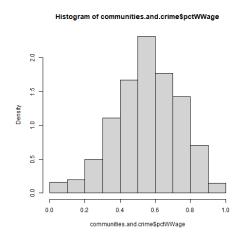
## ECS 132 Term Project

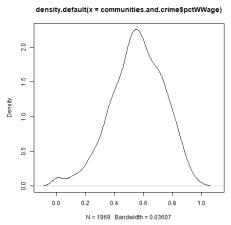
Steven Alvarado, Russell Chien, and Ruth Hailu University of California, Davis June 2023

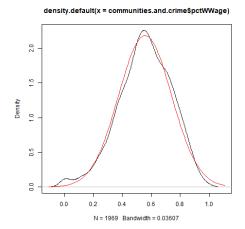
# The Normal Family

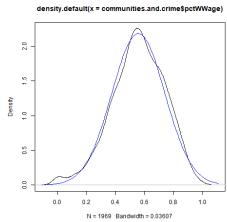
#### 1.1 Communities and Crime: pctWWage

Our group observed that the variable **pctWWage** of the Communities and Crime dataset seemed well-approximated by the normal family of continuous distributions. According to the UCI Machine Learning Repository, **pctWWage** is described as the percentage of households within the United States with wage or salary income in 1989.





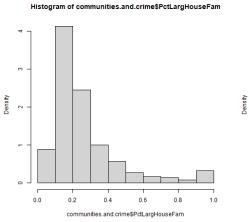


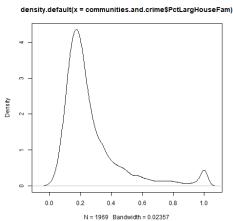


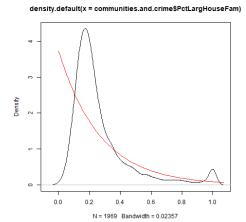
#### The Exponential Family

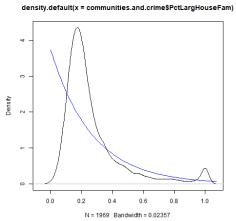
#### 2.1 Communities and Crime: PctLargHouse-Fam

For the exponential family of continuous distributions, we observed that the variable **PctLargHouseFam** was a suitable approximation. According to the UCI Machine Learning Repository, **PctLargHouseFam** is described as the percentage of family households with six or more family members.





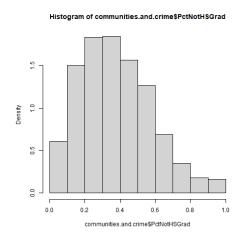


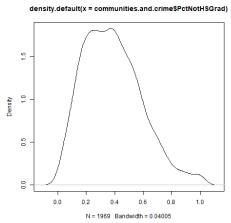


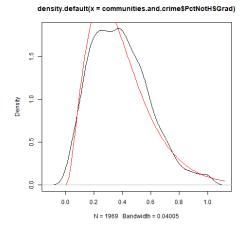
# The Gamma Family

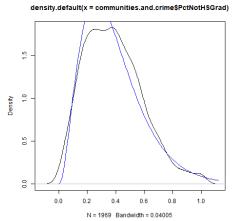
#### 3.1 Communities and Crime: PctNotHsGrad

We observed that the variable **PctNotHsGrad** of the Communities and Crime dataset seemed well-approximated by the gamma family of continuous distributions. According to the UCI Machine Learning Repository, **Pct-NotHsGrad** is described as the percentage of people 25 and over that are not high school graduates.









#### The Beta Family

#### 4.1 Communities and Crime: PctNotSpeak-EnglWell

For the beta family of continuous distributions, we observed that the variable **PctNotSpeakEnglWell** was a suitable approximation. According to the UCI Machine Learning Repository, **PctNotSpeakEnglWell** is described as the percentage of people who do not speak English well.

