Factory Pattern

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Description

- Create objects in Java around a template
- Objects are made from a factory
- Factory calls concrete class
- Concrete class is made from a template
- Template is called an interface

Interface Requirements

Is publice.g.public interface Car {}

Needs all functions and variables concrete classes will share

```
- e.g.
    public interface Car {
        public int fuel = 0;
        string fuelCount();
        void refuel();
}
```

Concrete Class Requirements

Needs "Implements 'insert_interface_name' " when declaring class - e.g.
 public class BMW implements Car {}

Needs "@Override" to change properties of interface functions/variables

```
e.g.
@Override
public void refuel() {
fuel += 100;
System.out.println("car refueled")
}
```

- Any other functions/variables that are class specific
 - e.g. circle and triangle are both shapes, circle has diameter, triangle has base and height

Conclusion

- Factory creates objects using concrete classes
- Concrete classes are formed around an interface
- An interface holds the most common properties of the classes
- Concrete classes can have exclusive variables and/or functions