```
(1). How to compare two JSON have the same properties without order?a. var obj1 = { name: "Person 1", age:5 };b. var obj2 = { age:5, name: "Person 1" };CODE:-
```

#### Output:-

```
var obj1 = { name: "Person 1", age:5 };
 74
      var obj2 = { age:5, name: "Person 1" };
 75
      if(JSON.stringify(obj1)===JSON.stringify(obj2)){
 76
          console.log("JSON have The Same Properties");
      }else{
 78
          console.log("JSON are not have same properties");
 79
 80
81
82
83
PROBLEMS:
          OUTPUT
                  DEBUG CONSOLE
                                 TERMINAL
                                          JUPYTER
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\Mahadev\OneDrive\Desktop\IIT Madras\Index> node exe.js
JSON are not have same properties
PS C:\Users\Mahadev\OneDrive\Desktop\III Madras\Index>
```

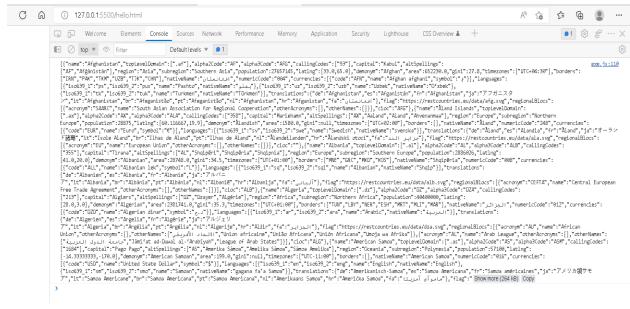
(2). Use the rest api and display the all country flag in console.

```
CODE:-
```

```
Var = new XMLHttpRequest();
url.open =('GET',"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rvsp/restcountries-json-data/master/res-countries.json");
xhr.onload = function(){
    if(xhr.status>=250 && xhr.status<=300){
    var data=JSON.parse(this.responceText);
    //console.log(data);
    For(let i=0;i<data.length;i++){
        Console.log(data[i].flag);
}
} else{
        Console.log(xhr.responseText);

        Xhr.send();</pre>
```

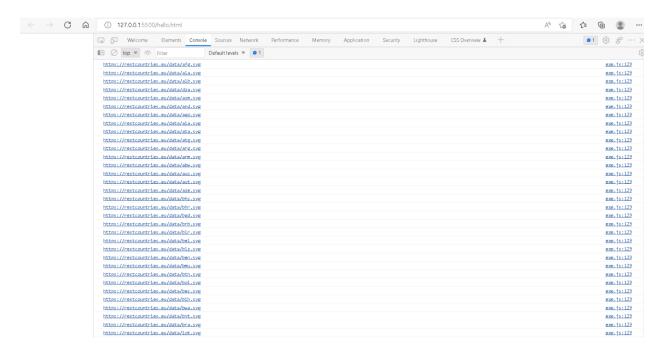
#### **Output:-**



# (3)Use the rest country API and display all country population,name,sub-region and region .

```
//set up a http request object
        var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
        xhr.open('GET',"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rvsp/restcountries-json-
        data/master/res-countries.json");
        xhr.onload = function() {
          if(xhr.status >= 250 && xhr.status < 300){
             var data =JSON.parse(this.responseText);
             console.log(data);
    for(let i=0; i<data.length; i++){</pre>
console.log(data[i].name,data[i].region,data[i].sub-region,data[i].population);
}}
Else{
        Console.log(xhr.responceText);
}
};
xhr.send();
```

#### **OUTPUT:-**



(4). Pratice: - Different Different Functions

Q-4

Ans:-

For practice:-

1.var myvar= 1;

console.log("myvar");

```
2.
```

```
let personData=[
{
    firstname:"Rushiraj",
    lastname:"Bhuva",
    marital:"Savaliya",
    Hobbies:"Music,Reading,Gaming,Cycling,Watch Movies",
    Age:22,
    Country:"india",
}
]
console.log(personData);
```

# 3. Null type

The Null type has exactly one value: null. See null and Null for more details.

Undefined type

A variable that has not been assigned a value has the value undefined. See undefined and Undefined for more details.

Numeric types

ECMAScript has two built-in numeric types: Number and BigInt — along with the related value NaN.

```
// Number
let let num = 16;
let lastName = "Rushiraj";
                                   // String
let x = {firstName:"Rushiraj", lastName:"Bhuva"}; // Object
4.Convert mathod:-
parseInt("60.5") //O.p 60
parseInt(22 year) //O.p 22
parseInt("He was 22") //O.p Nan
parseInt("45.25") //O.p 45
parseInt("20.00") //O.p 20
5.
1.ParseInt-code
myString = '111'
console.log(parseInt(myString)) // expected result: 111
2.using number()-code
a = 14.22
console.log(parseInt(a)) // expected result: 14
Number("15"); // returns 15
```

```
Number(" 25 "); // returns 25
Number("98.30"); // returns 98.30
3.unary()-code
const x = 25;
const y = -25;
console.log(+x); // expected output: 25
console.log(+y); // expected output: -25
console.log(+"); // expected output: 0
6. True & False
// all false
5 === '5';
9 === [9];
'3' === [3];
//all true
8 == '8';
11 == [11];
'20' == [20];
```

```
7. square of number-code
```

```
let x = Math.pow(5, 2);
```

