## **Using The Practice Final Effectively**

This practice final exam contains **actual questions** that have been asked on one of my final exams in a previous quarter. This can be a useful studying tool if used properly.

#### Important notes about the practice exam:

- This practice final should not be the only studying tool you are using, because **the practice exams only show a** small subset of the possible questions that could be tested.
- At this point, you have hundreds of practice problems that you can look back on to get additional practice, between reworking lecture examples, book problems, and questions from the practice quizzes and exams you looked at earlier in the quarter.
- Work the recommended book problems to make sure that you fully understand all of the concepts that might be on the actual exams.
  - You need to be able to explain why every step is done in solving all of the recommended book problems (without looking at the solutions). Do not memorize the answers – this will not work.
  - Work problems multiple times to build skill and efficiency (but do not memorize).
- The actual final will contain questions that differ from the practice final. They are not necessarily any easier or harder; they are just different.
  - It would be pointless to give an exam with the exact same questions as the practice, because it would mean the exam is testing your memorization skills instead of your actual understanding of the material.
  - To prepare for this, make sure you understand how to do all of the recommended book problems as discussed above.

### What this practice exam is intended to do:

- Help you diagnose general areas of strength/weakness and determine what you need to spend more time studying before the exam
- Allow you to check if you are answering questions quickly enough to complete the actual exam within the time limit
- Give you an idea of the general format of a multiple-choice exam

## While taking the exam:

- Take this with a 3 hour time limit, including the time it would take you to fill out a parscore
- Do not use any outside notes or help
- Do not look at any of the answers until you have completed the entire exam

# After you complete the exam, check your answers against the key. For any problems you miss:

- Go through the worked-out solutions to see how to answer each question correctly
- Make sure you understand why every step is done in solving the problems you miss
- **Rework book problems** that are related to the questions you missed. This will help to strengthen your understanding of the topic. Without this, you will not gain a full understanding of the topic and risk missing similar questions on the actual exam.

Nam	e:		First Letter of your last name:
	Last Name	First Name	
Perm	n Number:		
head	lsets/headphones, and any o	ther electronic devices must b	wed. No sharing of calculators. Cell phones, iPods, he turned off and put away. If you are using a cell phone ore for the exam will be a zero.
	e are a total of 16 pages (40 t values are indicated for eac		very question is worth the same number of points
Care <sup>-</sup>	fully bubble in your Perm nu	mber, form letter, and answer	s on your ParSCORE form. Fill in all bubbles completely
You	must show <u>photo ID</u> (prefera	ably your Access Card) when yo	ou turn in your exam and ParSCORE form.
1. V	Which of the following state:	ments is/are <i>incorrect</i> ?	
ı	. MgCl <sub>2</sub> is called magnesiu	m chloride	
	I. ZnO is called zinc(II) oxid		
I	II. CoS <sub>2</sub> is called cobalt(III) s	ulfide	
a) I	only		
b) II	only		
c) II	l only		
d) II	and III		
e) I <i>,</i>	II, and III		
2. \	Which is the most polar bond	45	
a) (	C-F		
b) 1	N-F		
c) (	D-F		
4) E			

3.	One mole of a compound is added to a liter of water, producing 3 moles of ions in solution. What is the identity of the compound?
b) I c) ( d) I	${ m AgNO_3}$ ${ m MgF_2}$ ${ m CaBr_2}$ ${ m FeCl_3}$ more than one of these
4.	Which pair of symbols corresponds to two isoelectronic species?
a)	$^{32}_{16}S$ and $^{27}_{13}Al$
b)	$^{7}_{3}Li$ and $^{23}_{11}Na$
c)	$^{40}_{20}\mathcal{C}a^{2+}$ and $^{51}_{23}V^{5+}$
d)	$^{56}_{23}Fe^{3+}$ and $^{52}_{24}\mathcal{C}r^{6+}$
e)	more than one of these answers is correct.
٥	estions F. 9. C. Consider the following unhalanced evidetion/reduction reaction that takes place in a basic solution
Qu	estions 5 & 6. Consider the following unbalanced oxidation/reduction reaction that takes place in a <u>basic solution</u> . $MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2^-}> MnO_2 + CO_2$
_	
5.	What is the reducing agent in this reaction?
a)	MnO <sub>4</sub>
b)	$MnO_2$ $C_2O_4^{2^2}$
	$C_2$ $C_4$ $CO_2$
e)	none of these
6.	What is the coefficient in front of H <sub>2</sub> O when this equation is balanced with lowest whole number coefficients?
a)	4
b)	8
q) c)	6 2
d) e)	none of these
•	

