NTU UEE 2010

1.

(a) The function f(x) is defined by,

$$f(x) = e^{2x} \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Find f'(x)

(b) Evaluate the following integral

$$\int xe^{x+1}\,\mathrm{d}x$$

(c) Evaluate the following integral

$$\int_0^1 \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{3x^2 + 4x + 1}$$

(d) Evaluate the following integral

$$\int \frac{3x+1}{1-2x-3x^2} \mathrm{d}x$$

2.

(a) The function g(x) is an increasing function and h(x) is a decreasing function in the interval $a \le x \le b$, where g(x) and h(x) is always positive. Another function $\theta(x)$ satisfies $L_1 \le \theta(x) \le L_2$. Find the value of L_1 and L_2 is the function $\theta(x)$ is defined by,

i.
$$\theta(x) = g(x) \cdot h(x)$$

ii.
$$\theta(x) = g(x) - h(x)$$

iii.
$$\theta(x) = [g(x) - h(x)]^2$$

(b) A piecewise function q(x) is defined by,

$$q(x) := \begin{cases} \frac{7}{1+2x} & ; 0 \le x \le 3\\ 3x^2 - 30x + 64 & ; 3 \le x \le 7 \end{cases}$$

Find the minimum and maximum value of the function q(x).

3.

(a) Sketch the area that fulfills,

I.
$$4x \ge y$$

II.
$$x + y \le 5$$

III.
$$2x - y \ge 3$$

(b) Find the maximum and minimum value of 2x + y.

(c) Find the maximum and minimum value of xy.

4. Determine whether the following sequence converge or diverge. Hence, or otherwise, find the sum of the sequence.

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^k}{5^{k+1}} = \cdots$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-4)^{k+2}}{3^{k+1}} = \cdots$$