## 8. swaping of 2 number-code

```
function swap(x, y) {
  return [y, x];
}
console.log(swap(2, 3));
```

#### 9.Addition of 3 numbers-code

```
let a=5;
let b=4;
let c=5;
console.log(a+b+c); //O.p 14
```

#### 10. F` to C`-code

```
function temperatureConverter(valNum) {
  valNum = parseFloat(valNum);
  document.getElementById("outputCelsius").innerHTML = (valNum-32) / 1.8;
}
```

#### 11. Meter to miles-code

```
#Taking user input
km = float(input("Enter value in kilometers: "))
#Conversion factor
cf = 0.621371
#Calculate miles
miles = km * cf
#Print the output
print('%0.2f kilometers is equal to %0.2f miles' %(kilometers,miles))
12. Pounds to kg-code
function weightConverter(valNum) {
 document.getElementById("outputGrams").innerHTML = valNum / 0.0022046;
}
13. Calculate Batting Average-code
var sum = array.reduce((a, b) => a + b, 0); //get sum of all elements in array
var avg = (sum / array.length) | | 0; //get average of all elements in array ;)
```

## 14. Calculate five test scores and print their average-code

```
var alpha = [['A', 80], ['B', 77], ['C', 88], ['D', 95], ['E', 68]];
var Avgmarks = 0;
for (var i=0; i < students.length; i++) {
    Avgmarks += students[i][1];
    var avg = (Avgmarks/alpha.length);
}
console.log("Average grade: " + (Avgmarks)/alpha.length);
    if (avg < 60){
     console.log("Grade : F");
     }
    else if (avg < 70) {
         console.log("Grade : D");
          }
    else if (avg < 80)
       {
         console.log("Grade : C");
```

```
} else if (avg < 90) {
        console.log("Grade : B");
    } else if (avg < 100) {
        console.log("Grade : A");
}
15.code for square
x^y = ?
let b=Math.pow(5,9);
16.Calculate Simple Interest-code
const simpleInterest = document.querySelector('.simple-interest');
const button = document.querySelector('.button');
//const loading = document.querySelector('.loader');
const results = document.guerySelector('.results');
function calculateResults(e) {
      // ui elements
      const principal = document.querySelector('#principal');
      const rate = document.querySelector('#rate');
      const time = document.querySelector('#time');
      const monthlyPayment = document.guerySelector('#payment');
```

```
const totalInterest = document.querySelector('#interest');
const totalAmount = document.guerySelector('#total');
// formula variables
const p = parseFloat(principal.value);
const r = parseFloat(rate.value);
const t = parseFloat(time.value);
// calculate total interest
const interest = (p*t*r/100);
// calculate monthly payment
const payment = ((interest + p) / (t * 12)).toFixed(2);
// calculate total amount paid
const total = (interest + p).toFixed(2);
if (isFinite(payment)) {
      totalInterest.innerHTML = '$' + (interest).toFixed(2);
      monthlyPayment.innerHTML = '$' + payment;
      totalAmount.innerHTML = '$' + total;
      // hide loader
      button.classList.remove('loading');
      // show results
      results.classList.remove('hide');
```

```
} else {
            // show error
            showError('Please check your numbers and try again.');
            // hide loader
            button.classList.remove('loading');
      }
}
function showError(error) {
      // create error
      const errorMessage = document.createElement('div');
      const calculate = document.querySelector('#calculate');
      errorMessage.className = 'error';
      errorMessage.appendChild(document.createTextNode(error));
      simpleInterest.insertBefore(errorMessage, calculate);
      // clear error
      setTimeout(clearError, 3000);
}
function clearError() {
      // remove error
```

```
document.querySelector('.error').remove();
}
button.addEventListener('click', (e) => {
      console.log('Calculating...');
      // show loader
      button.classList.add('loading');
      // set timeout
      setTimeout(calculateResults, 2000);
      // prevent page from reloading on submit
      e.preventDefault();
});
/* IMPROVED OLD CODE BELOW */
// const button = document.querySelector('button');
// function simpleInterest() {
//
      console.log('Calculating...');
```

```
//
      //ui elements
//
      const p = parseFloat(document.guerySelector('#principal').value);
//
      const r = parseFloat(document.querySelector('#rate').value);
//
      const t = parseFloat(document.guerySelector('#time').value);
//
      const interest = document.querySelector('#interest');
//
      const payment = document.querySelector('#payment');
//
      const total = document.querySelector('#total');
//
      // calculate interest
      interest.innerHTML = '$' + (p*t*r/100).toFixed(2);
//
//
      // calculate monthly payment
//
      payment.innerHTML = '\$' + (((p*t*r/100) + p) / (t*12)).toFixed(2);
      // calculate total amount
//
//
      total.innerHTML = '$' + ((p*t*r/100) + p).toFixed(2);
//
      if(isFinite(payment)) {
//
             console.log('go');
      } else {
//
             console.log('error');
//
//
      }
//}
```

```
// button.addEventListener('click',simpleInterest);
17. Find the area of triangle-code
const baseValue = prompt('Enter the base of a triangle: ');// 6
const heightValue = prompt('Enter the height of a triangle: ');//4
// calculate the area
const areaValue = (baseValue * heightValue) / 2;//12
console.log(
 `The area of the triangle is ${areaValue}`
);
18. Area Of Isosceles Triangle-Code
<script>
// Javascript program to find the Altitude
// Area of an isosceles triangle
// function to find the altitude
function altitude(a,b)
{
      // return altitude
```

```
return Math.sqrt(Math.pow(a, 2) - (Math.pow(b, 2) / 4));
}
// function to find the area
function area(b, h)
{
      // return area
      return (1 * b * h) / 2;
}
// Main code
let a = 2, b = 3;
      let h = altitude(a, b);
      document.write("Altitude= " + h.toFixed(2) + ", ");
      document.write( "Area= " + area(b, h).toFixed(2));
19.volume of sphere-code
function calc(){
  let number=document.getElementById("radius").value;
  number=Number(number);
```

```
// The formula for the volume of a sphere (4. \pi. r*r*r)/3
  let sphere=(4*Math.PI*number*number*number)/3;
  //Cut the floating digits to two float
  sphere =sphere .toFixed(2);
  alert("The volume of a sphere: "+sphere);
}
let btnCalc=document.getElementById("btnCalc");
btnCalc.onclick=calc;
20. Volume Of Prism-code
// function to find the Volume
// of triangular prism
function findVolume( I, b, h)
{
      // formula to find Volume
      let volume = (I * b * h) / 2;
```

```
return volume;
}
// Main Code
let l = 18, b = 12, h = 9;
      // function calling
      document.write( "Volume of triangular prism: " + findVolume(I, b, h));
21. Find area of triangle-code
//JavaScript Program To Calculate The Area of a Triangle
var base = parseInt(prompt("Enter the base: "));
var height = parseInt(prompt("Enter the height: "));
//Calculating the area
var area = (base * height) / 2;
//Display Output
console.log("Base: " + base);
console.log("Height: " + height);
console.log("The area of the triangle is " + area);
```