7.	Identify the atom with the electron configuration [Ar]4s <sup>2</sup> 3d <sup>5</sup>
a)	Cr
-	Mn
c)	
	Ru
e)	
-,	
8.	Which of the following orbital designations is not possible?
a)	4s
	2р
c)	
d)	
e)	more than one of these orbital designations is not possible
9.	Which of the following atoms has exactly two unpaired electrons?
a)	Ве
	$N^{2-}$
	$Al^{+}$
d)	
e)	more than one of these has exactly two unpaired electrons
10.	Determine the maximum number of electrons that can have the quantum numbers $ n = 3,  m_s = +1/2 $
a)	3
b)	
c)	9
d)	
e)	
11.	Which of the following has the largest radius?
a)	Br <sup>-</sup>
b)	Kr
c)	Rb <sup>+</sup>

12. Consider the Lewis structure shown below:

$$[o=x-ci:]^+$$

Element X must belong to which group of the periodic table?

a	Group	1 A
7	i (armin	1 4

- b) Group 5A
- c) Group 6A
- d) Group 7A
- e) Group 8A

13. Consider the ions $NO_2^-$ ar	d NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>†</sup> . Which ion has the	ongest bond lengths	between nitrogen and	oxygen?
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- a) NO<sub>2</sub>
- b) NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>
- c) NO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub> have the same bond lengths between nitrogen and oxygen
- d) more information is needed

14. In the Lewis structure for the molecule NOF, how many lone pairs are on the nitrogen atom, and what is the formal charge on the nitrogen atom?

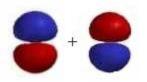
- a) 2 lone pairs, formal charge = -3
- b) 0 lone pairs, formal charge = +1
- c) 1 lone pair, formal charge = 0
- d) 2 lone pairs, formal charge = -1
- e) 1 lone pair, formal charge = -3

15. What is the molecular structure of OXeF<sub>2</sub>? Xe is the central atom.

- a) Trigonal bipyramidal
- b) Tetrahedral
- c) See-saw
- d) T-shaped
- e) Octahedral

16.	Which of these will the largest bond angle?
a)	NH <sub>3</sub>
b)	CH <sub>2</sub> O
c)	SO <sub>2</sub>

17. When the following atomic orbitals overlap, what type of molecular orbital will be formed?



٦1	*-
a	σ.,

d) 
$$\pi$$

18. Which of the following is polar?



- b) PO<sub>3</sub>
- c) PCl<sub>3</sub>
- d) PF<sub>5</sub>
- e) More than one of these

19. Rank HCN, SCN<sup>−</sup>, and CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in order of increasing C−N bond length

a) 
$$HCN < SCN^- < CH_3NH_2$$

b) 
$$SCN^- < HCN < CH_3NH_2$$

c) 
$$CH_3NH_2 < SCN^- < HCN$$

d) 
$$CH_3NH_2 < HCN < SCN^-$$

e) 
$$SCN^- < CH_3NH_2 < HCN$$

c)	<ul><li>0.5</li><li>1</li><li>1.5</li></ul>
21.	Which of the following is paramagnetic?
b) c) d)	$H_2$ $NO^+$ (fills like $N_2$ ) $B_2$ More than one of these None of these
22.	In which of the following molecules will the central atom have dsp <sup>3</sup> hybridization?
b) c) d)	SF <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> SCl <sub>4</sub> CCl <sub>4</sub> SF <sub>6</sub> More than one of these

20. What is the predicted bond order of  $Li_2$ ?

23.	How many of the following molecules have all of their atoms in the same plane? $BF_3$ $C_2H_4$ $N_2H_4$ $SO_2$
a)	0
b)	1
c)	2
d)	3
e)	4
24.	35.0 grams of sodium reacts with 163.0 grams of iodine to form 53.8 grams of sodium iodide. The molar mass of sodium iodide is 149.89 g/mol. What is the percent yield for this reaction?
a)	27.9%
	23.9%
c)	35.9%
d)	100.%
e)	none of these
25	115.3 mL of a 4.40 M potassium bromide solution is diluted to 1.5 L. What is the molarity of the
23.	diluted solution?
	diated solution.
a)	0.338 M
-	0.507 M
c)	338 M
d)	5.07 M
e)	none of these

How many milliliters of 0.5 M calcium hydroxide are required to neutralize 25 mL of 0.8 M hydrochloric acid?
40. mL 25 mL 20. mL 10. mL none of these
Which compound has the greatest number of oxygen atoms in a 100. gram sample?
IgO ICH <sub>3</sub> COO O <sub>2</sub> <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub> nore than one of these
A mixture of gas contains 20 grams of oxygen gas and 83 grams of methane ( $CH_4$ ) gas. If the total pressure is 850 torr, what is the partial pressure of oxygen gas?
91.5 torr 165 torr 102 torr 531 torr none of these

