

## Using Practice Quizzes Effectively

This practice quiz contains **actual questions** that have been asked on one of my quizzes in a previous quarter. This can be a useful studying tool if used properly.

### Important notes about the practice quiz:

- This practice quiz should not be the only studying tool you are using, because **the practice quizzes only show a small subset of the possible questions that could be tested.**
- **Work the recommended book problems** to make sure that you fully understand all of the concepts that might be on the actual quiz.
  - You need to be able to **explain why every step is done** in solving all of the recommended book problems (**without looking at the solutions**). Do not memorize the answers – this will not work.
  - Work problems multiple times to build skill and efficiency (but do not memorize).
- **The actual quiz will contain questions that differ from the practice quizzes. They are not necessarily any easier or harder; they are just different.**
  - It would be pointless to give a quiz with the exact same questions as the practice, because it would mean the quiz is testing your memorization skills instead of your actual understanding of the material.
  - **To prepare for this, make sure you understand how to do all of the recommended book problems as discussed above.**

### What this practice quiz is intended to do:

- Help you diagnose general areas of strength/weakness and determine what you need to spend more time studying before the quiz
- Allow you to check if you are answering questions quickly enough to complete the actual quiz within the time limit
- Give you an idea of the general format of a multiple-choice quiz

### While taking the quiz:

- Take this with a **25 minute time limit**, including the time it would take you to fill out a parscore
- **Do not use any outside notes or help**
- Do not look at any of the answers until you have completed the entire quiz

### After you complete the quiz, check your answers against the key. For any problems you miss:

- Go through the worked-out solutions to see how to answer each question correctly
- **Make sure you understand why every step is done** in solving the problems you miss
- **Rework book problems** that are related to the questions you missed. This will help to strengthen your understanding of the topic. Without this, you will not gain a full understanding of the topic and risk missing similar questions on the actual quiz.

**Instructions:** No hats or hoods allowed. No books or notes allowed. No sharing of calculators. Cell phones, iPods, headsets/headphones, and any other electronic devices must be turned off and put away.

There are a total of three pages (6 questions) on the quiz. **Not every question is worth the same number of points**--point values are indicated for each question.

You may work out the problems and write your answers on this quiz; however, you must completely fill in the appropriate bubble(s) on your ParSCORE form. Turn in the ParSCORE form only. **Only the answers indicated on your ParSCORE will be graded**, so please be very careful bubbling in your ParSCORE. No credit will be awarded for an incorrectly-bubbled answer. The correct answers to the quiz will be posted on our course web page.

1. (3 pts) An element forms a stable ionic compound with the formula  $X_2(SO_4)_3$ . If the ion of element X contains 24 electrons, then what is the identity of element X?

- a) Sc
- b) Cr
- c) Ti
- d) Fe
- e) Co

2. (3 pts) A particular element has three isotopes with relative abundances shown below:

Isotope Mass (g/mol)	Relative Abundance
156.30	52.30%
157.58	26.30%
158.42	21.40%

What is the average molar mass of this element?

- a) 156.88 g/mol
- b) 158.02 g/mol
- c) 157.09 g/mol
- d) 157.58 g/mol
- e) 157.43 g/mol

3. (3 pts) Consider the following reaction:  $2 \text{SO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{SO}_3$

Calculate the amount (in moles) of  $\text{O}_2$  left over when 0.34 moles of  $\text{SO}_2$  reacts with 0.22 moles of  $\text{O}_2$ . Assume the reaction goes to completion.

$$\frac{0.34}{2} < 0.22, \text{ SO}_2 \text{ limiting}$$

$$0.17$$

$$0.22 - 0.17 = 0.05$$

- a) 0.17 moles
- b) 0.22 moles
- c) 0 moles
- d) 0.05 moles
- e) 0.34 moles

D

4. (3 pts) Determine the total number of atoms in a 35 gram sample of  $\text{NO}_2$ .

$$\frac{35}{m_r(\text{NO}_2)} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} \times (1+2)$$

- a)  $1.37 \times 10^{24}$
- b)  $4.58 \times 10^{23}$
- c)  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$
- d)  $9.16 \times 10^{23}$
- e) 0.761

A

5. (4 pts) Consider the following **unbalanced** reaction:  $\text{Al} + \text{ZnSO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 + \text{Zn}$

When 45 grams of Al reacts with 200 grams of  $\text{ZnSO}_4$ , 73 grams of  $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$  is actually produced. Determine the percent yield for this reaction.

- a) 13%
- b) 52%
- c) 17%
- d) 26%
- e) 30%

6. (3 pts) According to the naming rules discussed in class, how many of the compounds listed below are **correctly** named?

Formula	Name
$\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$	disodium phosphate
$\text{Zn}(\text{NO}_3)_2$	zinc(II) nitrate
HBr	bromic acid
NO	nitrogen oxide

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4
- e) 0

Answers:      1) E                      2) C                      3) D                      4) A                      5) B                      6) E

For more practice, work the assigned problems from the textbook! Lists of problems and solutions are on Gauchospace.