

AI Assisted Coding (III Year) Assignment

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Lab 11 – Data Structures with AI: Implementing Fundamental Structures

Week 6 – Monday

Lab Objectives

- Use AI to assist in designing and implementing fundamental data structures in Python
- Learn prompt-based design and optimization
- Improve understanding of Lists, Stacks, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees, Graphs, and Hash Tables
- Enhance code quality with comments and documentation

Task #1 – Stack Implementation

```
class Stack:
    """Implementation of Stack using Python list."""

    def __init__(self):
        self.items = []

    def push(self, value):
        """Add an element to the top of the stack."""
        self.items.append(value)

    def pop(self):
        """Remove and return the top element."""
        if self.is_empty():
            return "Stack is empty"
        return self.items.pop()

    def peek(self):
        """Return the top element without removing it."""
        if self.is_empty():
            return "Stack is empty"
        return self.items[-1]

    def is_empty(self):
        """Check whether stack is empty."""
        return len(self.items) == 0
```

Task #2 – Queue Implementation

```

class Queue:
    """FIFO Queue Implementation."""
    def __init__(self):
        self.items = []

    def enqueue(self, value):
        """Insert element at rear."""
        self.items.append(value)

    def dequeue(self):
        """Remove element from front."""
        if not self.items:
            return "Queue is empty"
        return self.items.pop(0)

    def peek(self):
        """View front element."""
        if not self.items:
            return "Queue is empty"
        return self.items[0]

    def size(self):
        """Return size of queue."""
        return len(self.items)

```

Task #3 – Singly Linked List

```

class Node:
    """Node of a singly linked list."""
    def __init__(self, data):
        self.data = data
        self.next = None

class LinkedList:
    """Singly linked list implementation."""
    def __init__(self):
        self.head = None

    def insert(self, value):
        """Insert at end."""
        new_node = Node(value)
        if not self.head:
            self.head = new_node
            return

        temp = self.head
        while temp.next:
            temp = temp.next
        temp.next = new_node

    def display(self):
        """Display linked list."""
        temp = self.head
        while temp:
            print(temp.data, end=" ")
            temp = temp.next
        print("None")

```

Task #4 – Binary Search Tree

```

class BST:
    """Binary Search Tree Implementation."""
    def __init__(self, value=None):
        self.value = value
        self.left = None
        self.right = None

    def insert(self, value):
        """Recursive insert."""
        if self.value is None:
            self.value = value
        elif value < self.value:
            if self.left:
                self.left.insert(value)
            else:
                self.left = BST(value)
        else:
            if self.right:
                self.right.insert(value)
            else:
                self.right = BST(value)

    def inorder(self):
        """In-order traversal."""
        if self.left:
            self.left.inorder()
        print(self.value, end=" ")
        if self.right:
            self.right.inorder()

```

Task #5 – Hash Table with Chaining

```

class HashTable:
    """Hash table using chaining."""
    def __init__(self, size=10):
        self.size = size
        self.table = [[] for _ in range(size)]

    def _hash(self, key):
        return hash(key) % self.size

    def insert(self, key, value):
        """Insert key-value."""
        index = self._hash(key)
        for pair in self.table[index]:
            if pair[0] == key:
                pair[1] = value
                return
        self.table[index].append([key, value])

    def search(self, key):
        """Search value by key."""
        index = self._hash(key)
        for pair in self.table[index]:
            if pair[0] == key:
                return pair[1]
        return None

    def delete(self, key):
        """Delete key."""
        index = self._hash(key)
        for i, pair in enumerate(self.table[index]):
            if pair[0] == key:
                self.table[index].pop(i)
                return

```

Task #6 – Graph (Adjacency List)

```

class Graph:
    """Graph using adjacency list."""
    def __init__(self):
        self.graph = {}

    def add_vertex(self, vertex):
        if vertex not in self.graph:
            self.graph[vertex] = []

    def add_edge(self, v1, v2):
        self.graph.setdefault(v1, []).append(v2)

    def display(self):
        for v in self.graph:
            print(v, "->", self.graph[v])

```

Task #7 – Priority Queue

```

import heapq

class PriorityQueue:
    """Priority Queue using heap."""
    def __init__(self):
        self.heap = []

    def enqueue(self, value, priority):
        """Lower number = higher priority."""
        heapq.heappush(self.heap, (priority, value))

    def dequeue(self):
        if not self.heap:
            return "Empty"
        return heapq.heappop(self.heap)[1]

    def display(self):
        print(self.heap)

```

Task #8 – Deque

```
from collections import deque

class DequeDS:
    """Double-ended queue."""
    def __init__(self):
        self.dq = deque()

    def insert_front(self, value):
        self.dq.appendleft(value)

    def insert_rear(self, value):
        self.dq.append(value)

    def remove_front(self):
        if not self.dq:
            return "Empty"
        return self.dq.popleft()

    def remove_rear(self):
        if not self.dq:
            return "Empty"
        return self.dq.pop()
```

Task #9 – Campus Resource Management System

Feature Mapping Table

Feature	Data Structure	Justification
Student Attendance	Deque	Students enter and exit from both ends, making deque efficient for real-time logging.
Event Registration	Hash Table	Fast search, insertion, and deletion based on student ID.
Library Borrowing	Linked List	Dynamic insertion and removal of books without shifting elements.
Bus Scheduling	Graph	Routes and stops form a network structure.
Cafeteria Orders	Queue	Orders processed in arrival order (FIFO).

Implementation – Cafeteria Order Queue

```
class CafeteriaQueue:
    """Queue system for cafeteria orders."""
    def __init__(self):
        self.orders = []

    def place_order(self, student):
        """Add new order."""
        self.orders.append(student)

    def serve_order(self):
        """Serve next order."""
        if not self.orders:
            return "No orders"
        return self.orders.pop(0)

    def display(self):
        print("Pending:", self.orders)

# Example
cq = CafeteriaQueue()
cq.place_order("Akshay")
cq.place_order("Rithwik")
cq.display()
print("Served:", cq.serve_order())

''' Pending: ['Akshay', 'Rithwik']
    Served: Akshay
```

Task #10 – Smart E-Commerce Platform

Feature Mapping Table

Feature	Data Structure	Justification
Shopping Cart	Linked List	Dynamic addition and removal without shifting.
Order Processing	Queue	Orders handled sequentially.
Top-Selling Products	Priority Queue	Highest sales given priority.
Product Search	Hash Table	Fast lookup by product ID.
Delivery Planning	Graph	Represents routes between locations.

Implementation – Product Search using Hash Table

```
class ProductSearch:
    """Fast lookup of products."""

    def __init__(self):
        self.products = {}

    def add_product(self, product_id, name):
        """Add product."""
        self.products[product_id] = name

    def search_product(self, product_id):
        """Search by ID."""
        return self.products.get(product_id, "Not found")

    def remove_product(self, product_id):
        """Delete product."""
        if product_id in self.products:
            del self.products[product_id]

# Example
ps = ProductSearch()
ps.add_product(101, "Laptop")
ps.add_product(102, "Mobile")
print(ps.search_product(101))
```

*** Laptop

Conclusion

This lab demonstrated how AI can assist in:

- **Designing and implementing core data structures**
- **Improving documentation and readability**
- **Selecting optimal structures for real-world applications**
- **Enhancing efficiency and scalability**