29.	Elemental analysis of a compound shows that it is 63.2% carbon, 8.76% hydrogen, and 28.1 % oxygen by mass. What is the empirical formula of the compound?
b) c) d)	$C_{0.632}H_{0.0876}O_{0.281}$ $C_5H_3O$ $C_3H_5O$ $CH_2O$
e)	none of these
30.	125 mL of a 0.50 M solution of lead(II) nitrate is mixed with 50. mL of a 0.90 M solution of potassium sulfate. What is $[Pb^{2+}]$ in solution after the reaction has gone to completion?
b) c) d)	0.0 M 0.10 M 0.14 M 0.36 M none of these

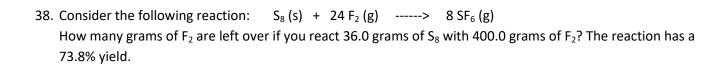
31.	Sodium metal is reacted with excess aqueous HCl to form aqueous NaCl and $H_2$ gas. If 432 mL of $H_2$ is collected over water at 25°C and a total pressure of 763 torr, how much sodium reacted? Assume ideal gas behavior. The vapor pressure of water at 25°C is 23.8 torr. The molar mass of Na = 23 g/mol.
a)	9.4 g
b)	0.82 g
c)	0.79 g
d)	0.40 g
e)	none of these
22	A second of the second difference that the second field is a Miles to the second of the second of CTD2
32.	A sample of an unknown gas diffuses at half the rate of helium. What is the density of the unknown gas at STP? Assume ideal gas behavior.
	Assume ruear gas benavior.
a)	16 g/L
b)	0.83 g/L
c)	0.045 g/L
d)	0.71 g/L
e)	none of these
33.	At what temperature is the average speed of O <sub>2</sub> equal to half the average speed of Ne at 25°C?
۵۱	-154°C
a) b)	-134 C -124°C
c)	119°C
d)	12.5°C
e)	none of these
٠,	none of these

- 34. Silver has two stable isotopes,  $^{107}$ Ag (mass = 106.907 amu) and  $^{109}$ Ag (mass = 108.910 amu). What is the abundance of <sup>107</sup>Ag? Note: you must use 107.868 amu as the average molar mass of silver.
- a) 52.0%
- b) 37.6%
- c) 48.2%
- d) 0.00%
- e) 62.4%

- 35. Calculate the de Broglie wavelength of a sulfur atom traveling at  $2.39 \times 10^5$  m/s.
- a)  $8.65 \times 10^{-38} \text{ m}$

- b) 8.65 x 10<sup>-41</sup> m c) 1.44 x 10<sup>-61</sup> m d) 5.21 x 10<sup>-14</sup> m e) 5.21 x 10<sup>-17</sup> m

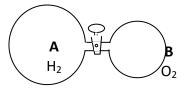
36	36. In the hydrogen atom spectrum, an emission line is observed at a wavelength of 1282 nm. If this line corresponds to an electronic transition to a final state of $n = 3$ , what was the initial state? Note: $1 \text{ nm} = 10^{-9} \text{ m}$ .							
a) b) c) d) e)	4 5							
37	. When a photon with a wavelength of 323 nm strikes the surface of a metal, an electron is ejected with a kinetic energy of $2.4 \times 10^{-19}$ J. What is the binding energy of the metal, in units of kJ/mol?							
b) c) d)	3.8x10 <sup>-22</sup> kJ/mol 6.2x10 <sup>-46</sup> kJ/mol 370 kJ/mol 144 kJ/mol 226 kJ/mol							



- a) 8.04 g
- b) 104 g
- c) 305 g
- d) 358 g
- e) none of these

- 39. A 6.48 gram sample consisting of a mixture of silver nitrate and sodium nitrate is dissolved in water. This aqueous mixture then reacts with excess aqueous barium chloride to form 4.35 grams of silver chloride. Calculate the percent (by mass) of silver nitrate in the original mixture.
- a) 79.6%
- b) 56.6%
- c) 51.6%
- d) 54.8%
- e) 97.5%

40. Consider the following apparatus consisting of two chambers (A and B) separated by a closed valve.



Chamber A has a volume of 3.0 L and is filled with 2.0 atm of hydrogen gas at 400K. Chamber B has a volume of 2.0 L and is filled with 3.0 atm of oxygen gas at 400K. The valve between the two chambers is opened, and the hydrogen and oxygen gas react to form water vapor. What is the total pressure in the apparatus? Assume ideal gas behavior and that the reaction goes to completion.

- a) 1.2 atm
- b) 1.8 atm
- c) 5.0 atm
- d) 2.4 atm
- e) none of these

#### Answers:

1) D	2) A	3) C	4) C	5) C	6) A	7) B	8) D
9) D	10) C	11) A	12) C	13) A	14) C	15) D	16) B
17) B	18) C	19) A	20) B	21) C	22) B	23) D	24) A
25) A	26) C	27) C	28) A	29) C	30) B	31) C	32) D
33) A	34) A	35) D	36) C	37) E	38) C	39) A	40) B