, Best Fitness:
{self.best fitness}")
     return self.best nest, self.best fitness
  def evaluate nests(self, new nests):
     for i in range(len(new nests)):
       fitness = traffic objective(new nests[i])
       if fitness < self.best fitness:
          self.best fitness = fitness
          self.best nest = new nests[i]
  def generate new solutions(self):
     new nests = []
     for nest in self.nests:
       step = levy flight(Lambda=1.5)
       new solution = nest + step * np.random.uniform(-1, 1, self.dimensions)
       new solution = np.clip(new solution, [b[0] for b in self.bounds], [b[1] for b in
self.bounds])
       new nests.append(new solution)
     return np.array(new nests)
  def abandon worst nests(self):
     discovery mask = np.random.rand(self.num nests) < self.discovery rate
     for i in range(self.num nests):
       if discovery mask[i]:
          self.nests[i] = np.random.uniform(
            [b[0] for b in self.bounds], [b[1] for b in self.bounds]
          )
# Parameters
num signals = 5 # Number of traffic signals
bounds = [(20, 100)] * num signals # Traffic light timings (min, max) in seconds
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num_nests = 20
num_iterations = 50
discovery_rate = 0.25

# Run Cuckoo Search
cs = CuckooSearch(num_nests, num_iterations, discovery_rate, bounds)
best_solution, best_fitness = cs.run()

# Output results
print("\nOptimal Traffic Signal Timings:")
print(f"Best Signal Timings: {best_solution}")
print(f"Best Fitness (Minimized Congestion): {best_fitness:.2f}")
```

OUTPUT:

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Iteration 1/5, Best Fitness: 72.28102682019099
Iteration 2/5, Best Fitness: 63.84313266058888
Iteration 3/5, Best Fitness: 63.84313266058888
Iteration 4/5, Best Fitness: 63.84313266058888
Iteration 5/5, Best Fitness: 63.84313266058888

Optimal Traffic Signal Timings:
Best Signal Timings: [49.2411359 37.16669285 38.6408849 46.76216812 27.92477078]
Best Fitness (Minimized Congestion): 63.84
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