#### 22. Give the Actual cost and Sold cost, Calculate Discount Of Product-code

```
getPrice = function() {
    var numVal1 = Number(document.getElementById("price").value);
    var numVal2 = Number(document.getElementById("discount").value) /
100;
    var totalValue = numVal1 - (numVal1 * numVal2)
        document.getElementById("total").value = totalValue.toFixed(2);
    }
```

23. Given their radius of a circle and find its diameter, circumference and area. code:-

```
function circle(radius)
{
    this.radius = radius;
    // area method
    this.area = function ()
    {
       return Math.PI * this.radius * this.radius;
    };
    // perimeter method
```

```
this.perimeter = function ()
  {
    return 2*Math.PI*this.radius;
 };
}
var c = new circle(3);
console.log('Area =', c.area().toFixed(2));
console.log('perimeter =', c.perimeter().toFixed(2));
24. Given two numbers and perform all arithmetic operations:-code
1)
Math.round(a) Returns a rounded to its nearest integer.
2)
Math.ceil(b) Returns b rounded up to its nearest integer.
3)
Math.floor(c)
                  Returns c rounded down to its nearest integer.
4)
Math.trunc(d)
                  Returns the integer part of d.
```

Math.round(4.6) returns the nearest integer.//o.p=5

5)

```
6)
Math.ceil(5.9) returns the value of x rounded up to its nearest integer://o.p=6
7)
Math.floor(4.2) returns the value of x rounded down to its nearest integer://0.p=4
8)
Math.pow(5, 5) returns the value of x to the power of y://o.p=3125//5^5
9)
Math.sqrt(25) returns the square root of x://o.p=5
10)
Math.min() and Math.max() can be used to find the lowest or highest value in a
list of arguments:
11)
Math.random() returns a random number between 0 (inclusive), and 1
(exclusive):
12)
Math.log(f) returns the natural logarithm of x.
13)
Math.log2(g) returns the base 2 logarithm of x.
14)
Math.log10(h) returns the base 10 logarithm of x.
15)
Math.abs(i) returns the absolute (positive) value of x:
```

16)

Math.sin(x) returns the sine (a value between -1 and 1) of the angle x (given in radians).

17)

Math.cos(x) returns the cosine (a value between -1 and 1) of the angle x (given in radians).