

What is BonsaiDb?

Presented by Jonathan Johnson aka @Ecton (He/Him)

What is BonsaiDb?

- ACID-compliant, transactional document database
- Grows with you:
 - Local-only (like SQLite)
 - Client/Server (+ replicas -- coming later)
 - Client/Cluster (coming later)
- Feature-rich:
 - Map/Reduce powered views
 - PubSub
 - Atomic Key/Value Storage
 - Extensible Role-Based Access Control
- Built with Rust, for Rust
 - $\circ \;$... but could be used with other languages
- Non-commercial and open source (MIT + Apache 2.0)

The Goals of BonsaiDb

- Simplify Development
- Simplify Deployment
- Simplify Maintenance
- Be @Ecton's ideal way to build "backend" services

Simplifying Development

- Solve common app development problems:
 - Reliable storage
 - Reasonable performance
 - Job queuing, scheduling, and monitoring*
 - Metrics/Time Series support*
 - Log Aggregation*
 - Monitoring and Alerting*
- Easier testing: Most features work in local-only mode

Simplifying Deployment

- Embedded within your application
- As simple as deploying your own app
- May eventualy offer a platform similar to Cloudflare Workers/AWS Lambda

Simplifying Maintenance

- Included administration and monitoring tools*
- Ability to report metrics and alerts to third party tools*
- Incremental* backup/restore
- "Easy" clustering*

Ecton's App Development vision

- I want to build apps and games
- After adopting Rust, I don't want to use any other language
- BonsaiDb aims to make backend development in Rust easier
- Still evaluating the best GUI approach for tooling

Minority Game: An BonsaiDb + Gooey example

- Simple implementation of a multiplayer game theory game
- Each player chooses to either stay in or go out
- Players that choose the less popular option are rewarded
- A second set of buttons allows broadcasting your intention
 - But you can bluff!

Building a High Scores Service

```
#[collection(authority = "minority-game", name = "player", views = [PlayerByScore])]
pub struct Player {
   pub choice: Option<Choice>,
   pub tell: Option<Choice>,
   pub stats: PlayerStats,
pub struct PlayerStats {
    pub happiness: f32,
    pub times went out: u32,
   pub times stayed in: u32,
   pub times lied: u32,
    pub times told truth: u32,
```

Building a High Scores Service

```
#[view(collection = Player, name = "by-score", key = u32, value = PlayerStats)]
pub struct PlayerByScore;
impl CollectionViewSchema for PlayerByScore {
  type View = Self;
  fn map(
     &self,
     player: CollectionDocument<<Self::View as View>::Collection>,
  ) → ViewMapResult<Self::View> {
     player
          .header
          .emit key and value(player.contents.stats.score(), player.contents.stats)
```

Building a High Scores Service

```
let top_players = db
    .view::<PlayerByScore>() // Begin the PlayerByScore query
    .descending() // Reverse the order of the results
    .limit(10) // Only return the first 10 results
    .query() // Retrieve the results
    .await // Non-async interface available, also
    .unwrap();
```

- Views are indexed as needed.
- Indexing calls the View's map() function for each changed document
- Our map function *emits* a single key-value pair:
 - PlayerStats::score() is the Key.
 - PlayerStats is the Value.
- A View is always sorted by its Key.
- top_players is a Vec<Map<u32, PlayerStats>>

What's next for BonsaiDb?

- Current Project: Optimizing multithreaded transaction performance
- Next Major Project: Replication
- Always looking for new contributors

Questions?

Here are some useful links if you want to learn more or connect with us:

Websites

BonsaiDb: bonsaidb.io

Gooey: gooey.rs

Minority Game Demo: minority-game.gooey.rs

Talk with us

Discord: discord.khonsulabs.com

Forums: community.khonsulabs.com