### Lesson 8 Outline

- Recap Lesson 7
- Concurrency
- Threads
- Comunicazione threads
- Practice & Examples



### Error Handling

- Unrecoverable with panic!
- Recoverable with Result<T,E>
- Match for handling failure
- ? operator for propagation
- Custom errors with Enums + Conversion



### **Smart Pointers**

- Box<T>
  - Allows immutable or mutable borrows checked at compile time
  - Single owner
- Rc<T>
  - Allows only immutable borrows checked at compile time
  - Multiple owners
- RefCell<T>
  - Allows mutable borrows checked at runtime.
  - Interior mutability pattern



### Testing

- Integrated in Rust
- #[test]
- assert!
- assert\_eq!
- cargo test



Concurrency is hard

Fearless Concurrency

# Threads



### Threads

- Multiple pieces of code at the same time
- Race Conditions
- Deadlocks
- Hard to reproduce and fix reliably



## Threads spawn

```
use std::thread;
fn main() {
    thread::spawn(|| {
        println!("Hello from new Thread")
    });
    println!("Hello from the main Thread");
```



### Threads sleep

```
use std::thread;
use std::time::Duration;
fn main() {
    thread::spawn(|| {
        println!("Hello from new Thread")
    });
    thread::sleep(Duration::from_millis(200));
    println!("Hello from the main Thread");
```



### Threads join

```
use std::thread;
fn main() {
    let handle = thread::spawn(|| {
        println!("Hello from new Thread")
    });
    println!("Hello from the main Thread");
    handle.join();
```



### Threads join with return

```
use std::thread;
fn main() {
    let handle = thread::spawn(|| {
        10
   });
    println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
```



### Threads: Vec sum example

```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
fn main() {
    let vec = vec![1,10,32];
    let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(|| {
        vec.iter().sum()
    });
   println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
```



### Threads: Vec sum example error

```
Compiling playground v0.0.1 (/playground)
error[E0373]: closure may outlive the current function, but it borrows `vec`, which is owned
by the current function
 --> src/main.rs:7:50
        let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(|| {
                                                     ^^ may outlive borrowed value `vec`
            vec.iter().sum()
            --- `vec` is borrowed here
note: function requires argument type to outlive `'static`
 --> src/main.rs:7:36
          let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(|| {
              vec.iter().sum()
          });
help: to force the closure to take ownership of `vec` (and any other referenced variables),
use the `move` keyword
        let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
                                                     ^^^^^
```



### Threads: Vec sum example fix

```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
fn main() {
   let vec = vec![1,10,32];
   let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
        vec.iter().sum()
   });
   println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
```



```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
fn main() {
    let vec = vec![1,10,32];
    let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
        vec.iter().sum()
    });
    println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
    println!("Vec size {}", vec.len());
```



### Threads: Vec sum v2 - error

```
Compiling playground v0.0.1 (/playground)
error[E0382]: borrow of moved value: `vec`
  --> src/main.rs:13:29
         let vec = vec![1,10,32];
             --- move occurs because `vec` has type `std::vec::Vec<i32>`, which does not
implement the `Copy` trait
6
         let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
                                                      ----- value moved into closure here
            vec.iter().sum()
8
             --- variable moved due to use in closure
        println!("Vec size {}", vec.len());
13 |
                                 ^^^ value borrowed here after move
```

### Threads: Vec sum v2 - fix

```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
use std::sync::Arc;
fn main() {
    let vec = Arc::new(vec![1,10,32]);
    let new_vec = vec.clone();
    let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
        new_vec.iter().sum()
    });
    println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
    println!("Vec size {}", vec.len());
```



# Do not communicate by sharing memory; instead, share memory by communicating.



# Channels



### Channels

```
use std::sync::mpsc;
fn main() {
   let (tx, rx) = mpsc::channel();
}
```



### Channels send

```
use std::thread;
use std::sync::mpsc;
fn main() {
    let (tx, rx) = mpsc::channel();
    thread::spawn(move || {
        let val = String::from("hi");
        tx.send(val).unwrap();
    });
```



### Channels receive

```
use std::thread;
use std::sync::mpsc;
fn main() {
    let (tx, rx) = mpsc::channel();
    thread::spawn(move || {
        let val = String::from("hi");
        tx.send(val).unwrap();
    });
    let received = rx.recv().unwrap();
    println!("Got: {}", received);
```



### Channels Ownership Transference

```
use std::thread;
use std::sync::mpsc;
fn main() {
   let (tx, rx) = mpsc::channel();
    thread::spawn(move || {
        let val = String::from("hi");
        tx.send(val).unwrap();
       println!("val is {}", val);
   });
    let received = rx.recv().unwrap();
    println!("Got: {}", received);
```



### Channels Ownership Transference

```
rror[E0382]: use of moved value: `val`
  --> src/main.rs:10:31
             tx.send(val).unwrap();
                     --- value moved here
             println!("val is {}", val);
10
                                   ^^^ value used here after move
   = note: move occurs because `val` has type `std::string::String`, which does
not implement the `Copy` trait
```

### Channels multiple senders

```
use std::thread;
use std::sync::mpsc;
fn main() {
    let (tx, rx) = mpsc::channel();
    let first_tx = tx.clone();
    thread::spawn(move || {
        let val = String::from("hi from thread 1");
        first tx.send(val).unwrap();
    thread::spawn(move || {
        let val = String::from("hi from thread 2");
        tx.send(val).unwrap();
    });
    for received in rx {
        println!("Got: {}", received);
```



# Shared Memory



```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
use std::sync::Arc;
fn main() {
    let vec = Arc::new(vec![1,10,32]);
    let new_vec = vec.clone();
    let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
        new_vec.iter().sum()
    });
    println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
    println!("Vec size {}", vec.len());
```



```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
use std::sync::Arc;
fn main() {
    let vec = Arc::new(vec![1,10,32]);
    let new_vec = vec.clone();
    let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
        new_vec.iter().sum()
    });
    println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
    println!("Vec size {}", vec.len());
```



```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
use std::sync::Arc;
fn main() {
    let vec = Arc::new(vec![1,10,32]);
    let new_vec = vec.clone();
    let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
        new_vec.push(10);
       new_vec.iter().sum()
    });
    println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
    println!("Vec size {}", vec.len());
```



### Threads: Vec sum v3 - error



### Threads: Vec sum v3 - fix

```
use std::thread::{self,JoinHandle};
use std::sync::{Arc,Mutex};
fn main() {
    let vec = Arc::new(Mutex::new(vec![1,10,32]));
    let new vec = vec.clone();
    let handle : JoinHandle<i32> = thread::spawn(move || {
        let mut data = new_vec.lock().unwrap();
        data.push(10);
        data.iter().sum()
    });
    println!("Result from thread: {}", handle.join().unwrap());
   println!("Vec size {}", vec.lock().unwrap().len());
```



## std::sync::\*

- Arc<T>
- Mutex<T>
- RwLock<T>
- Channels
- ....





# Thank You

# Rust Language cheat sheet



### Rust Roma Meetup



https://www.meetup.com/it-IT/Rust-Roma/

